

QUARK TMDs FROM BACK-TO-BACK DIJET PRODUCTION, AT FORWARD RAPIDITIES IN pA COLLISIONS BEYOND EIKONAL ACCURACY IN THE CGC

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QCD EVOLUTION 2025

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NCBJ

CONTEXT

Color Glass Condensate

- Effective theory describing high energy gluons in hadron
- Non-linear evolution equations BK-JIMWLK
- Eikonal approximation

Edmond Iancu, Andrei Leonidov, and Larry D. McLerran. **NONLINEAR GLUON EVOLUTION IN THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE. 1. *NUCL. PHYS. A*, 692:583–645, 2001**

Elena Ferreiro, Edmond Iancu, Andrei Leonidov, and Larry McLerran. **NONLINEAR GLUON EVOLUTION IN THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE. 2. *NUCL. PHYS. A*, 703:489–538, 2002**

Edmond Iancu, Andrei Leonidov, and Larry McLerran. **THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE: AN INTRODUCTION. IN *CARGESE SUMMER SCHOOL ON QCD PERSPECTIVES ON HOT AND DENSE MATTER*, PAGES 73–145, 2 2002**

Francois Gelis, Edmond Iancu, Jamal Jalilian-Marian, and Raju Venugopalan. **THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE. *ANN. REV. NUCL. PART. SCI.*, 60:463–489, 2010**

Color Glass Condensate

- Effective theory describing high energy gluons in hadron
- Non-linear evolution equations BK-JIMWLK
- Eikonal approximation

pA collisions

- Hybrid factorization
- Dense-dilute system

Color Glass Condensate

- Effective theory describing high energy gluons in hadron
- Non-linear evolution equations BK-JIMWLK
- Eikonal approximation

pA collisions

Projectile

- Dilute
- Described by PDF
- DGLAP evolution

Target

- Dense
- MV model
- Described by classical color field $\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x)$

$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

Eikonal approximation

High energy $\Rightarrow$ boost of the target along x^- direction

Consequences for $\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x)$:

- Localized around $x^+ = 0$
- Leading "-" component
- Independence on x^-

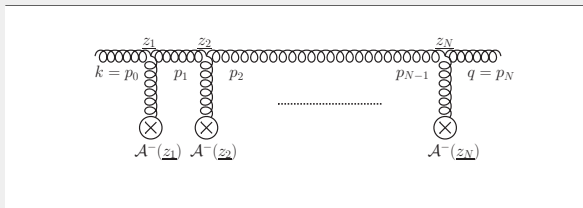
$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

Eikonal approximation

High energy $\Rightarrow$ boost of the target along x^- direction

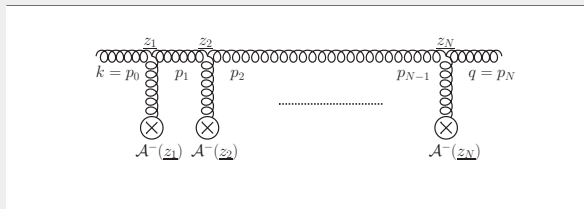
Consequences for $\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x)$:

- Localized around $x^+ = 0$ $\Rightarrow$ Shockwave limit
- Leading "-" component
- Independence on x^- $\Rightarrow$ Static limit



Eikonal interaction

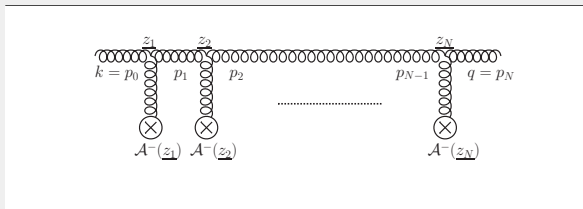
- p^+ preserved
 - Negligible transverse momentum exchange
- ⇒ Straight trajectory
- Arbitrary number of interaction with $\mathcal{A}^-$



Eikonal interaction

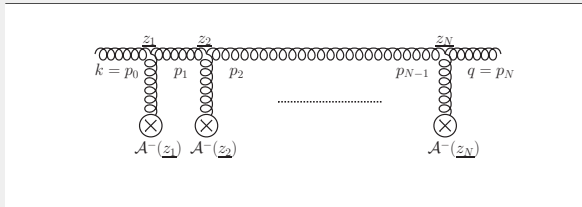
- p^+ preserved
 - Negligible transverse momentum exchange
- $\Rightarrow$ Straight trajectory
- Arbitrary number of interaction with $\mathcal{A}^-$

Ressumation of $(g\mathcal{A}^-(x^+, \mathbf{x}))^n \Rightarrow$ Wilson lines along x^+ direction



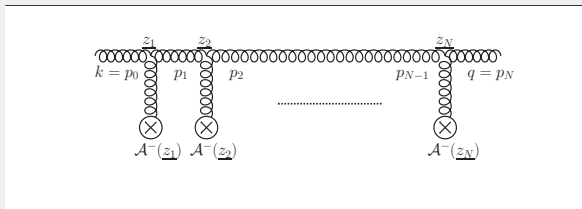
Wilson Line

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{U}_R(x^+, y^+; \mathbf{z}) &\equiv \mathcal{P}_+ e^{\left\{ -ig \int_{y^+}^{x^+} dz^+ T_R \cdot \mathcal{A}^-(z^+; \mathbf{z}) \right\}} \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{N!} \mathcal{P}_+ \left(-ig \int_{y^+}^{x^+} dz^+ T_R \cdot \mathcal{A}^-(z^+; \mathbf{z}) \right)^N
 \end{aligned}$$



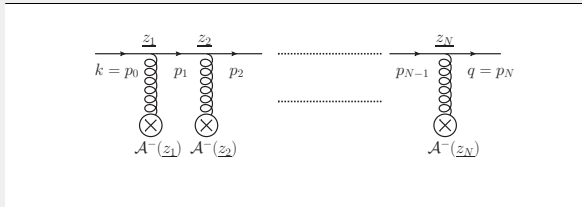
Gluon Propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}} &= \sum_{N=1}^{+\infty} \left[\prod_{n=1}^{N-1} \int \frac{d^4 p_n}{(2\pi)^4} \right] \int \left[\prod_{n=1}^N d^3 \underline{z}_n e^{i \underline{z}_n \cdot (p_n - p_{n-1})} 2\pi \delta(p_n^+ - p_{n-1}^+) \right] \\
 &\times \left\{ \mathcal{P}_n \prod_{n=1}^N [-igT \cdot \mathcal{A}^-(\underline{z}_n)] \right\} \left[\prod_{n=1}^N \frac{i}{p_n^2 + i\epsilon} \left[-g^{\mu_{n+1}\mu_n} + \frac{p_n^{\mu_{n+1}} \eta^{\mu_n} + \eta^{\mu_{n+1}} p_n^{\mu_n}}{p_n^+} \right] \right] \\
 &\times \left[-(p_n^+ + p_{n-1}^+) g_{\mu_n \mu_{n-1}} + (2p_{n-1\mu_n} - p_{n\mu_n}) g_{\mu_{n-1}}^+ + (2p_{n\mu_{n-1}} - p_{n-1\mu_{n-1}}) g_{\mu_n}^+ \right]
 \end{aligned}$$



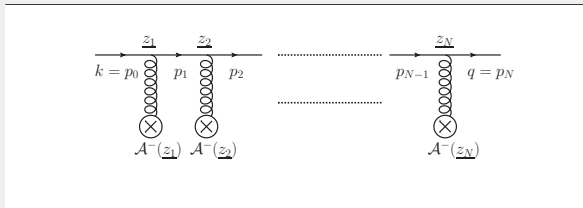
Gluon Propagator

$$G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}} = \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}_1}{(2\pi)^3} \theta(k_1^+) e^{-ix \cdot \underline{\vec{k}}_1} \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}_2}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k_2^+)}{k_1^+ + k_2^+} e^{iy \cdot \underline{\vec{k}}_2} \\ \times \left[-g^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\check{k}_2^\mu \eta^\nu}{k_2^+} + \frac{\eta^\mu \check{k}_1^\nu}{k_1^+} - \frac{\eta^\mu \eta^\nu}{k_1^+ k_2^+} \check{k}_1 \cdot \check{k}_2 \right] \int_{\mathbf{z}} e^{-iz \cdot (\mathbf{k}_1 - \mathbf{k}_2)} \int_{z^-} e^{iz^- (k_1^+ - k_2^+)} \mathcal{U}_A(x^+, y^+; \mathbf{z})$$



Quark Propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_F(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}} = & \sum_{N=1}^{+\infty} \int \left[\prod_{n=1}^{N-1} \frac{d^4 p_n}{(2\pi)^4} \right] \int \left[\prod_{n=1}^N d^3 \underline{z}_n e^{i \underline{z}_n \cdot (p_n - p_{n-1})} 2\pi \delta(p_n^+ - p_{n-1}^+) \right] \\
 & \times \left\{ \mathcal{P}_n \prod_{n=1}^N [-igt \cdot \mathcal{A}^-(z_n)] \right\}_{\beta\alpha} \frac{i(\not{q} + m)}{q^2 - m^2 + i\epsilon} \left\{ \mathcal{P}_n \prod_{n=0}^{N-1} \left[\gamma^+ \frac{i(\not{p}_n + m)}{p_n^2 - m^2 + i\epsilon} \right] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$



Quark Propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_F(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}} &= \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}_1}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k_1^+)}{2k_1^+} e^{-ix \cdot \check{k}_1} \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}_2}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k_2^+)}{2k_2^+} e^{iy \cdot \check{k}_2} \int_{\mathbf{z}} e^{-i\mathbf{z} \cdot (\mathbf{k}_1 - \mathbf{k}_2)} \\
 &\times \int_{z^-} e^{iz^-(k_1^+ - k_2^+)} (\not{\check{k}}_1 + m) \gamma^+ (\not{\check{k}}_2 + m) \mathcal{U}_F(x^+, y^+; \mathbf{z})
 \end{aligned}$$

MOTIVATIONS

MOTIVATIONS

Why subeikonal ?

- EIC and RHIC : sizable power-suppressed corrections
- Spin physics
- Understanding of CGC domain of validity
- Study link between CGC and other framework

TMD

- $Q_s \sim k_t \ll P_t$
- On-shell matrix elements
- TMDs

HEF

- $k_t \sim P_t$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- uPDF

John Collins. *FOUNDATIONS OF PERTURBATIVE QCD, VOLUME 32 OF CAMBRIDGE MONOGRAPHS ON PARTICLE PHYSICS, NUCLEAR PHYSICS AND COSMOLOGY.* CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS, 7 2023

TMD

- $Q_s \sim k_t \ll P_t$
- On-shell matrix elements
- TMDs

HEF

- $k_t \sim P_t$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- uPDF

S. Catani, M. Ciafaloni, and F. Hautmann. **HIGH-ENERGY FACTORIZATION AND SMALL X HEAVY FLAVOR PRODUCTION. *NUCL. PHYS. B*, 366:135–188, 1991**

M. Deak, F. Hautmann, H. Jung, and K. Kutak. **FORWARD JET PRODUCTION AT THE LARGE HADRON COLLIDER. *JHEP*, 09:121, 2009**

TMD

- $Q_s \sim k_t \ll P_t$
- On-shell matrix elements
- TMDs

HEF

- $k_t \sim P_t$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- uPDF

iTMD

Interpolates both approaches

- $\forall k_t \in [Q_s, P_t]$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- Several gluon TMDs

P. Kotko, K. Kutak, C. Marquet, E. Petreska, S. Sapeta, and A. van Hameren. **IMPROVED TMD FACTORIZATION FOR FORWARD DIJET PRODUCTION IN DILUTE-DENSE HADRONIC COLLISIONS.** *JHEP*, **09:106**, 2015

TMD

- $Q_s \sim k_t \ll P_t$
- On-shell matrix elements
- TMDs

HEF

- $k_t \sim P_t$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- uPDF

CGC

Small-x TMD $\leftrightarrow$ collinear limit of CGC

Elena Petreska. **TMD GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS AT SMALL X IN THE CGC THEORY.** *INT. J. MOD. PHYS. E*, 27(05):1830003, 2018

Fabio Dominguez, Cyrille Marquet, Bo-Wen Xiao, and Feng Yuan. **UNIVERSALITY OF UNINTEGRATED GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS AT SMALL X.** *PHYS. REV. D*, 83:105005, 2011

TMD

- $Q_s \sim k_t \ll P_t$
- On-shell matrix elements
- TMDs

HEF

- $k_t \sim P_t$
- Off-shell matrix elements
- uPDF

CGC

Small-x HEF $\leftrightarrow$ dilute limit of CGC for forward jets

Elena Petreska. **TMD GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS AT SMALL X IN THE CGC THEORY.** *INT. J. MOD. PHYS. E*, **27(05):1830003**, 2018

Fabio Dominguez, Cyrille Marquet, Bo-Wen Xiao, and Feng Yuan. **UNIVERSALITY OF UNINTEGRATED GLUON DISTRIBUTIONS AT SMALL X.** *PHYS. REV. D*, **83:105005**, 2011

APPROACH

Boost along x^- direction

■ Lorentz boost parameter : γ_t

$$\mathcal{F}_{+j}(x) = \mathcal{O}(\gamma_t)$$

$$\mathcal{F}_{ij}(x) \sim \mathcal{F}_{+-}(x) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

$$\mathcal{F}_{-j}(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$$

■ Width of the target : $L^+ = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$

Fermionic current

$$J^-(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^-\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(-)}}(x)\gamma^-\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \mathcal{O}(\gamma_t)$$

$$J^j(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^j\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(-)}}(x)\gamma^j\Psi^{(+)}(x) + \overline{\Psi^{(+)}}(x)\gamma^j\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

$$J^+(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^+\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(+)}}(x)\gamma^+\Psi^{(+)}(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$$

Boost along x^- direction

- Lorentz boost parameter : γ_t

$$\mathcal{A}^-(x) = \mathcal{O}(\gamma_t)$$

$$\mathcal{A}^j(x) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

$$\mathcal{A}^+(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$$

- Width of the target : $L^+ = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$

Fermionic current

$$J^-(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^-\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(-)}}(x)\gamma^-\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \mathcal{O}(\gamma_t)$$

$$J^j(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^j\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(-)}}(x)\gamma^j\Psi^{(+)}(x) + \overline{\Psi^{(+)}}(x)\gamma^j\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

$$J^+(x) \sim \overline{\Psi}(x)\gamma^+\Psi(x) = \overline{\Psi^{(+)}}(x)\gamma^+\Psi^{(+)}(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$$

Boost along x^- direction

- Lorentz boost parameter : γ_t

$$\mathcal{A}^-(x) = \mathcal{O}(\gamma_t)$$

$$\mathcal{A}^j(x) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

$$\mathcal{A}^+(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$$

- Width of the target : $L^+ = \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\gamma_t}\right)$

Quark background field

$$\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\gamma_t^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

$$\Psi^{(+)}(x) = \mathcal{O}\left(\gamma_t^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

$$\Psi^{(-)}(x) = \frac{\gamma^+ \gamma^-}{2} \Psi(x)$$

$$\Psi^{(+)}(x) = \frac{\gamma^- \gamma^+}{2} \Psi(x)$$

$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

Eikonal approximation relaxation

$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

Eikonal approximation relaxation

- Finite longitudinal width of the target L^+

$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

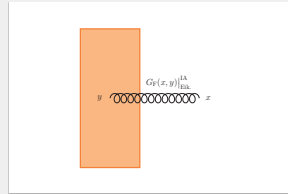
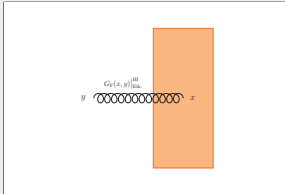
Eikonal approximation relaxation

- Finite longitudinal width of the target L^+
- Interaction with transverse component of the background field

$$\mathcal{A}_a^\mu(x^-, x^+; \mathbf{x}) = \delta^{\mu-} \delta(x^+) \mathcal{A}_a^-(\mathbf{x})$$

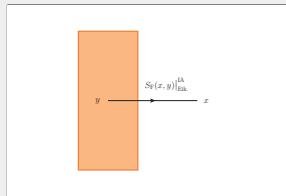
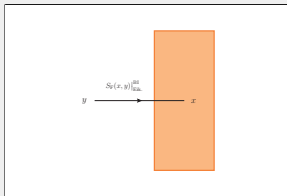
Eikonal approximation relaxation

- Finite longitudinal width of the target L^+
- Interaction with transverse component of the background field
- Dynamics of the gluon background field



Gluon propagators

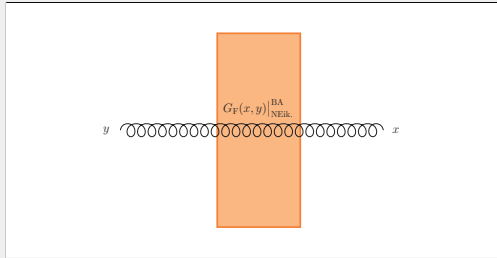
$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}, ab}^{\text{BI}} &= \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} e^{iy \cdot \underline{k}} e^{-ix \cdot \underline{k}} \\
 &\quad \times \left[-g_j^\mu g_j^\nu + g_j^\mu \eta^\nu \frac{k^j}{k^+} + i \left(\frac{\eta^\mu g_j^\nu}{k^+} - \eta^\mu \eta^\nu \frac{k^j}{(k^+)^2} \right) \left(\vec{\mathcal{D}}_{x^j}^A + i k^j \right) \right] \mathcal{U}_A(x^+, y^+, \mathbf{x})_{ab} \\
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{Eik.}, ab}^{\text{IA}} &= \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} e^{-ix \cdot \underline{k}} \mathcal{U}_A(x^+, y^+, \mathbf{y})_{ab} \\
 &\quad \times \left[-g_j^\mu g_j^\nu + \eta^\mu g_j^\nu \frac{k^j}{k^+} + i \left(\frac{g_j^\mu \eta^\nu}{k^+} + \eta^\mu \eta^\nu \frac{k^j}{(k^+)^2} \right) \left(\overleftarrow{\mathcal{D}}_{y^j}^A - i k^j \right) \right] e^{iy \cdot \underline{k}}
 \end{aligned}$$



Quark propagators

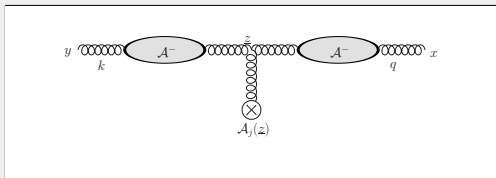
$$S_F(x, y) \Big|_{\text{Eik.}}^{\text{BI},q} = \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} e^{-ix \cdot \underline{k}} e^{iy \cdot \check{\underline{k}}} \left[1 - i \frac{\gamma^+ \gamma^j}{2k^+} \vec{\mathcal{D}}_{x^j}^F \right] (\check{\underline{k}} + m) \mathcal{U}_F(x^+, y^+, \mathbf{x})$$

$$S_F(x, y) \Big|_{\text{Eik.}}^{\text{IA},q} = \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} \mathcal{U}_F(x^+, y^+, \mathbf{y}) (\check{\underline{k}} + m) \left[1 - i \frac{\gamma^+ \gamma^j}{2k^+} \vec{\mathcal{D}}_{y^j}^{\leftarrow F} \right] e^{-ix \cdot \check{\underline{k}}} e^{iy \cdot \underline{k}}$$



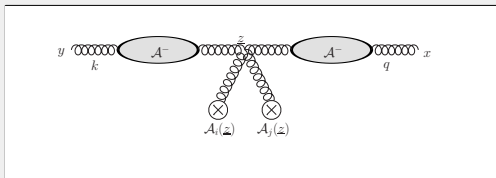
Gluon propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{NEik.}} = & G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{Eik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{pure } \mathcal{A}_-}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{single } \mathcal{A}_\perp}^{\text{NEik.}} \\
 & + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{non-loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}}
 \end{aligned}$$



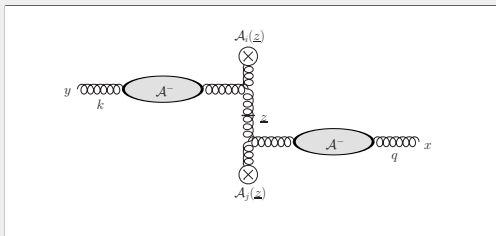
Gluon propagator

$$G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{NEik.}} = G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{Eik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{pure } \mathcal{A}^-}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{single } \mathcal{A}_\perp}^{\text{NEik.}} \\ + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{non-loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}}$$



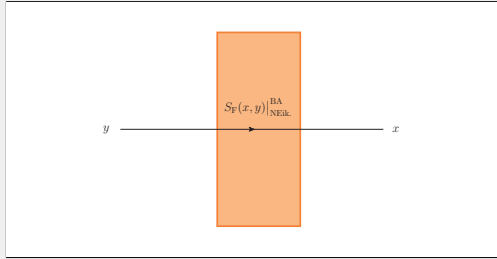
Gluon propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{NEik.}} &= G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{Eik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{pure } \mathcal{A}^-}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{single } \mathcal{A}_\perp}^{\text{NEik.}} \\
 &\quad + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{non-loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}}
 \end{aligned}$$



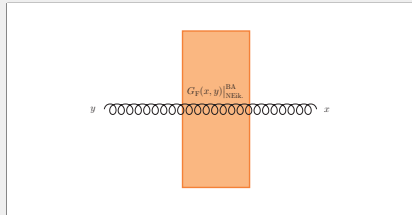
Gluon propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{NEik.}} = & G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{\text{Eik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{pure } \mathcal{A}^-}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{single } \mathcal{A}_\perp}^{\text{NEik.}} \\
 & + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}} + \delta G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{non-loc.}}^{\text{NEik.}}
 \end{aligned}$$



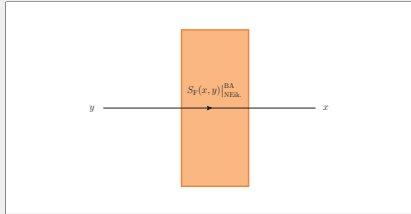
Quark propagator

$$S_F(x, y)|^{NEik.} = S_F(x, y)|^{Eik.} + \delta S_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|^{NEik.}_{\text{pure } \mathcal{A}^-} + \delta S_F(x, y)|^{NEik.}_{\text{single } \mathcal{A}_\perp} + \delta S_F(x, y)|^{NEik.}_{\text{double } \mathcal{A}_\perp, \text{non-loc.}}$$



Gluon propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_F^{\mu\nu}(x, y)|_{\text{NEik.}}^{\text{BA}} &= \int \frac{d^3 \underline{p}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(p^+)}{2p^+} e^{-ix \cdot \underline{p}} \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} e^{iy \cdot \underline{k}} \int_{\underline{z}} e^{-iz \cdot (\underline{p} - \underline{k})} \\
 &\times \int_{z^-} e^{iz^-(p^+ - k^+)} \left[g^{\mu\rho} - \frac{\eta^\mu \check{p}^\rho}{p^+} \right] \left[g^{\rho'\nu} - \frac{\check{k}^{\rho'} \eta^\nu}{k^+} \right] \\
 &\times \left\{ g^{\rho\rho'} \left[\mathcal{U}_A(+\infty, -\infty; \underline{z}, z^-)_{ab} - \frac{p^j + k^j}{2} \mathcal{U}_{A;j}^{(1)}(z)_{ab} - i \mathcal{U}_A^{(2)}(z)_{ab} \right] - 2g^{\rho i} g^{\rho' j} \mathcal{U}_{A;ij}^{(3)}(z)_{ab} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$



Quark propagator

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_F(x, y)|_{NEik.}^{BA, q} &= \int \frac{d^3 \underline{p}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(p^+)}{2p^+} e^{-ix \cdot \check{p}} \int \frac{d^3 \underline{k}}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\theta(k^+)}{2k^+} e^{iy \cdot \check{k}} \int_{\mathbf{z}} e^{-iz \cdot (\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{k})} \int_{z^-} e^{iz^- (p^+ - k^+)} \\
 &\times (\check{p} + m) \left\{ \mathcal{U}_F(+\infty, -\infty, \mathbf{z}, z^-) - \frac{p^j + k^j}{2(p^+ + k^+)} \mathcal{U}_{F;ij}^{(1)}(z) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{i}{p^+ + k^+} \mathcal{U}_F^{(2)}(z) - \frac{[\gamma^i, \gamma^j]}{4(p^+ + k^+)} \mathcal{U}_{F;ij}^{(3)}(z) \right\} \gamma^+ (\check{k} + m)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{U}_{R;j}^{(1)}(z) &= \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\frac{L^+}{2}} dz^+ (2z^+) \mathcal{U}_R\left(\frac{L^+}{2}, z^+; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right) ig\mathcal{F}_j^-(z) \mathcal{U}_R\left(z^+, -\frac{L^+}{2}; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right) \\
 \mathcal{U}_R^{(2)}(z) &= \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\frac{L^+}{2}} dz^+ \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{z^+} dz'^+ (z^+ - z'^+) \mathcal{U}_R\left(\frac{L^+}{2}, z^+; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right) ig\mathcal{F}_j^-(z) \\
 &\quad \times \mathcal{U}_F(z^+, z'^+; \mathbf{z}, z^-) ig\mathcal{F}_j^-(z'^+; \mathbf{z}, z^-) \mathcal{U}_R\left(z'^+, -\frac{L^+}{2}; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right) \\
 \mathcal{U}_{R;ij}^{(3)}(z) &= \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\frac{L^+}{2}} dz^+ \mathcal{U}_R\left(\frac{L^+}{2}, z^+; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right) g\mathcal{F}_{ij}(z) \mathcal{U}_R\left(z^+, -\frac{L^+}{2}; \mathbf{z}, z^-\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

CALCULATION

Dijet production in pA collision induced by the quark background field of the target

- Processes with interaction with the quark background field
- ⇒ Hard processes of the form $p \rightarrow p_1 p_2$
- Strictly Neik. contributions
- Order $\mathcal{O}(\sqrt{\gamma_t})$ at amplitude level
- Energy suppressed at cross-section level : $\mathcal{O}(\frac{1}{s})$
- Only Eik. propagators needed

$$g \rightarrow gq$$

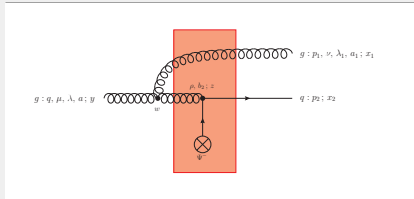


Diagram 1

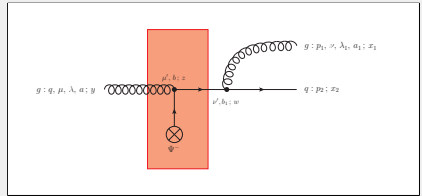


Diagram 2

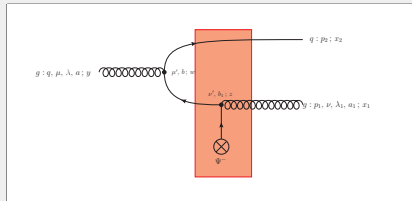


Diagram 3

$g \rightarrow gq$

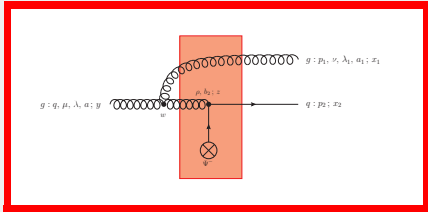


Diagram 1

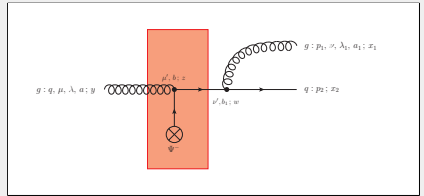


Diagram 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{S}_{g \rightarrow gq, 1} &= \lim_{y^+ \rightarrow -\infty} \lim_{x_1^+, x_2^+ \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2} \int_{y^-, x_1^-, x_2^-} \int_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{z}} \int_{w^-, z^-} \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\frac{L^+}{2}} dz^+ \int_{-\infty}^{-\frac{L^+}{2}} dw^+ \\
 &\times e^{ix_1 \cdot \tilde{p}_1} e^{ix_2 \cdot \tilde{p}_2} e^{-iy \cdot \tilde{q}} (-2q^+) \epsilon_\lambda^\mu(q) (-2p_1^+) \epsilon_{\lambda_1}^\nu(p_1) \\
 &\times [G_{0,F}^{\mu'\mu}(w, y)]_{a'a} [G_F^{\nu\nu'}(x_1, w)]_{a_1 b_1}^{\text{BA}} \left[G_F^{\rho\rho'}(z, w) \right]_{b_2 b}^{\text{BI}} V_{\mu'\nu'\rho'}^{a'b_1 b} \\
 &\times \bar{u}(\tilde{p}_2, h) \gamma^+ [S_F(x_2, z)]_{\alpha_2 \beta}^{\text{IA}, q} (-ig) t^{b_2} \gamma_\rho \Psi_\beta^-(z)
 \end{aligned}$$

Diagram 3

$g \rightarrow gq$

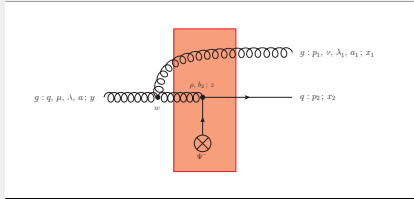


Diagram 1

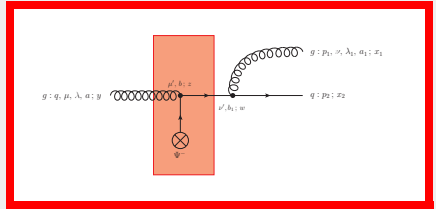


Diagram 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{S}_{g \rightarrow gq, 2} &= \lim_{y^+ \rightarrow -\infty} \lim_{x_1^+, x_2^+ \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2} \int_{y^-, x_1^-, x_2^-} \int_{\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{z}} \int_{w^-, z^-} \int_{-\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\frac{L^+}{2}} dz^+ \int_{\frac{L^+}{2}}^{\infty} dw^+ \\
 &\times e^{ix_1 \cdot \tilde{p}_1} e^{ix_2 \cdot \tilde{p}_2} e^{-iy \cdot \tilde{q}} (-2q^+) \epsilon_\mu^\lambda(q) (-2p_1^+) \epsilon_\nu^{\lambda_1}(p_1)^* \\
 &\times \left[G_F^{\mu' \mu}(z, y) \Big|_{\text{Eik.}}^{\text{BI}} \right]_{ba} \left[G_{0,F}^{\nu \nu'}(x_1, w) \right]_{a_1 b_1} \\
 &\times \bar{u}(\tilde{p}_2, h) \gamma^+ \left[S_{0,F}(x_2, w) (-ig) t^{b_1} \gamma_{\nu'} S_F(w, z) \Big|_{\text{Eik.}}^{\text{IA}, q} (-ig) t^b \right]_{\alpha_2 \beta} \gamma_{\mu'} \Psi_\beta^-(z)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$g \rightarrow gq$$

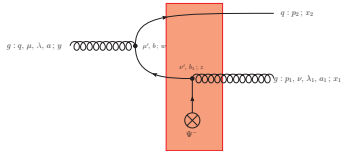


Diagram 3

NEIK. CONTRIBUTION TO DIJET PRODUCTION

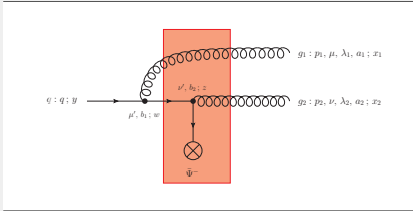
$$q \rightarrow gg$$


Diagram 1

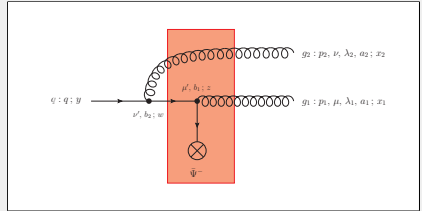


Diagram 2

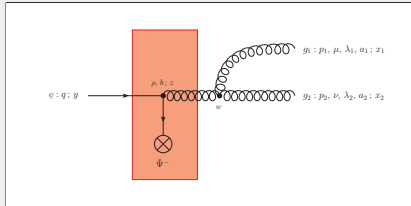


Diagram 3

$$q_f \rightarrow q_{f1} q_{f2}$$

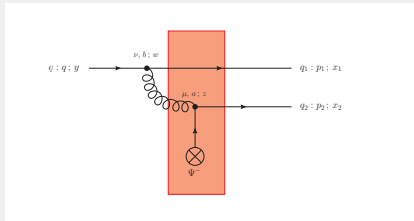


Diagram 1

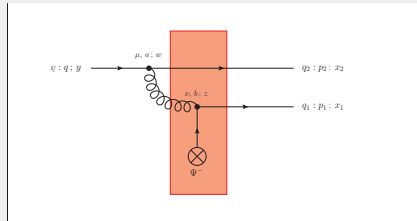


Diagram 2

$$q_f \rightarrow q_{f1} \bar{q}_{f2}$$

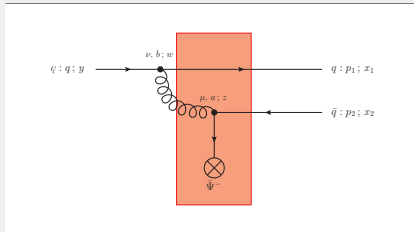


Diagram 1

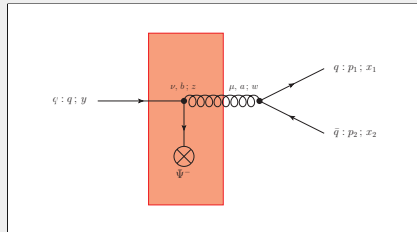


Diagram 2

Dijet variables

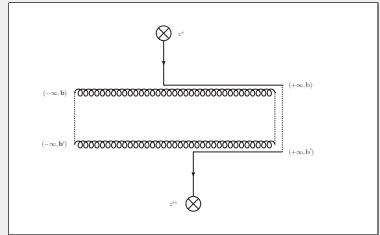
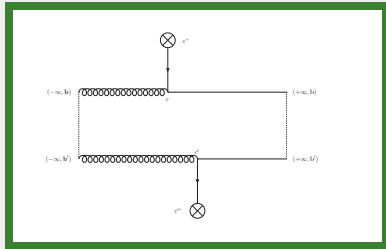
- Relative dijet momentum : $\mathbf{P} \equiv (1 - z)\mathbf{p}_1 - z\mathbf{p}_2$
- Dijet momentum imbalance : $\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{p}_1 + \mathbf{p}_2$
- with $z \equiv \frac{p_1^+}{p_1^+ + p_2^+}$, $(1 - z) \equiv \frac{p_2^+}{p_1^+ + p_2^+}$
- Conjugate variables :

$$\mathbf{r} \equiv \mathbf{x}_1 - \mathbf{x}_2, \quad \mathbf{b} \equiv z\mathbf{x}_1 + (1 - z)\mathbf{x}_2$$

Back-to-back limit

Corresponds to $|\mathbf{P}| \gg |\mathbf{k}|$, or equivalently $|\mathbf{r}| \ll |\mathbf{b}|$

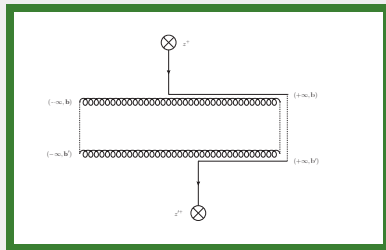
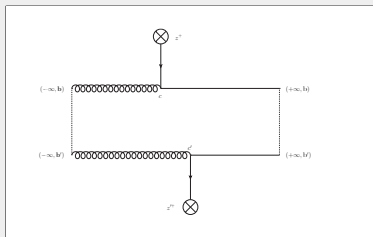
$$g \rightarrow gq$$



$$\mathcal{C}^{+g}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{C}^{+g} \equiv & \left\langle \bar{\Psi}(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \gamma^- t^{c'} \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) t^c \Psi(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \right. \\ & \left. \times \mathcal{U}_A(z'^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}')_{c'a} \mathcal{U}_A(z^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b})_{ca} \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

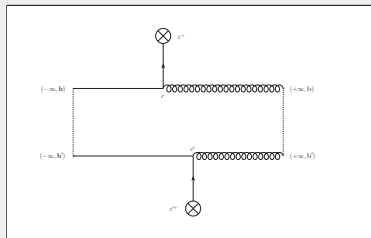
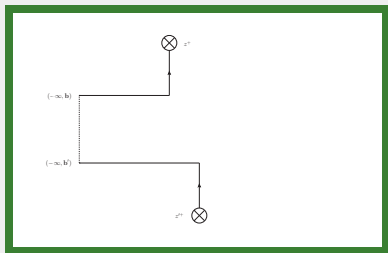
$$g \rightarrow gq$$



$$\mathcal{C}^{+\square_g}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{C}^{+\square_g} \equiv & \left\langle \bar{\Psi}(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) \Psi(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \right. \\ & \left. \times \mathcal{U}_A(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}')_{ba} \mathcal{U}_A(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b})_{ba} \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

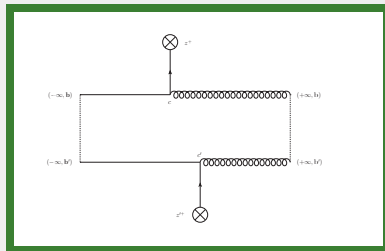
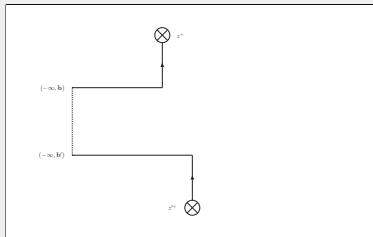
$$q \rightarrow gg$$



$\bar{c}^-$

$$\bar{c}^- \equiv \left\langle \text{Tr} \left\{ \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(z'^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') \Psi(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \bar{\Psi}(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F(z^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right\} \right\rangle$$

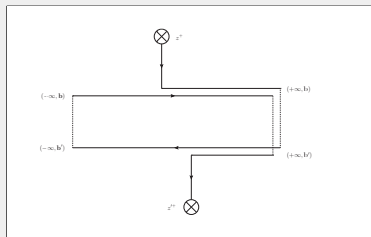
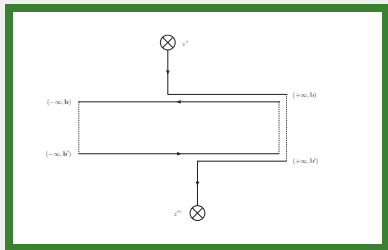
$$q \rightarrow gg$$



$$\overline{\mathcal{C}}^{-g}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{\mathcal{C}}^{-g} &\equiv \left\langle \mathcal{U}_A(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}')_{dc'} \mathcal{U}_A(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b})_{dc} \right. \\ &\times \text{Tr} \left\{ \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(z'^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') t^{c'} \Psi(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \overline{\Psi}(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \gamma^- t^c \mathcal{U}_F(z^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right\} \Bigg\rangle \end{aligned}$$

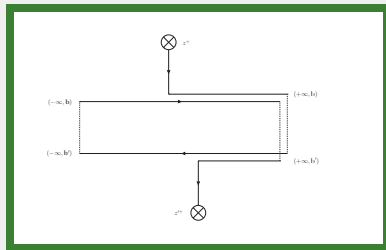
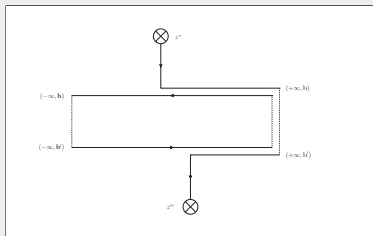
$$q \rightarrow qq$$



$$\mathcal{C}^{+\square}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{C}^{+\square} \equiv & \left\langle \text{Tr} \left[\mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right] \right. \\ & \times \left. \overline{\Psi}(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) \Psi(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

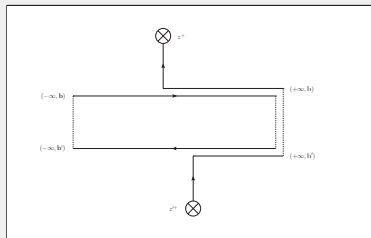
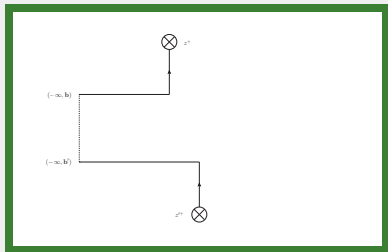
$q \rightarrow qq$



$\mathcal{C}^{+-+}$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{C}^{+-+} \equiv & \left\langle \bar{\Psi}(z'^+; \mathbf{b}) \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right. \\ & \left. \times \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) \Psi(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

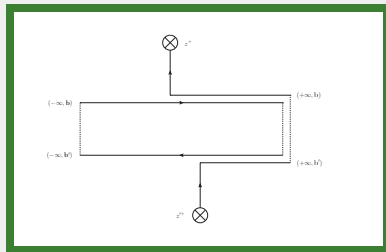
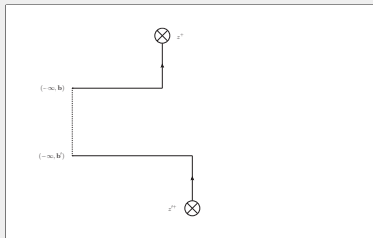
$$q \rightarrow q\bar{q}$$



$$\bar{c}^-$$

$$\bar{c}^- \equiv \left\langle \text{Tr} \left\{ \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(z'^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') \Psi(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \bar{\Psi}(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F(z^+, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right\} \right\rangle$$

$$q \rightarrow q\bar{q}$$



$$\bar{\mathcal{C}}^{+\square}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\mathcal{C}}^{+\square} \equiv & \left\langle \text{Tr} \left\{ \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \Psi(z'^+; \mathbf{b}') \bar{\Psi}(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \gamma^- \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) \right\} \right. \\ & \left. \times \text{Tr} \left[\mathcal{U}_F(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}') \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, -\infty; \mathbf{b}) \right] \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

Color Structure

$$\int_{\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{b}'} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{b}')} \int_{z^+, z'^+} \langle \mathcal{C}^{(\dots)} \rangle$$

Target Average

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle = \lim_{P'_{tar} \rightarrow P_{tar}} \frac{\langle P'_{tar} | \hat{\mathcal{O}} | P_{tar} \rangle}{\langle P'_{tar} | P_{tar} \rangle}$$

Unpolarized quark TMD

$$f_q^+(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int_{\mathbf{b}} e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{b}} \int_{z^+} e^{-i\mathbf{x} P_{tar}^- z^+} \langle P_{tar} | \bar{\Psi}(z^+; \mathbf{b}) \frac{\gamma^-}{2} \mathcal{U}_F^\dagger(\infty, z^+; \mathbf{b}) \mathcal{U}_F(\infty, 0; \mathbf{0}) \Psi(0; \mathbf{0}) | P_{tar} \rangle$$

Relation with quark TMDs

$$\int_{\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{b}'} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{b}')} \int_{z^+, z'^+} \frac{\mathcal{C}^{(\dots)}}{\mathcal{N}^{(\dots)}} = \frac{(2\pi)^3}{P_{tar}^-} f_q^{(\dots)}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k})$$

$g \rightarrow gq$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{g \rightarrow gq}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{d\phi} = \frac{q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) 2\alpha_s^2}{z(1-z)(2q^+ P_{tar}^-)} \left[C_F \mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+g} f_{\bar{q}}^{+g}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) + (N_c^2 - 1) \mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+\square_g} f_{\bar{q}}^{+\square_g}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

$q \rightarrow gg$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{q \rightarrow gg}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{d\phi} = \frac{q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) 2\alpha_s^2}{z(1-z)(2q^+ P_{tar}^-)} \left[\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^- f_q^-(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) + C_F \mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^{-g} f_q^{-g}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

$q \rightarrow qq$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\bar{q}f \rightarrow \bar{q}f_1 q f_2}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{d\phi} = \frac{q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) 2\alpha_s^2}{z(1-z)(2q^+ P_{tar}^-)} \left[\mathcal{H}_{qf \rightarrow qf_1 \bar{q}f_2}^- f_q^-(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) + N_c \mathcal{H}_{qf \rightarrow qf_1 \bar{q}f_2}^{+\square} f_q^{+\square}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

$q \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\bar{q}f \rightarrow \bar{q}f_1 \bar{q}f_2}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{d\phi} = \frac{q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) 2\alpha_s^2}{z(1-z)(2q^+ P_{tar}^-)} \left[N_c \mathcal{H}_{qf \rightarrow qf_1 qf_2}^{+\square} f_{\bar{q}}^{+\square}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) + \mathcal{H}_{qf \rightarrow qf_1 qf_2}^{+-+} f_{\bar{q}}^{+-+}(\mathbf{x} = 0, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

$$q \rightarrow qq$$

Results in agreement with the literature

✓ Hard factors

Jian-Wei Qiu, Werner Vogelsang, and Feng Yuan. **SINGLE TRANSVERSE-SPIN ASYMMETRY IN HADRONIC DIJET PRODUCTION.** *PHYS. REV. D*, 76:074029, 2007

✓ Gauge link

C. J. Bomhof, P. J. Mulders, and F. Pijlman. **THE CONSTRUCTION OF GAUGE-LINKS IN ARBITRARY HARD PROCESSES.** *EUR. PHYS. J. C*, 47:147–162, 2006

x dependence

NLP order calculation needed ($\mathcal{O}(\frac{k}{P})$)

Higher twist TMDs

- NEik. propagator needed
 - $\mathcal{U}_{R;j}^{(1)}, \mathcal{U}_R^{(2)}, \mathcal{U}_{R;ij}^{(3)}$ needed
- $\Rightarrow$ NNEik. calculation

■ Finite longitudinal width effects

Tolga Altinoluk, Néstor Armesto, Guillaume Beuf, Mauricio Martinez, and Carlos A.

Salgado. **NEXT-TO-EIKONAL CORRECTIONS IN THE CGC: GLUON PRODUCTION AND SPIN ASYMMETRIES IN pA COLLISIONS.** *JHEP*, 07:068, 2014

Tolga Altinoluk, Néstor Armesto, Guillaume Beuf, and Alexis Moscoso.

NEXT-TO-NEXT-TO-EIKONAL CORRECTIONS IN THE CGC. *JHEP*, 01:114, 2016

- Finite longitudinal width effects
- Quark and scalar propagators

Tolga Altinoluk, Guillaume Beuf, Alina Czajka, and Arantxa Tymowska. **QUARKS AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY IN THE CGC: FORWARD QUARK-NUCLEUS SCATTERING.** *PHYS. REV. D*, **104(1):014019**, 2021

Tolga Altinoluk and Guillaume Beuf. **QUARK AND SCALAR PROPAGATORS AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY IN THE CGC THROUGH A DYNAMICAL BACKGROUND GLUON FIELD.** *PHYS. REV. D*, **105(7):074026**, 2022

Pedro Agostini. **SCALAR PROPAGATOR IN A BACKGROUND GLUON FIELD BEYOND THE EIKONAL APPROXIMATION.** *JHEP*, **11:099**, 2023

- Finite longitudinal width effects
- Quark and scalar propagators
- Gluon propagator with all Neik. corrections

Tolga Altinoluk, Guillaume Beuf, and Swaleha Mulani. **FORWARD PARTON-NUCLEUS SCATTERING AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY IN THE CGC. 11 2024**

- Finite longitudinal width effects
- Quark and scalar propagators
- Gluon propagator with all Neik. corrections
- Application to DIS dijet production

Tolga Altinoluk, Guillaume Beuf, Alina Czajka, and Arantxa Tymowska. **DIS DIJET PRODUCTION AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY IN THE CGC. *PHYS. REV. D*, 107(7):074016, 2023**

Pedro Agostini, Tolga Altinoluk, and Néstor Armesto. **NEXT-TO-EIKONAL CORRECTIONS TO DIJET PRODUCTION IN DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING IN THE DILUTE LIMIT OF THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE. *JHEP*, 07:137, 2024**

- Finite longitudinal width effects
- Quark and scalar propagators
- Gluon propagator with all Neik. corrections
- Application to DIS dijet production
- Quark TMDs from DIS dijet production

Tolga Altinoluk, Nestor Armesto, and Guillaume Beuf. **PROBING QUARK TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM DISTRIBUTIONS IN THE COLOR GLASS CONDENSATE: QUARK-GLUON DIJETS IN DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY.** *PHYS. REV. D*, 108(7):074023, 2023

- Finite longitudinal width effects
- Quark and scalar propagators
- Gluon propagator with all Neik. corrections
- Application to DIS dijet production
- Quark TMDs from DIS dijet production
- Gluon TMDs from DIS dijet production

Tolga Altinoluk, Guillaume Beuf, Alina Czajka, and Cyrille Marquet. **BACK-TO-BACK DIJET PRODUCTION IN DIS AT NEXT-TO-EIKONAL ACCURACY AND TWIST-3 GLUON TMDs. 10 2024**

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

FIND MORE AT [ARXIV:2412.08485](https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.08485)

$$k^+ \frac{d\sigma_{g \rightarrow gq}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{dk^+ d^2\mathbf{k} d^2\mathbf{P} dz} = q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) \frac{2\alpha_s^2}{\mathbf{P}^2} \left[C_F \mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+g} \mathbf{x} f_q^{+g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right. \\ \left. + (N_c^2 - 1) \mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+\square_g} \mathbf{x} f_q^{+\square_g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

Hard Factors

$$\mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+\square_g} = \frac{1}{4\mathbf{P}^2} \frac{1}{(N_c^2 - 1)} \frac{(1 + z^2)}{(1 - z)}$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{g \rightarrow gq}^{+g} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{P}^2} \frac{[N_c^2 z^2 - (1 - z)^2]}{2N_c(N_c^2 - 1)} \frac{(1 + z^2)}{(1 - z)}$$

$$k^+ \frac{d\sigma_{q \rightarrow gg}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{dk^+ d^2\mathbf{k} d^2\mathbf{P} dz} = q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) \frac{2\alpha_s^2}{\mathbf{P}^2} \left[\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^- \mathbf{x} f_{\bar{q}}^-(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right. \\ \left. + C_F \mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^{-g} \mathbf{x} f_{\bar{q}}^{-g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

Hard Factors

$$\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^- = \frac{(N_c^2 - 1)}{4 N_c^3 \mathbf{P}^2} [z^2 + (1 - z)^2]$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow gg}^{-g} = \frac{[z^2 + (1 - z)^2]}{2 \mathbf{P}^2} \left[z^2 + (1 - z)^2 - \frac{2}{N_c^2} \right]$$

$$k^+ \frac{d\sigma_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} q_{f_2}}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{dk^+ d^2\mathbf{k} d^2\mathbf{P} dz} = q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) \frac{2\alpha_s^2}{\mathbf{P}^2} \left[N_c \mathcal{H}_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} q_{f_2}}^{+\square} \mathbf{x} f_q^{+\square}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right. \\ \left. + \mathcal{H}_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} q_{f_2}}^{+-+} \mathbf{x} f_q^{+-+}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

Hard Factors

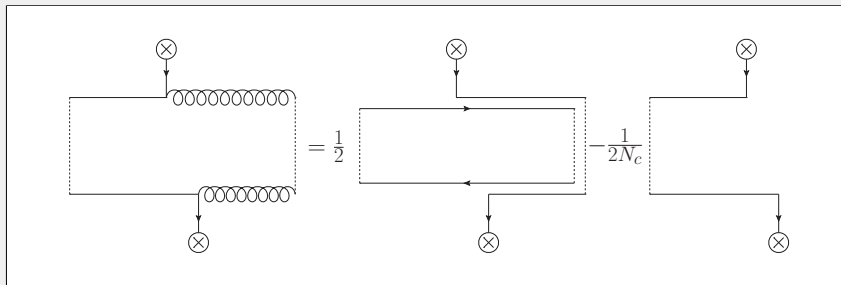
$$\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow qq}^{+\square} = \frac{1}{4N_c \mathbf{P}^2} \left[2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{N_c^2} \right) \left(z(1-z) - 3 + \frac{1}{z(1-z)} \right) - \frac{4}{N_c} \right] \\ \mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow qq}^{+-+} = \frac{1}{4N_c \mathbf{P}^2} \left[-\frac{4}{N_c} \left(z(1-z) - 3 + \frac{1}{z(1-z)} \right) + 2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{N_c^2} \right) \right]$$

$$k^+ \frac{d\sigma_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} \bar{q}_{f_2}}^{\text{b2b}, m=0}}{dk^+ d^2\mathbf{k} d^2\mathbf{P} dz} = q^+ \delta(k^+ - q^+) \frac{2\alpha_s^2}{\mathbf{P}^2} \left[\mathcal{H}_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} \bar{q}_{f_2}}^- \mathbf{x} f_{\bar{q}}^-(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right. \\ \left. + N_c \mathcal{H}_{q_f \rightarrow q_{f_1} \bar{q}_{f_2}}^{+\square} \mathbf{x} f_{\bar{q}}^{+\square}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

Hard Factors

$$\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow q\bar{q}}^- = \frac{z(1-z)}{4N_c \mathbf{P}^2} \left[\frac{1+z^2}{(1-z)^2} \left(N_c - \frac{2}{N_c} \right) - \frac{1}{N_c} (z^2 + (1-z)^2) - \frac{2}{N_c^2} \frac{z^2}{1-z} \right]$$

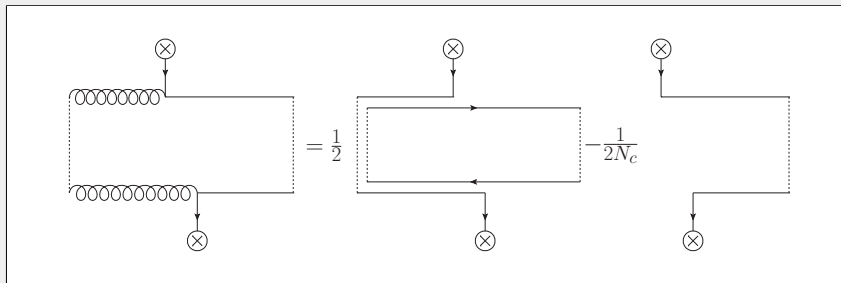
$$\mathcal{H}_{q \rightarrow q\bar{q}}^{+\square} = \frac{z(1-z)}{4N_c \mathbf{P}^2} \left[z^2 + (1-z)^2 + \frac{2}{N_c} \frac{z^2}{1-z} + \frac{1}{N_c^2} \frac{1+z^2}{(1-z)^2} \right]$$



C^{-g}

$$C^{-g} = \frac{1}{2} C^{+\square} - \frac{1}{2N_c} C^{-}$$

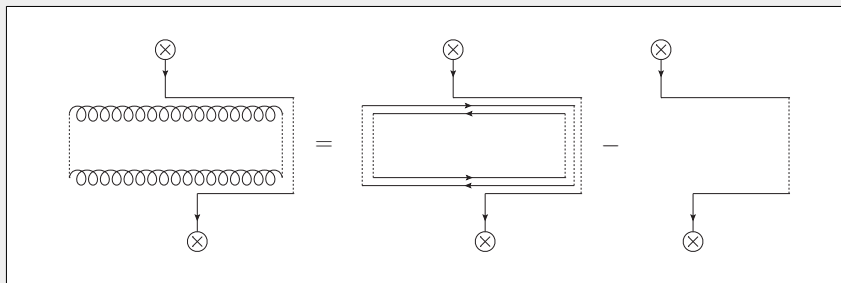
$$\Rightarrow (N_c^2 - 1) f_q^{-g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) = N_c^2 f_q^{+\square}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) - f_q^{-}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k})$$



$\mathcal{C}^{+g}$

$$\mathcal{C}^{+g} = \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{C}^{-\square} - \frac{1}{2N_c}\mathcal{C}^{+}$$

$$\Rightarrow (N_c^2 - 1) f_q^{+g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) = N_c^2 f_q^{-\square}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) - f_q^{+}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k})$$



$\mathcal{C}^{+\square_g}$

$$\mathcal{C}^{+\square_g} = \mathcal{C}^{+\square^2} - \mathcal{C}^+$$

$$\Rightarrow (N_c^2 - 1) f_q^{+\square_g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) = N_c^2 f_q^{+\square^2}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k}) - f_q^+(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{k})$$

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