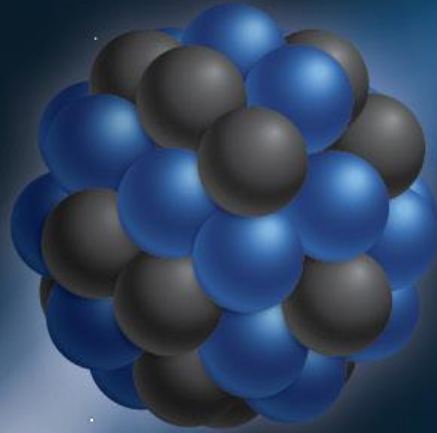
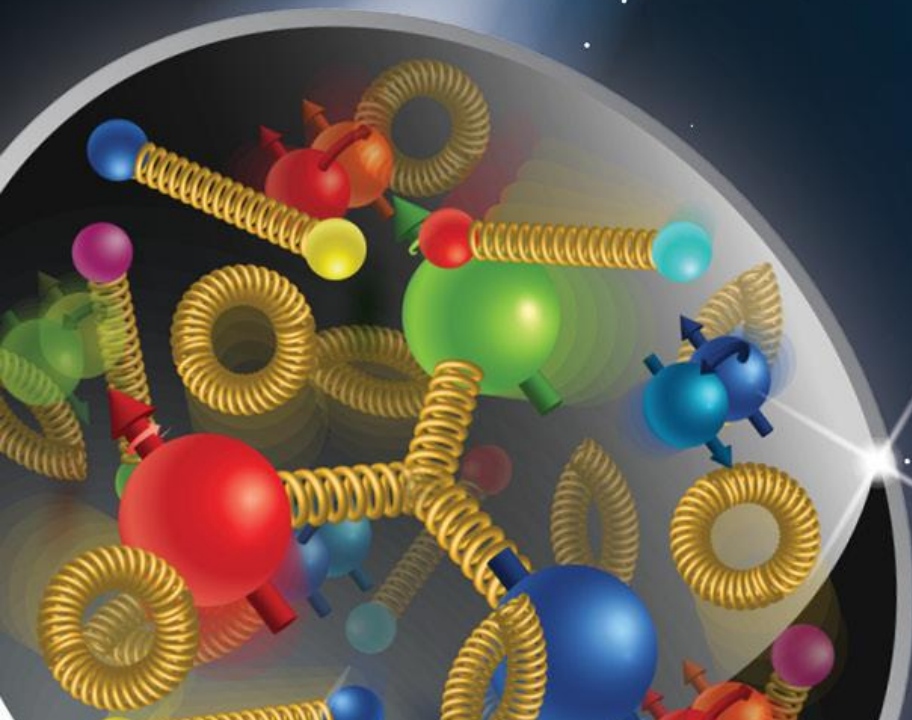




User Interface I

Makoto Asai (Jefferson Lab)
Geant4 Tutorial Course



Contents



- Command syntax
- Macro file
- Some useful commands
- G4UIExective



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Geant4 UI command

- A UI command consists of
 - Command directory `/run/verbose 1`
 - Command `/vis/viewer/flush`
 - Parameter(s)
- A parameter can be a type of string, boolean, integer, long-integer or double.
 - Space is a delimiter.
 - Use double-quotes (“”) for string with space(s).
- A parameter may be “omittable”. If it is the case, a default value will be taken if you omit the parameter.
 - Default value is either predefined default value or current value according to its definition.
 - If you want to use the default value for your first parameter while you want to set your second parameter, use “!” as a place holder.

`/dir/command ! second`

Command submission

- Geant4 UI command can be issued by
 - (G)UI interactive command submission
 - Macro file
 - Hard-coded implementation
 - Slow but no need for the targeting class pointer
 - Should **not** be used inside an event loop

```
G4UImanager* UI = G4UImanager::GetUIpointer();  
UI->ApplyCommand("/control/execute myDefault.mac");
```

- The availability of individual command, the ranges of parameters, the available candidates on individual command parameter **may vary** according to the implementation of your application and may even **vary dynamically** during the execution of your job.
- some commands are available only for limited Geant4 **application state(s)**.
 - E.g. **/run/beamOn** is available only for *Idle* states.

Command refusal

- Command will be refused in case of
 - Wrong application state
 - Wrong type of parameter
 - Insufficient number of parameters
 - If parameters are not “omittable”
 - Parameter out of its range
 - For integer or double type parameter
 - Parameter out of its candidate list
 - For string type parameter
 - Command not found

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Macro file

- Macro file is an ASCII file that contains UI commands.
- All commands must be given with their **full-path directories**.
- Use “#” for comment line.
 - First “#” to the end of the line will be ignored.
 - Comment lines will be echoed if `/control/verbose` is set to 2.
- Macro file can be executed
 - interactively or in (other) macro file

```
/control/execute file_name
```

```
G4UImanager* UI = G4UImanager::GetUIpointer();  
UI->ApplyCommand("/control/execute file_name");
```

Available Commands

- You can get a list of available commands **including your custom ones** by
 - `/control/manual [directory]`
 - Plain text format to standard output
 - `/control/createHTML [directory]`
 - HTML file(s) - one file per one (sub-)directory
- List of built-in commands is also available in section 7.1 of *User's Guide For Application Developers*.

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Alias

- Alias can be defined by

```
/control/alias [name] [value]
```

- It is also set with `/control/loop` and `/control/foreach` commands
- Aliased value is always treated as a string even if it contains numbers only.

- Alias is to be used with other UI command.

- Use curly brackets, `{` and `}`.
- For example, frequently used lengthy command can be shortened by aliasing.

```
/control/alias tv /tracking/verbose
```

```
{tv} 1
```

- Aliases can be used recursively.

```
/control/alias file1 /diskA/dirX/fileXX.dat
```

```
/control/alias file2 /diskB/dirY/fileYY.dat
```

```
/control/alias run 1
```

```
/myCmd/getFile {file{run}}
```

Loop

- `/control/loop` and `/control/foreach` commands execute a macro file more than once. Aliased variable name can be used inside the macro file.
- `/control/loop [macroFile] [counterName] [initialValue] [finalValue] [stepSize]`
 - `counterName` is aliased to the number as a loop counter
- `/control/foreach [macroFile] [counterName] [valueList]`
 - `counterName` is aliased to a value in `valueList`
 - `valueList` must be enclosed by double quotes (" ")
- on UI terminal or in another macro file
`/control/loop myRun.mac Ekin 10. 20. 2.`
- in myRun.mac 
`/control/foreach mySingleRun.mac pname "p pi- mu-"`
- in mySingleRun.mac 
`/gun/particle {pname}`
`/gun/energy {Ekin} GeV`
`/run/beamOn 100`

Embedded macro file

New in version 11.4 to be released in December 2025

- “@@” keyword can be placed in any UI command that takes a macro file name, and it creates a temporal macro file with following UI commands until /control/endRecord command comes.
 - Note that this “@@” mechanism works recursively.

```
/control/loop @@ Ekin 10. 20. 2.  
  /control/foreach @@ pname "p pi- mu-"  
    /gun/particle {pname}  
    /gun/energy {Ekin} GeV  
    /run/beamOn 100  
  /control/endRecord  
/control/endRecord
```

- Indentation is not mandatory, but beneficial for readability reason.

Embedded macro file

New in version 11.4 to be released in December 2025

- Temporal file is deleted immediately after execution of the UI command that created the temporal file.
- But, by putting a file name between a pair of “@”, the temporal macro file is stored with that file name.
 - This is useful if the created macro file must be executed later.

```
/vis/scene/add/endOfRunMacro @draw.mac@  
  /control/loop @drawSlice.mac@ iColumn 0 29 7  
    /score/drawColumn boxMesh_1 nOfStepGamma 0 {iColumn}  
  /control/endRecord  
/control/endRecord
```

- If specified macro file already exists, it is overwritten.

Some other useful UI commands

- `/control/shell <shell_command>`
 - Execute a Unix shell command (e.g. `/control/shell ls`)
- `/control/getEnv <shell_variable_name>`
 - Get a shell variable value and define it as an alias.
- `/control/getVal <alias_name> <UI_command> <index>`
 - Get the current value of the UI command and define it as an alias.
 - `<index>` is the index of the parameter to take if the command has more than one parameters.
- `/control/add <alias_name> <val_1> <val_2>`
- `/control/subtract <alias_name> <val_1> <val_2>`
- `/control/multiply <alias_name> <val_1> <val_2>`
- `/control/divide <alias_name> <val_1> <val_2>`
- `/control/reminder <alias_name> <val_1> <val_2>`
 - `<val_1>` and/or `<val_2>` can be aliases.
 - If `<alias_name>` already exists, value is overwritten.

Some other useful UI commands

- `/control/if` *<val_1>* *<comp>* *<val_2>* *<macro_file>*
 - *<comp>* can be `>` `>=` `<` `<=` `==` `!=`
 - *<val_1>*, *<val_2>* can be alias.
- `/control/strif` *<str_1>* *<comp>* *<str_2>* *<macro_file>*
 - *<comp>* can be `==` `!=`
 - *<str_1>*, *<str_2>* can be alias
 - E.g.
`/control/getVal particleName /gun/particle`
`/control/strif {particleName} == proton myProtonMacro.mac`
- `/control/ifBatch` *<macro_file>*
- `/control/ifInteractive` *<macro_file>*
 - E.g. `/control/ifInteractive vis.mac`

Embedded macro file feature (new in version 11.4 to be released in December 2025) can be used here

```
/control/ifBatch @@
```

```
    /.../...
```

```
    /.../...
```

```
/control/endRecord
```

Some other useful UI commands

- Similar to the commands in the previous page, but take a UI command rather than a macro file name
 - /control/**doif** <val_1> <comp> <val_2> <UI_command>
 - /control/**strdoif** <str_1> <comp> <str_2> <UI_command>
 - /control/**doifBatch** <UI_command>
 - /control/**doifInteractive** <UI_command>
- /control/**useDoublePrecision**
 - Use double precision for printing out the current parameter value.
- **?UIcommand** - show current parameter values of the command

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Batch mode / interactive mode

- In your *main()*

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    ...
    if (argc != 1)
    { // batch mode
        G4String command = "/control/execute ";
        G4String fileName = argv[1];
        UImanager->ApplyCommand(command+fileName);
    }
    else
    { // interactive mode : define UI session
        G4UIExecutive* ui = new G4UIExecutive(argc, argv);
        ui->SessionStart();
        delete ui;
    }
}
```