

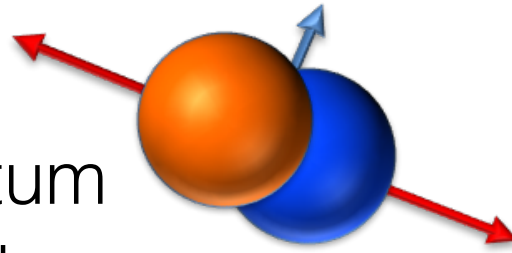
The ALERT-SRC Experiment

Florian Hauenstein
CLAS Collaboration Meeting
07/10/25

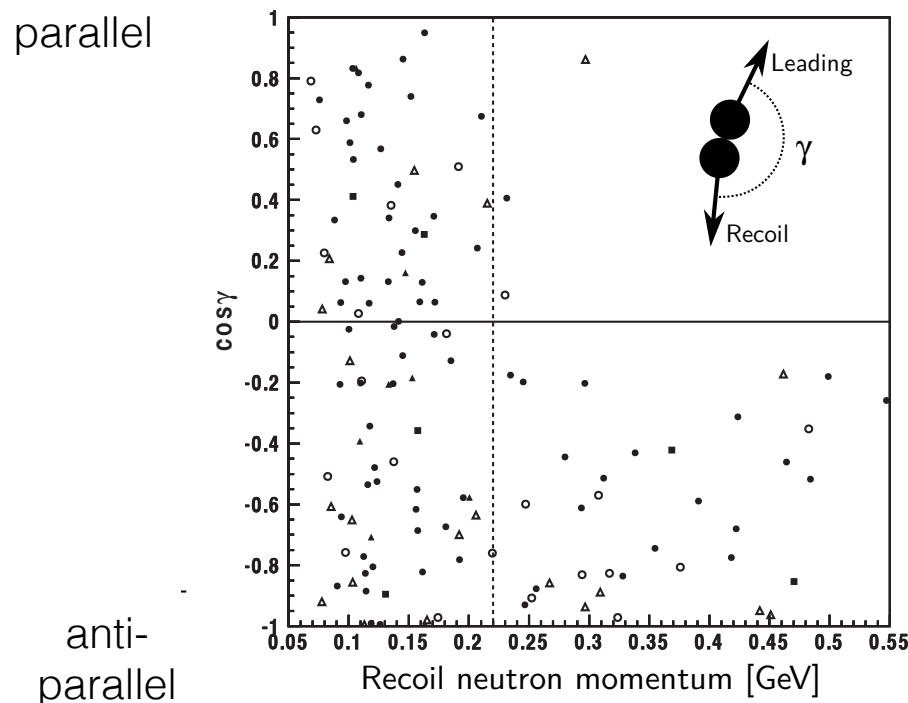
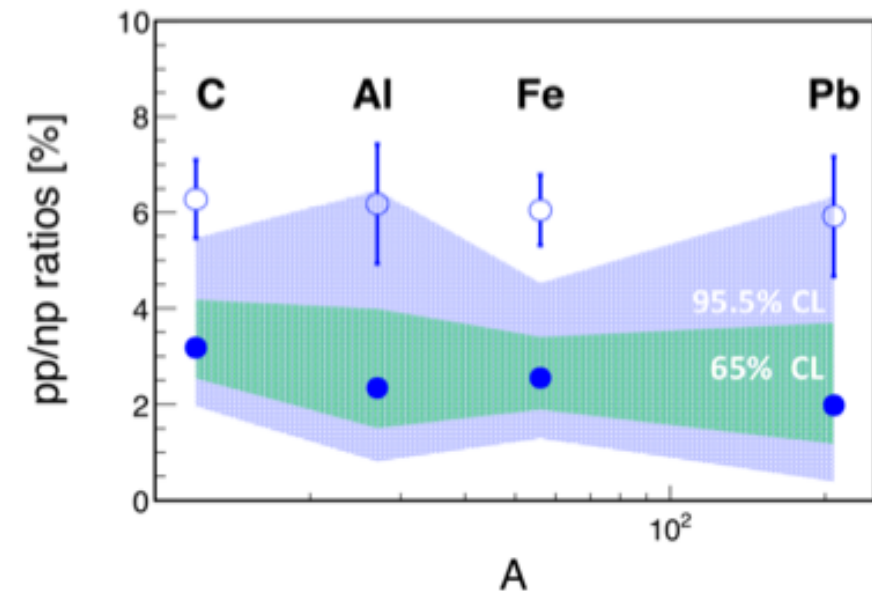


What we know about SRCs

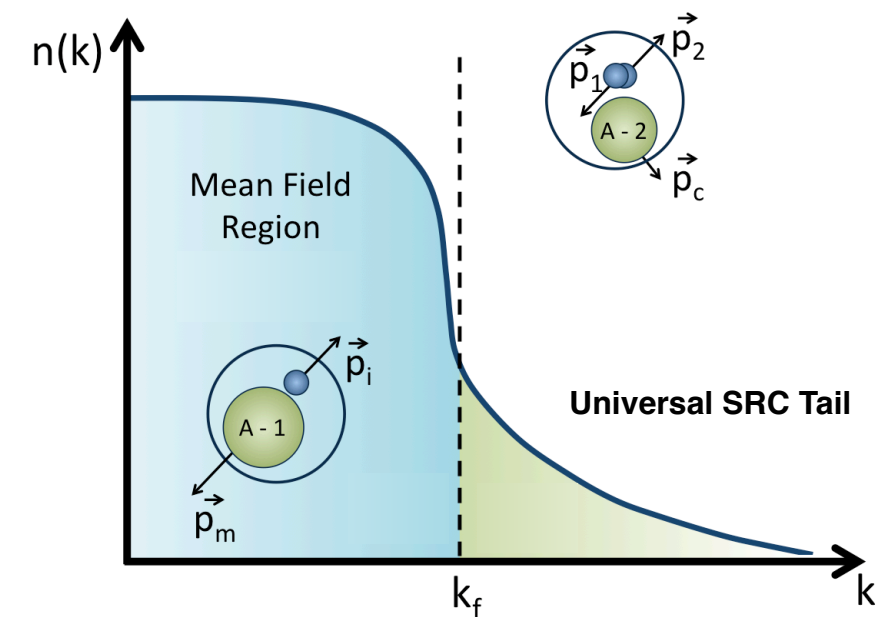
- NN pair with
 - high relative momentum above Fermi momentum
 - lower c.m. momentum
- Knockout of SRC nucleon --> always correlated partner



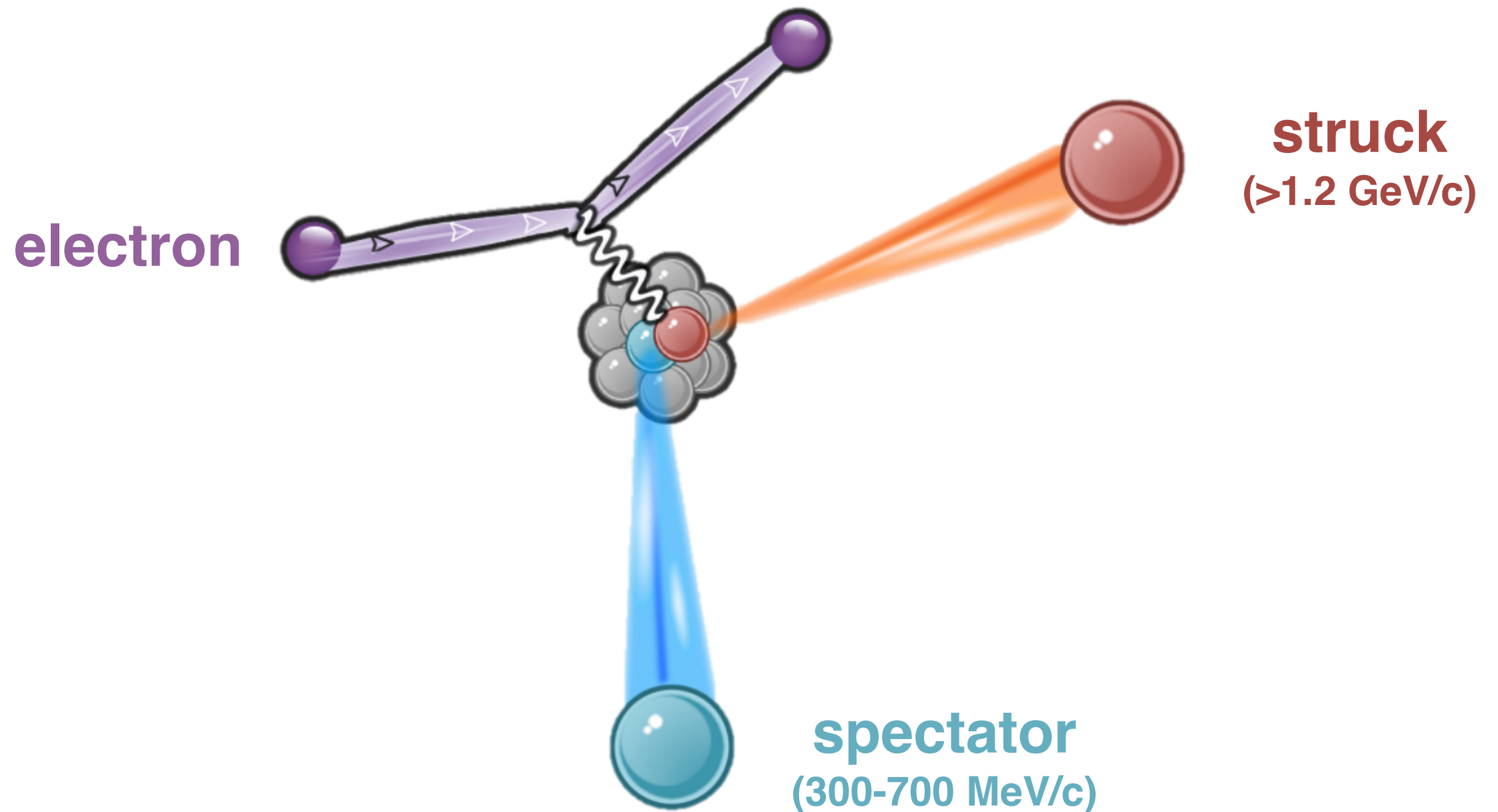
- np dominance



- Universality

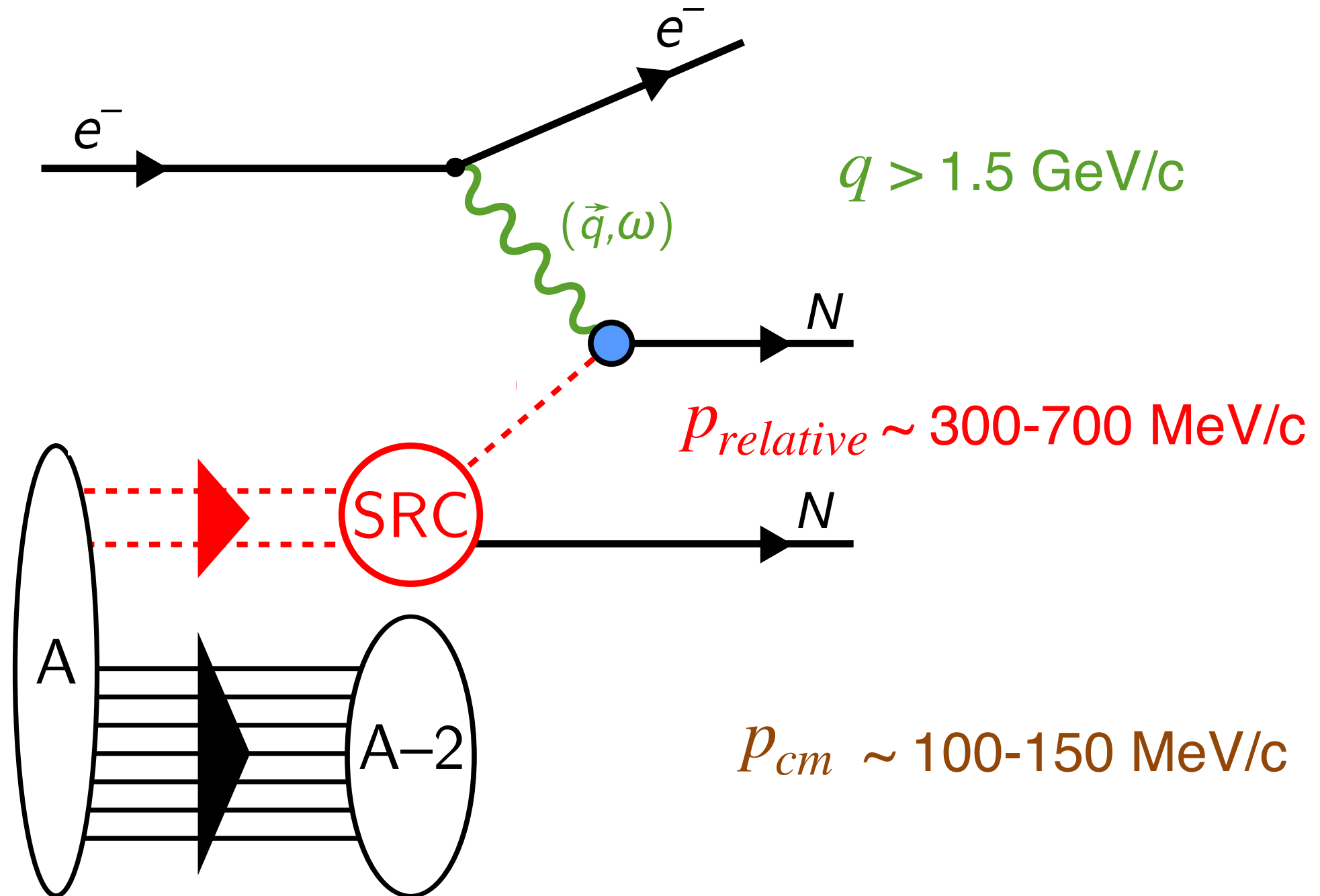


SRC Measurements



PRL (2006), PRL (2007), Science (2008), PRL (2014), Science (2014),
Nature (2018), PRL (2019), Nature (2020), PLB (2021), PRC (2023), Review: RMP (2017)

Scale Separation: $q \gg P_{relative} \gg p_{cm}$



Scale Separation

$$q \gg p_{\text{relative}} \gg p_{\text{cm}}$$



**Factorization of many-body
wave function**

Scale Separation

$$q \gg p_{relative} \gg p_{cm}$$



**Factorization of many-body
wave function**



**Elementary
eN cross section**

**Nuclear
Contacts**

**Two-body
wave function**

**Center of mass
motion**

$$\sigma = \sigma_{eN}(q) \cdot \sum_{NN} \cdot C_A^{NN} \cdot |\phi(p_{relative})|^2 \cdot n(p_{cm})$$

Scale Separation

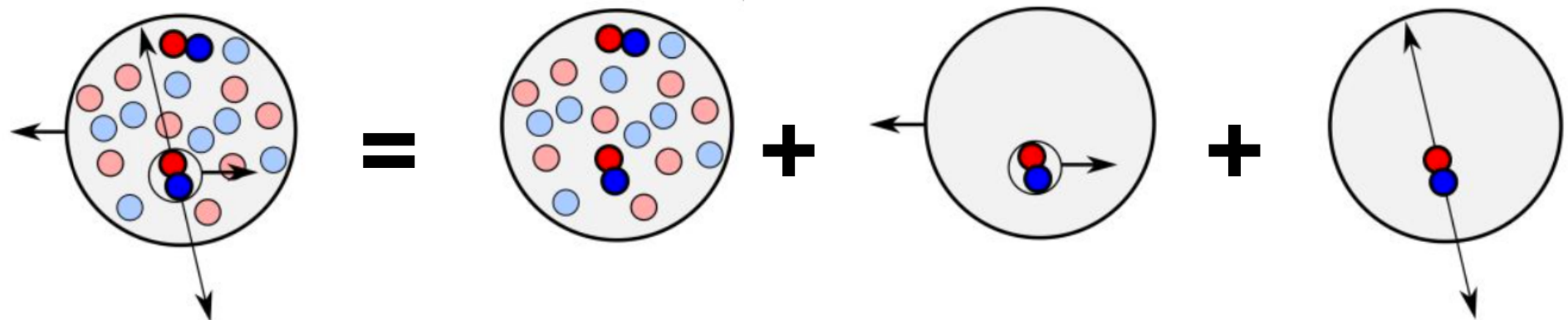
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eN cross section

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Two-body
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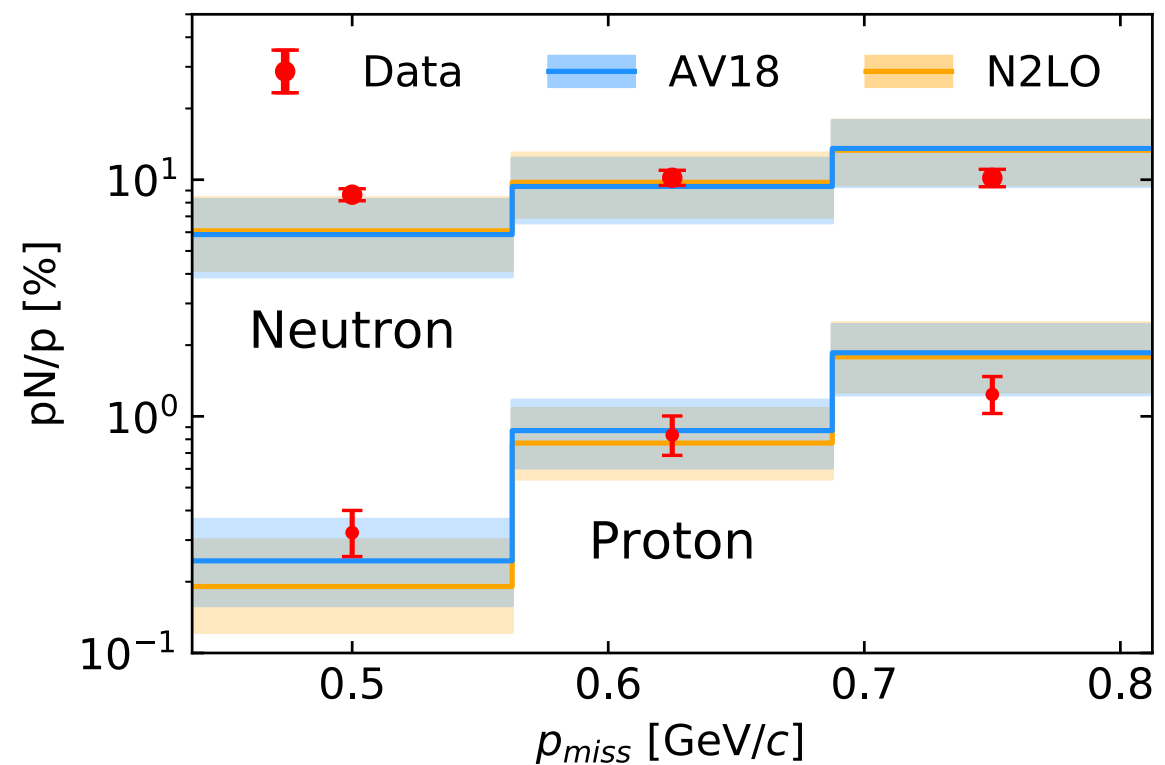
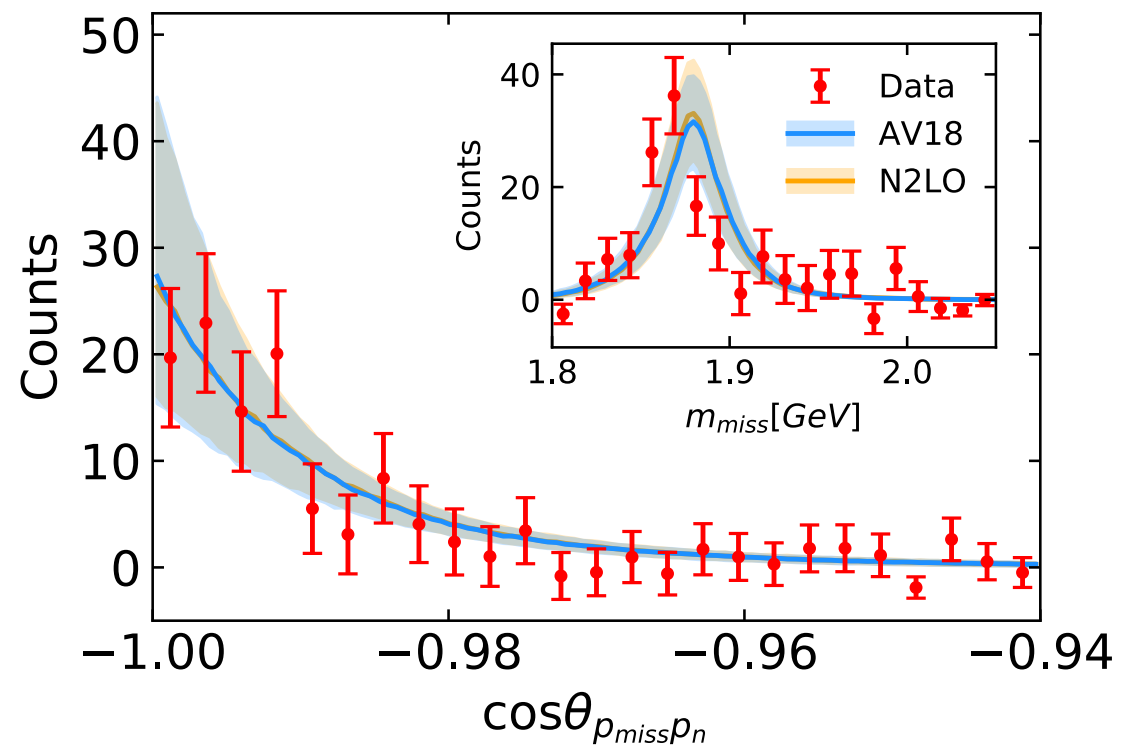
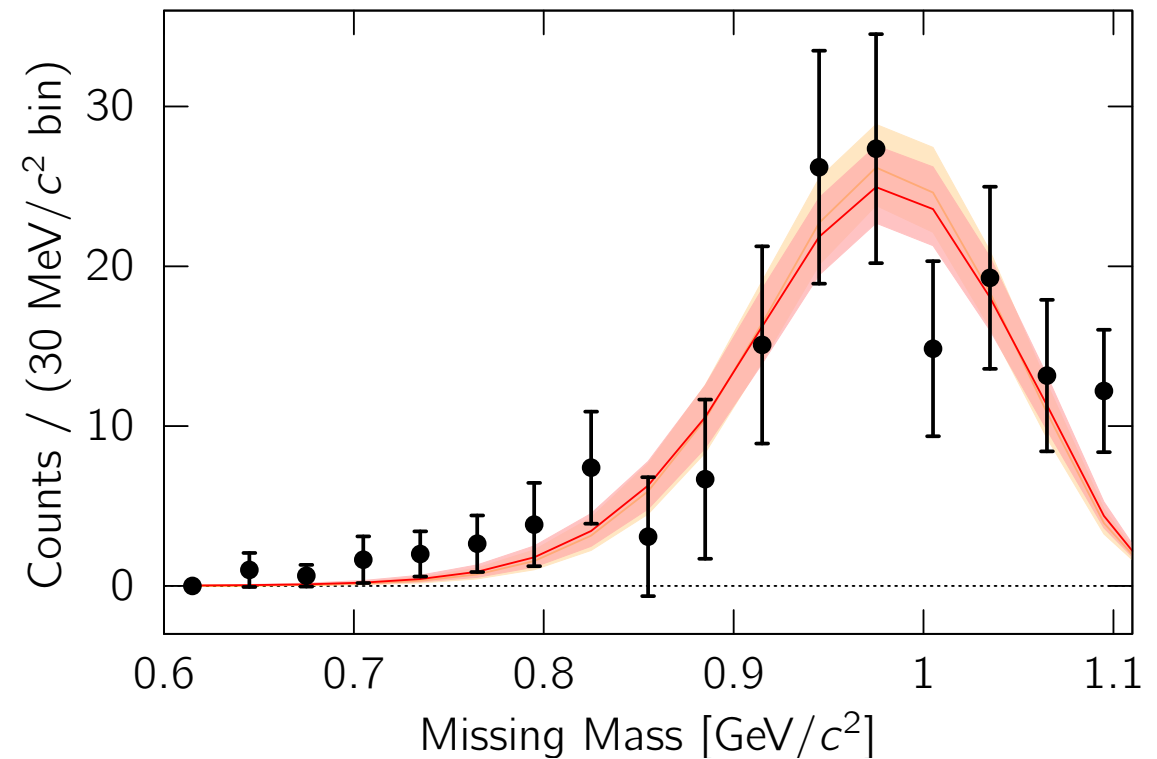
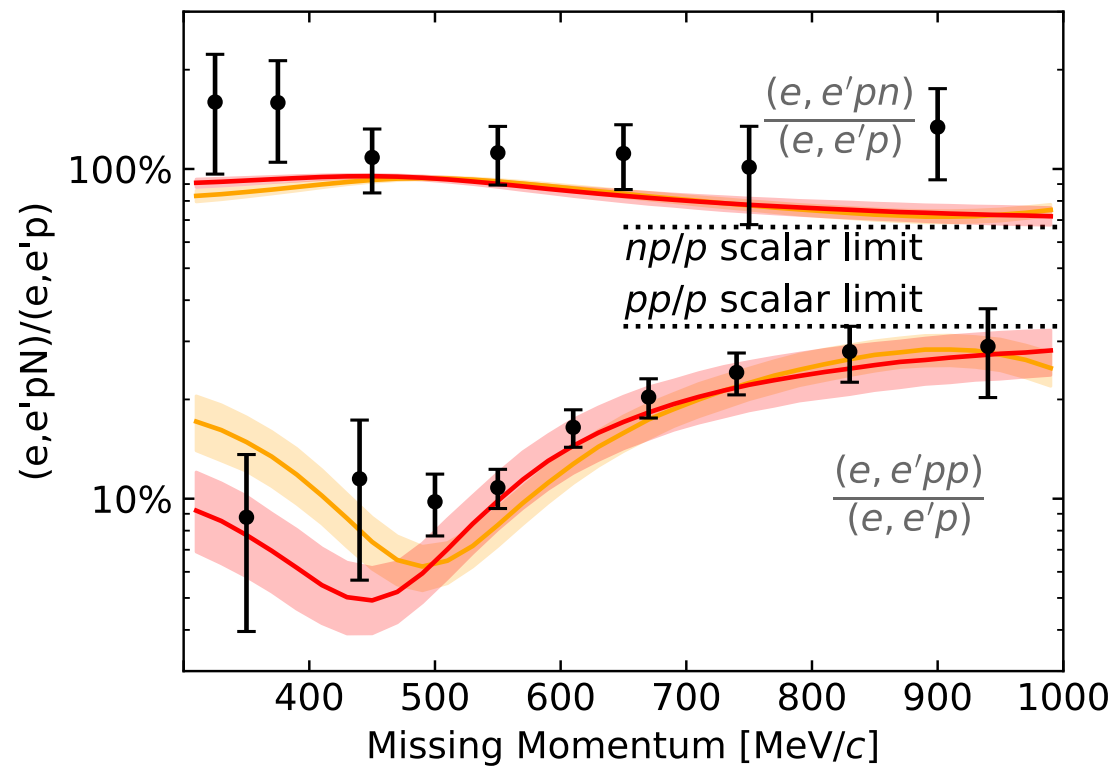
Center of mass
motion

$$\sigma = \sigma_{eN}(q) \cdot \sum_{NN} \cdot C_A^{NN} \cdot |\phi(p_{relative})|^2 \cdot n(p_{cm})$$



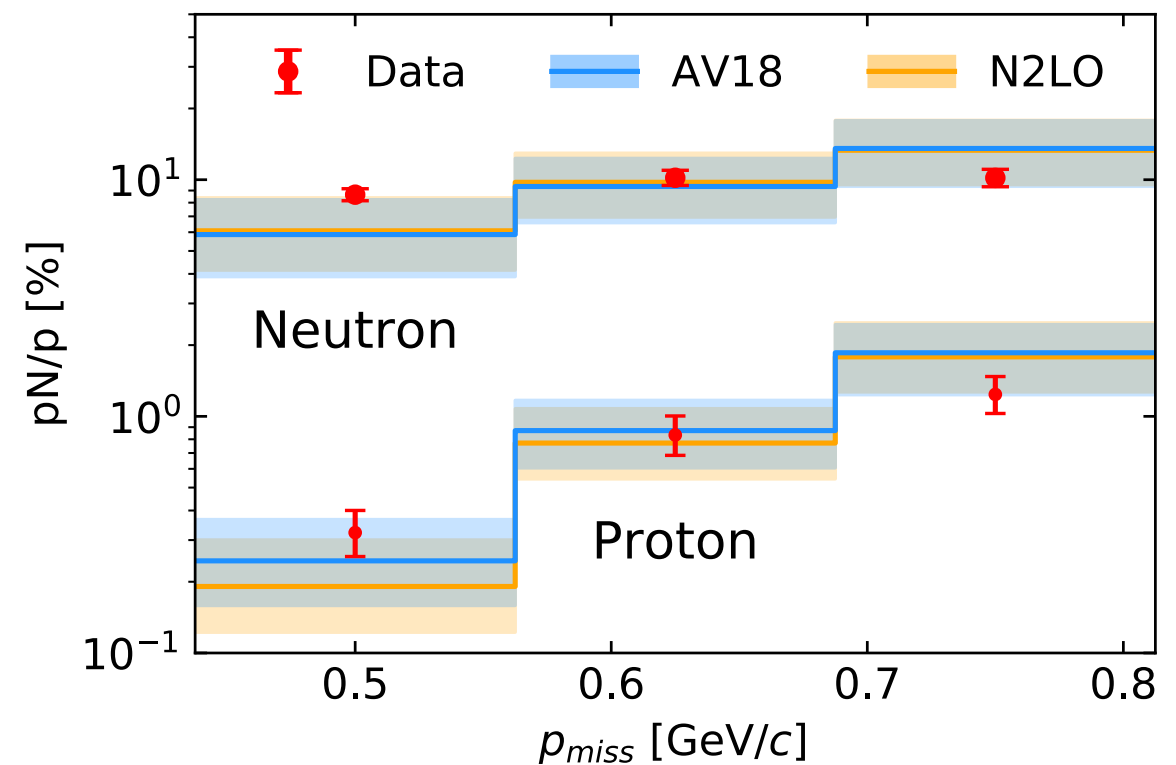
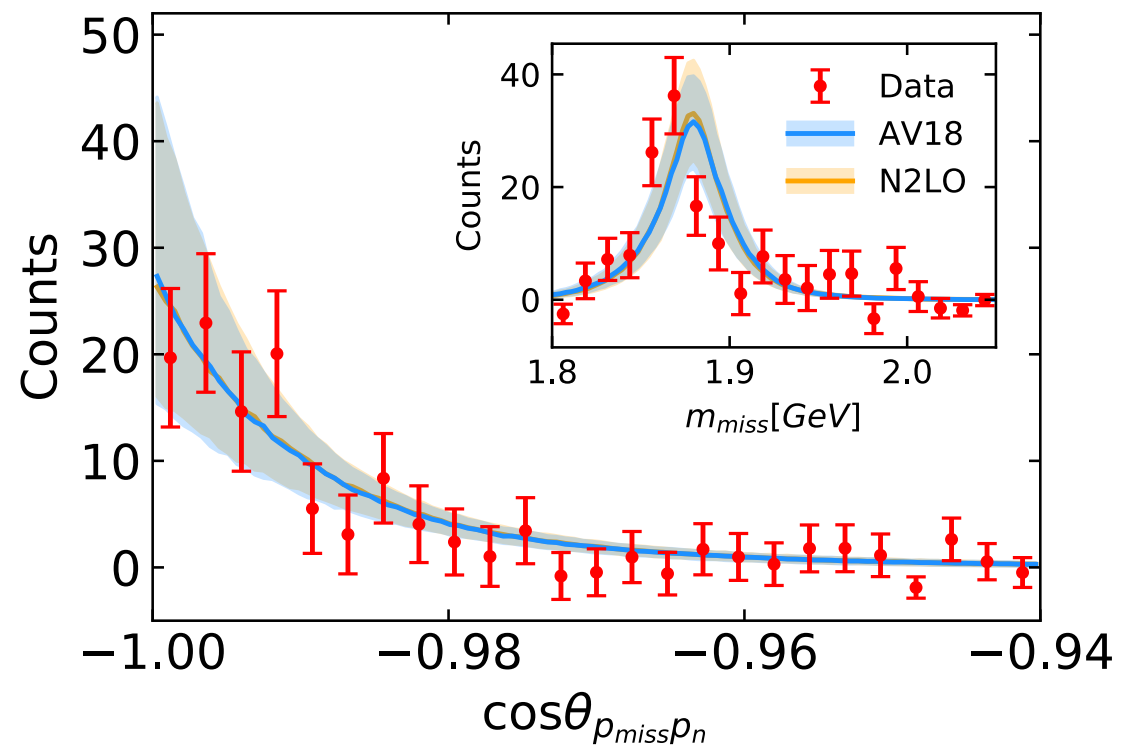
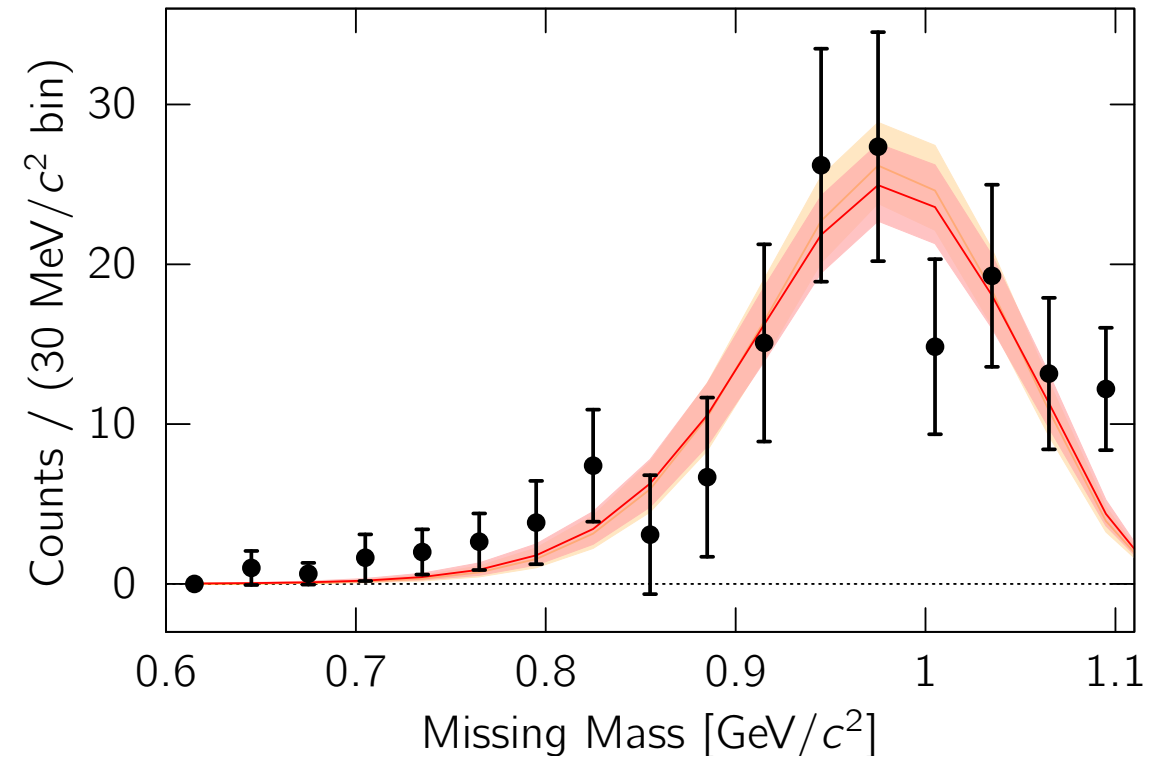
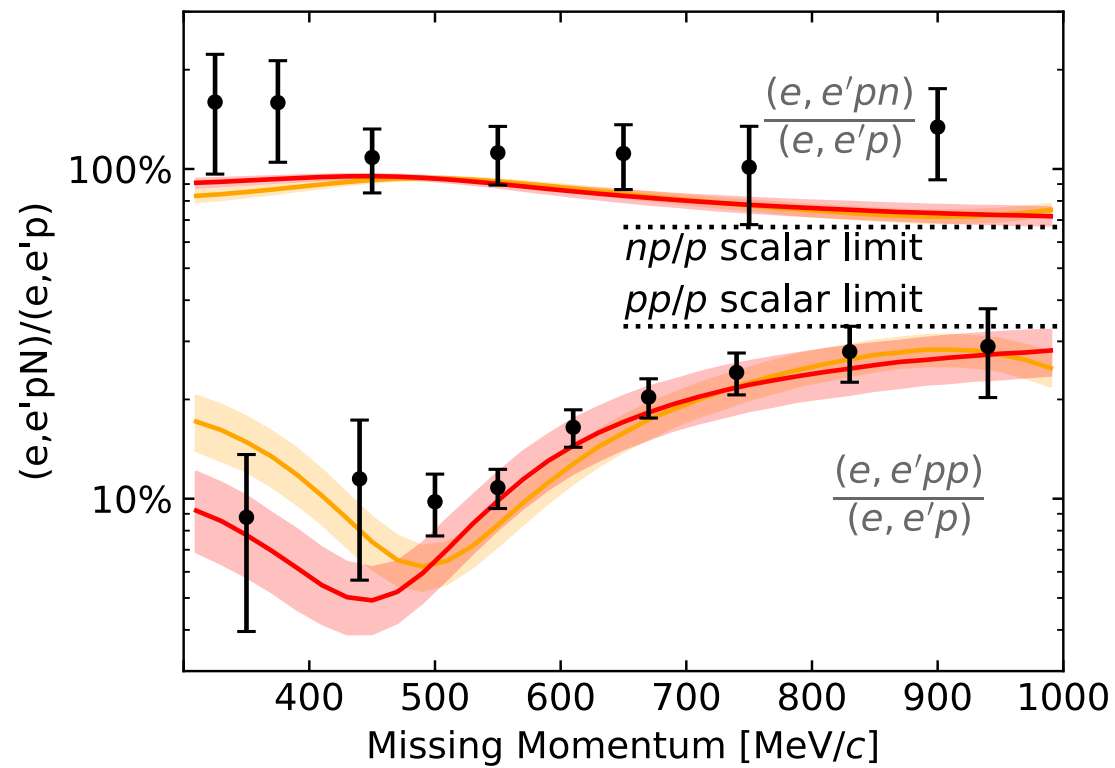
Formalism works very well!

PRL 122 (2019), Nature 578 (2020), PLB 805 (2020), PLB 820 (2021), PRC 103 (2021), PRC 107 (2023)



Formalism works very well ... where tested

PRL 122 (2019), Nature 578 (2020), PLB 805 (2020), PLB 820 (2021), PRC 103 (2021), PRC 107 (2023)



Question 1: SRC pair Factorization

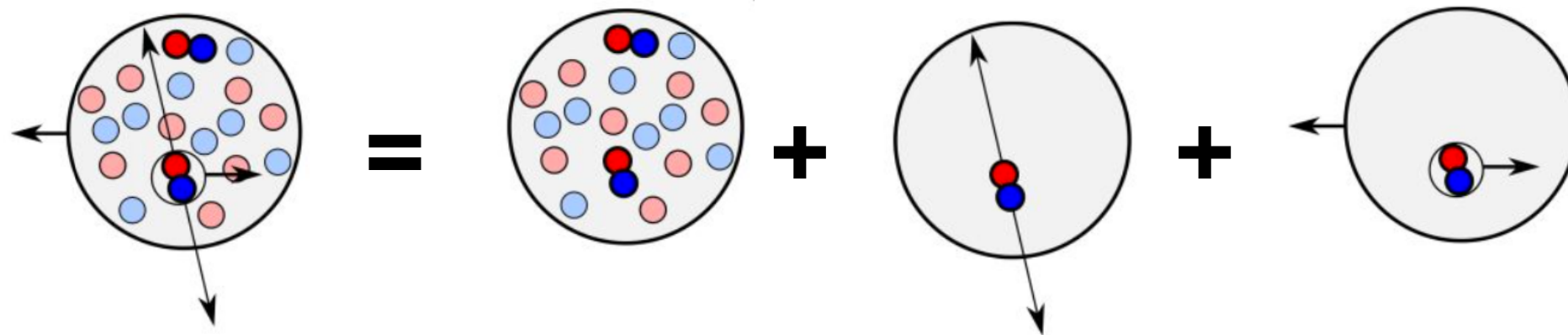
Elementary
eN cross section

Nuclear
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Two-body
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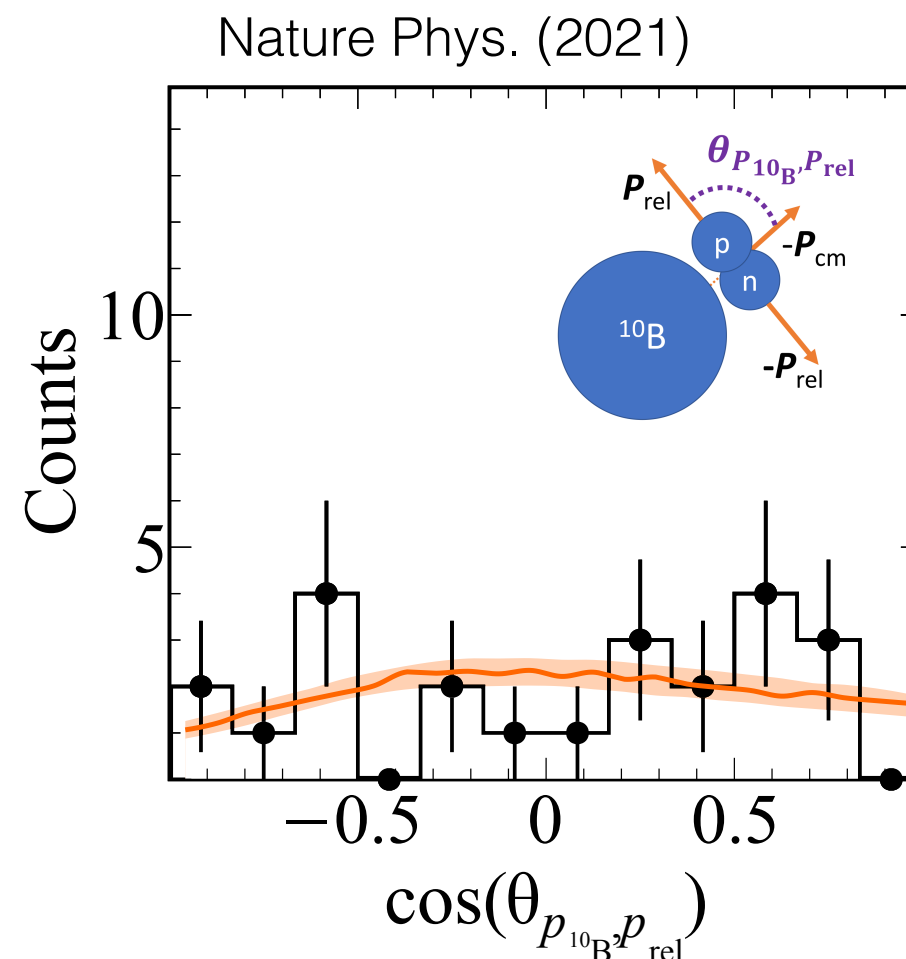
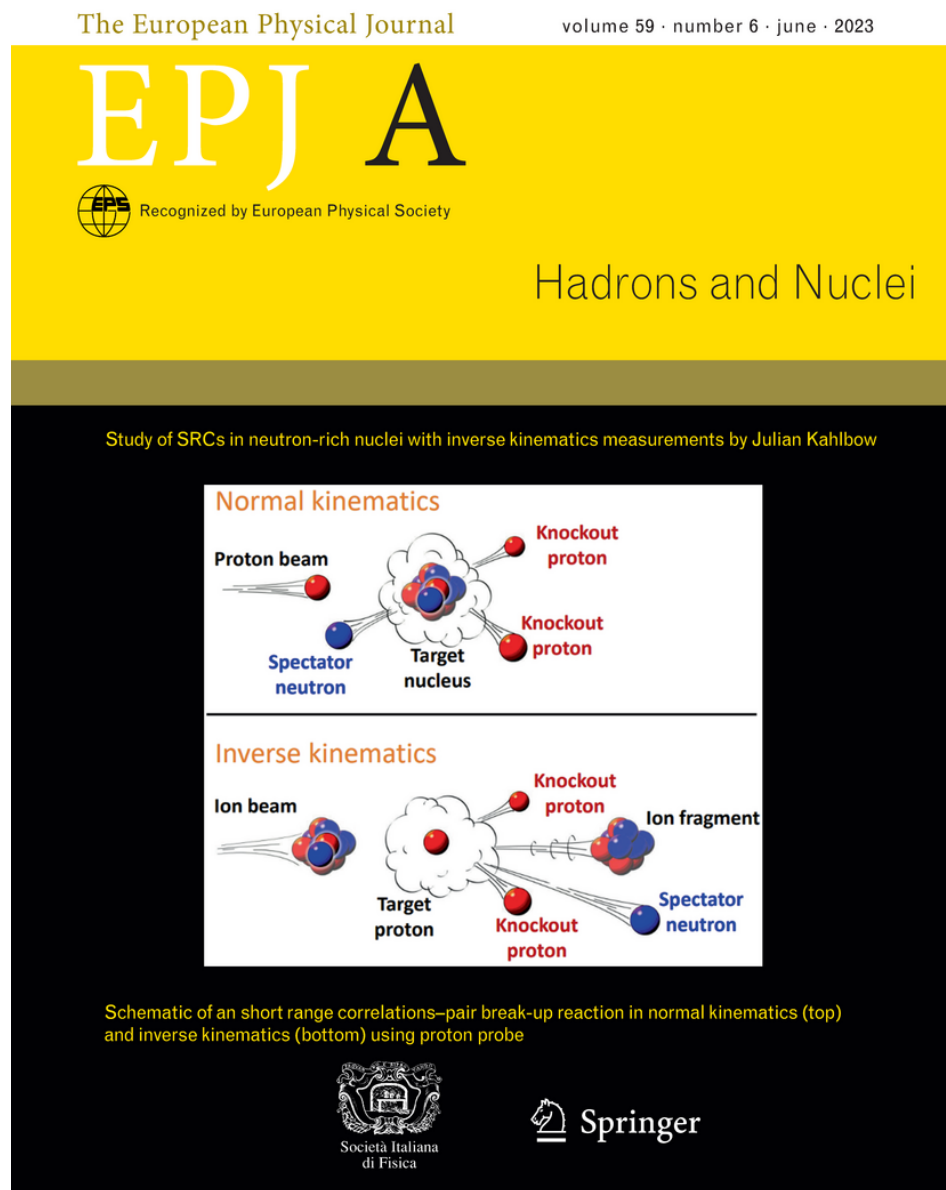
Question 1: SRC pair Factorization

Elementary eN cross section	Nuclear Contacts	Two-body wave function	Center of mass motion
$\sigma = \sigma_{eN}(q)$	$\cdot \sum_{NN}$	$\cdot C_A^{NN}$	$\cdot \phi(p_{relative}) ^2 \cdot n(p_{cm})$

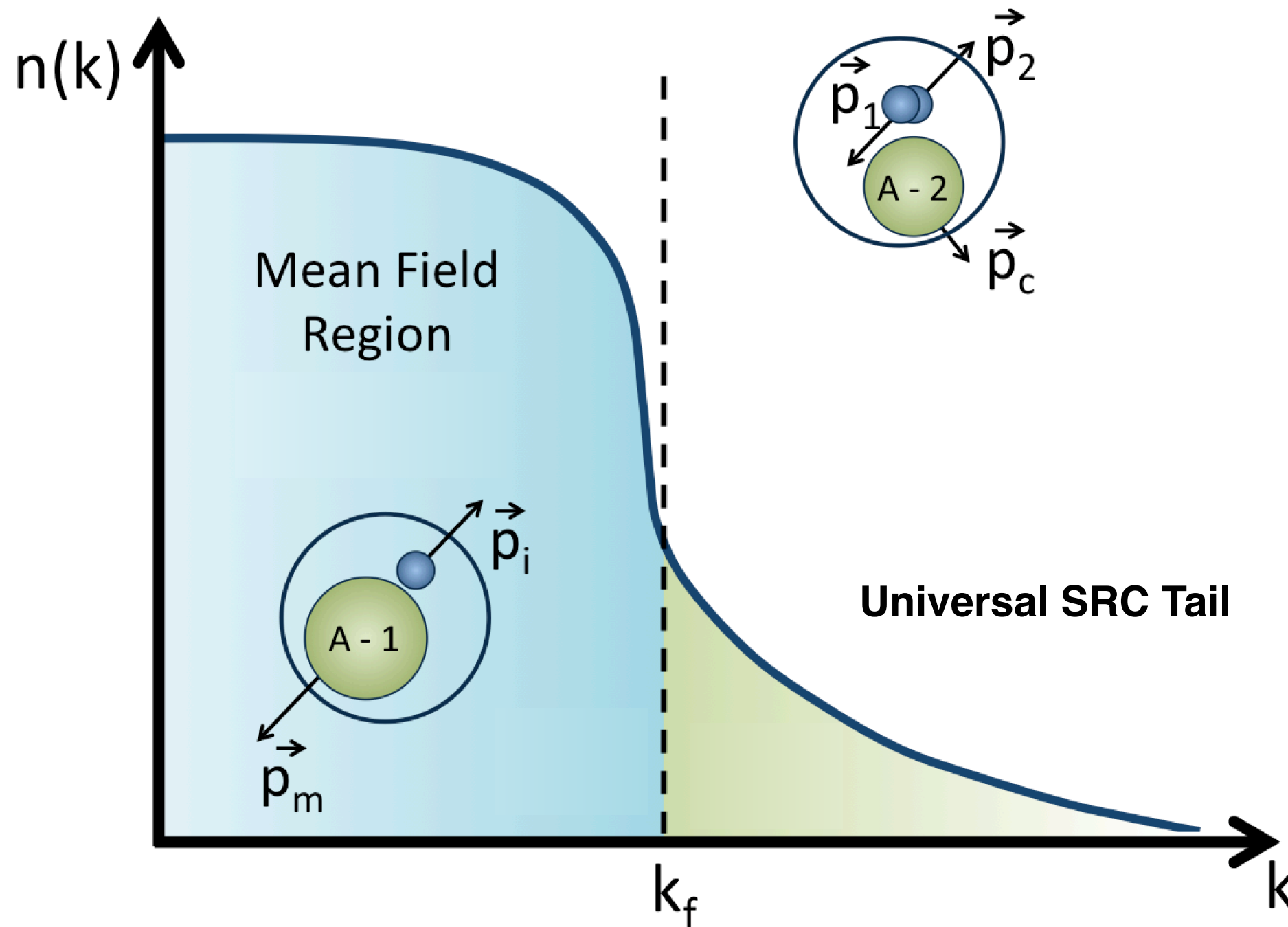
Factorization test: uncorrelated relative and c.m. motions

Goal 1: Precision Test of Factorization

- 23(!) inverse kinematics $^{12}\text{C}(p,2p)^{10}\text{B}$ events
- Consistent with factorization but... limited statistics
- Need better data with spectator nucleus tagging

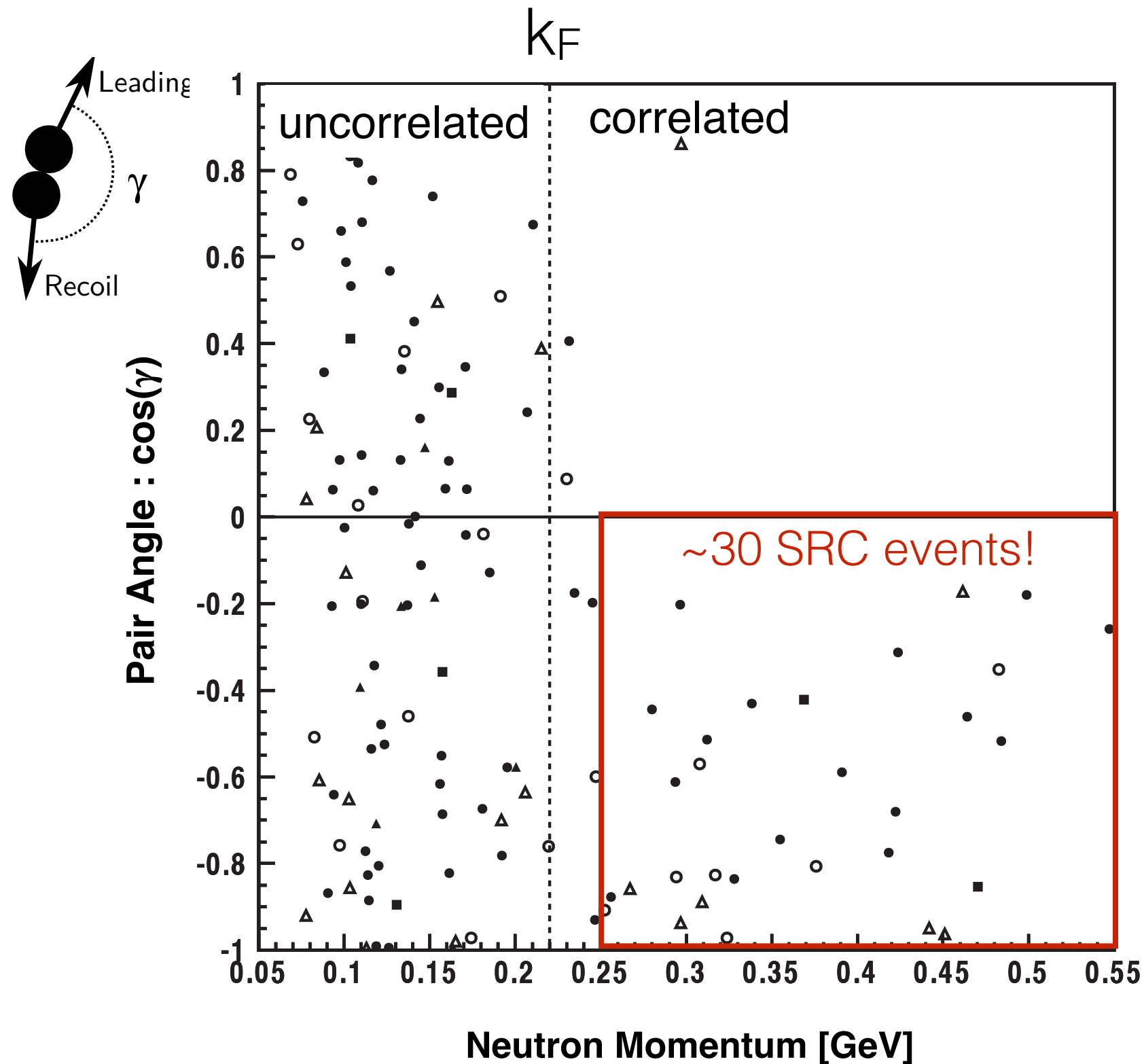


Question 2: Mean-field to SRC Transition



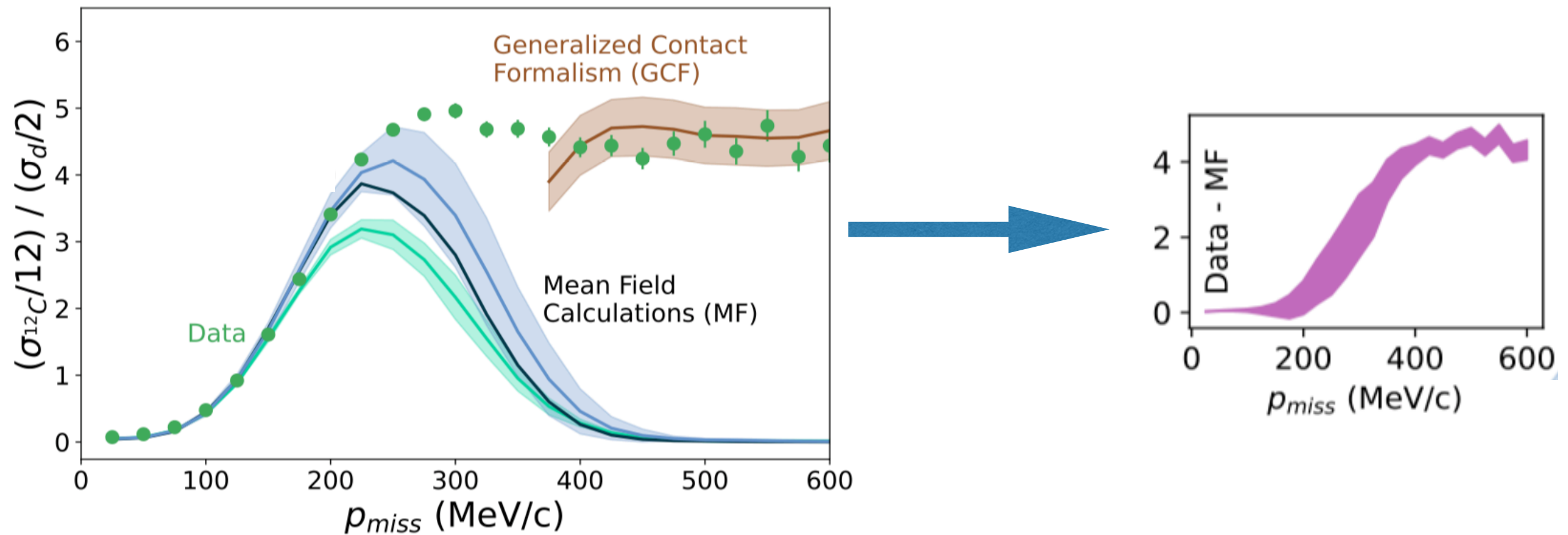
Goal 2: High-statistics, Exclusive Mapping of Transition Region

PRL 97 (2006), PLB 453 (1999), PRL 90 (2003)



Goal 2: High-statistics, Exclusive Mapping of Transition Region

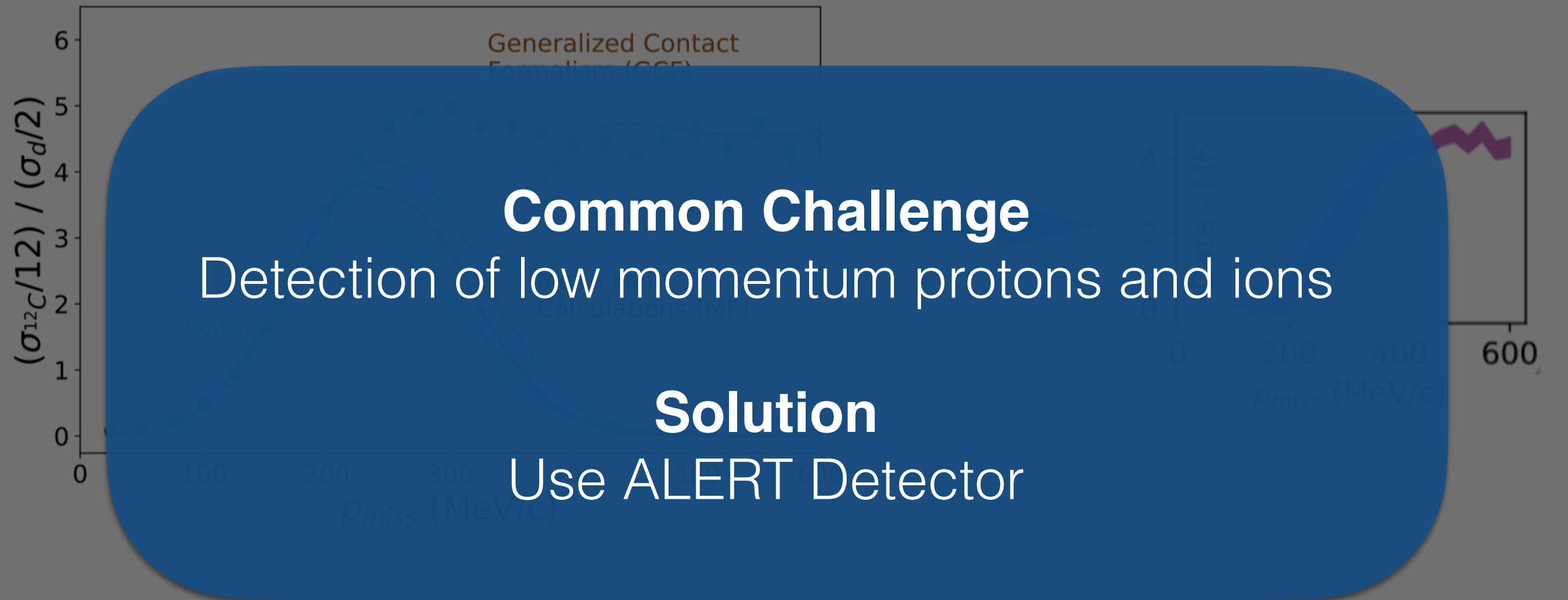
Korover et al., PRC 107, L061301 (2023)



- Model dependent interpretation of (e,e'p) data
- Scaling onset shift to higher momenta not ruled out
- Implications for all effective SRC modeling!

Goal 2: High-statistics, Exclusive Mapping of Transition Region

PRC 107, L061301 (2023)



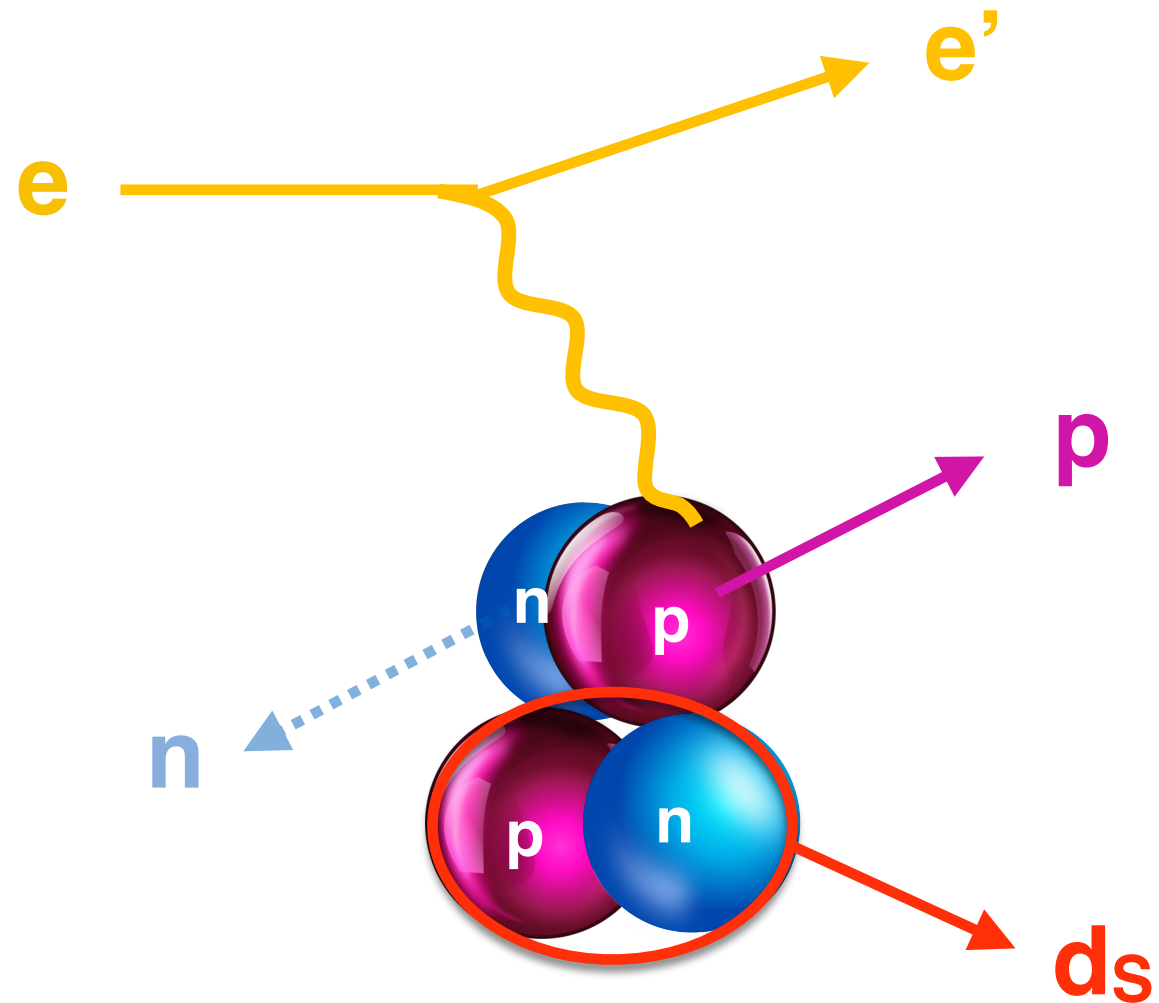
The background features two plots. The left plot shows the ratio $(\sigma_{12C}/12) / (\sigma_d/2)$ on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 6) against the missing momentum p_{miss} (MeV/c) on the x-axis (ranging from 0 to 600). It includes experimental data points (blue dots) and a theoretical curve (blue line) labeled 'Generalized Contact Formalism (GCF)'. The right plot shows the ratio $\sigma_{12C}/12 - MF$ on the y-axis (ranging from 0 to 4) against p_{miss} (MeV/c) on the x-axis (ranging from 0 to 600), with a purple line representing the difference between the data and the model.

Common Challenge
Detection of low momentum protons and ions

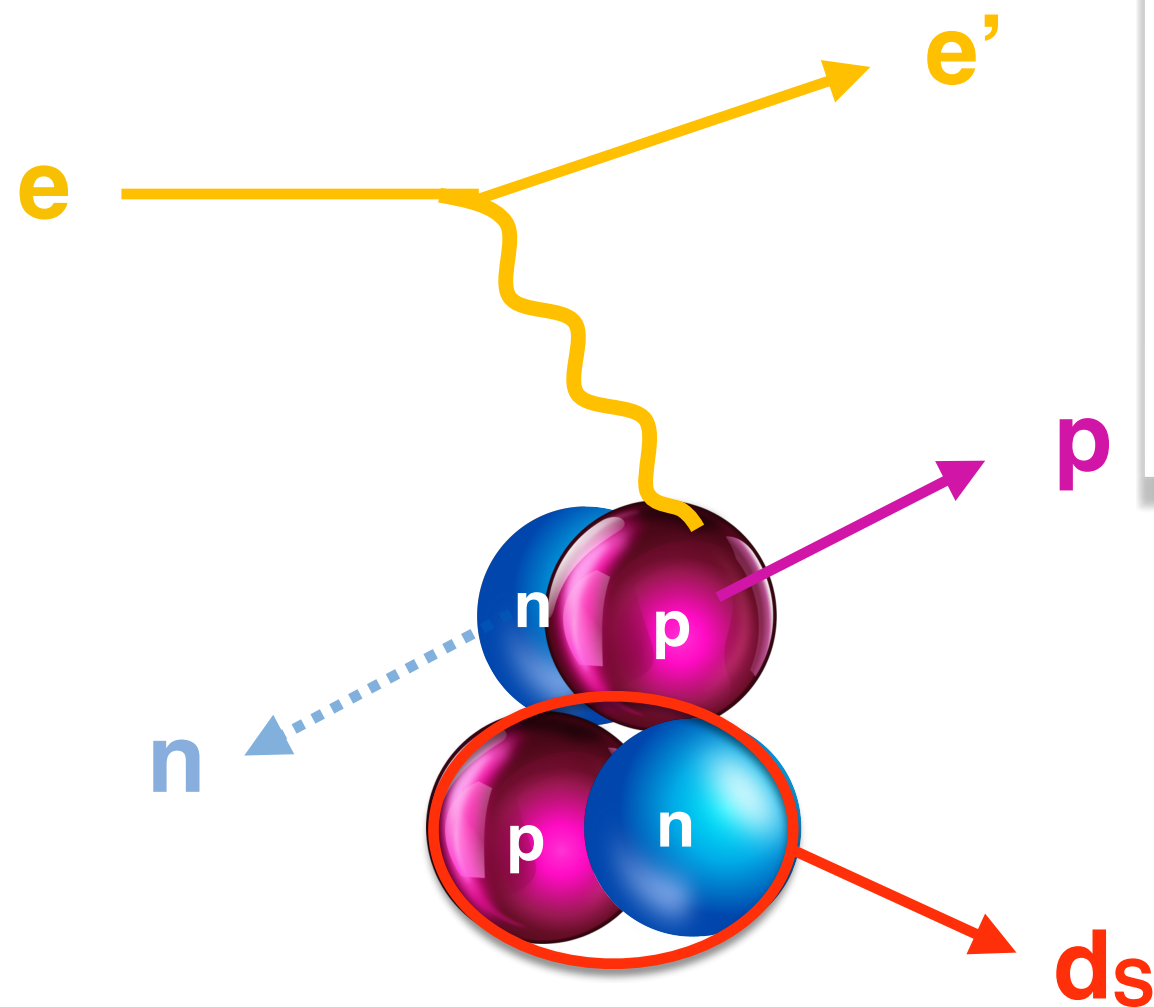
Solution
Use ALERT Detector

- Model dependent interpretation of (e,e'p) data
- Scaling onset shift to higher momenta not ruled out
- Implications for all effective SRC modeling!

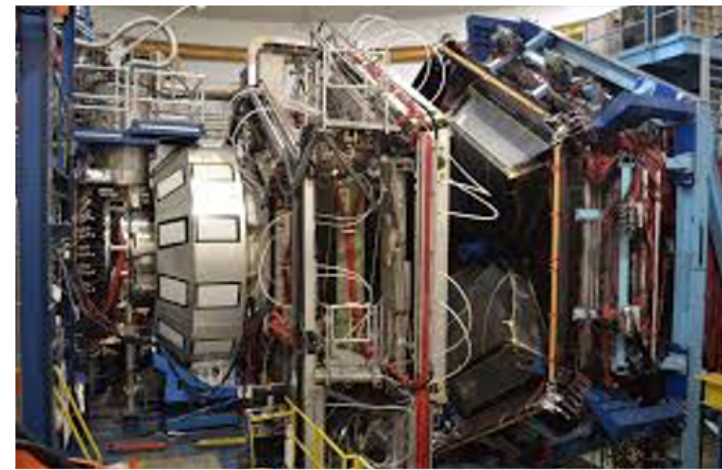
Main Channel ${}^4\text{He}(e,e'pds)n$



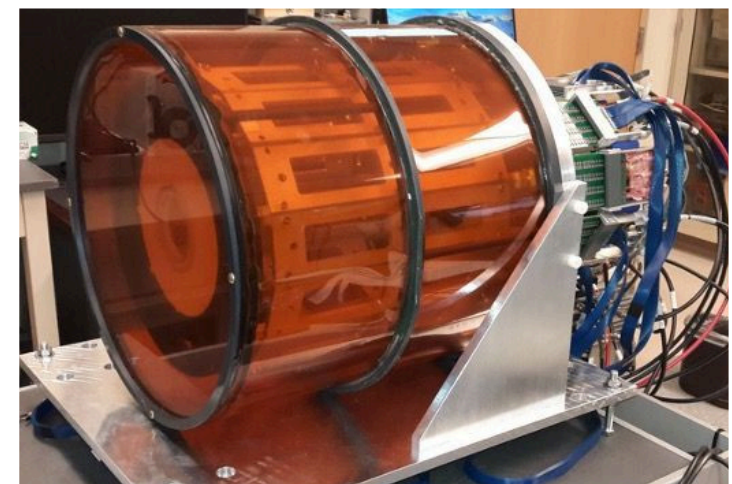
Main Channel $^4\text{He}(e,e'pds)n$



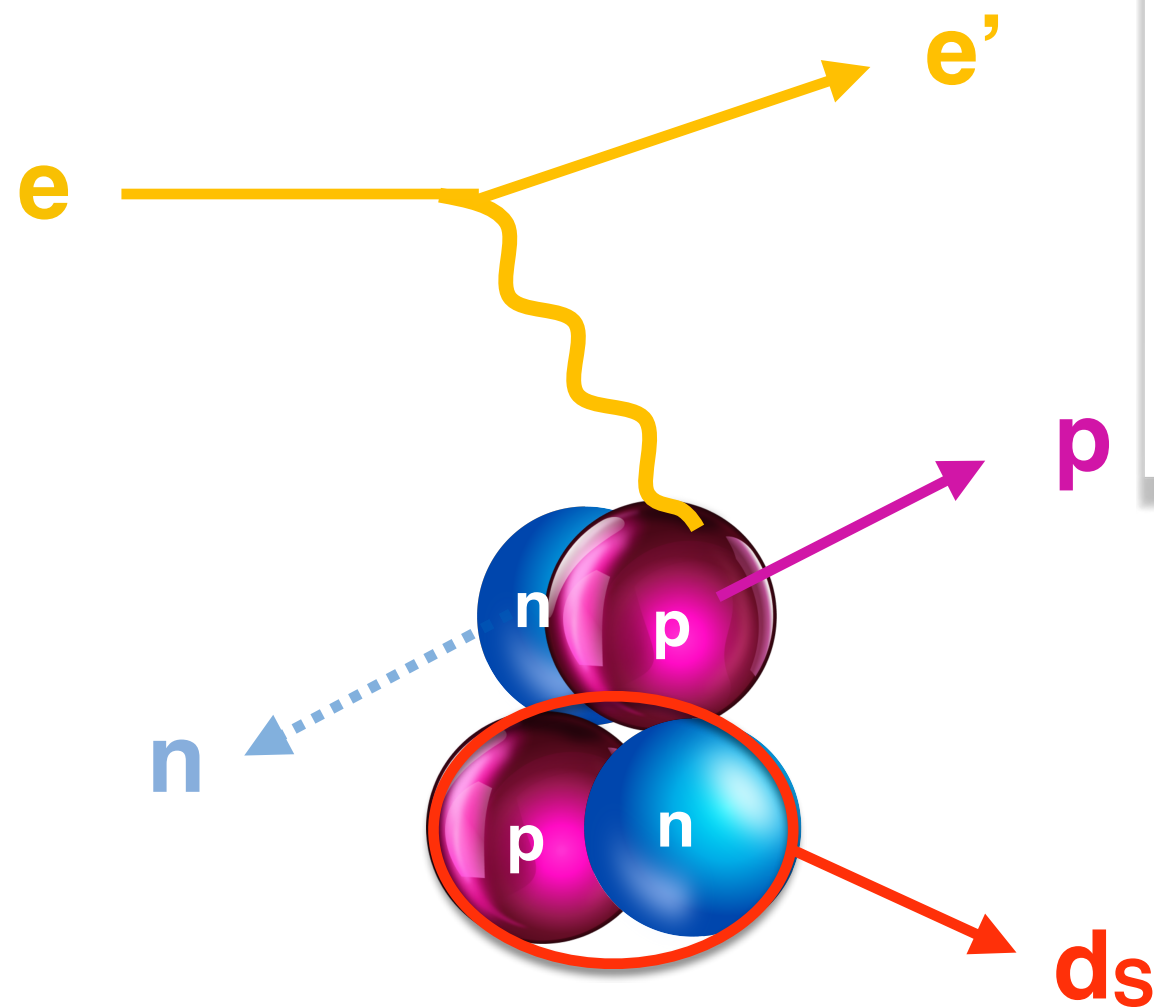
CLAS12



ALERT



Main Channel $^4\text{He}(e,e'pd_s)n$



CLAS12



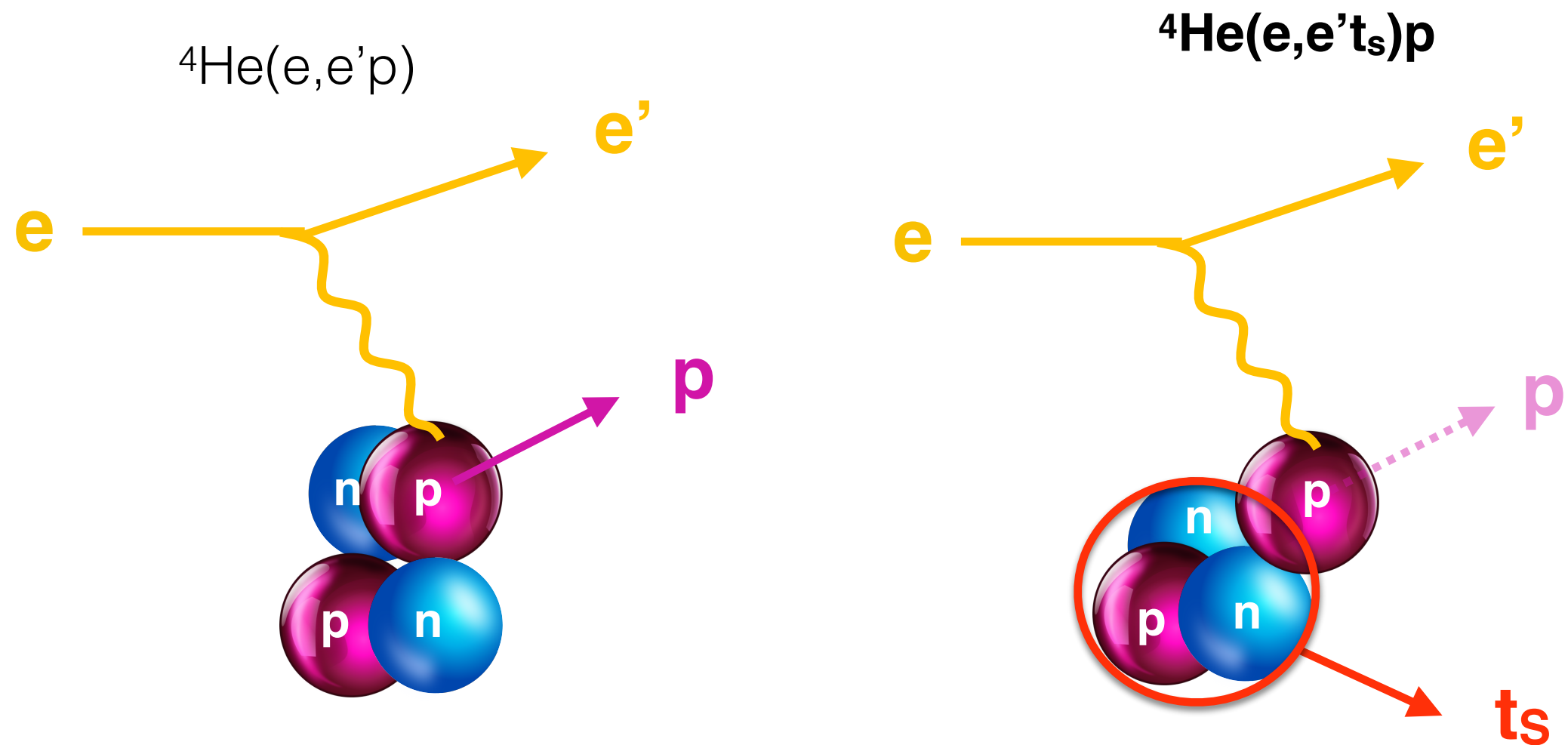
ALERT



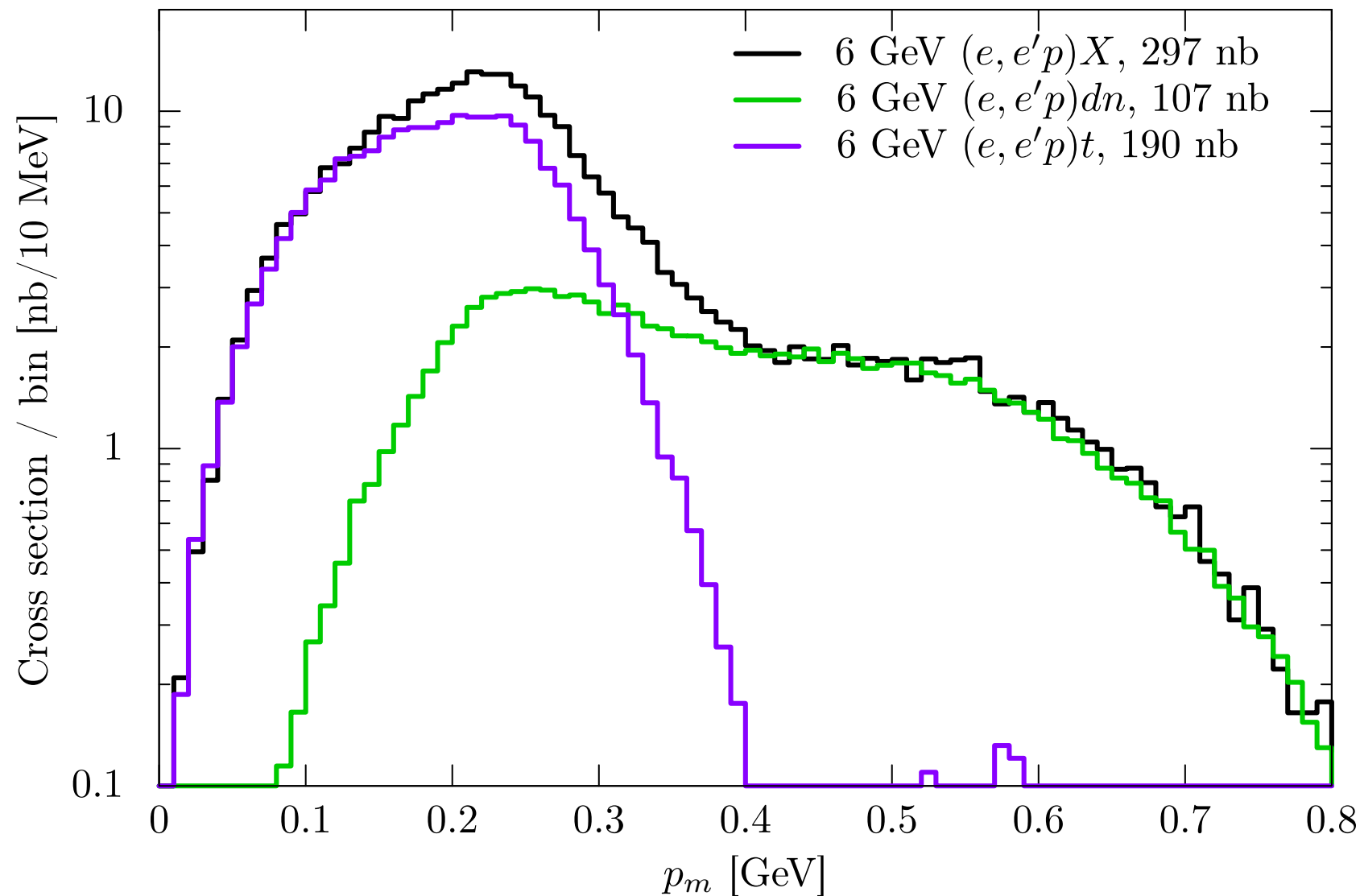
Summary

- 17 PAC days
- CLAS12+ALERT
- 6.4 GeV, Lumi $3 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Standard ALERT He-4 target

Other Channels



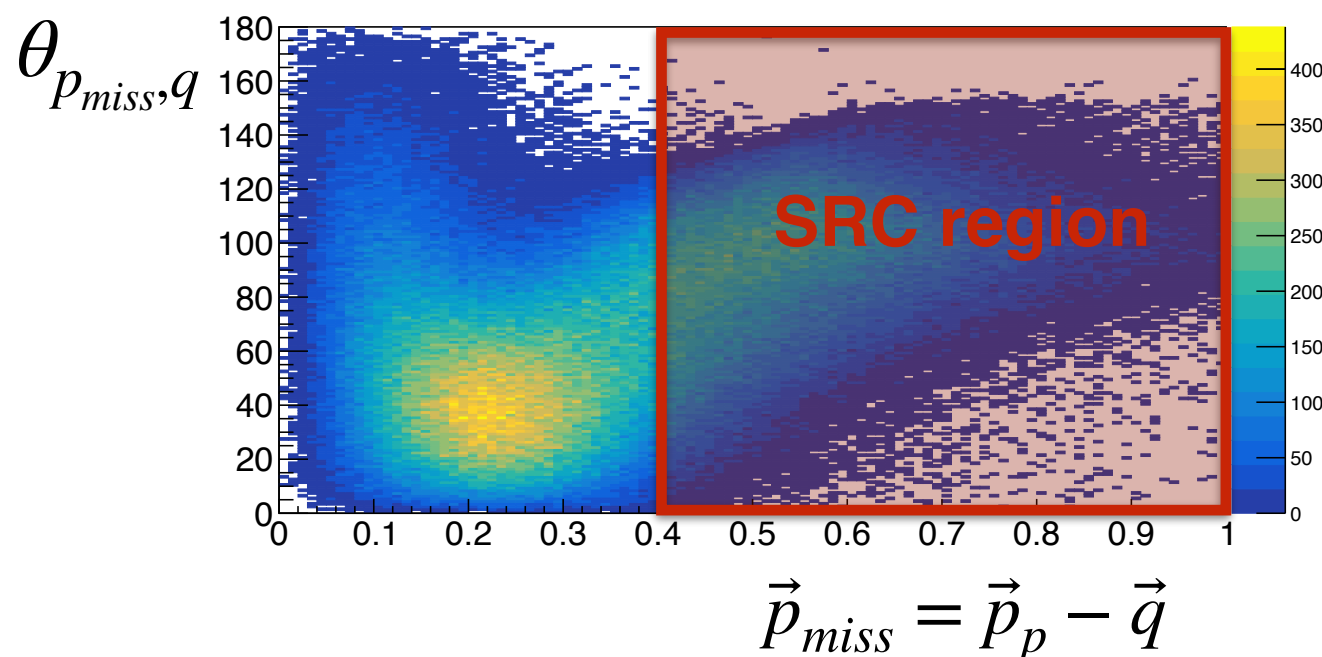
Bonus Goal: Validation of ^4He Model



- Simulations with Plane-Wave-Impulse-Approximation
 - ^4He spectral function (N. Rocco and A. Lovato)
 - Two-body and three-body breakup
- Triton momentum acceptance $\sim 120 - 300 \text{ MeV}/c$

Rate Estimates from Proposal

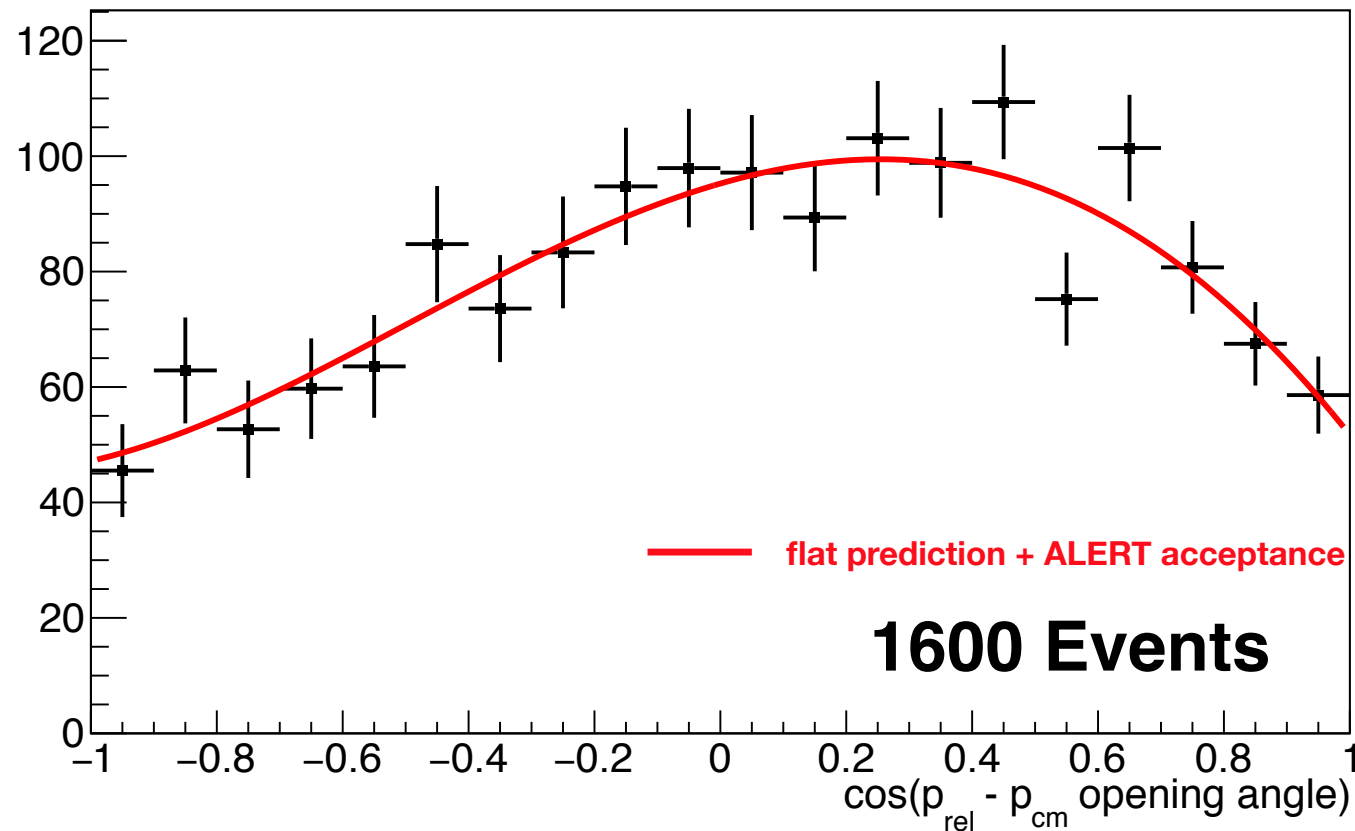
- Measured CLAS12 rates (RGM $^4\text{He}(e,e'p)$ data), scaled to ALERT luminosity
- Standard CLAS12 SRC events selection cuts
- Account for recoil ion tagging using ab-initio spectral function event generator and a ALERT simulation



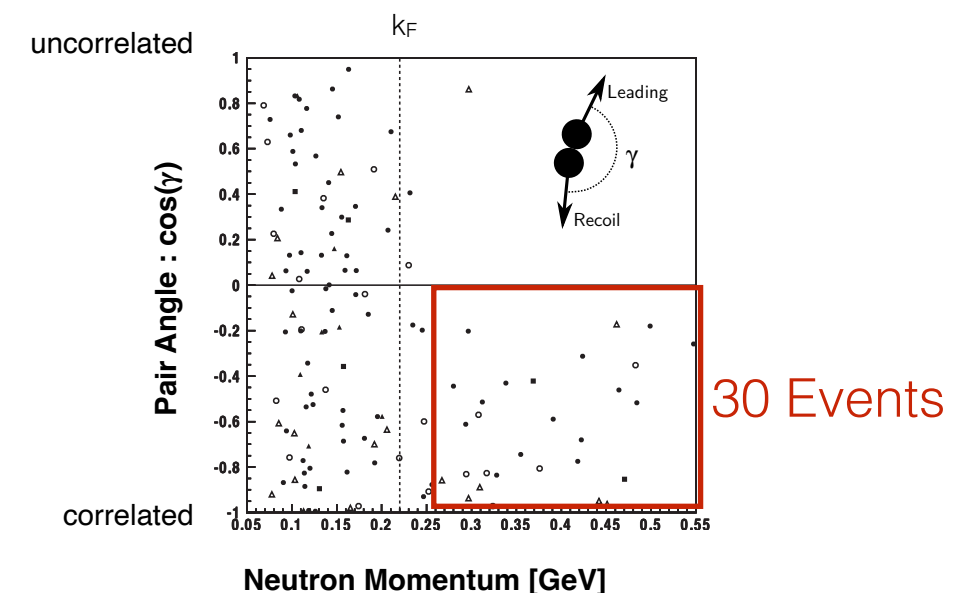
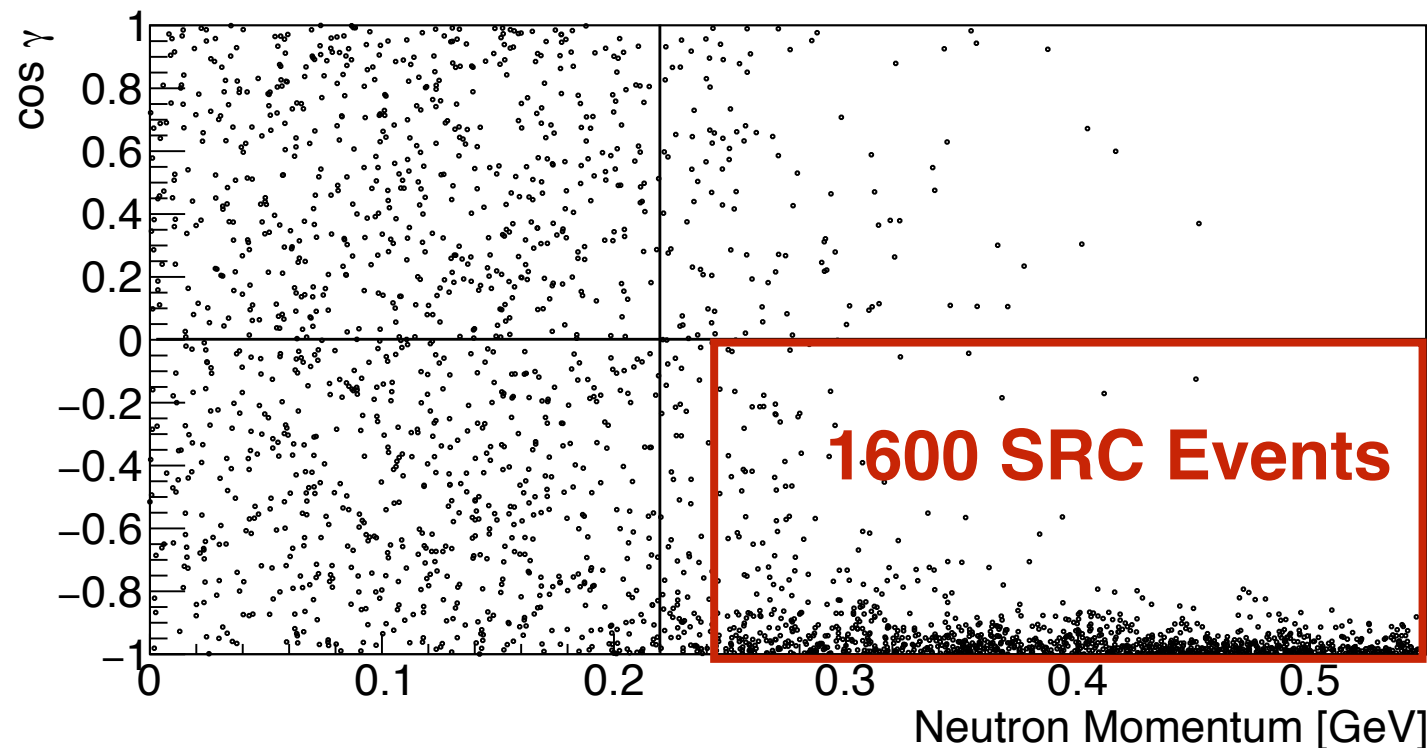
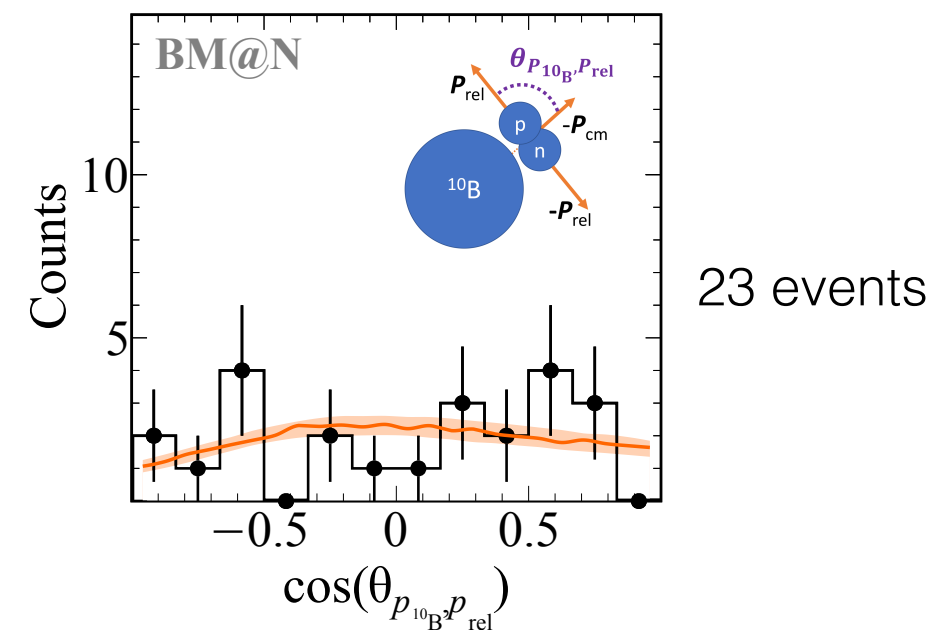
- 3×10^{34} luminosity
- **17 PAC days**
- **1600 SRC events** with deuteron tagging

Projected Results: ${}^4\text{He}(e,e'd_{\text{sp}})n$

This Proposal



Previous Experiments



Run Plan (rather simple)

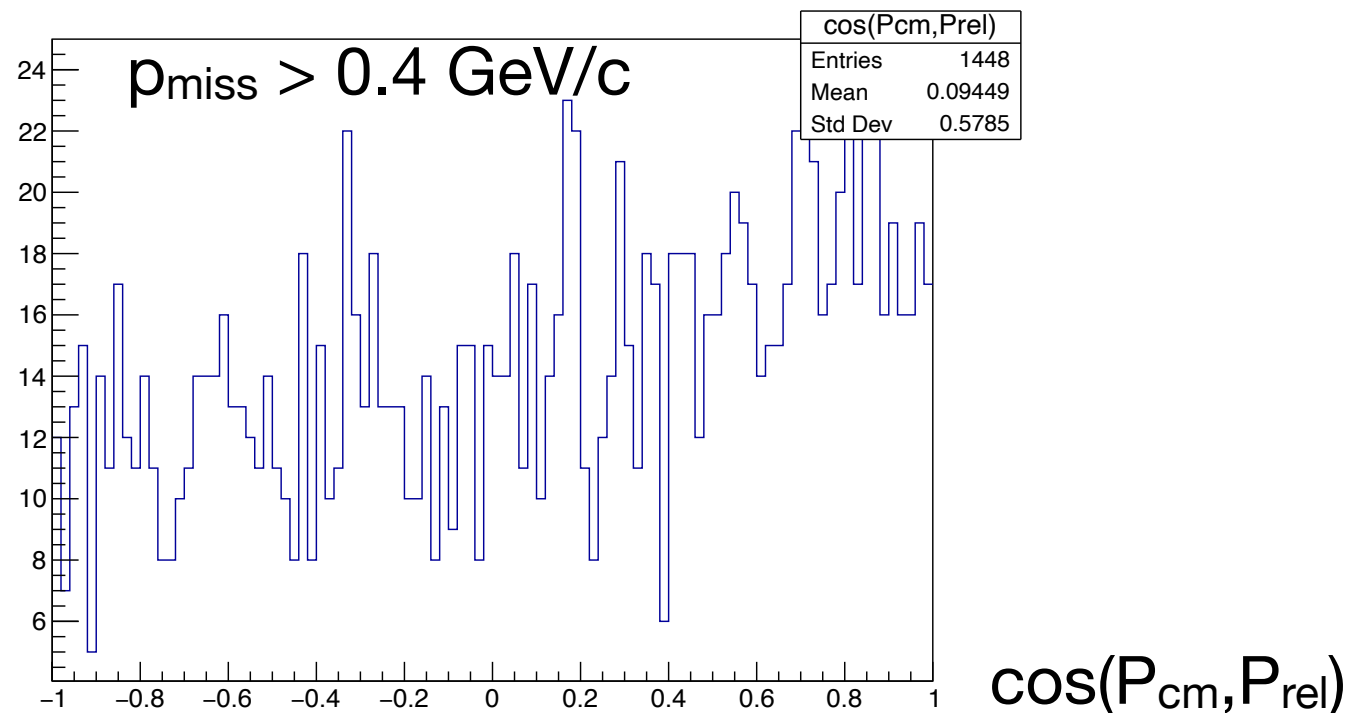
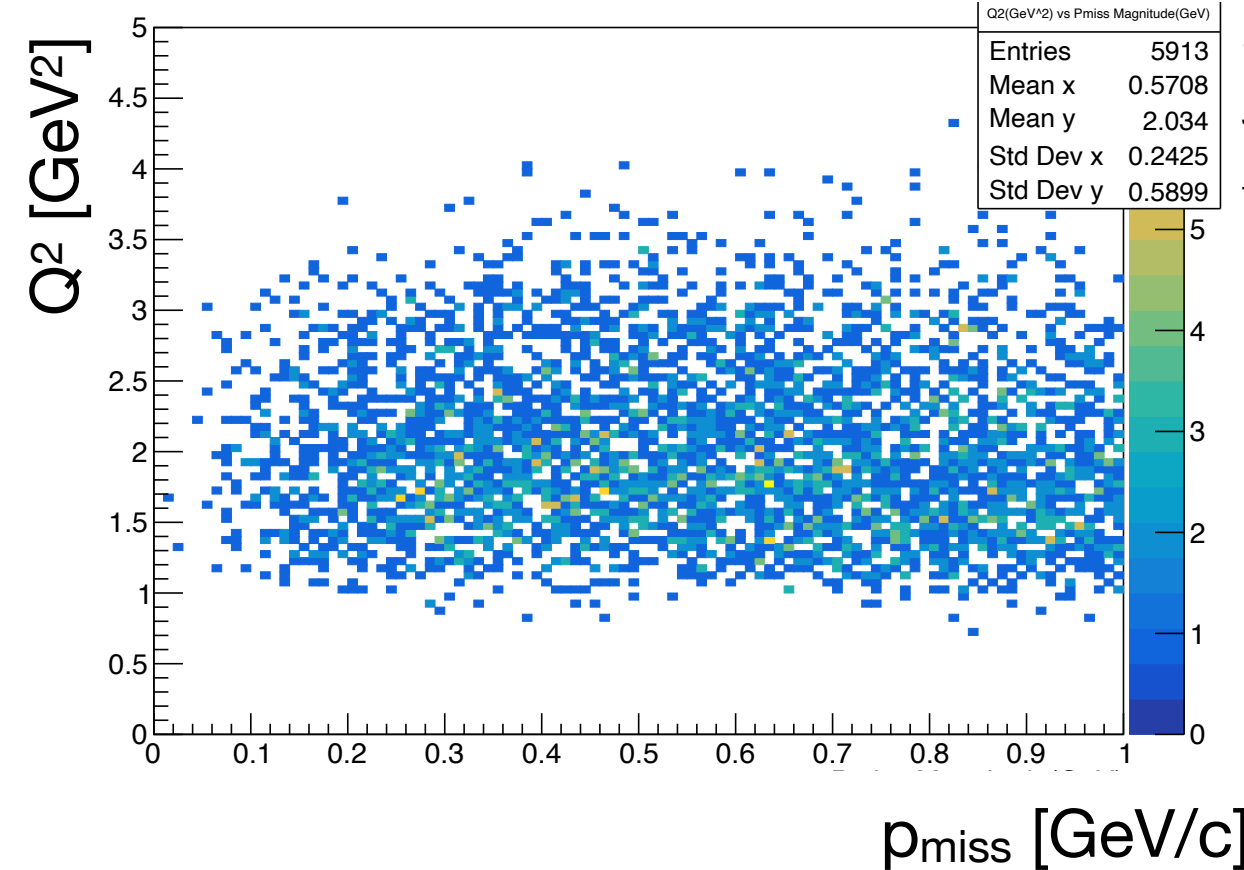
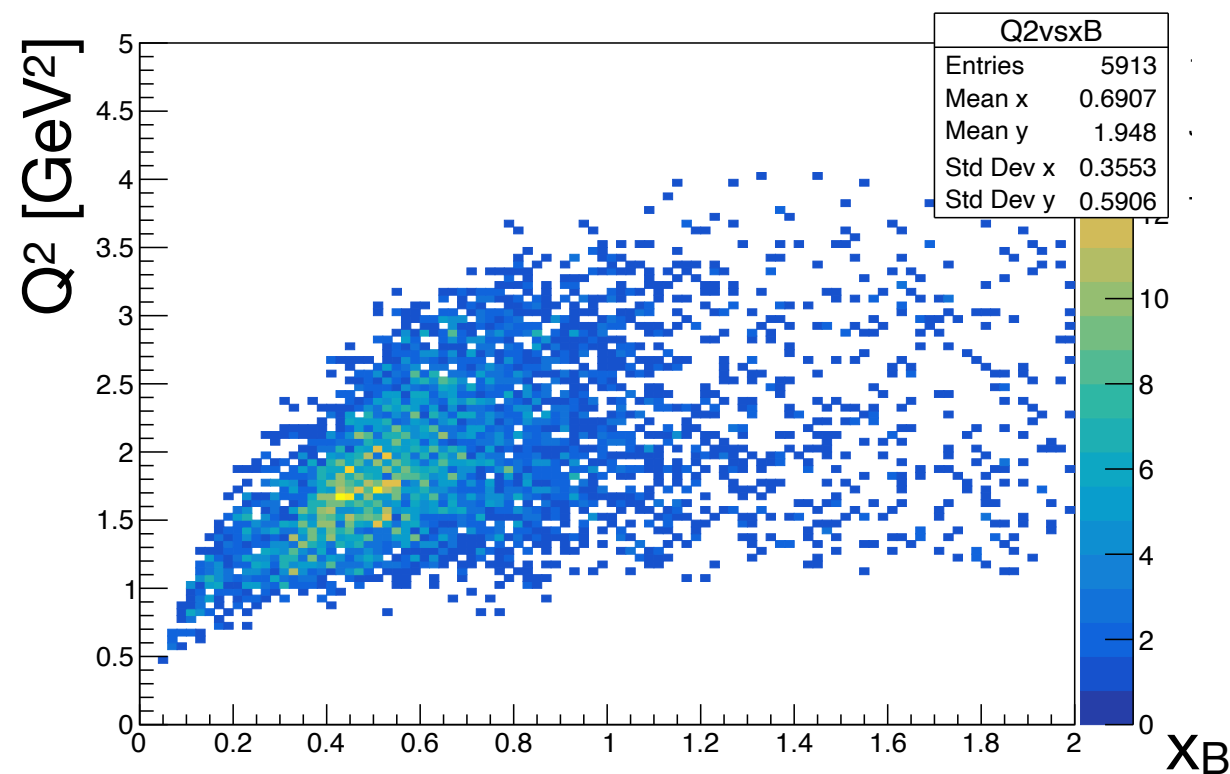
- Switch to 3rd pass ~ 6.4 GeV between July 28 to August 4
- Trigger will be just electrons (same roads as for 11 GeV)
- 2 days run with hydrogen and deuterium
 - Check AHDC rates
 - Optimize AHDC HV
 - Calibration data with elastic and QE protons
- Move to He
 - Luminosity scan and establish optimal beam current to run (325nA?)
 - Run 32 days (16 PAC days)

Should: Find deuteron tagged events within the first 2 weeks of running - depends on updated ALERT calibrations

Simulation Update

Work by Zeyu Zhang from Tsinghua University

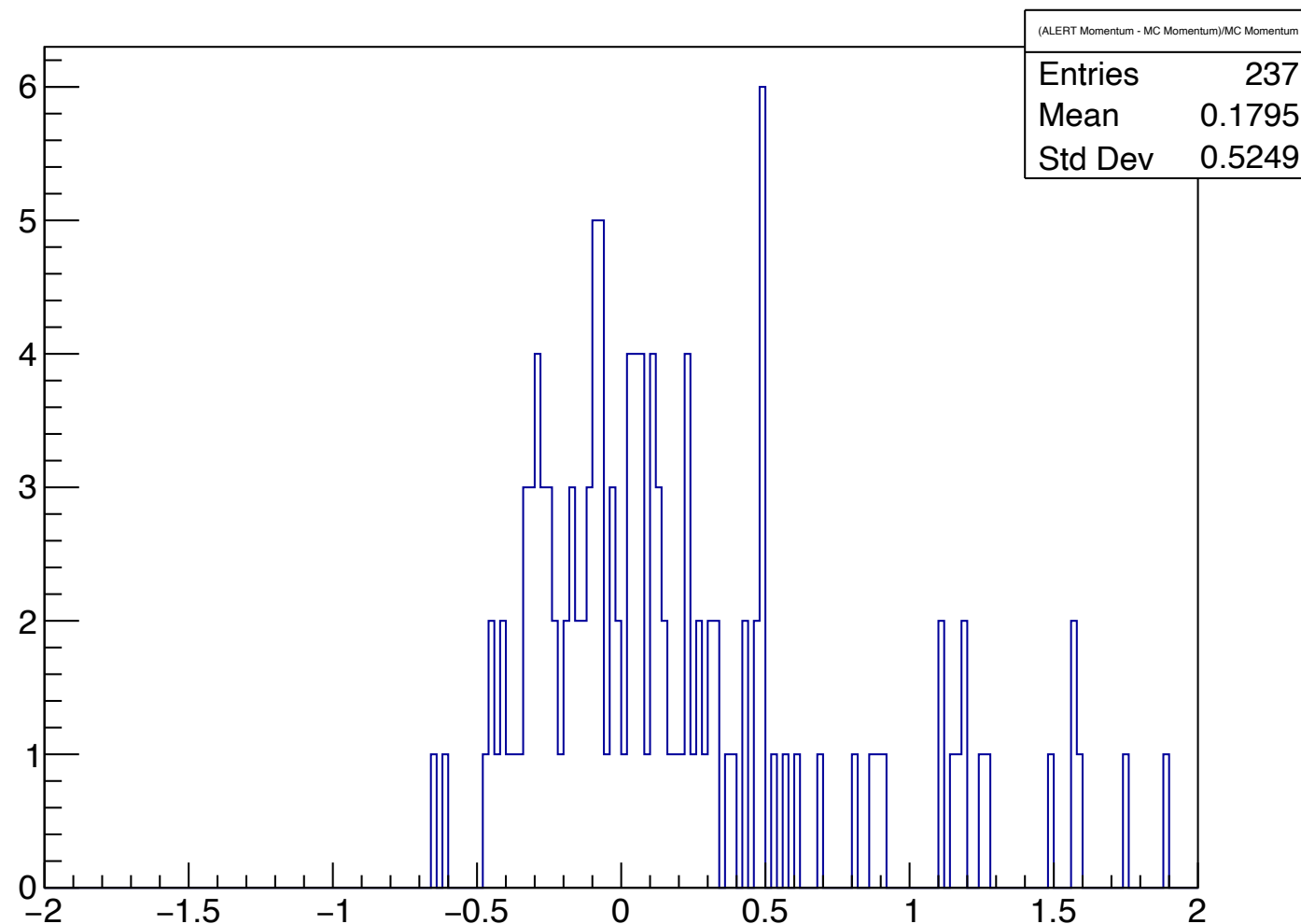
- Updated event generator (done by Axel)
- Updated ALERT implementation in GEMC and new coatjava version



- All events with reconstructed electron and proton in FD
- Deuteron track in AHDC but using generated momentum

Simulation Update 2

Work by Zeyu Zhang from Tsinghua University

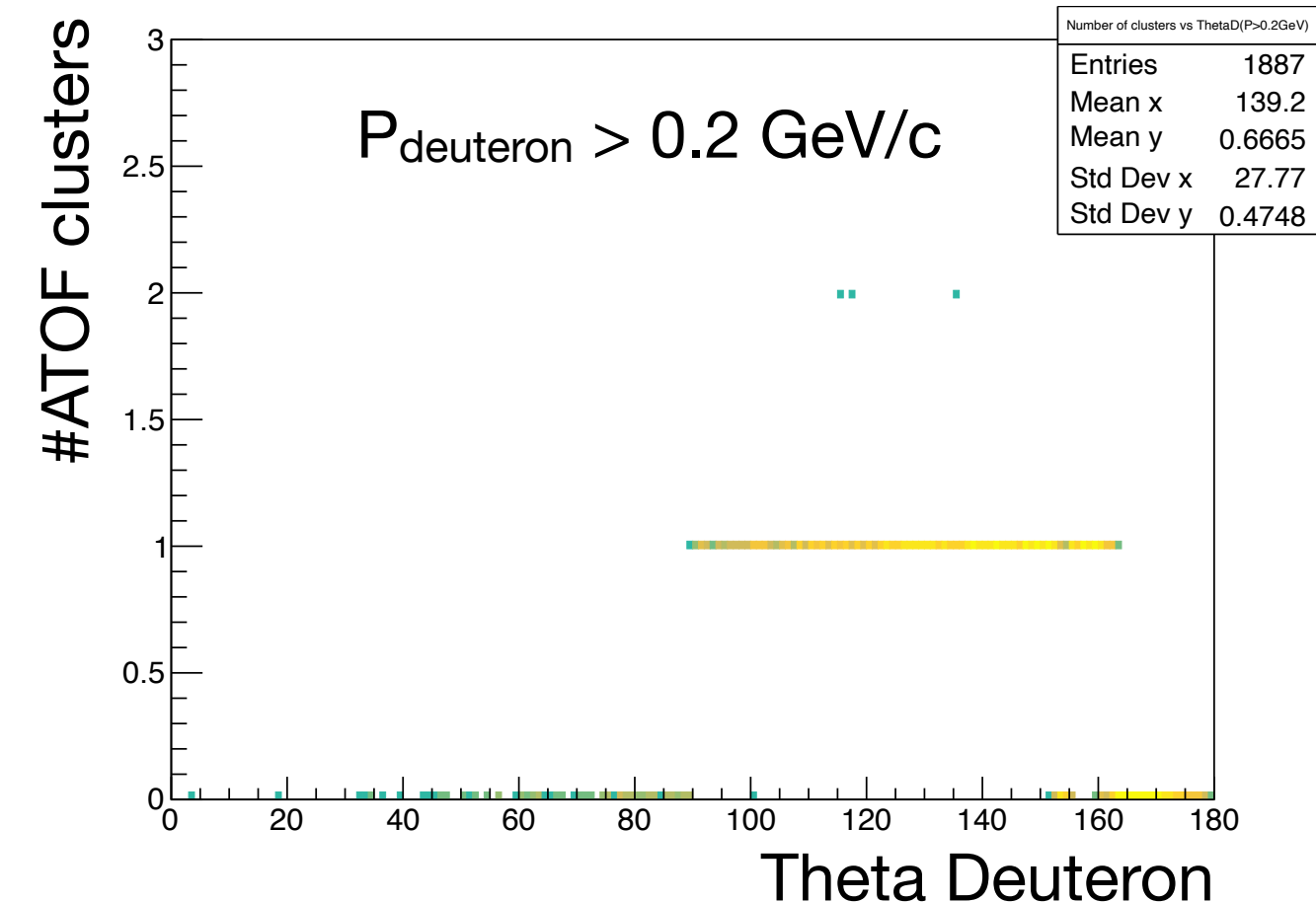


D mom: (Reco-MC) / MC

- ALERT tracking without AI or KF
- More studies in progress for momentum resolution

Simulation Update - Recent Issue with ATOF geometry

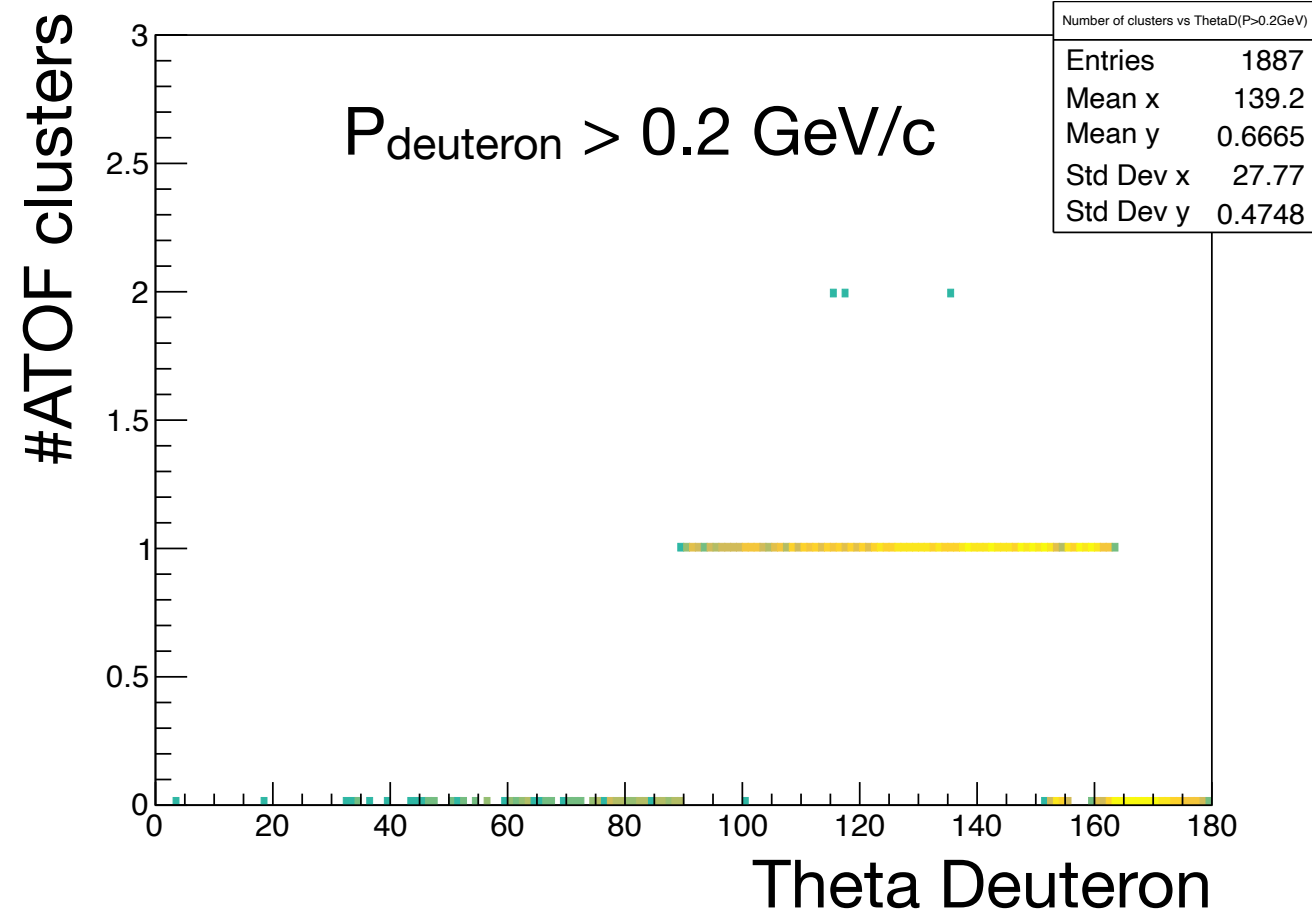
Work by Zeyu Zhang from Tsinghua University



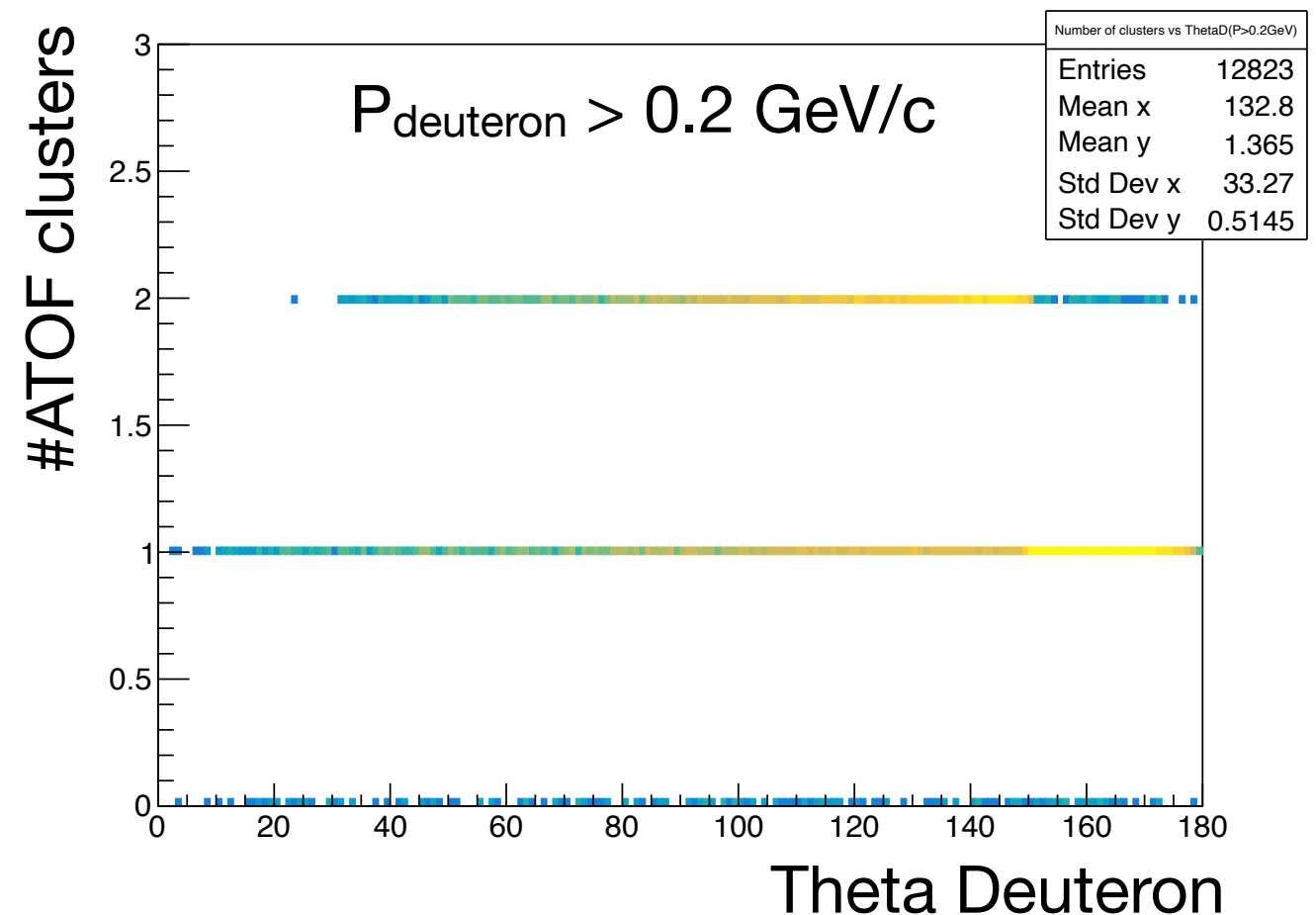
- No hits for particles below 90 deg
- Wrong z-position of ATOF in GEMC after recent update —> fixed now

Simulation Update - Recent Issue with ATOF geometry

Work by Zeyu Zhang from Tsinghua University



- No hits for particles below 90 deg
- Wrong z-position of ATOF in GEMC after recent update —> fixed now
- but still some weirdness - more studies to follow



Summary

- Unique opportunity with CLAS12 + ALERT to obtain high-statistics data (two orders of magnitude improvement) to address open issues in short-ranged correlation physics
 - Test of factorization of SRC pair and remnant nucleus
 - Measurement of transition from mean-field to SRCs
- Getting ready for beam time
 - Draft run plan
 - Prepare scripts to look at data
 - Looked into some of the 2 GeV and 11 GeV data but need improved ALERT calibrations
- Recent updates to simulations
 - Event generator improved
 - Issues with GEMC seen

Backup slides

Beam Time Request

Configuration	Target	Luminosity $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	Beam current nA	Beam energy GeV	Beam time request days
Measurement Days	^4He	$3 \cdot 10^{34}$	500	6.4	16
Commissioning	^4He	various	various	6.4	1
Total					17

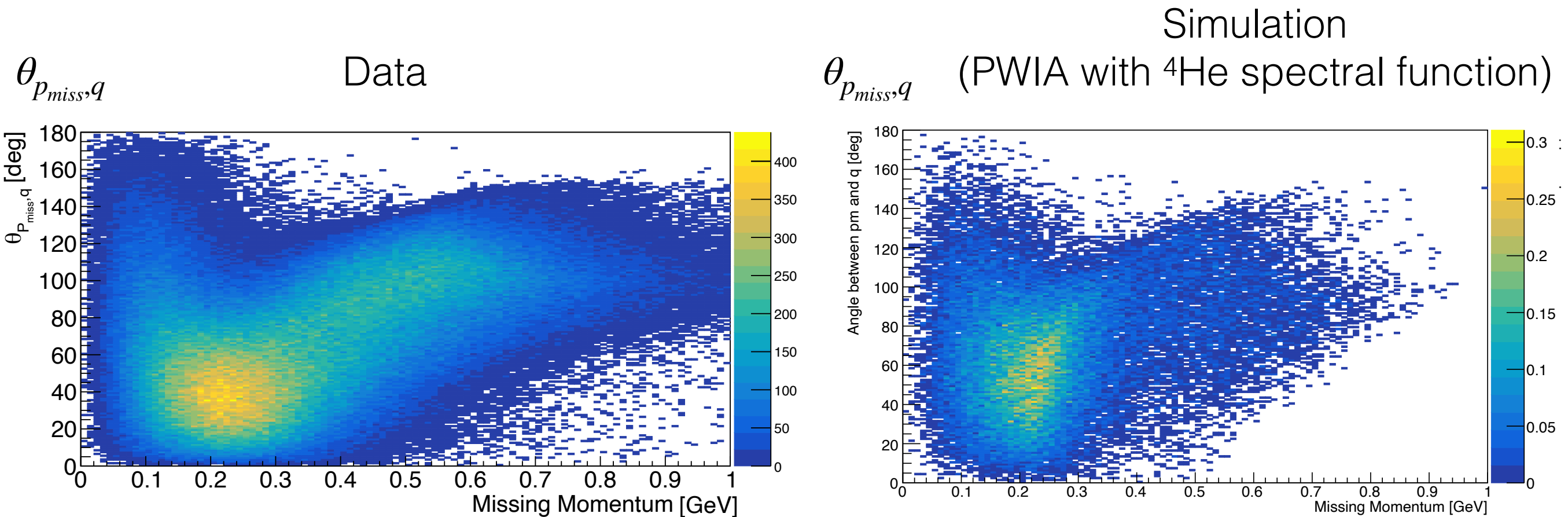
Rate Estimates from Proposal

- Based on RGM $^4\text{He}(e,e'p)$ pass0 SRC data (high missing momentum)
 - assume all events have correlated neutron and isotropic spectator deuteron
 - add corrections for
 - deuteron p - θ acceptance (f_{acc})
 - deuteron survival probability (f_{surv})
 - pp pairs and ϕ acceptance ($f_{pp/\phi acc}$)
 - pn rescattering (f_{FSI})

$$N_{He(e,e'pd_s)n} = N_{He(e,e'p)^{RGM-SRC}} f_{acc} f_{surv} f_{pp/\phi acc} f_{FSI}$$

- Normalize rate from RGM to ALERT luminosity

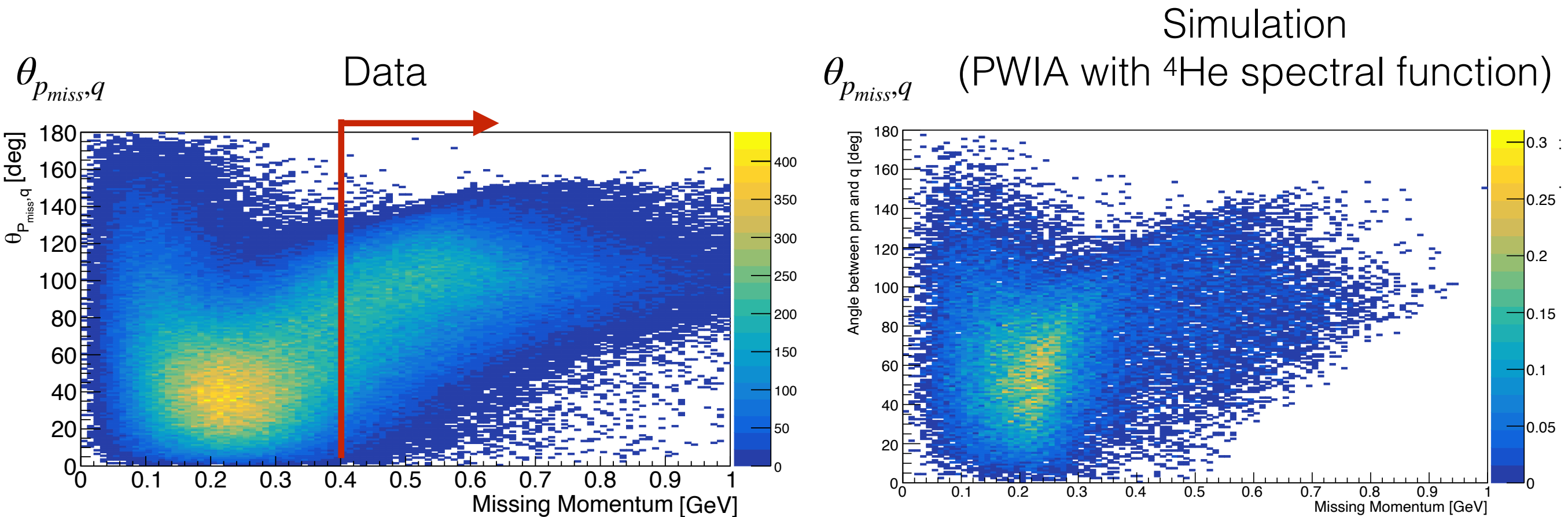
RGM SRC Events



$$\vec{p}_{miss} = \vec{p}_p - \vec{q}$$

- Data and simulation in qualitative agreement
- Rescattering effects (FSI) in data
 - can be suppressed with cut on θ_{pn} (not possible in RGM data)
 - reduction of expected number of events $\rightarrow$ conservative factor 0.1 in rate estimate

RGM SRC Events



$$\vec{p}_{\text{miss}} = \vec{p}_p - \vec{q}$$

- Data and simulation in qualitative agreement
- Rescattering effects (FSI) in data
 - can be suppressed with cut on θ_{pn} (not possible in RGM pass0 data)
 - reduction of expected number of events $\rightarrow$ conservative factor 0.1 in rate estimate
- SRC events ($p_{\text{miss}} > 400 \text{ MeV}/c$): **3.8×10^5**

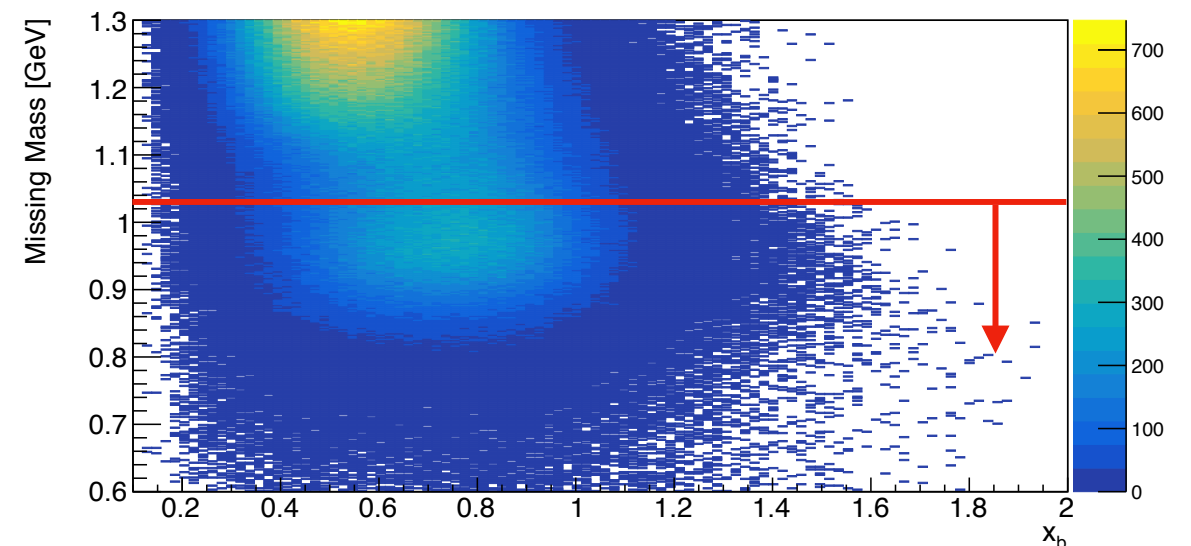
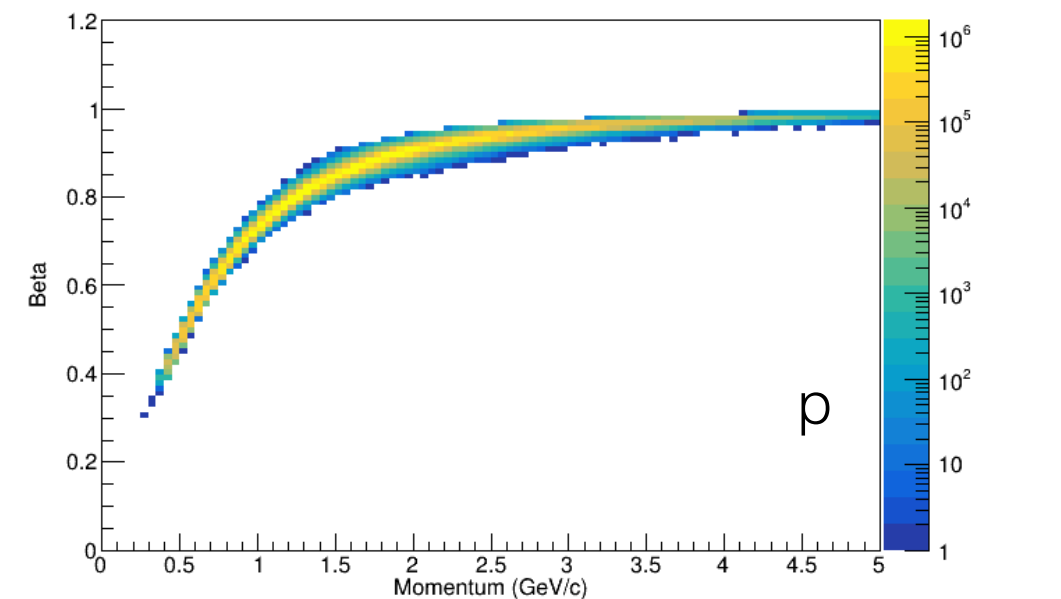
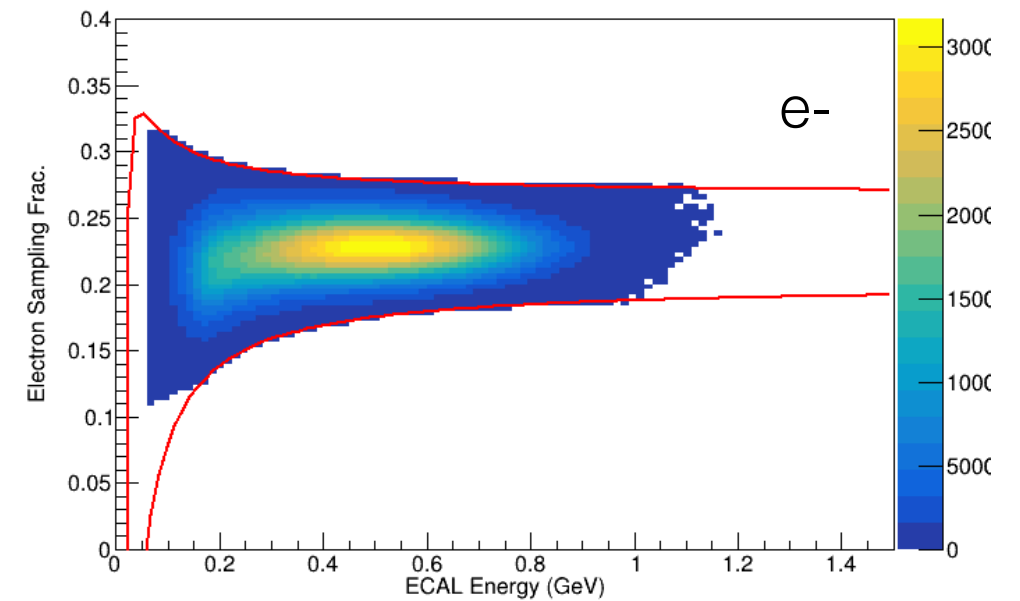
Rate Estimate and Beam Time

$$N_{He(e,e'pd_S)n} = N_{He(e,e'p)^{RGM-SRC}} f_{acc} f_{surv} f_{pp/\phi acc} f_{FSI}$$
$$= 3.8 \cdot 10^5 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 \times 0.8 \times 0.1 = 1.6 \cdot 10^3$$

- | | | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• RGM ^4He data<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1.2×10^{35} luminosity• 4 PAC days | $\longrightarrow$ | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• This proposal<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0.3×10^{35} luminosity• 16 PAC days• 1.6×10^3 SRC events• similar or more Mean-field events |
|--|-------------------|--|

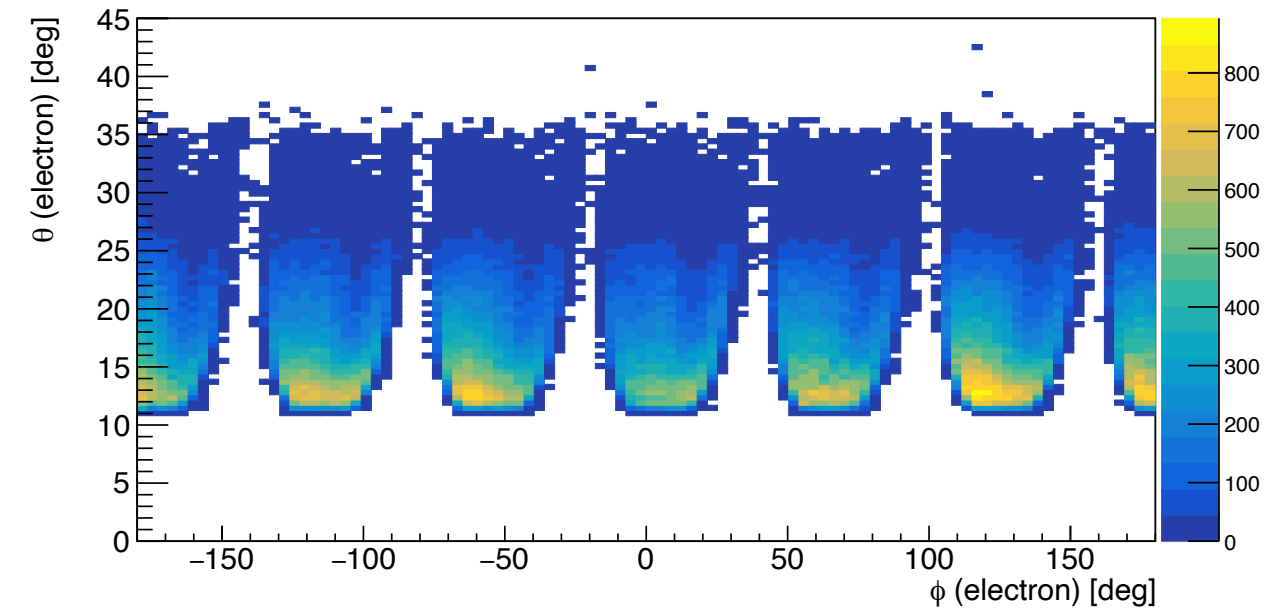
RGM (e,e'p) Event Selection

- Electron in Forward Detector
 - Calorimeter sampling fraction cut
 - PCAL fiducials
- Proton in Forward Detector
 - PID 2212
 - $\chi^2 \text{PID} < 3$
- Kinematic Cuts for Quasi-elastic selection
 - $Q^2 > 1.2 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - $\theta_{pq} < 25^\circ$
 - $|p|/|q| > 0.6$
 - $M_{\text{miss}} < 1.03 \text{ GeV}$ (assuming stationary pair with deuteron mass)

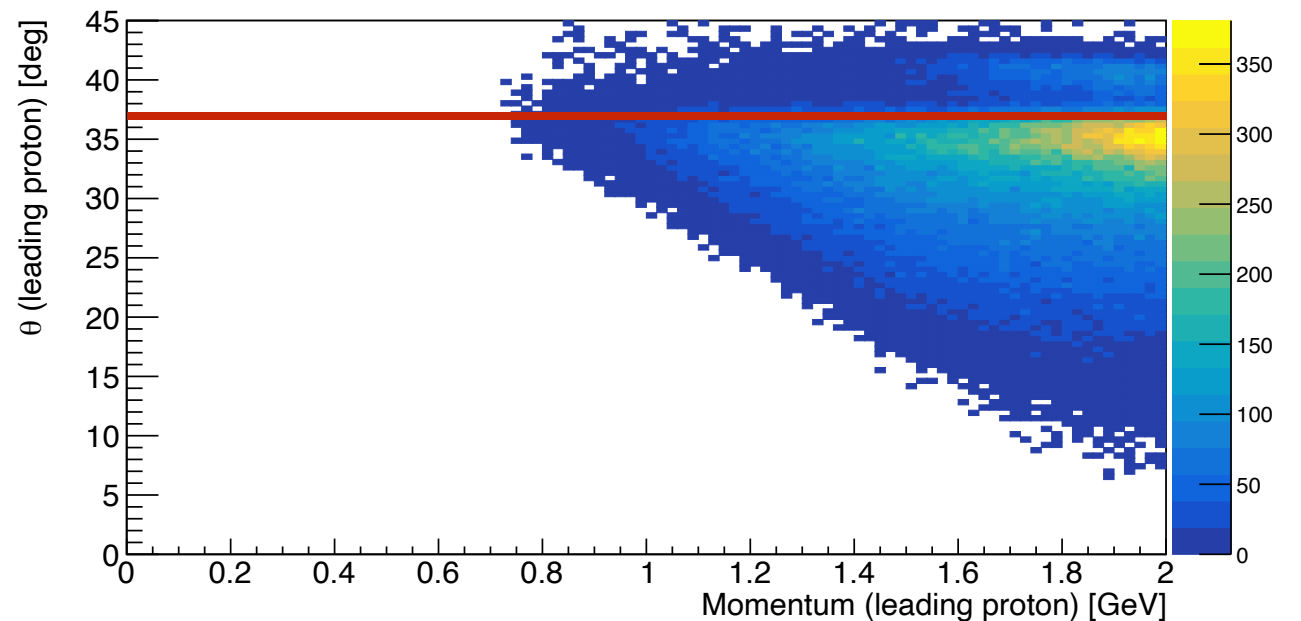
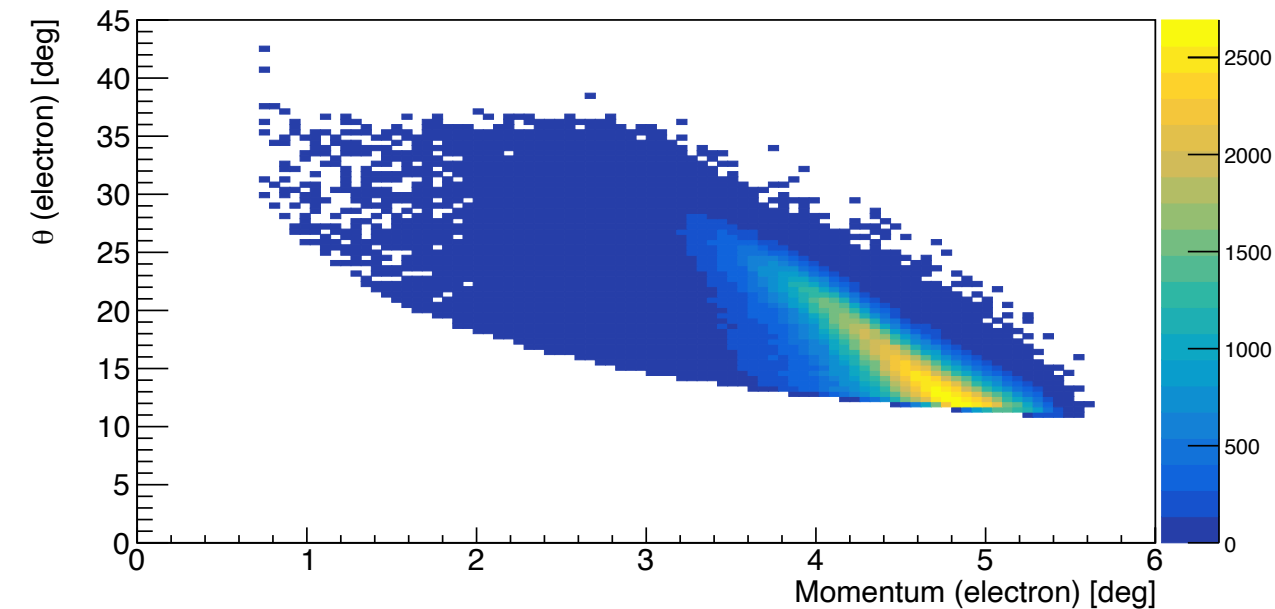
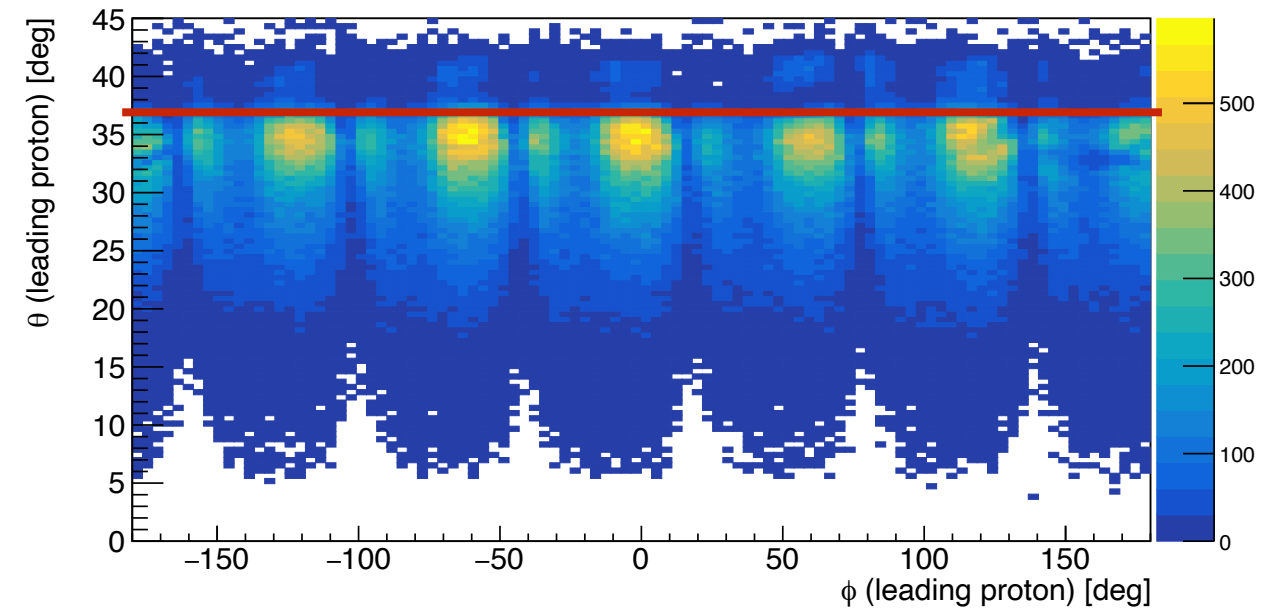


Electron and Proton Distributions

Electrons



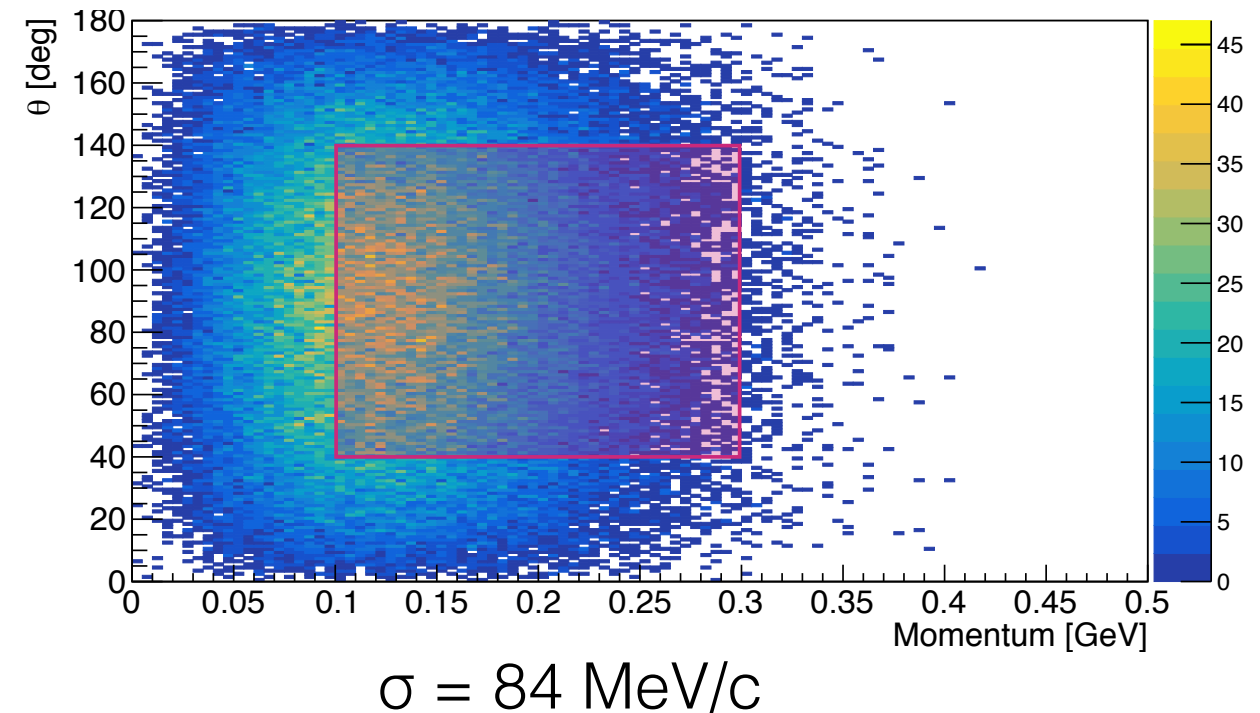
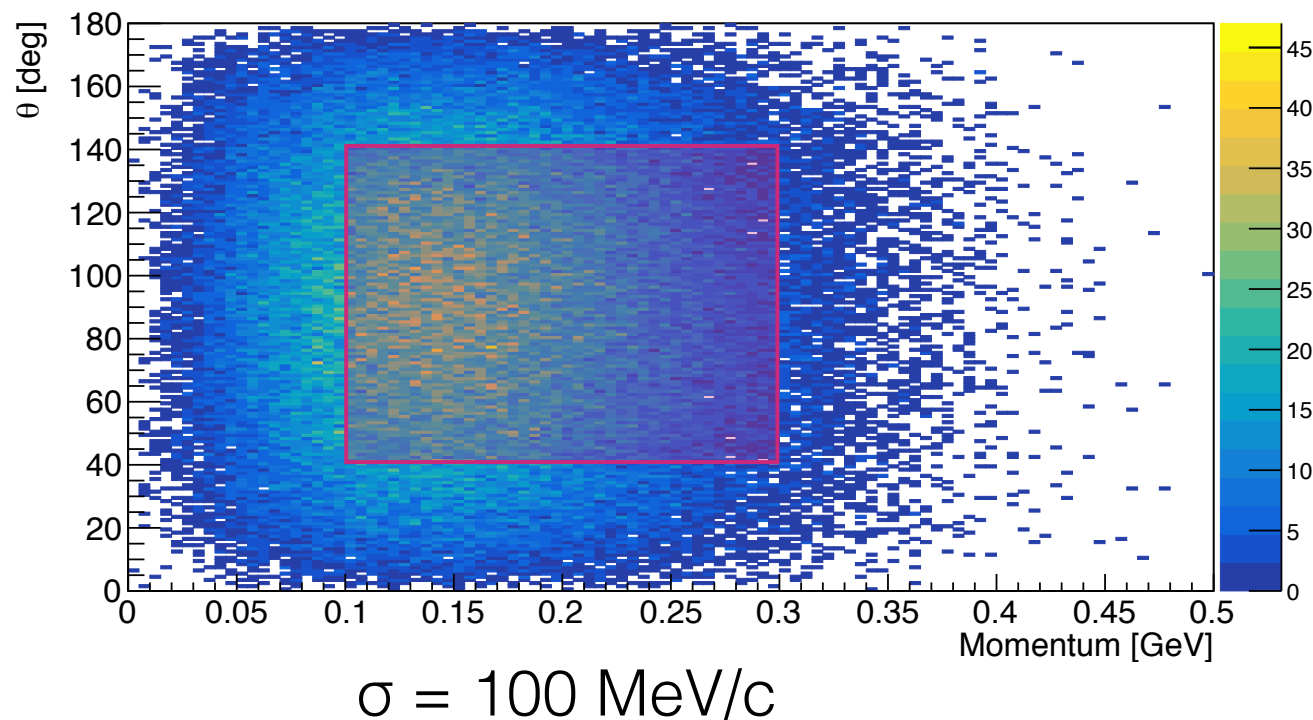
Protons



- Standard 6-fold sector structure of CLAS12
- Additional proton scattering angle cut $\theta_p < 37^\circ$ to ensure proton only in forward detector

Deuteron Acceptance (2)

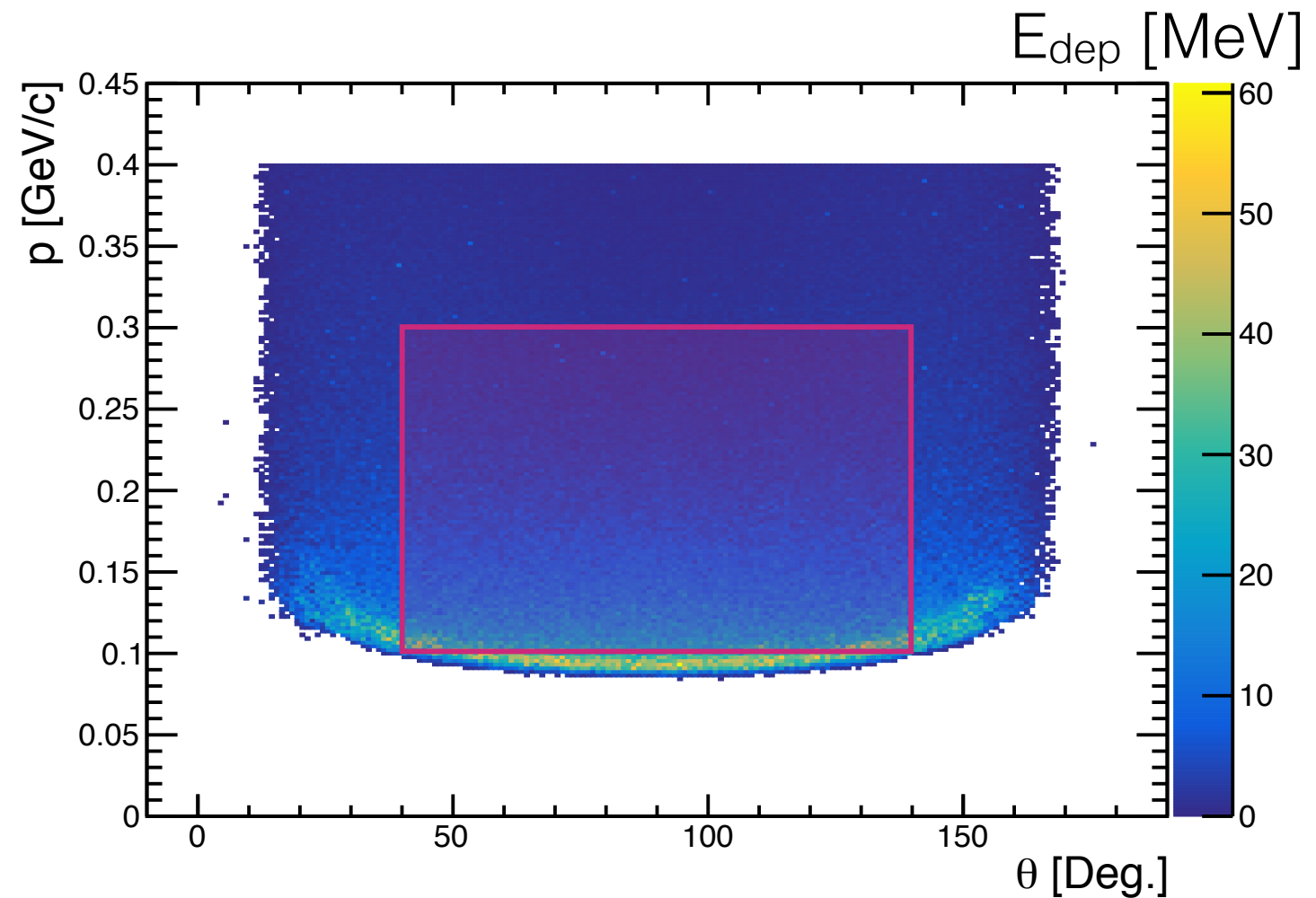
- Simulated deuterons from $^4\text{He}(e,e'pd_s)n$
 - isotropically emitted
 - deuteron momentum (= np-pair cms momentum) sampled from Gaussian
 - checked different values: $\sigma = 100 \text{ MeV/c}$ [Korover, PRL 113 (2014)] and $\sigma = 84 \text{ MeV/c}$ [Wiringa, PRC 89 (2014)]



- More spread in momentum for larger σ (expected)
- 59% (100 MeV/c) or 53% (84 MeV/c) events in (conservative) ALERT acceptance box
- For rate estimate: conservative **deuteron acceptance factor = 0.5**

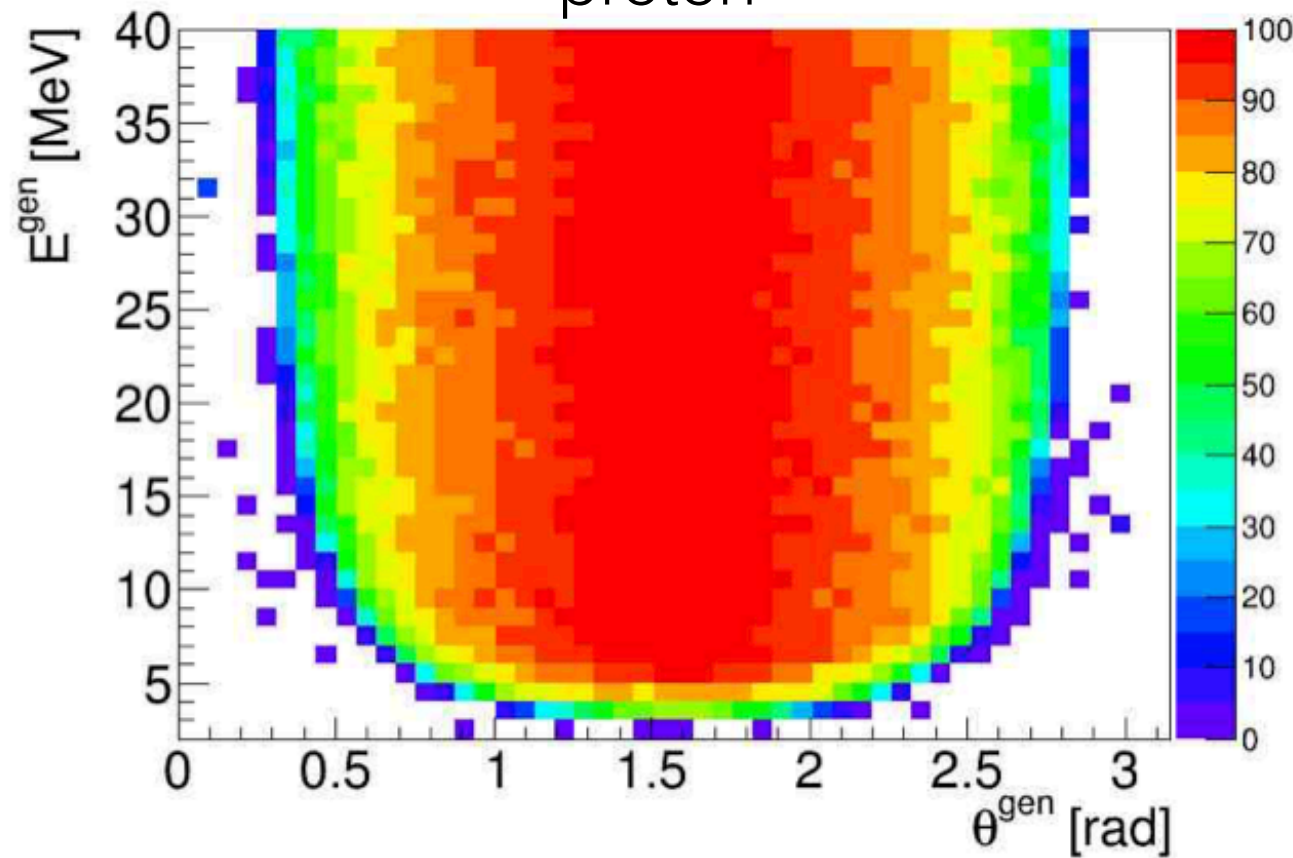
Deuteron Acceptance (1)

- Uniformly generated deuterons
 - 0-400 MeV/c momenta
 - 0-180° polar angle
 - 0-360° azimuthal angle
- Events through GEMC (ALERT only)
 - Accept event if hit in all DC layers
 - No explicit track reconstruction
- Select conservative range with high efficiency for acceptance determination
 - 100 - 300 MeV/c
 - 40° -140°

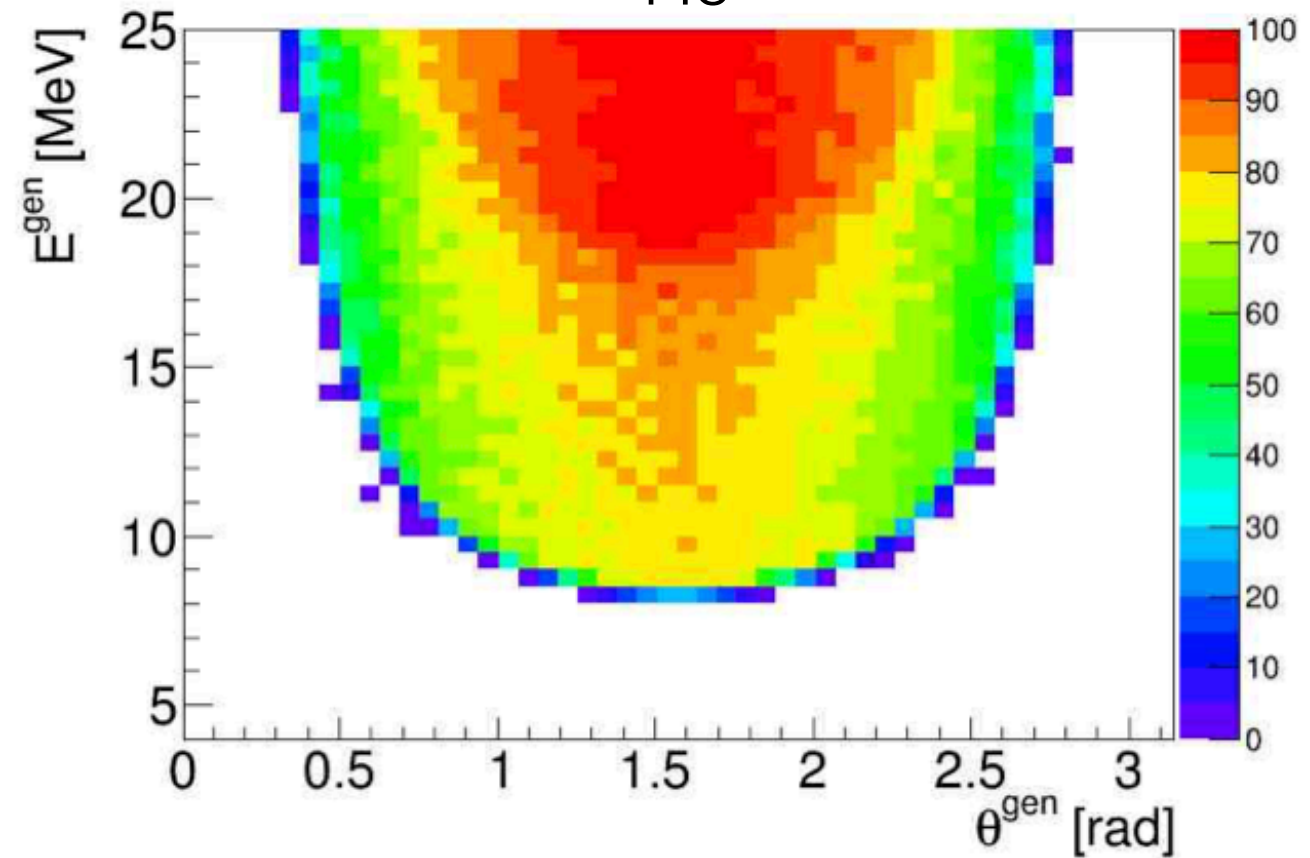


Comparison Acceptances

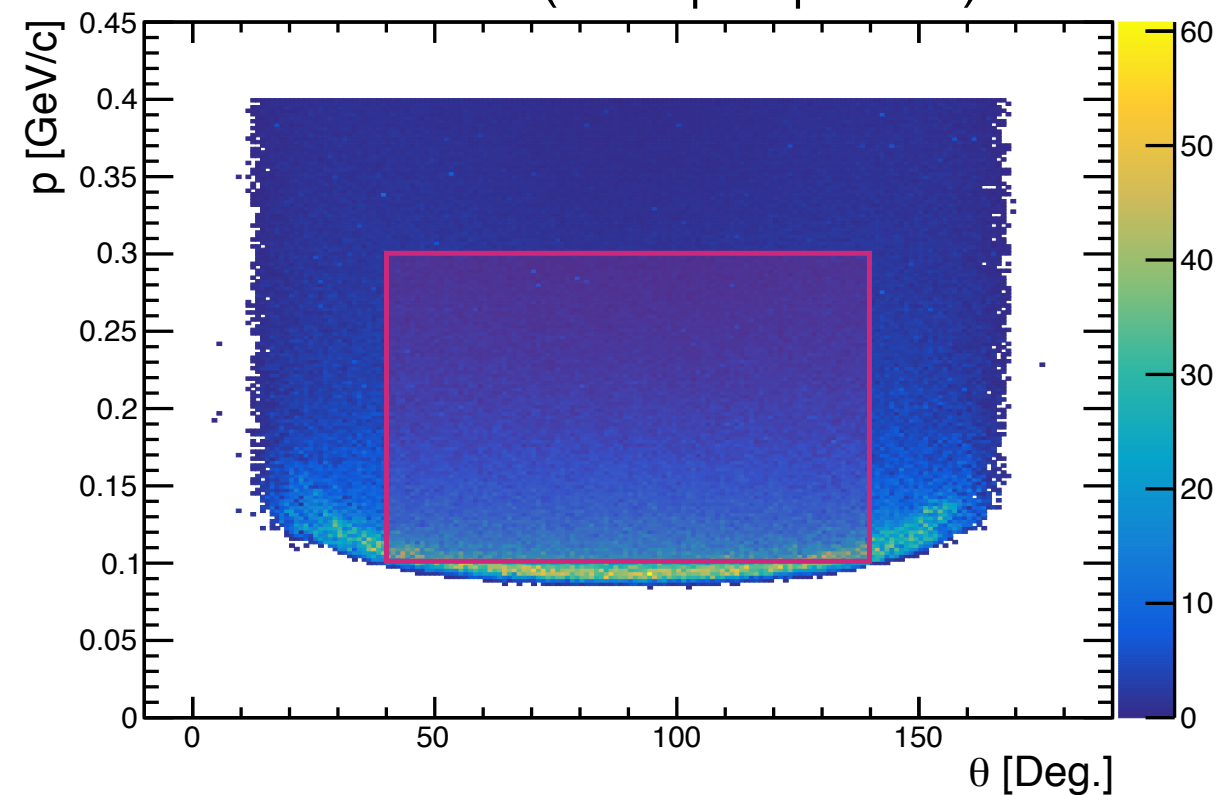
proton



^4He



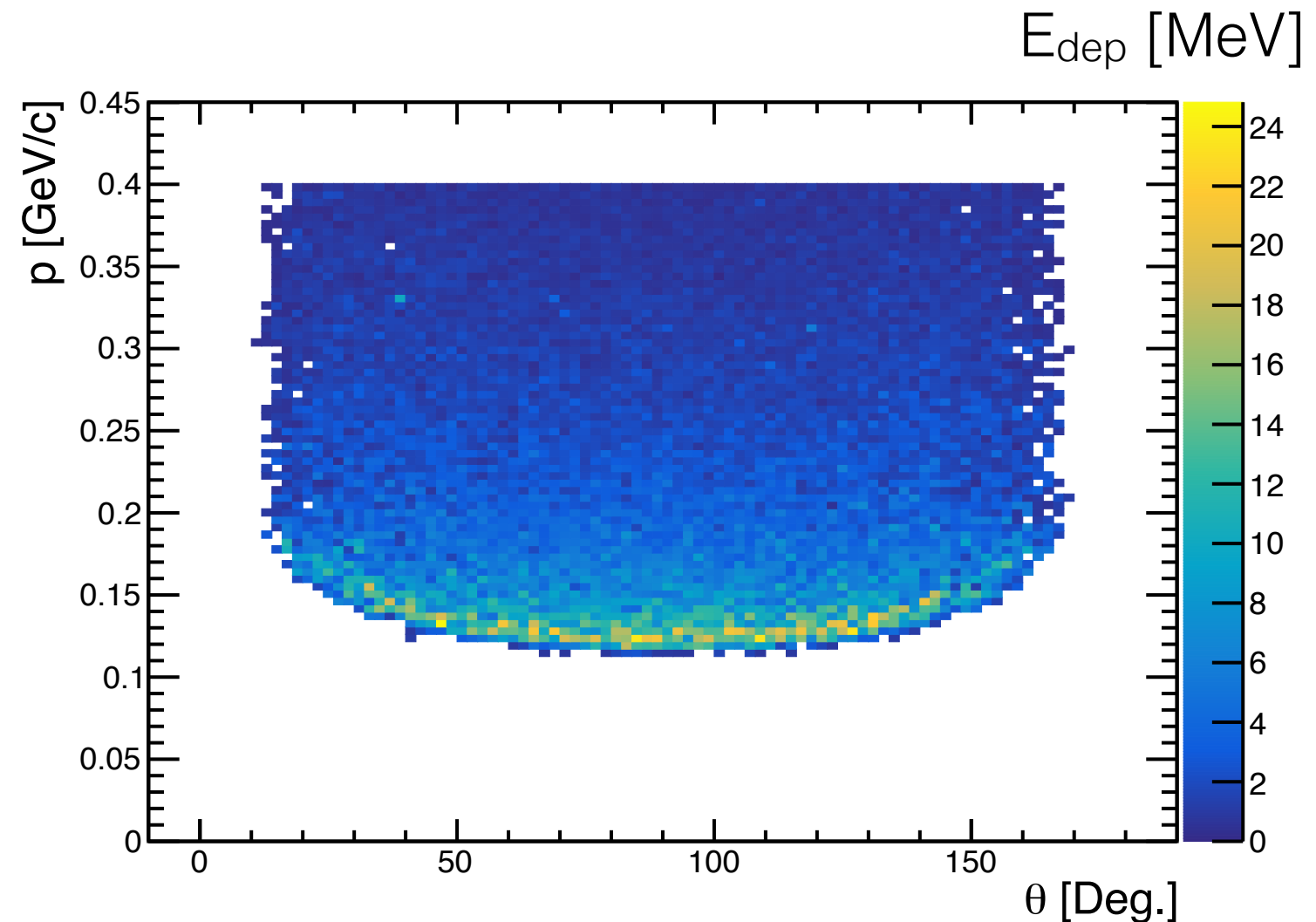
Deuteron (this proposal)



- Acceptances consistent with previous simulations from approved ALERT proposal E12-17-012 (<https://misportal.jlab.org/pacProposals/proposals/1338/attachments/98370/Proposal.pdf>)

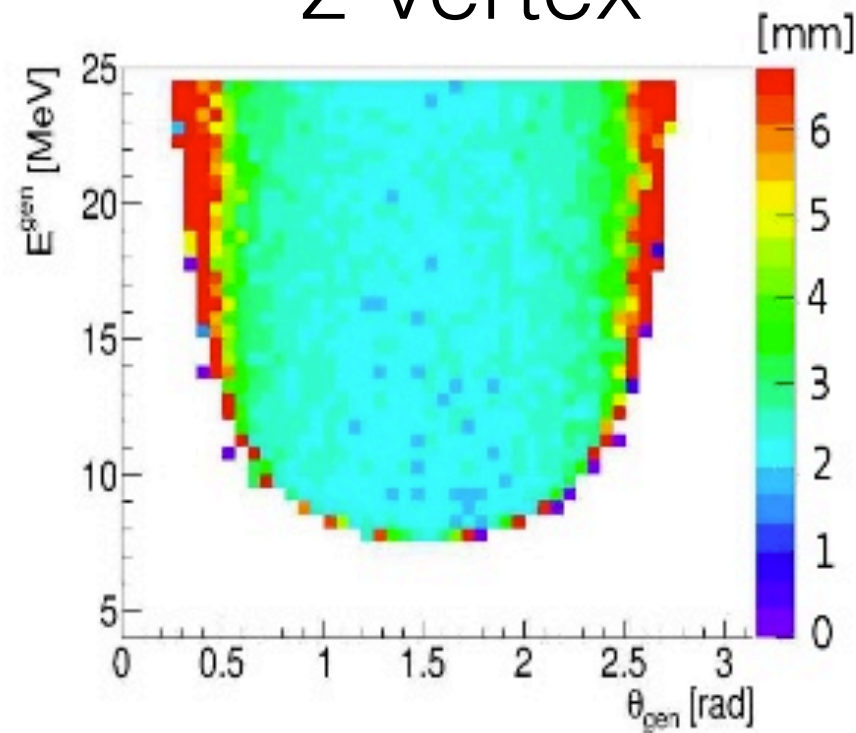
Triton ALERT Acceptance

- Uniformly generated tritons
 - 0-400 MeV/c momenta
 - 0-180° polar angle
 - 0-360° azimuthal angle
- Events through GEMC (ALERT only)
 - Accept event if hit in all DC layers
 - No explicit track reconstruction
- Similar acceptance range than deuterons —> can detect tritons from 120-300 MeV/c

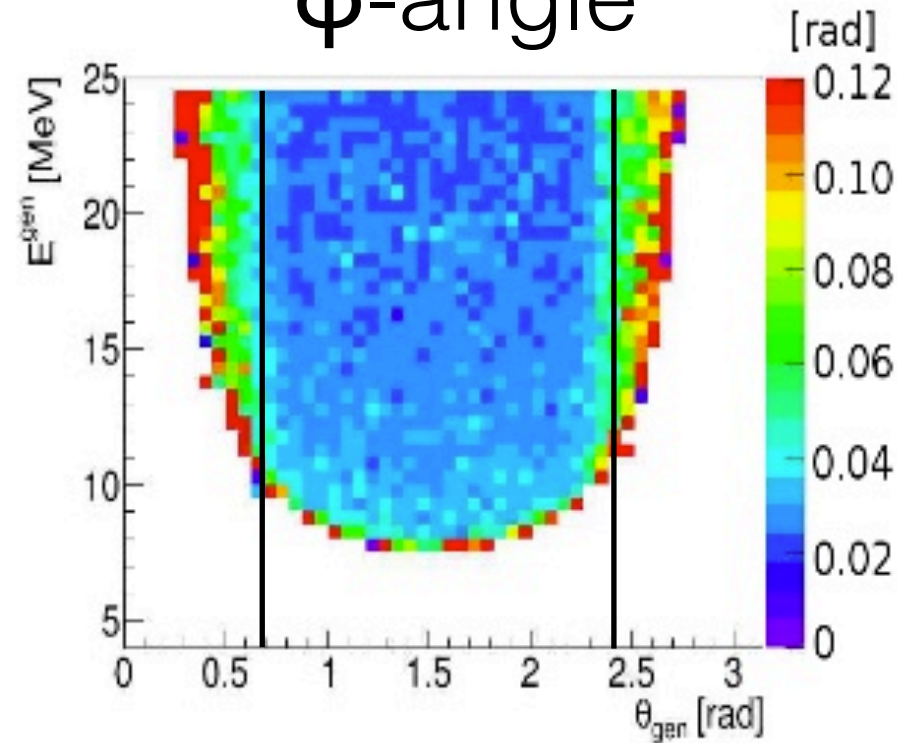


Expected ALERT Resolutions ^4He

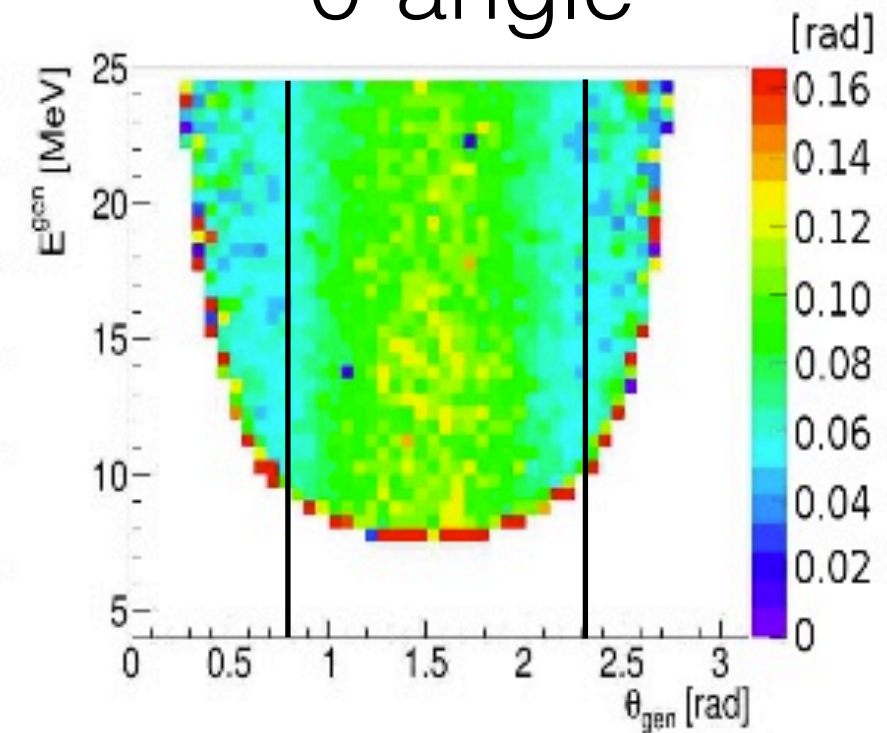
z-vertex



ϕ -angle



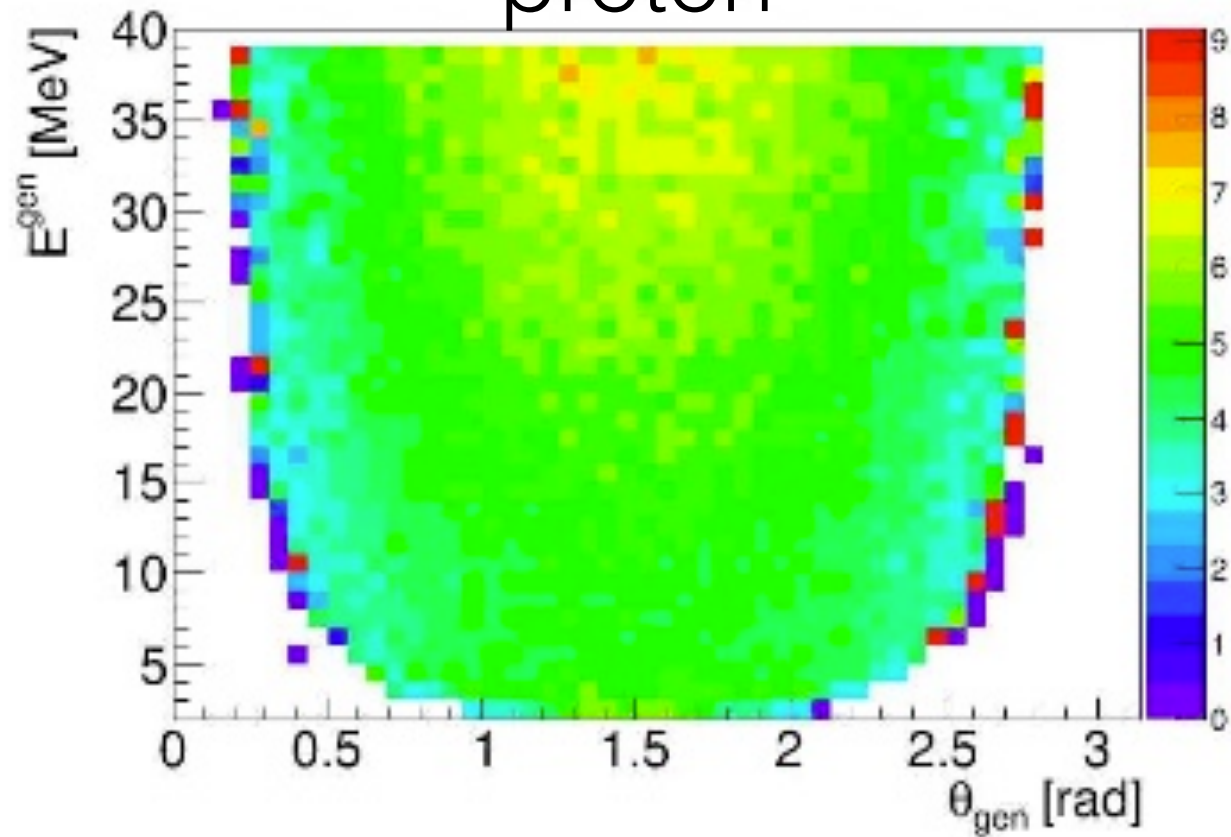
θ -angle



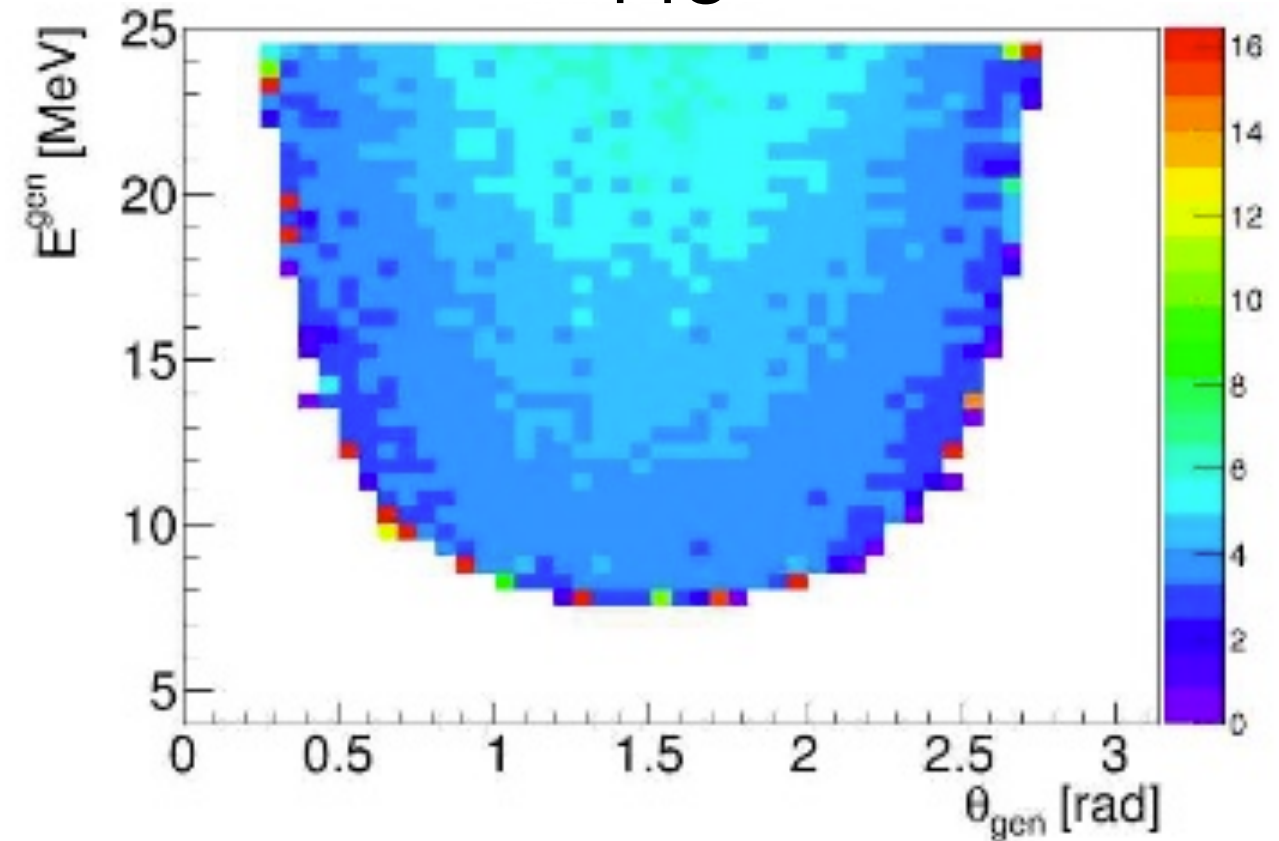
- Resolutions from approved ALERT proposal E12-17-012 (<https://misportal.jlab.org/pacProposals/proposals/1338/attachments/98370/Proposal.pdf>)
- Assumed resolutions for deuterons/tritons within acceptance
 - $\phi = 0.1$ rad
 - $\theta = 0.1$ rad

ALERT Momentum Resolutions

proton



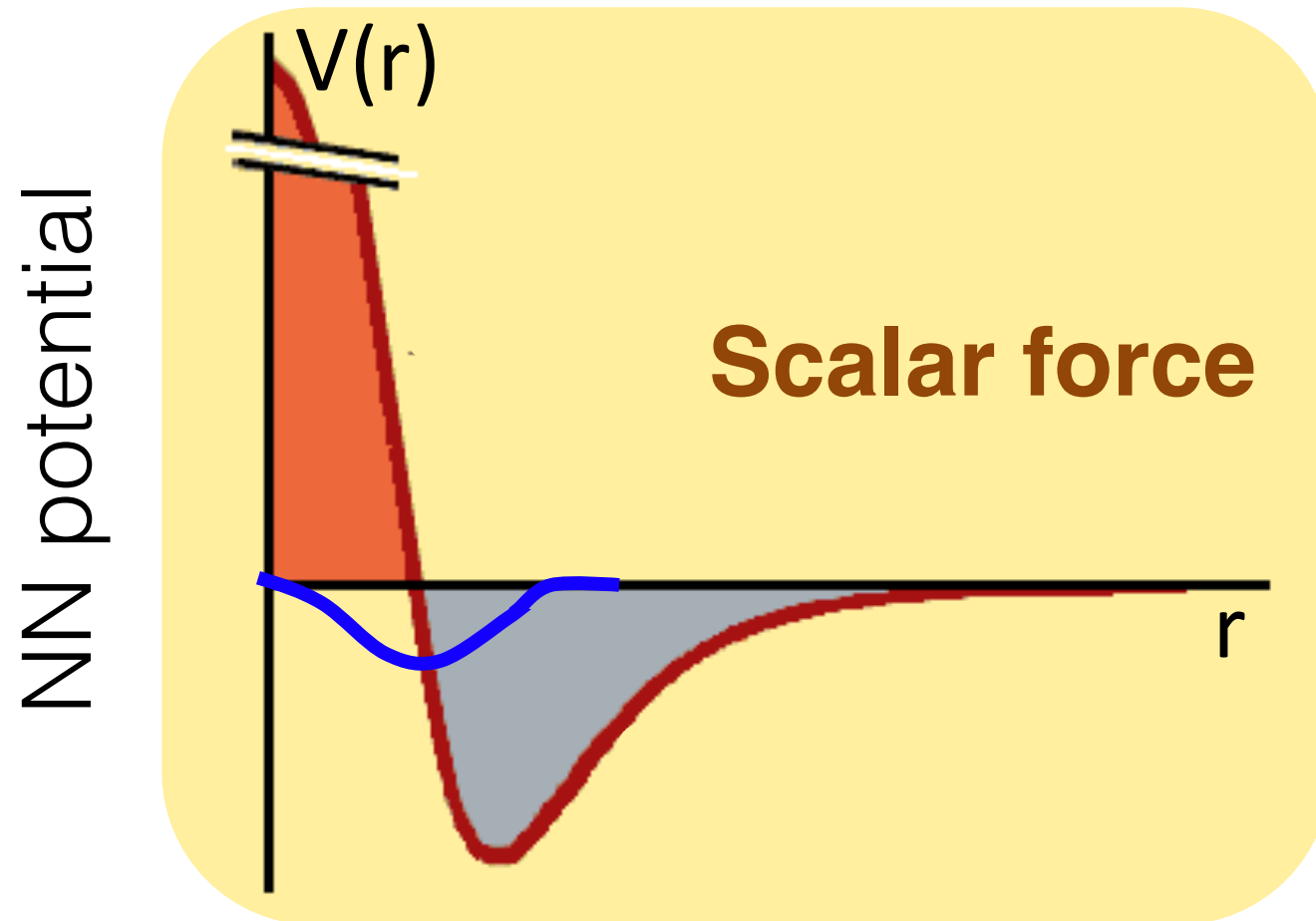
^4He



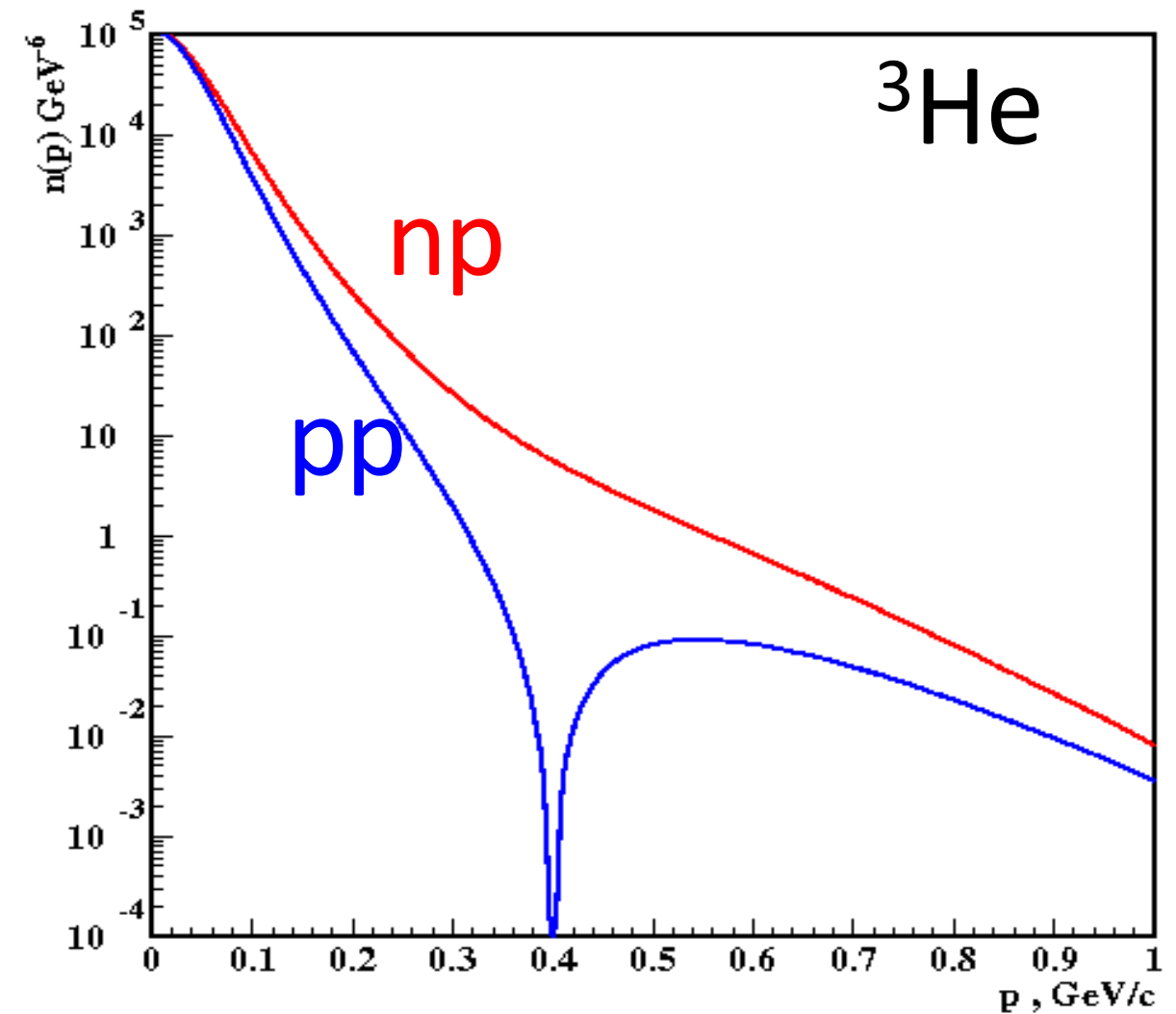
- Resolutions from approved ALERT proposal E12-17-012 (<https://misportal.jlab.org/pacProposals/proposals/1338/attachments/98370/Proposal.pdf>)
- Assumed resolution for deuterons/tritons will be between protons and ^4He $\rightarrow \sim 4\%$

np-Dominance from Tensor Force

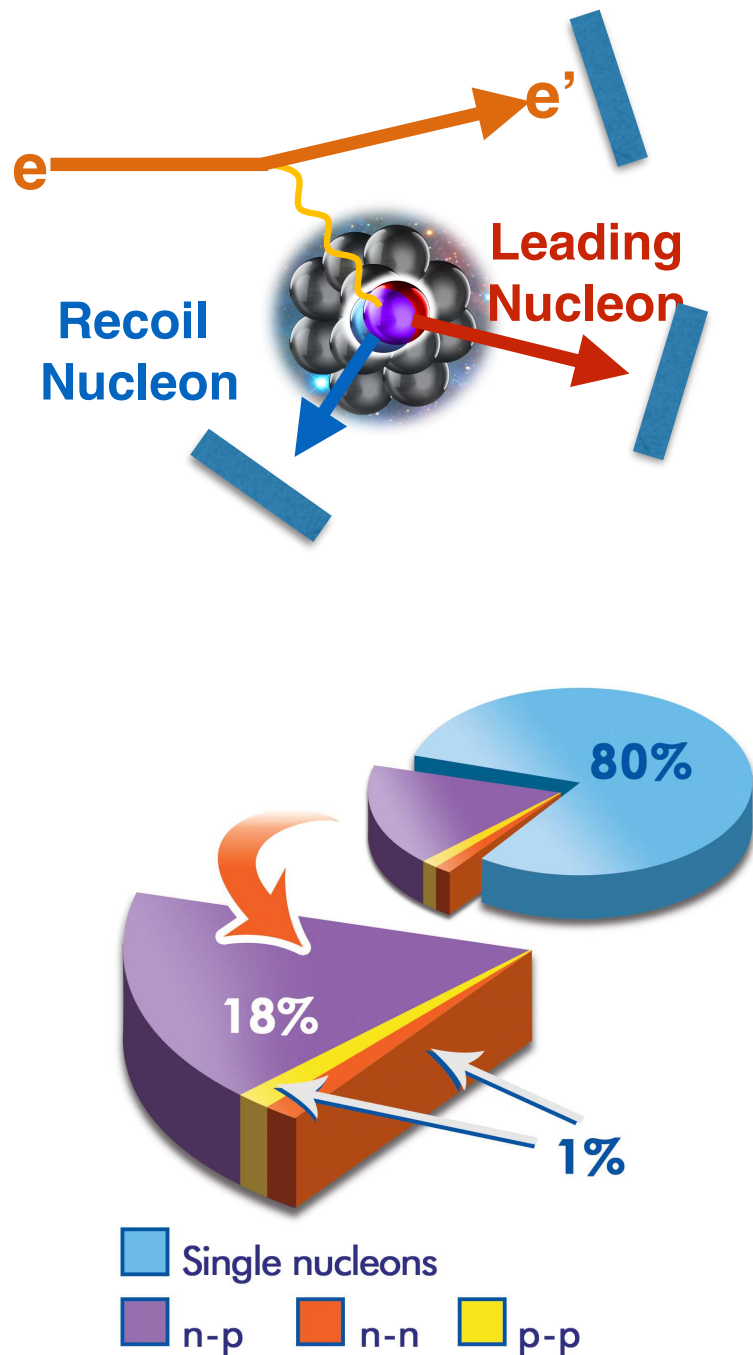
Sargsian et al., PRC (2005)



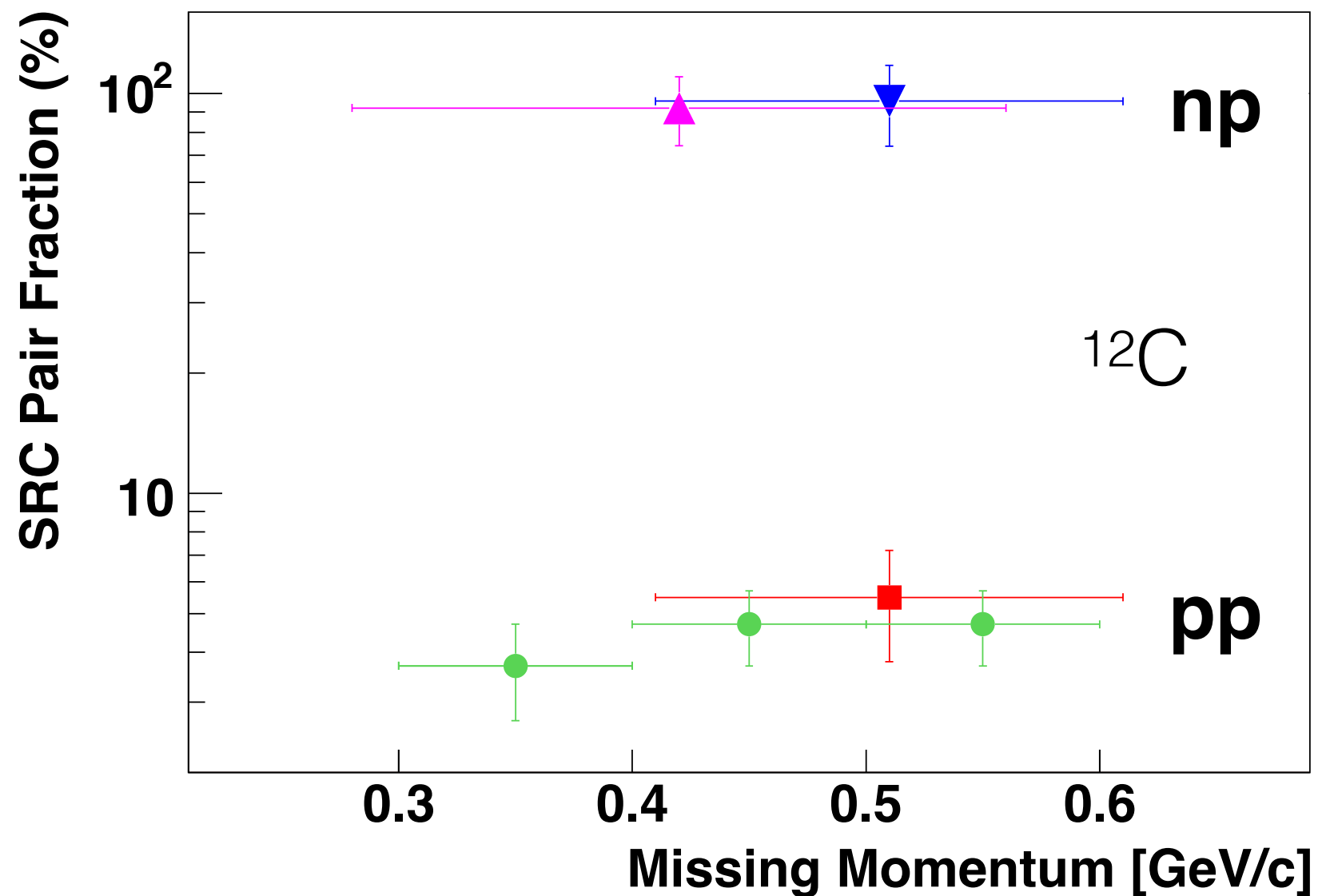
Tensor force
Short-Range attraction



np-Dominance



- Far more np pairs than pp pairs
- Similar in all nuclei



Piasetzky, PRL (2006), Shneor, PRL (2007), Subedi, Science (2008), Korover, PRL (2014), Hen, Science (2014), Duer, Nature (2018), Duer, PRL (2019), Schmidt, Nature (2020), Korover (2020) Review: Hen RMP (2017)