



Phase-sensitive Spectroscopy of Positronium $n=2$ Fine-structure Intervals

Donovan Newson

University College London

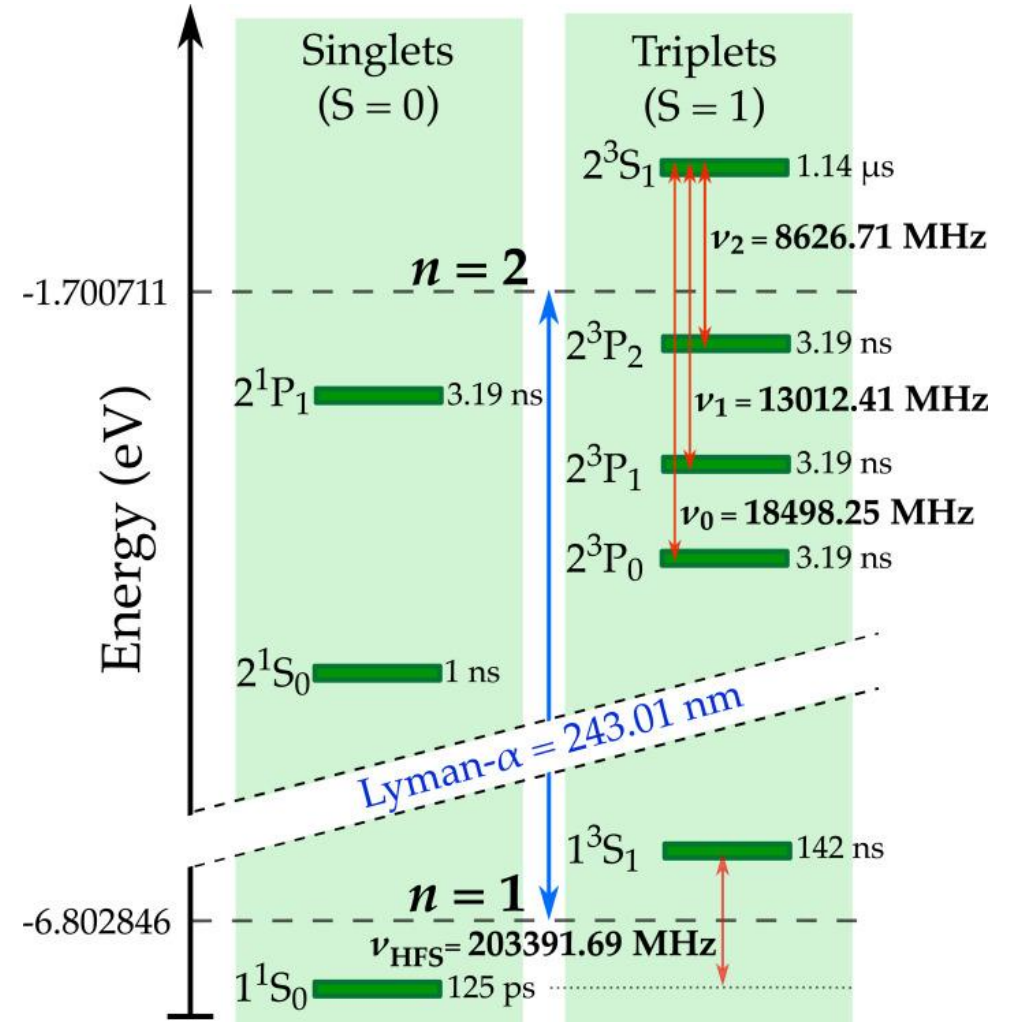
Positronium Spectroscopy

Positronium (Ps) is the bound-state of the electron and positron and is therefore described to high-precision by **bound-state quantum-electrodynamics (QED)**

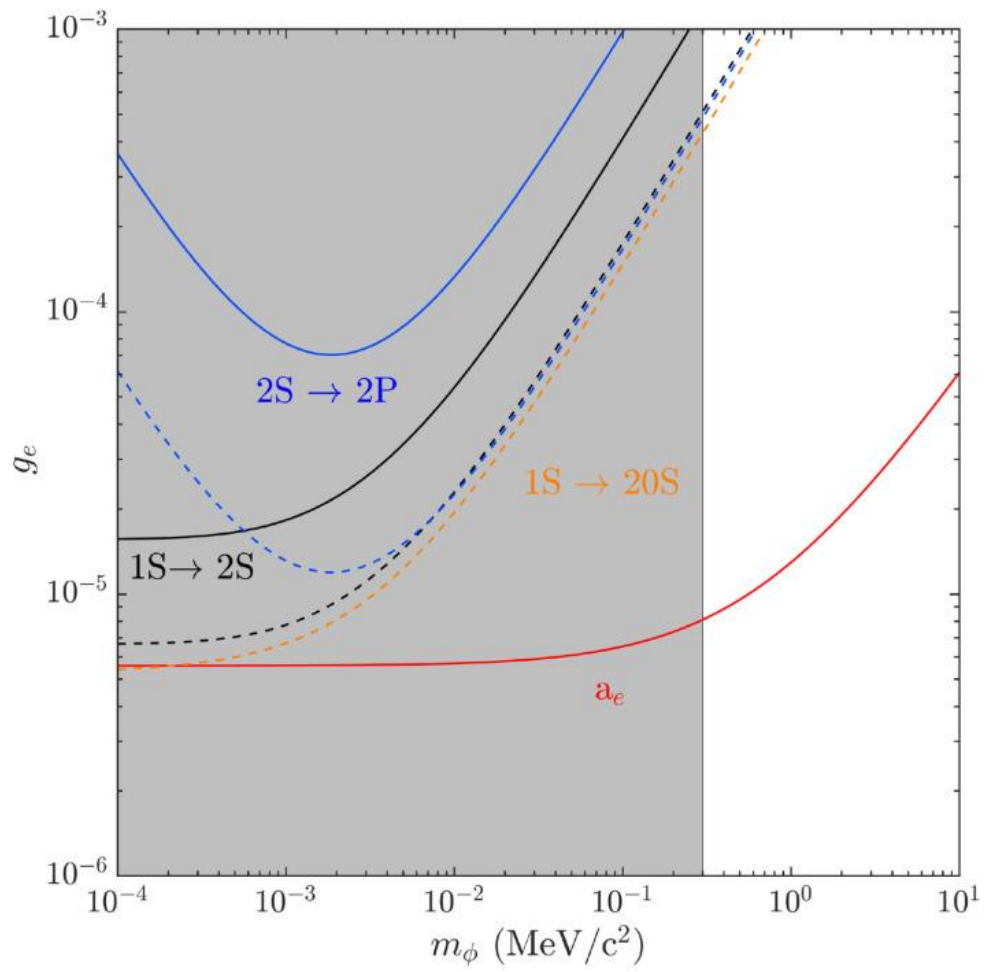
Theory:
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_0$: 4.3 ppm
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_1$: 6.1 ppm
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_2$: 9.3 ppm

Experiment:
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_0$: 36 ppm
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_1$: 130 ppm
 $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_2$: 110 ppm

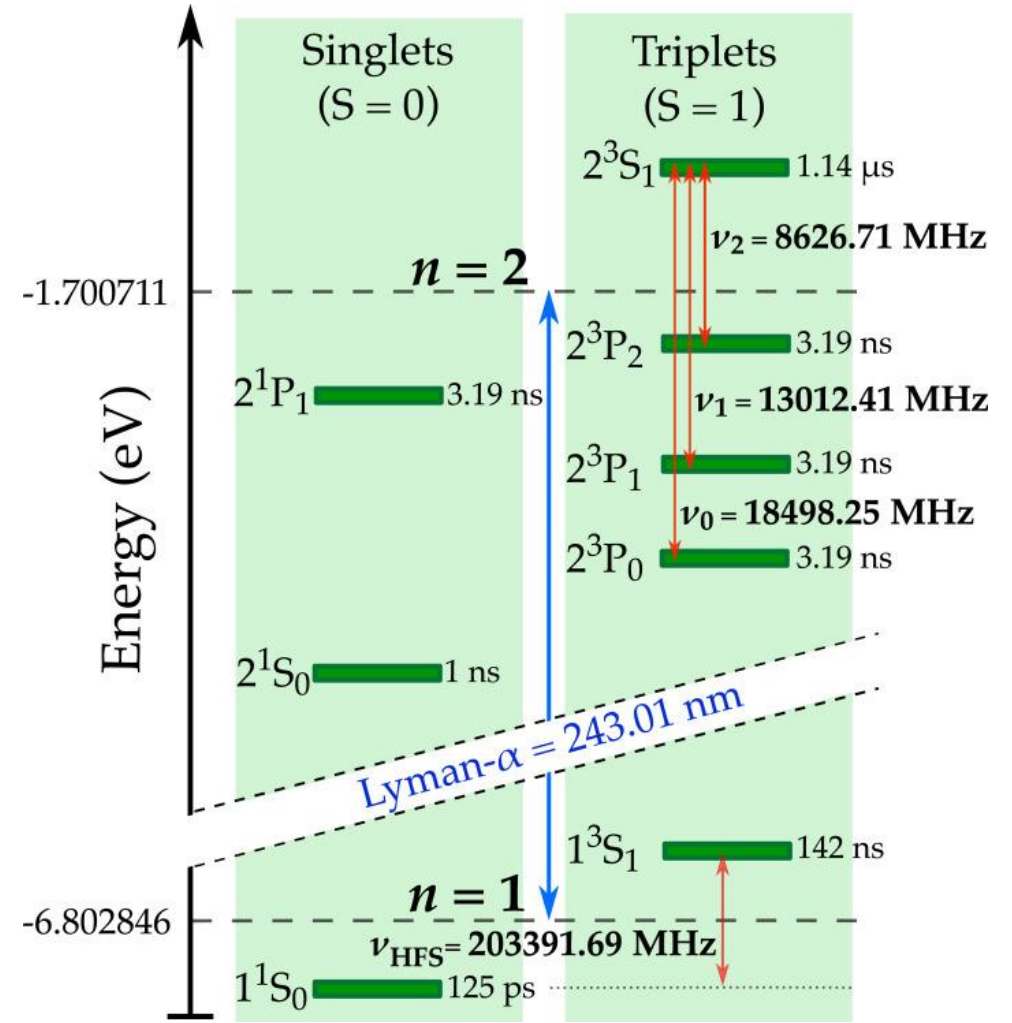
Adkins *et al.* PR **975** (2022)
 Sheldon *et al.* PRL **131** (2023)



Positronium Spectroscopy

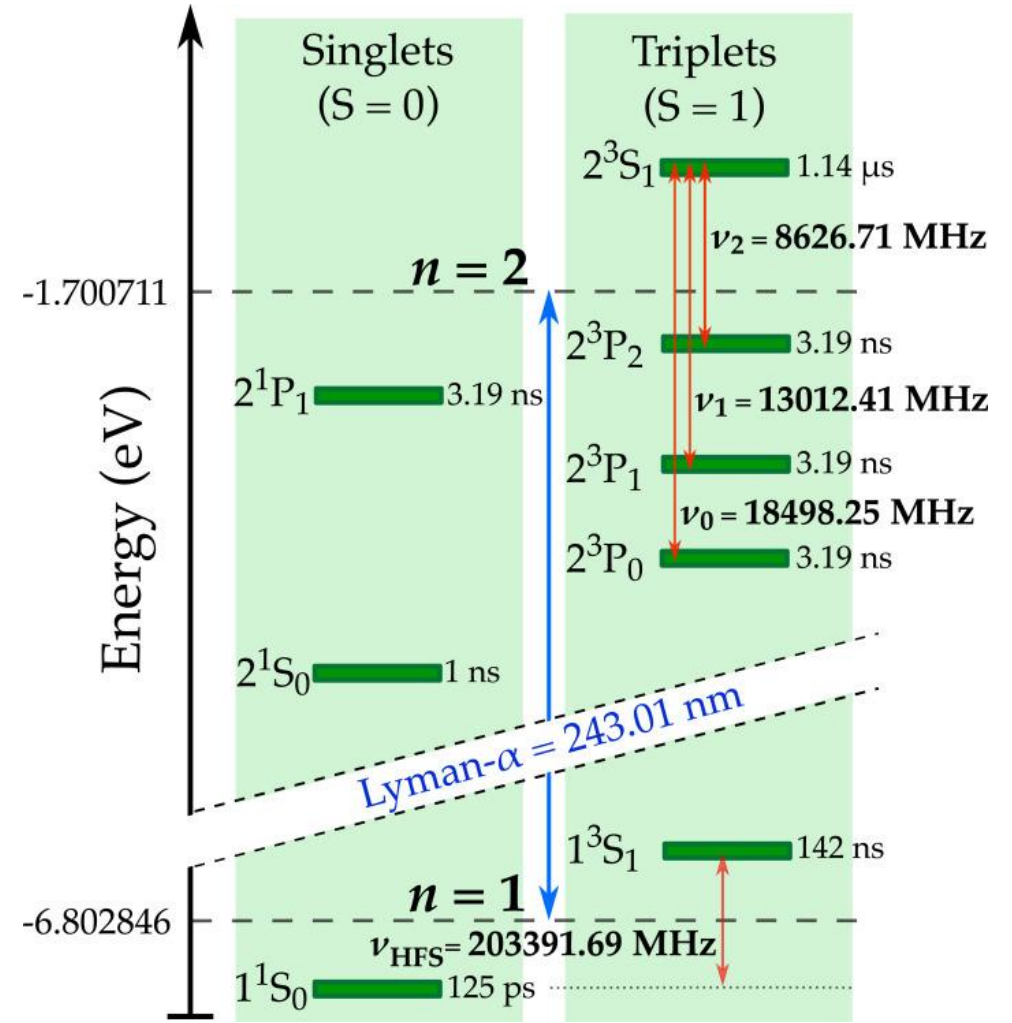


Adkins *et al.* PR **975** (2022)

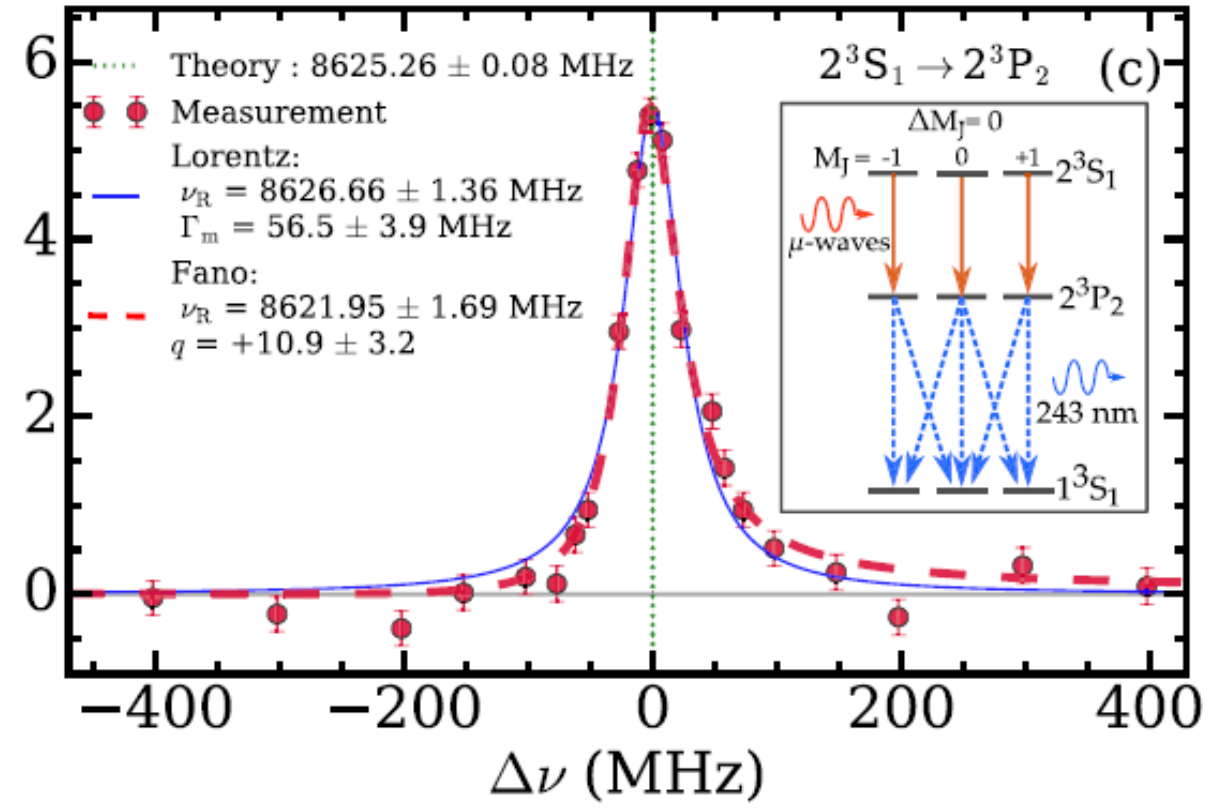
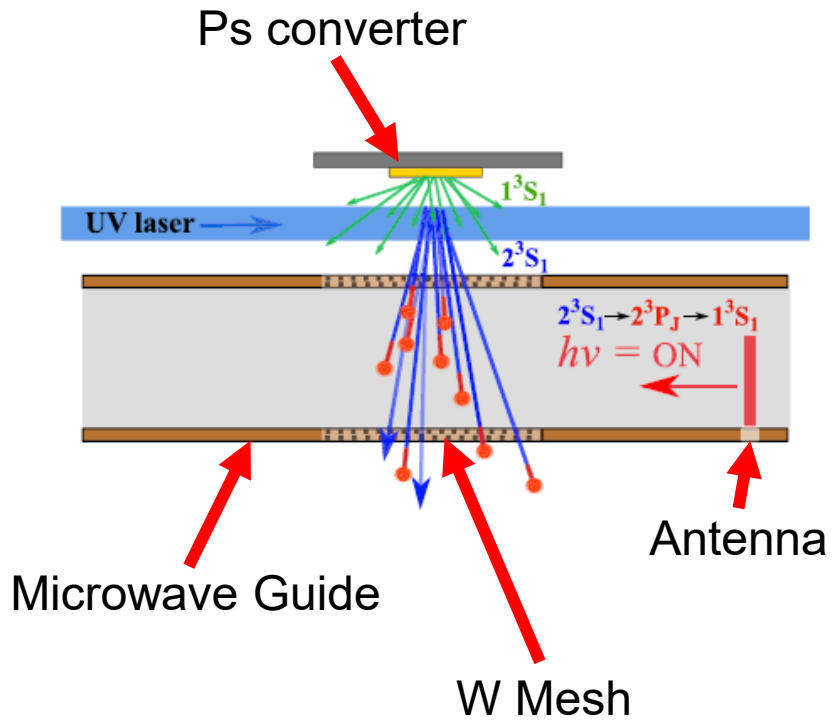


Positronium Spectroscopy

- Challenges:
- Low metastable (2^3S_1) Ps production and/or detection efficiencies
 - Broad natural line width of fine-structure transitions
 - High velocities due to light mass leads to significant velocity dependent systematics (e.g. Doppler)

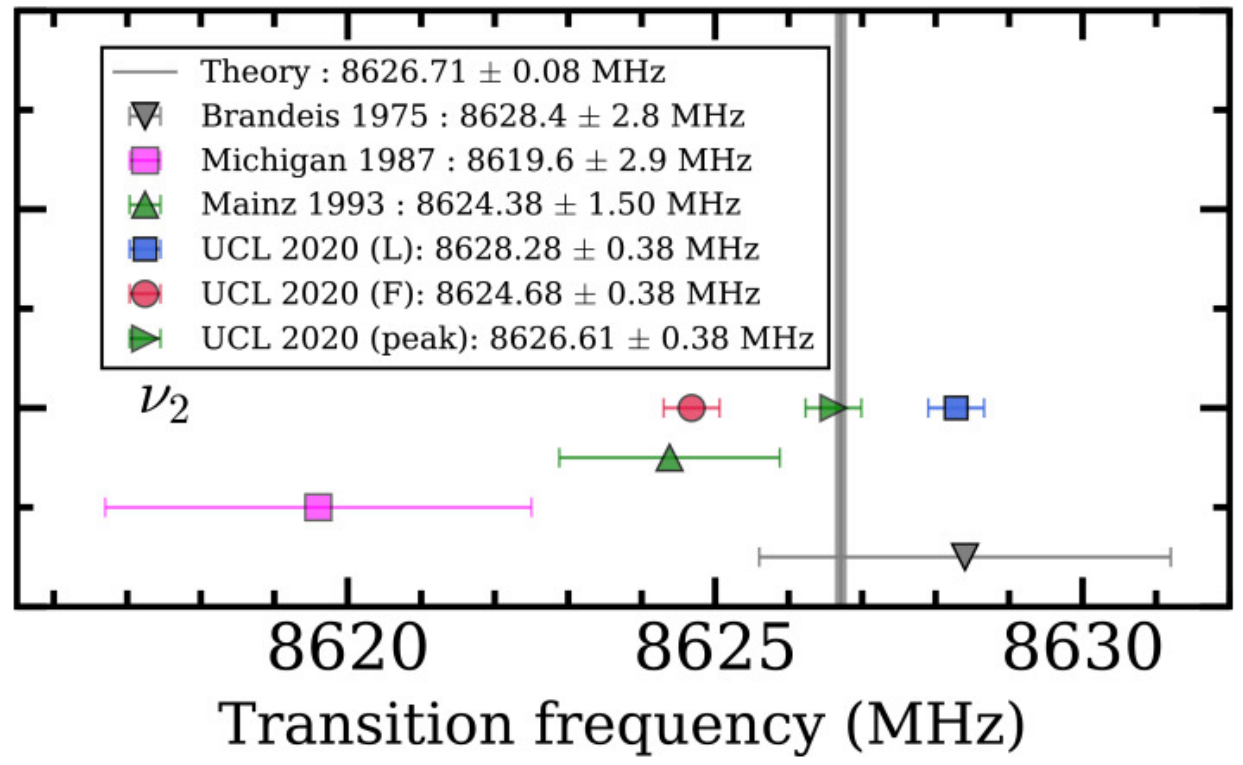
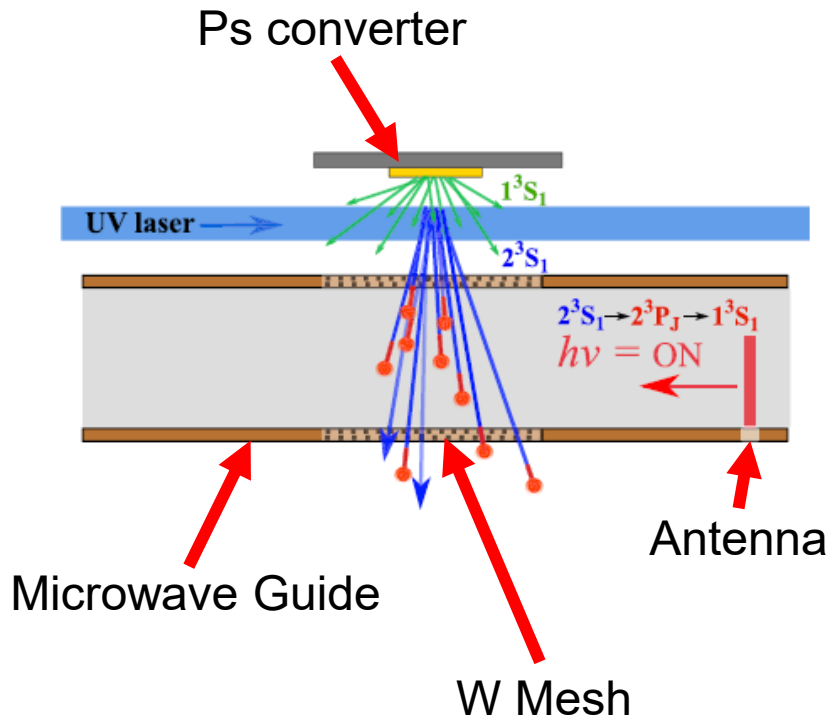


Previous Measurements



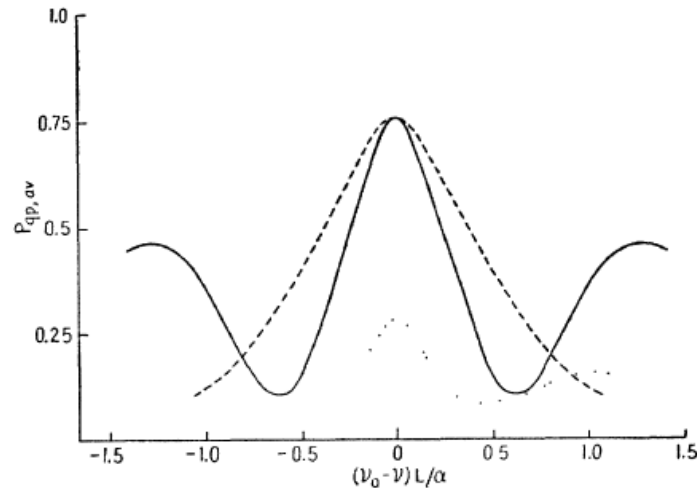
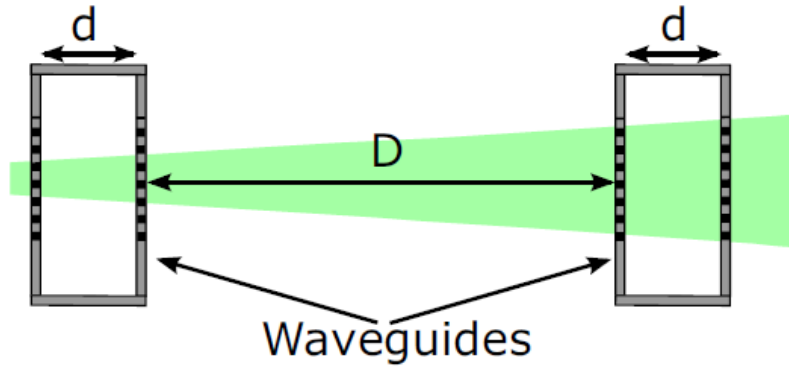
Gurung *et al.* PRL **103** 042805 (2022)

Previous Measurements

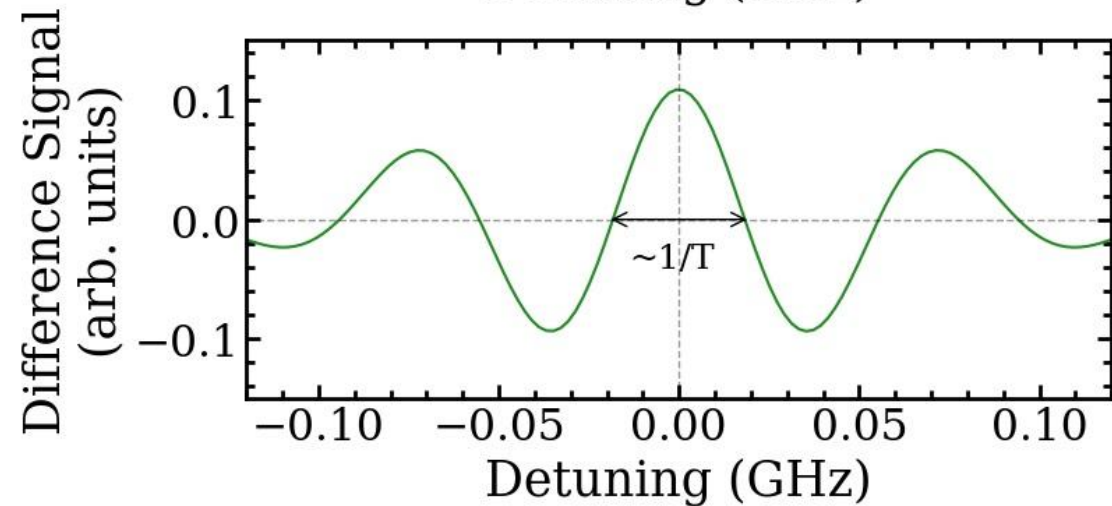
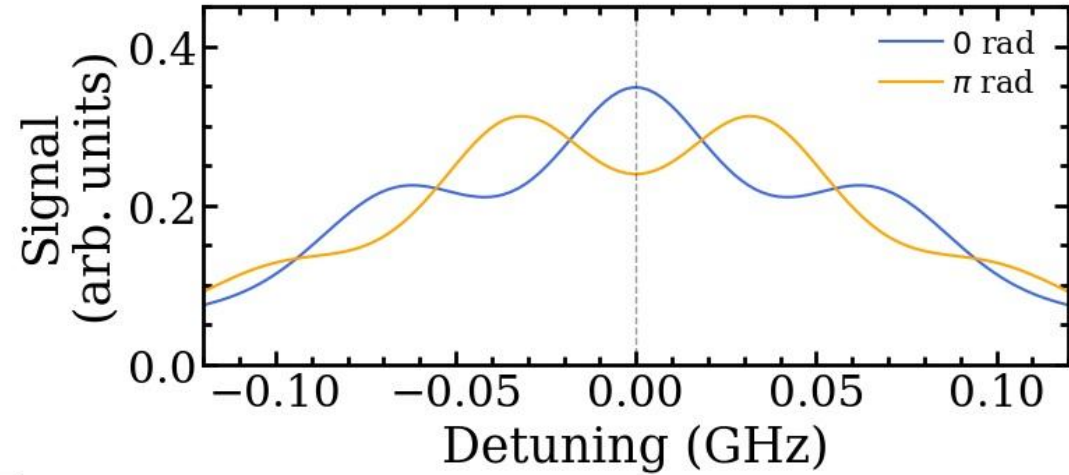


Gurung *et al.* PRL **103** 042805 (2022)

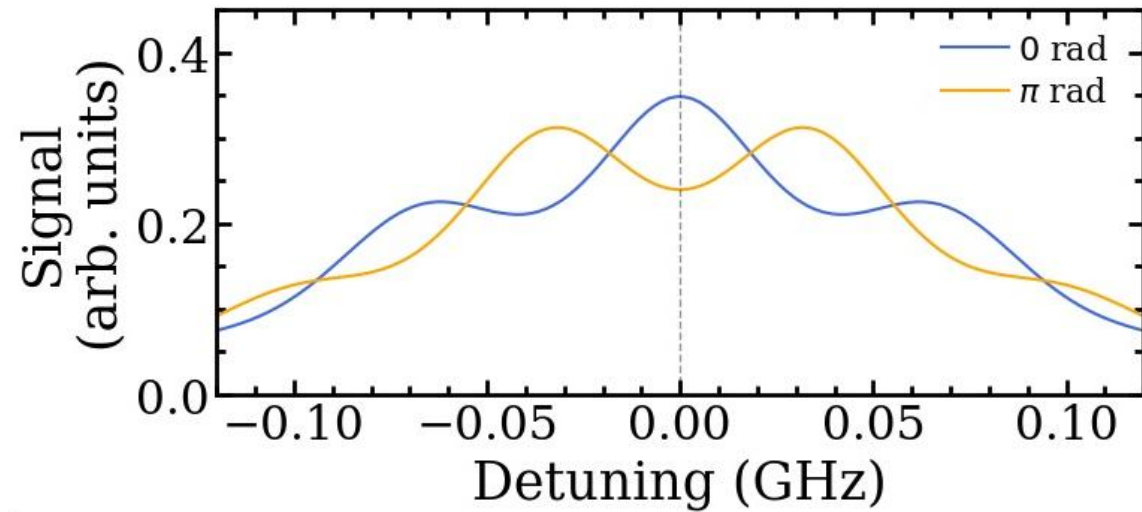
Separated Oscillatory Fields (SOF)



Ramsey PR **76** 996 (1949)



Phase Variation SOF (PVSOF) Method

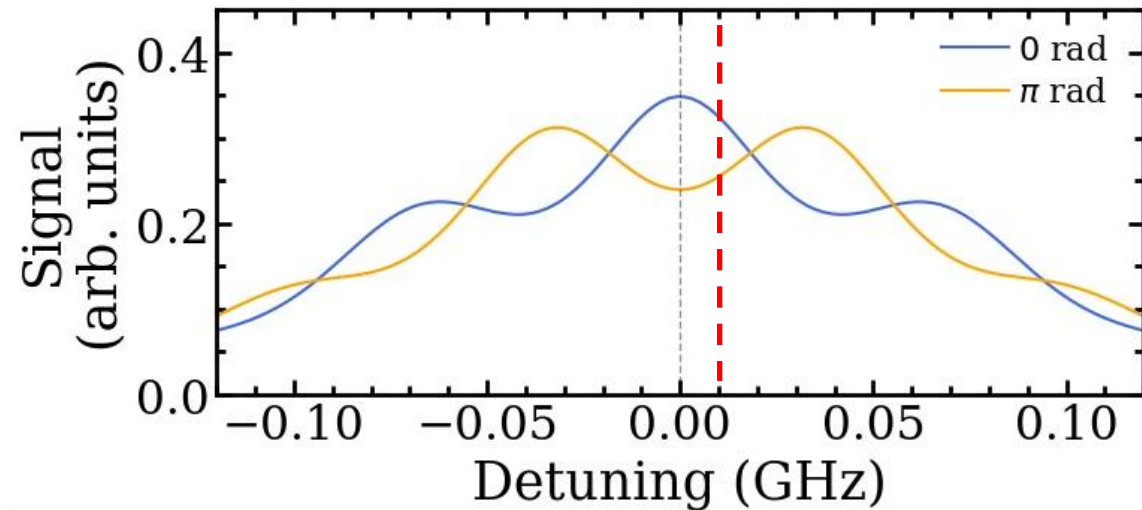


$$S \propto A(\Delta, T) \cos(2\pi\Delta T + \phi)$$

$$\text{with } \phi = \begin{cases} 0 \\ \pi \end{cases}$$

Klein *et al.* PRA **36** 3494 (1987)

Phase Variation SOF (PVSOF) Method



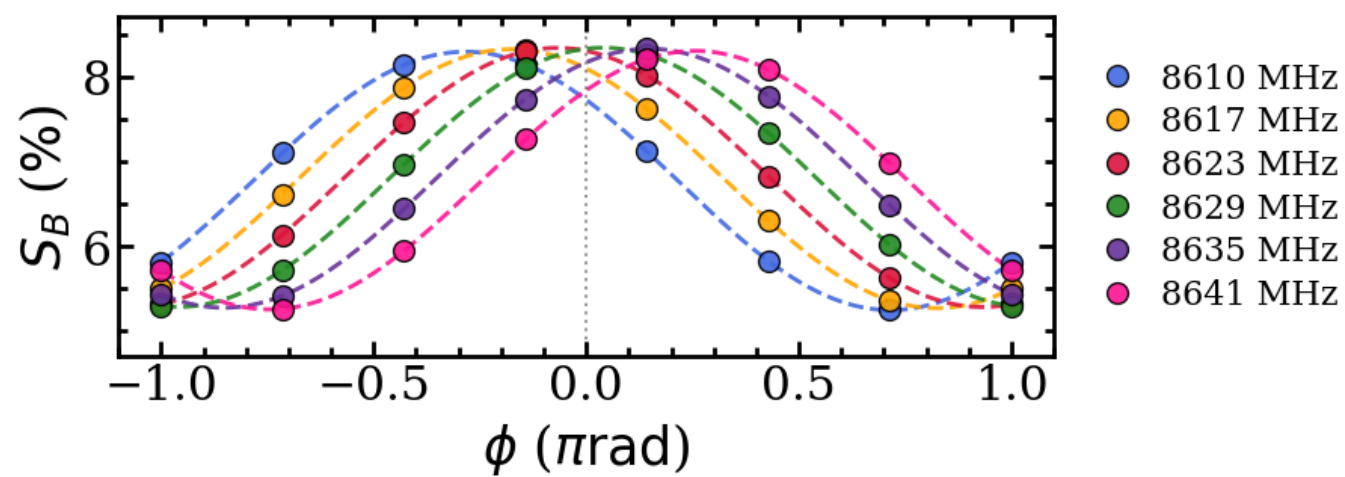
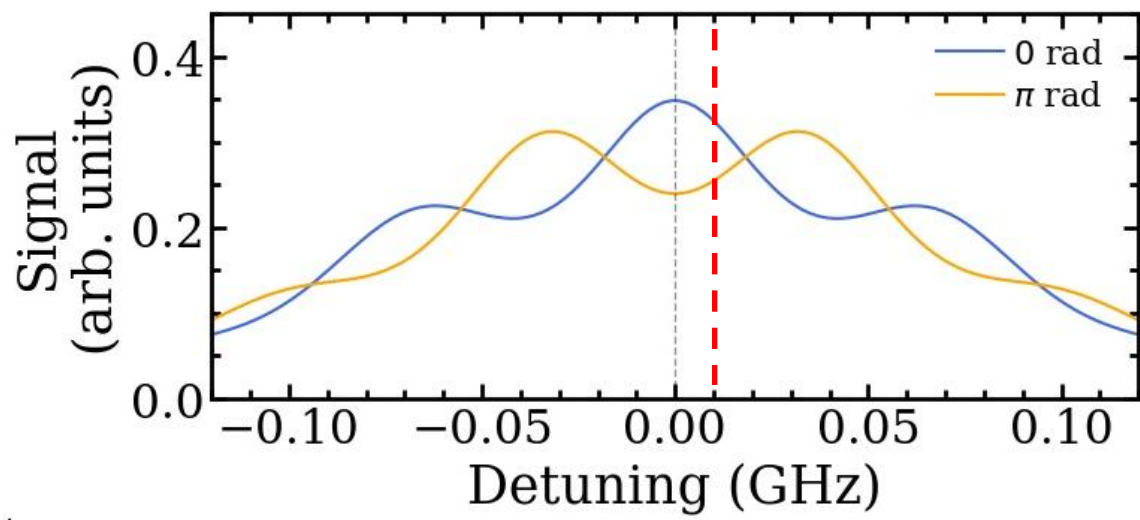
$$S \propto A(\Delta, T) \cos(2\pi\Delta T + \phi)$$

with Δ fixed

$$\Rightarrow S_{\max} : \phi_{\max} = -2\pi\Delta T$$

Klein *et al.* PRA **36** 3494 (1987)

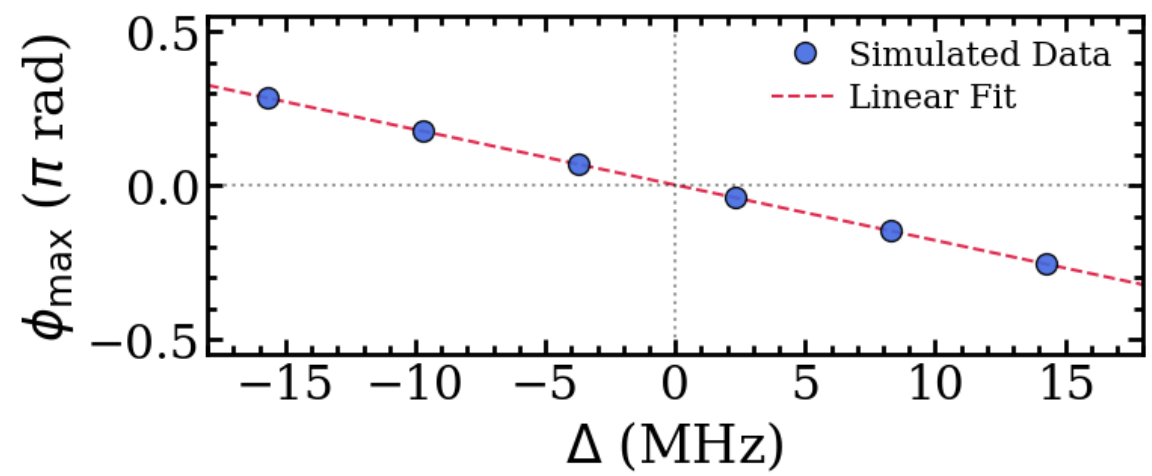
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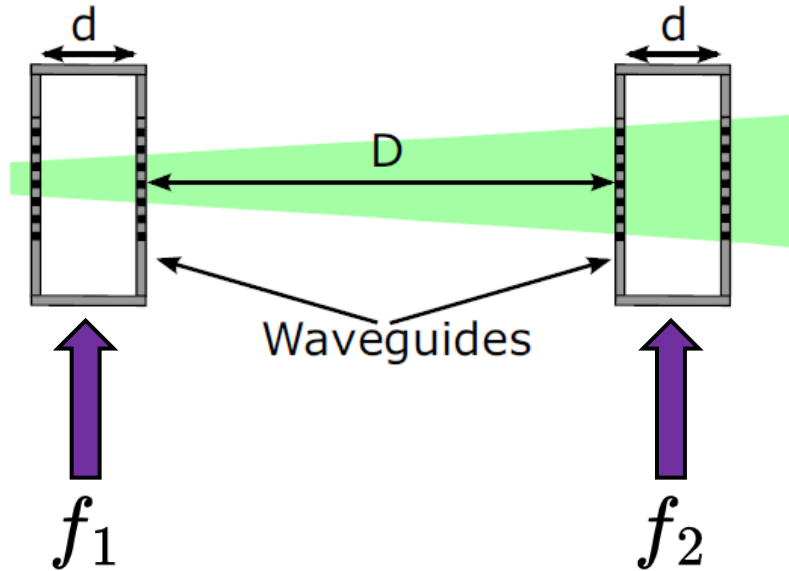
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Klein *et al.* PRA **36** 3494 (1987)

Frequency Offset SOF (FOSOF) Method

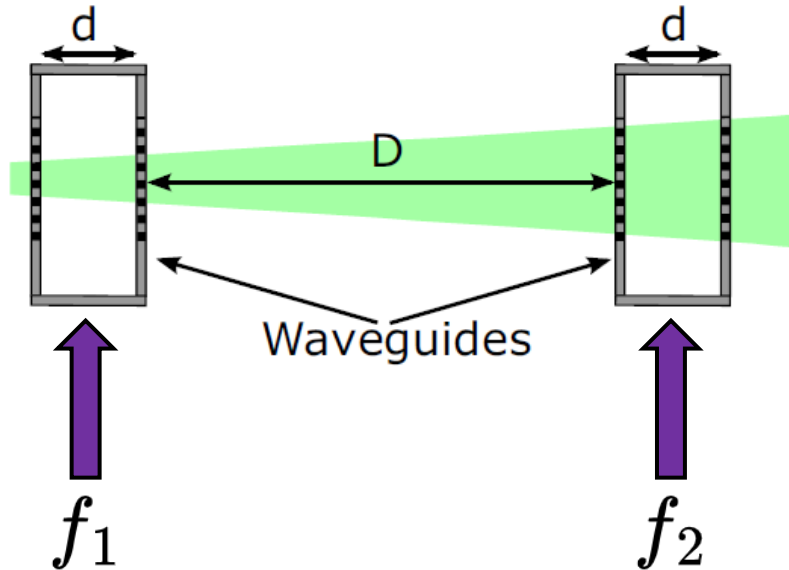


$$\text{SOF} : f_1 = f_2$$

$$\text{FOSOF} : f_1 - f_2 = \delta f$$

Vutha & Hessels PRA **92** 052504 (2015)

Frequency Offset SOF (FOSOF) Method



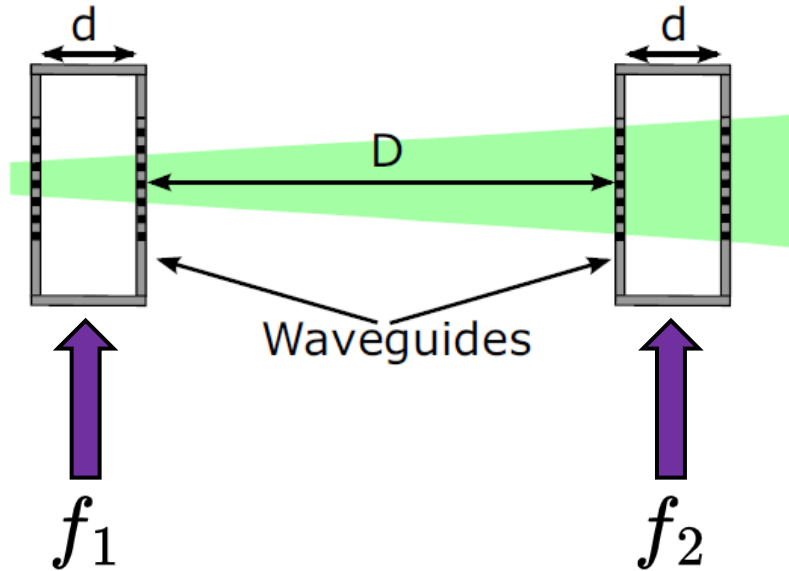
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Vutha & Hessels PRA **92** 052504 (2015)

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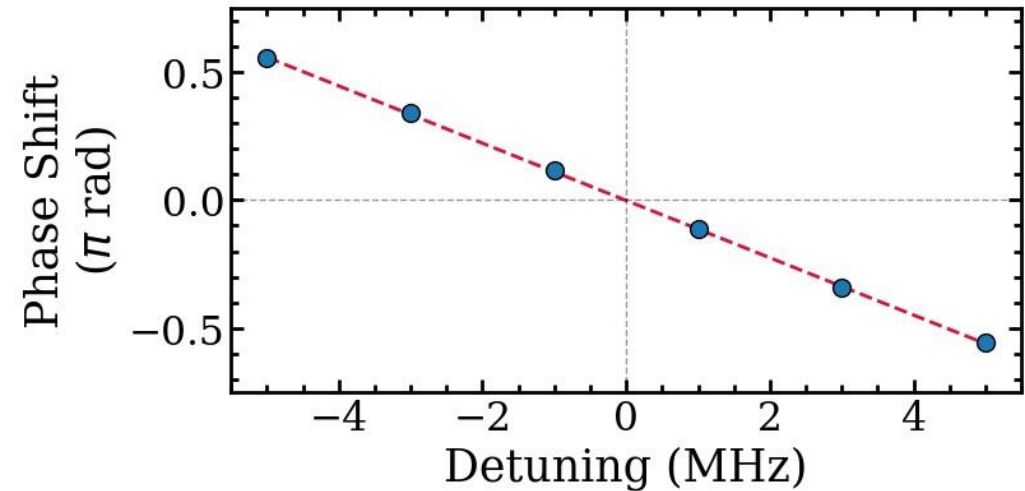
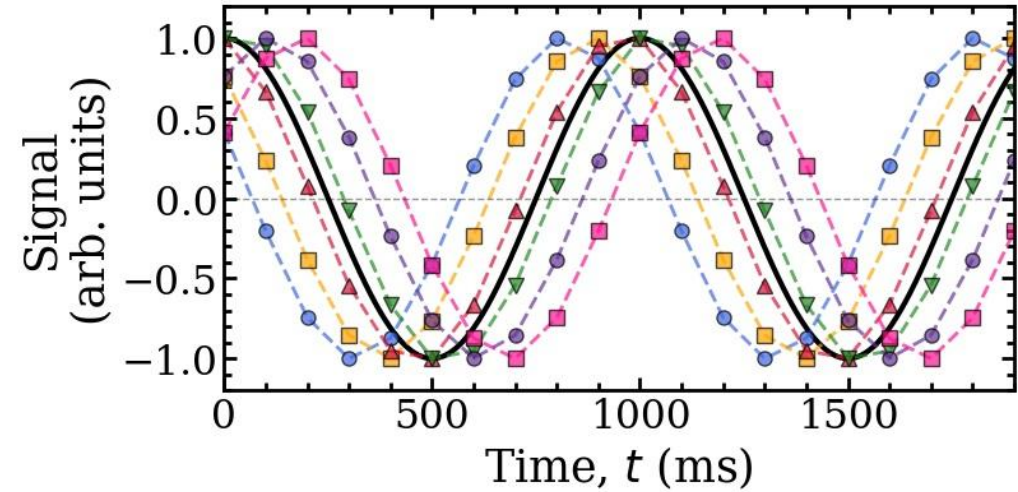


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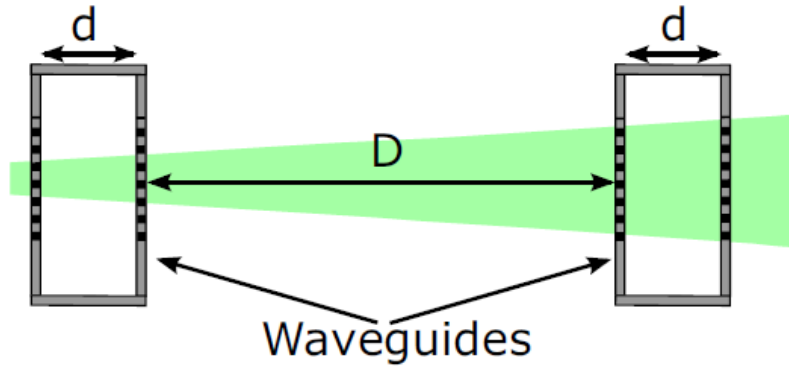
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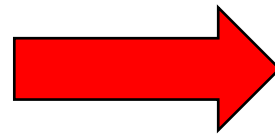
Vutha & Hessels PRA **92** 052504 (2015)



Separated Oscillatory Fields (SOF)

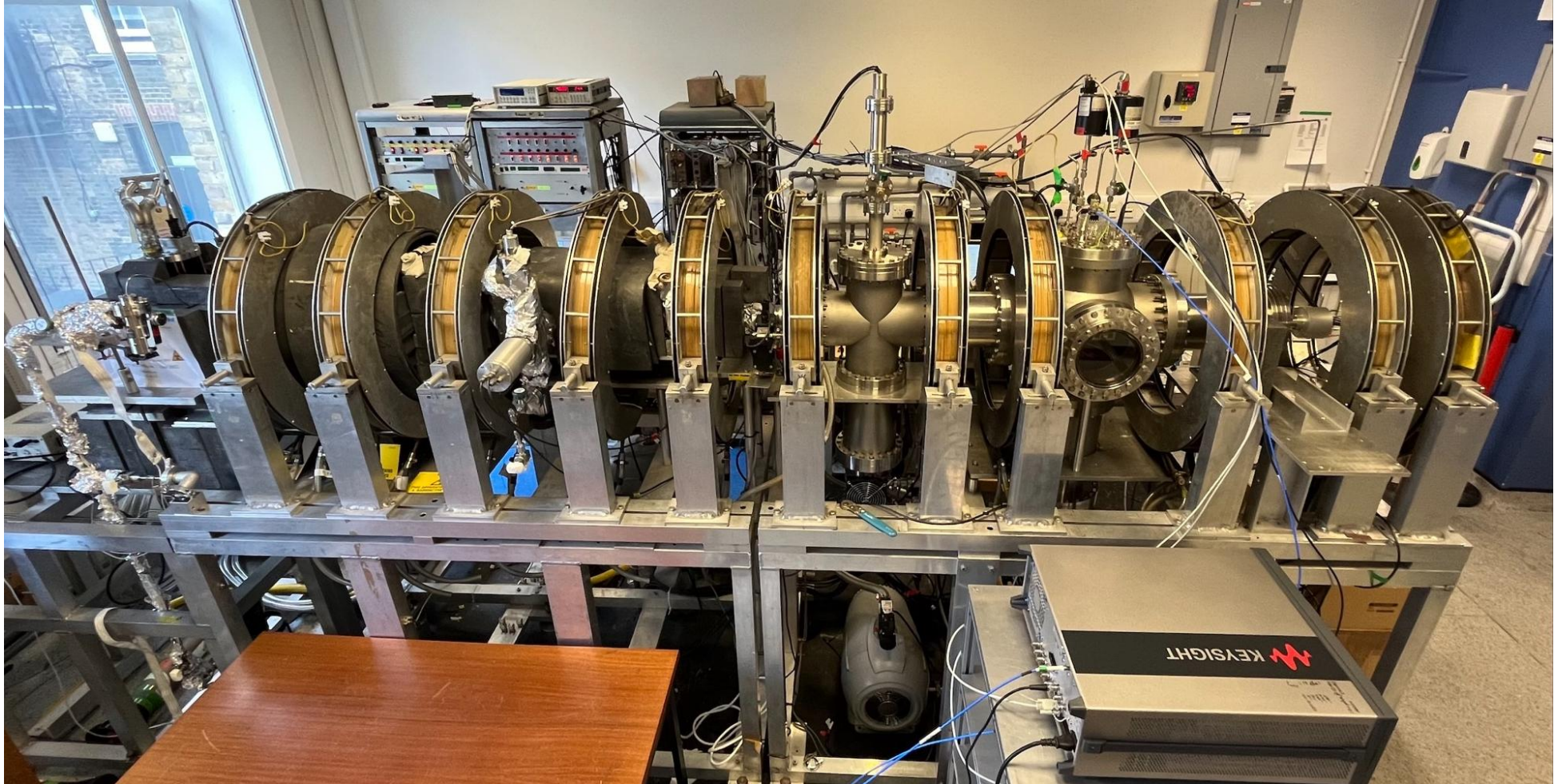


$$\tau_{\text{superposition}} \approx 3 \text{ ns}$$

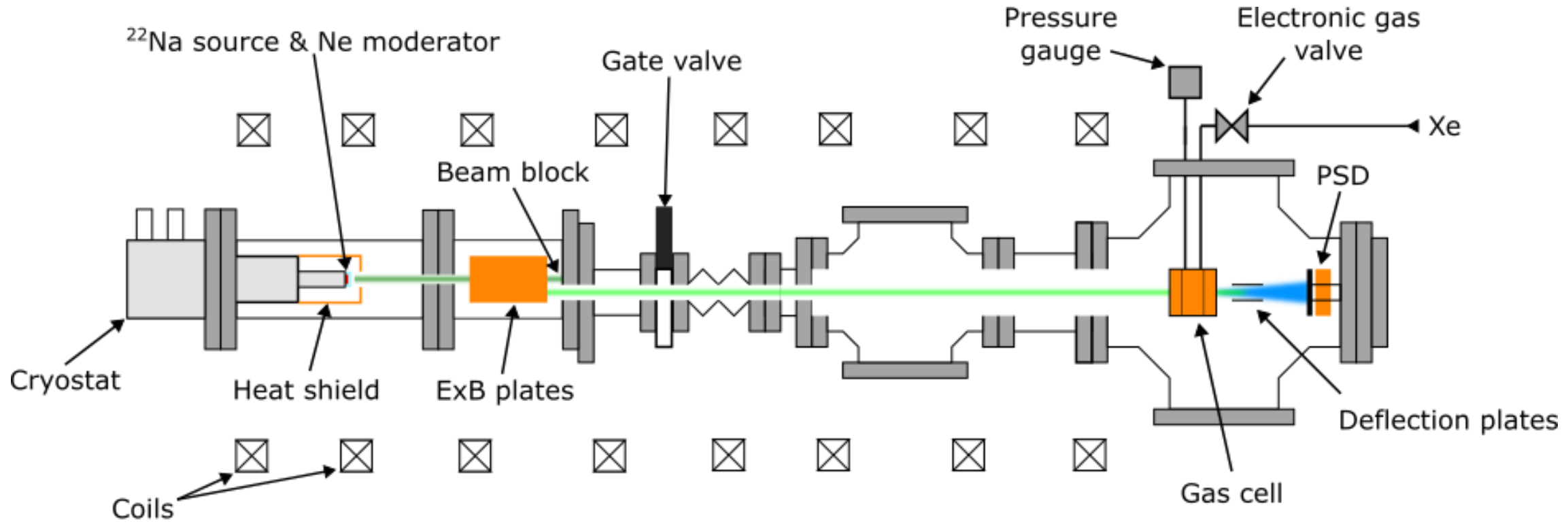


SOF methods require energetic (10-100 eV) beam of metastable (2^3S_1) positronium atoms

Experimental Setup

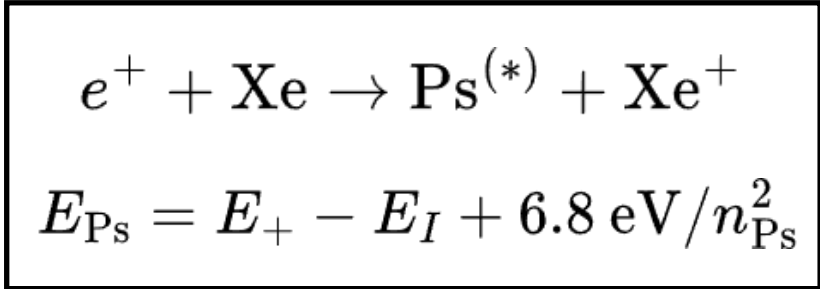


Experimental Setup



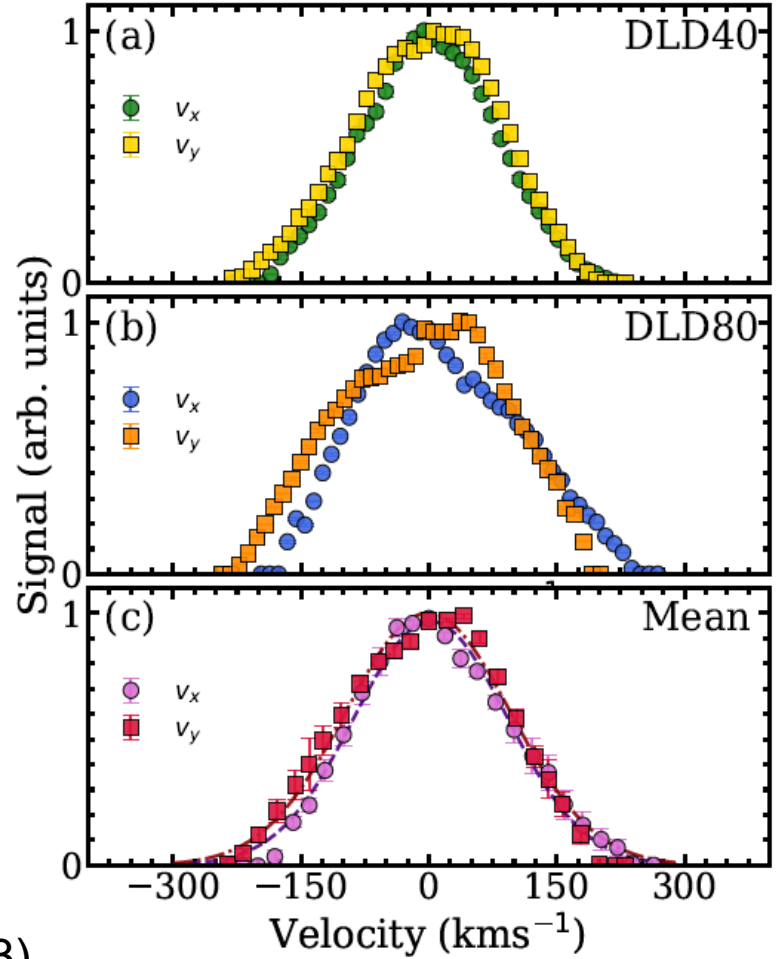
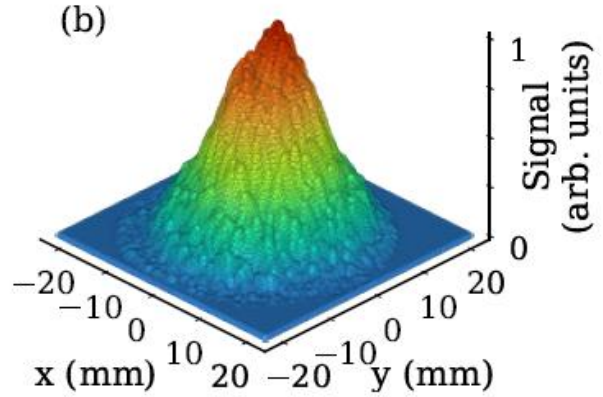
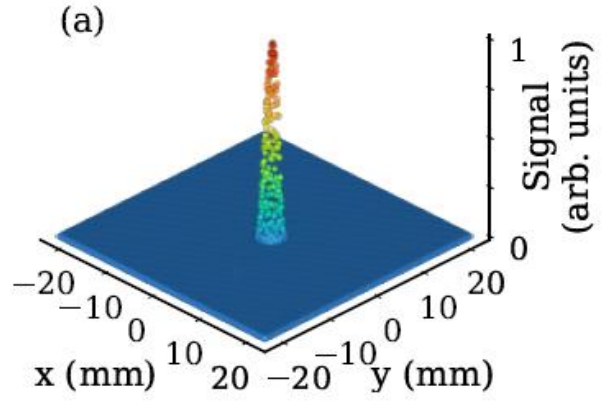
D. M. Newson *et al.* RSI **94** 083201 (2023)

Ps Beam Characterisation



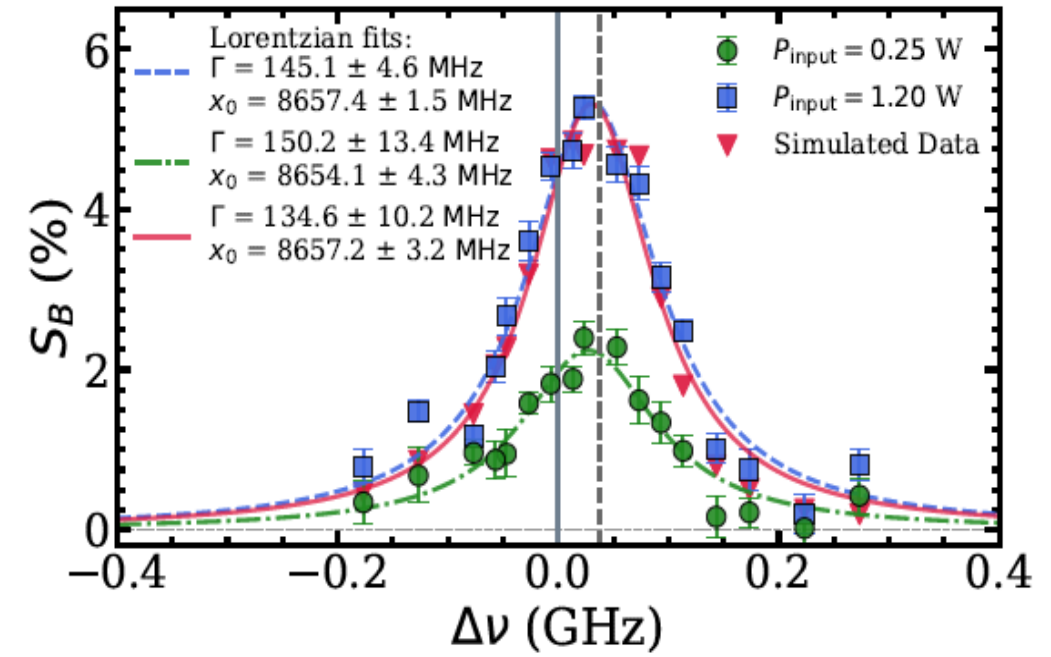
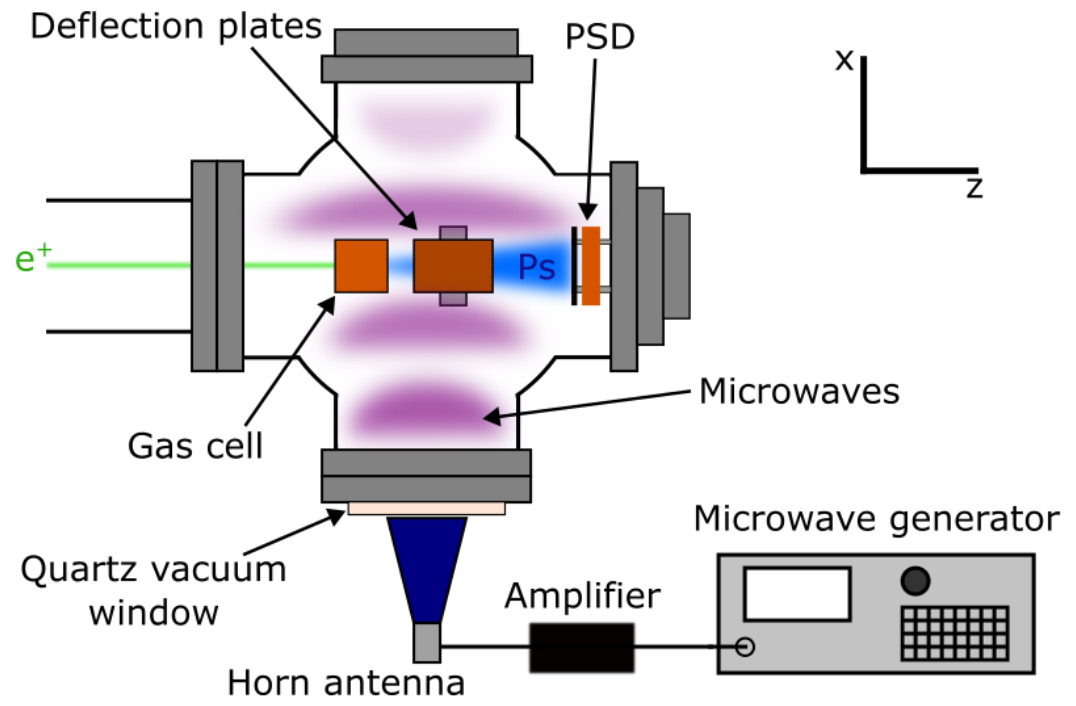
Velocity of Ps beam can be determined, with the assumptions:

- (i) $v_{\parallel} \approx \sqrt{E_{Ps}/m_e}$
- (ii) Spatial distribution is symmetric about centre



D. M. Newson *et al.* RSI **94** 083201 (2023)

Ps* Beam Characterisation

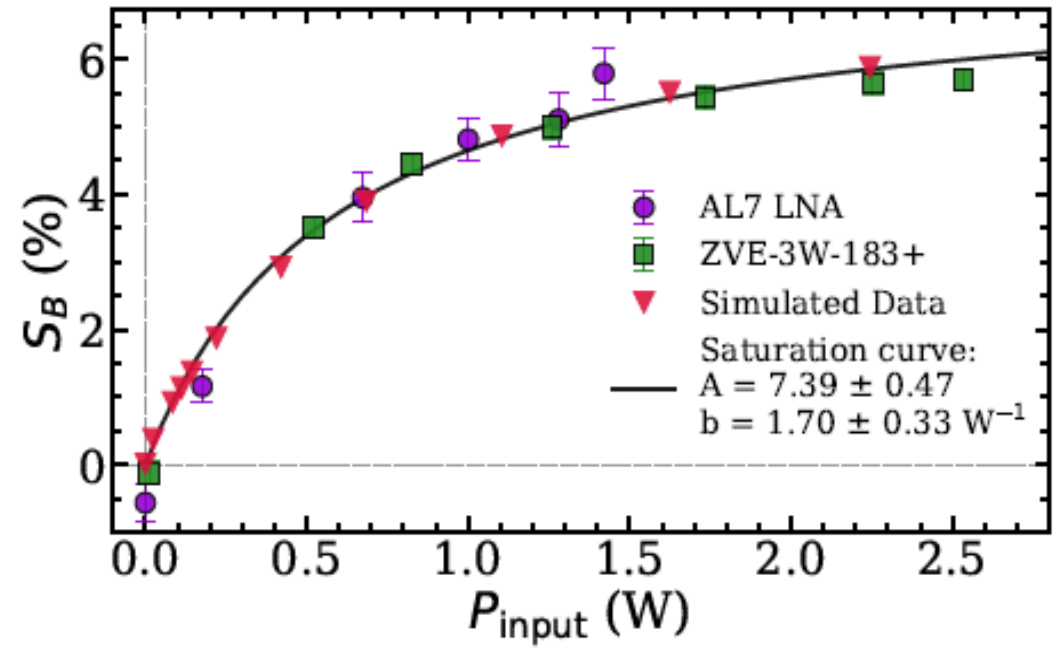
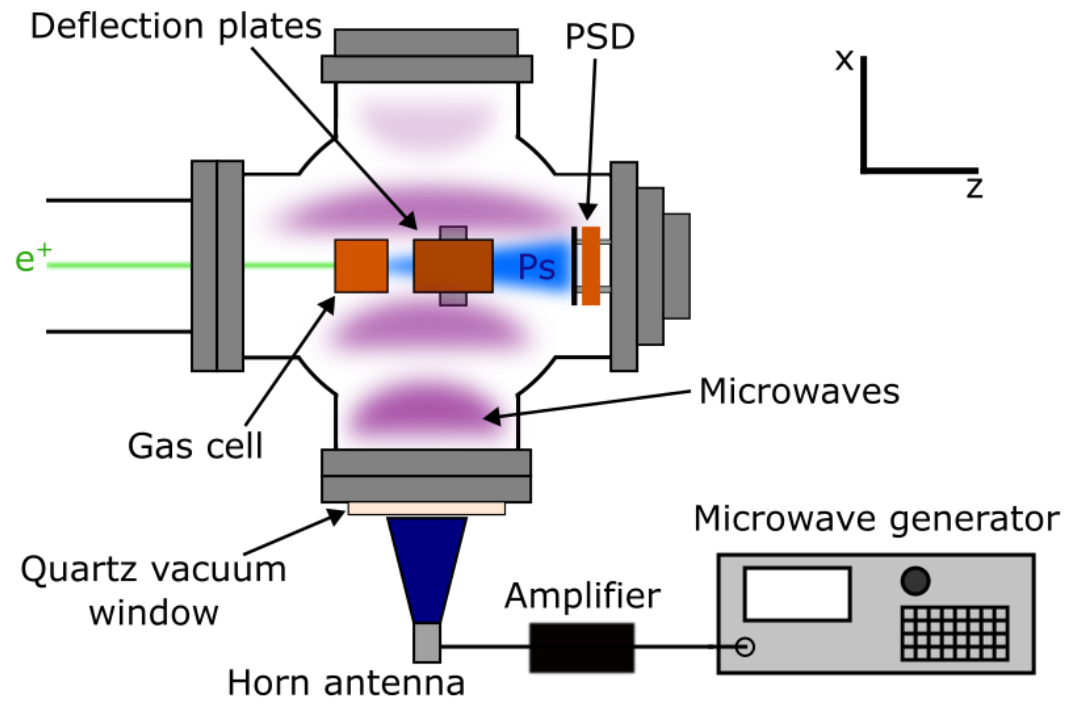


$$S_B = \frac{S_{\text{OFF}} - S_{\text{ON}}}{S_{\text{OFF}}}$$

S_{OFF} : microwaves off
 S_{ON} : microwaves on

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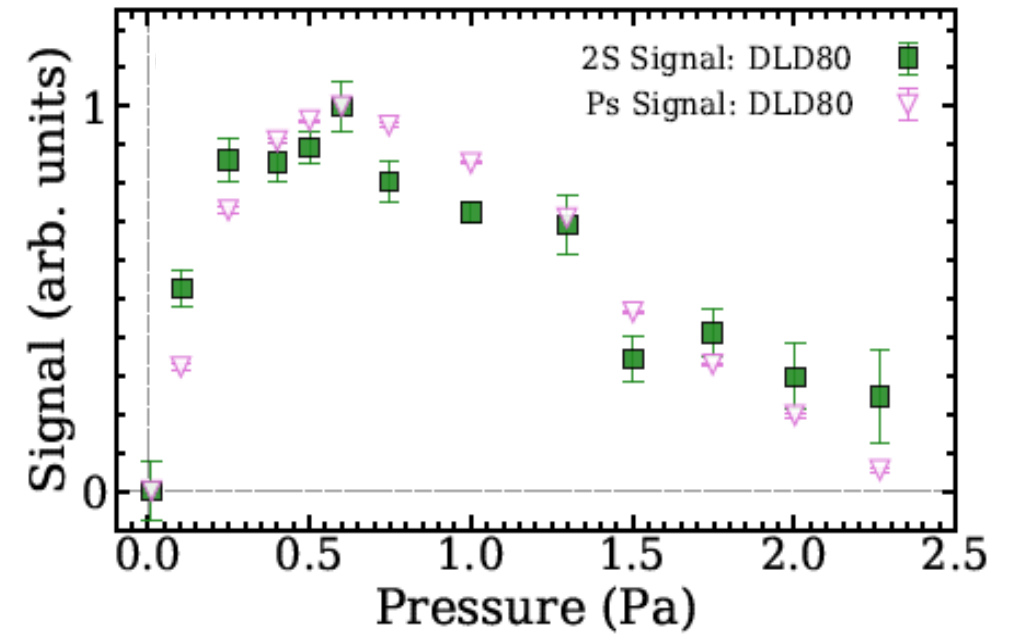
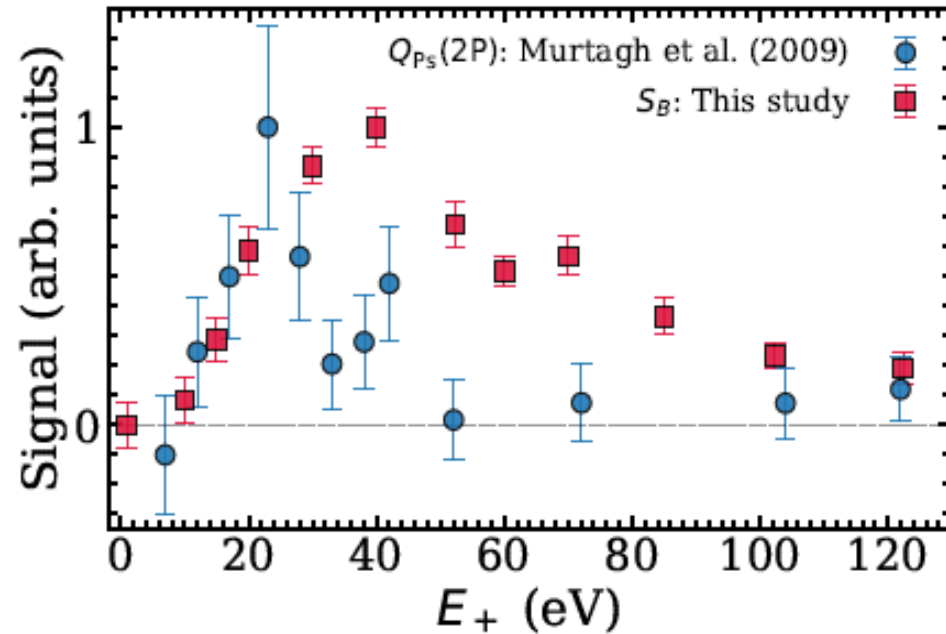


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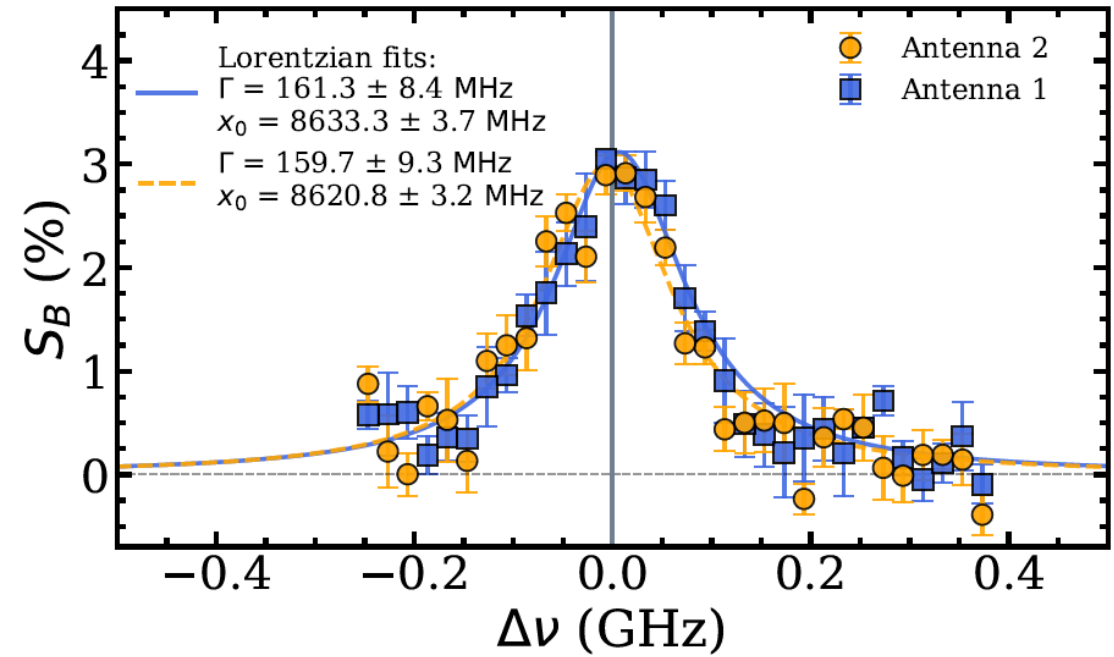
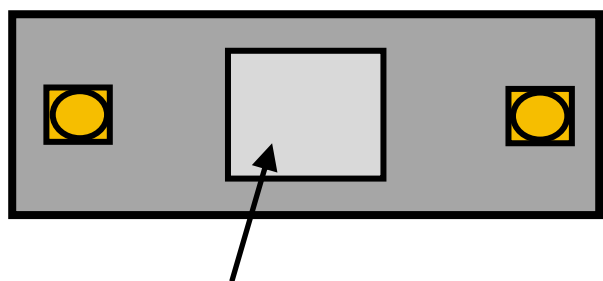
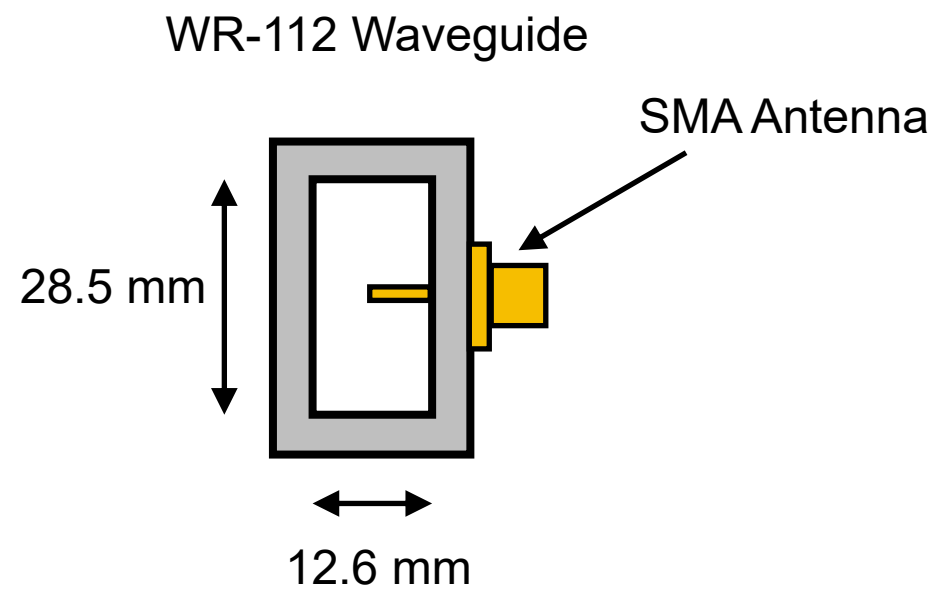


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D. M. Newson *et al.* RSI **94** 083201 (2023)

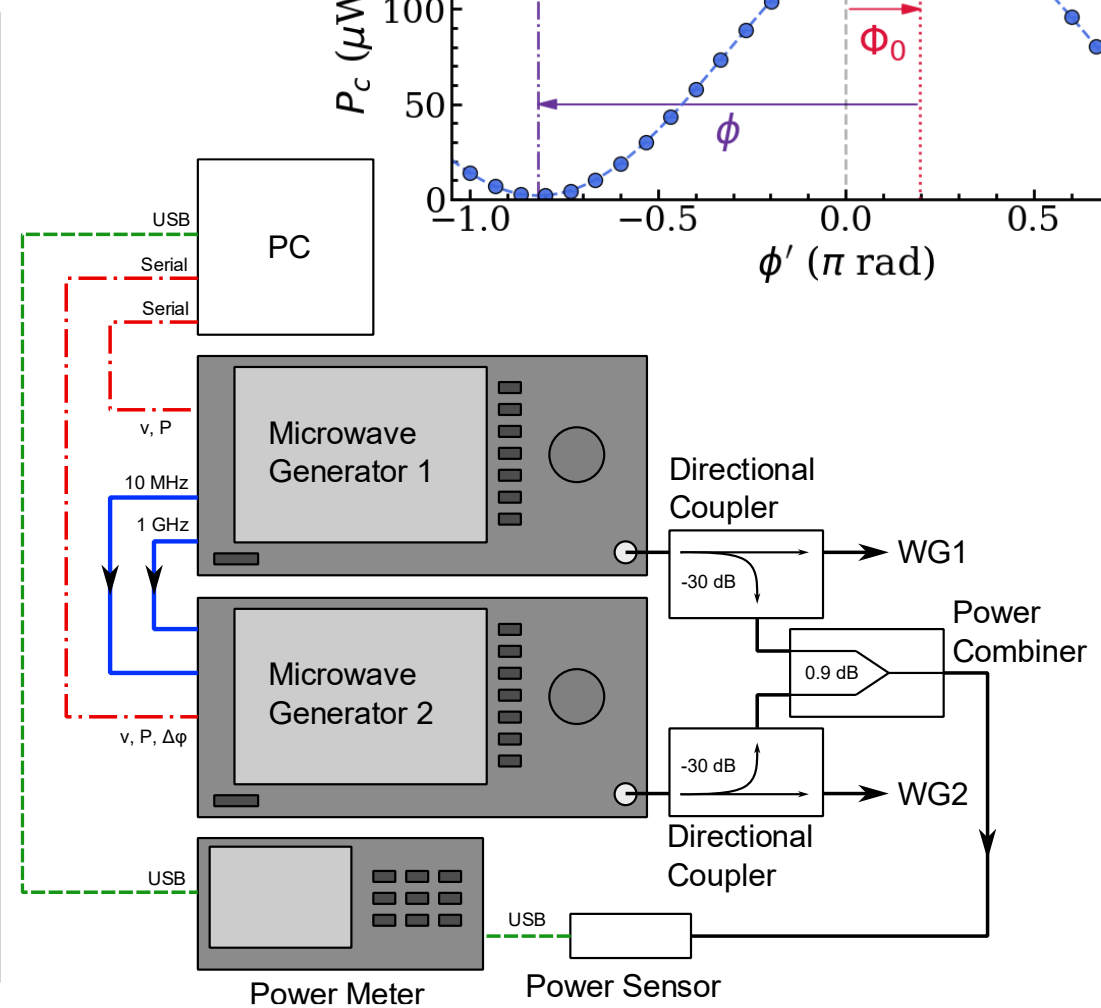
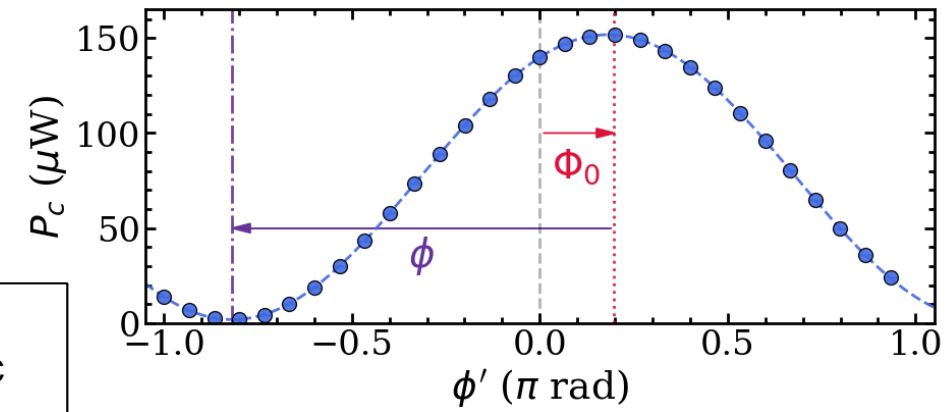
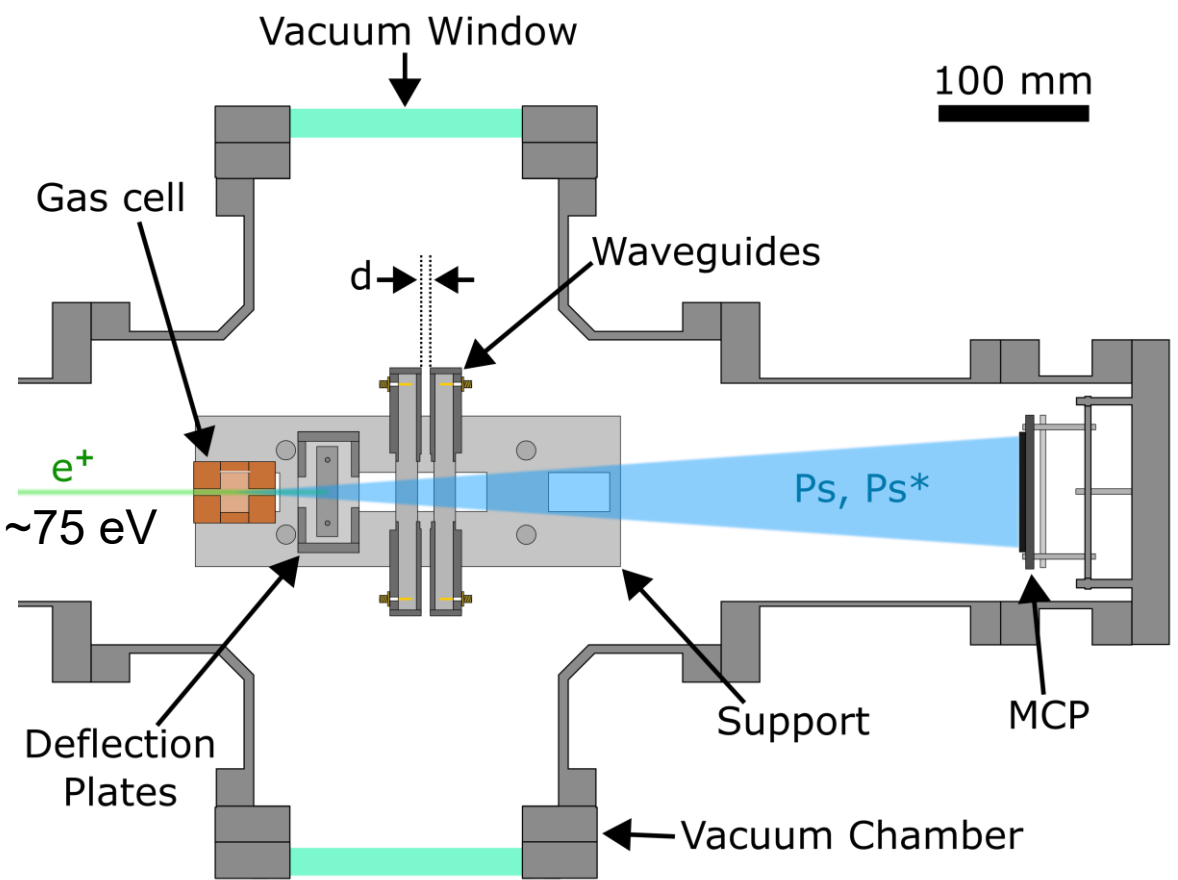
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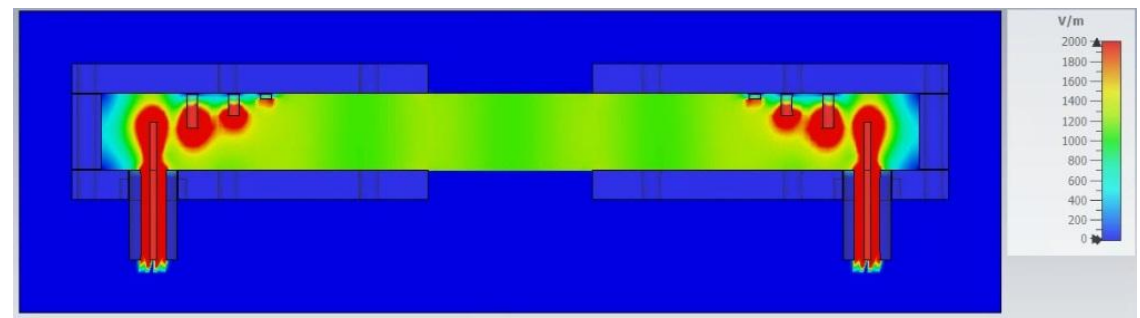
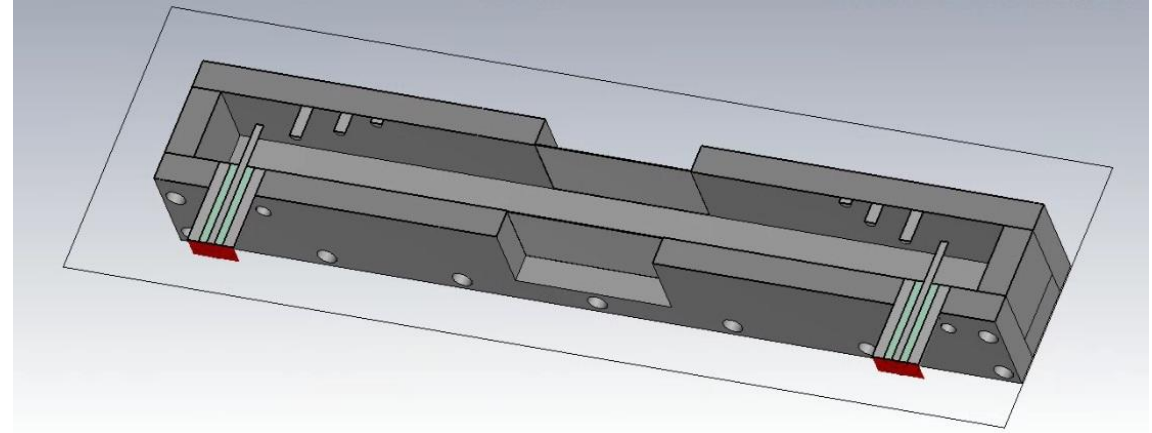
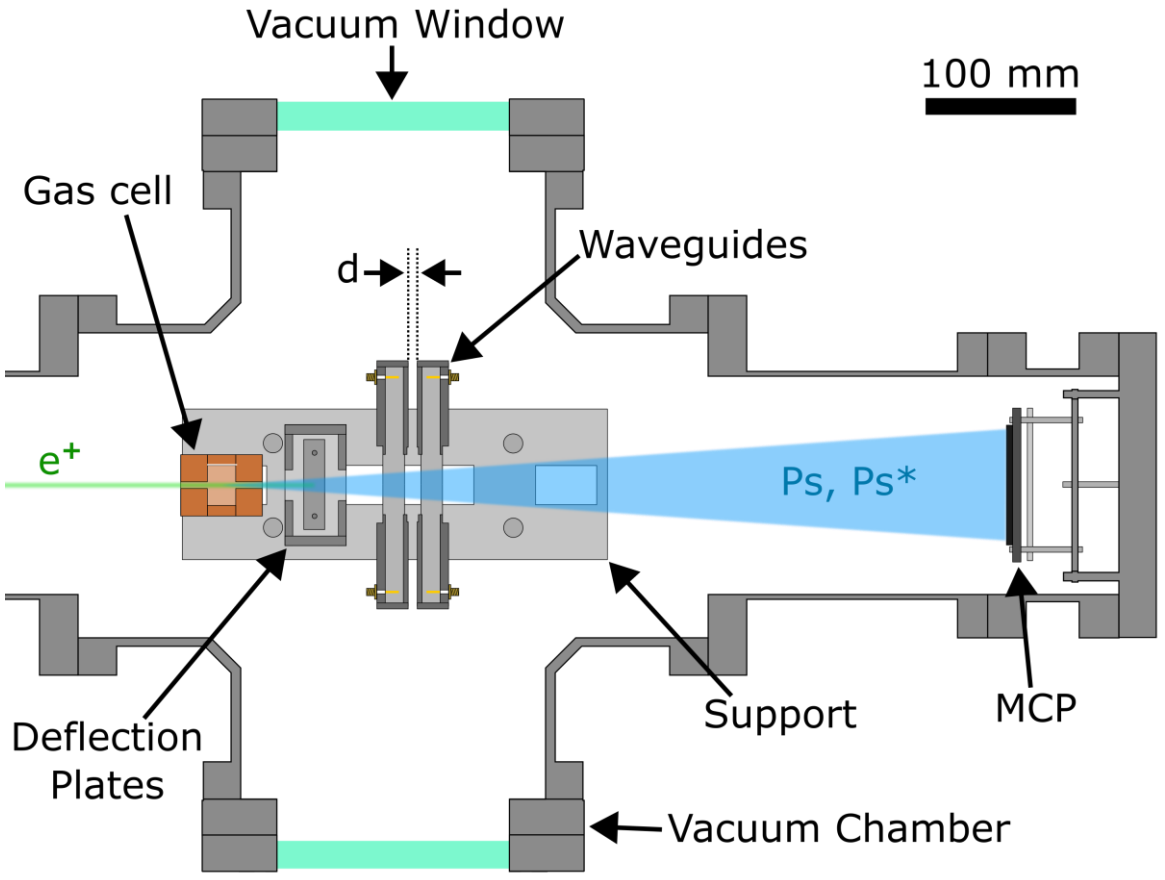
$$\nu_2 = 8626.05 \pm 2.65 \text{ MHz}$$

D. M. Newson *et al.* RSI **94** 083201 (2023)

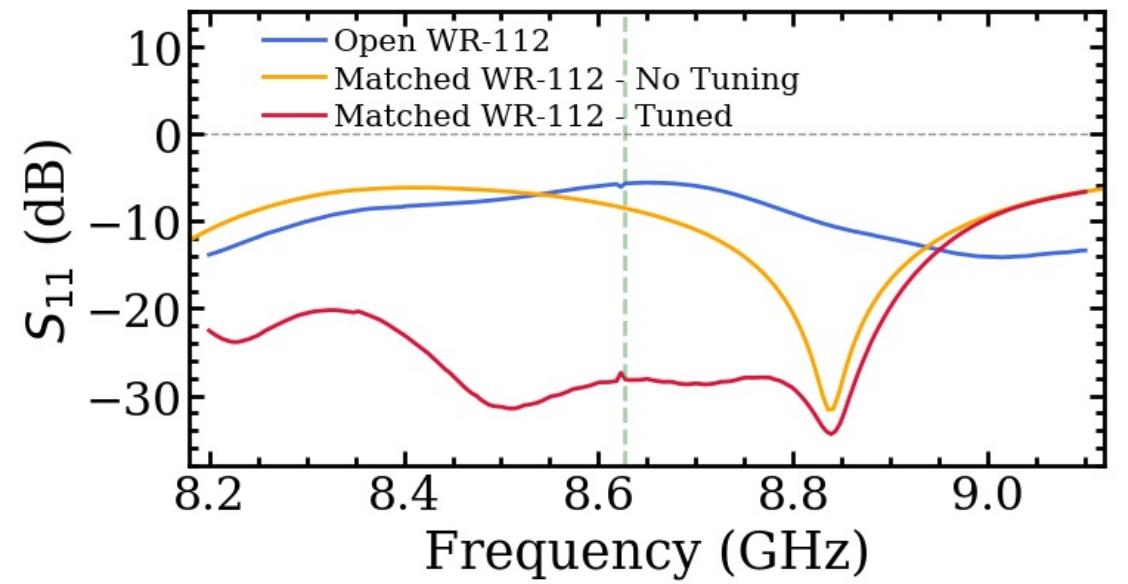
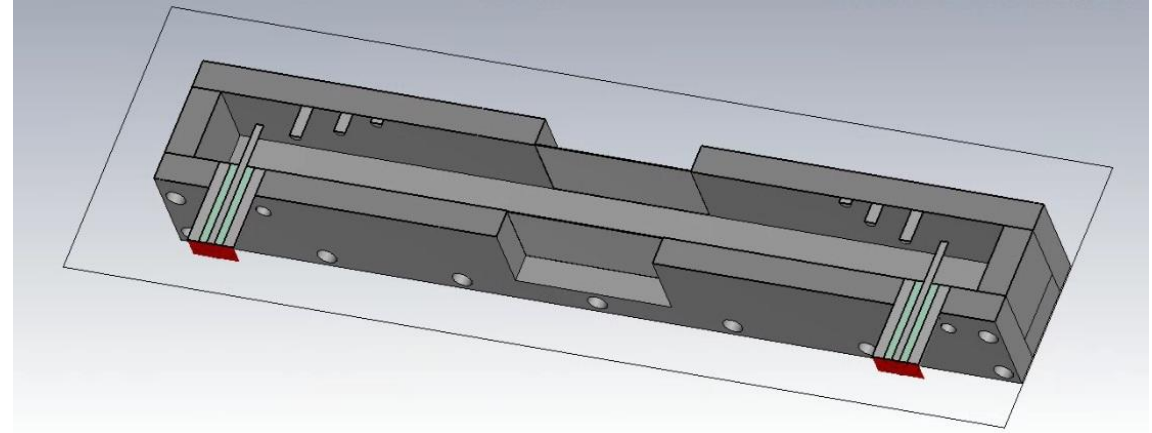
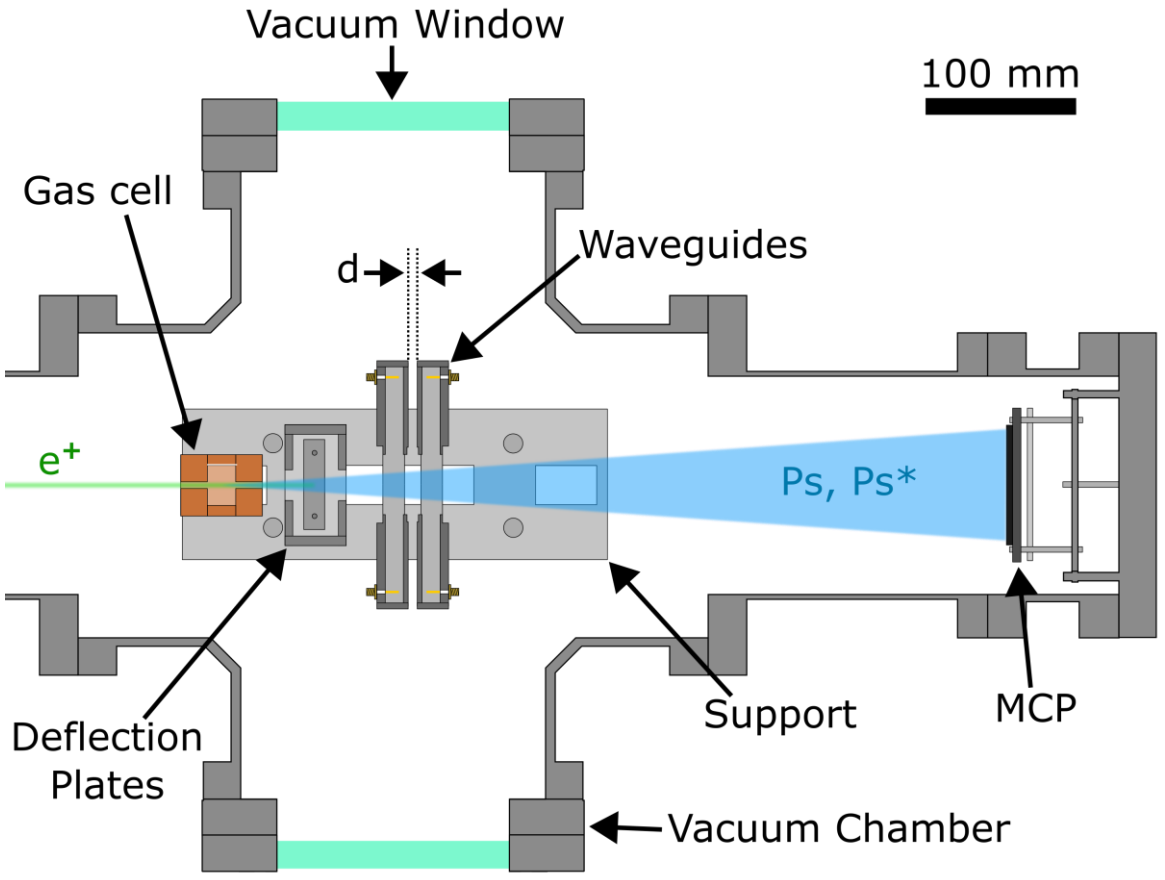
Experimental Setup - PVSOF



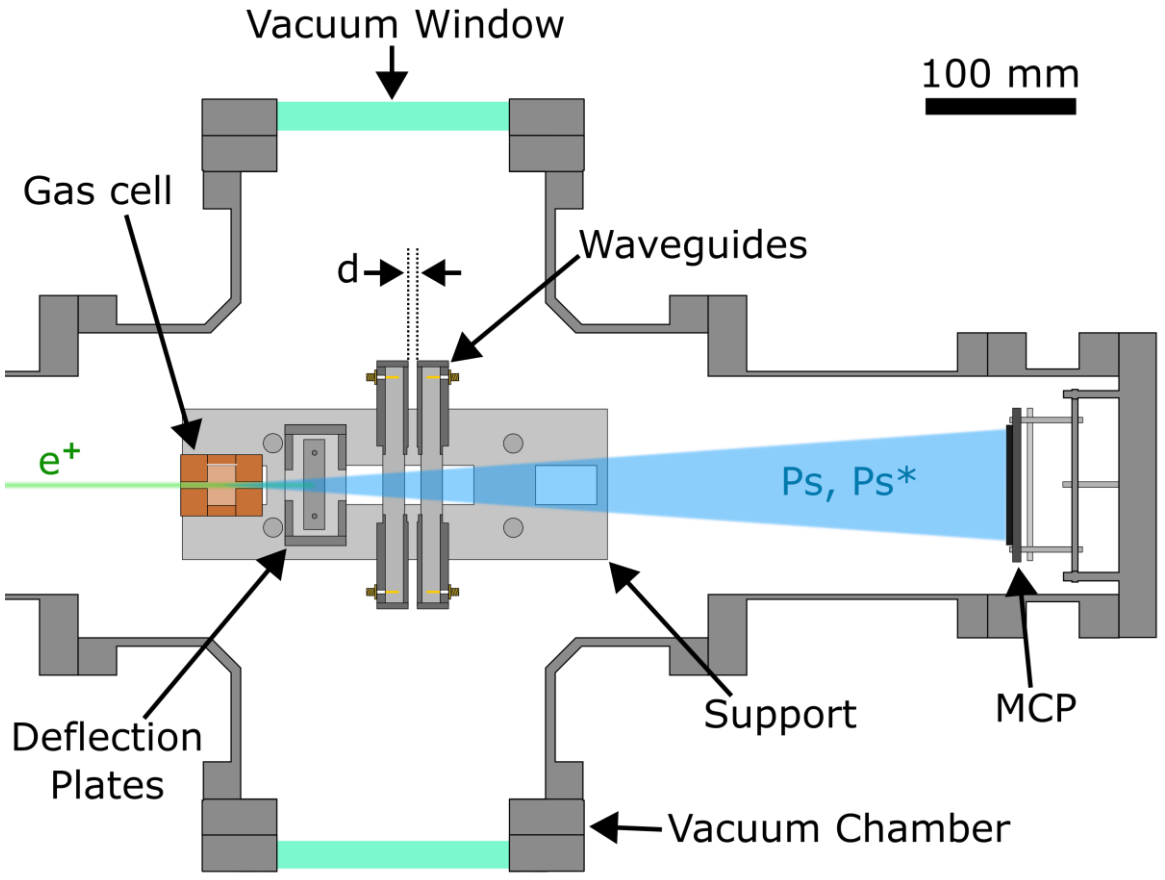
Experimental Setup - Waveguides



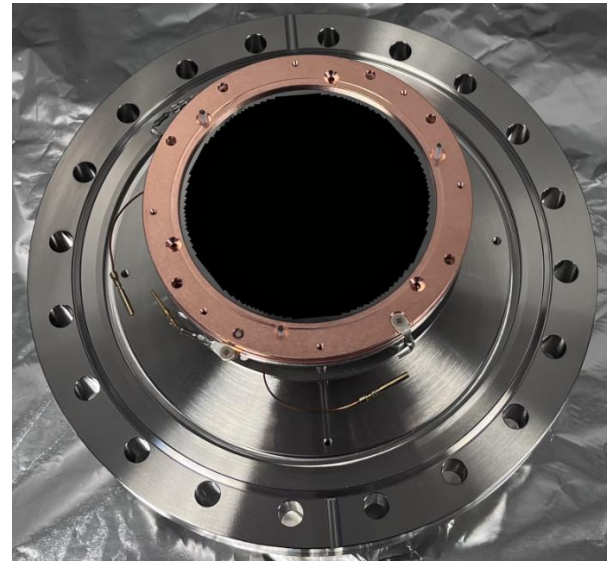
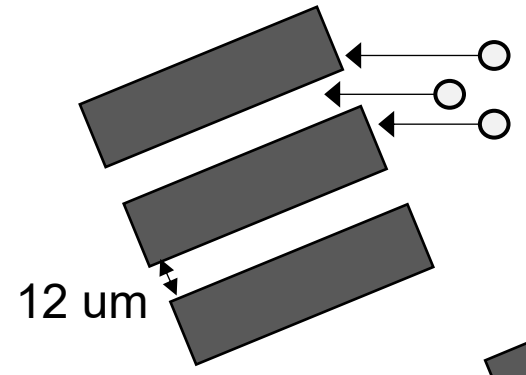
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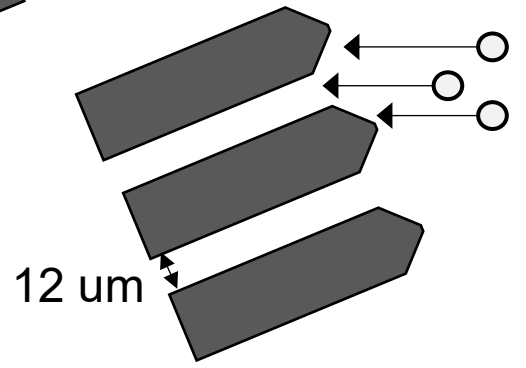
Experimental Setup – Funnelled MCP



Standard channels
open area ratio ~60 %



Funnelled channels ~90 %



Results - Phase Variation SOF

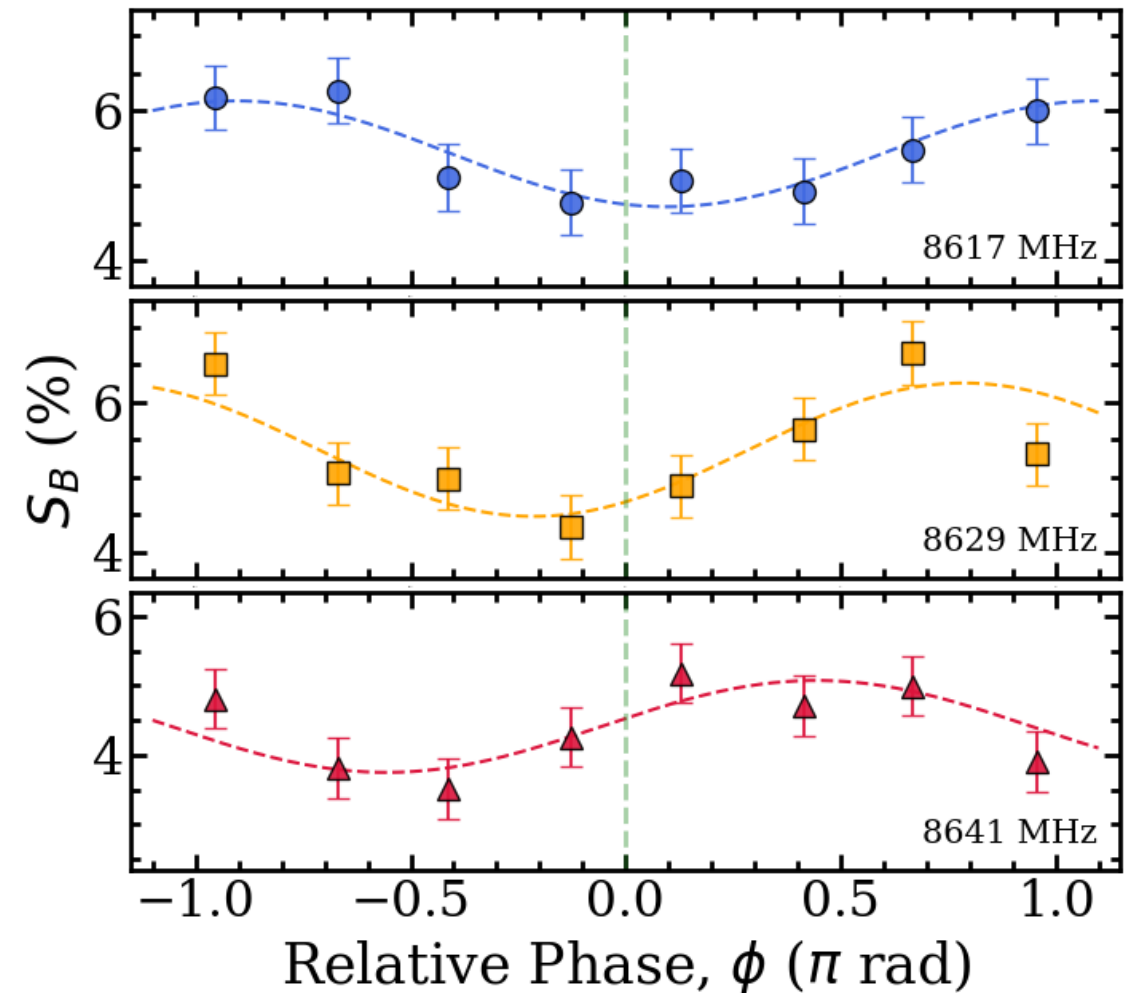
Measurement Sequence:

- Measure PSD signal with no gas in cell (background, 100 s)
- Set gas cell pressure, frequency, power & relative phase offset
- Record PSD signal with microwaves on (600 s)
- Record PSD signal with microwaves off (600 s)

Results - Phase Variation SOF

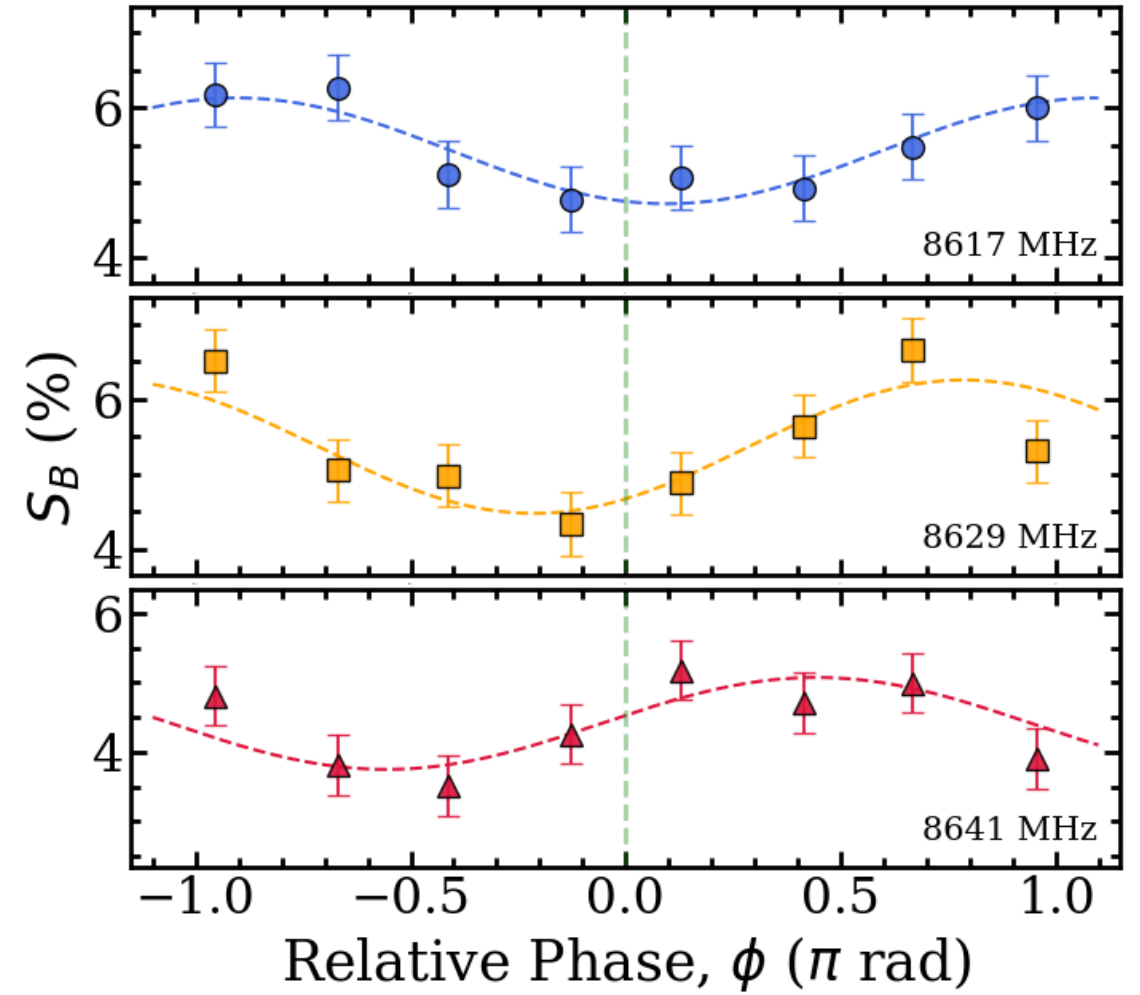
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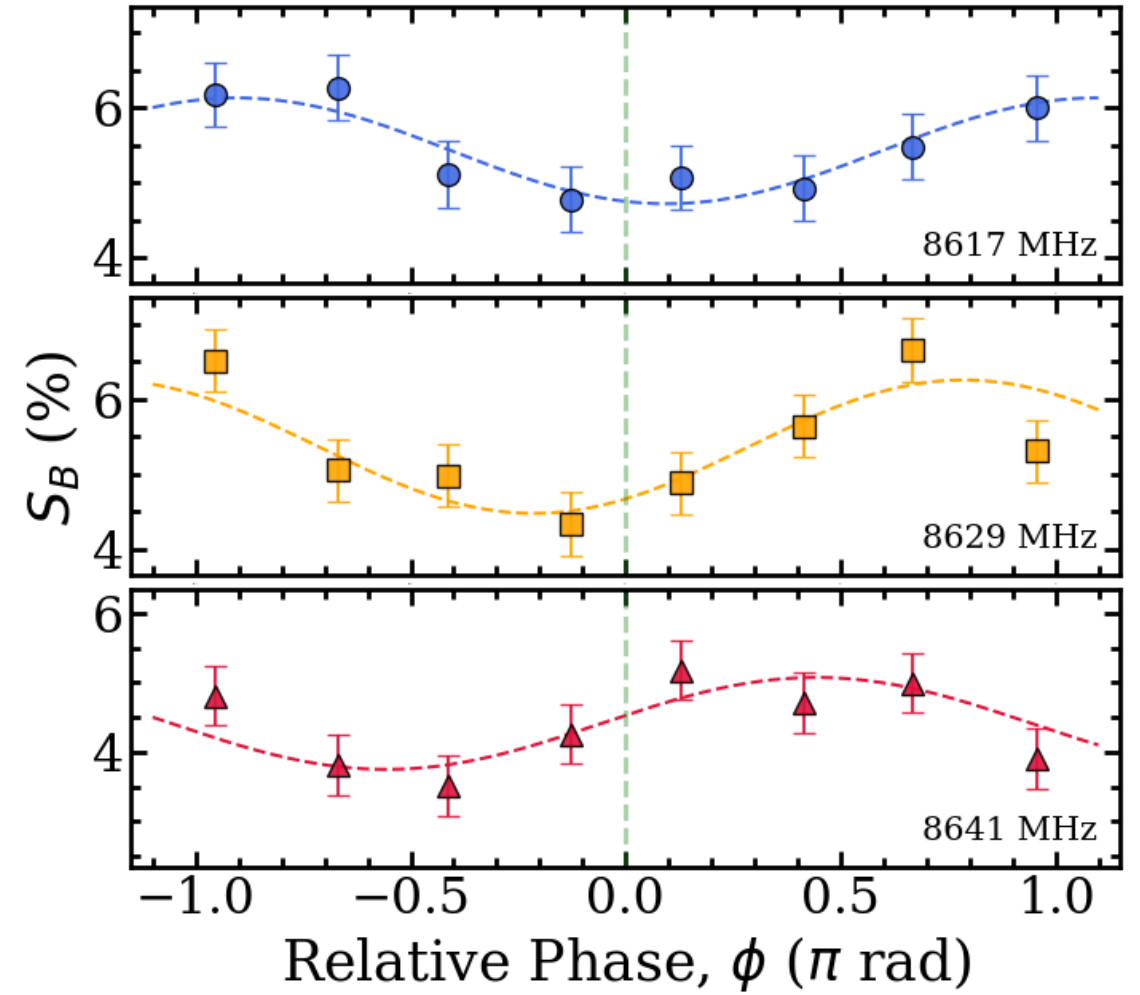
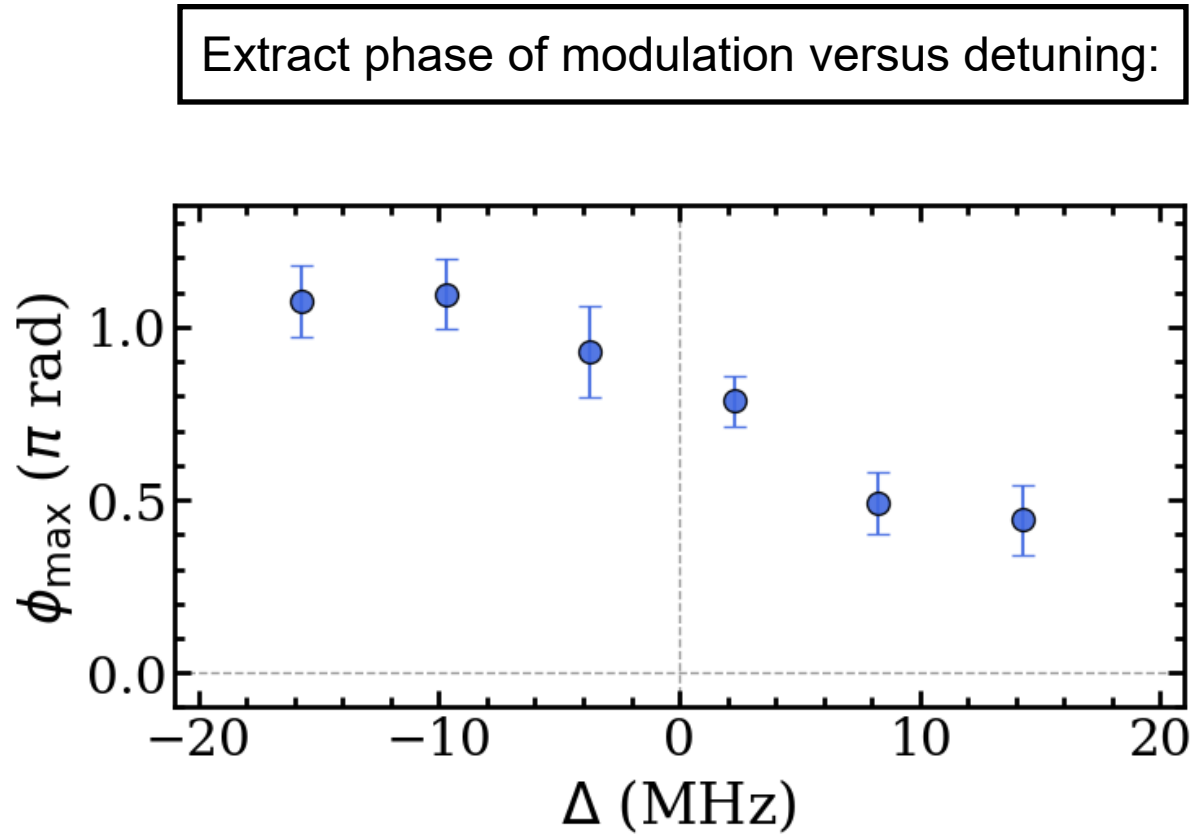


Results - Phase Variation SOF

Observation of Ps* interference signal

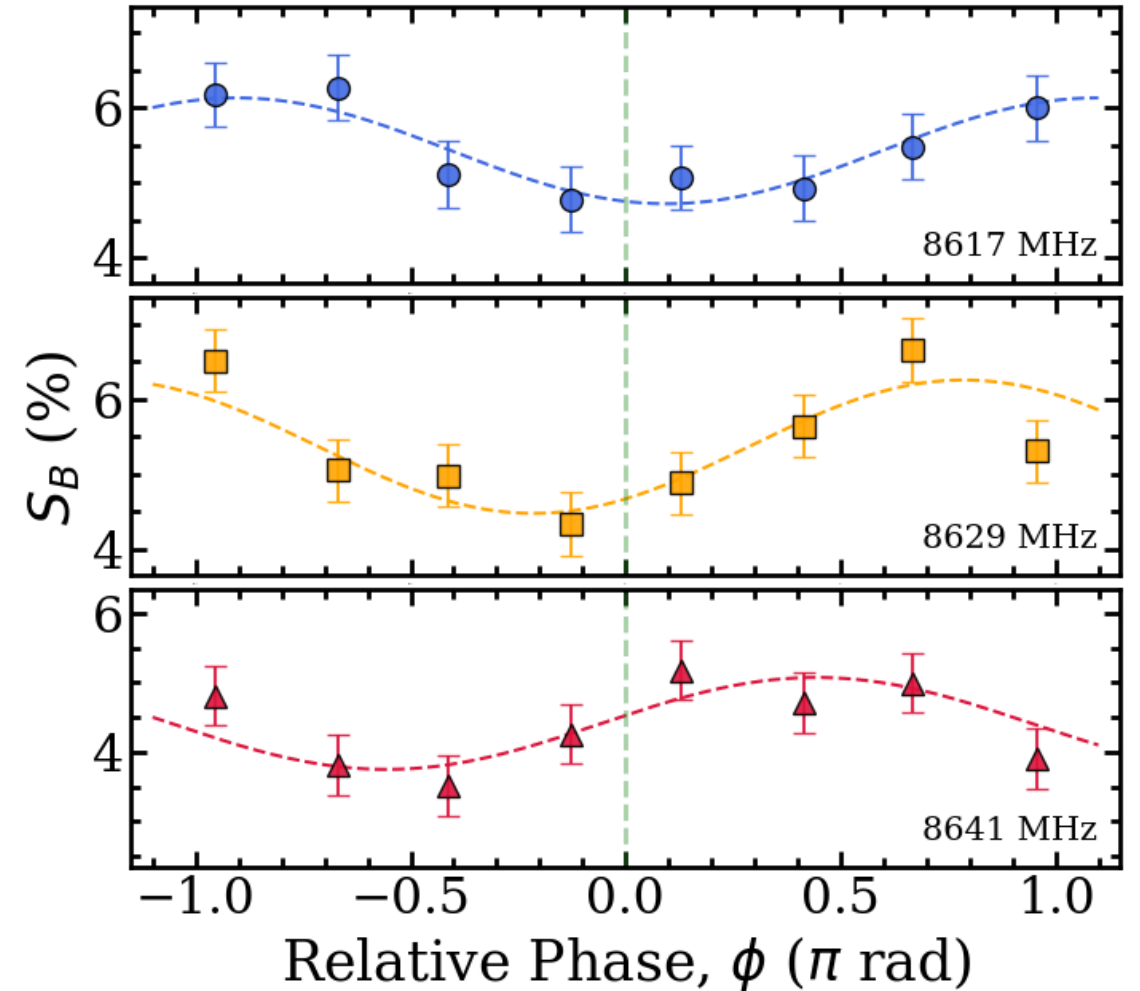
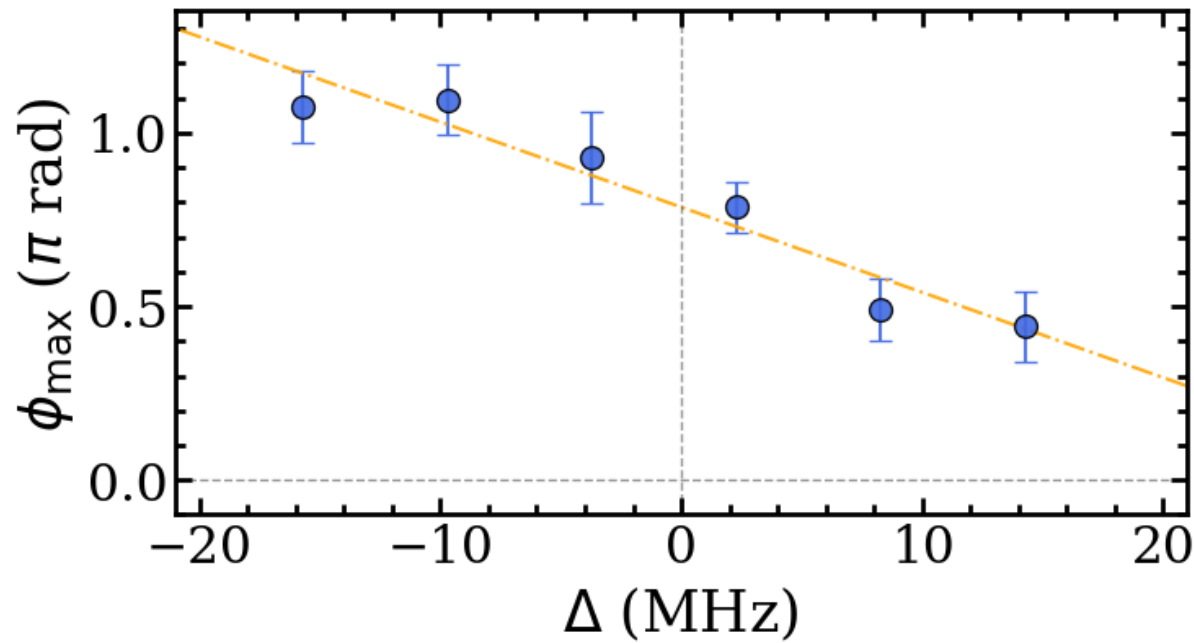


Results - Phase Variation SOF

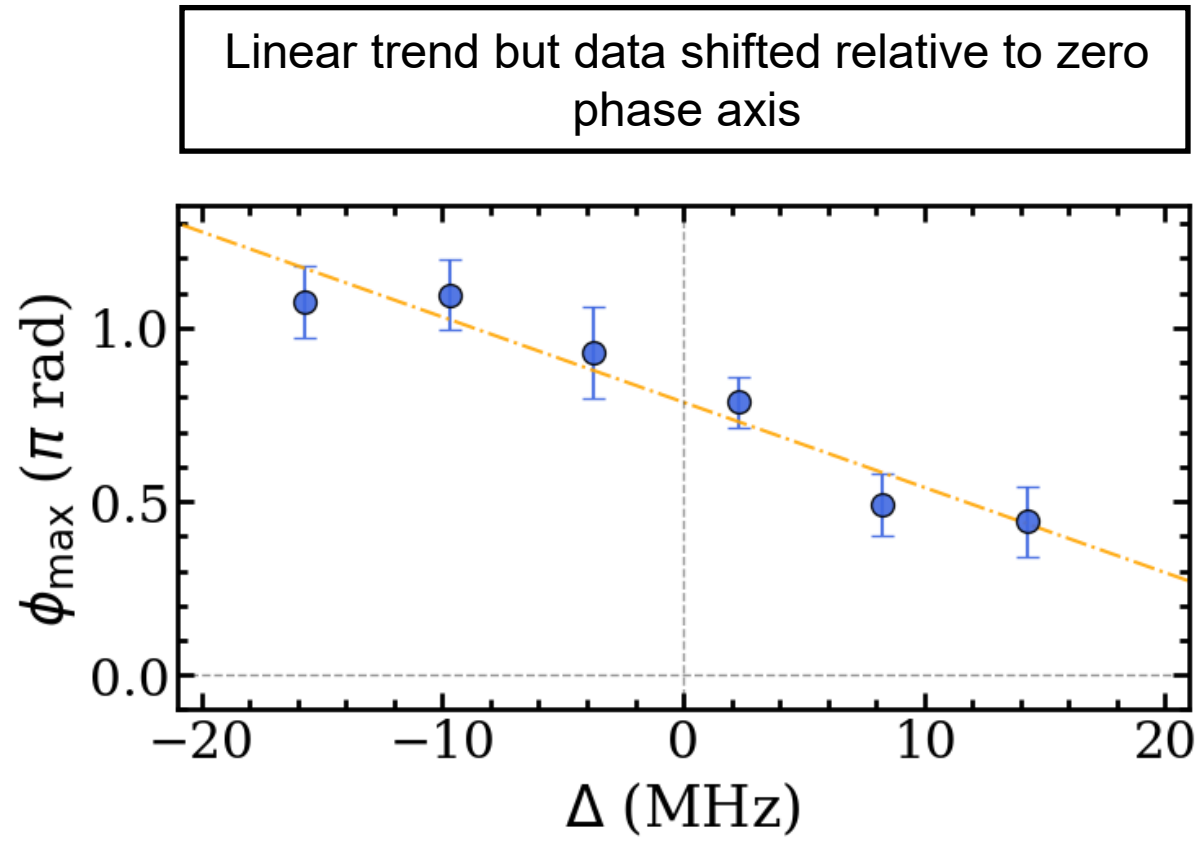


Results - Phase Variation SOF

Extract phase of modulation versus detuning:



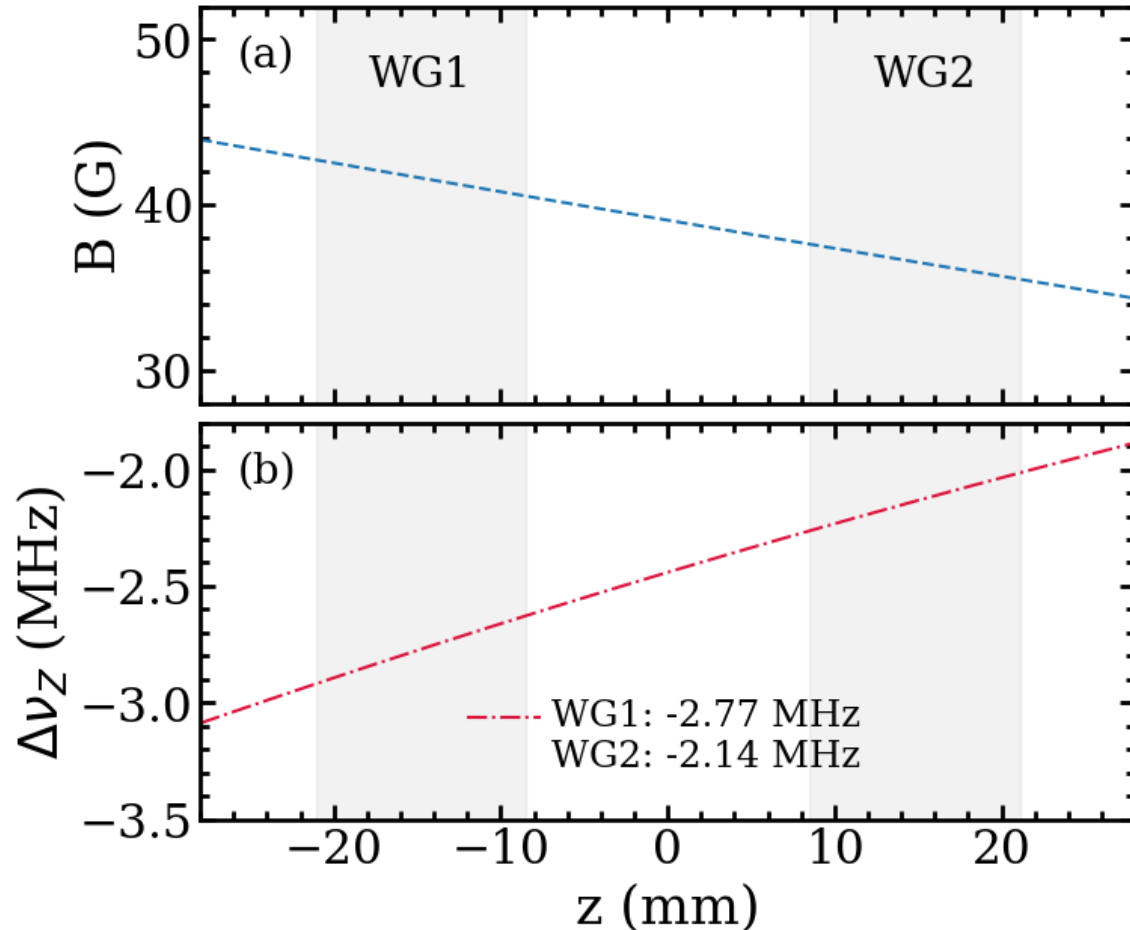
Systematic Effects



- Zeeman Shift
 - Residual positron guiding field

- Relative Phase Shifts of Driving Fields
 - Impedance differences from waveguide construction, cables etc.

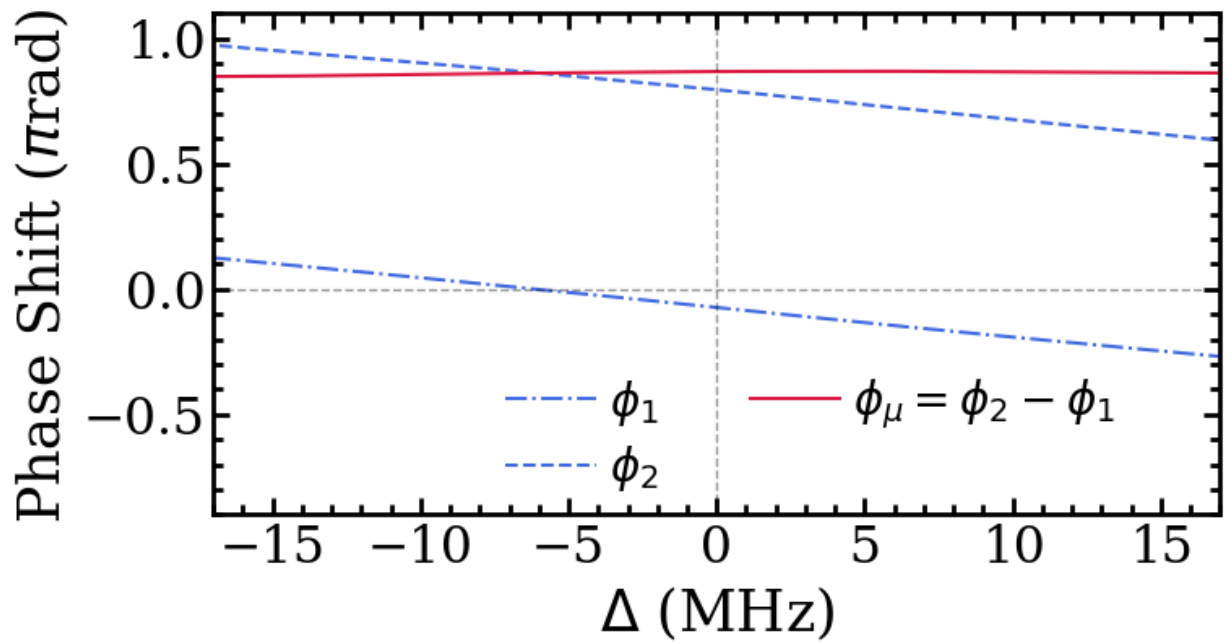
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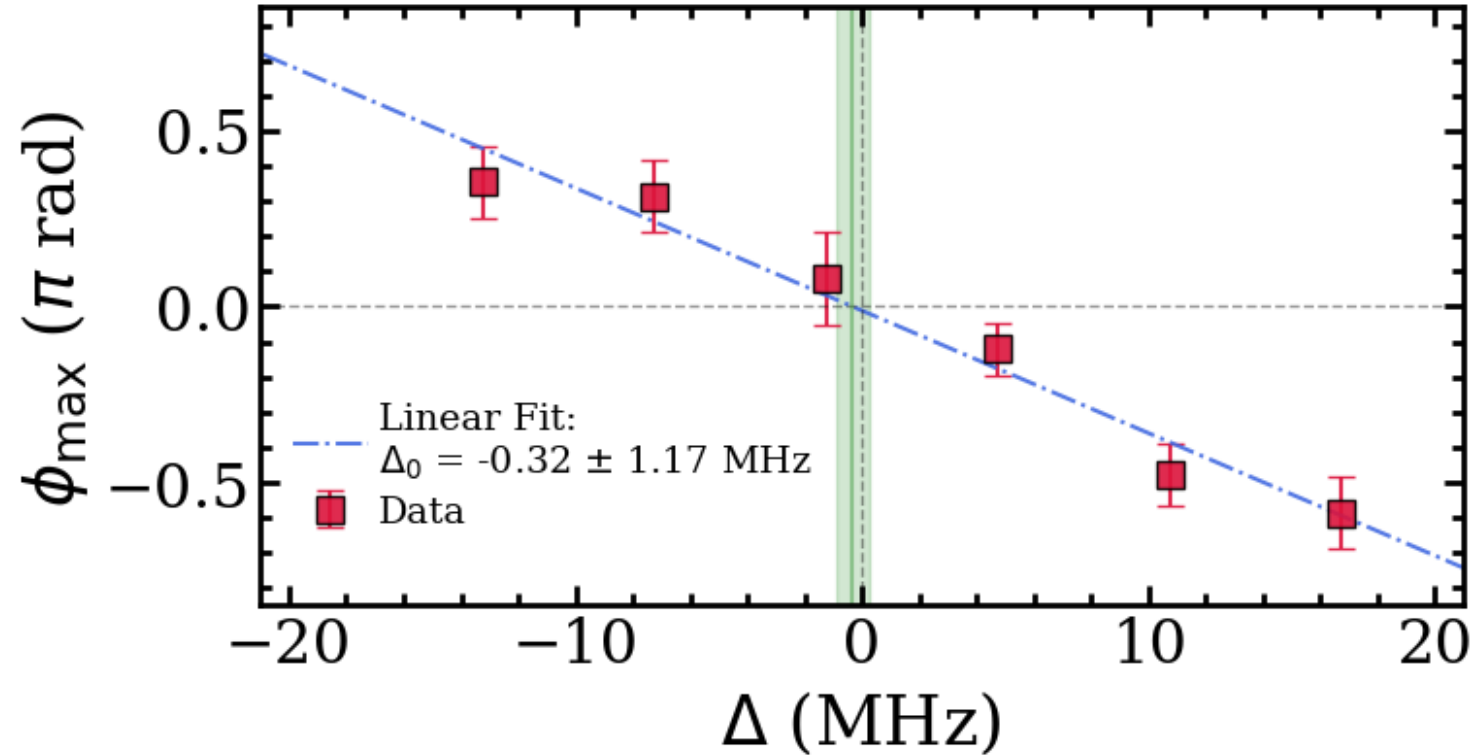
Systematic Effects

Measured phase shift of each waveguide port-to-port with VNA



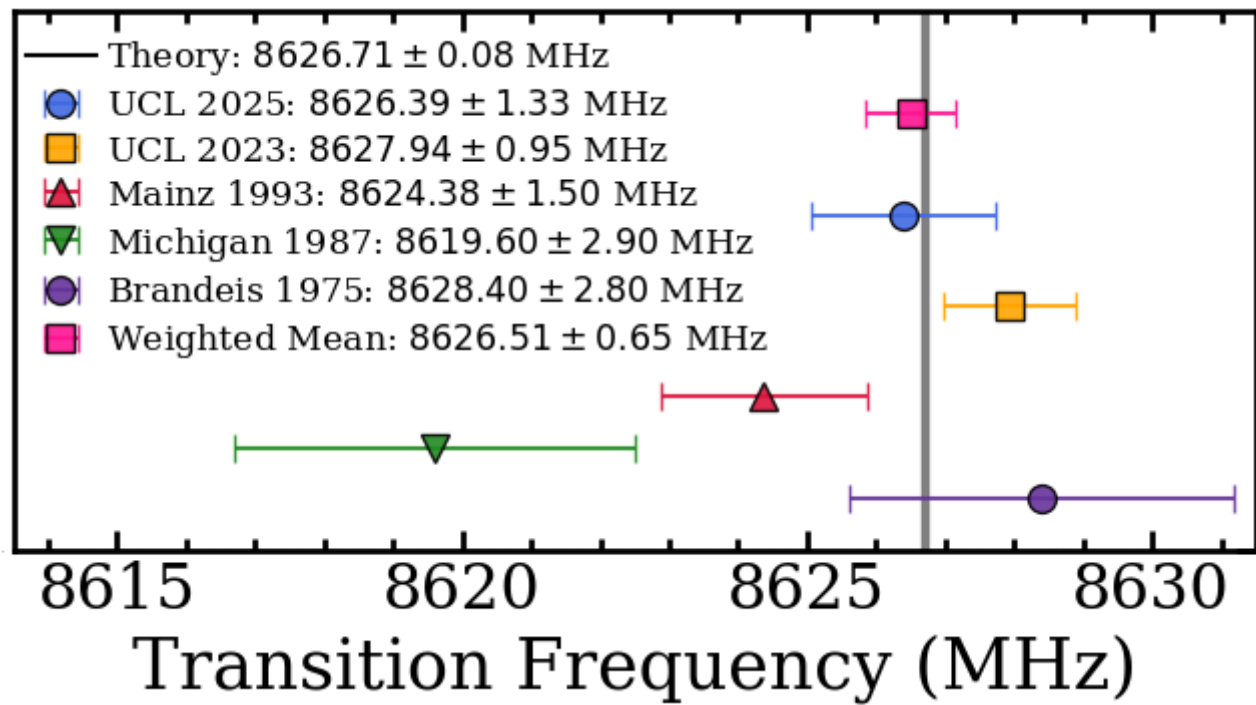
- Zeeman Shift
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Results - Phase Variation SOF



$$8626.39 \pm 1.17_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.80_{\text{sys}} \text{ MHz}$$

Results - Phase Variation SOF



$8626.39 \pm 1.17_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.80_{\text{sys}} \text{ MHz}$

Improvements

- Higher positron/Ps beam rate
- Doppler-free measurement
- Minimise/eliminate magnetic field

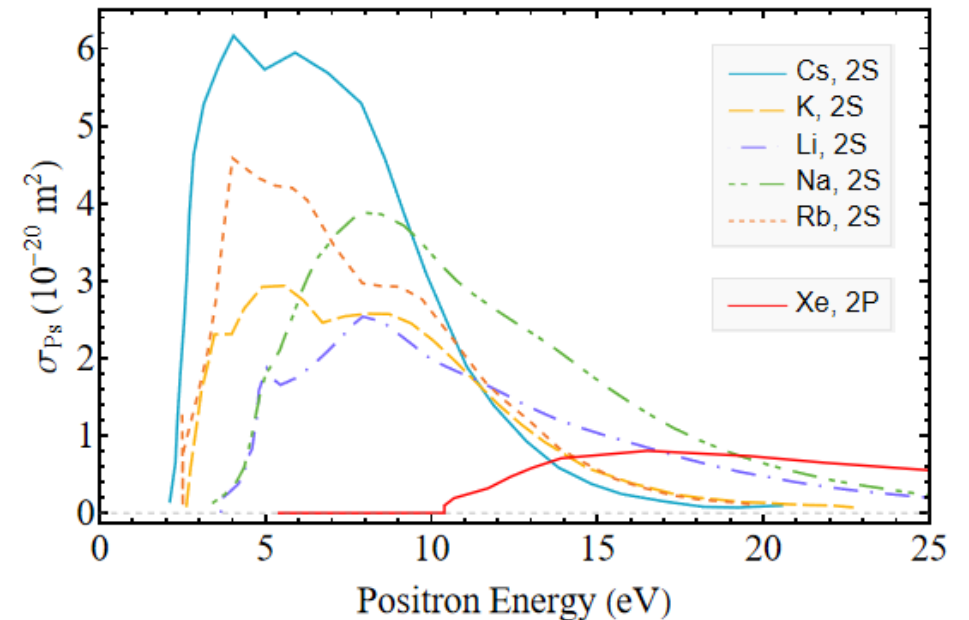
Improvements

- Higher positron/Ps beam rate
- Doppler-free measurement
- Minimise/eliminate magnetic field

Facility based positron beams:

- Reactor
- LINAC

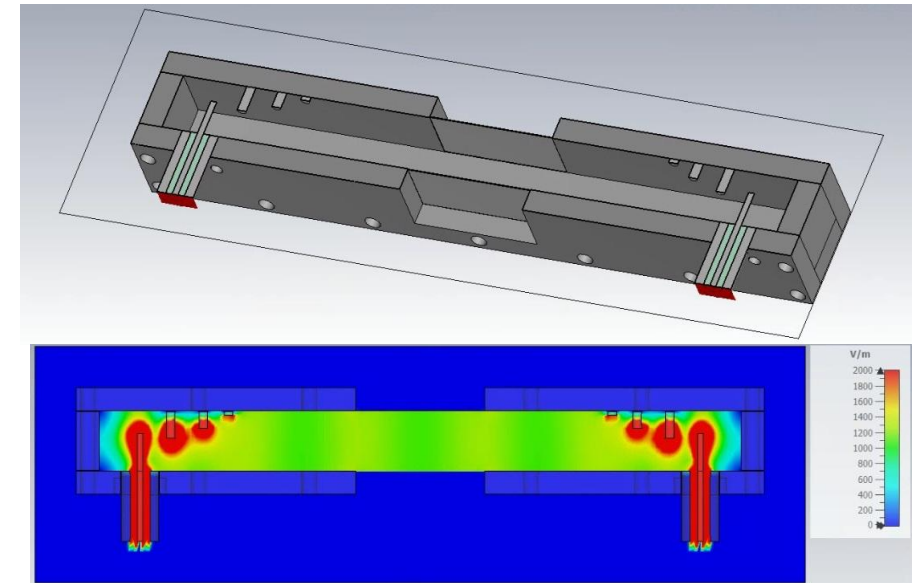
Improved Ps* production efficiencies:



Improvements

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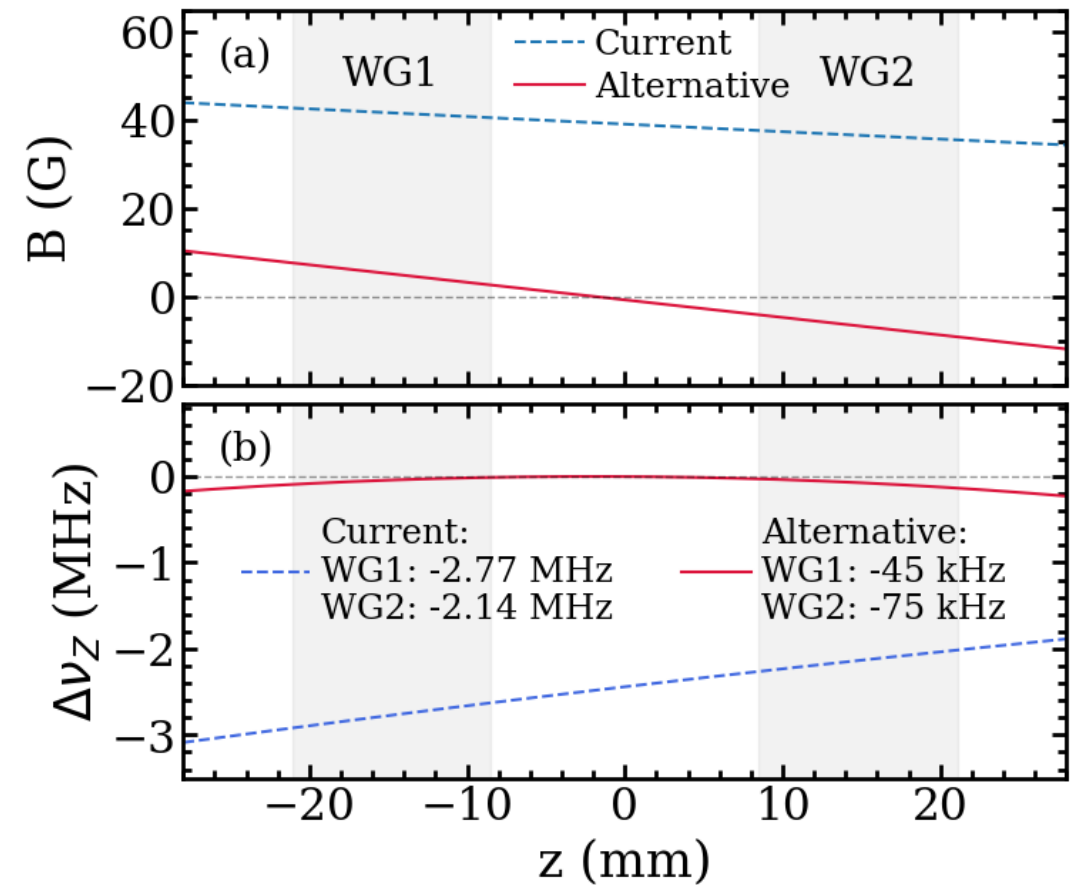
Average measurements with driving signals applied to right/left waveguide antennas



Improvements

- Higher positron/Ps beam rate
- Doppler-free measurement
- Minimise/eliminate magnetic field

Cancel magnetic field around waveguides:



Summary

- Produced energy tuneable beam of metastable positronium suitable for spectroscopic methods requiring fast atoms (PVSOE, FOSOF)
- Observed Ps* interference signal with separated oscillatory fields
- Measured fine-structure transition frequency using PVSOE technique and characterised dominant systematic effects
- Next steps:
 - Minimise systematics: magnetic field-free, Doppler-free measurements
 - Understand quantum interference effects (10-100 kHz shifts) in PVSOE
 - Apply technique to other fine-structure intervals (13.01 GHz, 18.5 GHz)
 - FOSOF technique

Acknowledgements

Group members:

Andreas Lanz
Joshua Wang
Rebecca Daly
Krzysztof Habdas
David Cassidy

Discussions:

Jonathan Breeze

Technical staff:

John Dumper
Derek Thomas
Rafid Jawad





Grant No.
EP/W032023/1

Thank You For Your Attention


PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **136**, 033001 (2026)

Editors' Suggestion

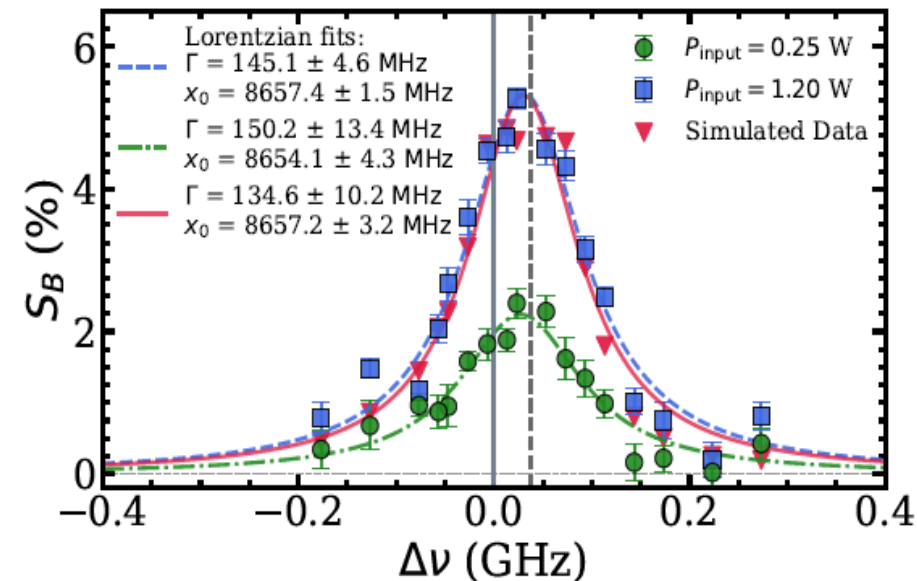
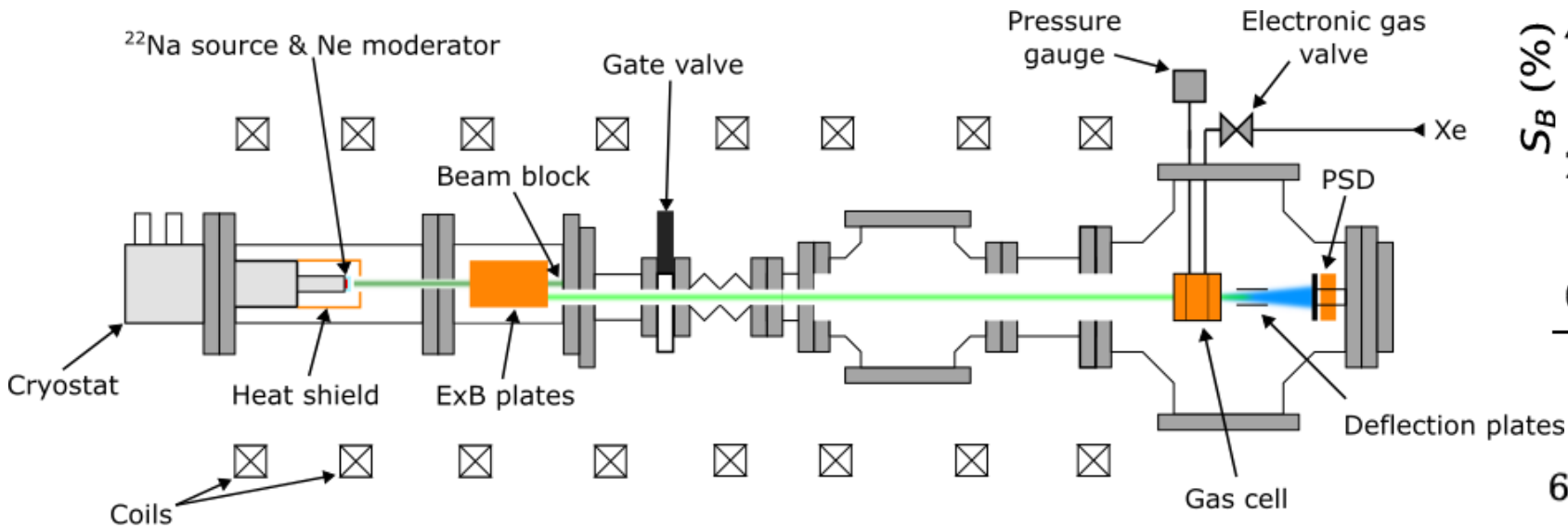
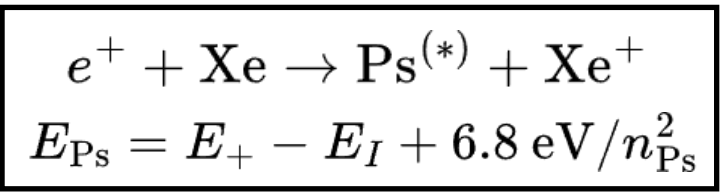
Phase-Variation Ramsey Spectroscopy of the $2^3S_1 \rightarrow 2^3P_2$ Interval in Positronium

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Ps* Beam



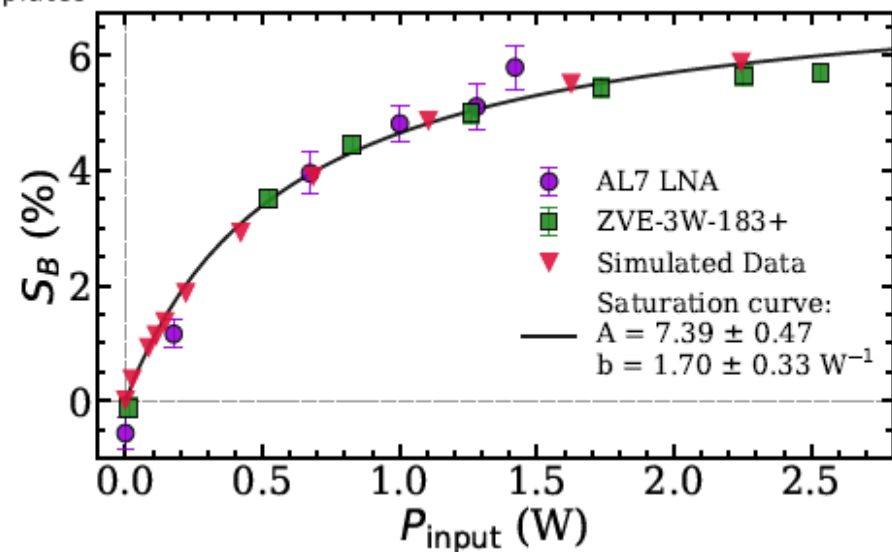
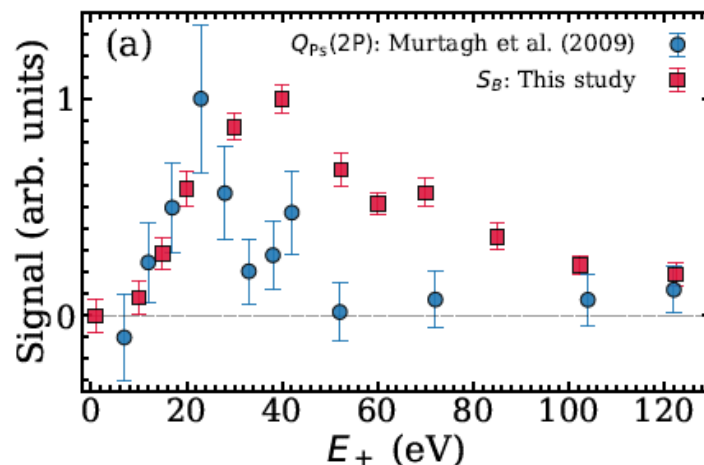
An energy tunable continuous 2^3S_1 positronium beam

Cite as: Rev. Sci. Instrum. 94, 083201 (2023); doi: 10.1063/5.0167125
 Submitted: 10 July 2023 • Accepted: 31 July 2023 •
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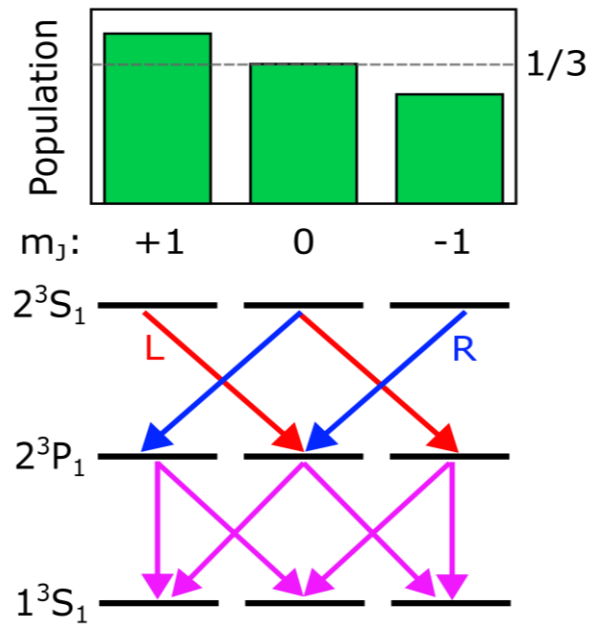
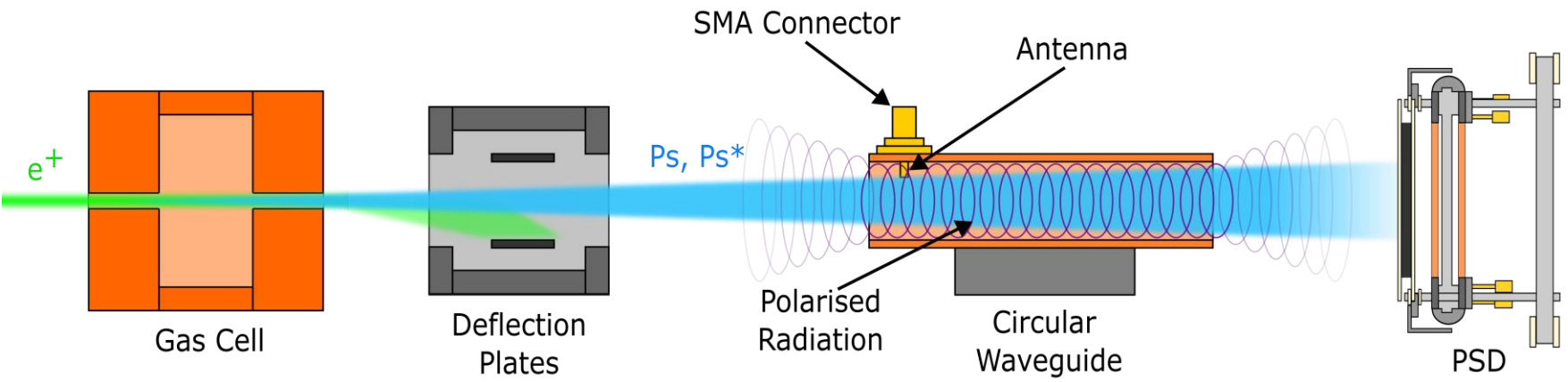
D. M. Newson, T. J. Babij, and D. B. Cassidy

AFFILIATIONS

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Polarimetry Measurements



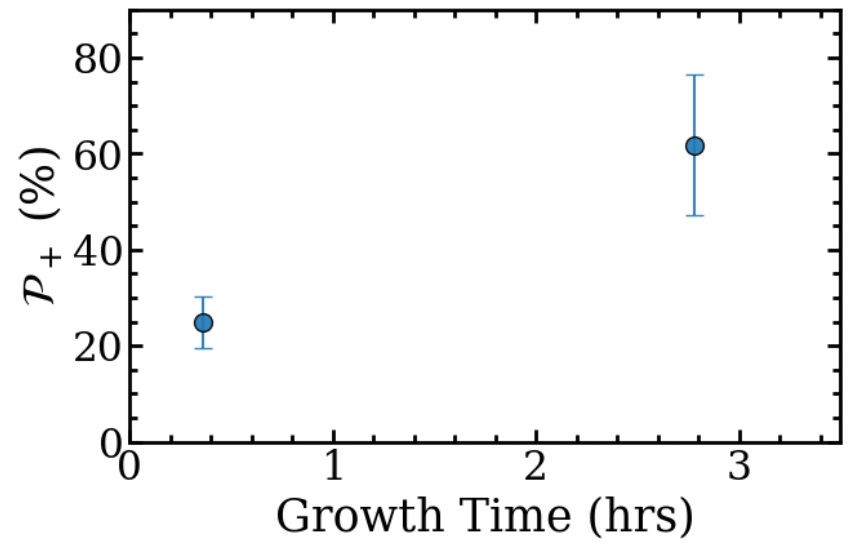
PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **133**, 233004 (2024)

Measurement of the Spin Polarization of a Slow Positron Beam Using Circularly Polarized Microwave Radiation

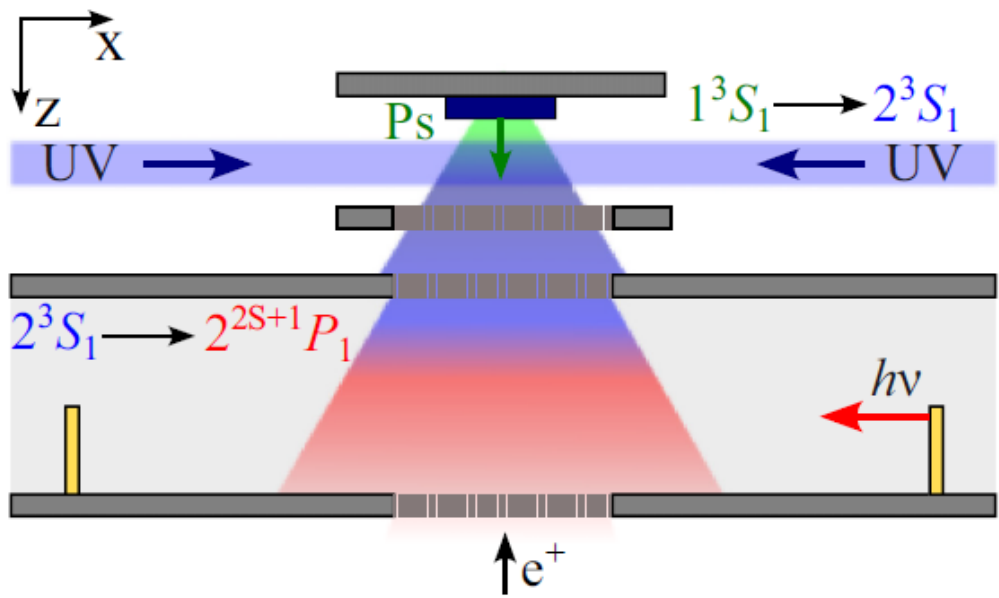
D. M. Newson and D. B. Cassidy

Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, Gower Street, London WC1E 6BT, United Kingdom

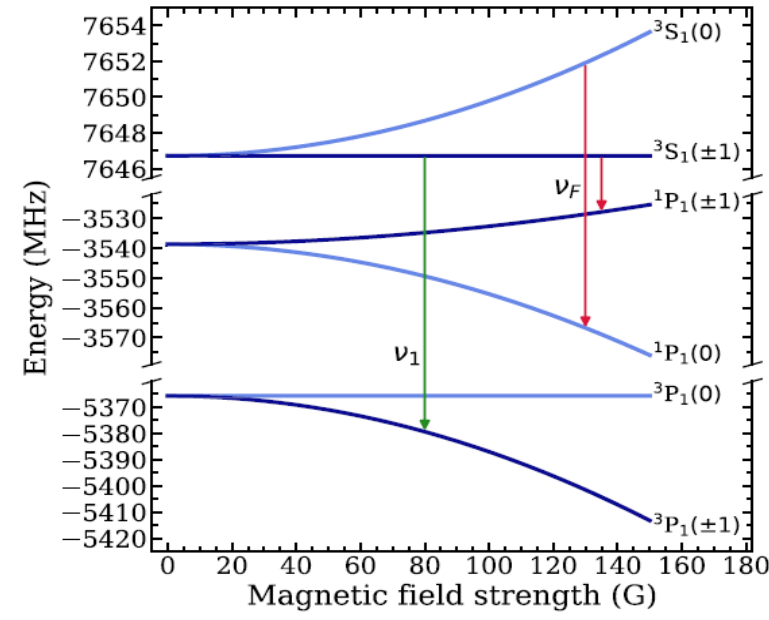
(Received 13 September 2024; accepted 6 November 2024; published 4 December 2024)



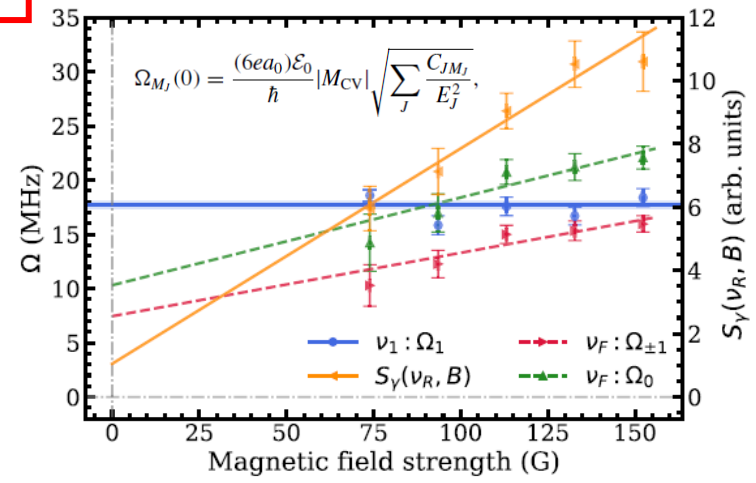
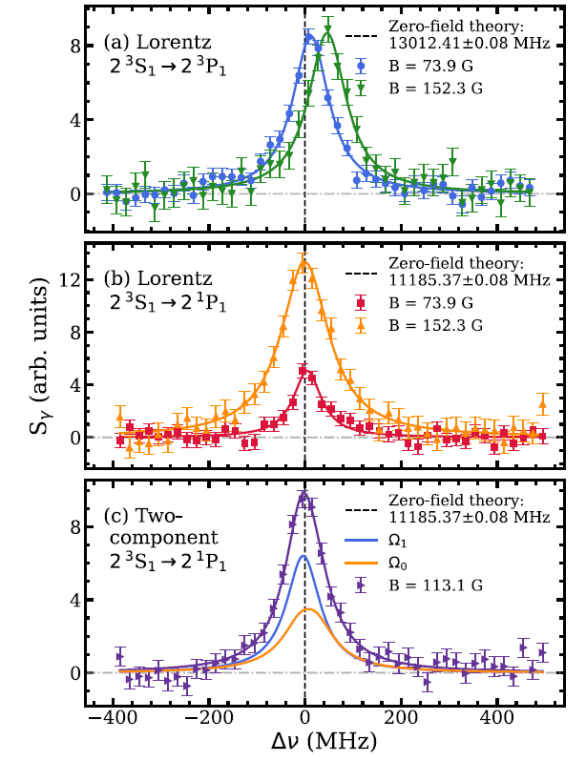
C-Violation Tests



PHYSICAL REVIEW A **112**, 062801 (2025)



$$A_X = \frac{\langle 2^1P_1 | H_X | 2^3P_1 \rangle \langle 2^3P_1 | E_1 | 2^3S_1 \rangle}{E_F}$$

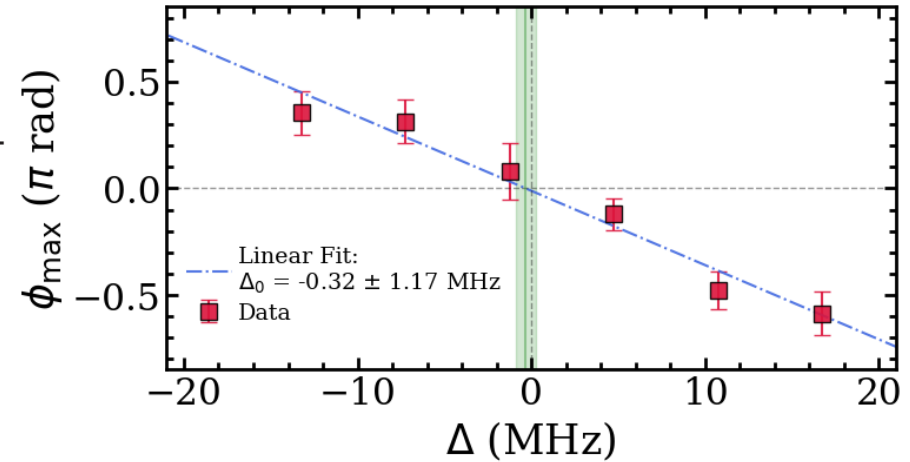
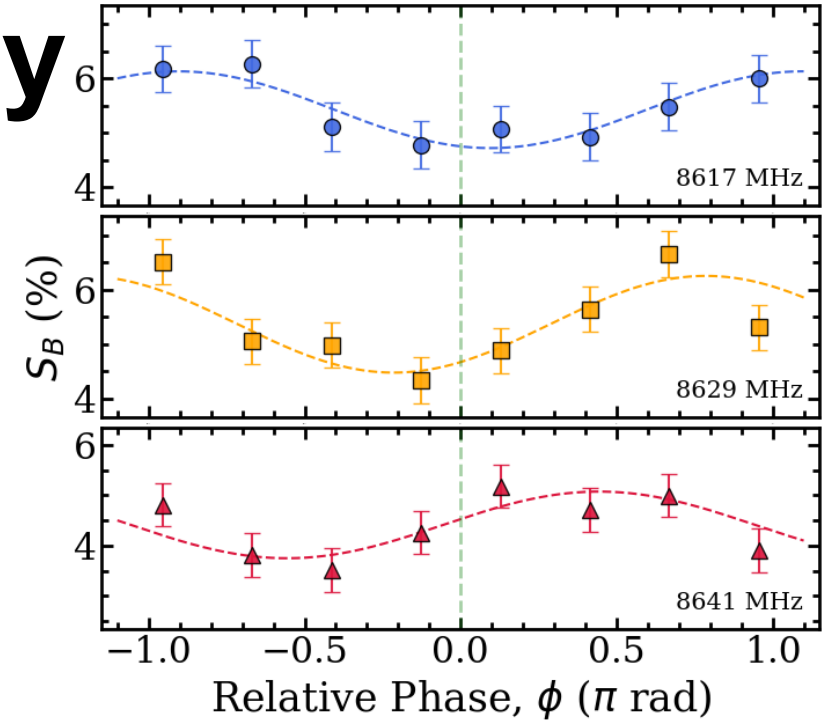
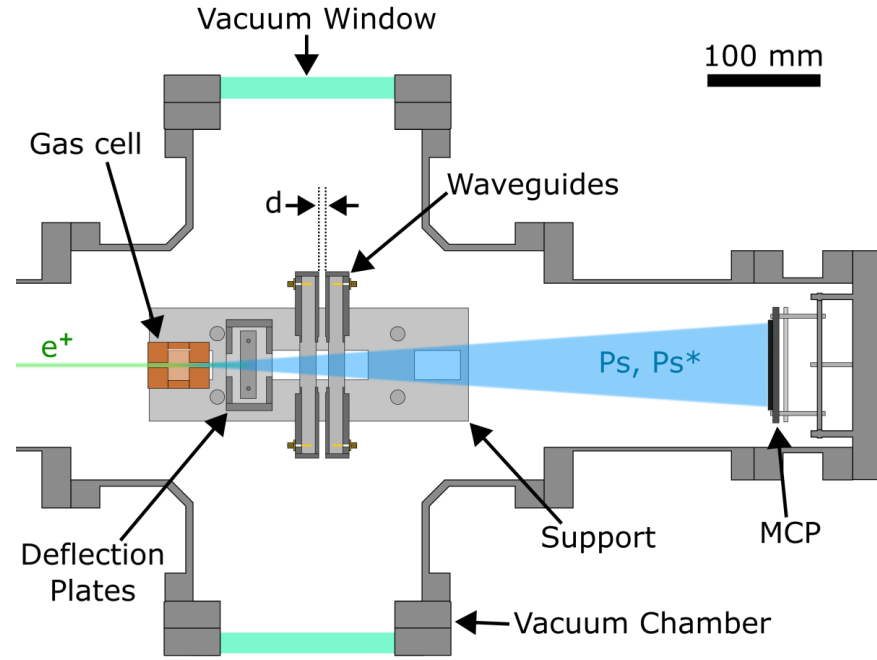
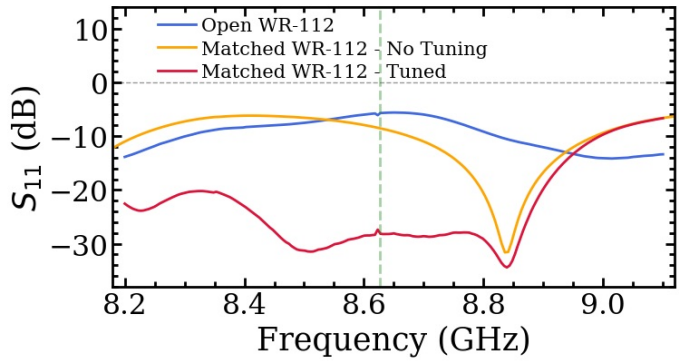
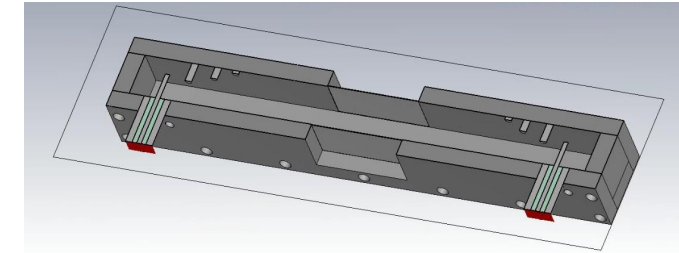


Test of charge-conjugation symmetry via microwave spectroscopy of positronium

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Phase-Sensitive Spectroscopy



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Editors' Suggestion

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