

Overview of the

The logo consists of the word "MOLLER" in red serif font, with a stylized particle detector cross-section as the letter 'O', followed by the word "Experiment" in green sans-serif font.

Hall A Collaboration Winter Meeting

Ryan Conaway

At a Glance

MOLLER =

Measurement

Of a

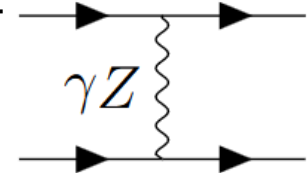
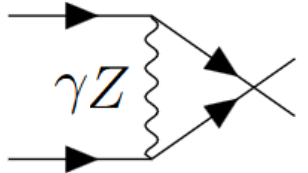
Lepton-

Lepton

Electroweak

Reaction

Q_w^e {

$$A_{PV} = \frac{\sigma_R - \sigma_L}{\sigma_R + \sigma_L} = \mathbf{32} \text{ ppb}$$

$\langle Q^2 \rangle = 0.0058 [\text{GeV}]$

$$\frac{\Delta(A_{PV})}{A_{PV}} = 2.4\%$$

Run	1 kHz	PAC Days	Stat Error		Calendar Weeks	
Period	Width	(prod)	$\sigma (A_{\text{meas}})$	$\sigma (A_{PV})$	(prod)	(calib)
I	101	14	2.96 ppm	11.4%	5	6
II	96	95	1.08 ppm	4.2%	27	3
III	91	235	0.65 ppm	2.5%	56	4
Total		344	0.55	2.1	88	13

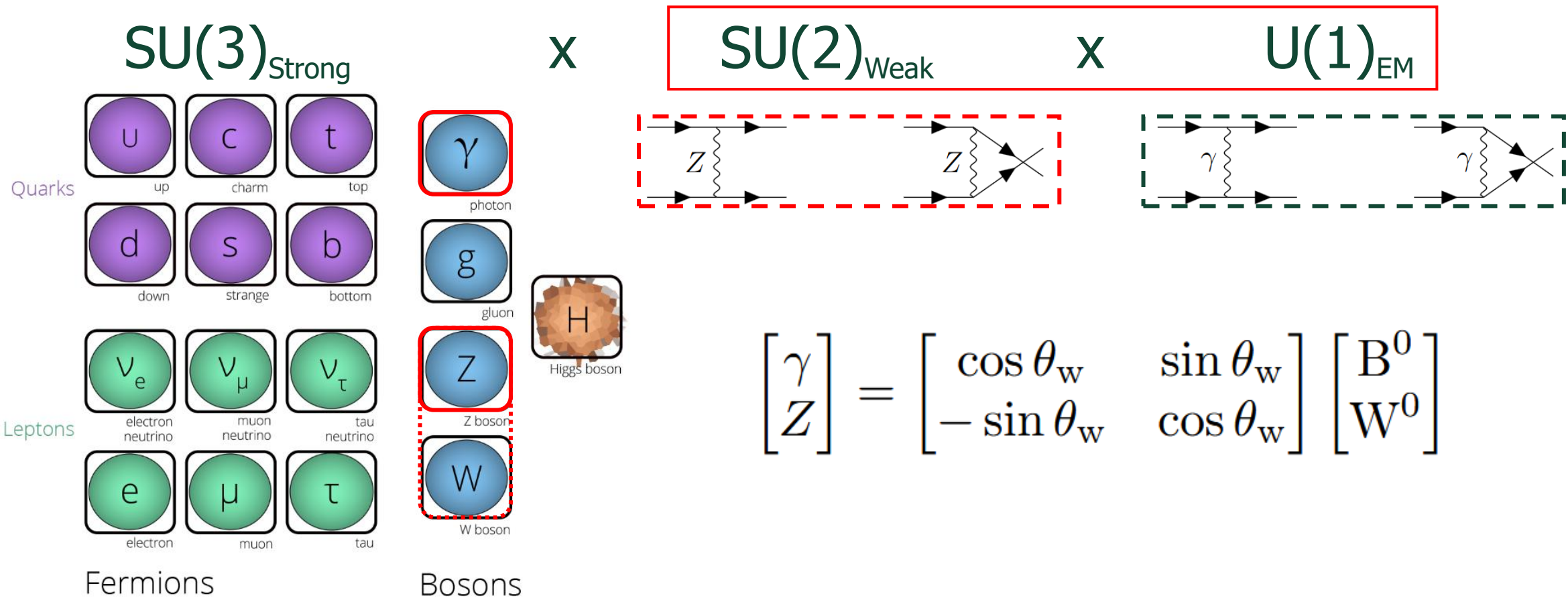
Equiv.
to
E158

+3 Years

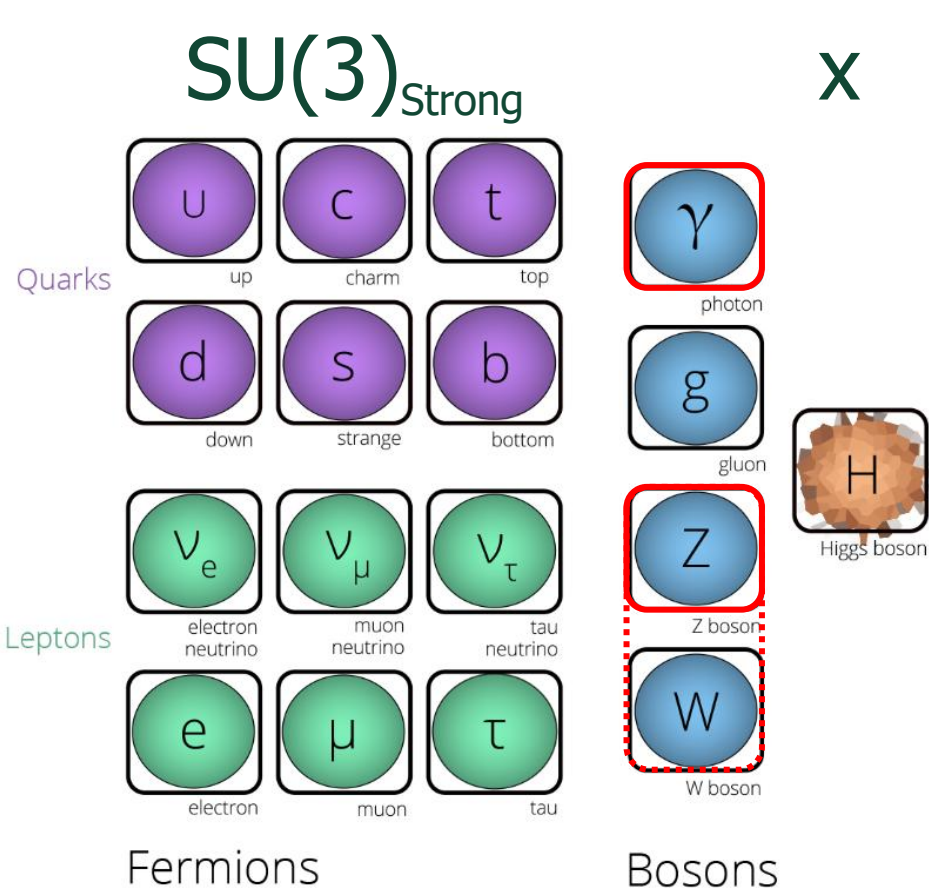


Physics Overview

Motivation – The Standard Model



Motivation – Beyond the Standard Model



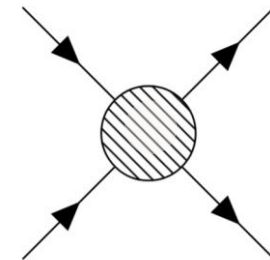
x

SU(2)_{Weak}

x

U(1)_{EM}

- Neutrino Oscillations?
- Dark Matter?
- Dark Energy?
- Quantized Gravity?
- Fractional Q_{EM} ?



Electroweak sector
provides a clean probe
into potential BSM physics

$$SU(5) \supseteq SU(3)_{\text{Strong}} \times SU(2)_{\text{Weak}} \times U(1)_{\text{EM}} \quad ?$$

Motivation – Parity Violation

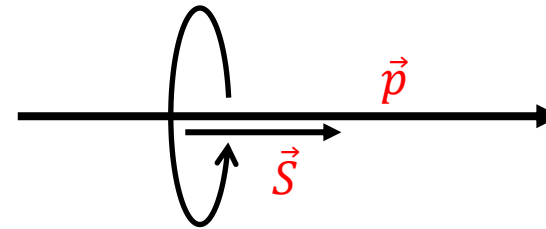
Violates Parity



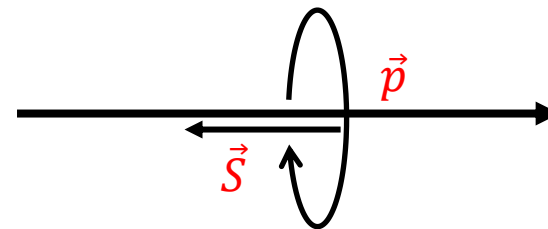
Conserves Parity



$$A_{PV} = \frac{\text{[Feynman diagram with } \gamma \text{ and } Z^0 \text{ exchange]}}{2} \rightarrow \text{ppb}$$



Right-Handed



Left-Handed

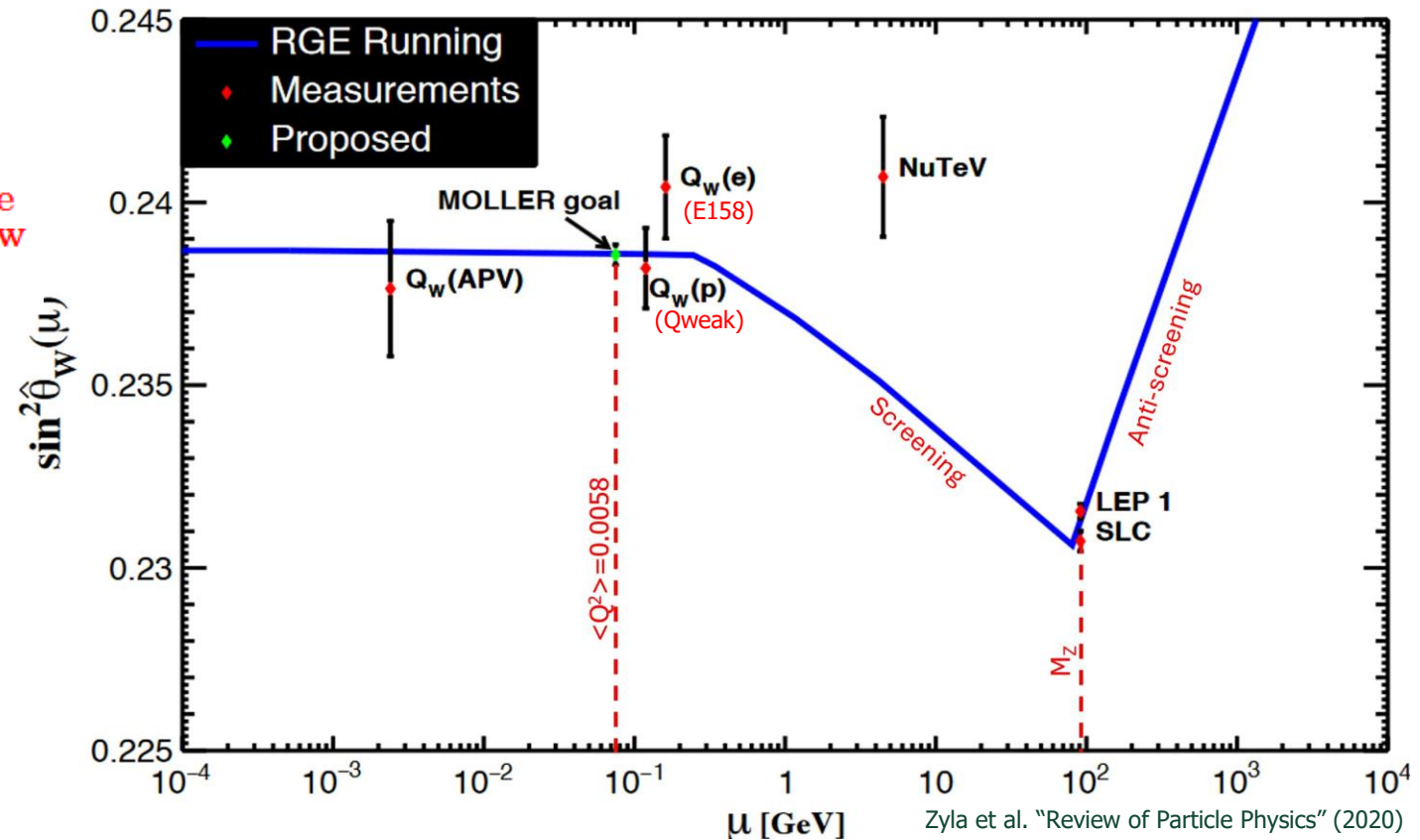
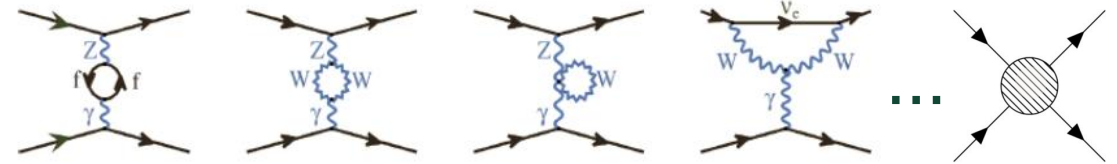
PVES – Theory

$$A_{PV} = \frac{\sigma_R - \sigma_L}{\sigma_R + \sigma_L}$$

$$A_{PV} = m E_b \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2} \pi \alpha} \frac{4 \sin^2 \theta_{cm}}{(2 + \cos^2 \theta_{cm})^2} Q_w^e$$

Particle	Q_{EM}	Q_W
u, c, t	$\frac{2}{3}$	$1 - \frac{8}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W$
d, s, b	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-1 + \frac{4}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W$
e, μ , τ	-1	$-1 + 4 \sin^2 \theta_W$
p	+1	$1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W$
n	0	-1

(Tree-level) $\sin^2 \theta_w \sim \frac{1}{4}$

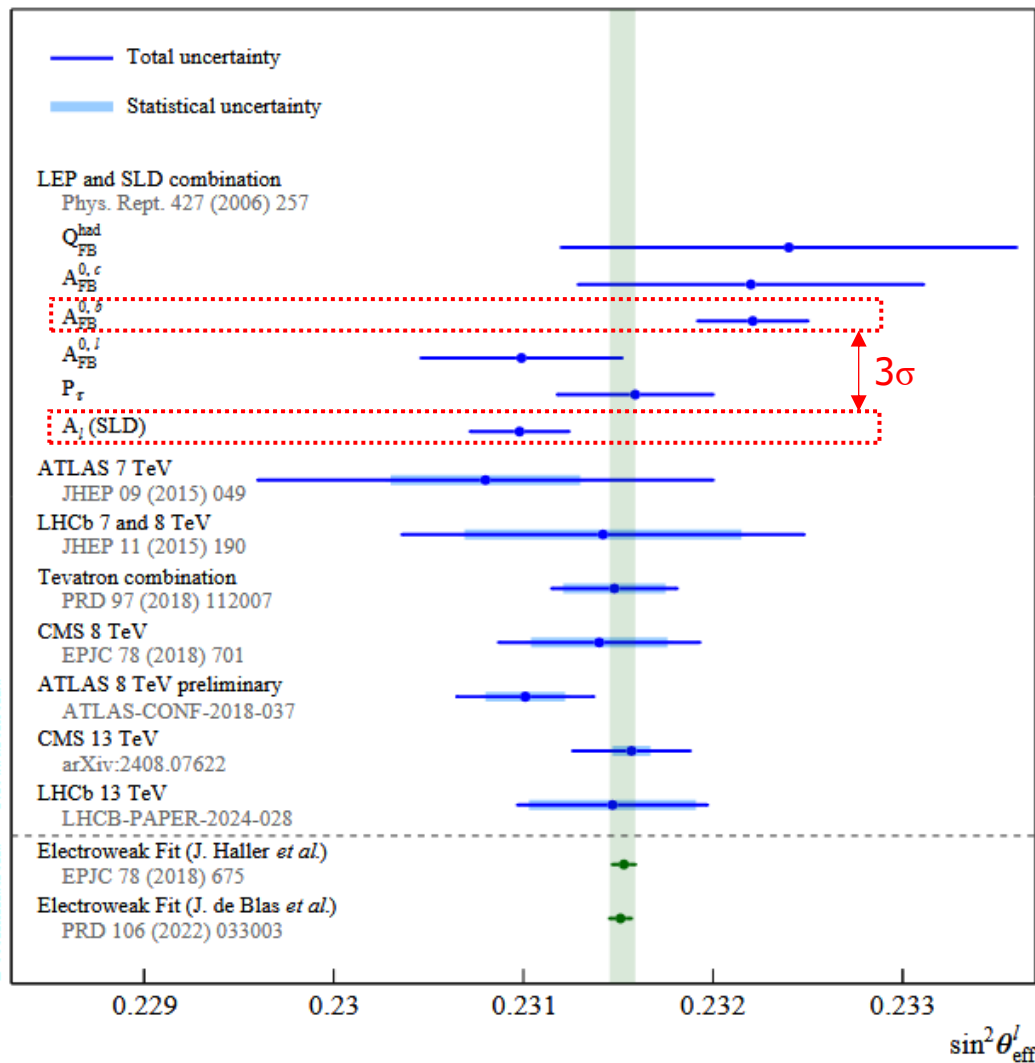


Zyla et al. "Review of Particle Physics" (2020)

Physics Impact

LHCb-PAPER-2024-028

SM

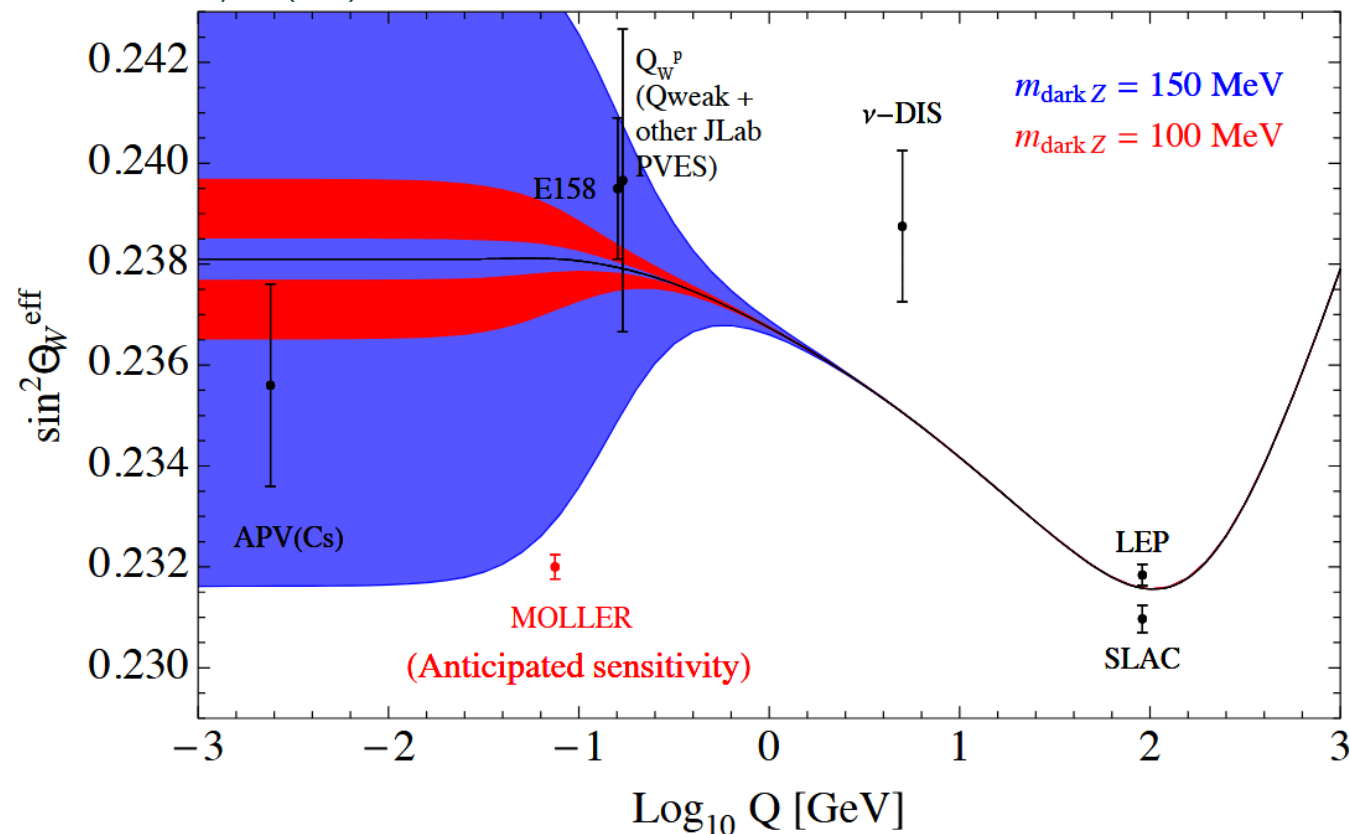


Hooman Davoudiasl et al. "Dark Z implications for Parity Violation, Rare Meson Decays, and Higgs Physics" (2012)

MOLLER's GOAL:

$$32 \text{ ppb} \pm 0.8 \text{ ppb} (2.4\%)$$

$$\delta(\sin^2 \theta_w) = \pm 0.00028$$



$$\text{Diagram} = \frac{\Lambda}{\sqrt{|g_{RR}^2 - g_{LL}^2|}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} G_F |\delta Q_W^e|}} = 7.5 [\text{TeV}]$$

if $\sqrt{g_{RR}^2 - g_{LL}^2} = 2\pi \implies \Lambda \approx 47 [\text{TeV}]$

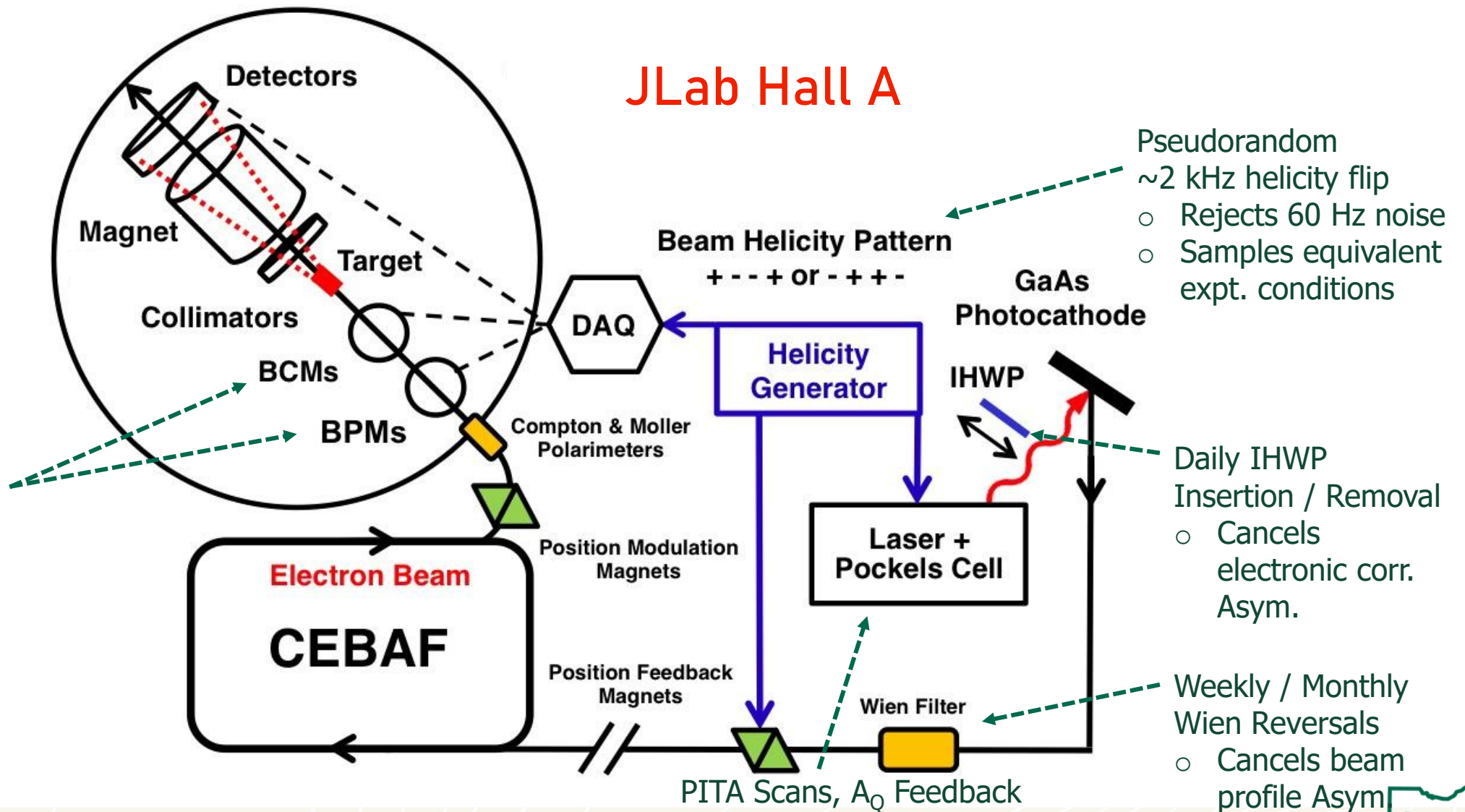
Jan. 21, 2026



Experimental Overview

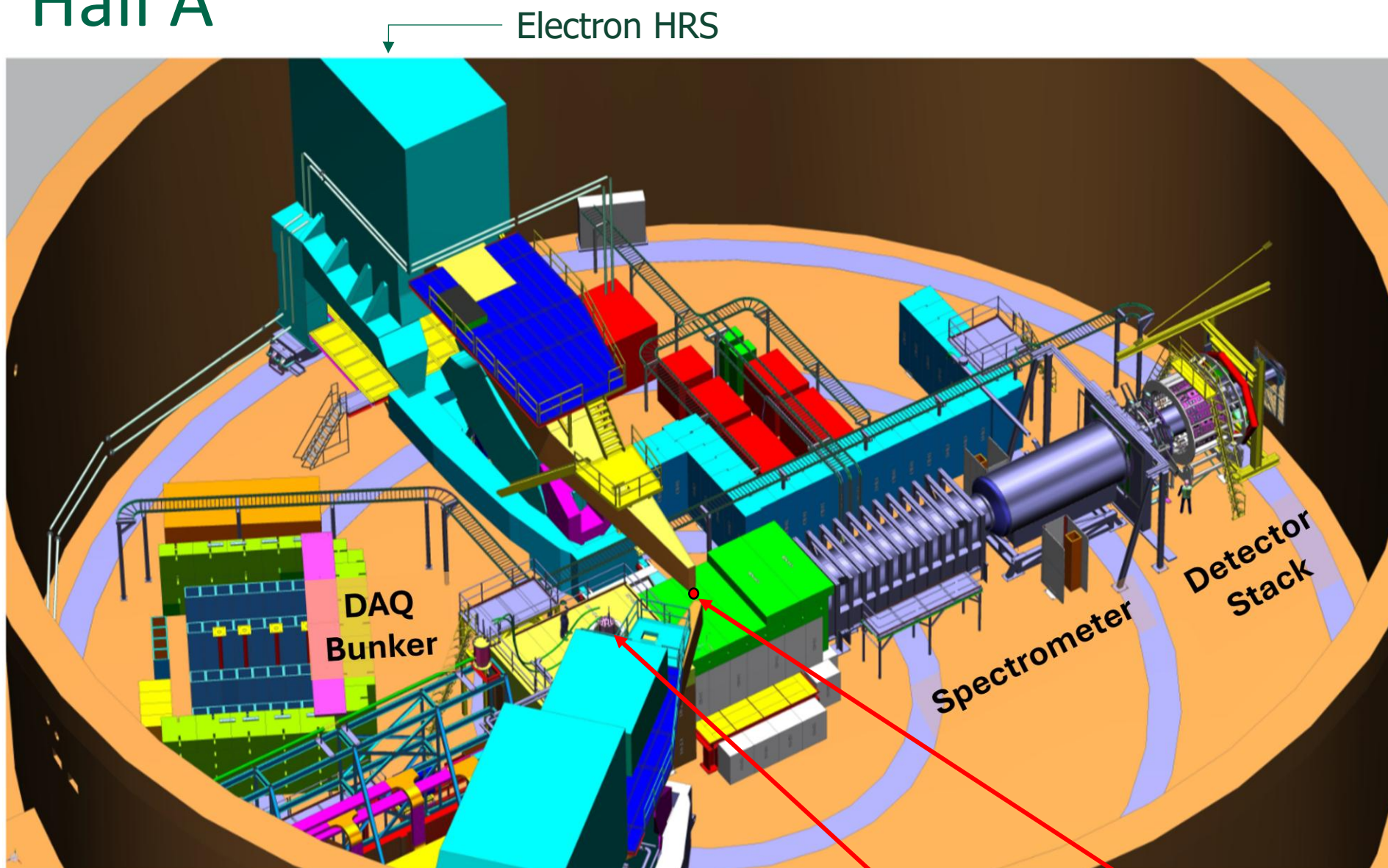
Starts in the Injector

- The injector is critical to PVES!
- Heavy focus on minimizing Beam Correlated Asymmetries



See R. Suleiman's talk

Hall A



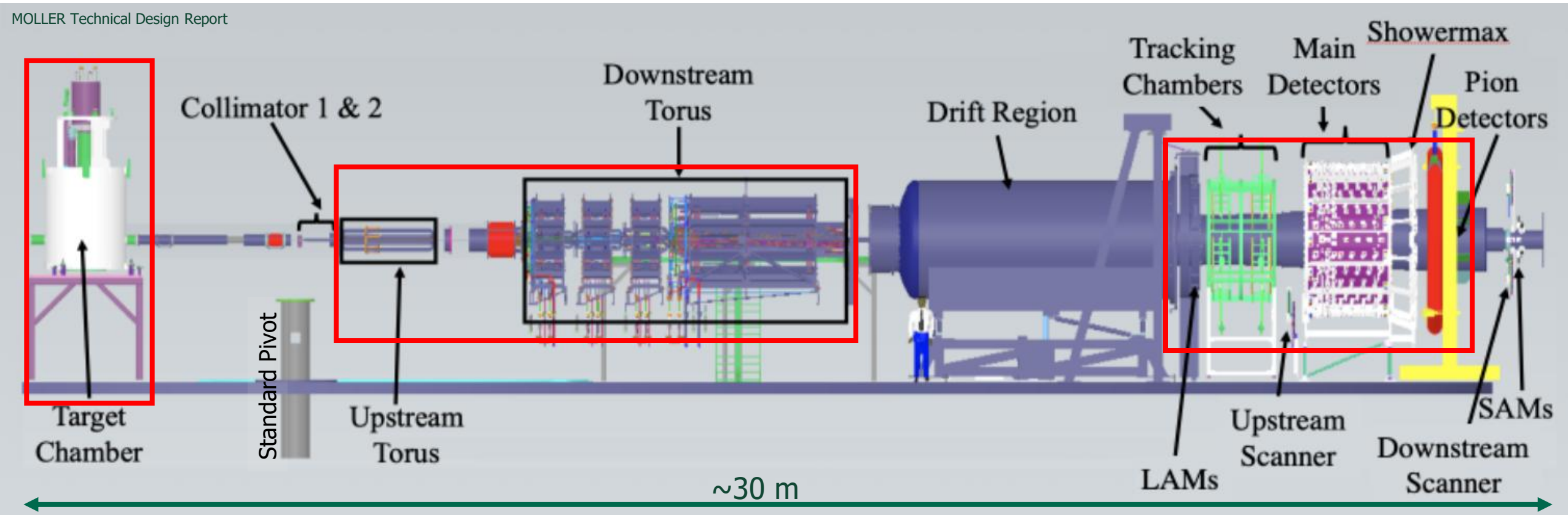
Hadron HRS

Standard Pivot
Target Chamber

Jan. 21, 2026

Expt. Sideview

MOLLER Technical Design Report



Cryo-Target

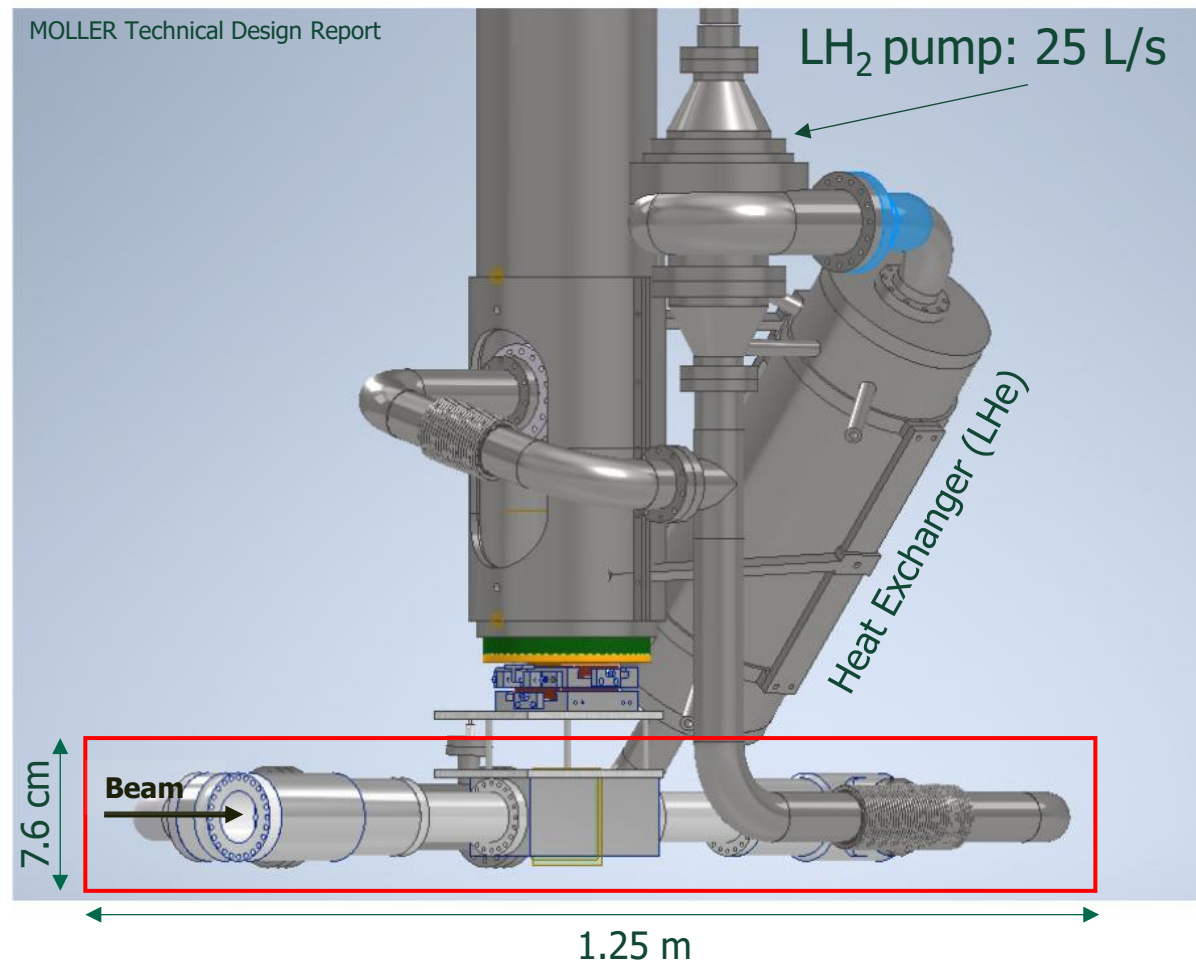
- 1.25 m long
- Target Type = LH_2
- Target Power = 4.5 kW

Highest power LH_2 target ever constructed

LH_2 offers an excellent balance of rad. length & electron density

Primary Reactions:

- Møller Scattering
- Mott scattering

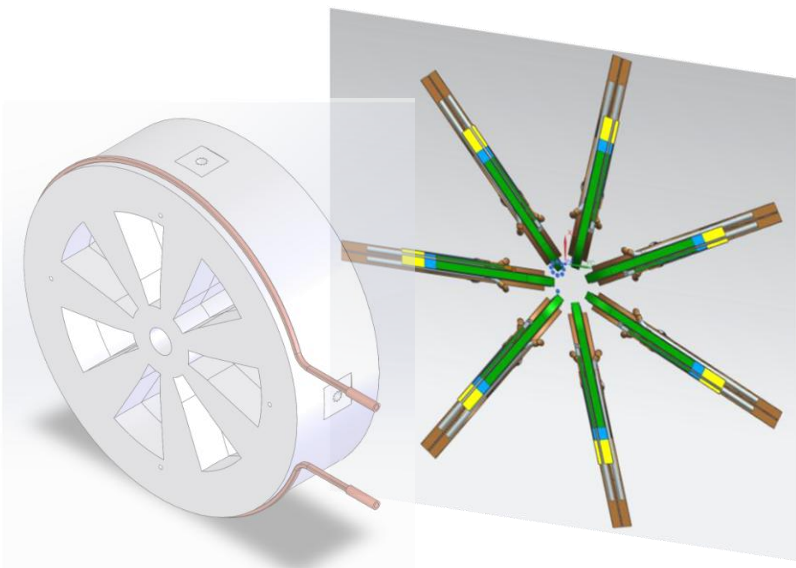


See S. Dusa's talk

Jan. 21, 2026



Spectrometer



- 7-Fold Symmetry

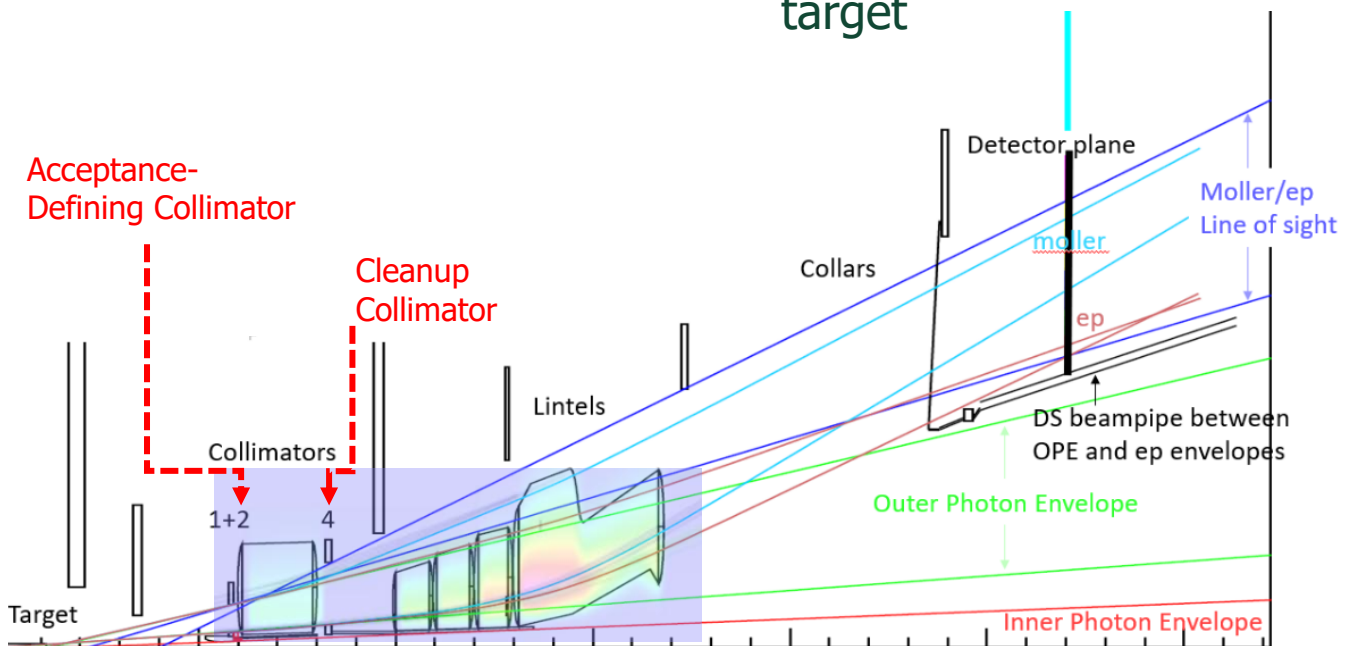
Upstream: 1 Toroidal Magnet

- 7 racetrack coils

Target



- Detector systems do not have Line of Sight of the target



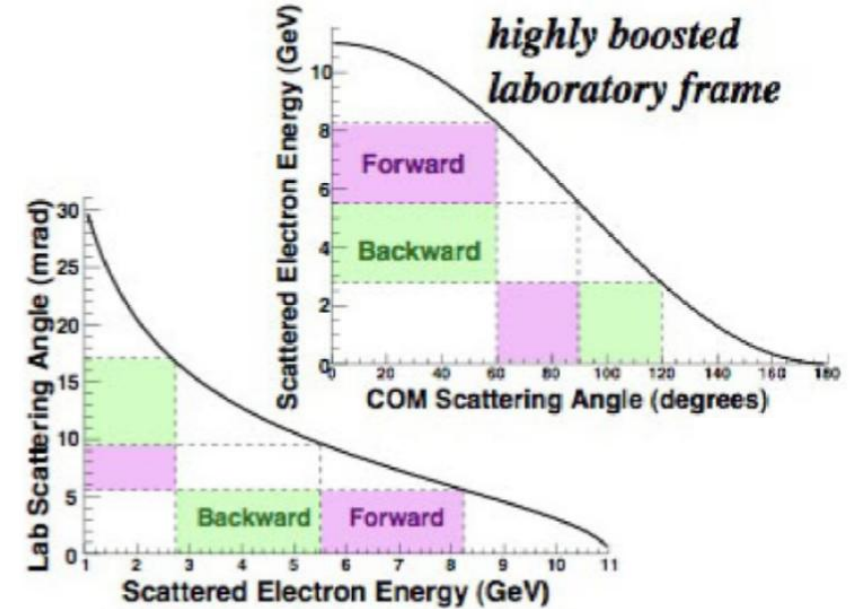
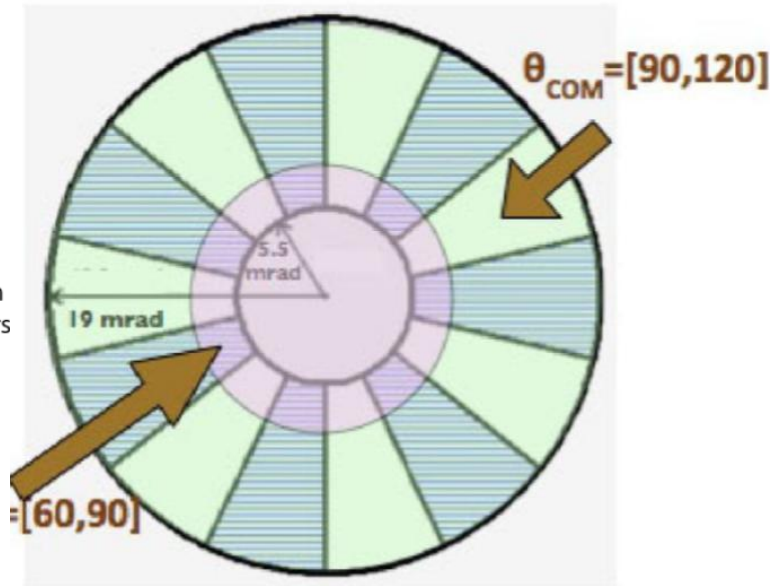
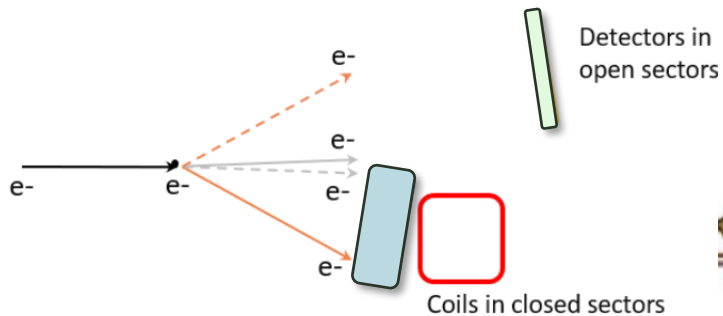
Downstream: 4 Toroidal Magnet

- 21 racetrack coils
- 7 Complex coils



Angular Acceptance

- Odd # of coils
 - Effective 2π Acceptance



$$60^\circ \leq \theta_{\text{CM}} \leq 120^\circ$$

$$2 \leq E' \leq 8.5 \quad [\text{GeV}]$$

Detectors

Main Detector:

- Thin Quartz Array
- Shower Max

See S. Bhattarai's talk →

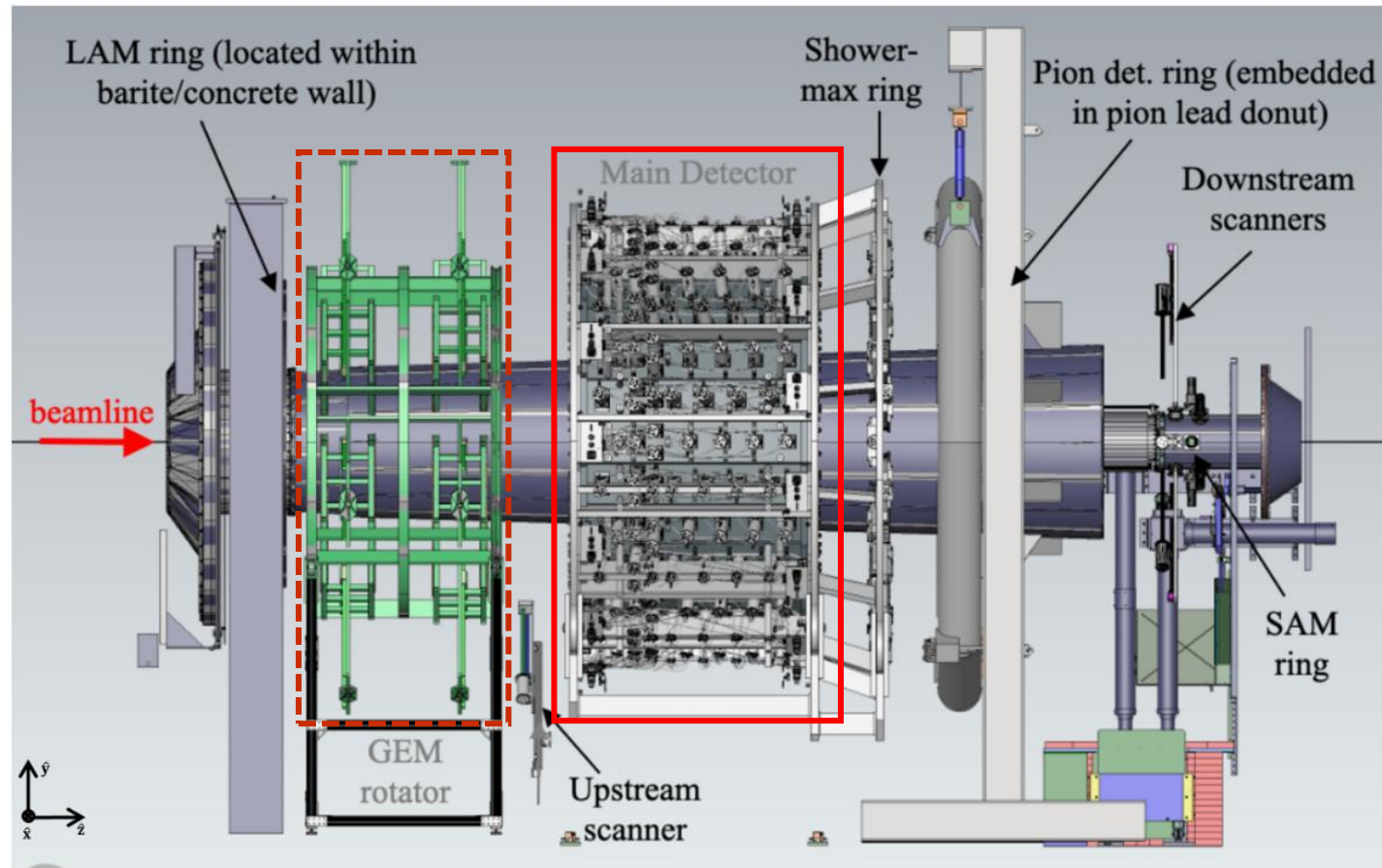
Tracking Detectors:

- GEMs

Auxiliary Detectors:

- Large Angle Monitors (LAMs)
- Small Angle Monitors (SAMs)
- U/D Scanners
- Pion Det (Ring)

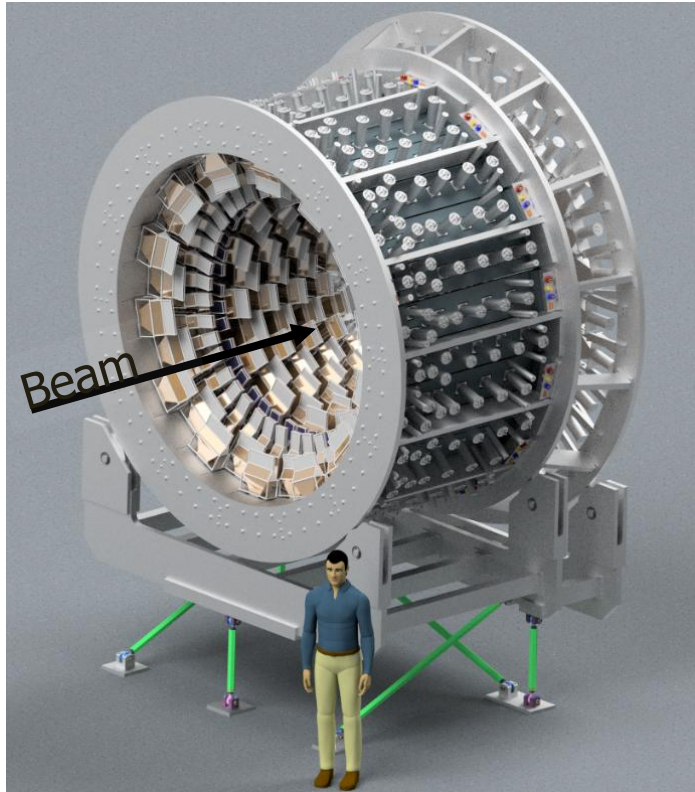
See A. Gunsch's talk



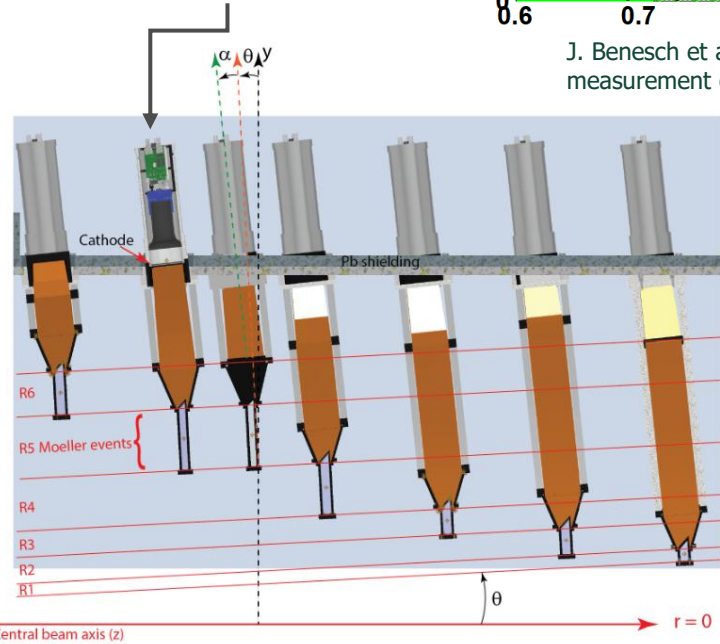
MOLLER Technical Design Report

Main Detector – Thin Quartz Array

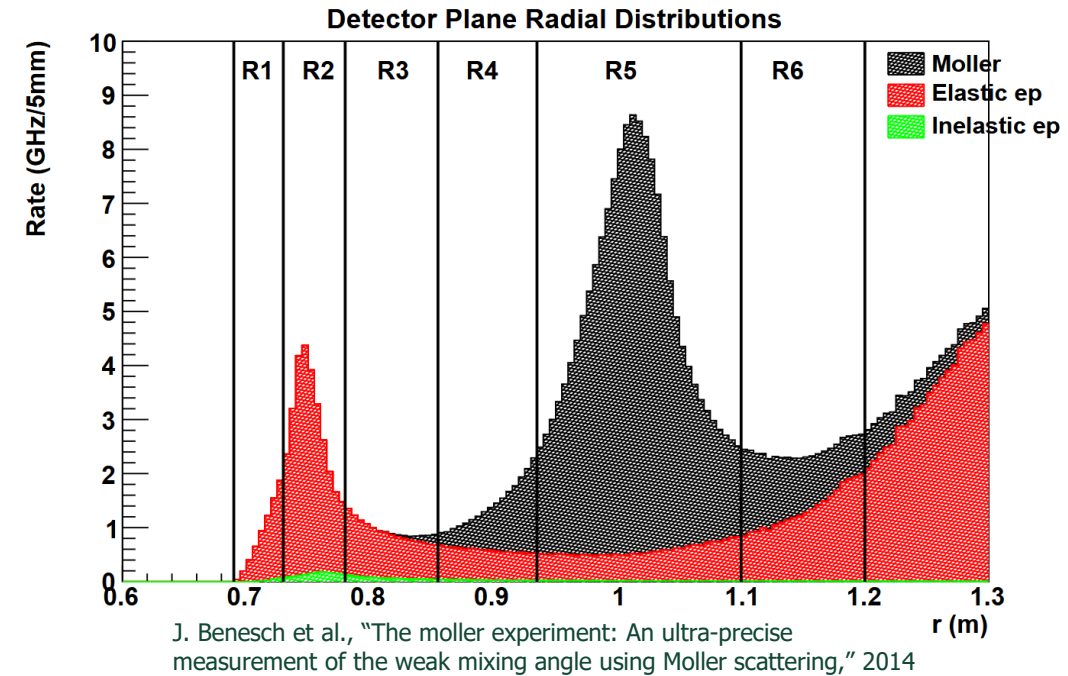
- 224 thin quartz elements
- 6 radial rings
- 28 azimuthal segments



Further divided into 84 elements

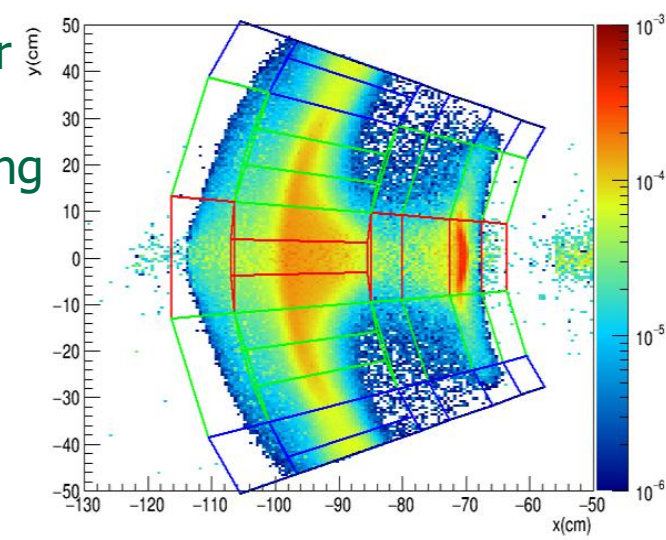


MOLLER Technical Design Report



Fused Silica "thin quartz"

The Main Detector
cannot discern
individual scattering
events!



Avg Rate: 50 kHz / mm²

Tracking Detector -- GEMs

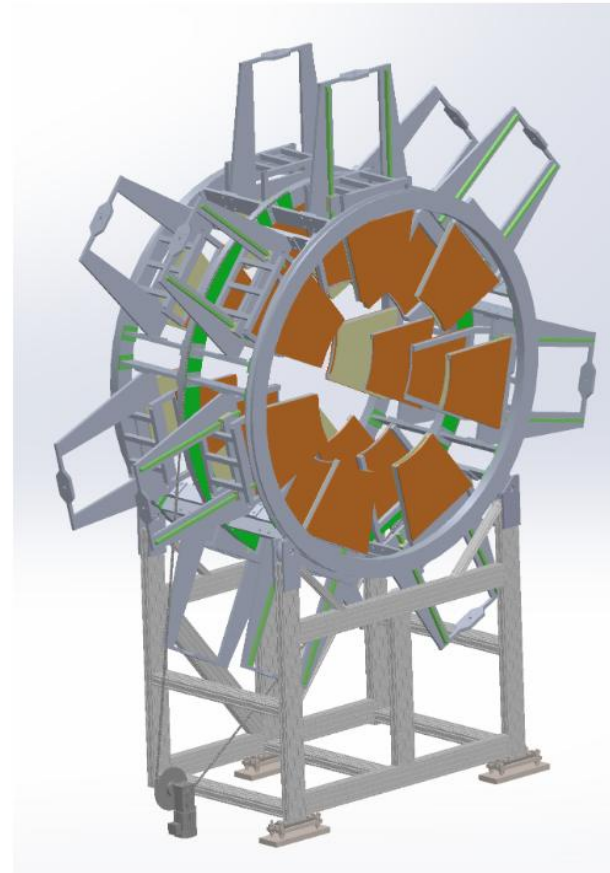
GEM =

Gaseous

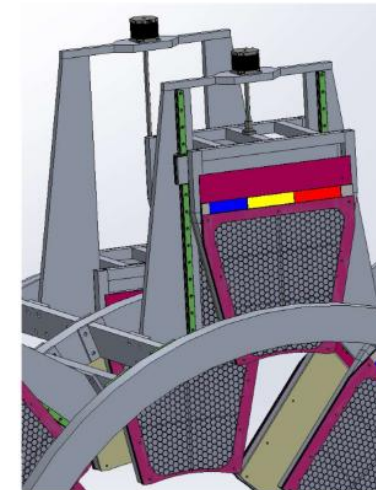
Electron

Multiplier

- Used for Track Reconstruction and dilution measurements
- Cannot be used during high flux (Production Running)
- Used during low flux "Counting Mode"
 - ~ 5% of total runtime



(a) GEM Rotator and stand.

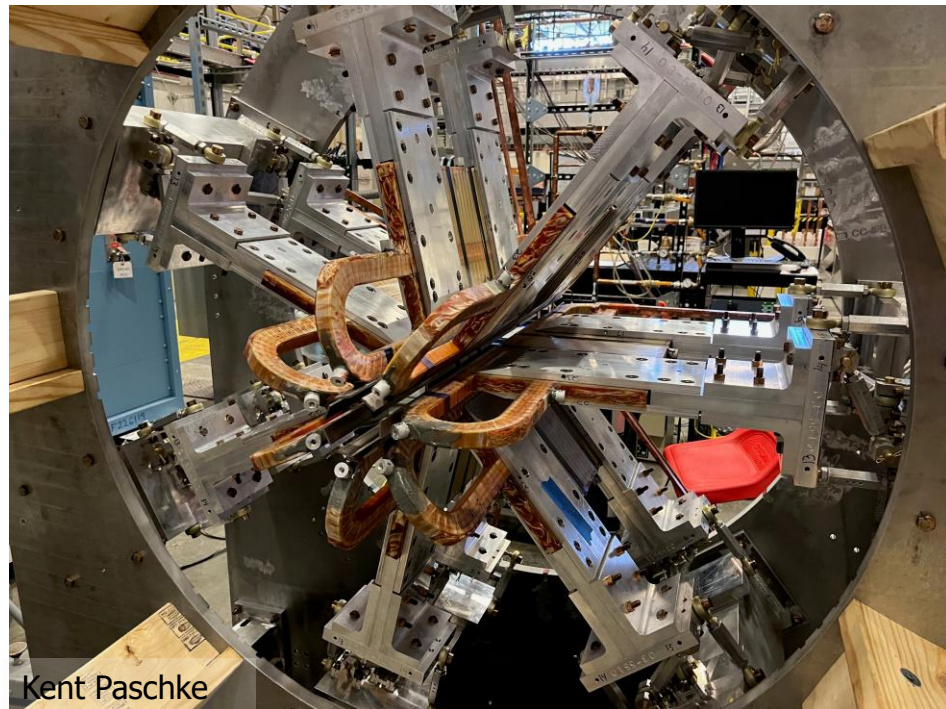


(b) GEM Radial Motion.

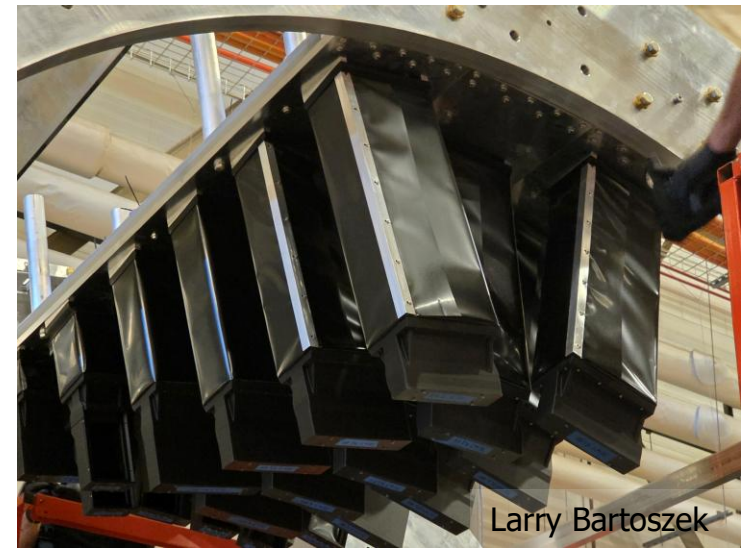
MOLLER Technical Design Report

See J.
Shirk's
talk

Assembly Photos



Kent Paschke



Larry Bartoszek



Brynne Blaikie



Larry Bartoszek

Timeline

- Fall 2025:
 - Assembly starts
- Fall 2026:
 - Installation ends
 - Commissioning starts
- Spring 2027:
 - Full Physics starts
- Spring 2029
 - Conclude MOLLER Expt.

Collaboration

Spokesperson: Krishna Kumar

Project Manager: Klaus Dehmelt

- Institutions: 37
- Authors: ~160
- Graduate Students: 25

Experimental Parameters

Parameter	Value
E [GeV]	11.0
E' [GeV]	2.0-9.0
θ_{CM}	50° - 130°
θ_{lab}	0.26° - 1.2°
$\langle Q^2 \rangle$ [GeV ²]	0.0058
Maximum Current [μA]	70
Target Length [m]	1.25
$\rho_{\text{targ.}}$	0.0715
Max Luminosity [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{sec}^{-1}$]	$2.4 \cdot 10^{39}$
σ [μb]	60
Møller Rate ($65\mu\text{A}$) [GHz]	134
Stat. Width [ppm/pair]	91
Raster Size [mm $\times$ mm]	5 $\times$ 5
Production Time	344 PAC-days (8256 hours)
ΔA_{raw} [ppb]	0.54
Background Fraction	0.10
P_{beam}	90%
$\langle A_{\text{PV}} \rangle$ [ppb]	32
$\Delta A_{\text{stat.}} / \langle A_{\text{expt.}} \rangle$	2.1%
$\delta (\sin^2 \theta_{\text{W}})_{\text{stat.}}$	0.00023