

Software Update GEM Digitization

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PRad-II / X17 Collaboration Meeting

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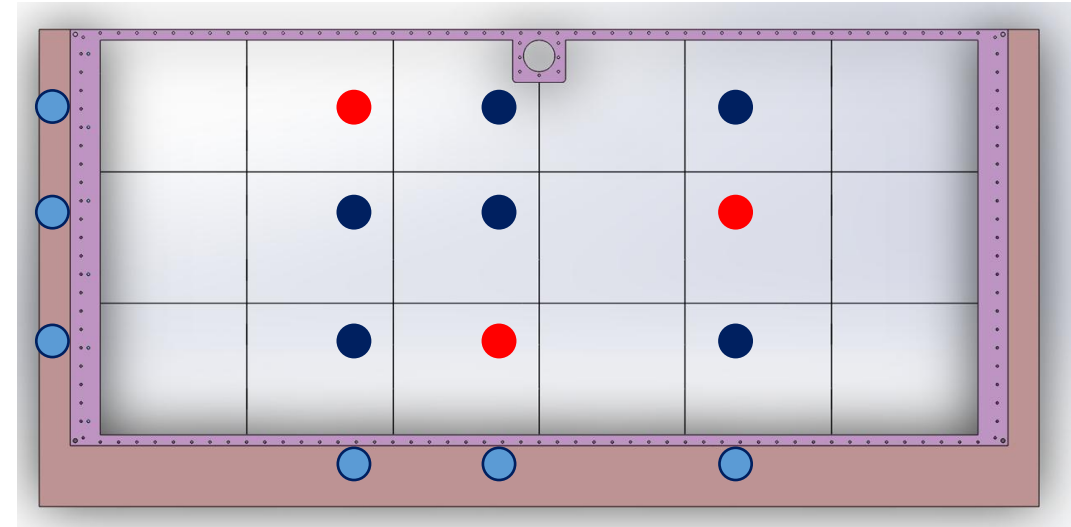
Introduction

Pure Geant4 simulation:

- Hits on the detector sensitive volume
- Particle's “accurate” vertex information(vector, energy, time, deposition)
- But not include effects of detector and electronics

Geant4 + GEM digitization, we could know:

- The signal pulse we will get from APV25
- Signal pile up effect, cluster size on GEM
- How many hits would be reconstructed in an event



Red: 3 real hits

Blue: clusters on 2 layers of strips

Black: false hits

Digitization Basic Structure

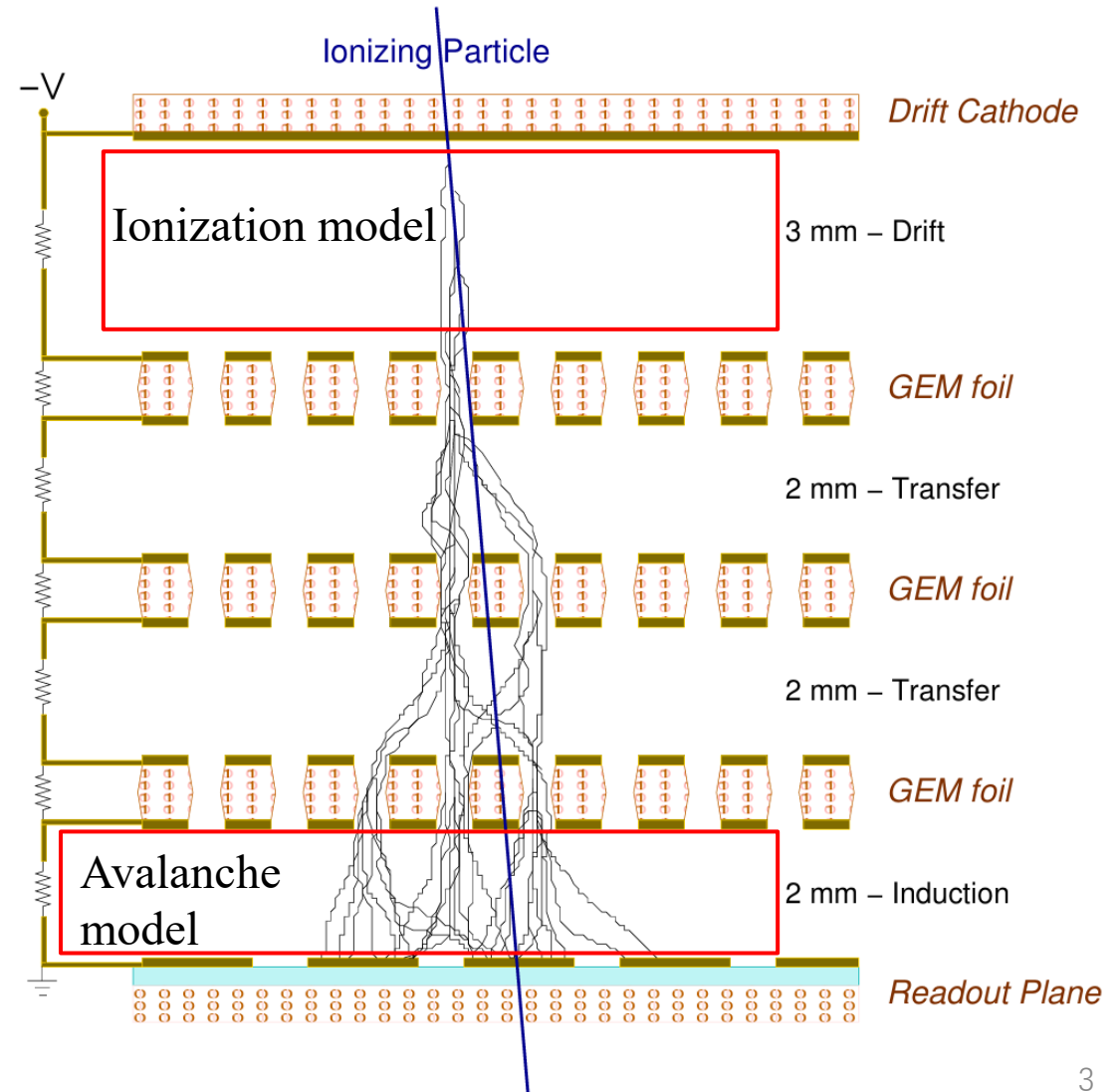
Basically 2 main processes, ionization and avalanche

Ionization model:

1. Number of ion pairs = $E_{\text{dep}} / 26\text{eV}$ (Poisson dist.)
2. Randomly put these ion electrons along the track
3. Traveling time to readout plane ($\text{Drift } v = 55 \text{ mm}/\mu\text{s}$)

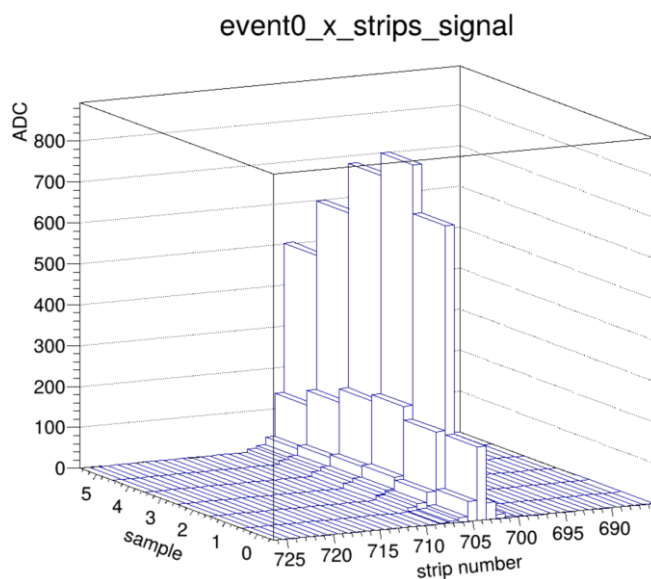
Avalanche model (for each ion electron):

1. Charge number of multiplication (Gaussian, $\sigma = \text{gain}/\sqrt{20}$)
2. Spatial distribution described by Cauchy-Lorentz , ($\text{diffusion} = 0.1 \text{ mm}^2/\mu\text{s}$)
3. Numerical integration for charge on each strip
4. Generate pulse from charge for each strip ($\text{decay time} = 56 \text{ ns}$)

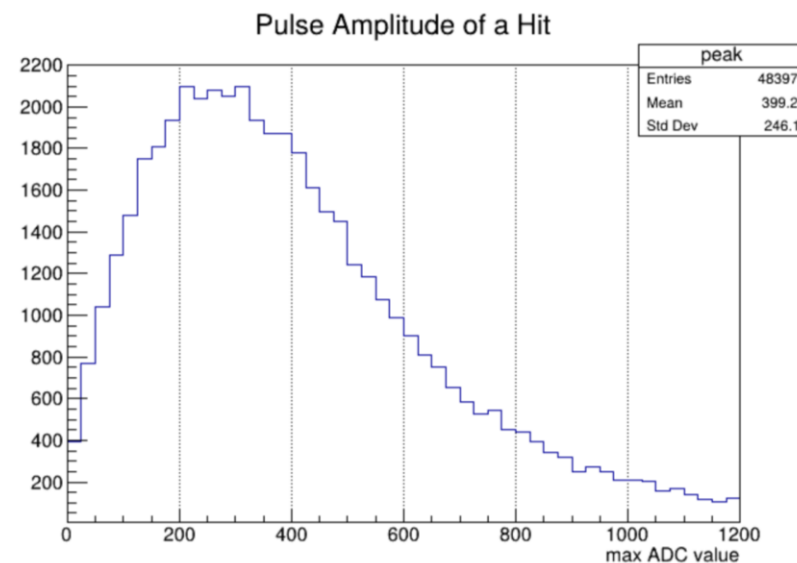


Digitization Output of Signal Hit

- Digitization output pulse of a signal hit
- 25ns / sampling, total of 6 samples
- Assuming a trigger latency to let the pulse's peak occurs at 3rd sample (index 2)
- **Single hit events** for the gain measurement
- Adjust the mean gain coefficient of multiplication
- Calibrated with the GEM cosmic test data



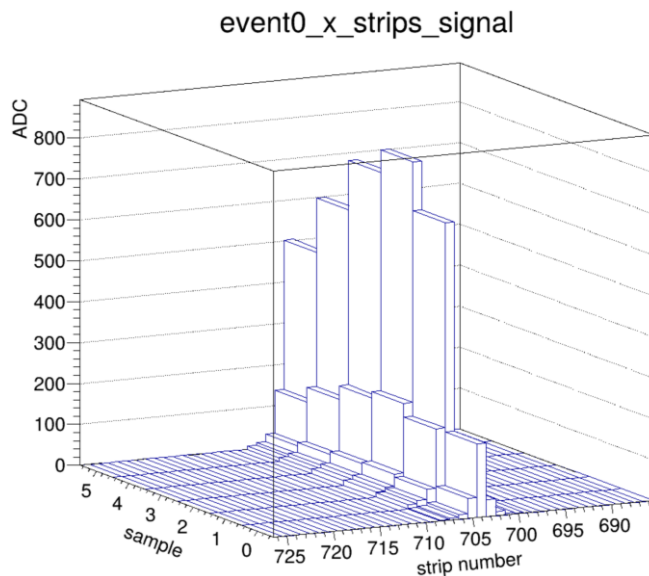
Simulated APV25 pulse of single hit on GEM



Max ADC value in single hit events

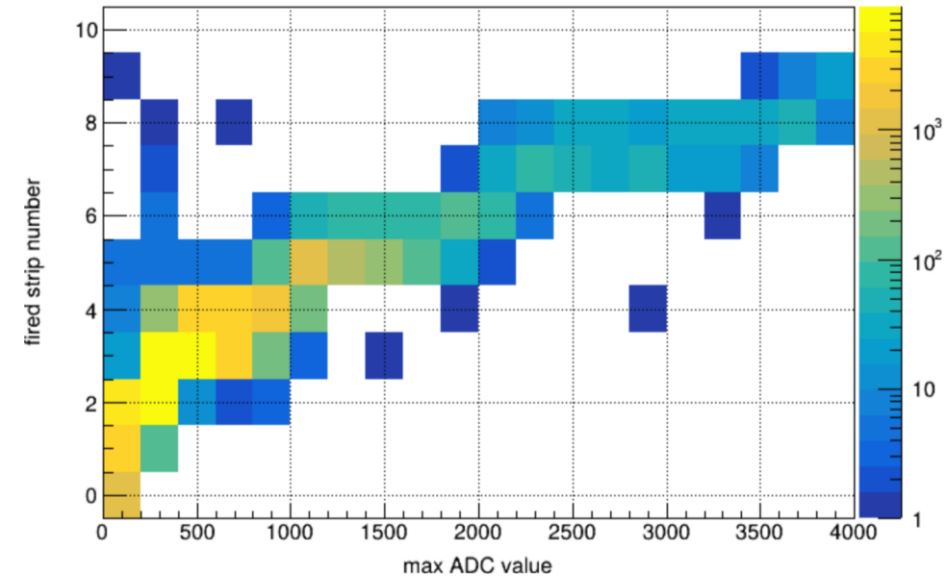
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Simulated APV25 pulse of single hit on GEM

- **Single hit events** for the gain measurement
- Adjust the mean gain coefficient of multiplication
- Calibrated with the GEM cosmic test data
- Number of fired strips VS max ADC value



Number of fired strips in single hit events

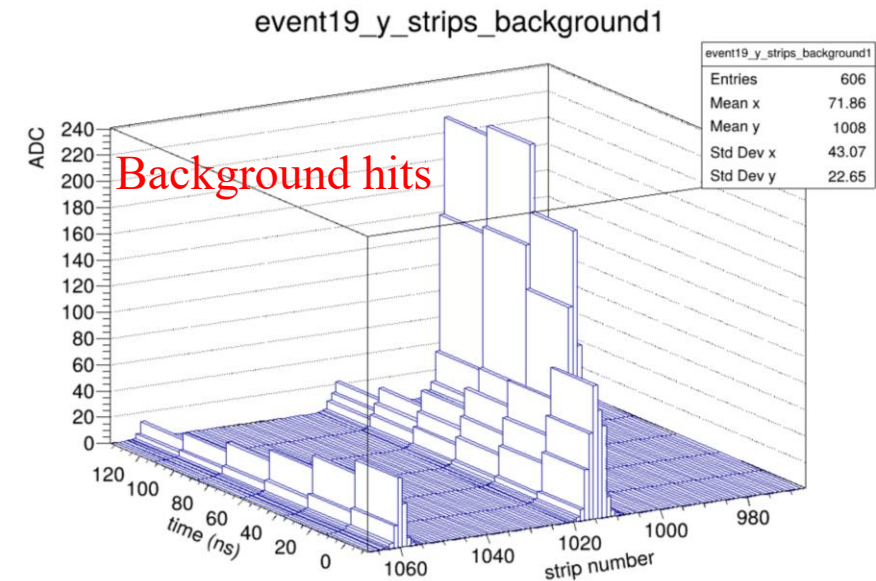
Add the Background (X17, 1 μ m target, 50nA, He bag)

Input simulation files

- Signal file: energy of 30%-70% 2.2GeV e- in Geant4, single track
- Background file: 2.2GeV beam-on-target G4 simulation

Process

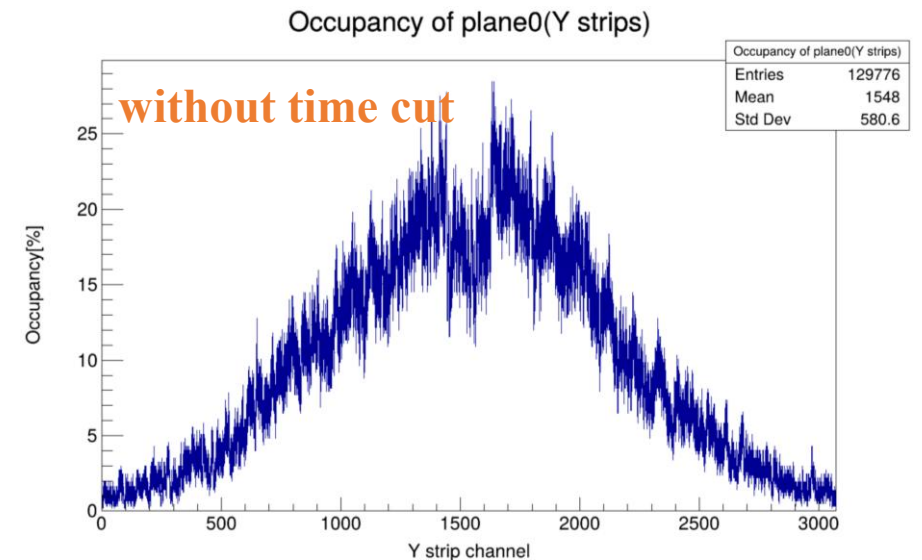
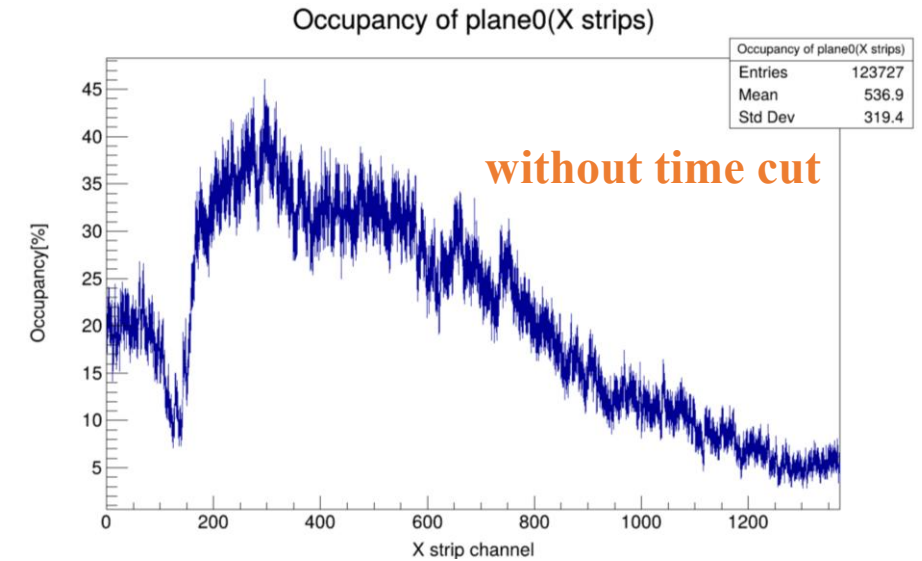
- Put one signal hit in each event, occurring at $t = 0$
- Open a time window(-200ns, 150ns) to put the entries from background root file(related to beam current)
- Each background entry has a random shift time(-200ns, 150ns)
- Average of 80 background hits on one chamber in this time window



The digitized strip signals in output event

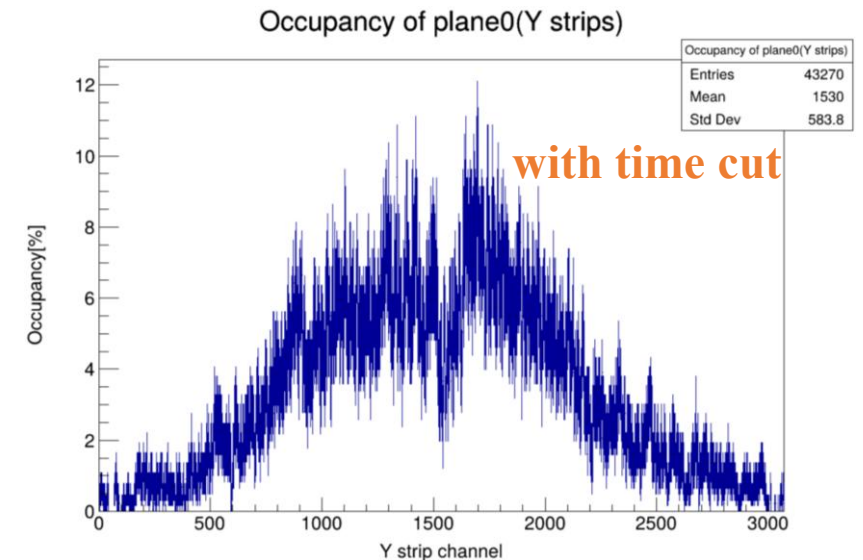
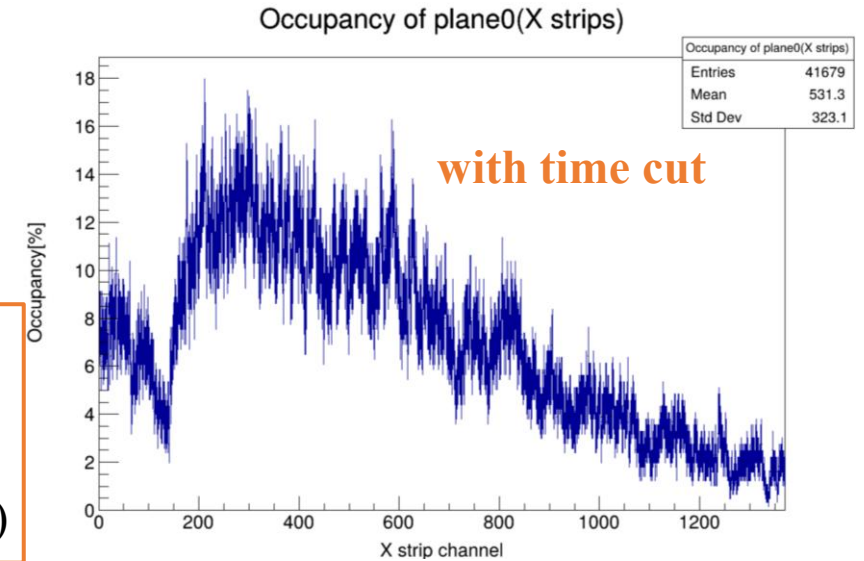
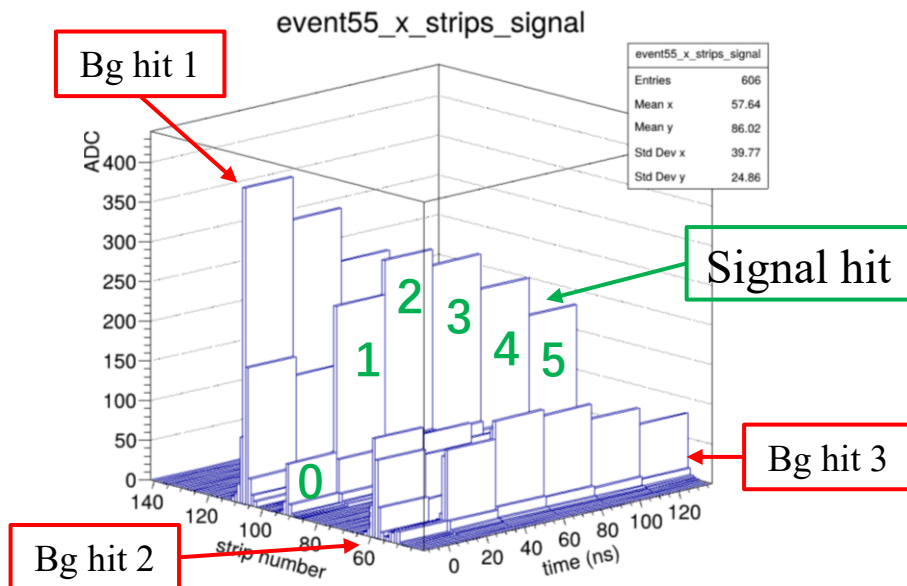
Occupancy of Strips (X17, 1 μ m target, 50nA, He bag)

- Occupancy: the probability of a strip to be fired in an event
- Fired: mean ADC value of 6 samples is above threshold
- **80 average hits** and max **40%** occupancy is too high (no time cut)



Occupancy of Strips (X17, 1 μ m target, 50nA, He bag)

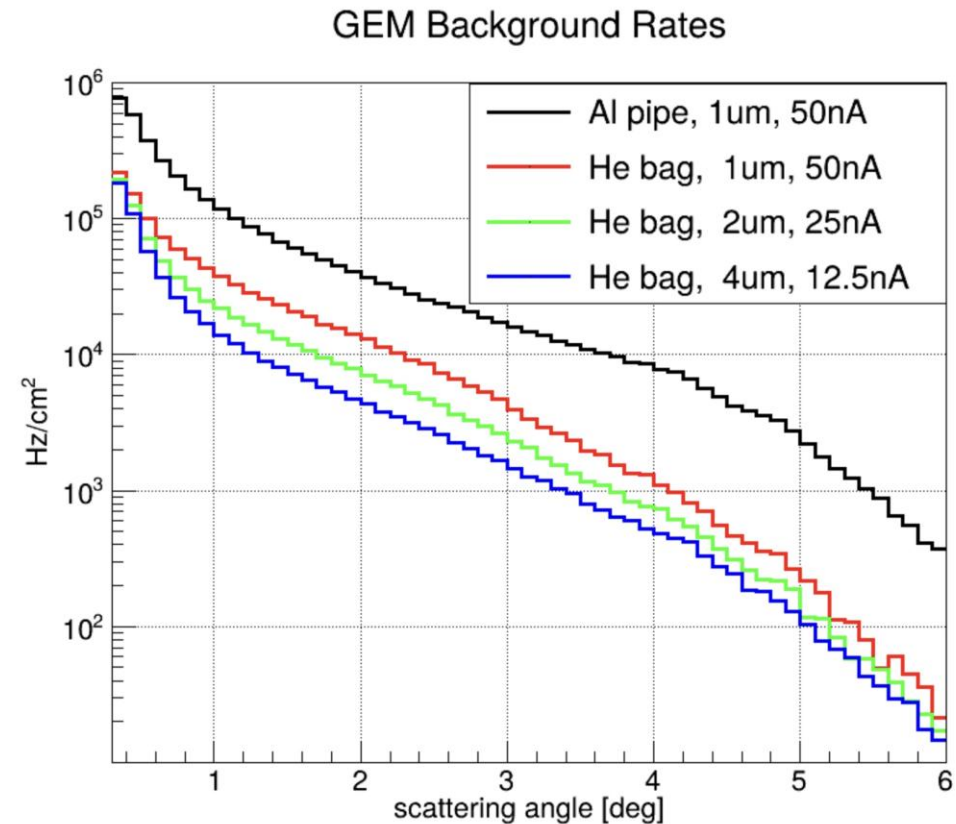
- Occupancy: the probability of a strip to be fired in an event
- Fired: mean ADC value of 6 samples is above threshold
- **80 average hits** and **max 40%** occupancy is too high (no time cut)
- Implement time cut to reject:
 - Remove strips that index of max sample is 0, 4, 5
- **~35 average hits, max 15%** occupancy are still not good (with time cut)



Reduce Background Rates on GEM

GEM background rates of different X17 configurations:

- Helium bag instead of Aluminum vacuum pipe, will have significant lower rates
- 2 μ m, 4 μ m instead of 1 μ m, will give another ~ 2 , ~ 4 times lower rates



Reduce Background Rates on GEM

Two main background source(He bag config.):

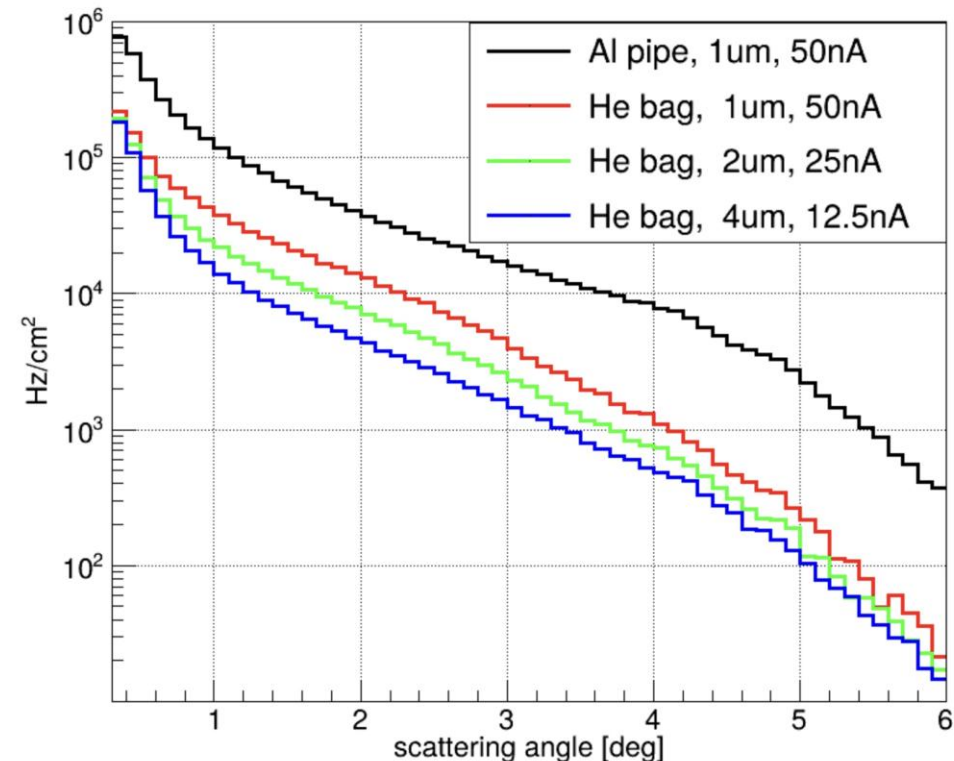
1. 30um Aluminum beam window
2. Helium gas in the bag

- Same luminosity with 1um, 50nA configuration
- Thicker target, lower beam current
- Background rate is expected to lower down

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GEM Background Rates

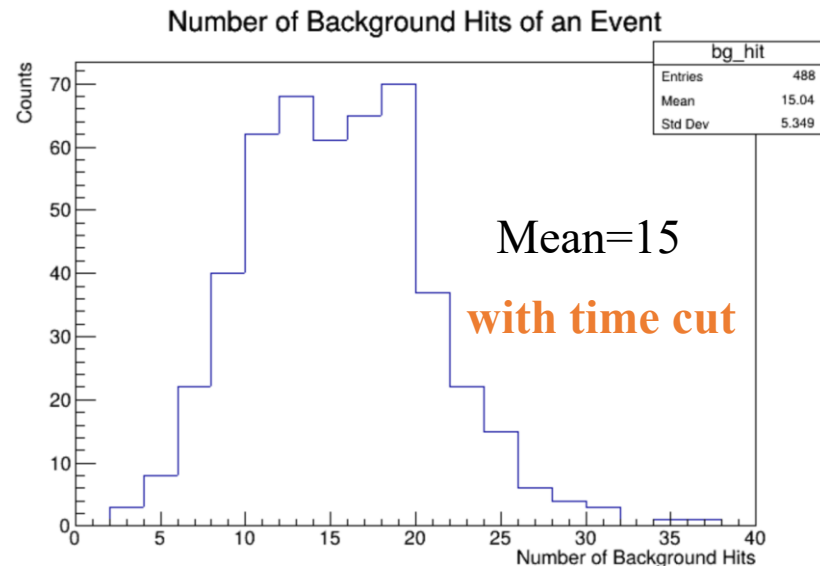


Reduce Background Rates on GEM

Two main background source(He bag config.):

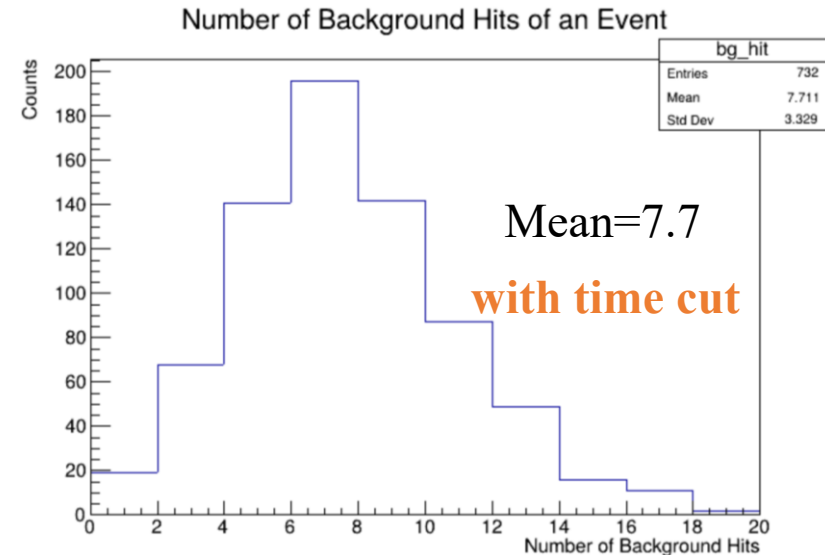
1. 30um Aluminum beam window
2. Helium gas in the bag

- 2 um target, 25 nA, He bag
- Background rejection time cut:
 - Max ADC appears at 2nd, 3rd, 4th sample



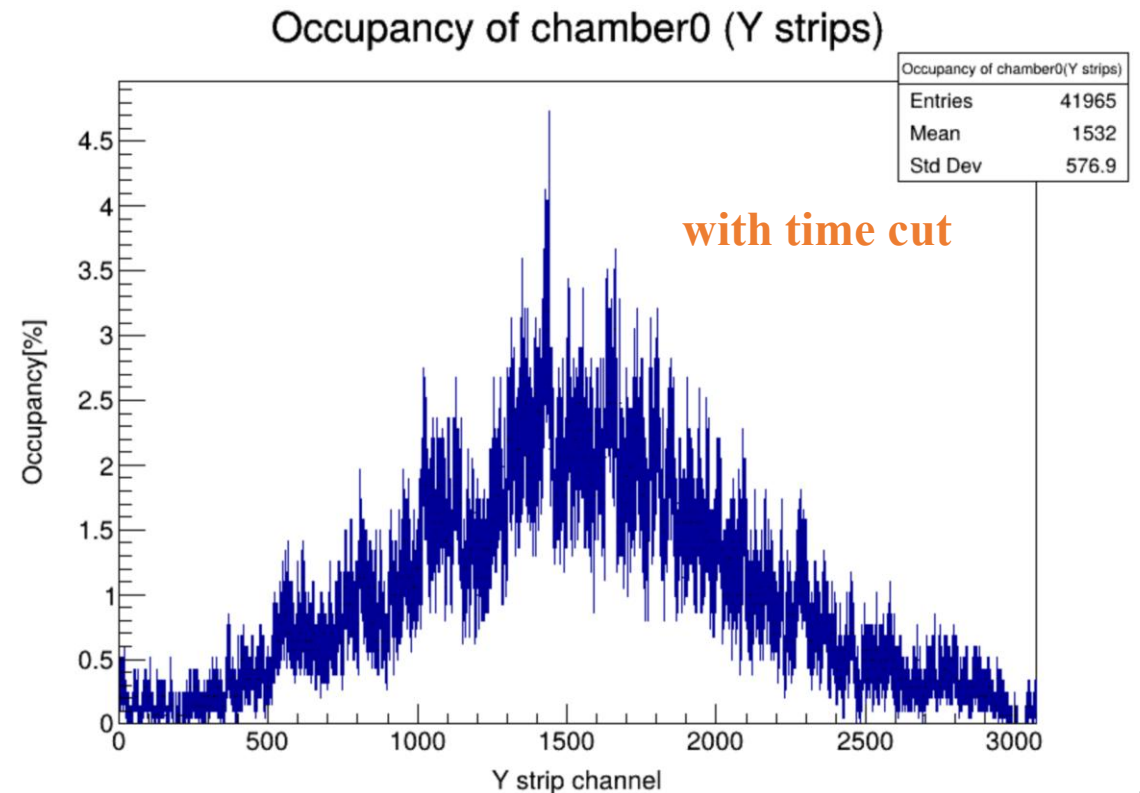
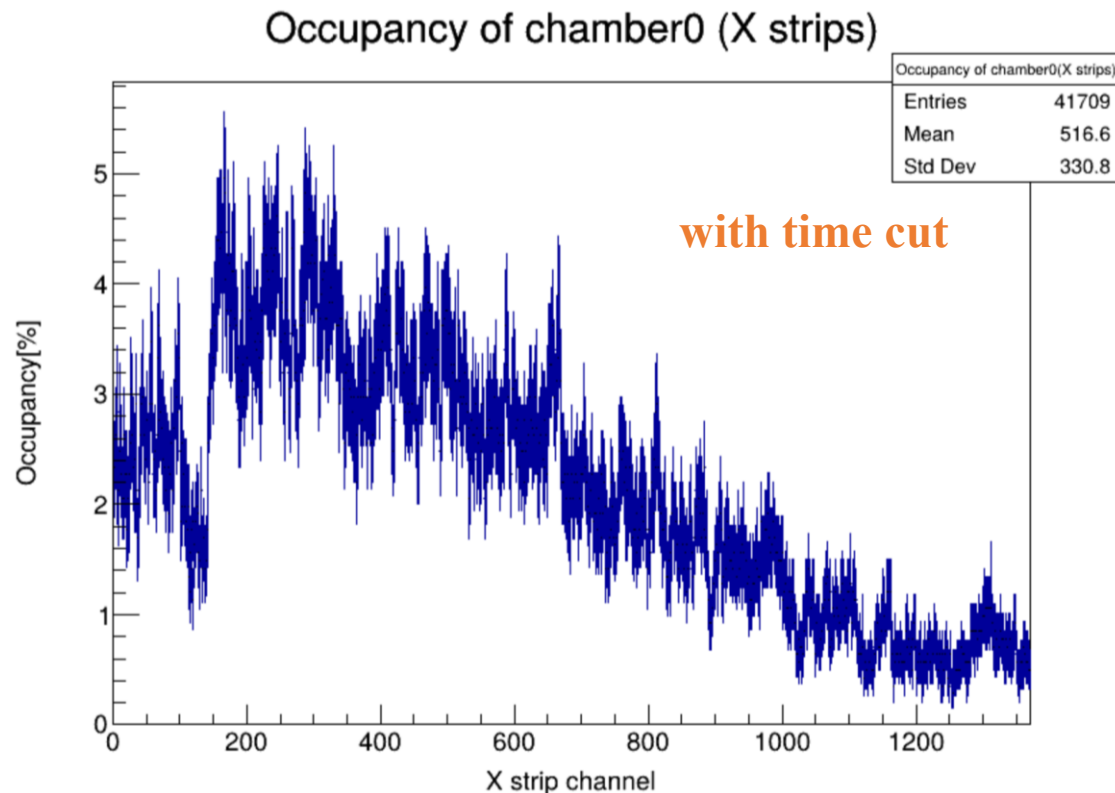
- Same luminosity with 1um, 50nA configuration
- Thicker target, lower beam current
- Background rate is expected to lower down

- 4 um target, 12.5 nA, He bag
- Background rejection time cut:
 - Max ADC appears at 2nd, 3rd, 4th sample



Thicker Target Is More Ideal for GEM

- 4 μ m target, 12.5nA beam
- Same luminosity with 1 μ m target, 50nA beam
- Average of **7.7 hits** one chamber, **max of 4%** occupancy still acceptable

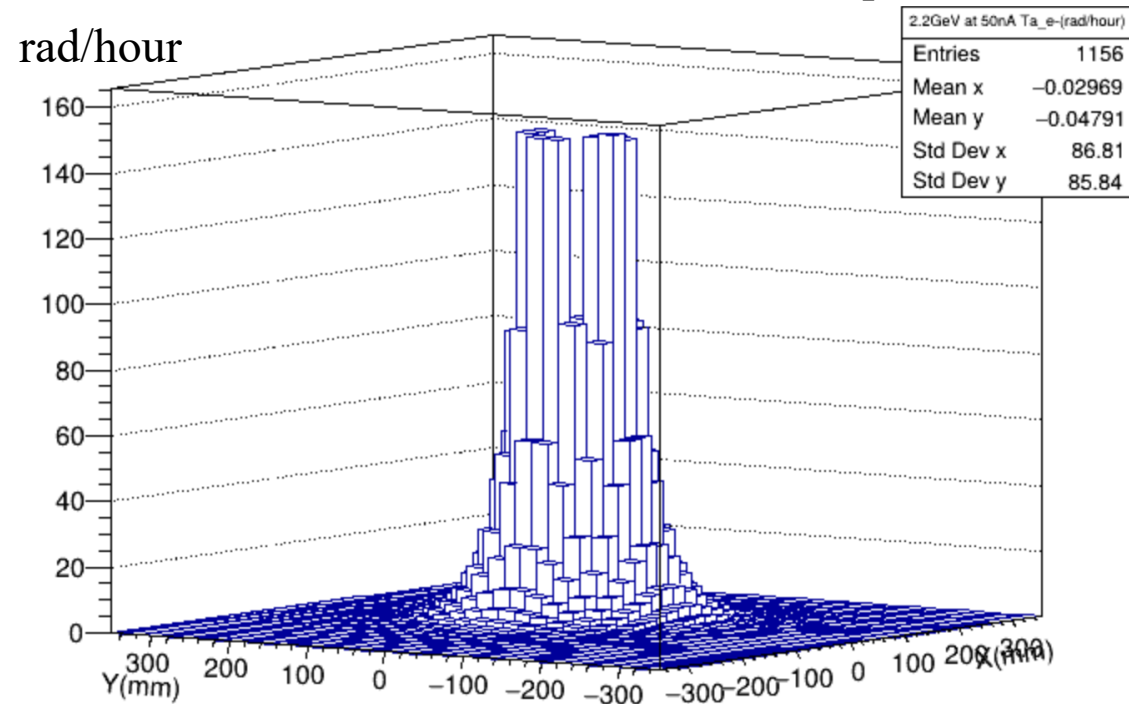


Summary

- Have completed the development of GEM digitization
- Some effects are waiting to be added, such as cross talk
- The strips occupancy and background rates are too high on X17
- 4um, 12.5nA (instead of 1um, 50nA) could significantly reduce rate to 7.7 hits on one chamber per event
- Next step: try to reconstruct hits from digitization output

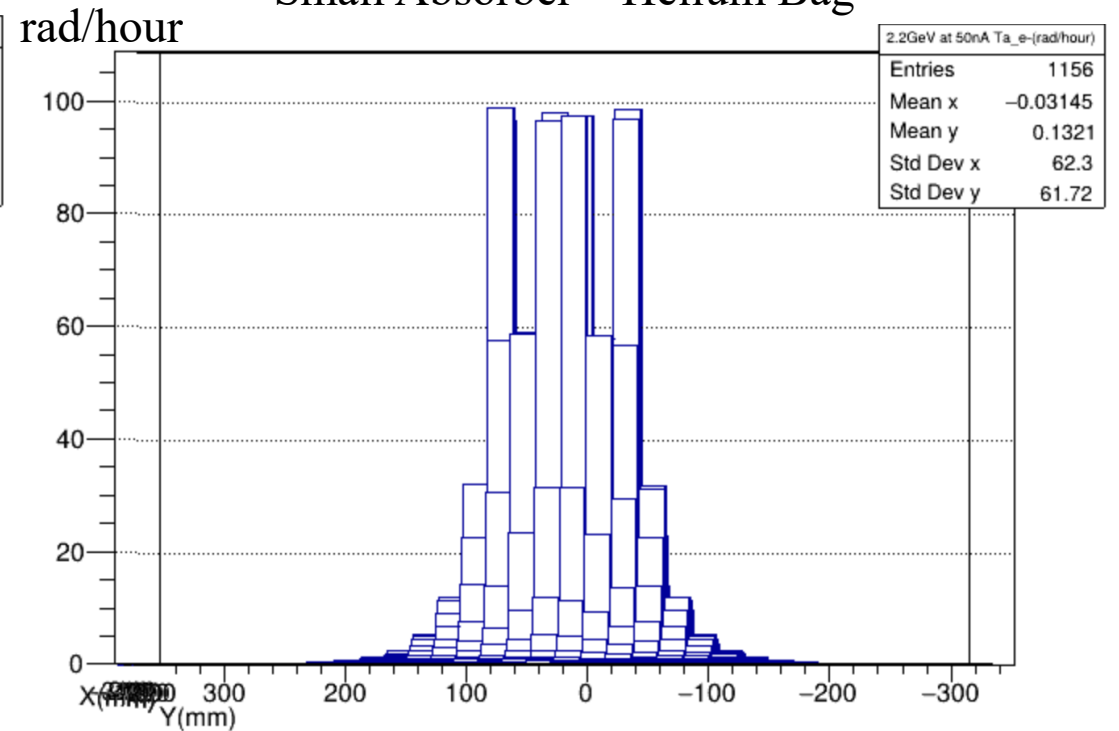
HyCal Radiation Dose (rad/hour) – 1um Ta, 2.2GeV, 50nA

Small Absorber – Aluminum Pipe



1st open layer max dose: 150 rad/h
2nd open layer max dose: 50 rad/h

Small Absorber – Helium Bag



1st open layer max dose: 100 rad/h
2nd open layer max dose: 30 rad/h