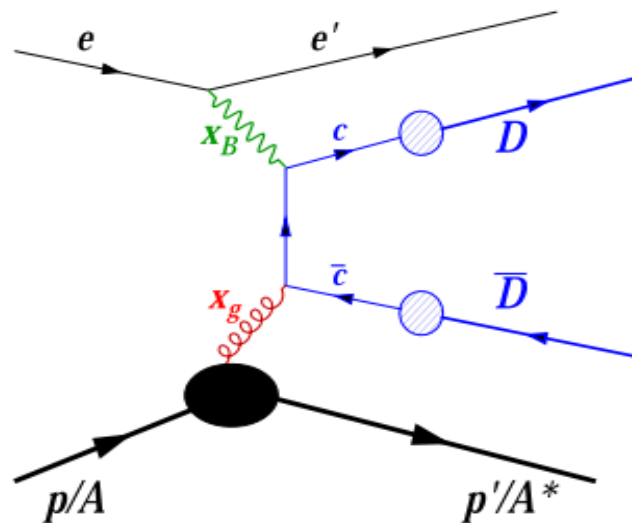


Charm Structure Functions and Gluon nPDFs

Xin Dong / LBNL

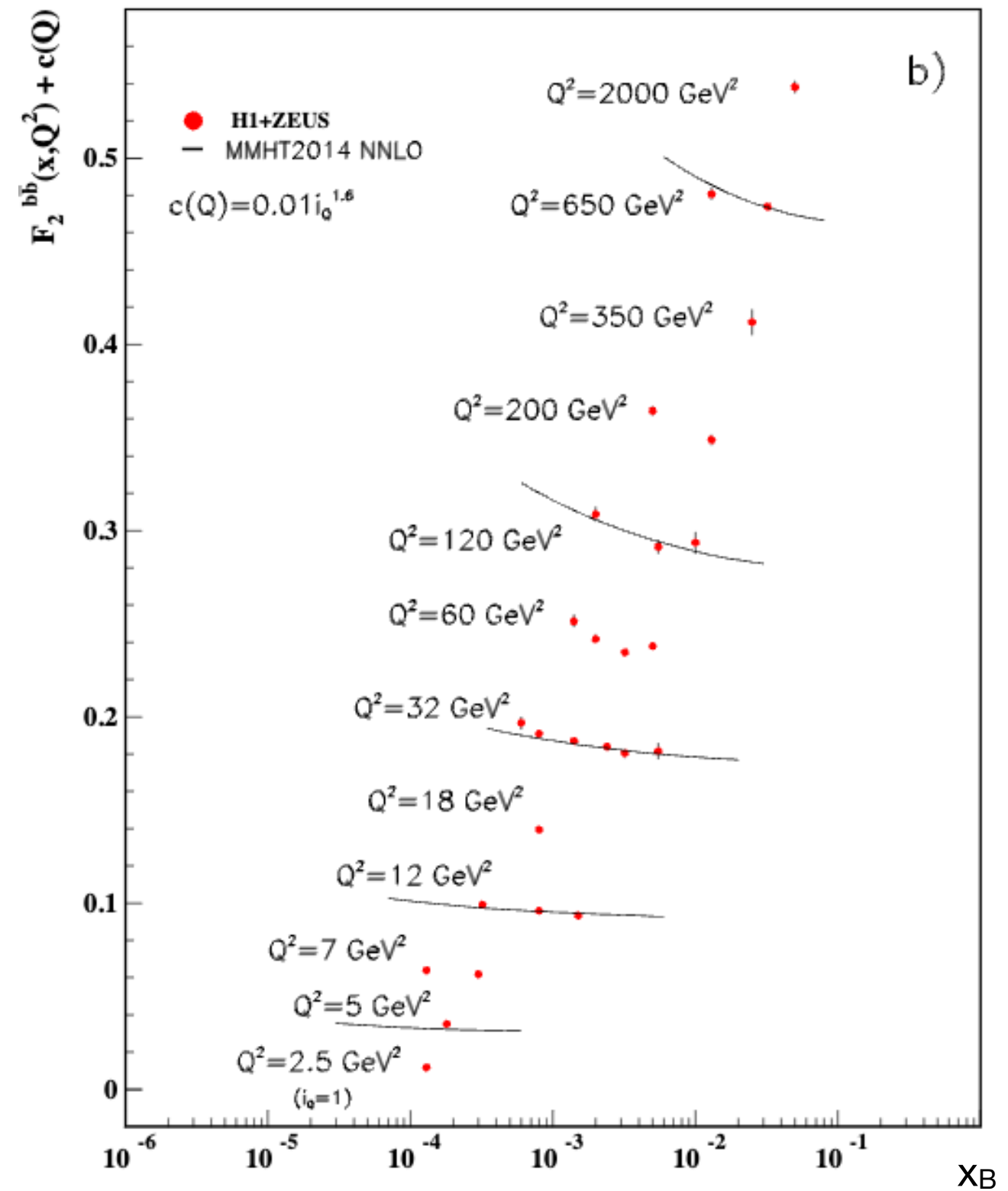
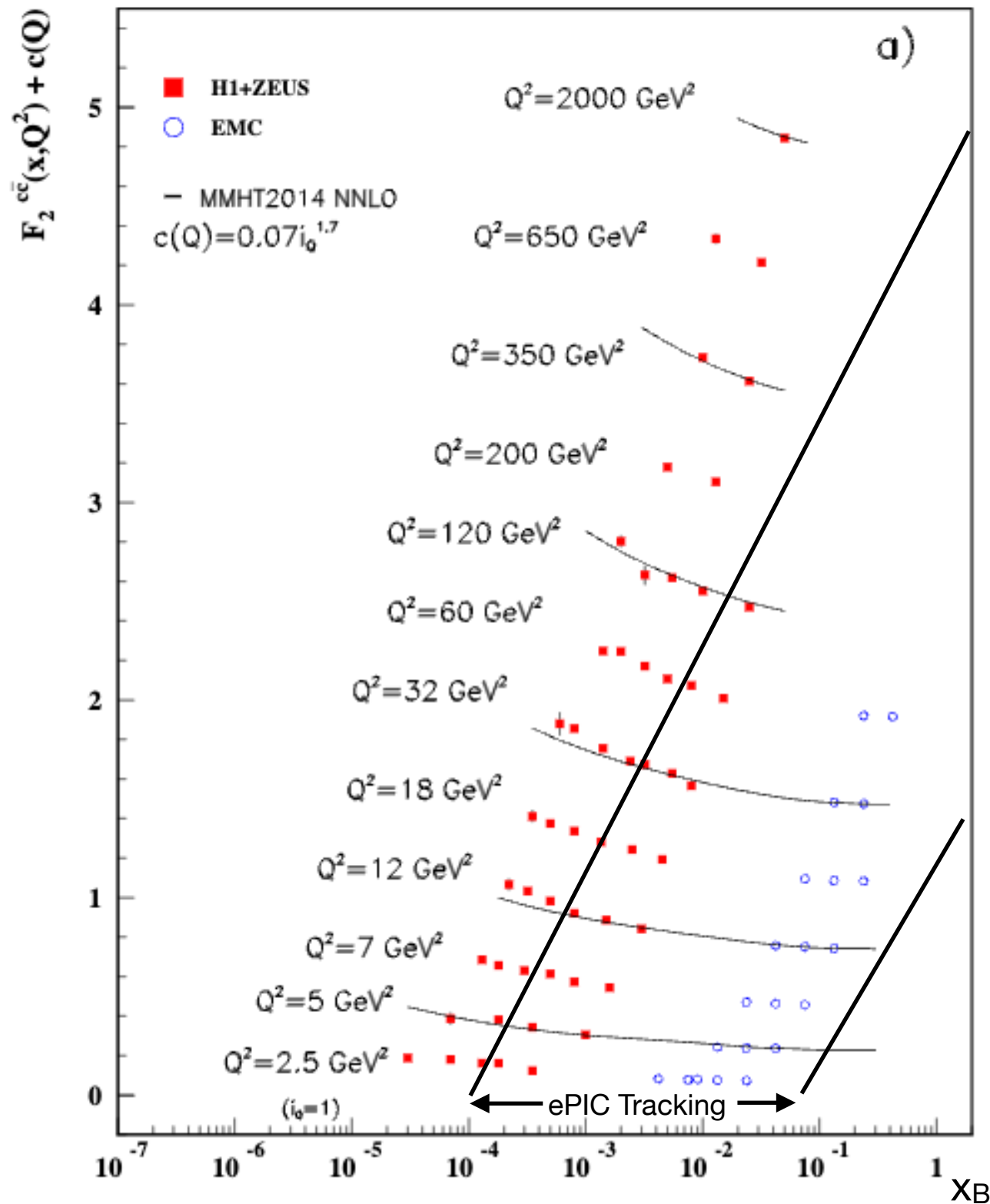


Heavy Flavors:

direct and clean access to gluon (spin-dependent) distributions in nucleon/nucleus at LO

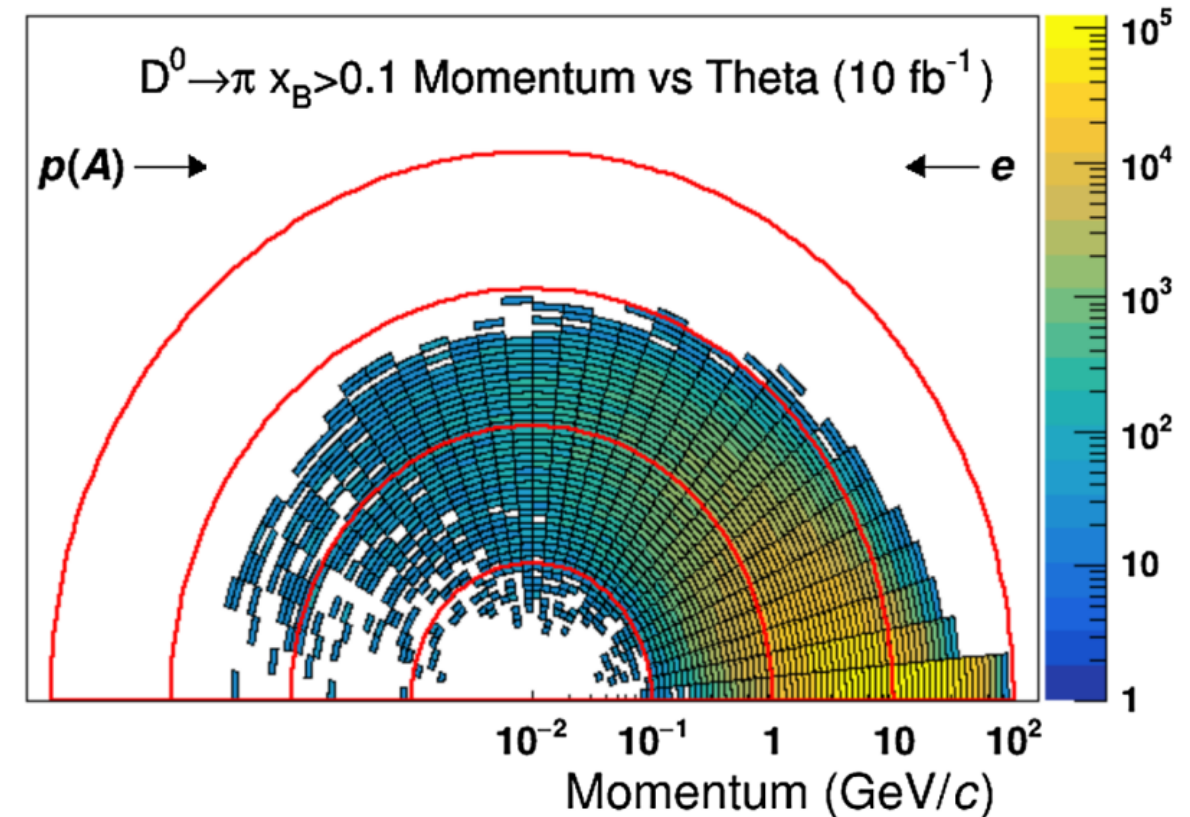
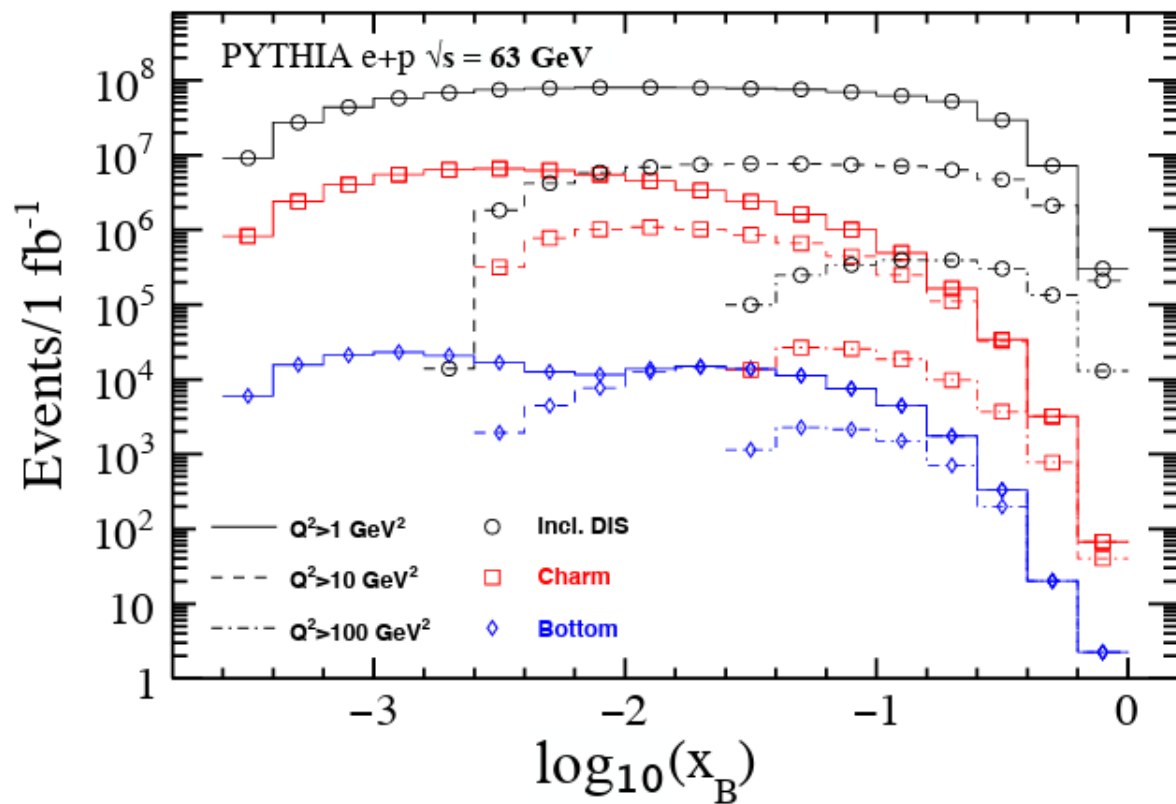
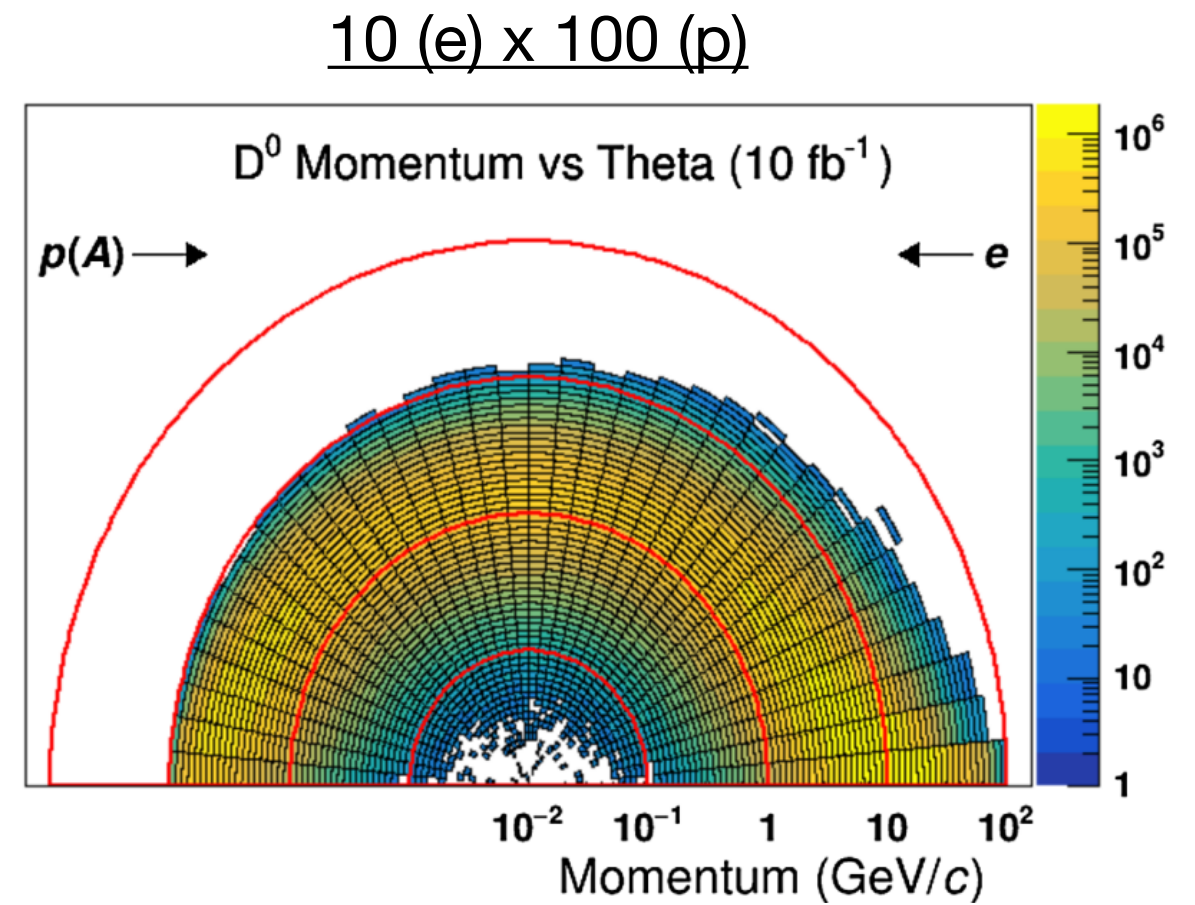
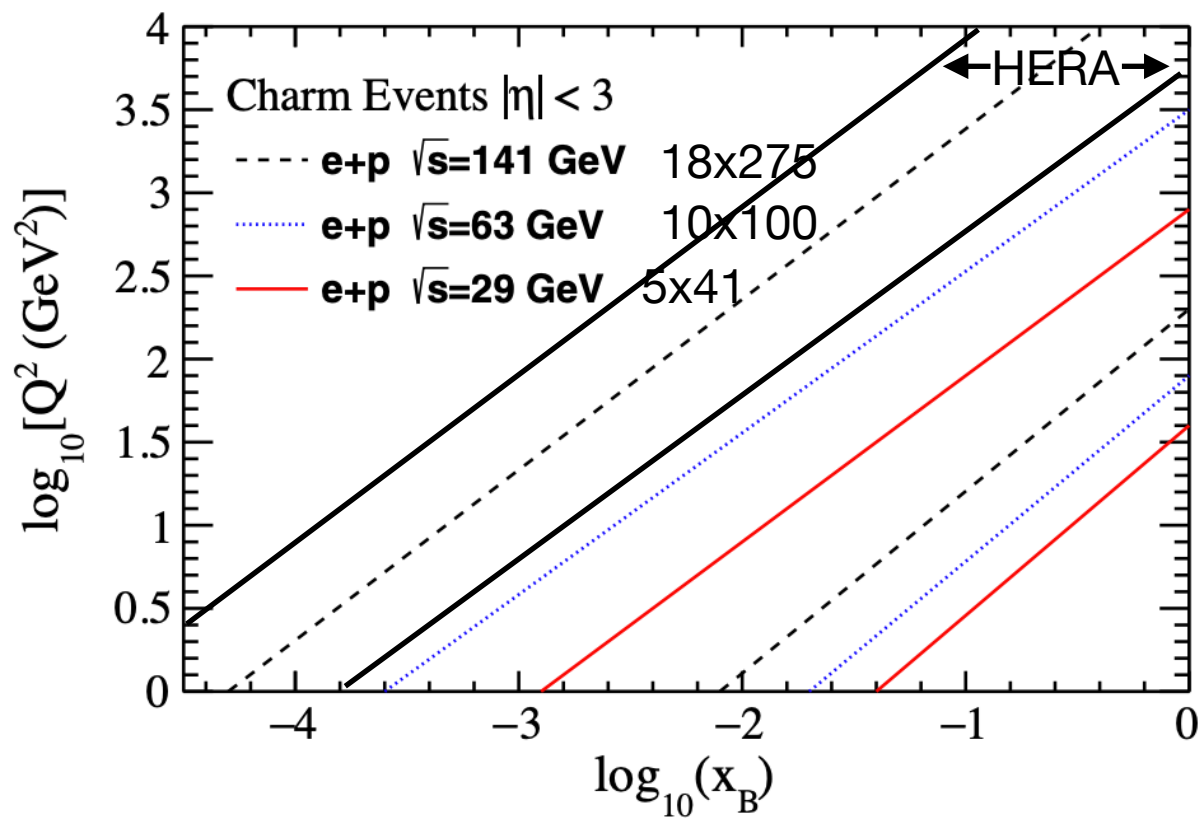
- charm structure functions: $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$, $F_L^{c\bar{c}}$ etc.
- intrinsic charm distribution
- gluon nPDF in nuclei
- gluon spin-dependent PDFs, TMDs etc.

Charm- and Bottom Structure Functions



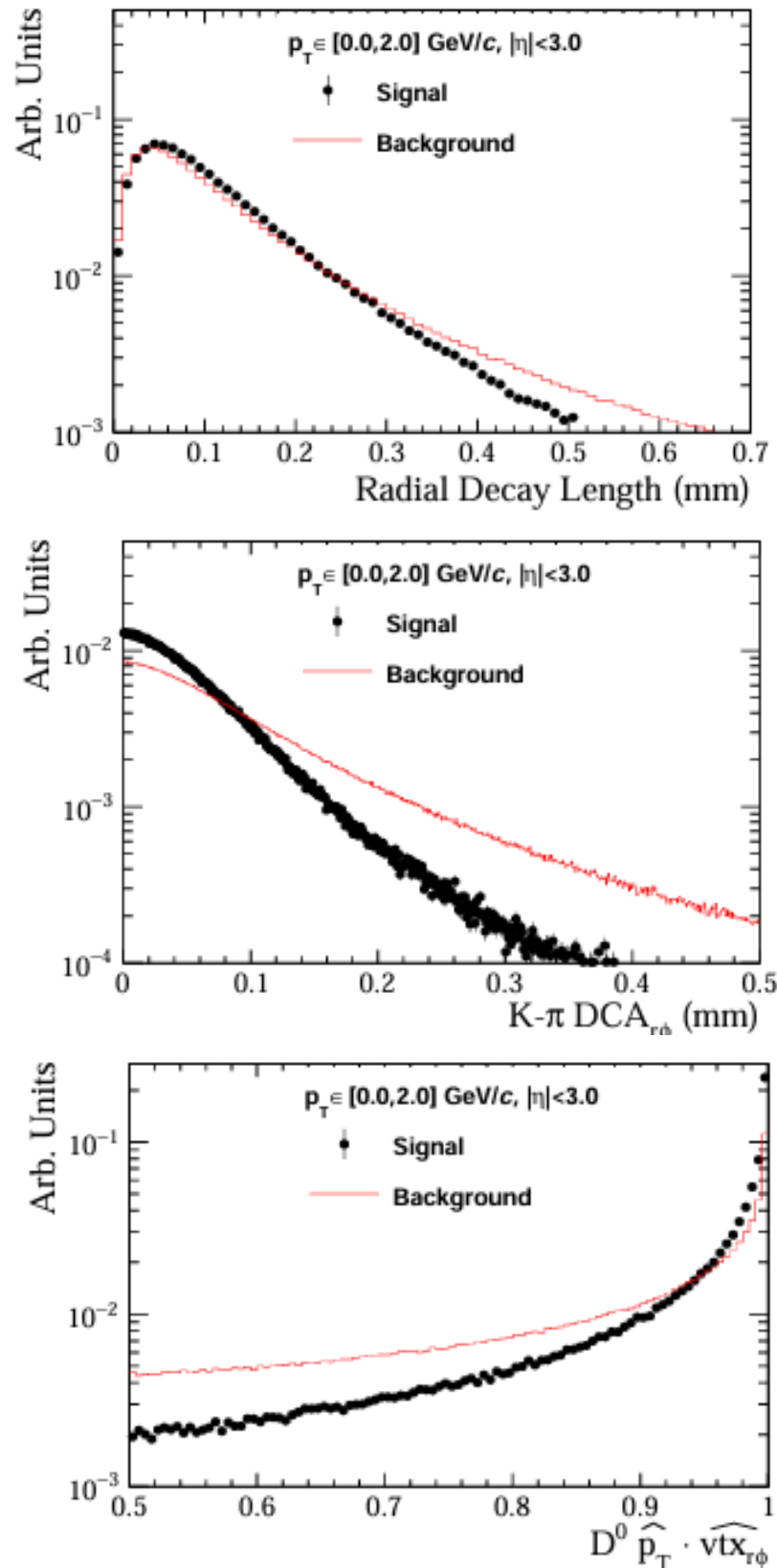
<https://pdg.lbl.gov>

Kinematics

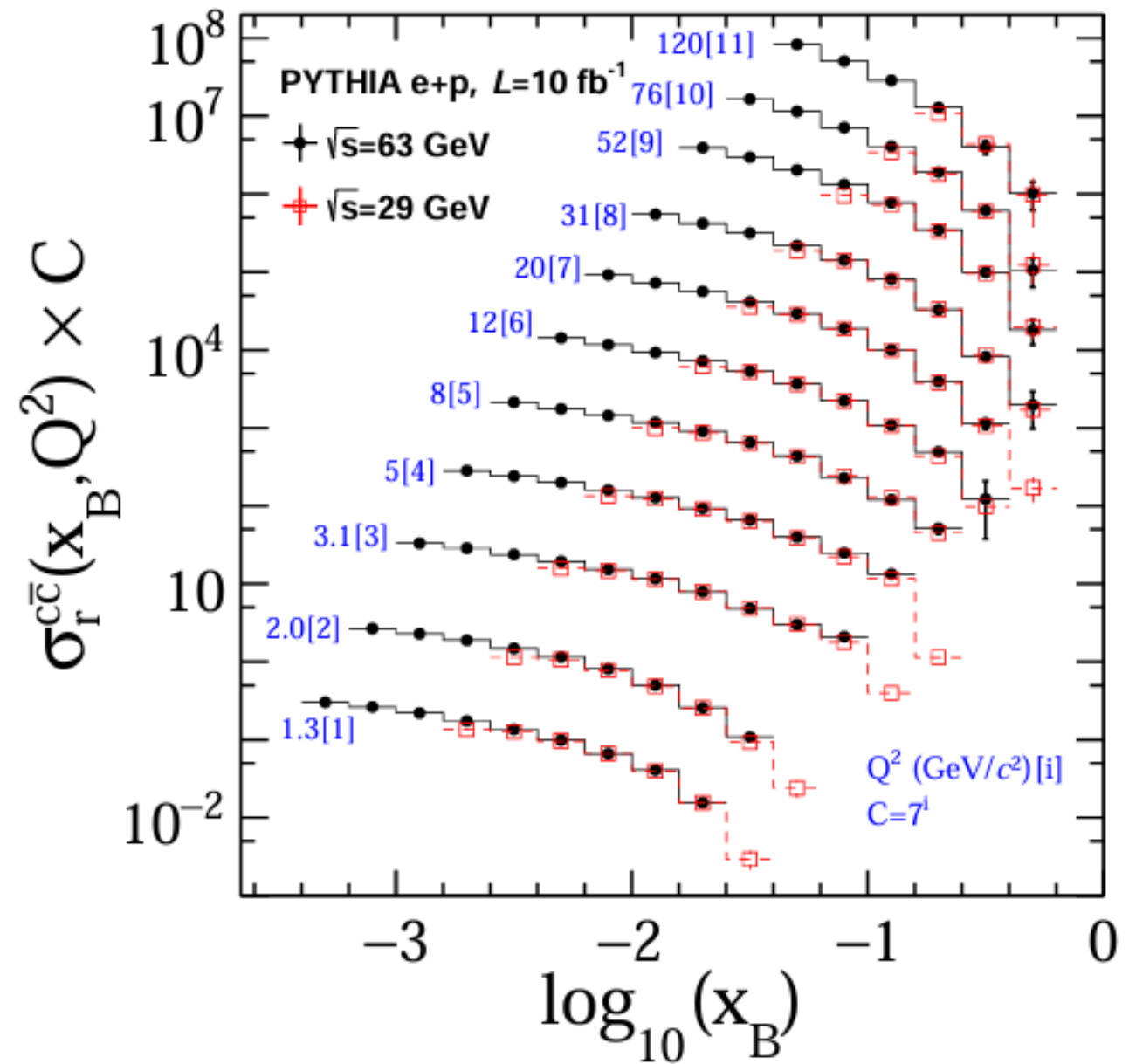


Charm Hadron Reduced Cross Section

YR performance parameters



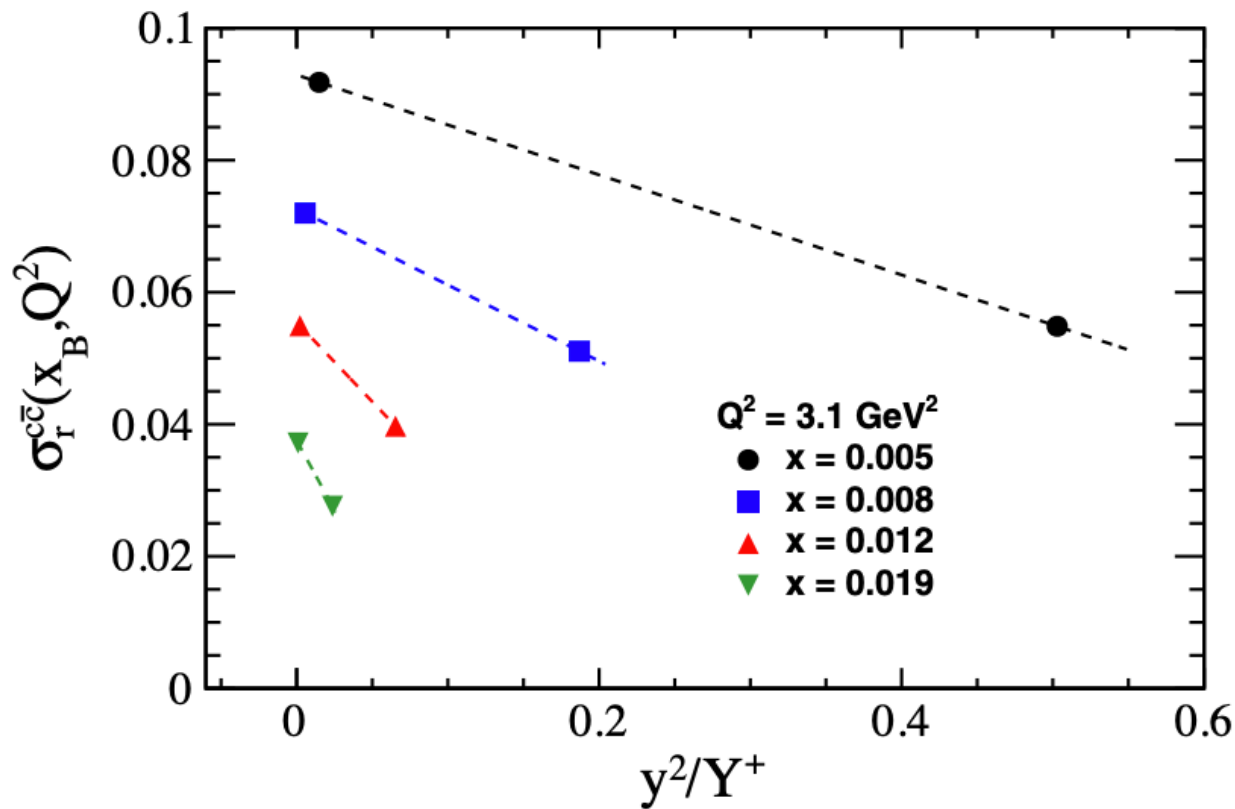
$$\sigma_r^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2) = \frac{dN(D^0 + \bar{D}^0)/2}{\mathcal{L} \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \mathcal{B}(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi) \cdot f(c \rightarrow D^0) \cdot dx_B dQ^2} \times \frac{x_B Q^4}{2\pi\alpha^2[1 + (1 - y)^2]},$$



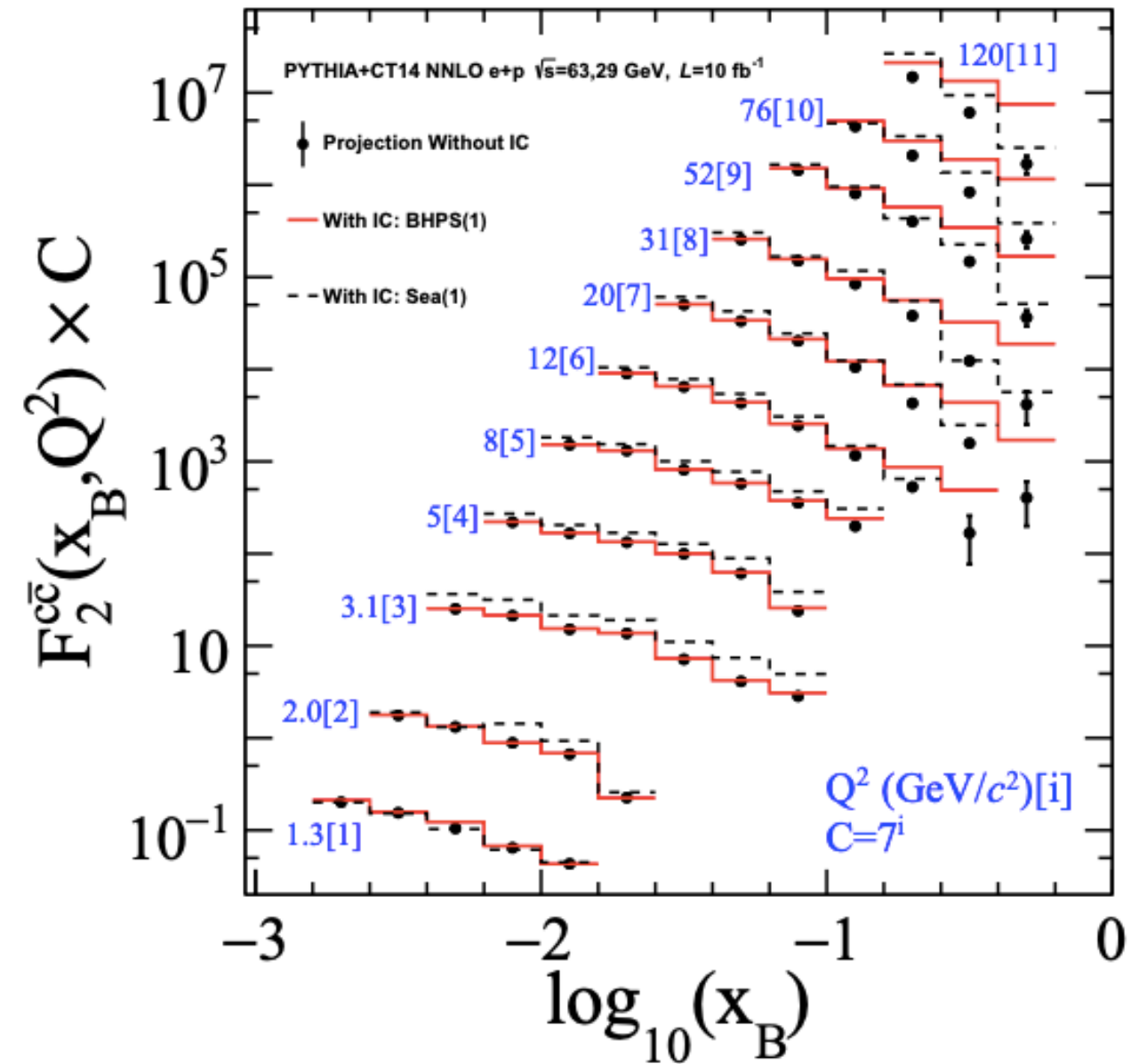
M. Kelsey et. al., PRD 104 (2021) 054002

Charm Structure Function $F_2^{c\bar{c}}$

$$\sigma_r^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2) = F_2^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2) - \frac{y^2}{Y^+} F_L^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2),$$



Projections with D-meson + DMT requirement



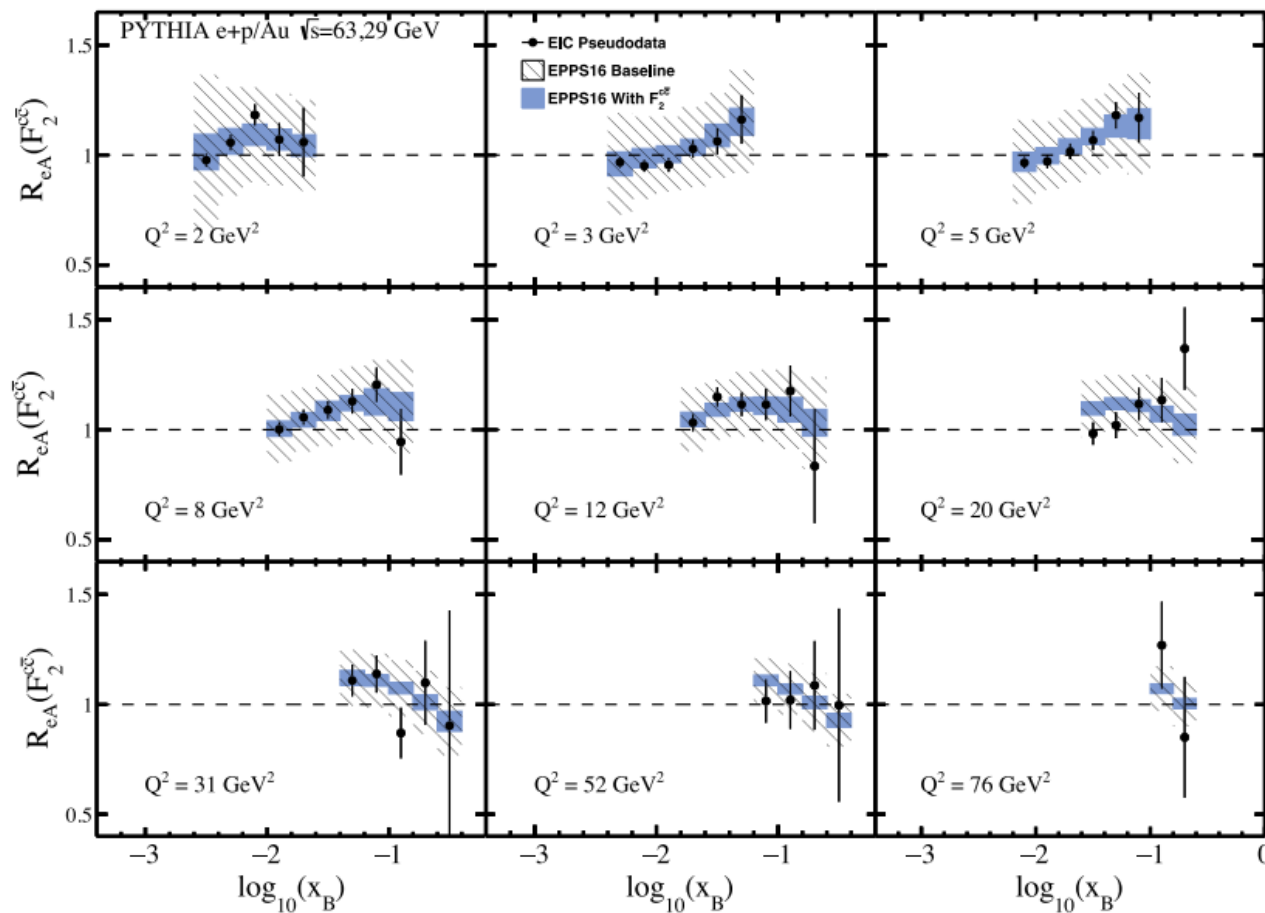
unpolarized e+p collisions:

5x41 GeV, 10 fb⁻¹

10x100 GeV, 10 fb⁻¹

- Extend charm structure function measurements at HERA to high x region.
- Unique opportunity to access intrinsic charm.

Gluon nPDF using Bayesian Reweighting



PDF replicas with weighting factors

$$f_{new} = f_0 + \sum_i \left(\frac{f_{i,+} + f_{i,-}}{2} \right) \left[\frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_k w_k r_{k,i} \right]$$

$$w_k = \frac{\exp[-\chi_k^2/2]}{\frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_k \exp[-\chi_k^2/2]}$$

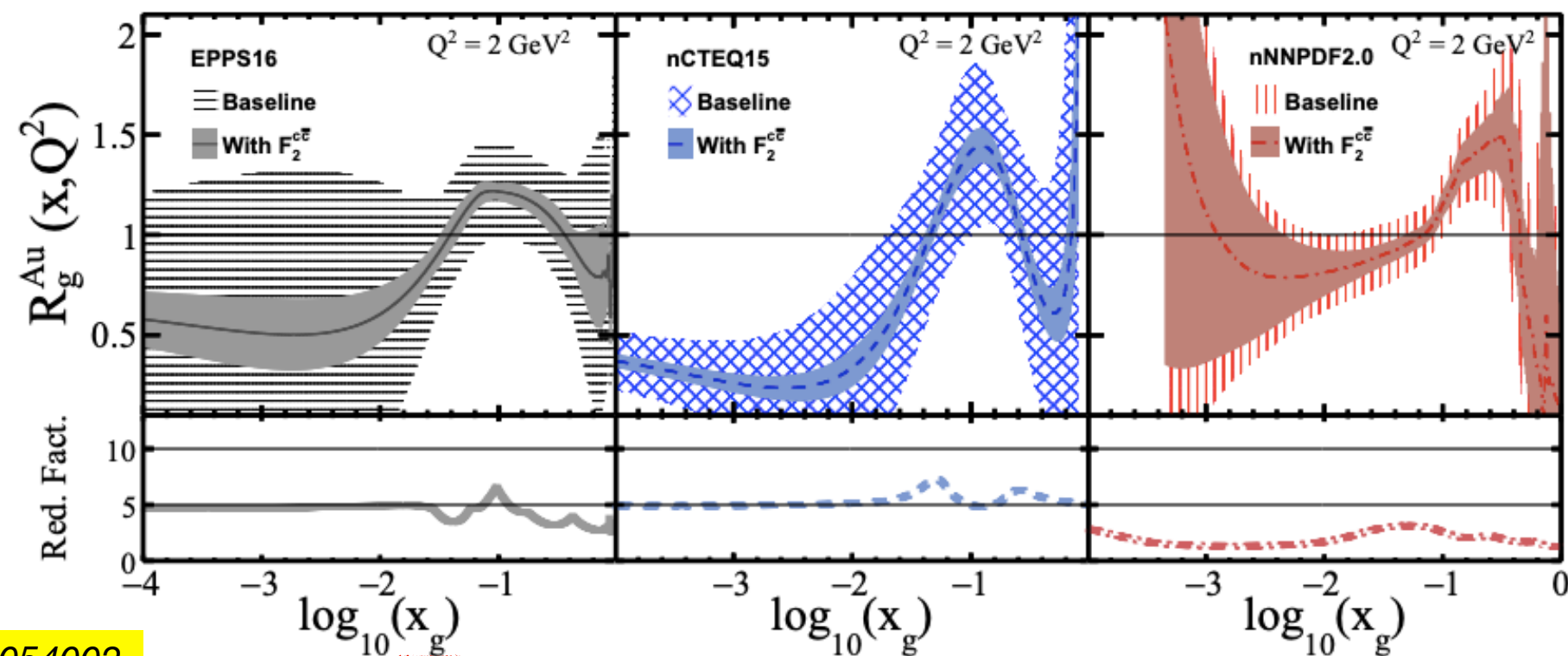
map x_B to x : LO - $x = x_{Bj} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\hat{s}}{Q^2} \right)$

- Constrain gluon nPDF with ep/eA collision, especially at high x region

Projections with D-meson + DMT requirement

At each collision energy
5x41 GeV
10x100 GeV
 1 fb⁻¹ ep + **1 fb⁻¹/A eA**

Au beam is preferred!

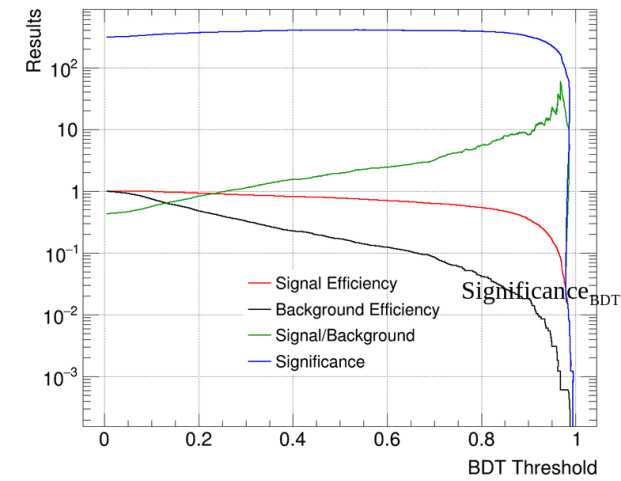
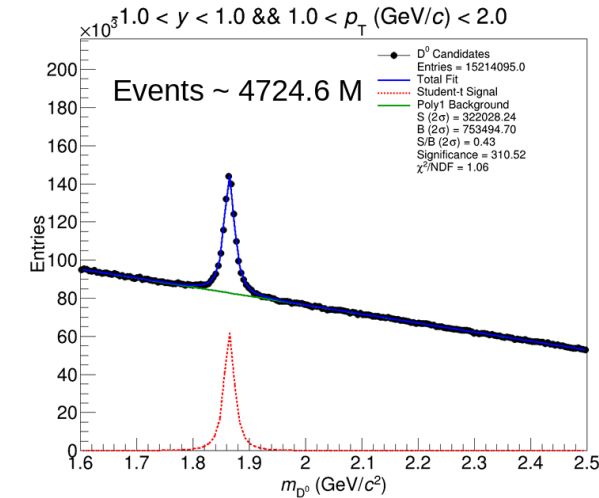
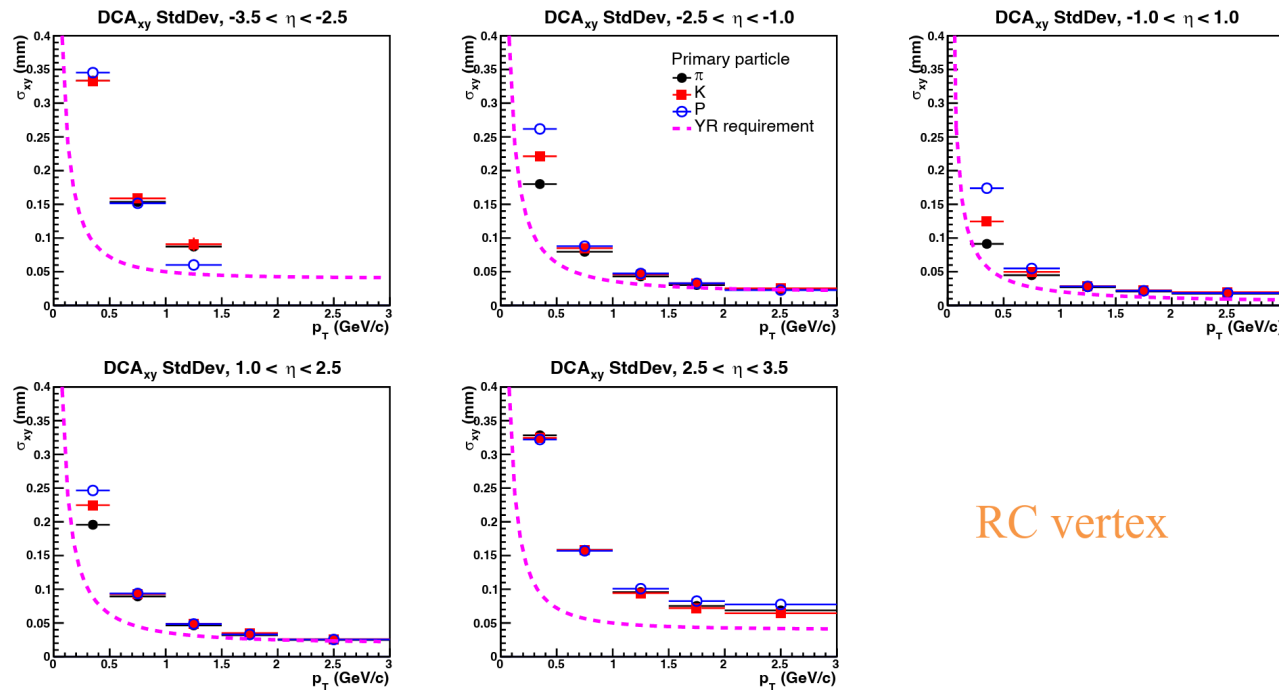


M. Kelsey et. al., PRD 104 (2021) 054002

To-do Items

Realistic ePIC simulation + ElCrecon + secondary vertexing

- 1) D^0 reconstruction in each (x_B, Q^2) bin
- 2) Statistical projections on $\sigma_r^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2), F_2^{c\bar{c}}(x_B, Q^2)$.
- 3) Estimate on statistical error projections on $R_{eA}(F_2^{c\bar{c}})$.
- 4) Impact estimate on gluon nPDFs using Bayesian reweighting.



Connie, Shyam, Rongrong

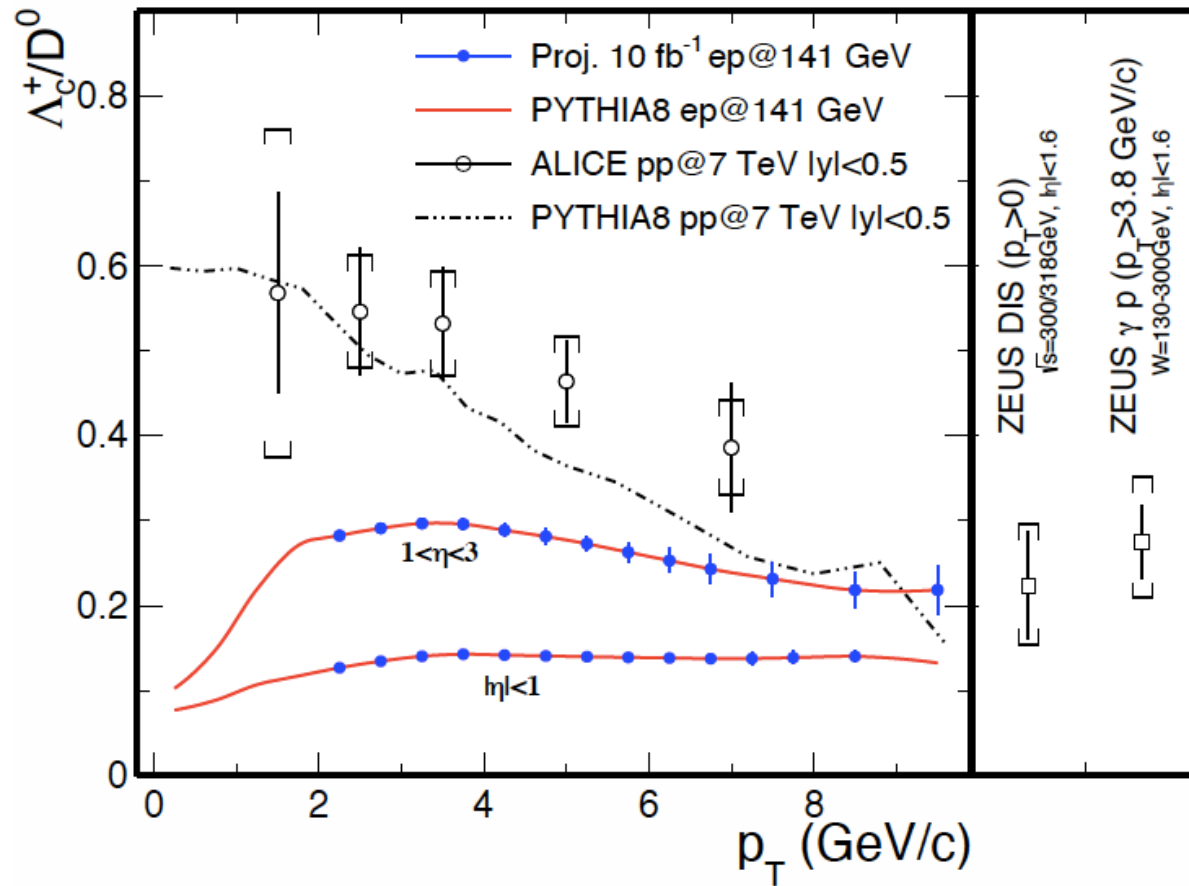
Current status

Currently available
 ✓: small statistics
 ✓✓: good statistics

Need for preTDR
 Need for ES

		5x41	10x100	10x130	10x250	18x275
ep	D0	Submitted (900k)	✓✓		Need	✓
	Lc		Submitted (750k)			✓
	DIS	✓✓	✓✓	Need ($Q^2 > 10$)	Need	✓✓
		5x41	10x100			
eAu	D0	Submitted (650k)	Submitted (700k)			
	Lc		Submitted (640k)			
	DIS	Submitted (10M)	Submitted (10M)			
			10x115			
eRu/Cu	D0					
	DIS		✓✓			

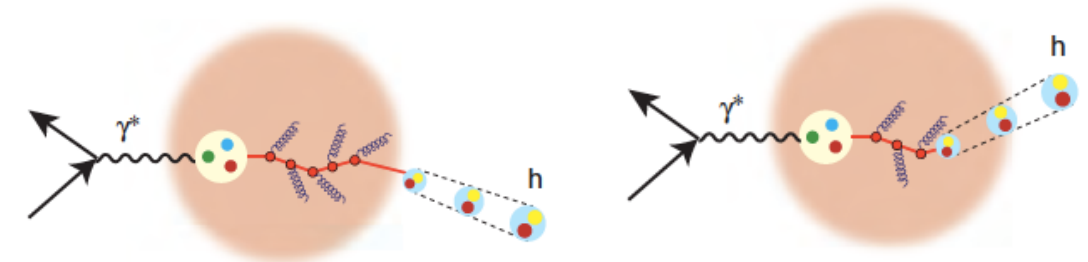
Fragmentation/Hadronization/Cold Nuclear Matter Effect



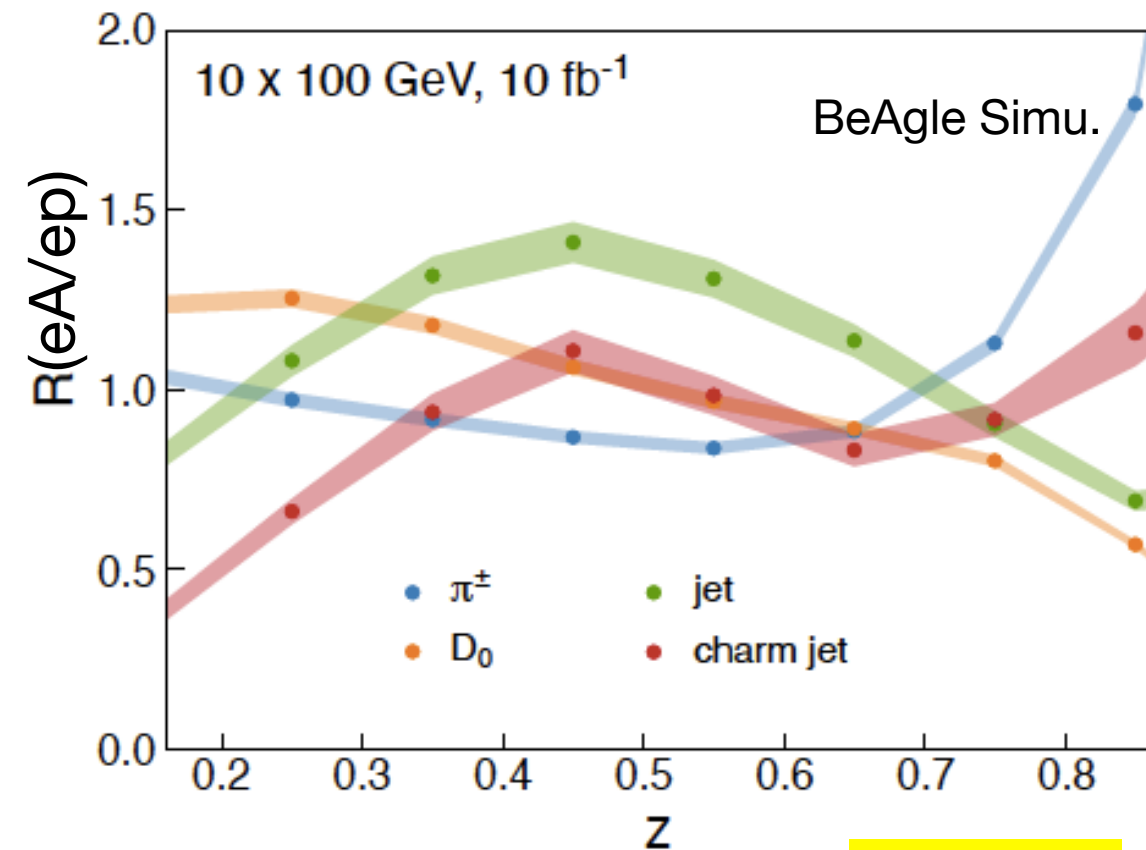
Yuanjing Ji

arXiv: 2102.08337

- Systematic measurement of charm baryons
 - multi-differential (p_T , multiplicity etc)
- Charm/light fragmentation measurement in ep/eA
 - fragmentation/cold nuclear matter effect



10 fb⁻¹ ep + 10 fb⁻¹/A eA
10x100 GeV



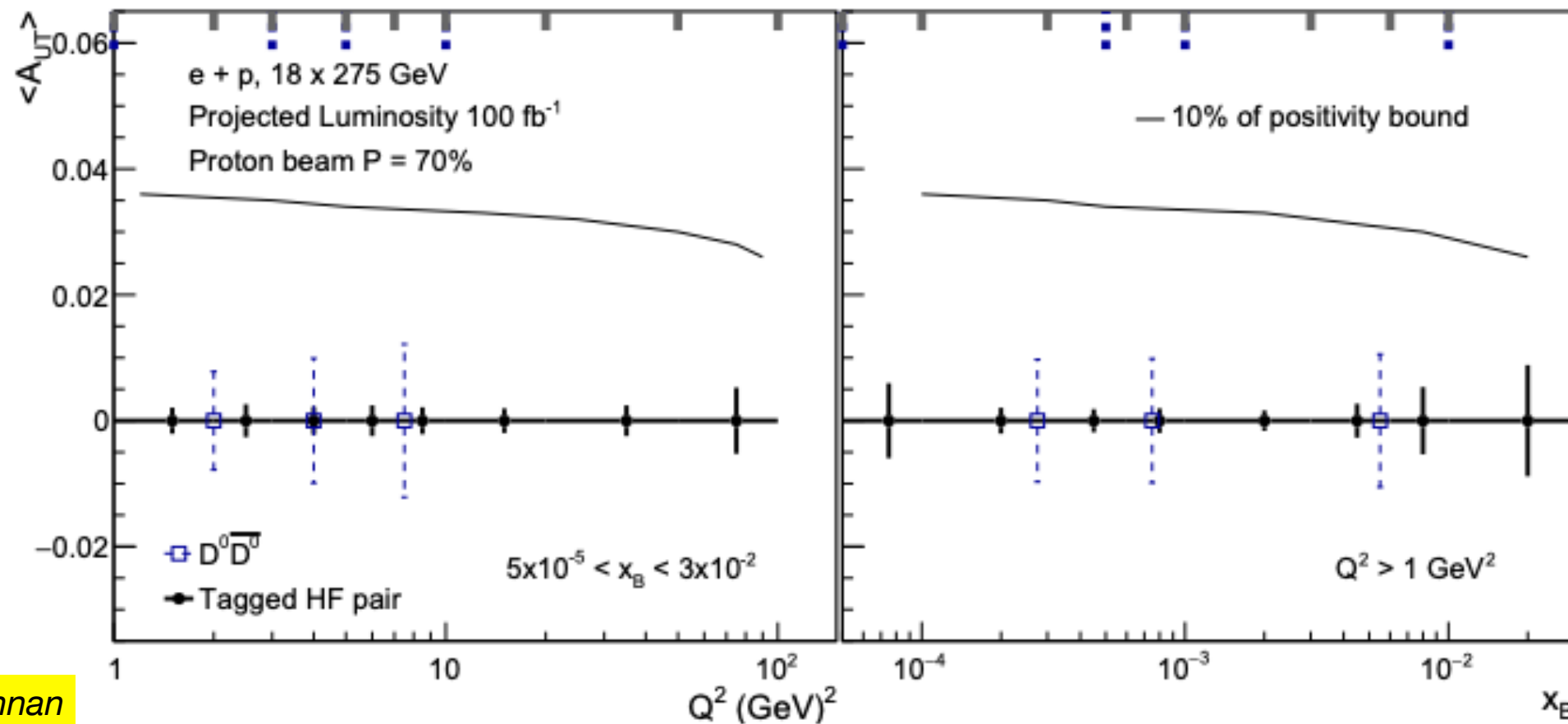
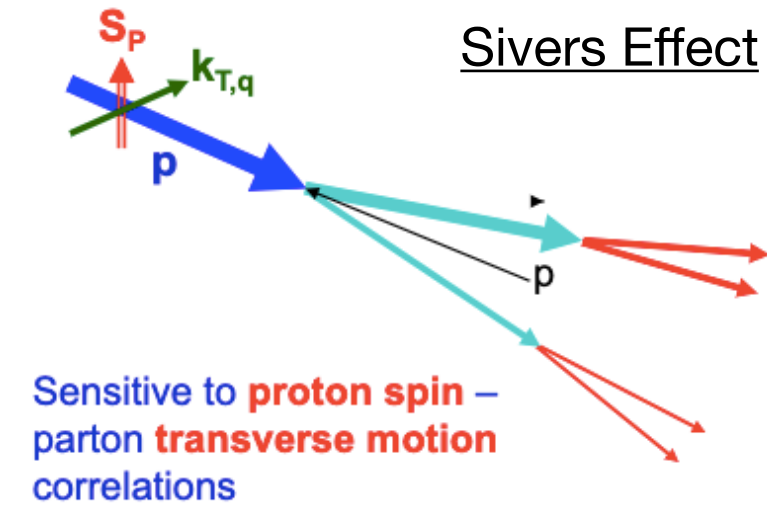
Wenqing Fan

Heavy Flavor Pair - Probe Gluon TMDs

Charm/anti-charm pair in transverse polarized exp.
- gluon Sivvers functions

L. Zheng et. al., PRD 98 (2018) 034011

$$A_{UT}(\phi_{kS}, k_T) = \frac{d\sigma^\uparrow(\phi_{kS}, k_T) - d\sigma^\downarrow(\phi_{kS}, k_T)}{d\sigma^\uparrow(\phi_{kS}, k_T) + d\sigma^\downarrow(\phi_{kS}, k_T)} \\ \propto \frac{\Delta^N f_{g/p^\uparrow}(x, k_\perp)}{2f_{g/p}(x, k_\perp)},$$



Sooraj Radhakrishnan

PRD 107 (2023) 074022

e + p(T), 18x275 GeV, 100 fb⁻¹

Gluon Helicity $\Delta g/g$

Understanding proton spin is one of the EIC science goals

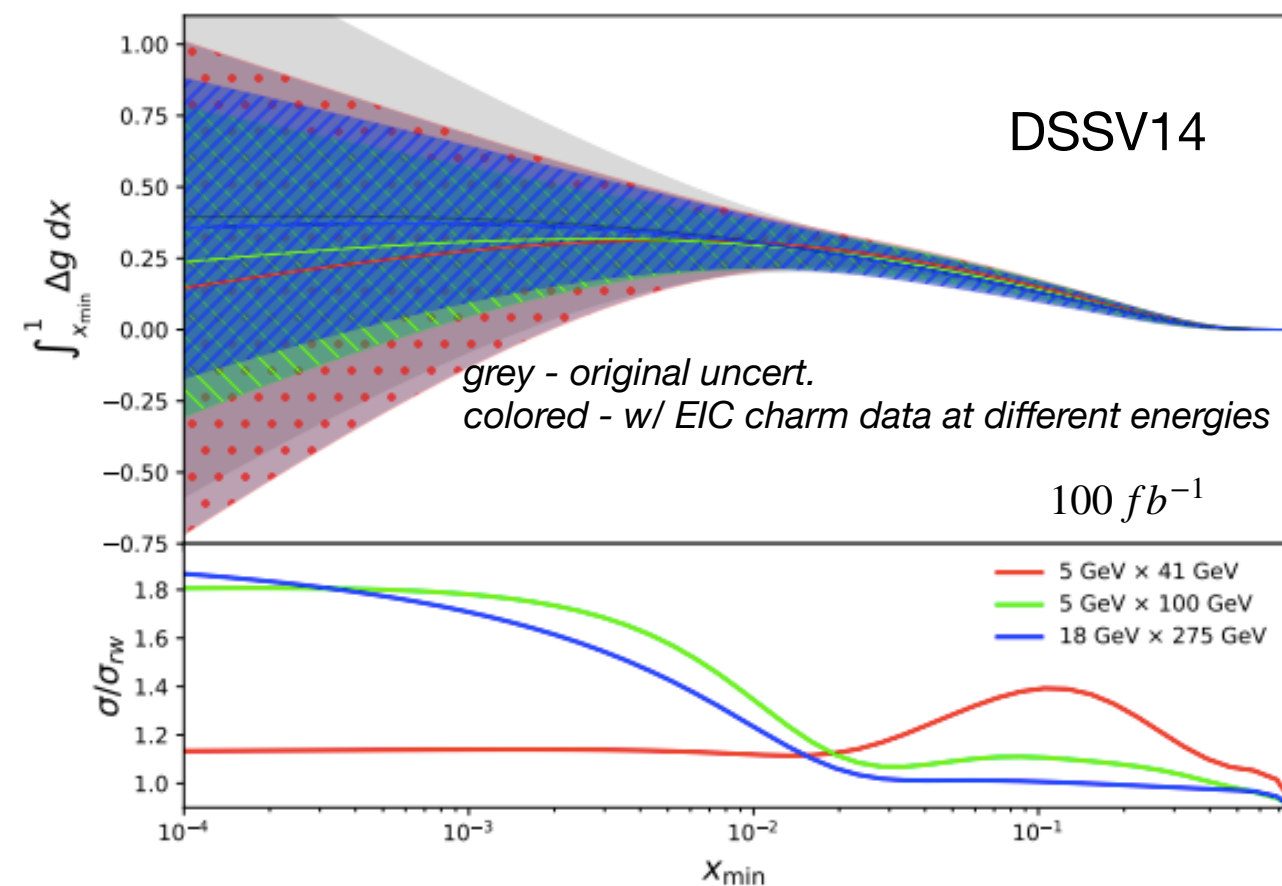
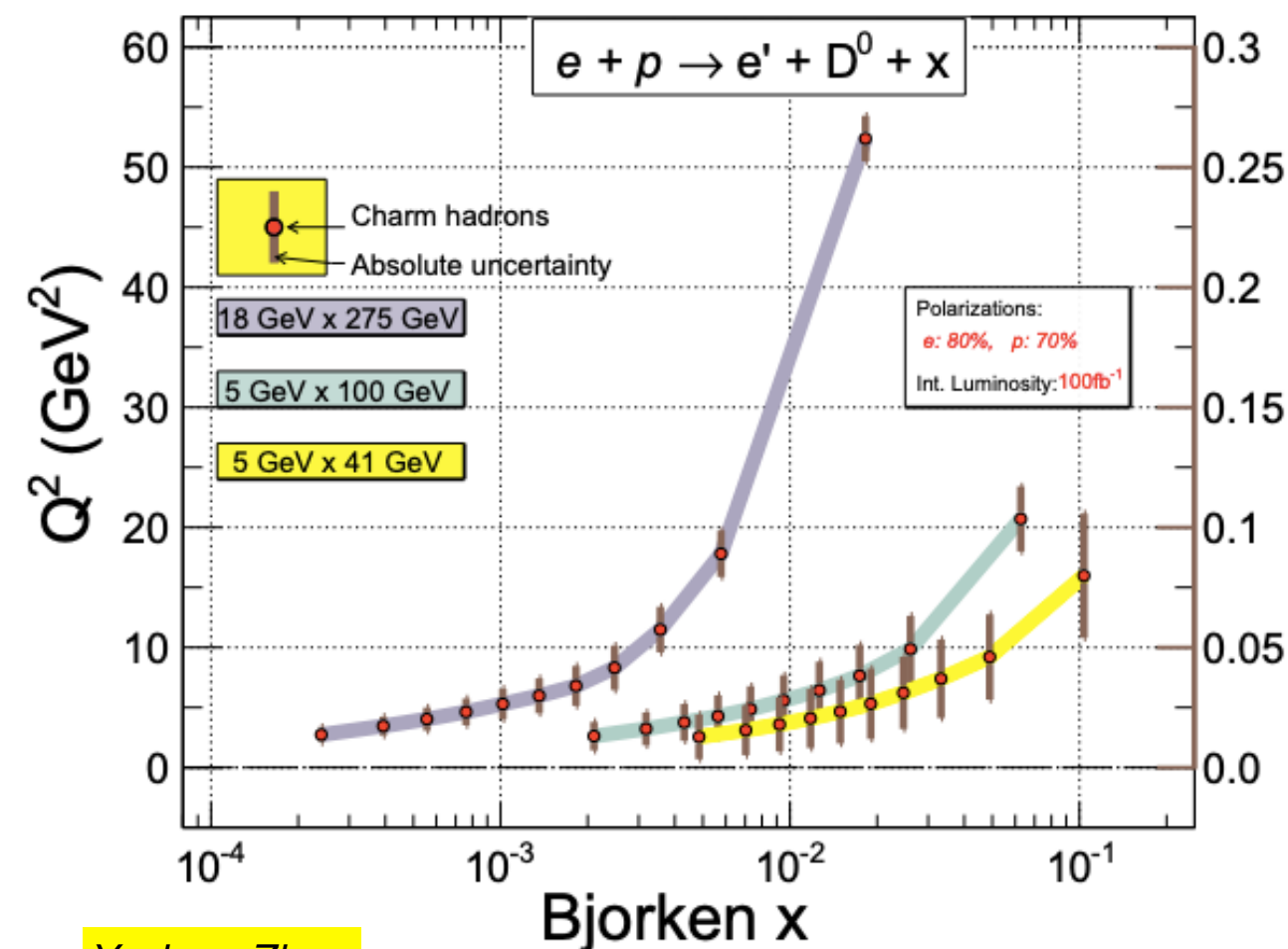
HF - better sensitivity to the gluon dynamics

- complementary to the inclusive measurement

- direct access to $\Delta g/g$ LO $A_{LL} \propto \hat{a}_{LL} \times \Delta g/g$

data placed at each measured (x_B, Q^2) position
error bars - uncertainty of A_1^c

$$A_1^c \equiv \frac{g_1^c(x, Q^2)}{F_1^c(x, Q^2)} = \frac{1}{D(y)} \frac{1}{P_e P_p} \frac{N^{++} - N^{+-}}{N^{++} + N^{+-}}$$



Yuxiang Zhao

PRD 104 (2021) 114039

e(L) + p(L), 5x41 and 18x275 GeV, 100 fb⁻¹ each

Guidance

- Beam: e+A, e+p
- Energy: electron 5-10 GeV
- Polarization
 - Year 1-2: no polarization
 - Year 3: transversely polarized protons
 - Year 4: longitudinally polarized protons
 - Year 5: polarized He-3 (L/T)
 - Year 6: electron polarization
- Luminosity: waiting for guidance from machine