

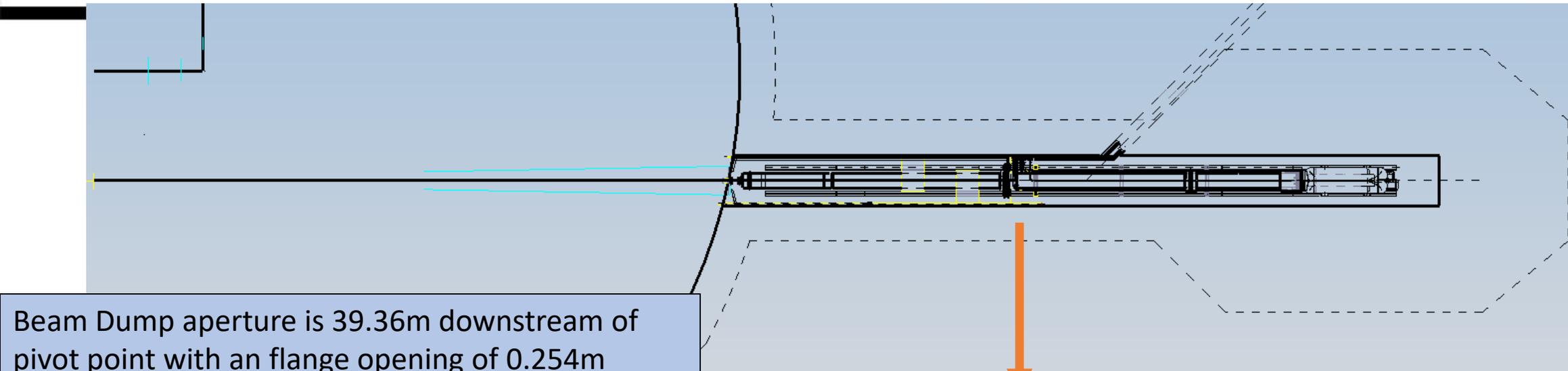
Hyper-Nuclear Stray Fields along Beamline

Steven Lassiter

Investigation into stray field from Dipole magnets on the main beam line

- A rough order of magnitude estimate to determine if a corrective magnet or beam line shielding or both is needed.
- No stray fields from Quadrupole magnets
- Uses individual Tosca solutions and superimposes fields from all Dipole magnets.
- Field directions checked for correct polarization.
- Each Model orientated to give correct location relative to layout for Hyper-Nuclear experiment in Hall C.
- UNITS: CGS unless noted.

Hall C Beam Dump

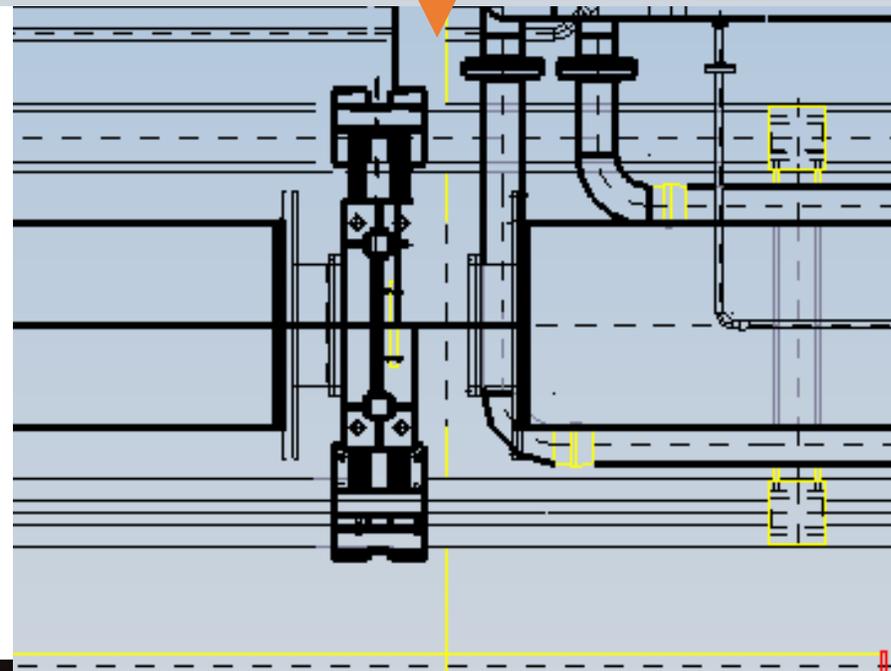


Beam Dump aperture is 39.36m downstream of pivot point with an flange opening of 0.254m diameter. Center Window of beam dump is ~4" diameter (0.10m or 0.05m radius)

HyperNuclear target is 6.58m downstream of pivot. (33.78m target to beam dump window).

Beam mis-steering starts around PCS magnet ~1 meters downstream of target

$\frac{1}{2}$ Angle for beam to strike the smaller diameter window of the beam dump due to mis-steering of beam from PCS location is 1.5mrad (0.05/32.78).



Beam Dump Deflection Estimate

- Using the uniform Dipole estimate of

- $\theta(\text{rad}) = \int B \cdot dL \text{ (T.m)}$

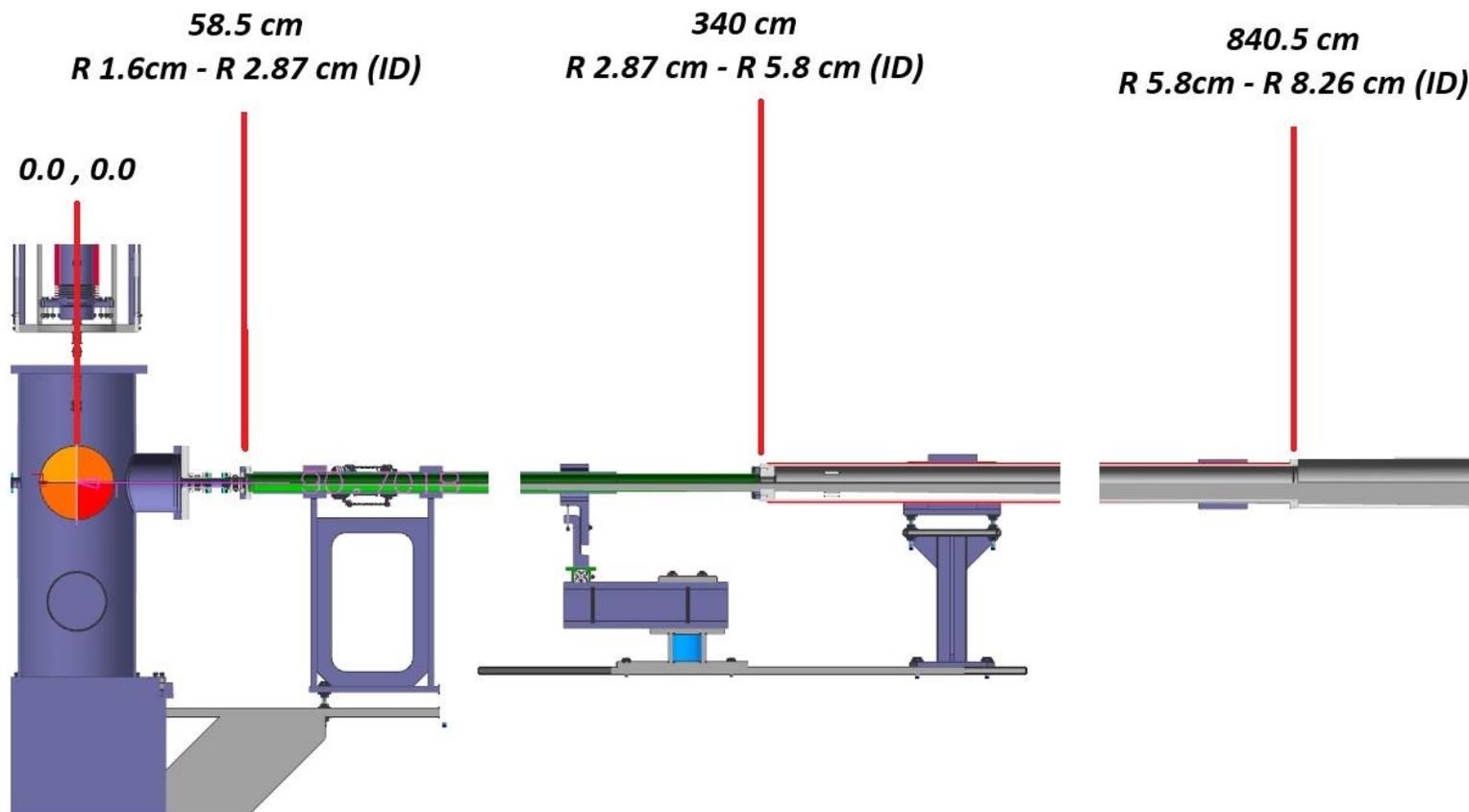
$$\frac{\text{-----}}{(3.3356 \times p \text{ (Gev)})}$$

- $p = 2.24 \text{ GeV}$
- Angle to hit edge of beam dump's inner window is 1.5 mrad.
- Overall the Maximum stray field should be less than **+/- 0.0112 T.m**, but one needs to keep the beam deflection with the telescoping beam line (inside radius), to minimize scrapping within the hall.
- Additionally, individual magnet's stray fields should also keep the beam with the beam pipe inside the hall.

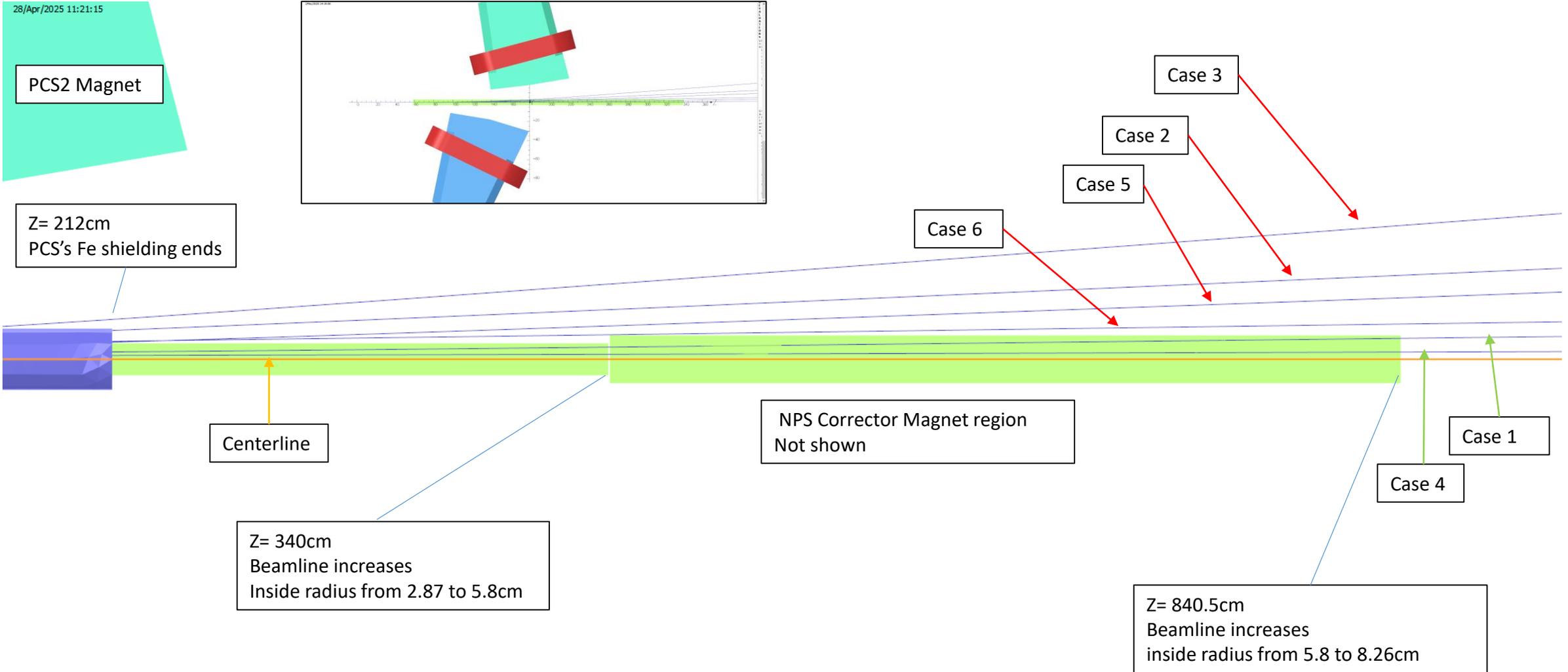
Stray Fields Summary [T.m]

Pipe Shielding	No	No	No	Yes x3	Yes x3	Yes x3	Yes x3	Yes/No/Yes
ENGE	-0.00104	-0.00104	-0.00104	-0.00113	-0.00113	-0.00113	-0.00113	-0.00113
PCS Case #	1	2	3	4	5	6	4	1
CC Polarity	PCS Neg CC	PCS No CC	PCS +CC	PCS Neg CC	PCS No CC	PCS +CC	PCS Neg CC	PCS Neg CC
PCS	0.1244	0.3427	0.5604	0.0921	0.2875	0.2666	0.0921	0.1244
HKS/HES Case #	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
HKS/HES	-0.3700	-0.3700	-0.3700	-0.1700	-0.1700	-0.1700	-0.1700	-0.1700
NPS Corrector							0.0424	0.0424
SUM	-0.2466	-0.0283	0.1894	-0.0791	0.1163	0.0954	-0.0366	-0.0043

Updated Beamline to accommodate beam deflection from stray field

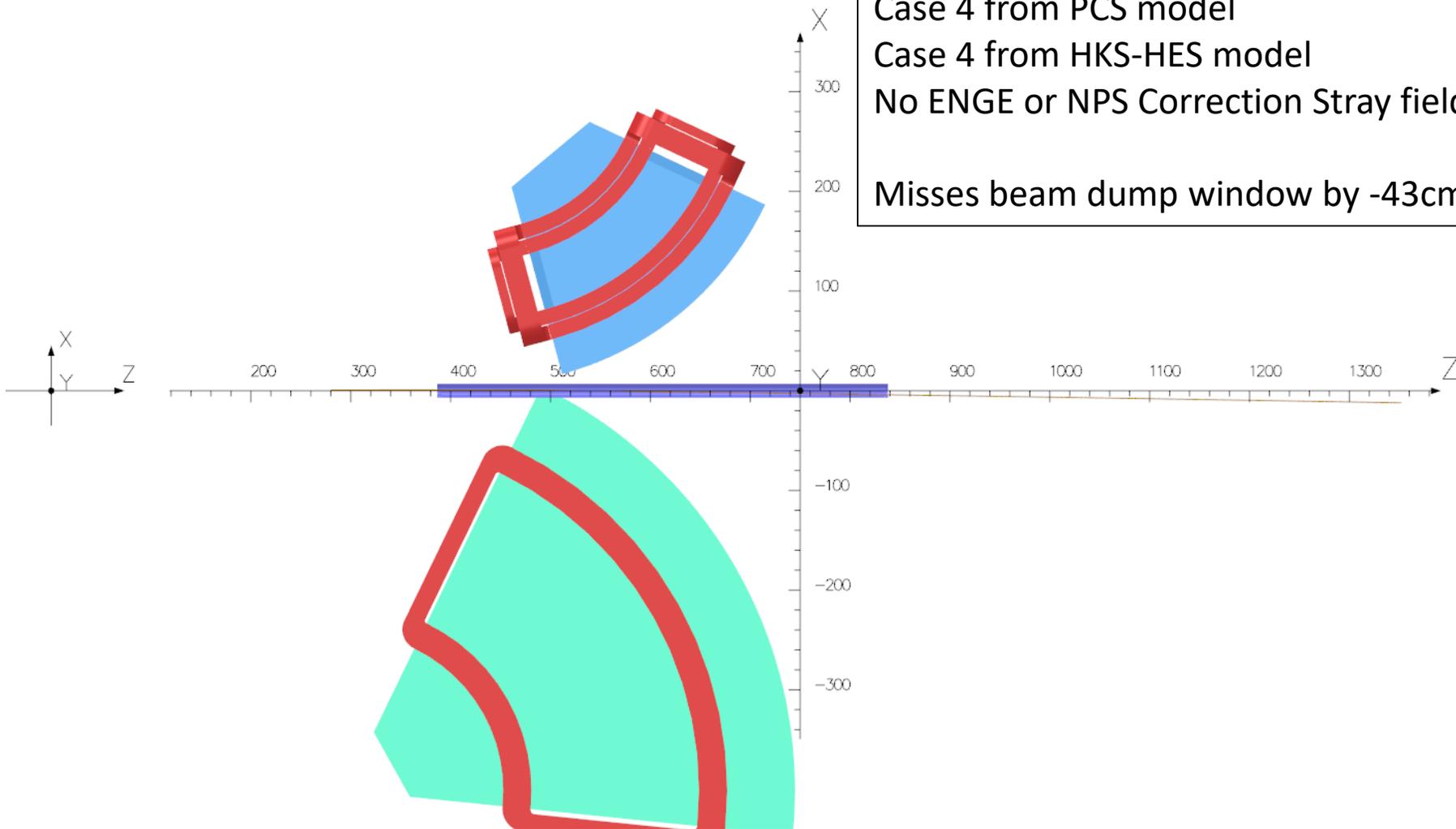


PCS Stray Field kick: cases



HES and HKS Ray trace

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Activated in global coordinates
Reflection in ZX plane (Z+X fields=0)
Field Point Local Coordinates
Local = Global

HES and HKS Ray trace Best Option

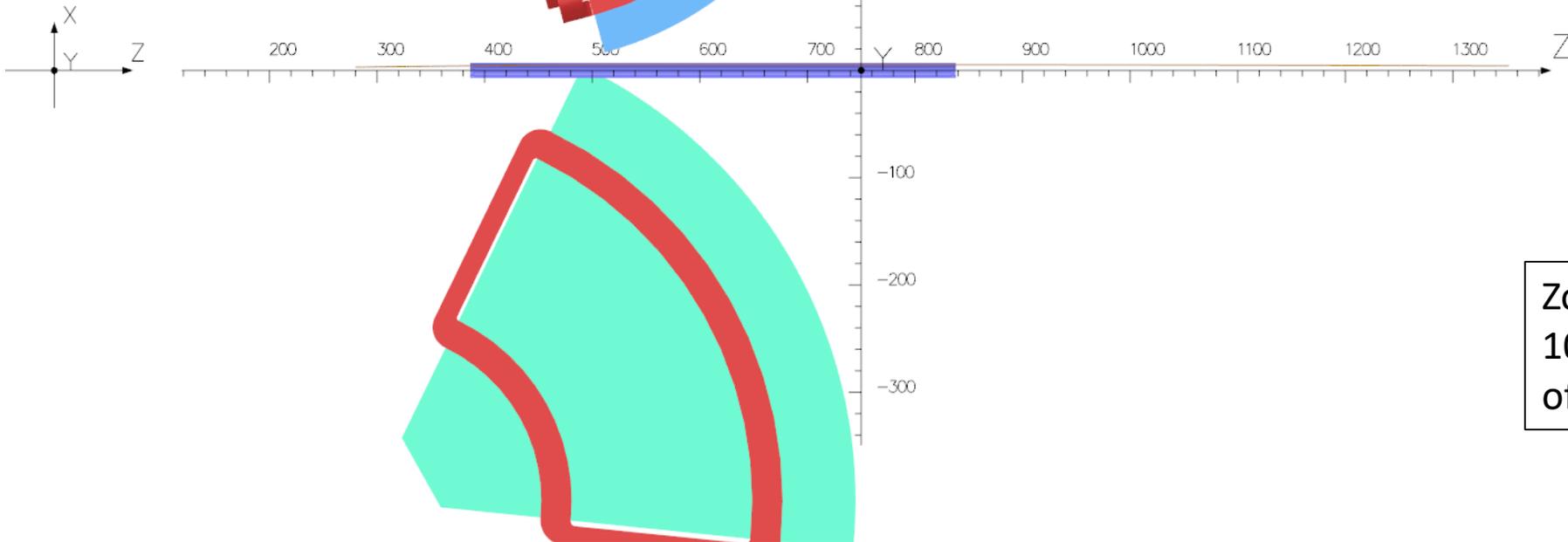
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Case 1 from PCS model
Case 4 from HKS-HES model
No ENGE or NPS Correction Stray fields

~Parallel to central Z axis

UNITS
Length cm
Magn Flux Density gauss
Magnetic Field oersted
Magn Scalar Pot oersted cm
Current Density A/cm²
Power W
Force N

MODEL DATA
HKS-HES-Cases.op3
Magnetostatic (TOSCA)
Nonlinear materials
Simulation No 4 of 5
2062908 elements
2809414 nodes
54 conductors
Nodally interpolated fields
Activated in global coordinates
Reflector in ZX plane (Z-Y, field=0)



Zoom in of Beam Dump Window's
10cm diameter Deflection is 0.36cm
off center line

Stray Fields - Conclusion

- A combination of passive Fe Beamline shielding, negative polarity PCS correction coils and the NPS correction magnet, the integral stray field along the Z axis can be managed to stay within the Beam dump's window aperture and not exceed the beamline.
- Of the cases that keep the integral stray field within the Beam dump window and keeps the e- beam within the downstream pipe was:
 1. ENGE with beam pipe shielding (small effect – not used in raytracing slides)
 2. PCS magnets with negative polarity correction coils and with out beam pipe shielding
 3. NPS corrector magnet (if needed)
 4. HKS and HES with extended length beam pipe Shielding

Backup

Spectrometers' Parameters

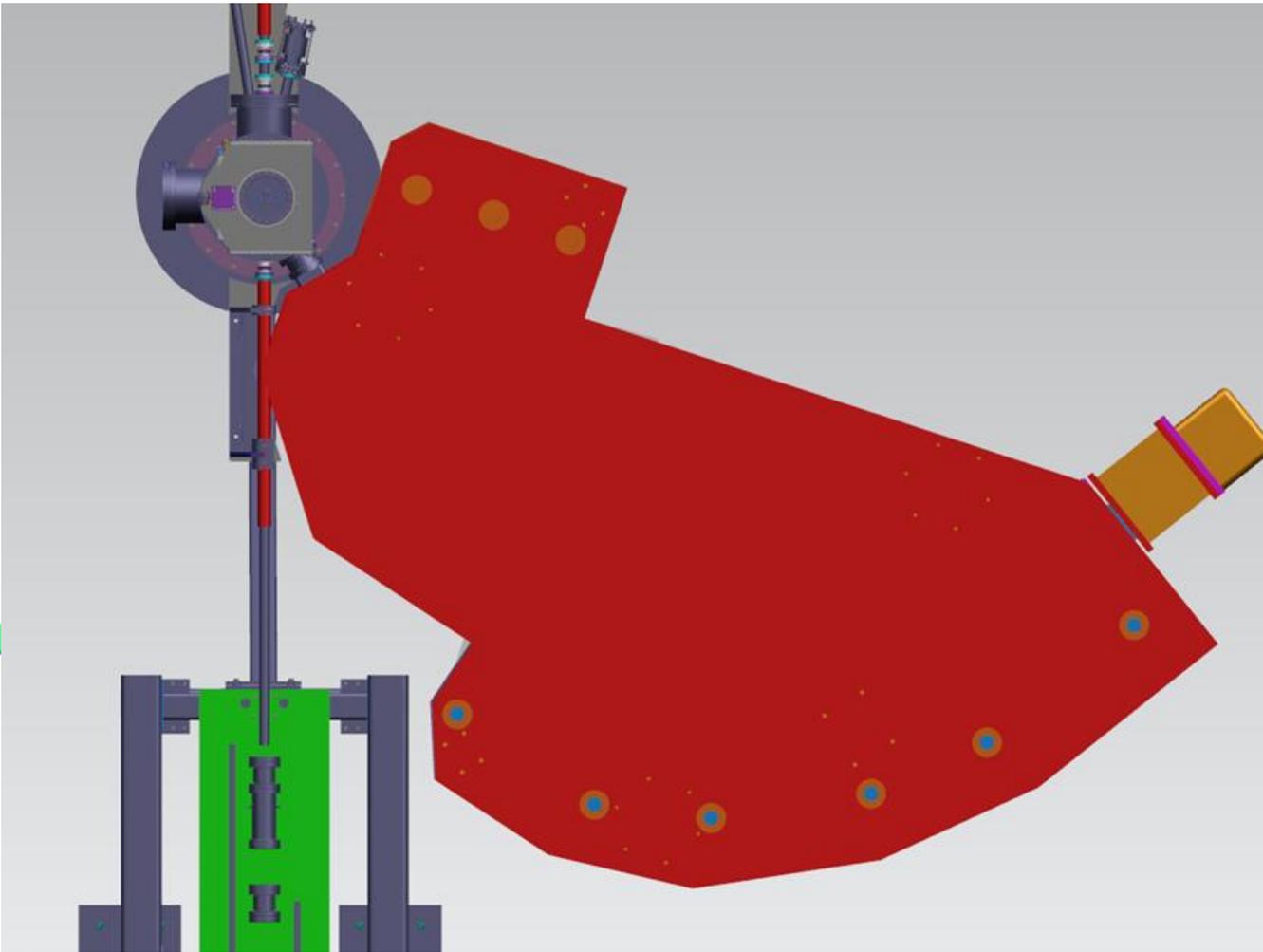
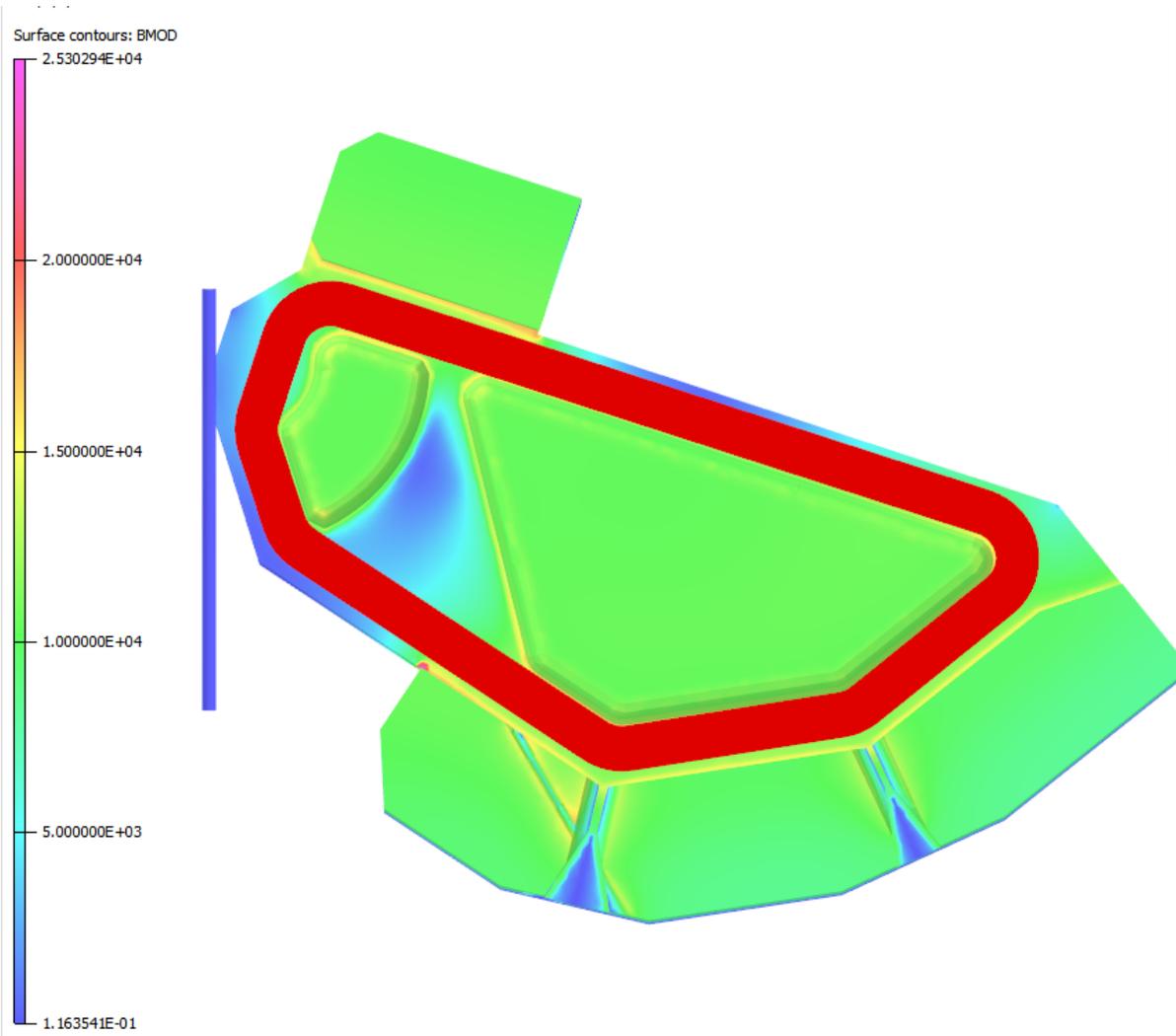
- Beam Energy e^- @ 2.24 GeV
- HKS Angle at -25.8° K^+ @ 1.200 GeV/c, Kaon mass : 973.721 (relative to e^-)
- PCS(K^+) angle is at -11.5°
- PCS (K^+):
Main coil $J = -393.50 \text{ AT/cm}^2$, $NI = -109,167.1 \text{ A.T}$, $N = 96$, $I = -1,137.2 \text{ A}$
Trim coil $J = 666.67 \text{ AT/cm}^2$, $NI = 88,000.0 \text{ A.T}$, $N = 88$, $I = 1,000.0 \text{ A}$
- HES Angle at $+14.9^\circ$ e^- @ 0.744 GeV/c electron mass : 1.00
- PCS(e^-) angle is at $+8.5^\circ$
- PCS (e^-):
Main coil $J = 50.50 \text{ AT/cm}^2$, $NI = 14,010.7 \text{ A.T}$, $N = 96$, $I = 145.9 \text{ A}$
Trim coil $J = -666.67 \text{ AT/cm}^2$, $NI = -88,000.0 \text{ A.T}$, $N = 88$, $I = -1,000.0 \text{ A}$
- Enge: 110 MeV/c Pions @ Angle of 210° (-30°), Pion mass : 273.1268 (relative to e^-)

Z axis is towards Beam dump unless otherwise noted. Z=0 is HyperNuclear's Target center, not Hall C's

ENGE Magnet

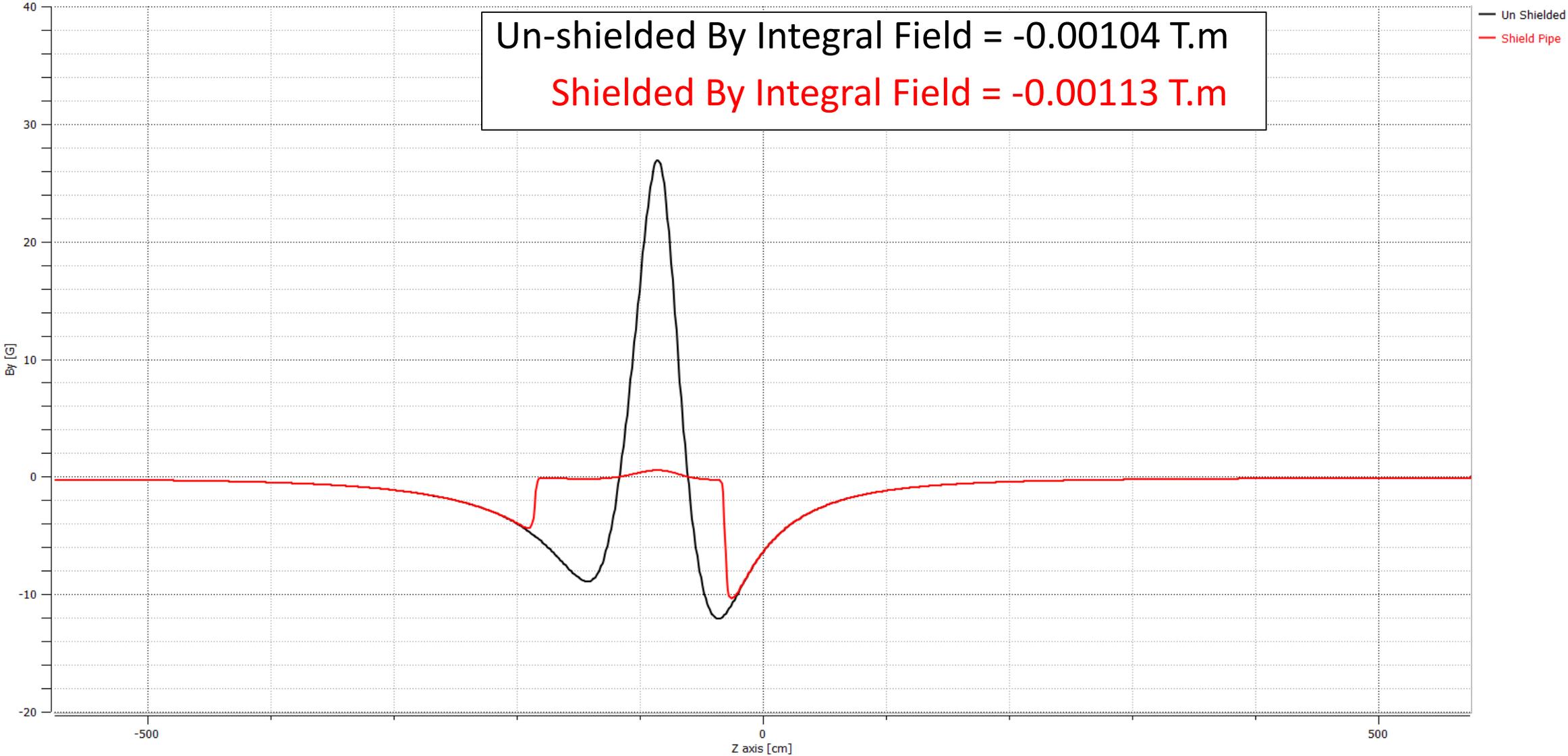
- Ideas Model File: ENGE, Part name: ENGE_Tosca_v2, FEA Model Name: ENGE_magnet_v2
- Universal Filename: ENGE2.unv
- Nodes: 3,785,034 Quad tetra Elements: 2,746,610
- Model Geometry extents: X: -325 to 875, Y: -500 to 0, Z: -575 to 625
- Iron Beam Pipe: Length = 91 Thickness = 0.48 layout in Z from -123 to -32
- NOTE: In Opera post processing, use local CS of Theta=180 to set axis to same orientation as the other magnets.
- Current Density used is $J=86 \text{ A.T/cm}^2$ or a current of $\sim 209\text{A}$.
- Midplane views shown for clarity.

ENGE



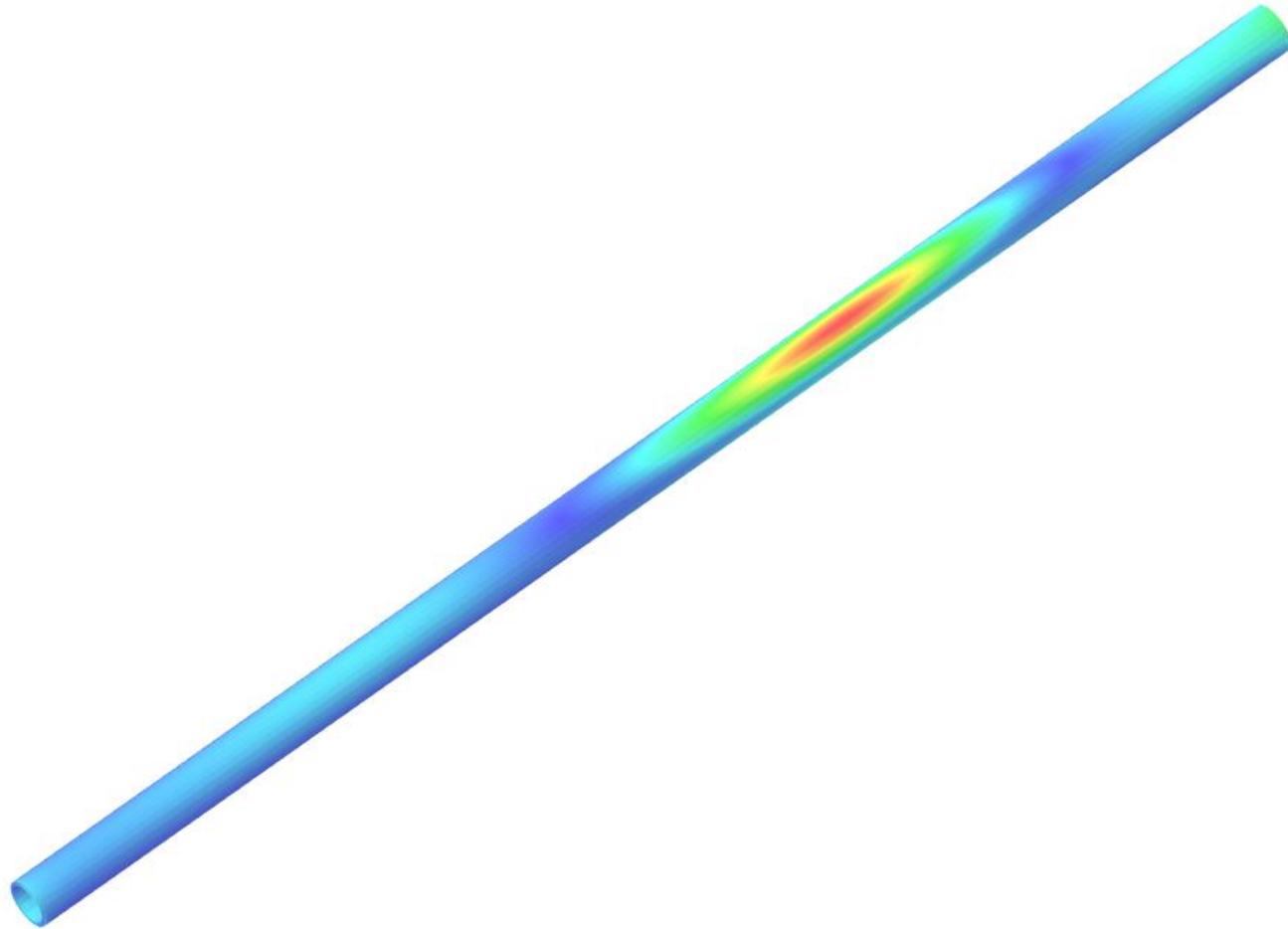
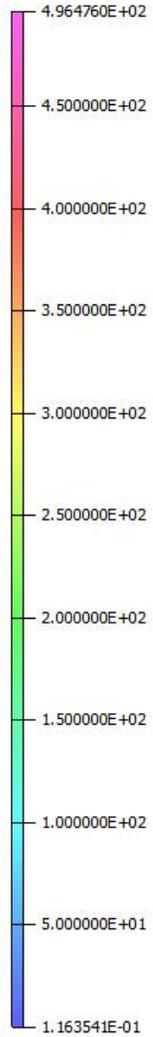
ENGE - Longer Shield Pipe

ENGE Stray By Field [G]



ENGE Pipe Shielding

Surface contours: BMOD



$$F_x = -0.2 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{Field} = \sim 500 \text{ G}$$

ENGE's PION Trajectory parameters

Particle Trajectories ? X

Trajectory type
 Single particle Beam of partides Flux tube

Particle Data Trajectory Start

Particle type Other

Current in beam 1

Accelerating voltage 1.1E+08

Mass (electron units) 273.1268

Charge (electron=-1) -1

Size of beam 1.0E-04

Number lines 5

Tracking options

Step length 0.1

Number of steps 10000

Tolerance 0.01

Track file

File name ls\ENGE\ENGE-pion-j86.TRACKS

File options New

Print data Display trajectories

Calculate Cancel

Particle Trajectories ? X

Trajectory type
 Single particle Beam of partides Flux tube

Particle Data Trajectory Start

Position

X 0

Y 0

Z 0

Direction

Parallel to Other

Angles to rotate coordinate system

Around Z 0

Around new Y 210

Around new Z 0

Tracking options

Step length 1.1

Number of steps 10000

Tolerance 0.01

Track file

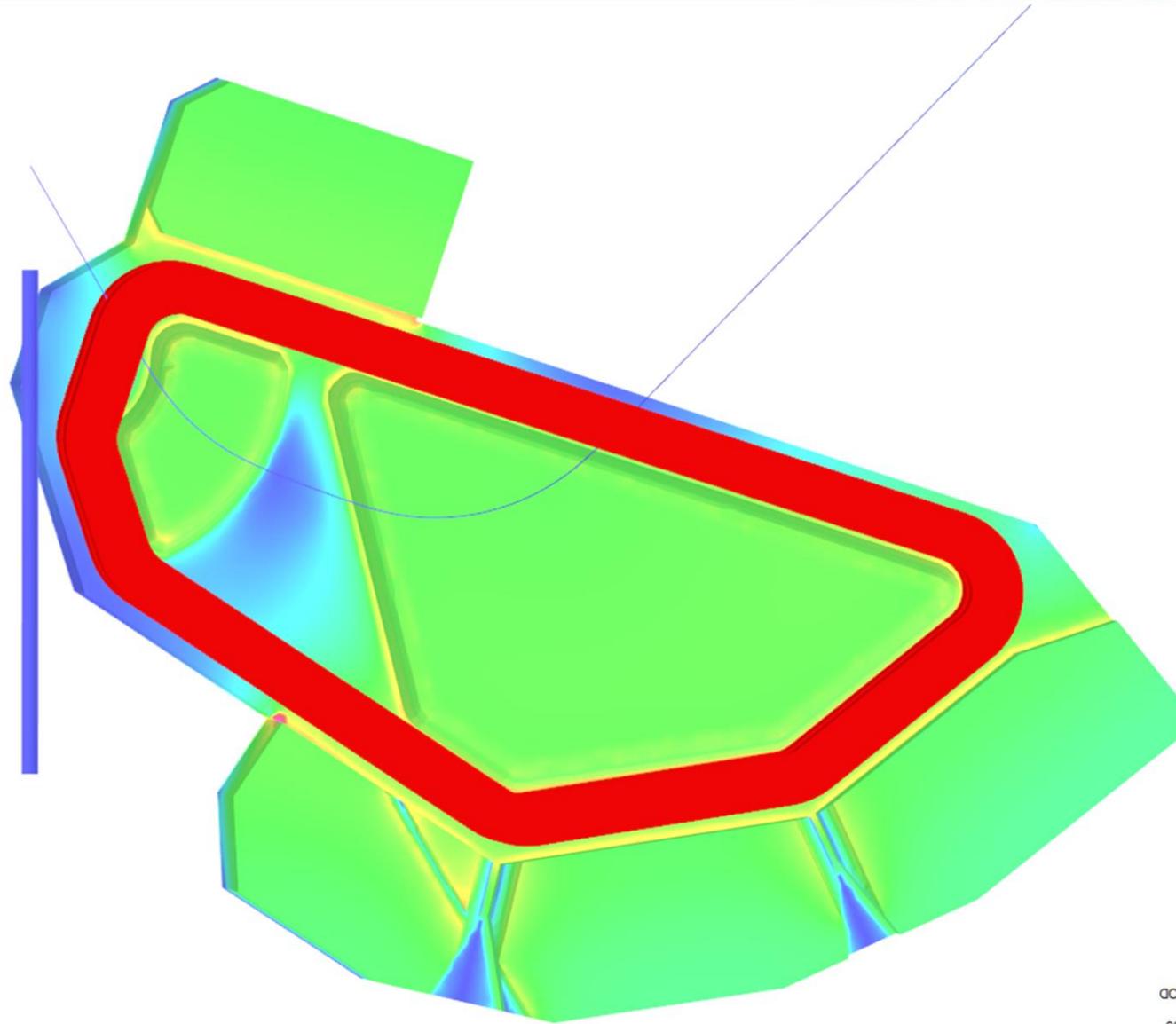
File name ENGE-V2

File options New

Print data Display trajectories

Calculate Cancel

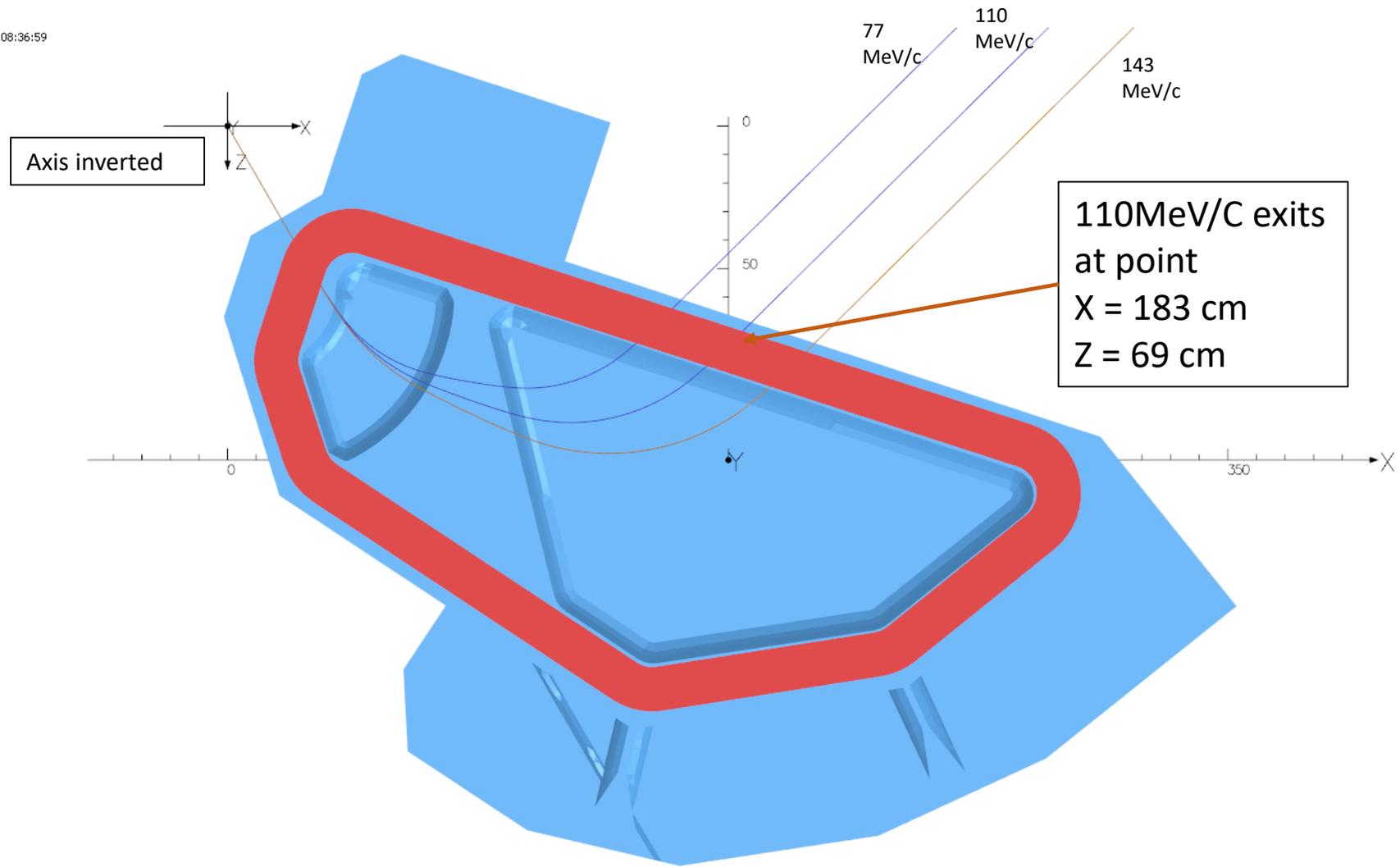
ENGE



001
~

Ray Traces for various Pion energies

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UNITS

Length	cm
Magn Flux Density	gauss
Magnetic Field	oersted
Magn Scalar Pot	oersted cm
Current Density	A/cm ²
Power	W
Force	N

MODEL DATA

ENGE j86 shiledng cases.op3
 Magnetostatic (TOSCA)
 Nonlinear materials
 Simulation No 1 of 2
 390657 elements
 615083 nodes
 24 conductors
 Nodally interpolated fields
 Activated in global coordinates
 Reflection in ZX plane (Z+X fields=0)

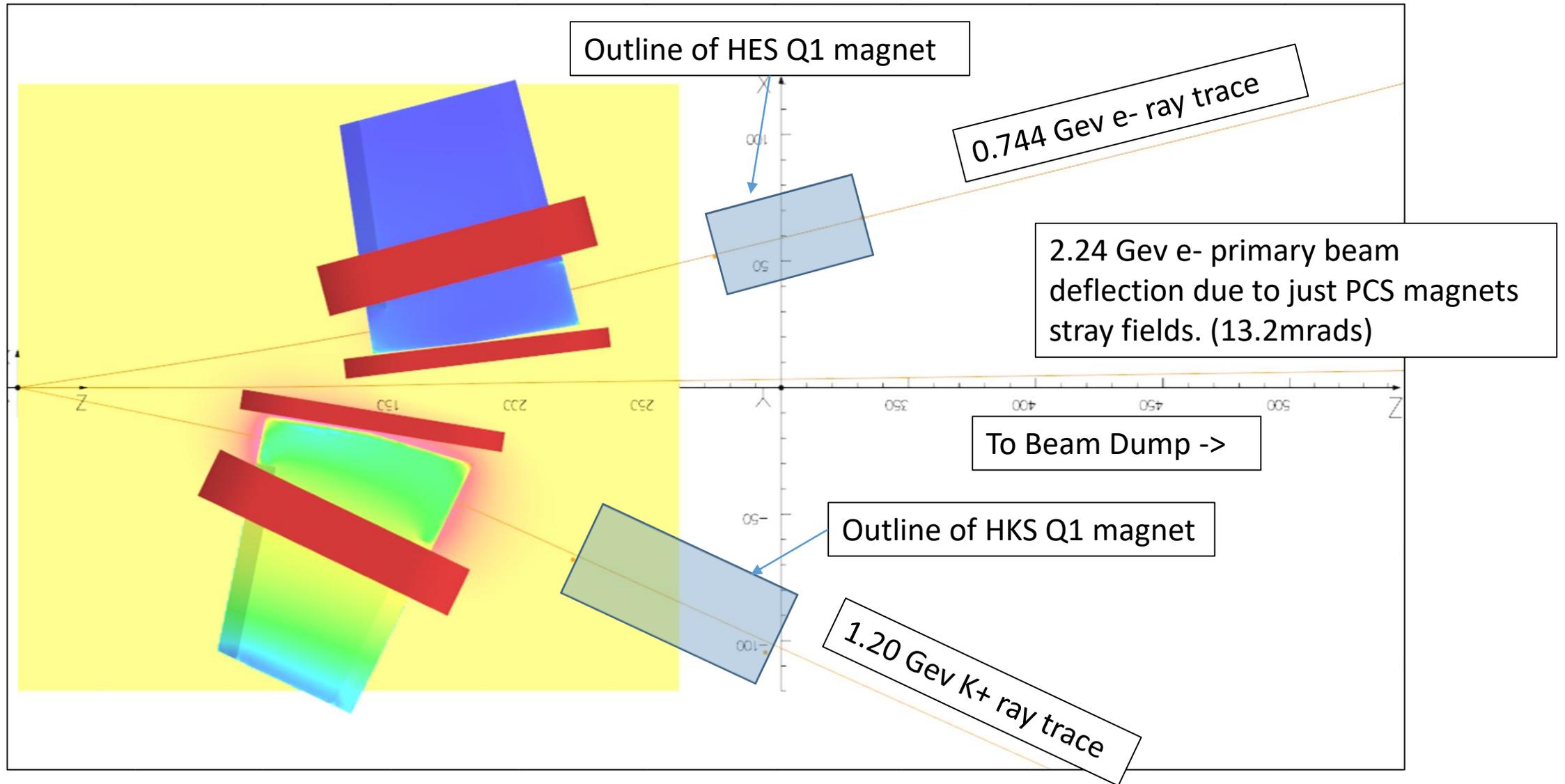
Field Point Local Coordinates
 Local = Global

PCS Magnets

- Ideas Model File: PCS-Forces, Part name: PCS Magnets Tosca, FEA Model Name: Finer Mesh with Fe pipe
- Universal Filename: PCS-forces-beampipe1.unv
- Nodes: 5,065,314 Quad tetra Elements: 3,680,097
- Model Geometry extents: X: -1,270 to 1,270 Y: 0.0 to 635, Z: -508 to 1,270
- Iron Beam Pipe: Length = 152 Thickness = 0.70 layout in Z from 60.0 to 212

- Main Coils Current Density: $J=86 \text{ A.T/cm}^2$ or a current of $\sim 209\text{A}$.
- Correction Coil's Current Density: $\pm 666.67 \text{ A.T/cm}^2$ or Zero.

PCS Magnets: Calculated current excitations by matching rays to Q1's center points (with Correction coils on).

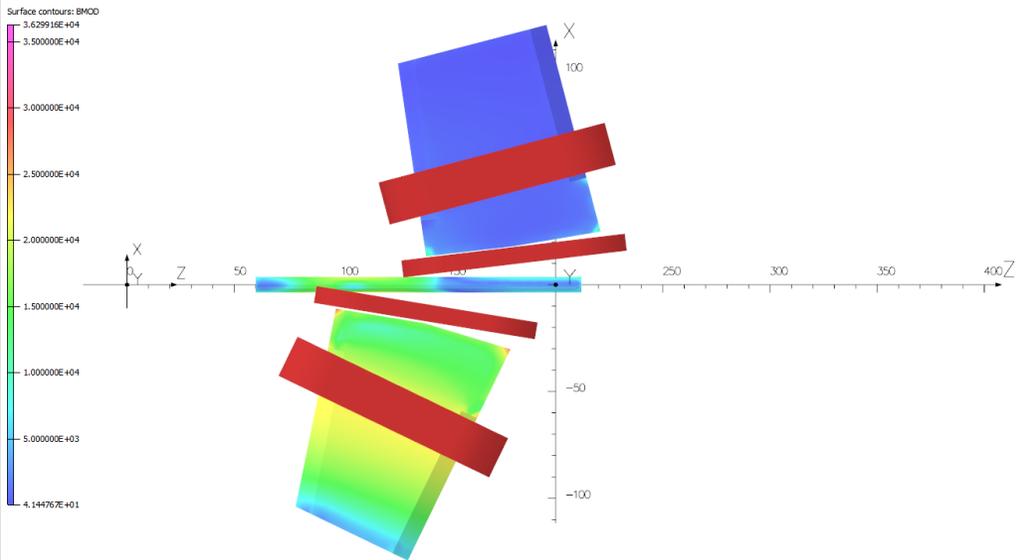


PCS V2 Correction Coils - Polarity

Stray field along Z axis

Without Fe shielding : 0.124 T.m Case 1

With Fe shielding : 0.0921 T.m Case 4

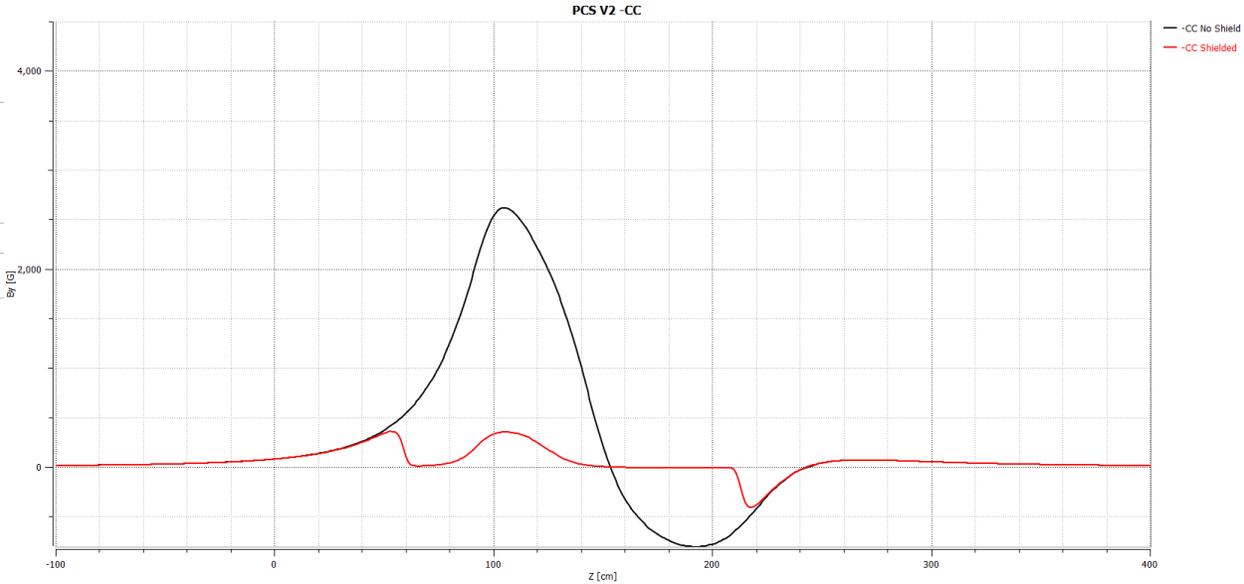


UNITS
Length cm
Magn Flux Density gauss
Magnetic Field oersted
Magn Scalar Pot oersted cm
Current Density A/cm²
Power W
Force N

MODEL DATA
PCS-V2-CC-cases.op3
MagnetoStatic (TOSCA)
Nonlinear materials
Simulation No 2 of 2
1813192 elements
2770283 nodes
4 conductors
Nodally interpolated fields
Activated in global coordinates
Reflection in ZX plane (Z+X fields=0)

Field Point Local Coordinates
Local = Global

FIELD EVALUATIONS
Line LBE (nodal) 801 Cartesian
x=0.0 y=0.0 z=200.0 to 600.0

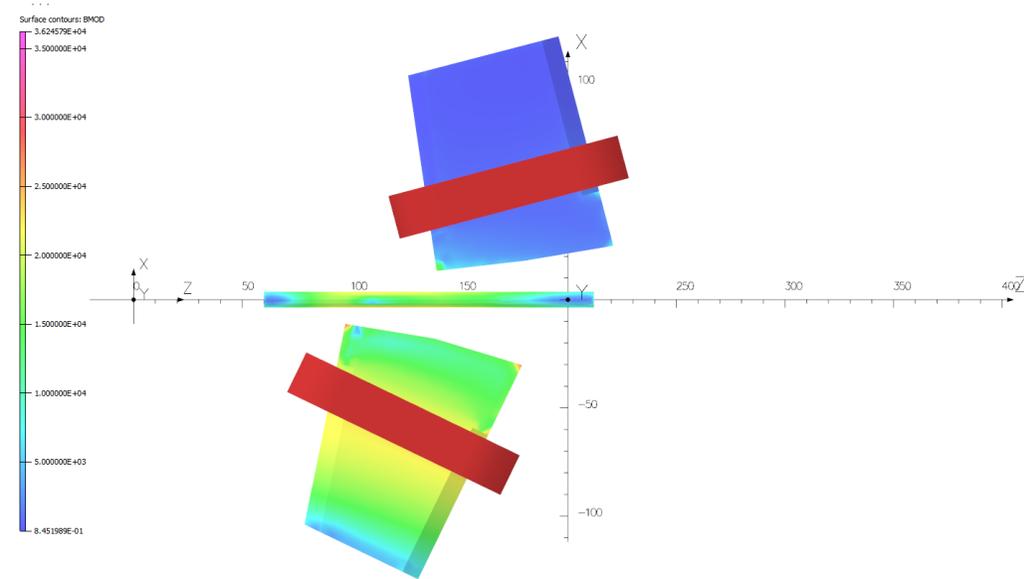


PCS V2 No Correction Coils

Stray field along Z axis

Without Fe shielding : 0.3427 T.m Case 2

With Fe shielding : 0.2875 T.m Case 5

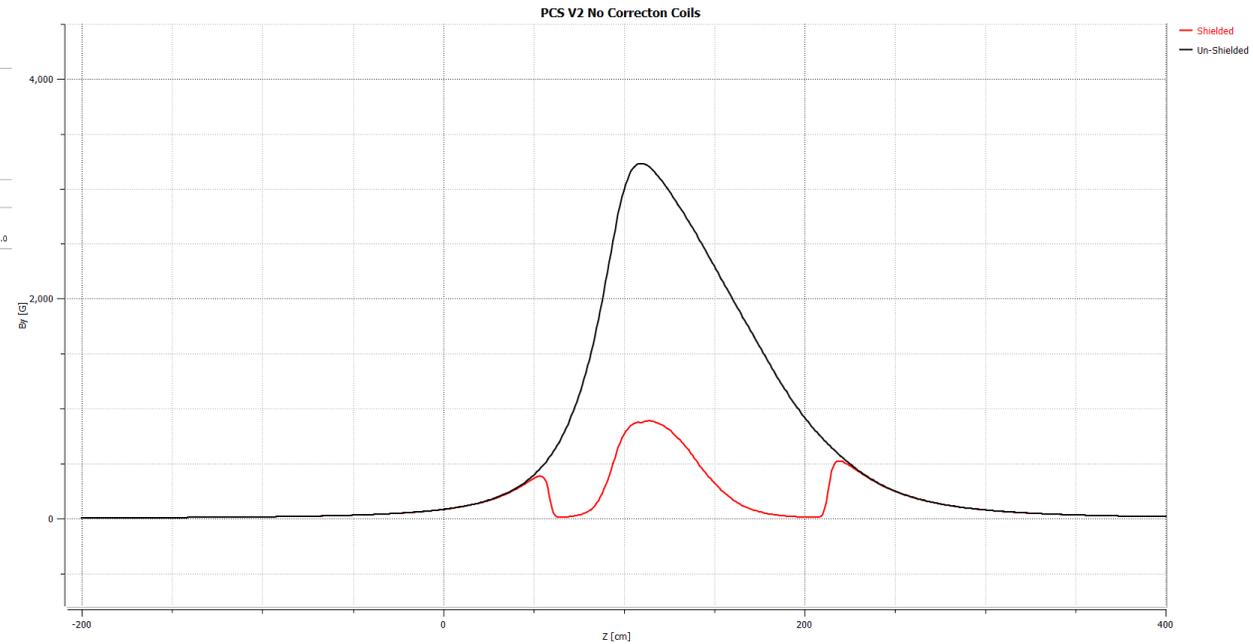


UNITS
Length cm
Magn Flux Density gauss
Magnetic Field oersted
Magn Scalar Pot oersted cm
Current Density A/cm²
Power W
Force N

MODEL DATA
PCS V20 MAGCC-00001-003
Magneto-static (TOSCA)
Nonlinear materials
Simulation No 2 of 2
1813192 elements
2370000 nodes
2 conductors
Nodally interpolated fields
Activated in global coordinates
Reflection in ZX plane (Z+x fields=0)

Field Point Local Coordinates
Local = Global

FIELD EVALUATIONS
Line LINE (node) 011 Cartesian
x=0.0 y=0.0 z=-200.0 to 600.0

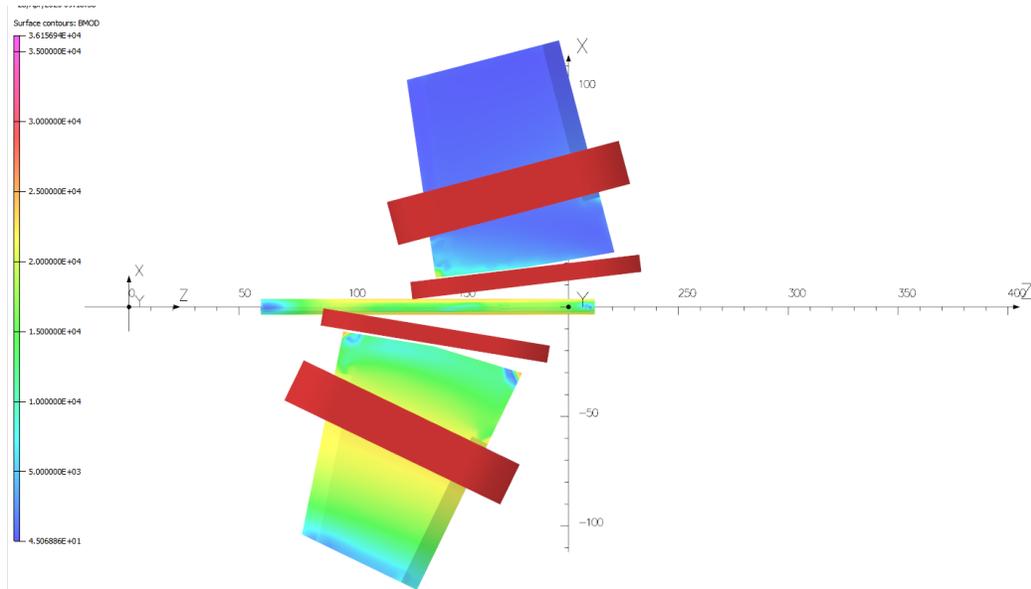


PCS V2 Correction Coils + Polarity

Stray field along Z axis

Without Fe shielding : 0.5604 T.m case 3

With Fe shielding : 0.2666 T.m case 6

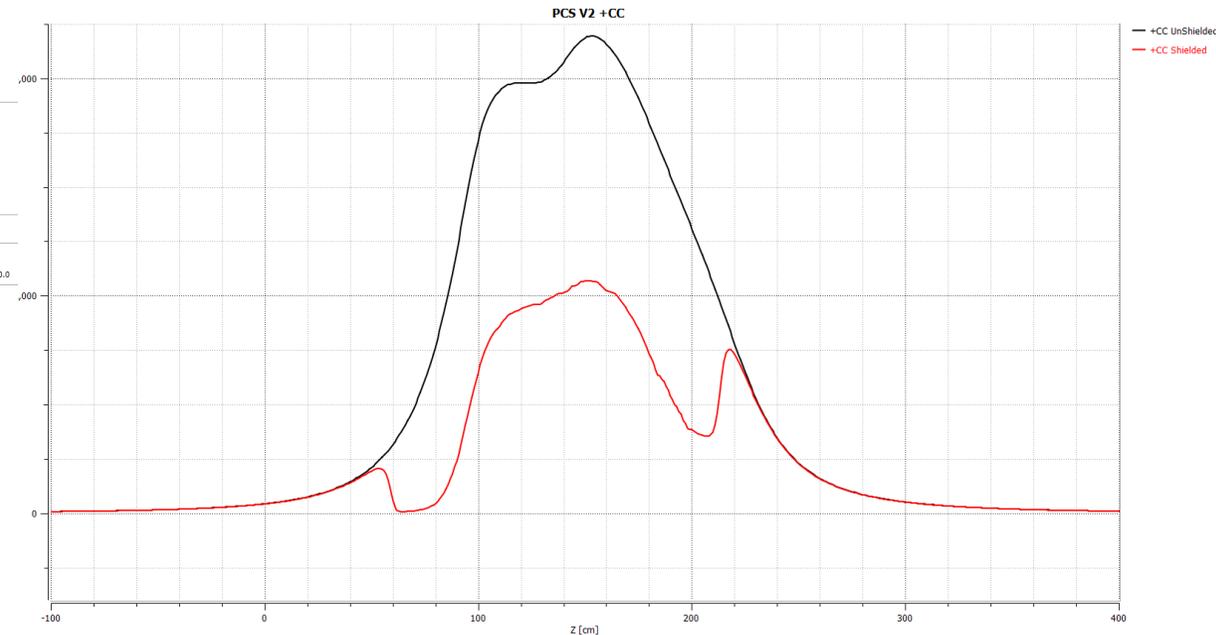


UNITS
Length cm
Magn Flux Density gauss
Magnetic Field oersted cm
Magn Scalar Pot oersted cm
Current Density A/cm²
Power W
Force N

MODEL DATA
PCS-V2+CC-cases.op3
Magnetostatic (TOSCA)
Nonlinear materials
Simulation No 2 of 2
1813192 elements
2570085 nodes
4 conductors
Nodally interpolated fields
Activated in global coordinates
Reflection in Z plane (Z=N, Fields=0)

Field Point Local Coordinates
Local = Global

FIELD EVALUATIONS
Line: LINE (nodal) 801 Cartesian
x=0.0 y=0.0 z=200.0 to 600.0

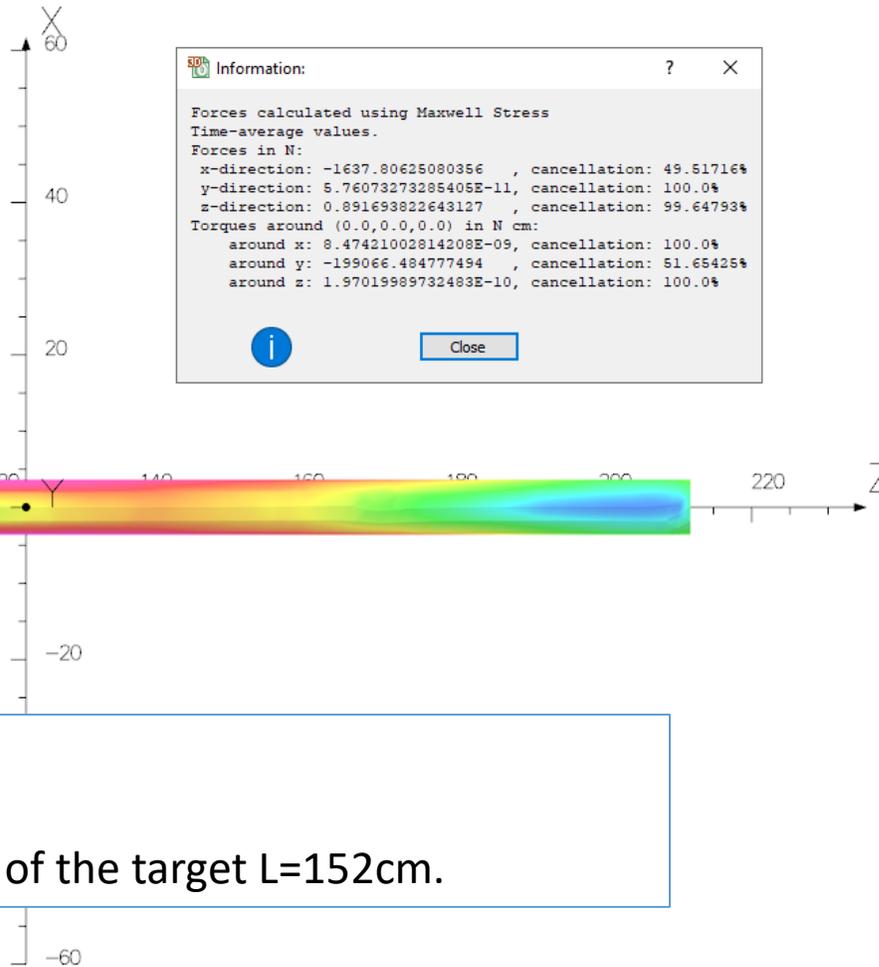
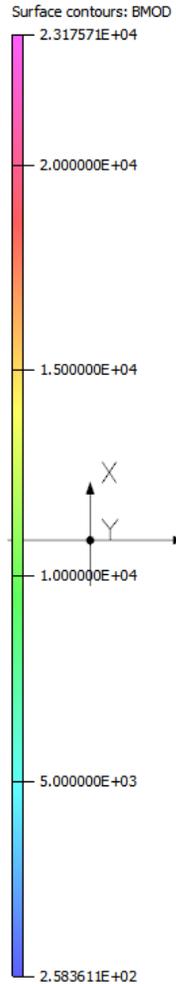


PCS Fe Beam Pipe Force

Forces on beam pipe:
 -CC Model -> (Max X Force)
 $F_x = -1140\text{N} (-256\text{lbf})$

No CC Model -> (Max X Force)
 $F_x = -1,637\text{N} (-368\text{lbf})$

+CC Model -> (Max Z Force)
 $F_z = 81\text{N} (18\text{lbf})$



Information ? X

Forces calculated using Maxwell Stress
 Time-average values.

Forces in N:

x-direction: -1637.80625080356 , cancellation: 49.51716%

y-direction: 5.76073273285405E-11, cancellation: 100.0%

z-direction: 0.891693822643127 , cancellation: 99.64793%

Torques around (0.0,0.0,0.0) in N cm:

around x: 8.47421002814208E-09, cancellation: 100.0%

around y: -199066.484777494 , cancellation: 51.65425%

around z: 1.97019989732483E-10, cancellation: 100.0%

Close

Iron beam pipe over SS beamline.
 ID:5.90cm OD:7.30cm t=0.7cm.
 Position 60cm to 212cm downstream of the target L=152cm.

UNITS	
Length	cm
Magn Flux Density	gauss
Magnetic Field	oersted
Magn Scalar Pot	oersted cm
Current Density	A/cm ²
Power	W
Force	N

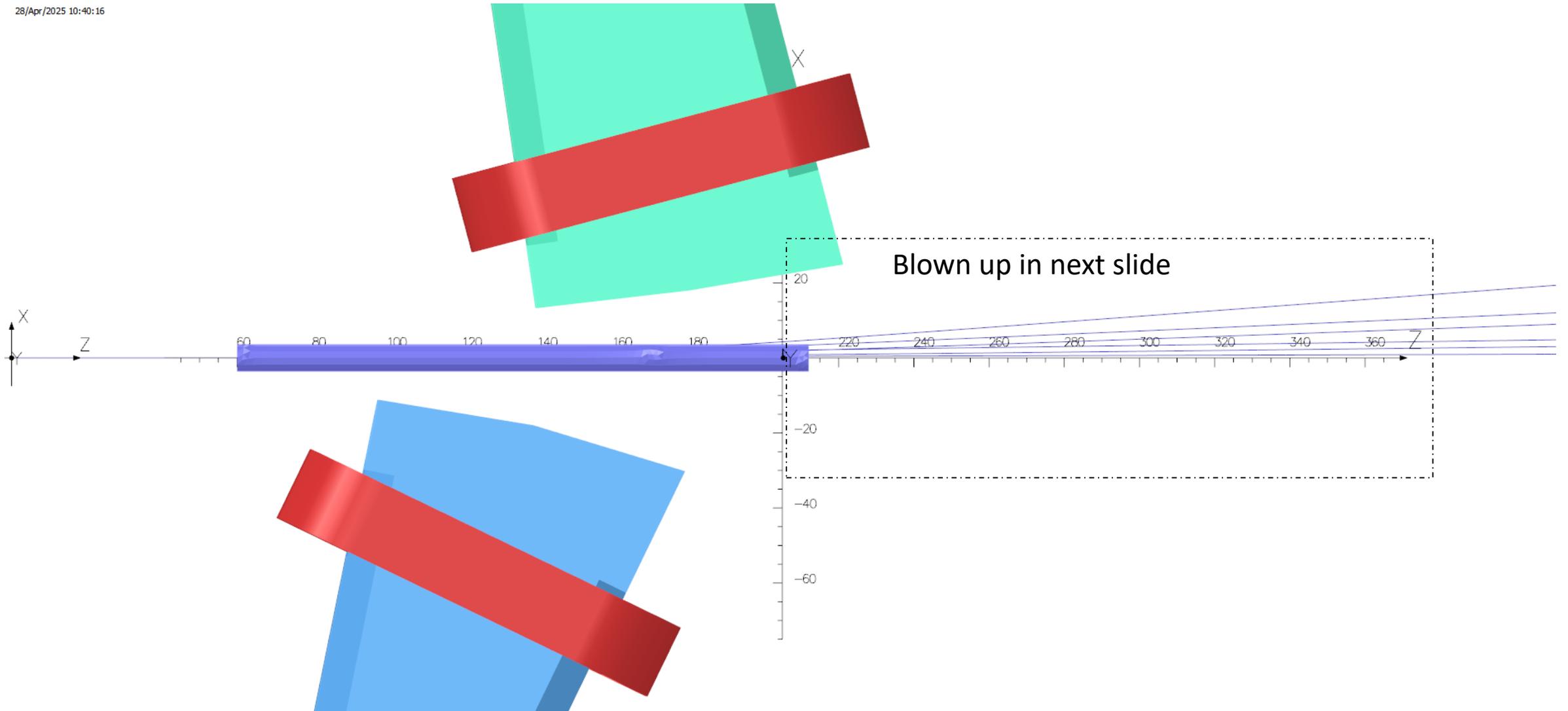
MODEL DATA	
PCS-V20-NoCC-cases.op3	
Magnetostatic (TOSCA)	
Nonlinear materials	
Simulation No 2 of 2	
1813192 elements	
2570085 nodes	
2 conductors	
Nodally interpolated fields	
Activated in global coordinates	
Reflection in ZX plane (Z+X fields=0)	

Field Point Local Coordinates	
Local = Global	

FIELD EVALUATIONS		
Line LINE (nodal) 801	Cartesian	
x=0.0	y=0.0	z=-200.0 to 600.0

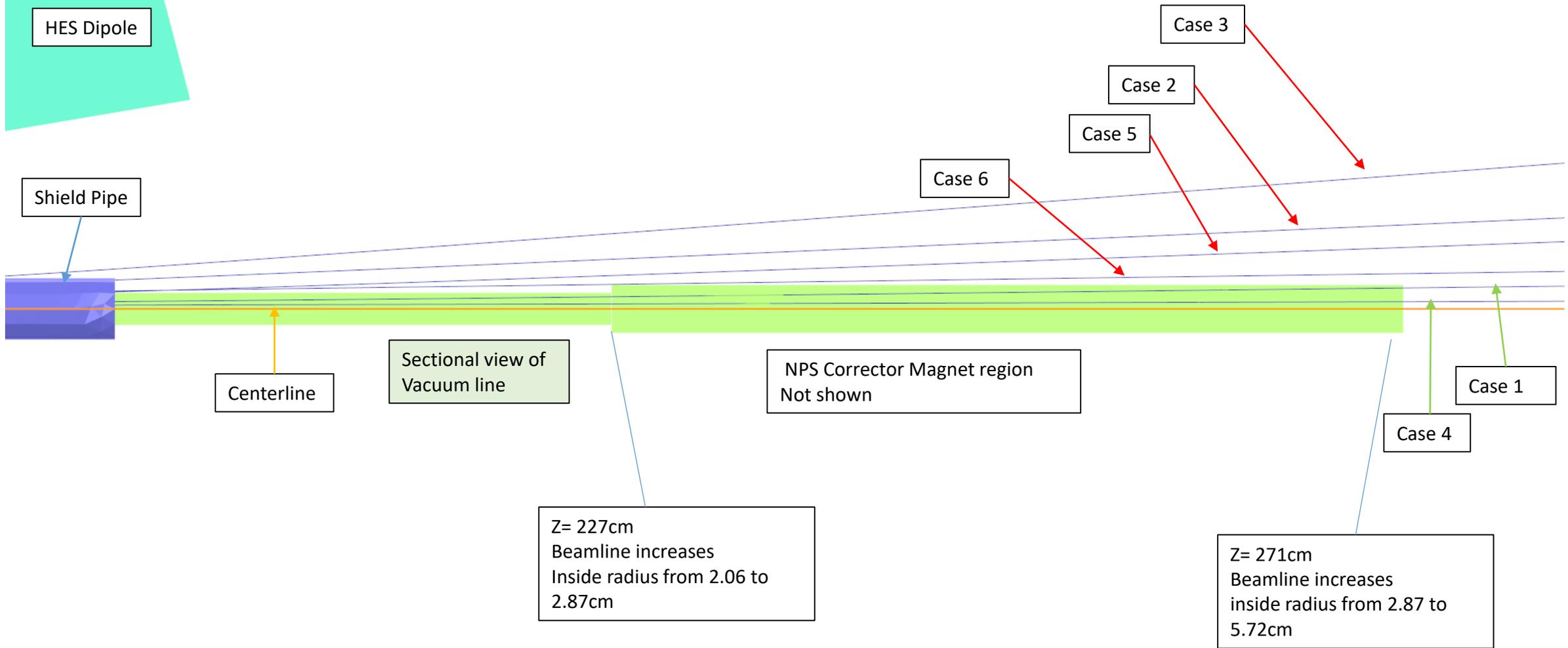
Beam Kick due to just PCS magnets

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PCS magnets Stray Field kick cases

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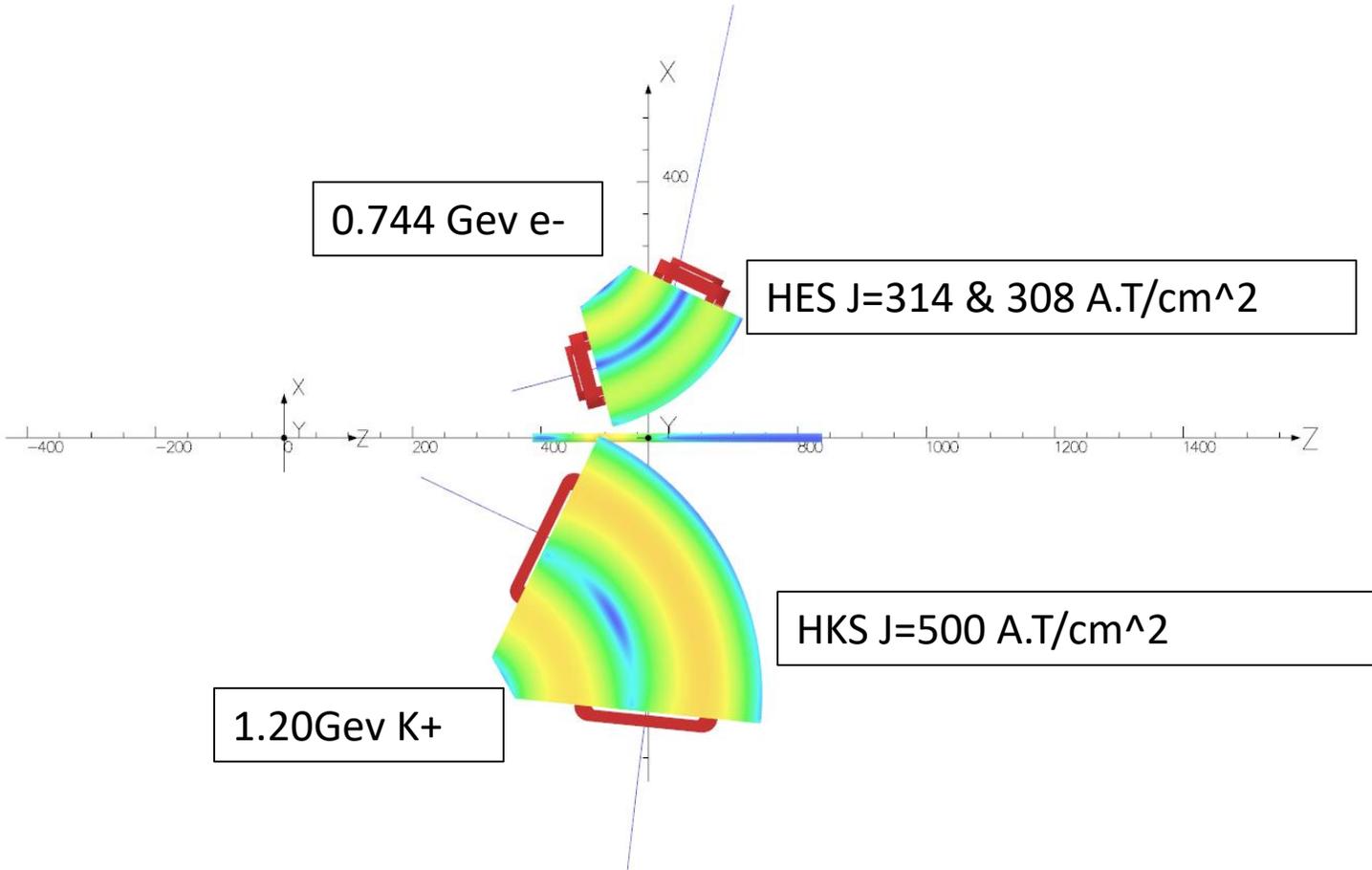
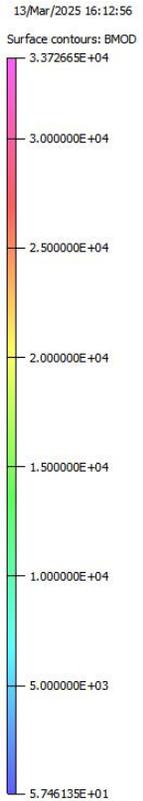


HKS & HES DIPOLE

HKS DIPOLE

- Ideas Model File: HKS-Dipole
- Universal Filename: HKSandHES.inv
- Nodes: 2,809,414 Quad tetra Elements: 2,062,908
- Model Geometry extents: X: -997 to 832.5 Y: -600.0 to 0.0, Z: -193.9 to 1,352
- Iron Beam Pipe: Length = 451.4 Thickness = 0.65 (~1/4") layout in Z from 386.3 to 838.0

Ray Traces – To verify magnet settings are in the ball park. Simplified HKS Pole – Error ~5%



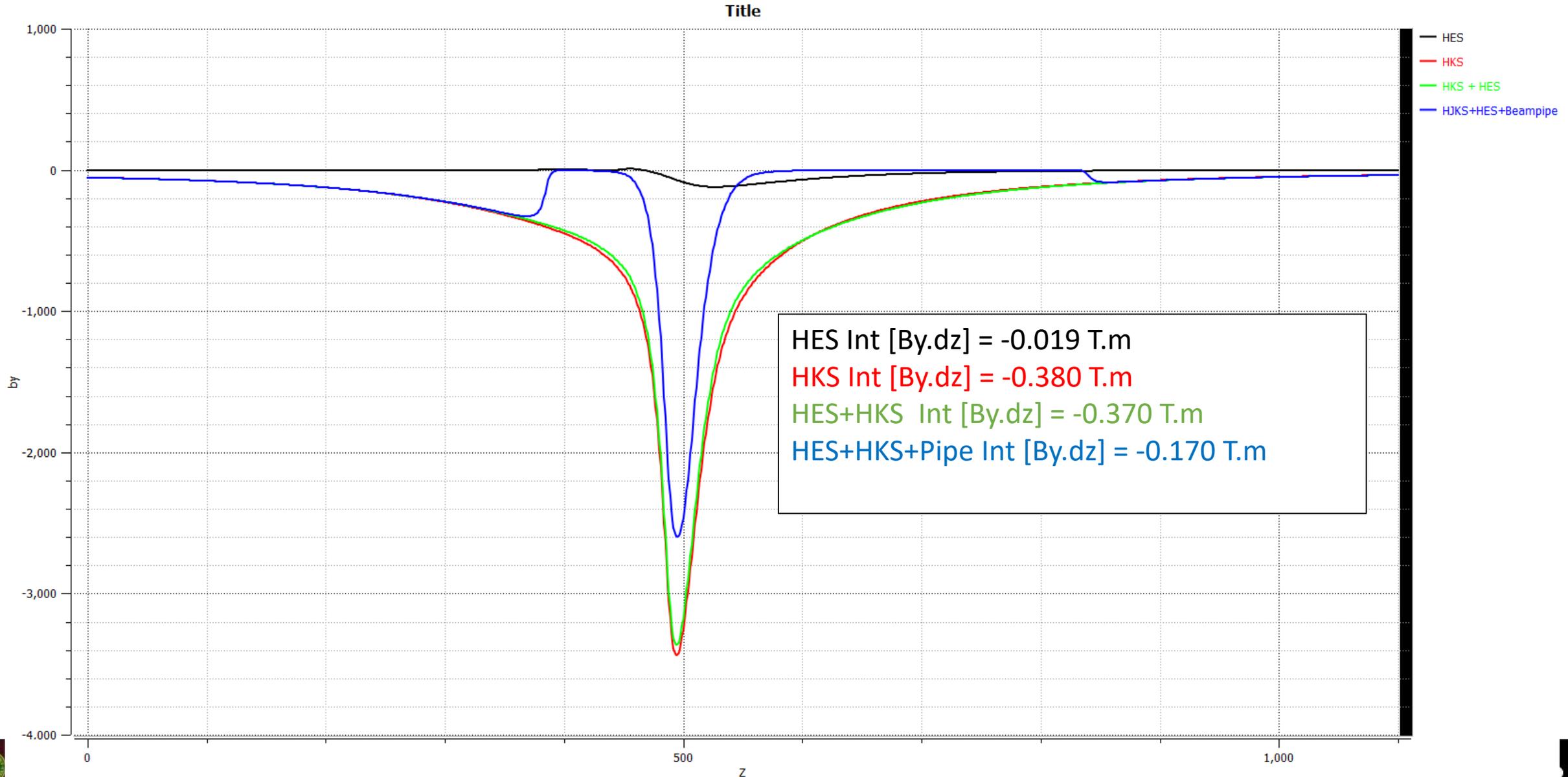
UNITS
 Length cm
 Magn Flux Density gauss
 Magnetic Field oersted
 Magn Scalar Pot oersted cm
 Current Density A/cm²
 Power W
 Force N

MODEL DATA
 HKS-HES-Cases.op3
 Magnetostatic (TOSCA)
 Nonlinear materials
 Simulation No 4 of 5
 2062908 elements
 2809414 nodes
 54 conductors
 Nodally interpolated fields
 Activated in global coordinates
 Reflection in ZX plane (Z+X fields=0)

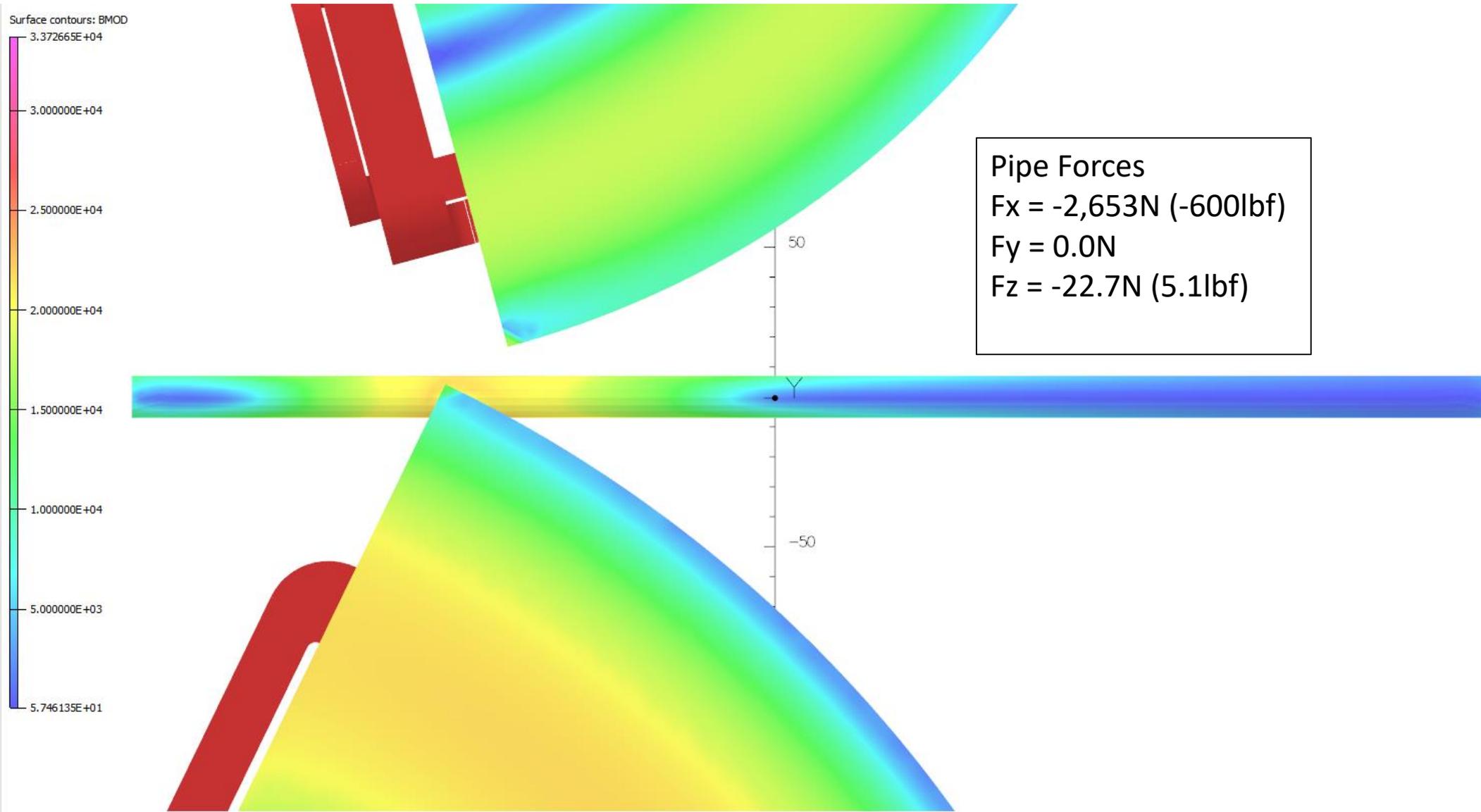
Field Point Local Coordinates
 Local = Global

FIELD EVALUATIONS
 Line LINE (nodal) 1101 Cartesian
 x=0.0 y=0.0 z=0.0 to 1100.0

Stray Fields HKS, HES and Beam Pipe Shielding



HKS & HES Iron Beam Pipe Field Levels

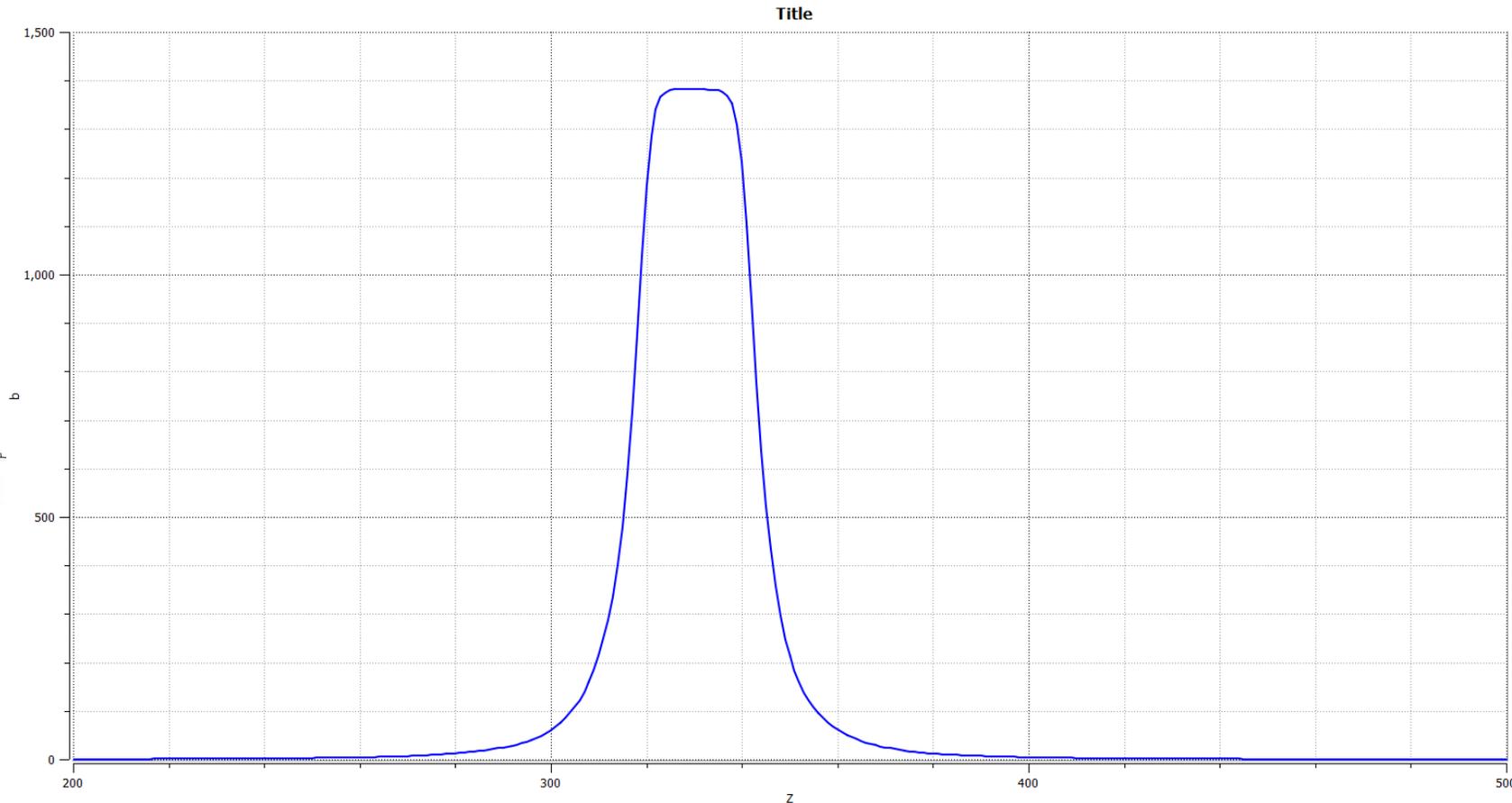
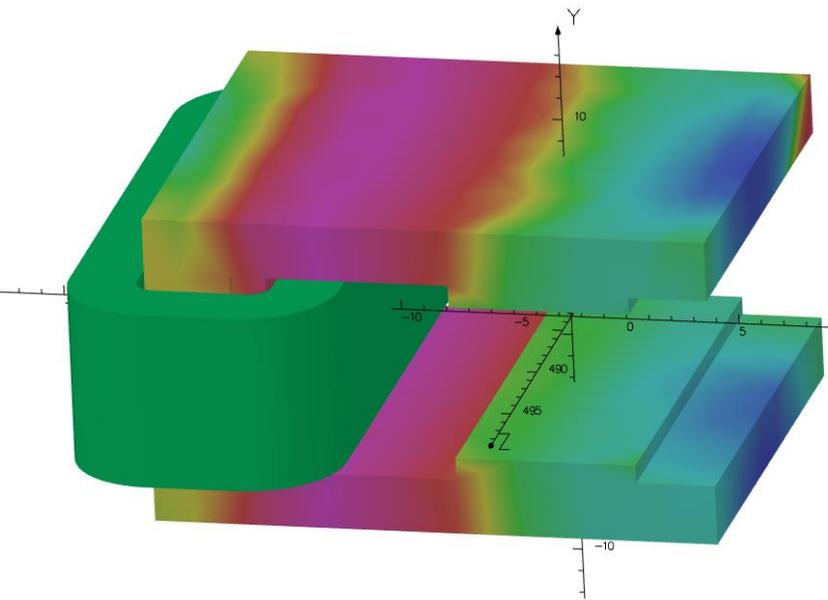


NPS Corrector Magnet

NPS Corrector Magnet @ Full Excitation

Max Field = 0.13826 T
Integral Field = 0.0424 T.m

Centered near Z=330.25 cm from target



NPS Corrector Magnet

Model LCS ? X

Local coordinate system

Origin

X

Y

Z

Orientation

Other

Euler angles

Theta

Phi

Psi

OK Cancel

UNITS

Length	cm
Magn Flux Density	gauss
Magnetic Field	oersted
Magn Scalar Pot	oersted cm
Current Density	A/cm ²
Power	W
Force	N

MODEL DATA

NPS-Corrector-150A.op3
Magnetostatic (TOSCA)
Nonlinear materials
Simulation No 1 of 1
680297 elements
208688 nodes
1 conductor
Nodally interpolated fields
Activated in coordinate system:
Origin: 0.0, 0.0, 78.5
Local XYZ = Global XYZ

Field Point Local Coordinates

Local = Global

Table parameters

- Units: mm and Gauss
- ENGE
X: -700 to 700
Y: -100 to 100
Z: -2,000 to 0
- PCS:
X: -700 to 700
Y: -100 to 100
Z: -1,000 to 2,500
- NPS CC:
X: -700 to 700
Y: -100 to 100
Z: 250 to 500
- HKS+HES:
X: -700 to 700
Y: -100 to 100
Z: -1,000 to 1,350