



# Neutron DVCS Cross Section Extraction at the CLAS12 Experiment

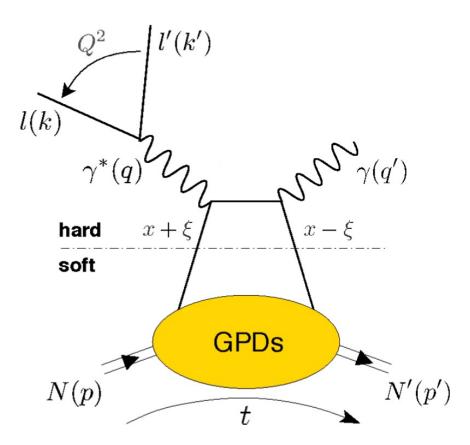
Li XU
CLAS Collaboration Meeting
Nov 14, 2024

#### Outline

- Motivation
- Data and MC samples
- PID and fiducial cuts
- Select neutron DVCS (nDVCS) data
- Study of  $\pi^0$  production contamination
- Beam-spin asymmetry as a check
- Summary and next to do

#### Motivation

- The study of multi-dimensional partonic structure of nucleons can provide important information to probe non-perturbative QCD
- Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs) relate transverse position of partons to longitudinal momentum
- The Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS) is one of the cleanest channels to access GPDs
- The measurement of DVCS cross-section from the neutron can provide unique information on GPDs



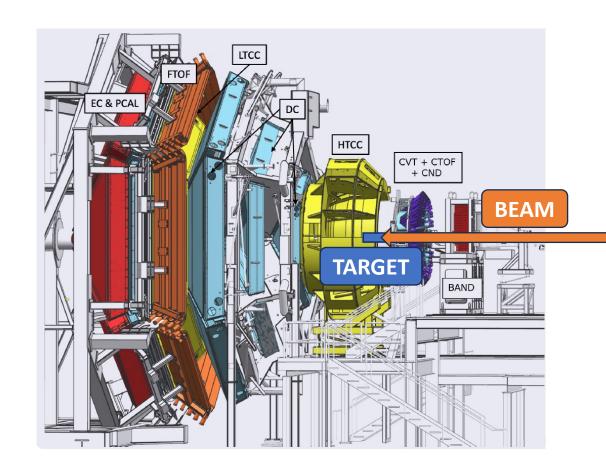
## Data and MC samples

#### • Data

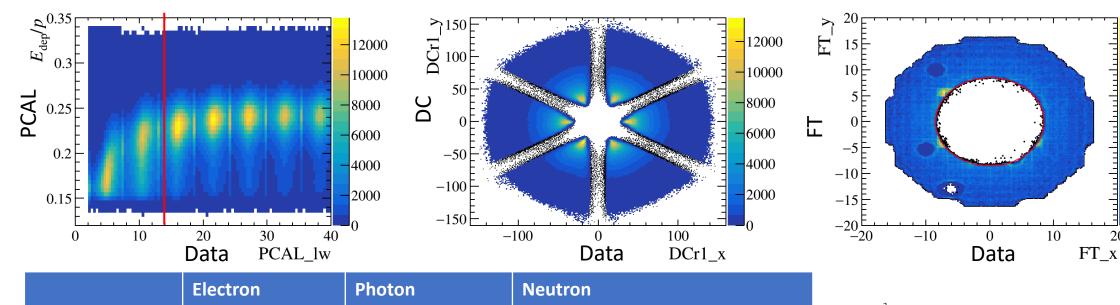
- RGB data, collected in 2019 spring and 2020 spring (inbending)
- 10.6/10.4/10.2 GeV electron beam
  - With an average polarization of 86%
  - Scattering off an unpolarized liquid deuterium target of 5 cm length

#### • MC

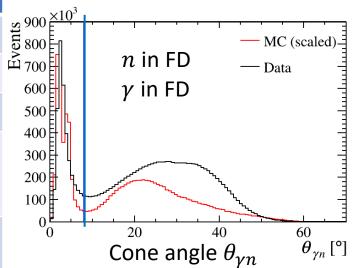
- Generator: genepi
- Geant4 simulation
- 500M DVCS events
  - nDVCS: 120M events
  - pDVCS: 380M events



### PID and fiducial cuts

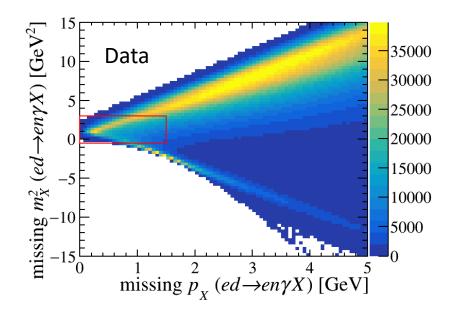


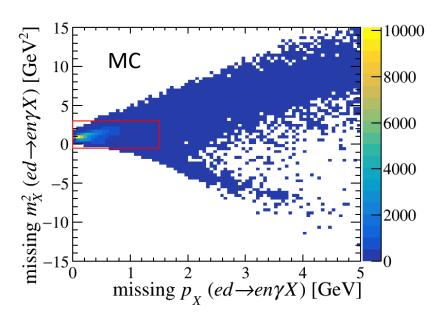
|                  | Electron  | Photon                      | Neutron   |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| PID              | 11  | 22                          | 2112  |
| Momentum P       | > 1 GeV   | > 2 GeV                     | > 0.3 GeV   |
| Reconstructed in | FD  | FD or FT                    | FD or FT  |
| Fiducial cuts    | In FD:<br>PCAL: $lv(lw) > 14$<br>DC: edge $> 6$ | In FD:<br>PCAL: lv(lw) > 14 | In FD: $\theta_{en} > 12^{\circ} \text{ and } \theta_{\gamma n} > 8^{\circ}$ ECAL: $ v( w ) > 14$ |
|                  |   | In FT: $x^2 + y^2 > 72$     | In CD: $40^{\circ} < \theta_n < 150^{\circ}$  |



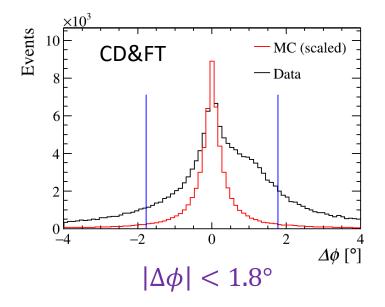
#### Select nDVCS data

- Select events with at least one electron, one neutron and one photon
  - For cases with more than one combination, select the one with the smallest  $\chi^2$ -like quantity (defined using exclusivity variables that peak at zero)
- Reaction kinematics:  $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ , W > 2 GeV,  $t > -1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Apply pre-selection on missing  $m_X^2$  and  $p_X$  of  $ed \to en\gamma X$ 
  - To reduce events from other channels mostly
  - Pre-selection:  $-0.5 < m_X^2 < 3 \text{ GeV}^2$ ,  $0 < p_X < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

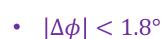




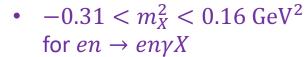
- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution
- CD&FT (n in CD &  $\gamma$  in FT)



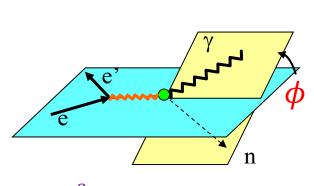
- After the exclusivity selection
  - $N = 3.62 \times 10^5$  for CD&FT
  - $N = 0.74 \times 10^5$  for CD&FD

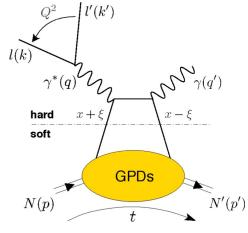






- $-3.7 < m_X^2 < 3.1 \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ for}$  $en \rightarrow enX$
- $\theta_{Xy} < 3.7^{\circ}$  for  $en \rightarrow enX$
- $0.1 < m_X^2 < 2.2 \ {\rm GeV^2}$  for  $ed \rightarrow en\gamma X$
- $p_X < 0.8 \text{ GeV for } ed \rightarrow en\gamma X$
- ➤ The distributions for other variables and for CD&FD are presented in backup slides
- ➤ The study of FD&FT and FD&FD is ongoing

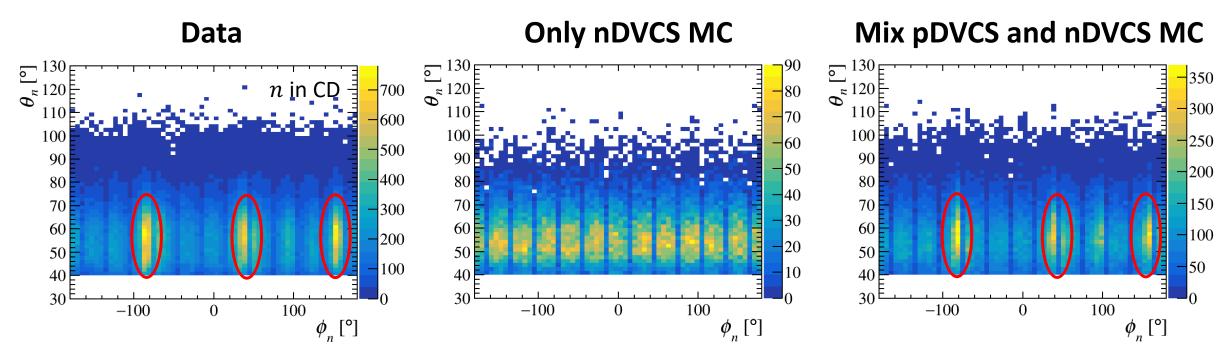




- $\Delta \phi$ : difference in  $\phi$  between
  - hadronic plane formed by the neutron and the virtual photon
  - hadronic plane formed by the neutron and the outgoing photon
- $\Delta t$ : difference in t between
  - *t* calculated by the neutron
  - *t* calculated by the photon
- $\theta_{X\gamma}$ : cone angle formed by the missing photon X ( $en \rightarrow enX$ ) and the outgoing photon  $\gamma$

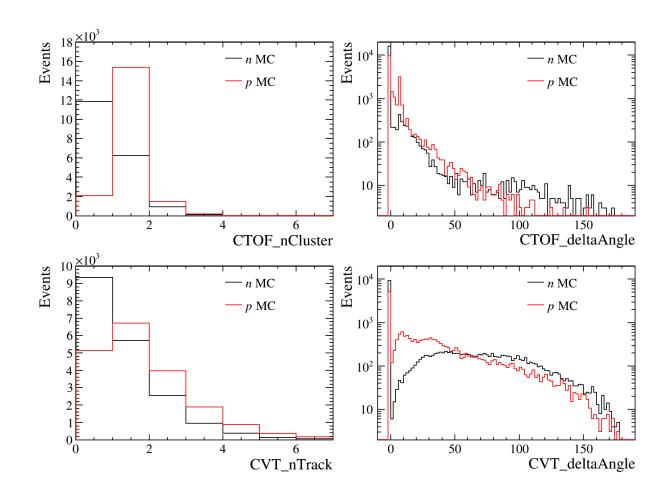
#### Proton misidentified as neutron in CD

- The tracking system (CVT) in CD has dead or low-efficiency regions
- Protons: no tracks in CVT but hits in central neutron detector (CND)
  - ➤ Misidentified as neutrons
- Reproduce distributions in MC mixing pDVCS and nDVCS (both reconstructed as nDVCS)



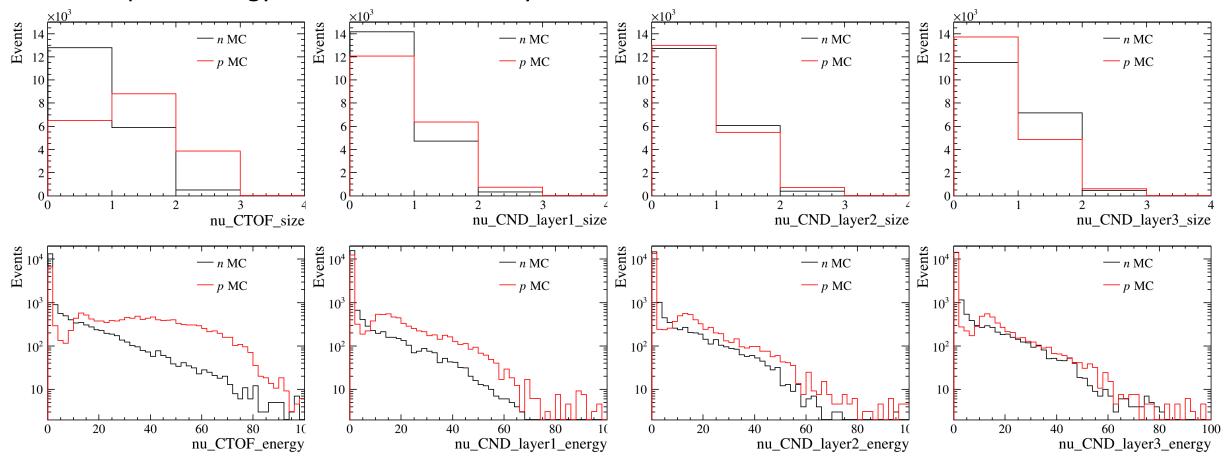
## TMVA training

- Training and test sample:
  - MC with pure neutron target
  - MC with pure proton target
- Training variables (only use info at CTOF, CVT and CND)
  - Number of clusters at CTOF (most distinguishable)
  - Smallest cone angle between the CTOF cluster and n(p) track
  - Number of tracks at CVT
  - Smallest cone angle between the CVT track and n(p) track



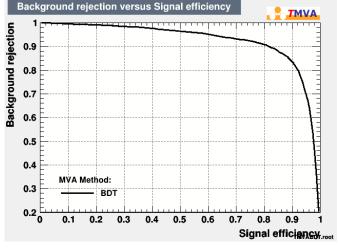
## TMVA training

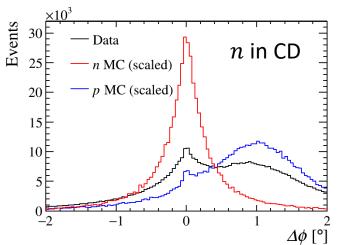
- ullet Number of hits for the n(p) cluster at CTOF and three layers of CND
- Deposit energy at CTOF and three layers of CND

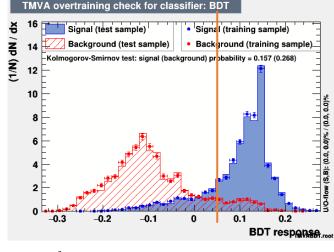


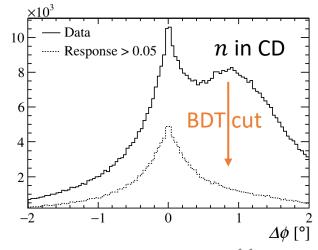
## Boosted Decision Tree (BDT) classifier

- Selection:
  - BDT response > 0.05 (to be tuned)
- $N = 4.36 \times 10^5$  for n in CD (CD&FT + CD&FD)
- $N = 1.24 \times 10^5$  after the BDT response selection

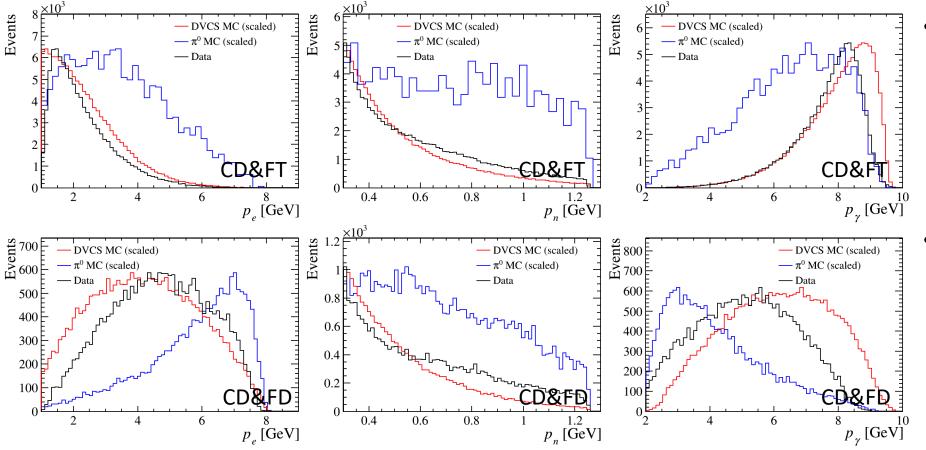








- $\pi^0$  production contamination:
  - $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
  - $\pi^0$  MC: 50M events, reconstructed as nDVCS



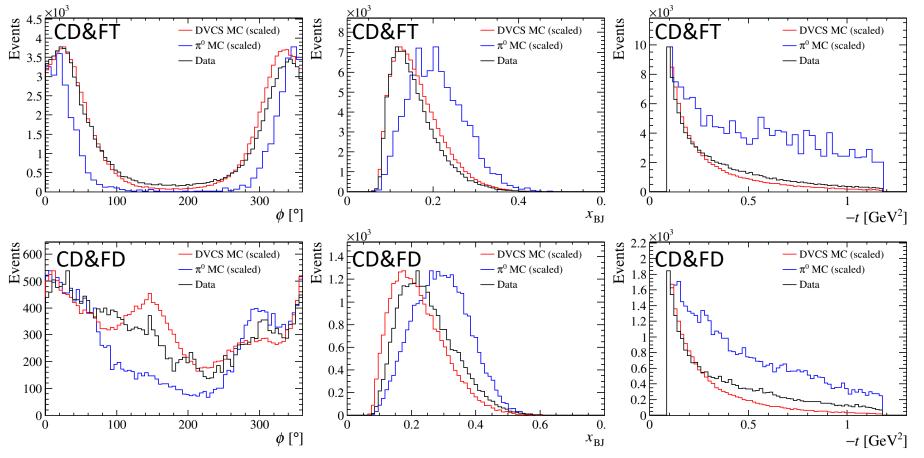
#### • CD&FT:

- $p_{e,n,\gamma}$  distributions for data are consistent with nDVCS MC, inconsistent with  $\pi^0$  MC
- nDVCS dominated

#### CD&FD:

• Significant  $\pi^0$  production contamination

- $\pi^0$  production contamination:
  - $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
  - $\pi^0$  MC: 50M events, reconstructed as nDVCS



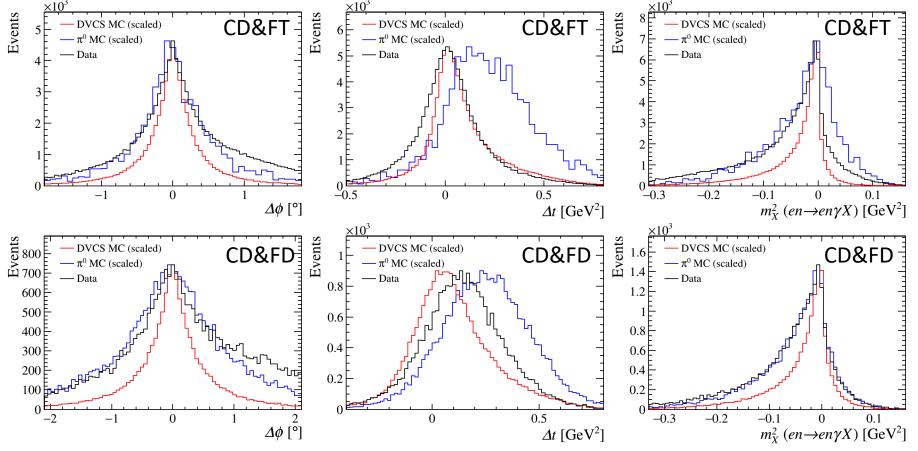
#### • CD&FT:

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#### CD&FD:

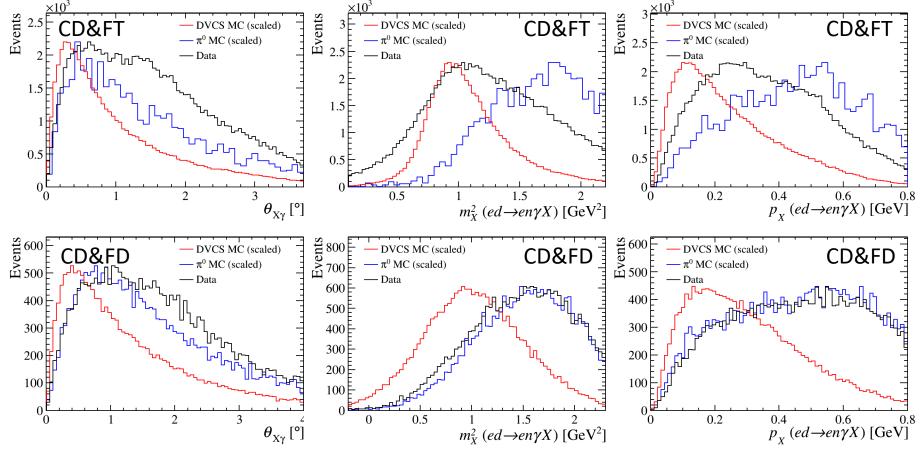
• Significant  $\pi^0$  production contamination

- $\pi^0$  production contamination:
  - $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
  - $\pi^0$  MC: 50M events, reconstructed as nDVCS



- CD&FT: nDVCS dominated
- CD&FD: significant  $\pi^0$  production contamination
- The difference between data and MC for nDVCS might be also due to their different resolution
- Maybe need momentum correction

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  - $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
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- CD&FT: nDVCS dominated
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# Study of $\pi^0$ production contamination

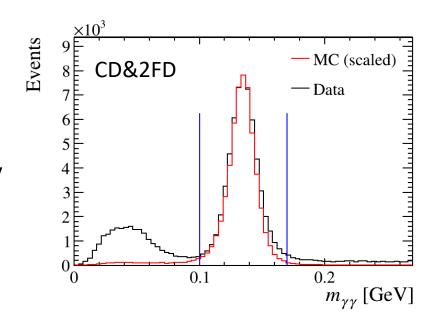
•  $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$  background subtraction:

$$n \to en\pi^{\circ} (\to \gamma \gamma)$$
 background subtraction: 
$$N_{\rm DVCS} = N_{\rm en\gamma} - N_{en\pi^0} \times f^{\rm MC} = N_{\rm en\gamma} - N_{en\pi^0} \times \frac{N_{en\pi^0(1\gamma)}^{\rm MC}}{N_{en\pi^0(2\gamma)}^{\rm MC}}$$

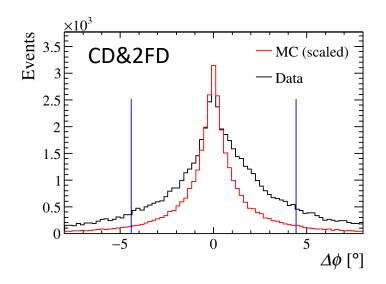
- Select  $\pi^0$  production data
  - PID and fiducial cuts:
    - $p_e > 1 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_n > 0.3 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_v > 0.3 \text{ GeV}$
    - Same fiducial cuts for the nDVCS selection
  - Select events with at least  $1 e^-$ , 1 n and  $2 \gamma$ 
    - $0.10 < m_{\nu\nu} < 0.17 \text{ GeV}$
    - For cases with more than one combination, select the one with the smallest  $\chi^2$ -like quantity (defined using exclusivity variables that peak at zero)
  - Reaction kinematics:
    - $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ , W > 2 GeV,  $t > -1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$
  - Pre-selection before determining the exclusivity cuts:
    - $-0.5 < m_X^2 < 3 \text{ GeV}^2$ ,  $0 < p_X < 1.5 \text{ GeV for } ed \to en\gamma\gamma X$

Partially reconstructed  $en\pi^0(1\gamma)$ and passed DVCS selection

Fully reconstructed  $en\pi^0(2\gamma)$  and passed  $\pi^0$  production selection



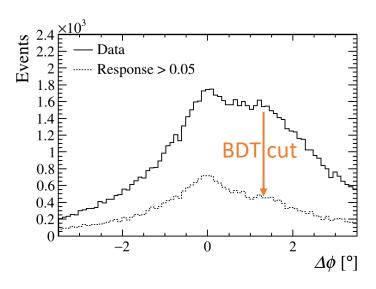
- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution
- CD&2FD: n in CD and 2  $\gamma$  in FD



- After the exclusivity selection
  - $N = 8.39 \times 10^5$  for CD&2FD
  - $N = 0.88 \times 10^5$  for CD&2FT
  - $N = 0.52 \times 10^5$  for CD&1FT1FD

- $|\Delta \phi| < 4.4^{\circ}$
- $-0.5 < \Delta t < 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $-0.33 < m_X^2 < 0.13 \text{ GeV}^2$ for  $en \rightarrow en\gamma\gamma X$
- $-1.3 < m_X^2 < 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ for}$  $en \rightarrow en\gamma_1 X$
- $-2.4 < m_X^2 < 1.2 \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ for}$  $en \rightarrow en\gamma_2 X$
- $\theta_{X\pi^0}$  < 8.4° for  $en \rightarrow enX$
- $-0.1 < m_X^2 < 2.4 \text{ GeV}^2$  for  $ed \rightarrow en\gamma\gamma X$
- $p_X < 1.0 \text{ GeV for } ed \rightarrow en\gamma X$

- Events for n in CD after the exclusivity selection
  - still have protons misidentified as neutrons
  - apply the BDT cut



➤ The distributions for other variables and for CD&2FT and CD&1FT1FD are presented in backup slides

## Distributions of $\pi^0$ production variables

- CD&2FD: n in CD and 2  $\gamma$  in FD
  - After the BDT cut

CD&2FD

0.2

0.4

Events

0.8

0.6

0.4

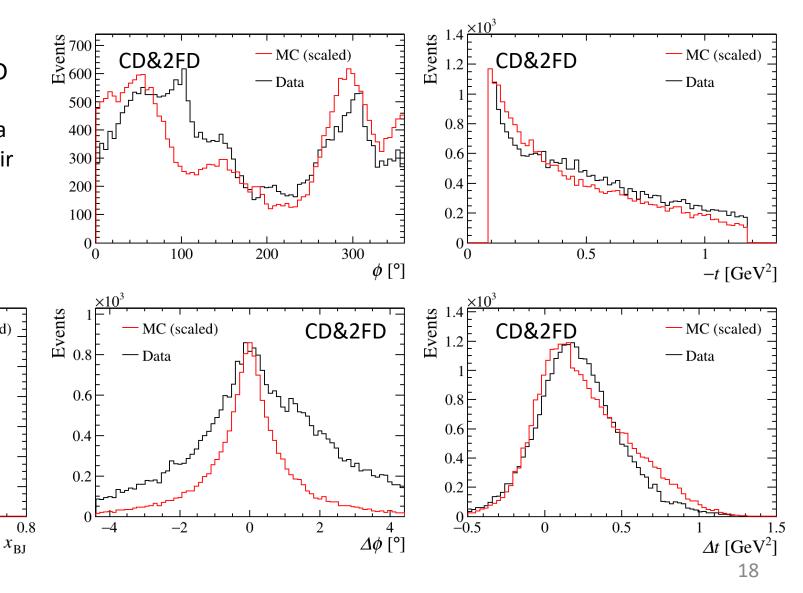
0.2

 The difference between data and MC is maybe due to their different resolution

— MC (scaled)

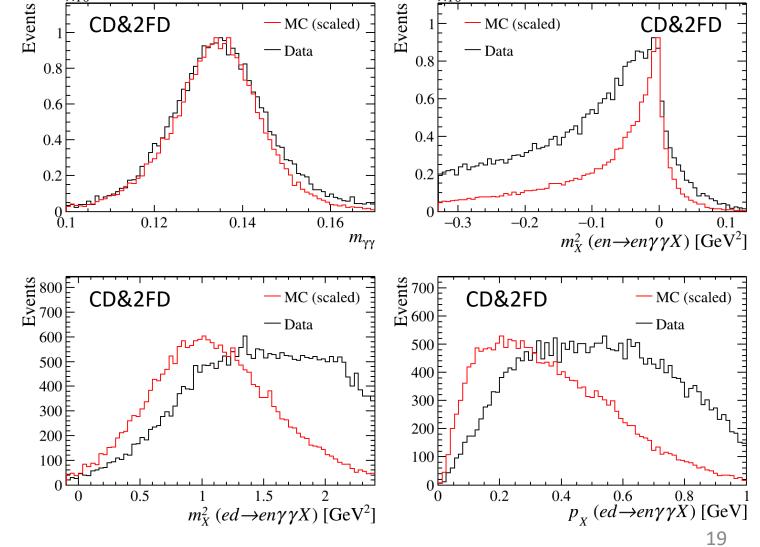
— Data

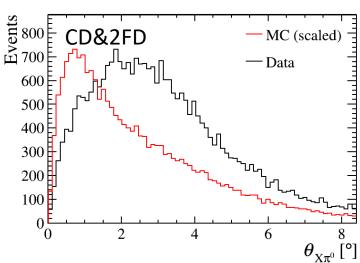
0.6



# Distributions of $\pi^0$ production variables

- CD&2FD: n in CD and 2  $\gamma$  in FD
  - After the BDT cut
  - The difference between data and MC is maybe due to their different resolution
  - Maybe need momentum correction





# Study of $\pi^0$ production contamination

- $en \rightarrow en\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$  background subtraction:
  - $N_{\text{DVCS}} = N_{\text{en}\gamma} N_{en\pi^0} \times f^{\text{MC}} = N_{\text{en}\gamma} N_{en\pi^0} \times \frac{N_{en\pi^0(1\gamma)}^{\text{MC}}}{N_{en\pi^0(2\gamma)}^{\text{MC}}}$
- ullet Using events for n in CD to perform the subtraction
  - $N_{en\pi^0} = 31.2 \text{ k}$
  - $N_{en\pi^0(2\gamma)}^{\text{MC}} = 43.4 \text{ k}$
  - $N_{en\pi^0(1\gamma)}^{MC} = 19.3 \text{ k}$ 
    - CD&FT: 2.6 k
    - CD&FD: 16.7 k
  - $N_{\rm en\gamma} = 123.6 \, \rm k$ 
    - CD&FT: 100.0 k
    - CD&FD: 23.6 k

Partially reconstructed  $en\pi^0(1\gamma)$  and passed DVCS selection

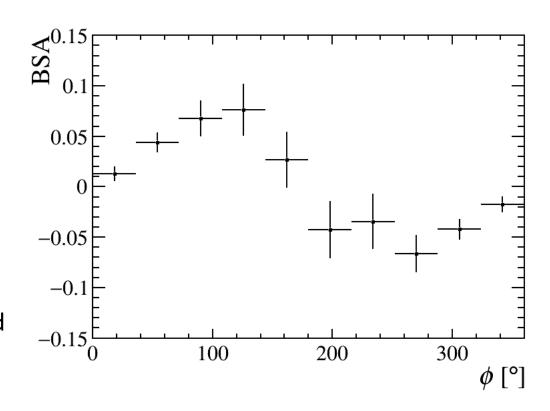
Fully reconstructed  $en\pi^0(2\gamma)$  and passed  $\pi^0$  production selection

- $N_{DVCS} = 123.6 \text{ k} 13.9 \text{ k} = 109.7 \text{ k} (11.2\% \pi^0)$ 
  - ightharpoonup CD&FT: 100.0 k 1.9 k = 98.1 k (1.9%  $\pi^0$ )
  - $\triangleright$  CD&FD: 23.6 k 12.0 k = 11.6 k (50.8%  $\pi^0$ )
- The result is consistent with what we see from the comparion of distributions
  - > CD&FT: nDVCS dominated
  - $\triangleright$  CD&FD: significant  $\pi^0$  production contamination

## Beam-spin asymmetry as a check

$$BSA = \frac{1}{P} \frac{N^+ - N^-}{N^+ + N^-}$$

- *P* is the average beam polarization
- N<sup>+</sup> is the nDVCS yield for positive helicity
- N<sup>-</sup> is the nDVCS yield for negative helicity
- Extract BSA using nDVCS events
  - only for n in CD
  - after the BDT response selection
  - subtract  $\pi^0$  production contamination in each  $\phi$  bin
- The BSA has the expected sinusoidal shape, and its amplitude is on the order of a few percent
  - consistent with the recent CLAS12 measurement [A. Hobart, S. Niccolai et al (CLAS), arXiv:2406.15539]

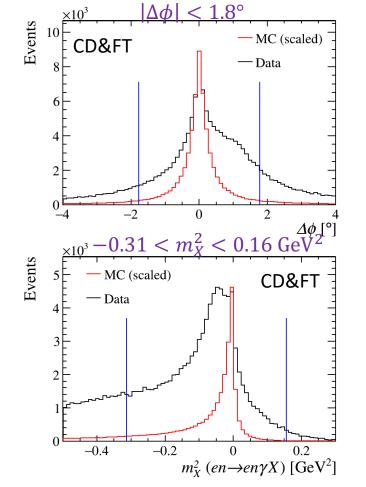


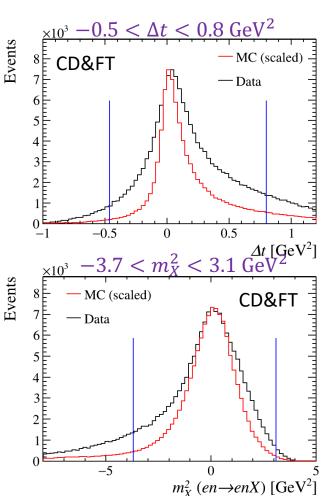
## Summary

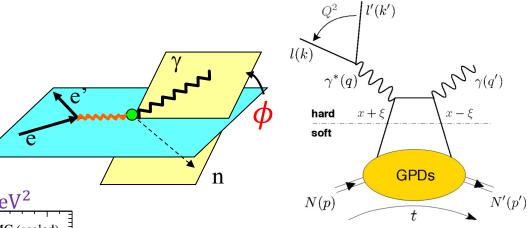
- nDVCS events are selected and compared with MC
- CD&FT: distributions are consistent with nDVCS MC
- CD&FD: significant  $\pi^0$  contamination
- Beam-spin asymmetry is consistent with the recent CLAS12 measurement
- Next to do
  - Study of other topologies (FD&FT, FD&FD) for nDVCS
  - Further study of  $\pi^0$  production background
  - Determine the acceptance
  - Extract the integrated luminosity
  - Estimate the systematic uncertainties

# Backup slides

- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution
- CD&FT (n in CD &  $\gamma$  in FT)

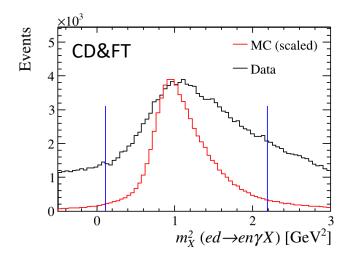




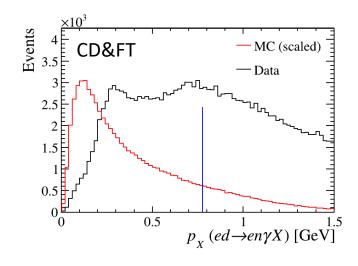


- $\Delta \phi$ : difference in  $\phi$  between
  - hadronic plane formed by the neutron and the virtual photon
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- $\Delta t$ : difference in t between
  - *t* calculated by the neutron
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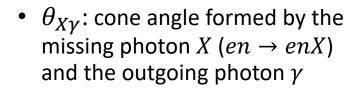
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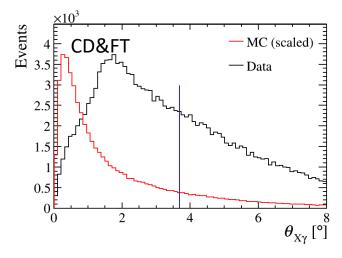






$$p_X < 0.8 \text{ GeV}$$



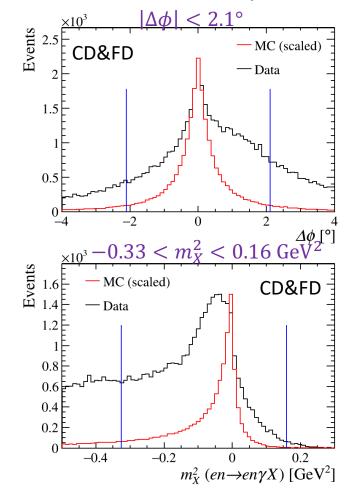


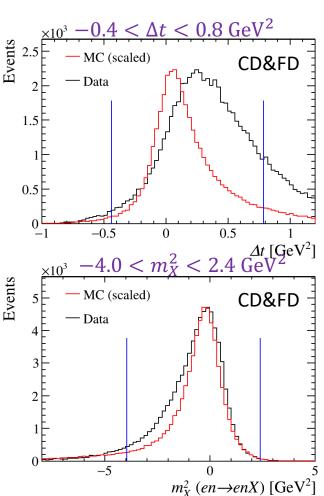
$$\theta_{X\gamma} < 3.7^{\circ}$$

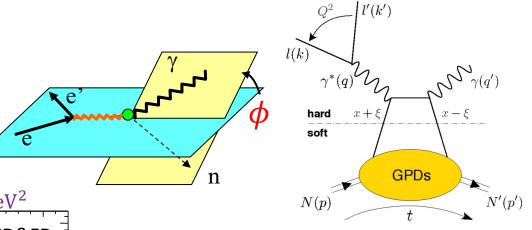
- After the exclusivity selection
  - $N = 3.62 \times 10^5$  for CD&FT
  - $N = 0.74 \times 10^5$  for CD&FD

- > The data and MC distributions are very different
  - > mainly due to the protons that are misidentified as neutrons, discussed in the later slides

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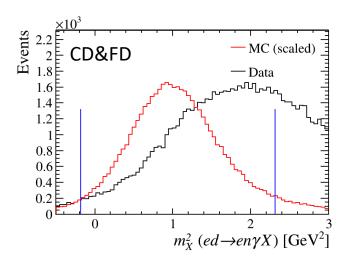


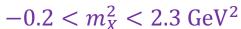


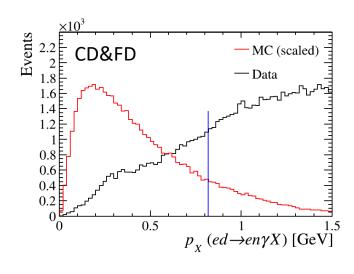


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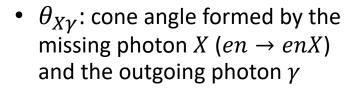
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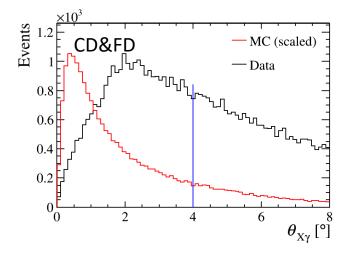






$$p_X < 0.8 \text{ GeV}$$





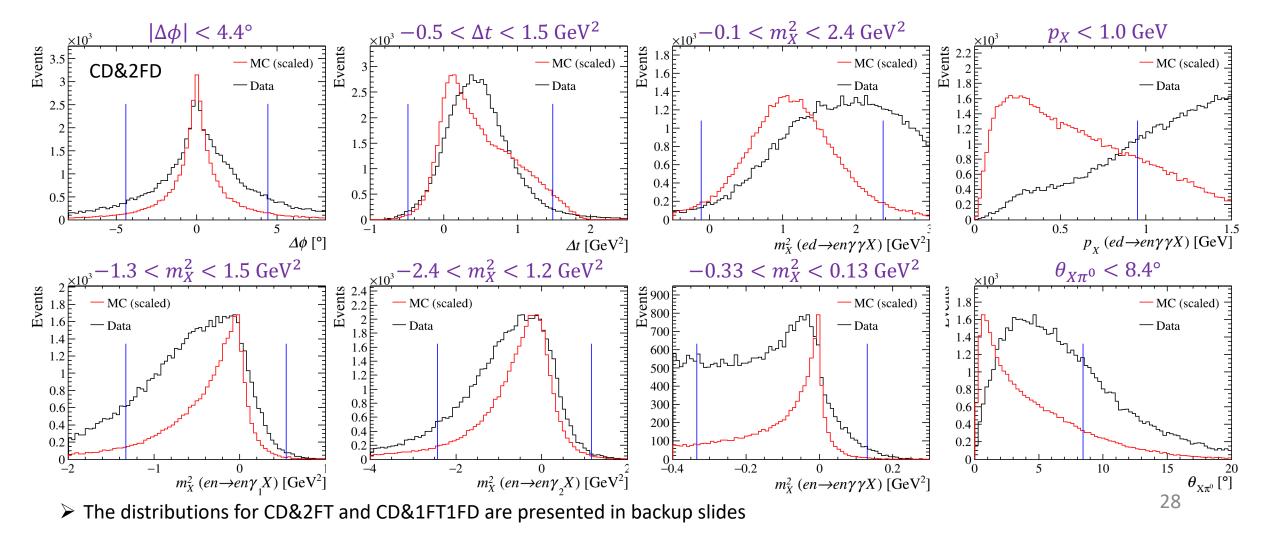
$$\theta_{X\gamma} < 4.0^{\circ}$$

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  - > mainly due to the protons that are misidentified as neutrons, discussed in the later slides

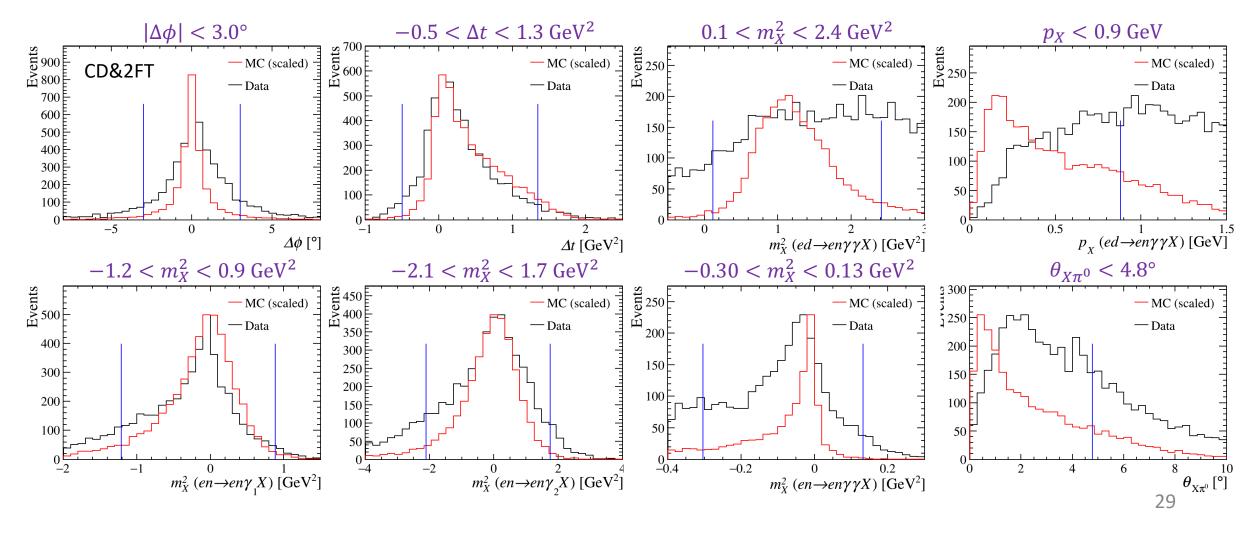
- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution

- CD&2FD: n in CD and 2  $\gamma$  in FD
  - still have protons misidentified as neutrons



- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution

- CD&2FT: n in CD and 2  $\gamma$  in FT
  - still have protons misidentified as neutrons



- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
  - $\sim 2\sigma$  of the MC distribution

- CD&1FT1FD: n in CD and 1  $\gamma$  in FT, 1  $\gamma$  in FD
  - still have protons misidentified as neutrons

