

Gravitational form factors in NNLO QCD and hadron mass decompositions

Kazuhiro Tanaka
(Juntendo U)



順天堂大学
Juntendo University

Symmetric energy-momentum tensor

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2$$

$$\left(= \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{\mu} i \partial^{\nu} \psi - F^{\mu\rho} \partial^{\nu} A_{\rho} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 + \partial_{\lambda} X^{[\lambda\mu]\nu} \right)$$

$$\sum_n \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_{\mu} \phi_n)} \partial^{\nu} \phi_n - \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L}$$

$$T^{\mu\nu} = T^{\nu\mu}$$

$$\partial_{\mu} T^{\mu\nu} = 0$$



Symmetric energy-momentum tensor

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2$$

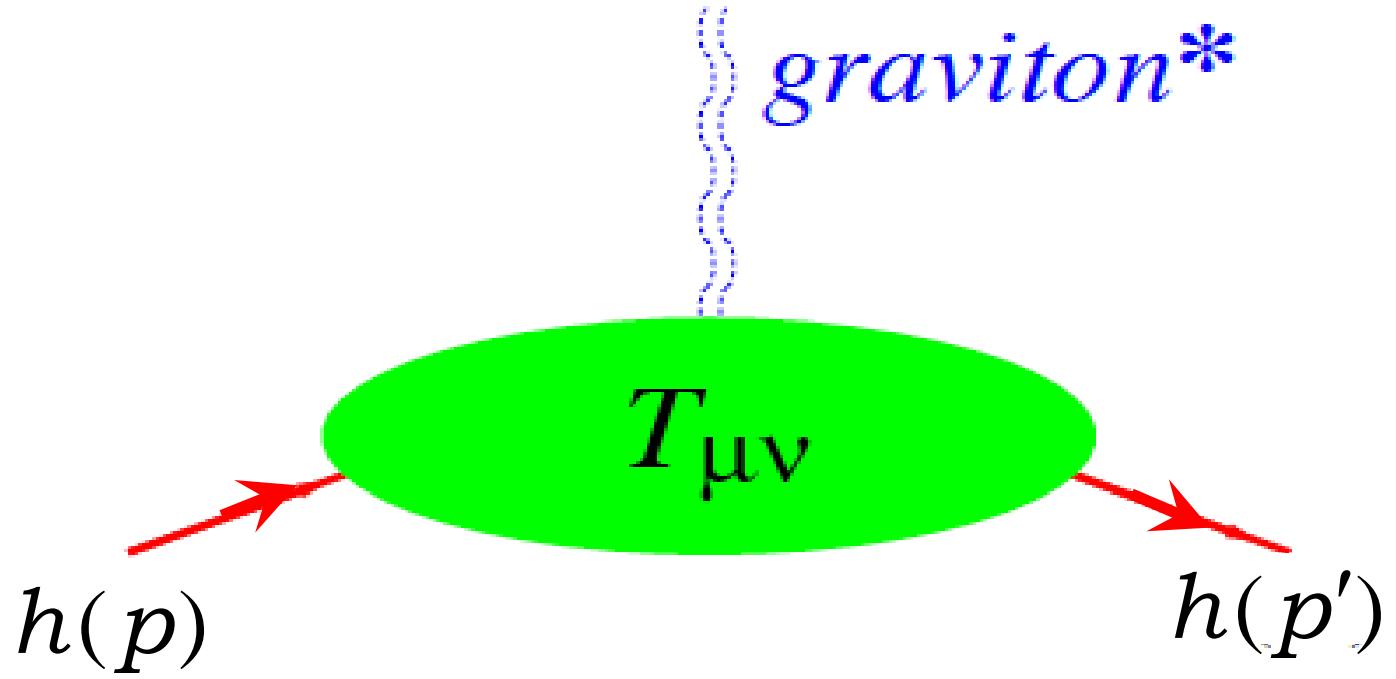
$$\left(= \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu i \partial^\nu \psi - F^{\mu\rho} \partial^\nu A_\rho + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 + \partial_\lambda X^{[\lambda\mu]\nu} \right)$$

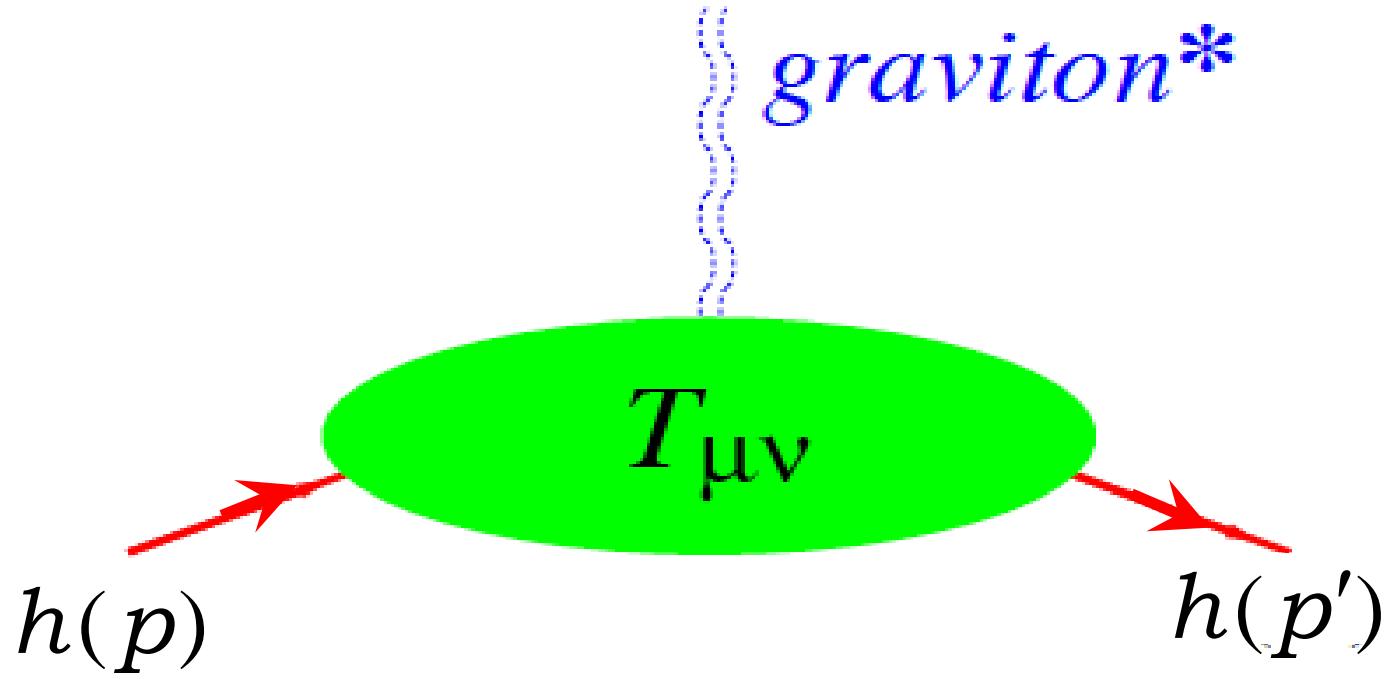
$$\sum_n \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_\mu \phi_n)} \partial^\nu \phi_n - \eta^{\mu\nu} \mathcal{L}$$

$$T_{\mu\nu}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{-g}} \frac{\delta S}{\delta g^{\mu\nu}(x)} \Bigg|_{g^{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \eta^{\mu\nu}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T^{\mu\nu} &= T^{\nu\mu} \\ \partial_\mu T^{\mu\nu} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$







$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_\rho^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2$$

$$\equiv \quad T_q^{\mu\nu} \quad + \quad T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 \equiv T_q^{\mu\nu} + T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\langle N(p') | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p') \left[A_{q,g}(t) \gamma^{(\mu} P^{\nu)} + B_{q,g}(t) \frac{P^{(\mu} i \sigma^{\nu)\alpha} \Delta_{\alpha}}{2M} \right. \\ \left. + D_{q,g}(t) \frac{\Delta^{\mu} \Delta^{\nu} - g^{\mu\nu} \Delta^2}{M} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(t) M \eta^{\mu\nu} \right] u(p)$$

$$P = \frac{p + p'}{2}$$

$$\Delta = p' - p$$

$$\textcolor{blue}{t} = \Delta^2$$

Ji, PRL78, 610 ('97)

Polyakov, Schweitzer, IJMPA33, 1830025('18)

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2}\bar{\psi}\gamma^{(\mu}i\vec{D}^{\nu)}\psi + F^{\mu\rho}F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4}F^2 \equiv \textcolor{blue}{T_q^{\mu\nu}} + \textcolor{red}{T_g^{\mu\nu}}$$

mass & energy distribution angular momentum distribution

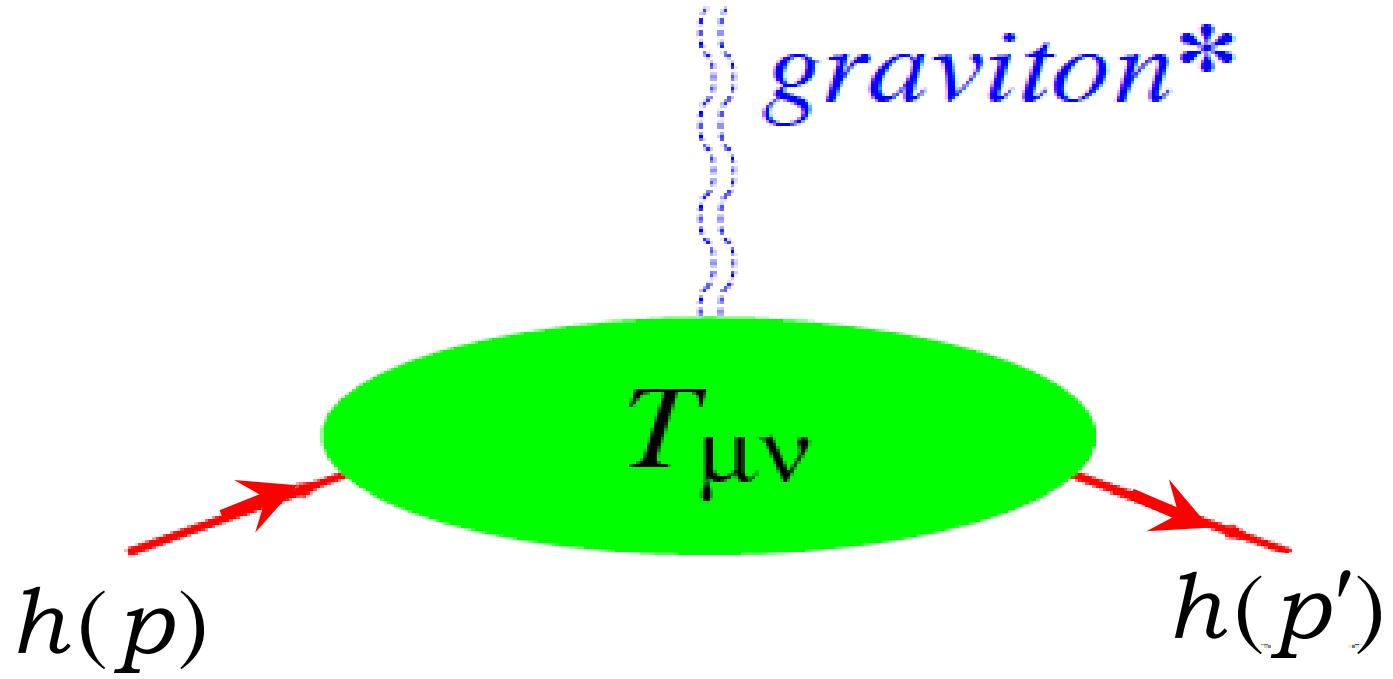
$\langle N(p') | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p') [A_{q,g}(t) \gamma^{(\mu} P^{\nu)} + B_{q,g}(t) \frac{P^{(\mu} i\sigma^{\nu)\alpha} \Delta_{\alpha}}{2M}$

$+ D_{q,g}(t) \frac{\Delta^{\mu}\Delta^{\nu} - g^{\mu\nu}\Delta^2}{M} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(t) M \eta^{\mu\nu}] u(p)$

force & pressure distribution mass & pressure distribution

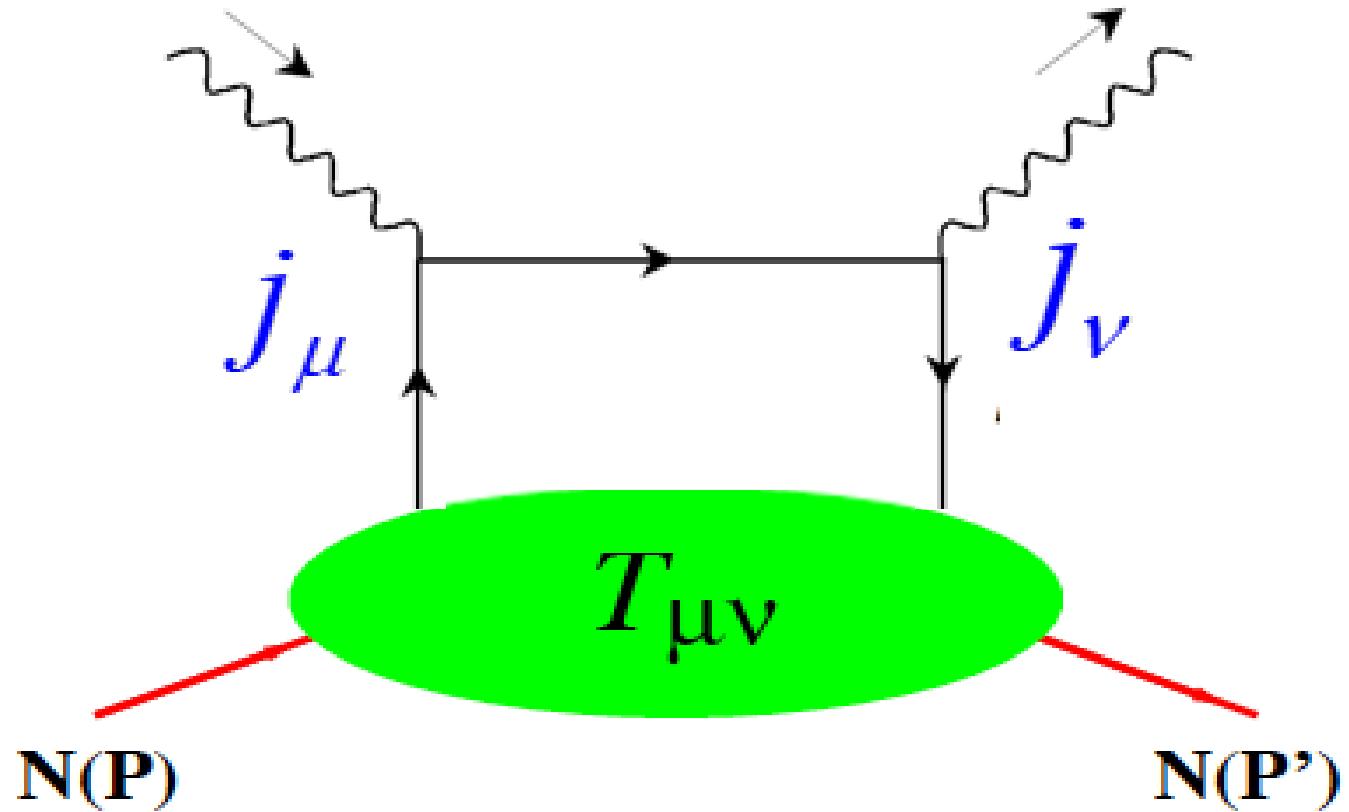
$P = \frac{p + p'}{2}$
 $\Delta = p' - p$
 $t = \Delta^2$

| | | energy density | momentum density | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|------------------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|
| | | T^{00} | T^{01} | T^{02} | T^{03} | | |
| | | T^{10} | T^{11} | T^{12} | T^{13} | | |
| | | T^{20} | T^{21} | T^{22} | T^{23} | | |
| | | T^{30} | T^{31} | T^{32} | T^{33} | | |
| | | momentum density | momentum flux | | | shear stress | pressure |

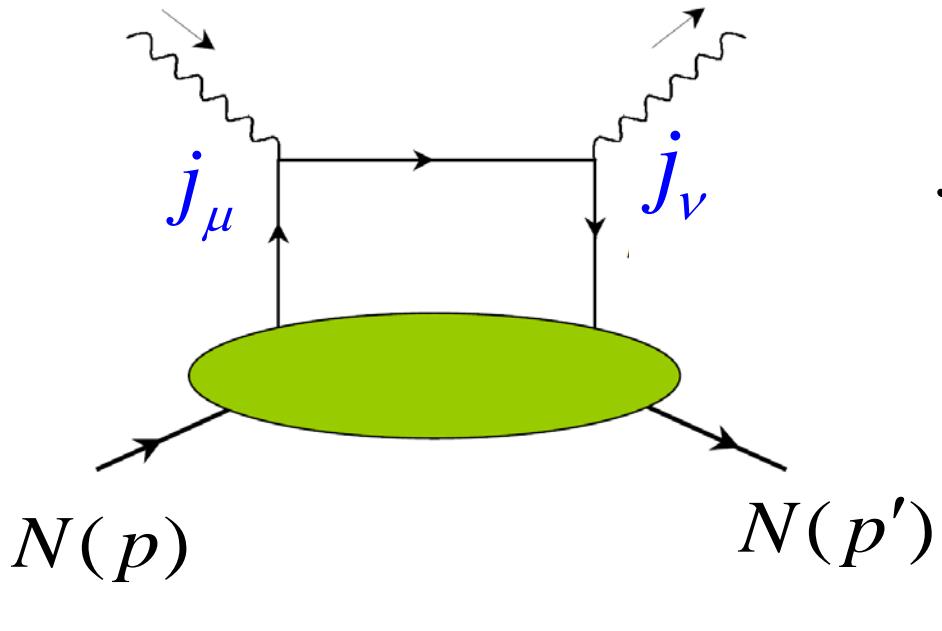


$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_\rho^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2$$

$$\equiv \quad T_q^{\mu\nu} \quad + \quad T_g^{\mu\nu}$$



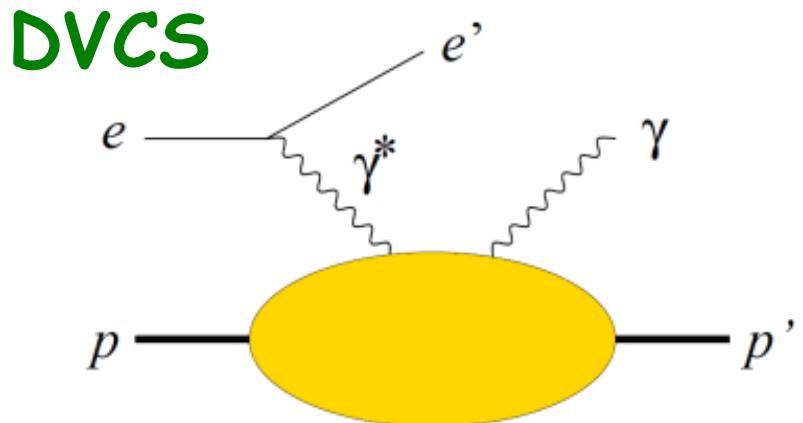
$$\begin{aligned}
 T^{\mu\nu} &= \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_\rho^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 \\
 &\equiv T_q^{\mu\nu} + T_g^{\mu\nu}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$j_\mu(x) j_\nu(0) \sim \sum_i C_i(x) O_i(0)$$

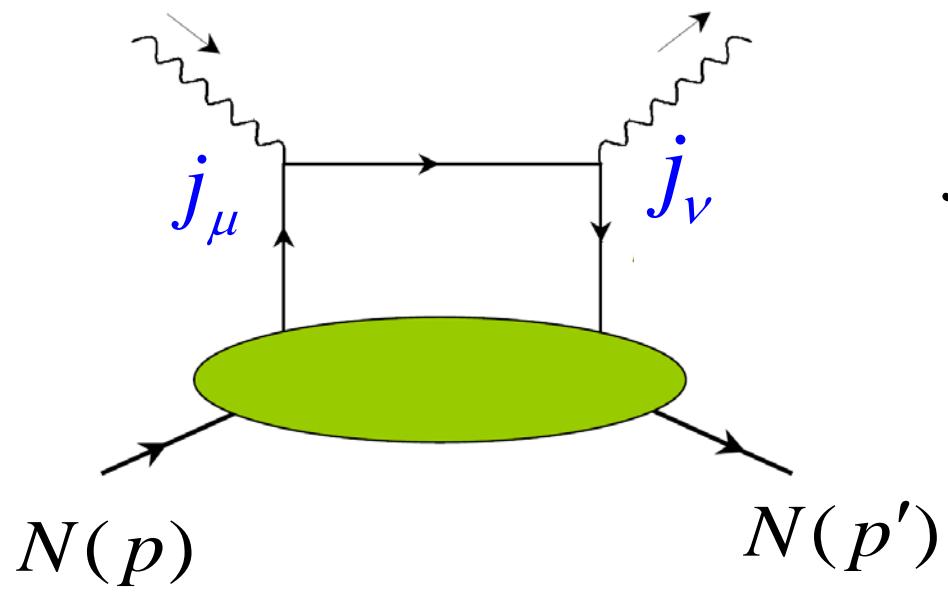
$$C_{\mu\nu;\alpha\beta}^q(x) T_q^{\alpha\beta}$$

$$C_{\mu\nu;\alpha\beta}^g(x) T_g^{\alpha\beta}$$



JLab, EIC...

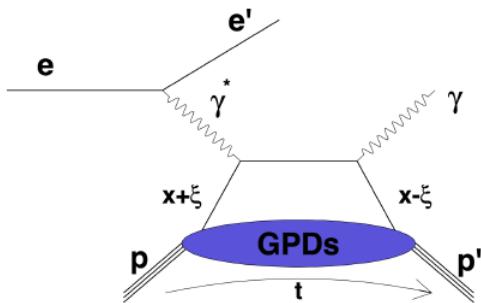
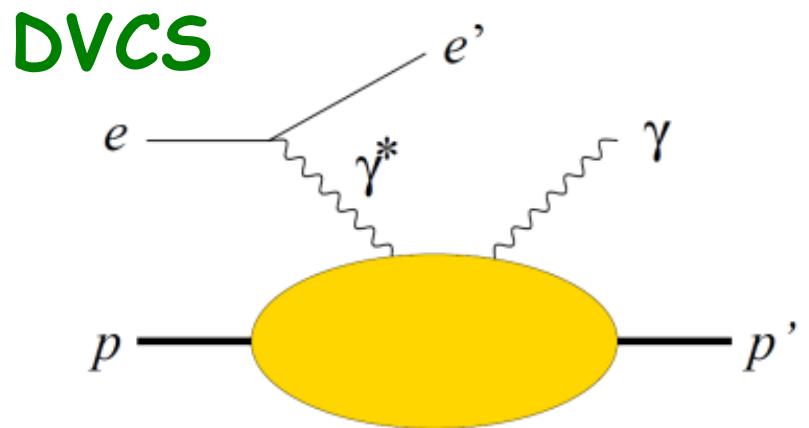




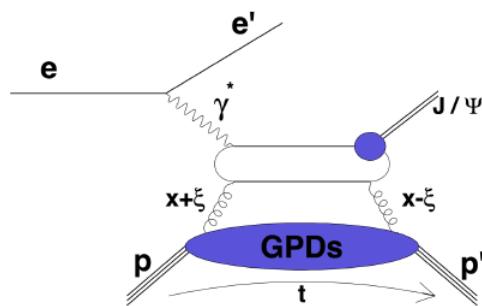
$$j_\mu(x) j_\nu(0) \sim \sum_i C_i(x) O_i(0)$$

$$C_{\mu\nu;\alpha\beta}^q(x) T_q^{\alpha\beta}$$

$$C_{\mu\nu;\alpha\beta}^g(x) T_g^{\alpha\beta}$$



JLab, EIC...



$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 \equiv T_q^{\mu\nu} + T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

mass & energy distribution

angular momentum distribution

$\langle N(p') | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p') [A_{q,g}(t) \gamma^{(\mu} P^{\nu)} + B_{q,g}(t) \frac{P^{(\mu} i \sigma^{\nu)\alpha} \Delta_{\alpha}}{2M}$

$+ D_{q,g}(t) \frac{\Delta^{\mu} \Delta^{\nu} - g^{\mu\nu} \Delta^2}{M} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(t) M \eta^{\mu\nu}] u(p)$

force & pressure distribution

mass & pressure distribution

$P = \frac{p + p'}{2}$
 $\Delta = p' - p$
 $t = \Delta^2$

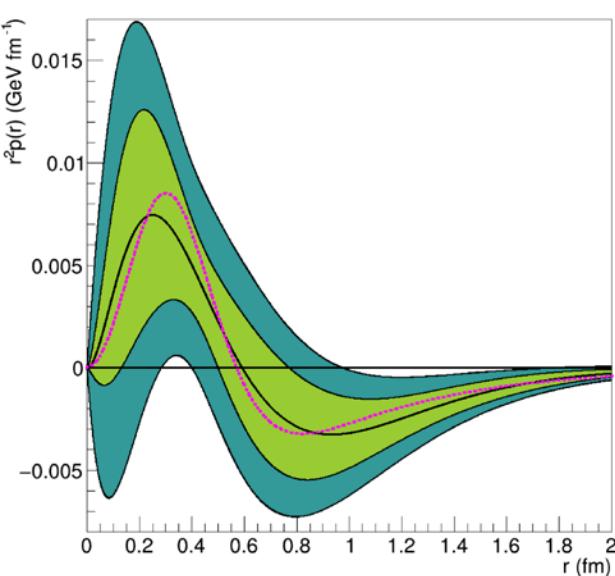
energy density **momentum density**

| | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| T^{00} | T^{01} | T^{02} | T^{03} |
| T^{10} | T^{11} | T^{12} | T^{13} |
| T^{20} | T^{21} | T^{22} | T^{23} |
| T^{30} | T^{31} | T^{32} | T^{33} |

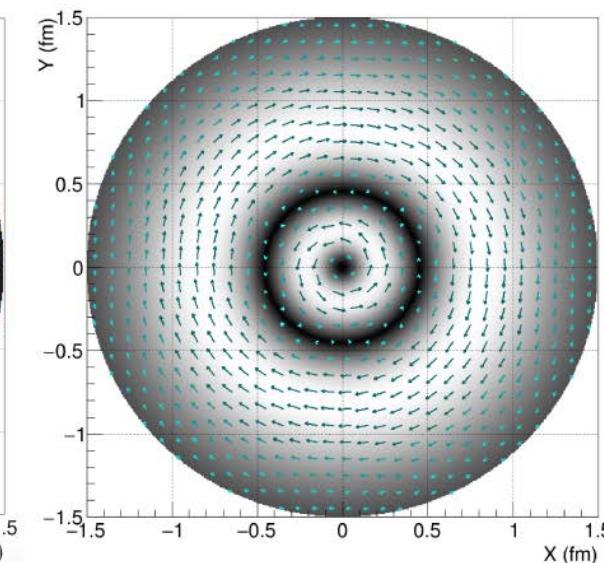
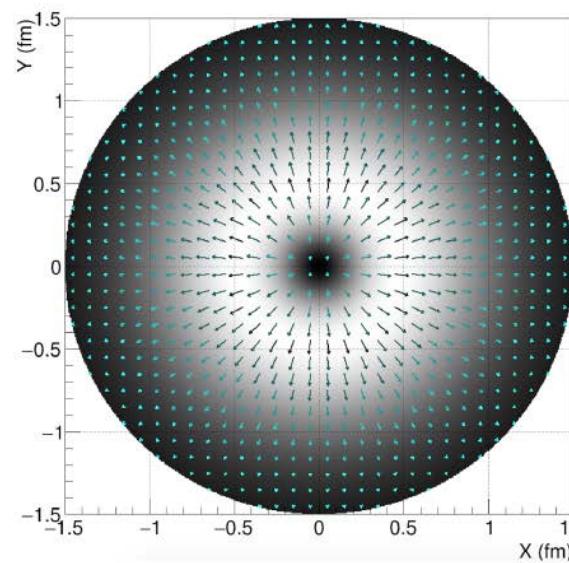
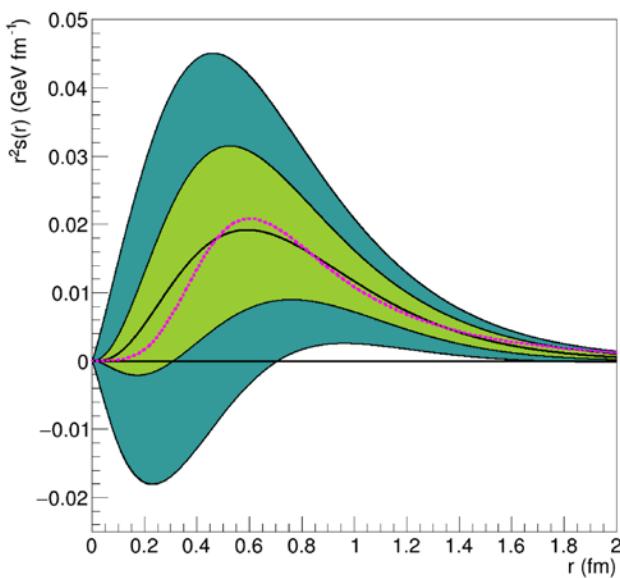
momentum density **momentum flux**

shear stress
pressure

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \begin{bmatrix} T^{00} & T^{01} & T^{02} & T^{03} \\ T^{10} & T^{11} & T^{12} & T^{13} \\ T^{20} & T^{21} & T^{22} & T^{23} \\ T^{30} & T^{31} & T^{32} & T^{33} \end{bmatrix}$$



V. D. Burkert et al, Nature 557 ('18) 396
 V. D. Burkert et al, Rev.Mod.Phys. 95 ('23) 041002



$$\langle N(p') | T^{ik} | N(p) \rangle \sim (\Delta^i \Delta^k - \delta^{ik} \Delta^2) D(t), \quad \langle T^{ij} \rangle(r) = \left(\frac{r^i r^j}{r^2} - \frac{1}{3} \delta^{ij} \right) s(r) + \delta^{ij} p(r)$$



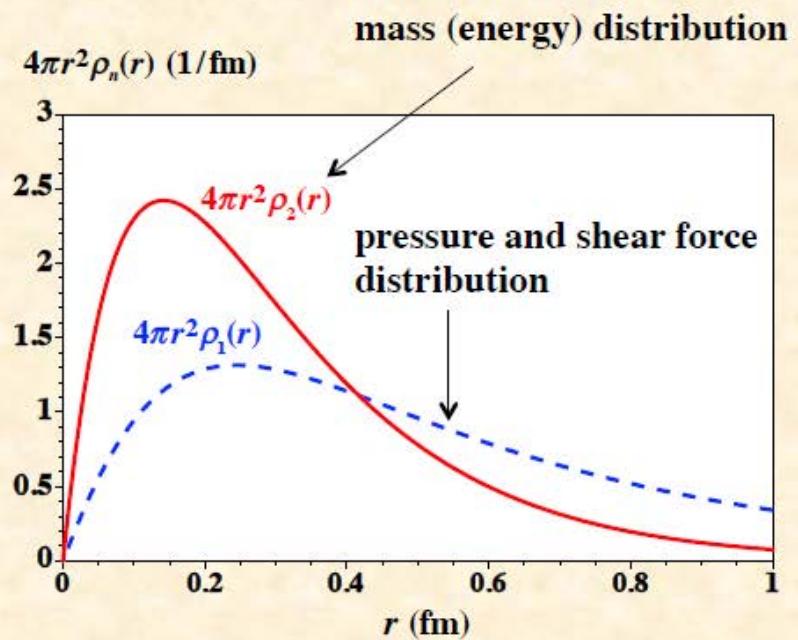
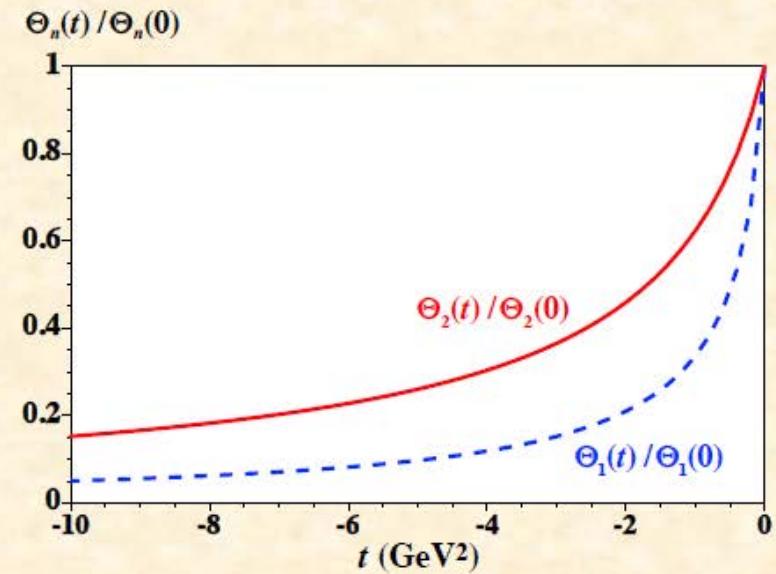
Spacelike gravitational form factors and radii for pion

$$F(s) = \Theta_1(s), \Theta_1(s), \quad F(t) = \int_{4m_\pi^2}^\infty ds \frac{\text{Im} F(s)}{\pi(s-t-i\epsilon)}, \quad \rho(r) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int d^3 q e^{-iq\cdot r} F(q) = \frac{1}{4\pi^2} \frac{1}{r} \int_{4m_\pi^2}^\infty ds e^{-\sqrt{s}r} \text{Im} F(s)$$

This is the first report on gravitational radii of hadrons from actual experimental measurements.

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{mass}}} = 0.32 \sim 0.39 \text{ fm}, \quad \sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{mech}}} = 0.82 \sim 0.88 \text{ fm} \leftarrow \boxed{\text{First finding on gravitational radius from actual experimental measurements}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{charge}}} = 0.672 \pm 0.008 \text{ fm}$$



$$\Theta_2(t) = 4A^\pi(t), \quad \Theta_1(t) = -D^\pi(t)$$

$$\langle N(p) \left| T_{q,g}^{00} \right| N(p) \rangle = \overline{u}(p) \left[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^0 p^0 + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \right] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle =\frac{\left\langle N\left|\int d^3xT_{q,g}^{00}\right|N\right\rangle }{\left\langle N\left|N\right\rangle \right.}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g \hspace{10em} M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi + F^{\mu\rho} F_{\rho}^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2 \equiv T_q^{\mu\nu} + T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

mass & energy distribution angular momentum distribution

$$\langle N(p') | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p') \left[A_{q,g}(t) \gamma^{(\mu} P^{\nu)} + B_{q,g}(t) \frac{P^{(\mu} i \sigma^{\nu)\alpha} \Delta_{\alpha}}{2M} \right.$$

$$+ D_{q,g}(t) \frac{\Delta^{\mu} \Delta^{\nu} - g^{\mu\nu} \Delta^2}{M} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(t) M \eta^{\mu\nu} \left. \right] u(p)$$

force & pressure distribution mass & pressure distribution

$$P = \frac{p + p'}{2}$$

$$\Delta = p' - p$$

$$t = \Delta^2$$

| energy density | momentum density | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| T^{00} | T^{01} | T^{02} | T^{03} |
| T^{10} | T^{11} | T^{12} | T^{13} |
| T^{20} | T^{21} | T^{22} | T^{23} |
| T^{30} | T^{31} | T^{32} | T^{33} |

momentum density momentum flux

shear stress pressure

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \begin{bmatrix} T^{00} & T^{01} & T^{02} & T^{03} \\ T^{10} & T^{11} & T^{12} & T^{13} \\ T^{20} & T^{21} & T^{22} & T^{23} \\ T^{30} & T^{31} & T^{32} & T^{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{00} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) [A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^0 p^0 + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00}] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\langle N | \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} | N \rangle}{\langle N | N \rangle}$$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_q + \hat{H}_g = \boxed{\int d^3x \psi^\dagger (-i \boldsymbol{D} \cdot \boldsymbol{\alpha} + m \beta) \psi} + \boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2} (\boldsymbol{E}^2 + \boldsymbol{B}^2)}$$

$$M = M_q + M_g \quad \quad \quad M_{q,g} = \left(A_{q,g}(0) + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right) M$$

$$\int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu) + \bar{q}(x, \mu)] = \left\langle x_q \right\rangle(\mu) = A_q(t=0, \mu)$$

$$A_q(t=0, \mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613 \quad \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO} \quad \text{(CT18)}$$

$$A_q(0, \mu) = \frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{4C_F A_q(0, \mu_0) + n_f (A_q(0, \mu_0) - 1)}{4C_F + n_f} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} + (\text{2loop}) + (\text{3loop})$$

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -\bar{C}_g(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]



$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu) = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{2n_f}{3\beta_0} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2n_f}{3\beta_0} + 1 \right) \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4C_F A_q(\mu_0) + n_f(A_q(\mu_0) - 1)}{4(4C_F + n_f)} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} \\
& + \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \left[\frac{n_f}{4\beta_0} \left(-\frac{34C_A}{27} - \frac{49C_F}{27} \right) + \frac{\beta_1 n_f}{6\beta_0^2} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{n_f (34C_A + 157C_F)}{108\beta_0} + \frac{C_F}{3} - \frac{\beta_1 n_f}{6\beta_0^2} \right] \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \Bigg) - \frac{1}{4} A_q^{\text{NLO}}(\mu) \\
& + \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left(\frac{n_f^2}{\beta_0} \left[\frac{697C_A}{1458} + \frac{169C_F}{2916} \right] + n_f \left[\frac{17\beta_1 C_A}{54\beta_0^2} + \frac{\beta_2}{6\beta_0^2} + \frac{49\beta_1 C_F}{108\beta_0^2} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \frac{1}{\beta_0} \left\{ \left(\frac{401}{648} - \frac{26\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_A C_F + \left(2\zeta(3) - \frac{67}{27} \right) C_A^2 + \left(\frac{8\zeta(3)}{9} - \frac{2407}{2916} \right) C_F^2 \right\} - \frac{\beta_1^2}{6\beta_0^3} \right] \right. \\
& + \left[-\frac{n_f^2}{\beta_0} \left(\frac{697C_A}{1458} + \frac{1789C_F}{2916} \right) + n_f \left(-\frac{17\beta_1 C_A}{54\beta_0^2} - \frac{\beta_2}{6\beta_0^2} - \frac{157\beta_1 C_F}{108\beta_0^2} + \frac{\beta_1^2}{6\beta_0^3} - \frac{17C_F}{27} \right) \right. \\
& + \frac{n_f}{\beta_0} \left\{ \left(\frac{26\zeta(3)}{9} + \frac{4315}{648} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{67}{27} - 2\zeta(3) \right) C_A^2 + \left(\frac{11803}{2916} - \frac{8\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_F^2 \right\} \\
& \left. + \frac{61C_A C_F - C_F^2}{108} - \frac{C_F^2}{27} \right] \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \Bigg) - \frac{1}{4} A_q^{\text{NNLO}}(\mu),
\end{aligned}$$

[KT, JHEP03,
013 ('23)]



$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu) = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{2n_f}{3\beta_0} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2n_f}{3\beta_0} + 1 \right) \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4C_F A_q(\mu_0) + n_f(A_q(\mu_0) - 1)}{4(4C_F + n_f)} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} \\
& + \frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \left[\frac{n_f}{4\beta_0} \left(-\frac{34C_A}{27} - \frac{49C_F}{27} \right) + \frac{\beta_1 n_f}{6\beta_0^2} \right] \langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle \\
& + \left[\frac{n_f (34C_A + 157C_F)}{108\beta_0} + \frac{C_F}{3} - \frac{\beta_1 n_f}{6\beta_0^2} \right] \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \Bigg) - \frac{1}{4} A_q^{\text{NLO}}(\mu) \\
& + \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left(\frac{n_f^2}{\beta_0} \left[\frac{697C_A}{1458} + \frac{169C_F}{2916} \right] + n_f \left[\frac{17\beta_1 C_A}{54\beta_0^2} + \frac{\beta_2}{6\beta_0^2} + \frac{49\beta_1 C_F}{108\beta_0^2} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + \frac{1}{\beta_0} \left\{ \left(\frac{401}{648} - \frac{26\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_A C_F + \left(2\zeta(3) - \frac{67}{27} \right) C_A^2 + \left(\frac{8\zeta(3)}{9} - \frac{2407}{2916} \right) C_F^2 \right\} - \frac{\beta_1^2}{6\beta_0^3} \right] \right. \\
& + \left[-\frac{n_f^2}{\beta_0} \left(\frac{697C_A}{1458} + \frac{1789C_F}{2916} \right) + n_f \left(-\frac{17\beta_1 C_A}{54\beta_0^2} - \frac{\beta_2}{6\beta_0^2} - \frac{157\beta_1 C_F}{108\beta_0^2} + \frac{\beta_1^2}{6\beta_0^3} - \frac{17C_F}{27} \right) \right. \\
& + \frac{n_f}{\beta_0} \left\{ \left(\frac{26\zeta(3)}{9} + \frac{4315}{648} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{67}{27} - 2\zeta(3) \right) C_A^2 + \left(\frac{11803}{2916} - \frac{8\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_F^2 \right\} \\
& \left. + \frac{61C_A C_F - C_F^2}{108} - \frac{C_F^2}{27} \right] \frac{\langle N(p) | m\bar{\psi}\psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \Bigg) - \frac{1}{4} A_q^{\text{NNLO}}(\mu),
\end{aligned}$$

[KT, JHEP03,
013 ('23)]



Nonpert. inputs

$$A_q(\mu_0) = \int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu_0) + \bar{q}(x, \mu_0)] \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO}$$

$$A_q(\mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613$$

CT18
(MMHT2014,NNPDF)

$$\langle N(p) | m \bar{\psi} \psi | N(p) \rangle = \langle N(p) | m_u \bar{u} u + m_d \bar{d} d + m_s \bar{s} s | N(p) \rangle = 2M (\sigma_{\pi N} + \sigma_s)$$

$$\sigma_{\pi N} = \frac{1}{2M} \langle N(p) | \frac{m_u + m_d}{2} (\bar{u} u + \bar{d} d) | N(p) \rangle = 59.1 \pm 3.5 \text{ MeV}$$

Hoferichter, Elvira, Kubis, Meißner, PRL115, 092301

$$\sigma_s = \frac{1}{2M} \langle N(p) | m_s \bar{s} s | N(p) \rangle = 45.6 \pm 6.2 \text{ MeV}$$

Alexandrou, et al., PRD102, 054517



nucleon

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \sim 0.4 \text{ GeV}) = 0.25$$

Bag model [Ji, Melnitchouk, Song, PRD56, 5511 ('97)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) \approx -0.11$$

Phenomenological [Lorce, EPJC78, 120 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \sim 0.63 \text{ GeV}) = 0.014$$

Instanton [Polyakov, Son, JHEP09, 156 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.021 \pm 0.008$$

LCSR [Azizi, Ozdem, EPJC80, 104 ('20)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \rightarrow \infty) \simeq -0.15$$

Trace anomaly [Hatta, Rajan, KT, JHEP12, 008 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) = -0.163 \pm 0.003$$

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{00} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) [A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^0 p^0 + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00}] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\langle N | \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} | N \rangle}{\langle N | N \rangle}$$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_q + \hat{H}_g = \boxed{\int d^3x \psi^\dagger (-i \mathbf{D} \cdot \boldsymbol{\alpha} + m \beta) \psi} + \boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{E}^2 + \mathbf{B}^2)}$$

$$M = M_q + M_g \quad M_{q,g} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{q,g}(0) + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \\ 0.6, 0.4 \\ -0.2, 0.2 \end{pmatrix} M$$

$$\int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu) + \bar{q}(x, \mu)] = \langle x_q \rangle(\mu) = A_q(t=0, \mu)$$

$$A_q(t=0, \mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613 \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO (CT18)}$$

$$A_q(0, \mu) = \frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{4C_F A_q(0, \mu_0) + n_f (A_q(0, \mu_0) - 1)}{4C_F + n_f} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} + (\text{2loop}) + (\text{3loop})$$

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -\bar{C}_g(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]



$$\langle N(p) \, | \, T_{q,g}^{00} \, | \, N(p) \rangle = \overline{u}(p) \Big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^{(0)} + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \Big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle=\frac{\left\langle N\right|\int d^3xT_{q,g}^{00}\left|N\right\rangle}{\left\langle N\right|N\left\rangle}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g\quad\quad\quad M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |
|------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|

$$M=\Big(M_q-\textcolor{blue}{M_m}\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M_m}\quad\quad\quad M_m=\left\langle\int d^3x\,m\overline{\psi}\psi\right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

$$\langle N(p) \, | \, T_{q,g}^{00} \, | \, N(p) \rangle = \overline{u}(p) \Big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^{(0)} + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \Big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle=\frac{\left\langle N\right|\int d^3xT_{q,g}^{00}\left|N\right\rangle}{\left\langle N\right|N\left\rangle}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g$$

| | |
|-----|-----|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
|-----|-----|

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | |
|----------|-----------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |
|----------|-----------|

$$M=\Big(M_q-\textcolor{blue}{M_m}\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M_m}$$

| |
|-----|
| 0.1 |
|-----|

$$M_m=\left\langle\int d^3x\,m\bar{\psi}\psi\right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

$$\langle N(p) \, | \, T_{q,g}^{00} \, | \, N(p) \rangle = \overline{u}(p) \Big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^0 + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \Big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle=\frac{\left\langle N\right|\int d^3xT_{q,g}^{00}\left|N\right\rangle}{\left\langle N\right|N\left\rangle}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g$$

| | |
|------------|------------|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
|------------|------------|

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |
|-----------------|------------------|

$$M=\Big(M_q-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m$$

| | | |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
|------------|------------|------------|

$$\textcolor{blue}{M}_m=\left\langle\int d^3x\,m\overline{\psi}\psi\right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

| |
|------------|
| 0.1 |
|------------|

$$\langle N(p)\,|\,T_{q,g}^{00}\,|\,N(p)\rangle = \overline{u}(p) \Big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^{(0)} + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \Big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\left\langle N \right| \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} \left| N \right\rangle}{\left\langle N \right| N \left\rangle} = M \left(A_{q,g}(0) + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) \right)$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x \psi^\dagger \big(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\big)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2}\big(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\big)}$$

$$M=M_{\color{blue}q\color{black}}+M_{\color{blue}g\color{black}}\\[10pt]\color{red}0.4\color{black}\quad\quad\quad\color{red}0.6\color{black}$$

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M\\[10pt]\color{red}0.6,\;0.4\color{black}\quad\quad\quad\color{red}-0.2,\;0.2\color{black}$$

$$M=\Big(M_{\color{blue}q\color{black}}-\color{blue}M_m\color{black}\Big)+M_{\color{blue}g\color{black}}+\color{blue}M_m\color{black}\\[10pt]\color{red}0.3\color{black}\quad\quad\quad\color{red}0.6\color{black}\quad\quad\quad\color{red}0.1\color{black}$$

$$\color{blue}M_m\color{black}=\left\langle \int d^3x\; m\overline{\psi}\psi \right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

$$M=\Big(M_{\color{blue}q\color{black}}-\color{blue}M_m\color{black}-\color{magenta}\Delta M_q\color{black}\Big)+\Big(M_{\color{blue}g\color{black}}-\color{magenta}\Delta M_g\color{black}\Big)+\color{blue}M_m\color{black}+\Big(\color{magenta}\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g\color{black}\Big)$$

$$\color{magenta}\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle \int d^3x\left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g}F^2+\gamma_m(g)m\overline{\psi}\psi\right)\right\rangle=\frac{1}{4}\Big(M-\color{blue}M_m\Big)$$



$$2M^2 = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$\langle N(p)\,|\,T_{q,g}^{00}\,|\,N(p)\rangle = \overline{u}(p) \big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^{(0)} + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\left\langle N \right| \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} \left| N \right\rangle}{\left\langle N \right| N \left\rangle}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g$$

| | |
|-----|-----|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
|-----|-----|

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | |
|----------|-----------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |
|----------|-----------|

$$M=\Big(M_q\textcolor{blue}{-}M_m\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m$$

| | | |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
|-----|-----|-----|

$$M_m=\left\langle \int d^3x\, m\overline{\psi}\psi \right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

$$M=\Big(M_q\textcolor{blue}{-}M_m-\Delta M_q\Big)+\Big(M_g-\Delta M_g\Big)+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m+\Big(\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g\Big)$$

$$\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle \int d^3x\left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g}F^2+\gamma_m(g)m\overline{\psi}\psi\right)\right\rangle=\frac{1}{4}\Big(M-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m\Big)$$



$$\langle N(p)\,|\,T_{q,g}^{00}\,|\,N(p)\rangle\!=\overline{u}(p)\!\left[\,A_{q,g}(0)\gamma^{(0)}p^0+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)M\eta^{00}\,\right]\!u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle =\frac{\left\langle N\right| \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00}\left| N\right\rangle }{\left\langle N\right| N\left\rangle \right}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{a}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g$$

| | |
|-------|-------|
| M_q | M_g |
| 0.4 | 0.6 |

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| $A_{q,g}(0)$ | $\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)$ |
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |

$$M=\Big(M_q-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m$$

| | |
|-------|-------|
| M_q | M_m |
| 0.3 | 0.6 |
| M_g | M_m |
| 0.6 | 0.1 |

$$M_m=\left\langle \int d^3x\;m\overline{\psi}\psi\right\rangle =\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

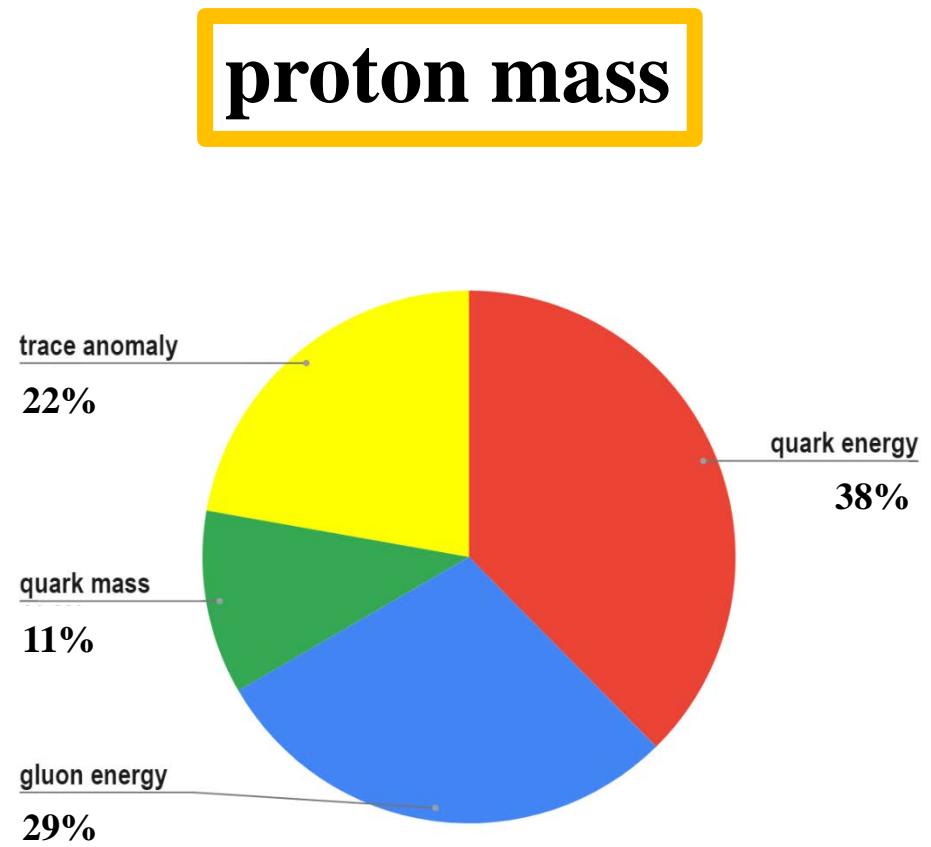
| | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|------------|-----|
| $m\overline{\psi}\psi$ | $\sigma_{\pi N}$ | σ_s | M |
| 0.1 | ~ | ~ | ~ |

$$M=\Big(M_q-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m-\Delta M_q\Big)+\Big(M_g-\Delta M_g\Big)+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m+\Big(\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g\Big)$$

$$\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle \int d^3x\left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g}F^2+\gamma_m(g)m\overline{\psi}\psi\right)\right\rangle =\frac{1}{4}\Big(M-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m\Big)$$



“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD



$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

$$\langle N(p)\,|\,T_{q,g}^{00}\,|\,N(p)\rangle = \overline{u}(p) \big[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(0)} p^{(0)} + \overline{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00} \big] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\left\langle N \right| \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} \left| N \right\rangle}{\left\langle N \right| N \left\rangle}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x \psi^\dagger \left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M=M_q+M_g$$

| | |
|-----|-----|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
|-----|-----|

$$M_{q,g}=\Big(A_{q,g}(0)+\overline{C}_{q,g}(0)\Big)M$$

| | |
|----------|-----------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.2, 0.2 |
|----------|-----------|

$$M=\Big(M_q\textcolor{blue}{-}M_m\Big)+M_g+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m$$

| | | |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
|-----|-----|-----|

$$M_m=\left\langle \int d^3x\, m\overline{\psi}\psi \right\rangle=\frac{\sigma_{\pi N}+\sigma_s}{M}M$$

$$M=\Big(M_q\textcolor{blue}{-}M_m-\Delta M_q\Big)+\Big(M_g-\Delta M_g\Big)+\textcolor{blue}{M}_m+\Big(\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g\Big)$$

$$\Delta M_q+\Delta M_g=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle \int d^3x\left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g}F^2+\gamma_m(g)m\overline{\psi}\psi\right)\right\rangle=\frac{1}{4}\Big(M-\textcolor{blue}{M}_m\Big)$$



$$\langle \pi(p) \, | \, T_{q,g}^{00} \, | \, \pi(p) \rangle = 2 A_{q,g}^\pi(0) p^0 p^0 + 2 \Bigl(M^\pi \Bigr)^2 \, \bar{C}_{q,g}^\pi(0) \eta^{00}$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g}\right\rangle=\frac{\left\langle \pi\left|\int d^3xT_{q,g}^{00}\right|\pi\right\rangle}{\left\langle \pi\left|\pi\right\rangle\right.}$$

$$\hat{H}=\hat{H}_q+\hat{H}_g=\boxed{\int d^3x\psi^\dagger\left(-i\boldsymbol{D}\cdot\boldsymbol{\alpha}+m\beta\right)\psi}+\boxed{\int d^3x\frac{1}{2}\left(\boldsymbol{E}^2+\boldsymbol{B}^2\right)}$$

$$M^\pi=M_q^\pi+M_g^\pi\qquad\qquad M_{q,g}^\pi=\Bigl(A_{q,g}^\pi(0)+\bar{C}_{q,g}^\pi(0)\Bigr)M^\pi$$

$$M^\pi=\Bigl(M_q^\pi-\textcolor{blue}{M_m^\pi}\Bigr)+M_g^\pi+\textcolor{blue}{M_m^\pi}\qquad\qquad\qquad \textcolor{blue}{M_m^\pi}=\Bigl\langle\int d^3x\;m\overline{\psi}\psi\Bigr\rangle$$

$$M^\pi=\Bigl(M_q^\pi-\textcolor{blue}{M_m^\pi}-\Delta M_q^\pi\Bigr)+\Bigl(M_g^\pi-\Delta M_g^\pi\Bigr)+\textcolor{blue}{M_m^\pi}+\Bigl(\Delta M_q^\pi+\Delta M_g^\pi\Bigr)$$

$$\Delta M_q^\pi+\Delta M_g^\pi=\frac{1}{4}\Biggl\langle\int d^3x\Biggl(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g}F^2+\gamma_m(g)m\overline{\psi}\psi\Biggr)\Biggr\rangle=\frac{1}{4}\Bigl(M^\pi-M_m^\pi\Bigr)$$



$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0) = \int_0^1 dx x \left[q^\pi(x, \mu_0) + \bar{q}^\pi(x, \mu_0) \right] \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NLO}$$

$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = \begin{cases} 0.70 \pm 0.02 \\ 0.81 \pm 0.16 \\ 0.61 \pm 0.08 \end{cases}$$

JAM ('18)
xFitter ('20)
JAM ('21)

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.04 \pm 0.02 \quad \text{NNLO QCD with NLO input [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]}$$

nucleon

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \sim 0.4 \text{ GeV}) = 0.25$$

Bag model [Ji, Melnitchouk, Song, PRD56, 5511 ('97)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) \approx -0.11$$

Phenomenological [Lorce, EPJC78, 120 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \sim 0.63 \text{ GeV}) = 0.014$$

Instanton [Polyakov, Son, JHEP09, 156 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.021 \pm 0.008$$

LCSR [Azizi, Ozdem, EPJC80, 104 ('20)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu \rightarrow \infty) \simeq -0.15$$

Trace anomaly [Hatta, Rajan, KT, JHEP12, 008 ('18)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) = -0.163 \pm 0.003$$

pion

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.04 \pm 0.02$$
 NNLO QCD with NLO input [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]



$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0) = \int_0^1 dx x \left[q^\pi(x, \mu_0) + \bar{q}^\pi(x, \mu_0) \right]$$

global QCD analysis at **NLO**

$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = \begin{cases} 0.70 \pm 0.02 \\ 0.81 \pm 0.16 \\ 0.61 \pm 0.08 \end{cases}$$

JAM ('18)
xFitter ('20)
JAM ('21)

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.04 \pm 0.02 \quad \text{NNLO QCD with NLO input [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]}$$



$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0) = \int_0^1 dx x \left[q^\pi(x, \mu_0) + \bar{q}^\pi(x, \mu_0) \right]$$

global QCD analysis at **NLO**

$$A_q^\pi(\mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = \begin{cases} 0.70 \pm 0.02 \\ 0.81 \pm 0.16 \\ 0.61 \pm 0.08 \end{cases}$$

JAM ('18)
xFitter ('20)
JAM ('21)

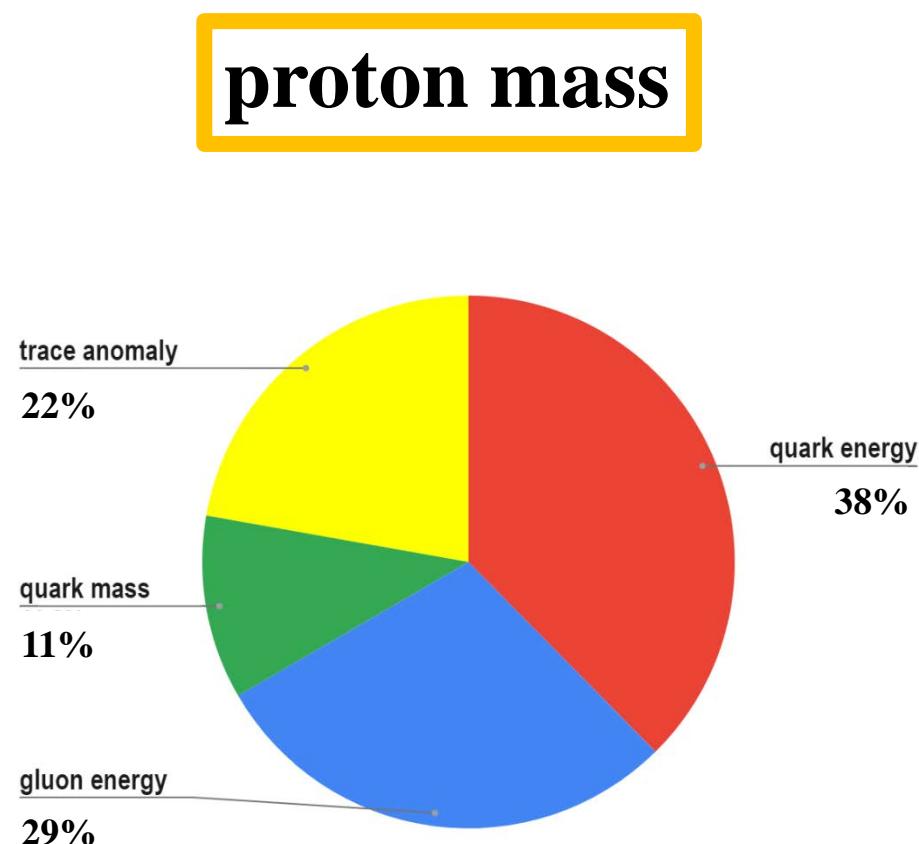
$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.04 \pm 0.02 \quad \text{NNLO QCD with NLO input [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]}$$

$$M_m^\pi = \left\langle \int d^3x \, m \bar{\psi} \psi \right\rangle = \left(\frac{1}{2} + O(6\%) \right) M^\pi \quad \chi\text{PT}$$

Gasser, Leutwyler, Annals Phys. 158, 142
Colangelo, Gasser, Leutwyler, PRL86, 5008



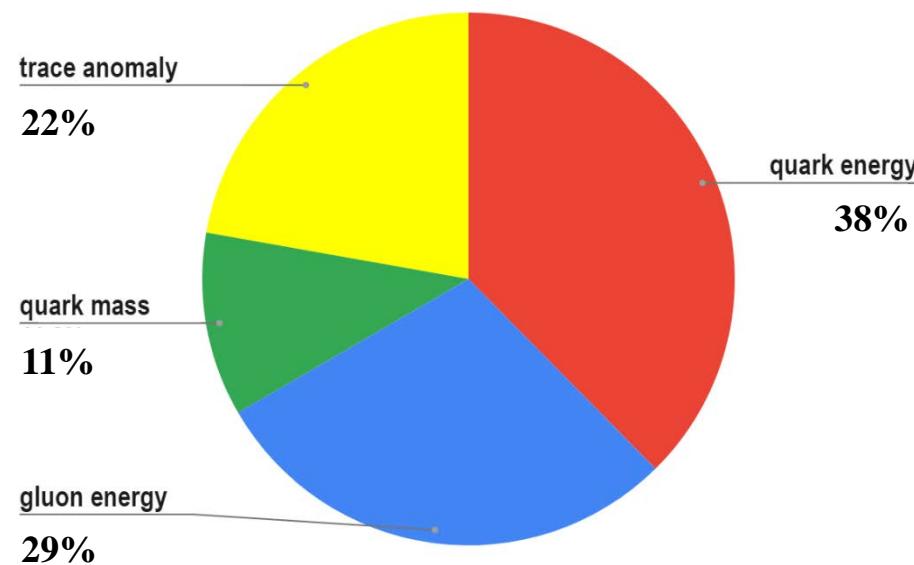
“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD



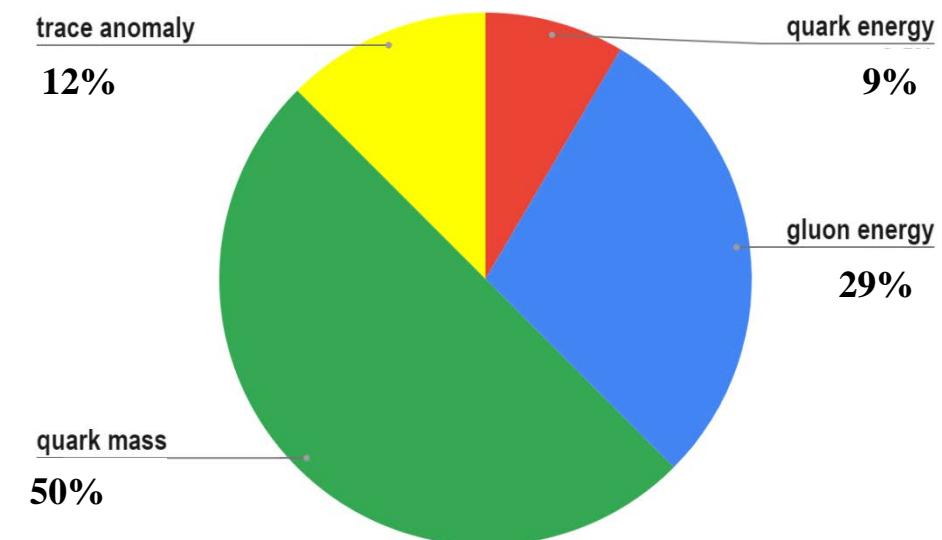
$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD

proton mass



pion mass



$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{00} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) [A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^0 p^0 + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{00}] u(p)$$

$$\left\langle \hat{H}_{q,g} \right\rangle = \frac{\langle N | \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} | N \rangle}{\langle N | N \rangle}$$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_q + \hat{H}_g = \boxed{\int d^3x \psi^\dagger (-i \boldsymbol{D} \cdot \boldsymbol{\alpha} + m \beta) \psi} + \boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2} (\boldsymbol{E}^2 + \boldsymbol{B}^2)}$$

$$M = M_q + M_g \quad \quad \quad M_{q,g} = \left(A_{q,g}(0) + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right) M$$

$$\int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu) + \bar{q}(x, \mu)] = \left\langle x_q \right\rangle(\mu) = A_q(t=0, \mu)$$

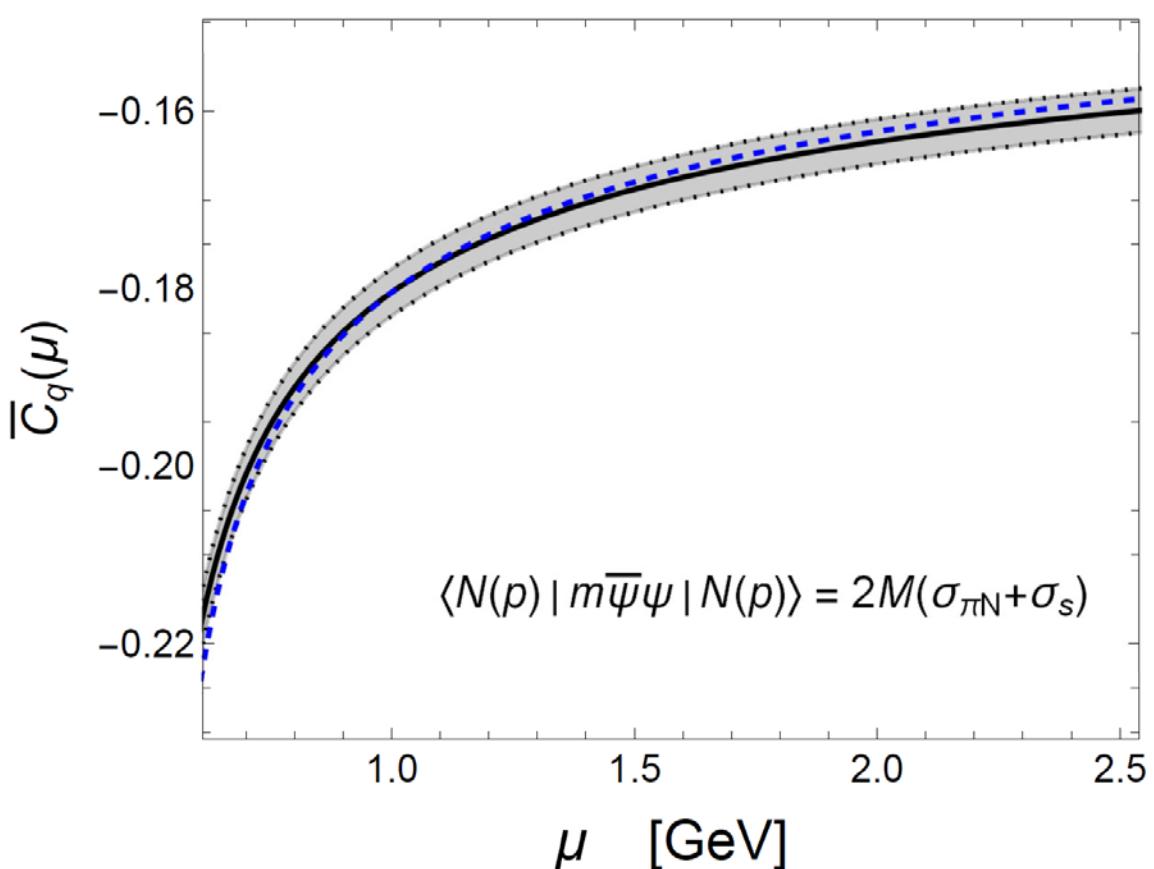
$$A_q(t=0, \mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613 \quad \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO} \quad \text{(CT18)}$$

$$A_q(0, \mu) = \frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{4C_F A_q(0, \mu_0) + n_f (A_q(0, \mu_0) - 1)}{4C_F + n_f} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} + (\text{2loop}) + (\text{3loop})$$

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -\bar{C}_g(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]





$$\bar{C}_q(\mu = 0.7 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.201 \pm 0.003$$

$$\bar{C}_q(\mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

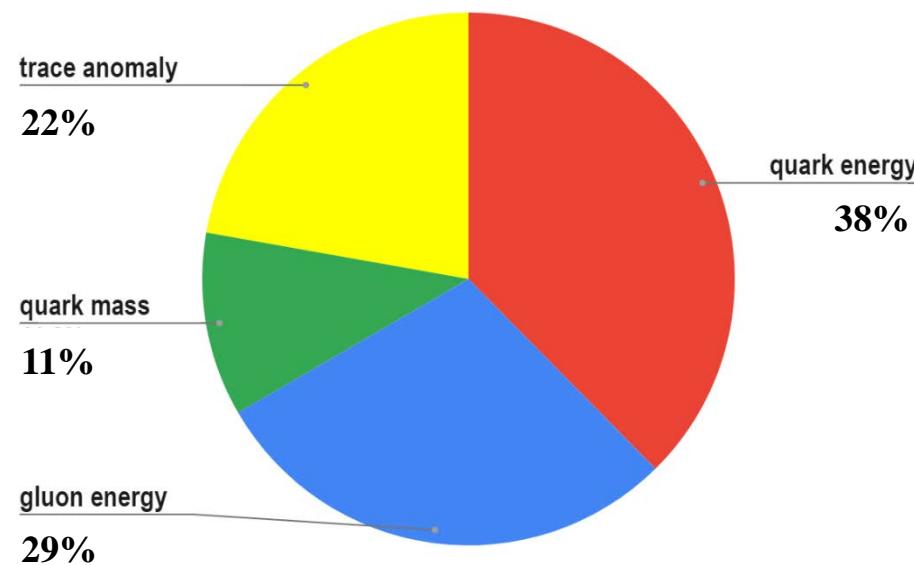
$$\bar{C}_q(\mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.163 \pm 0.003$$

$$\bar{C}_q(\mu) \Big|_{n_f=3} \simeq -0.108 - 0.114 [\alpha_s(\mu)]^{\frac{50}{81}}$$

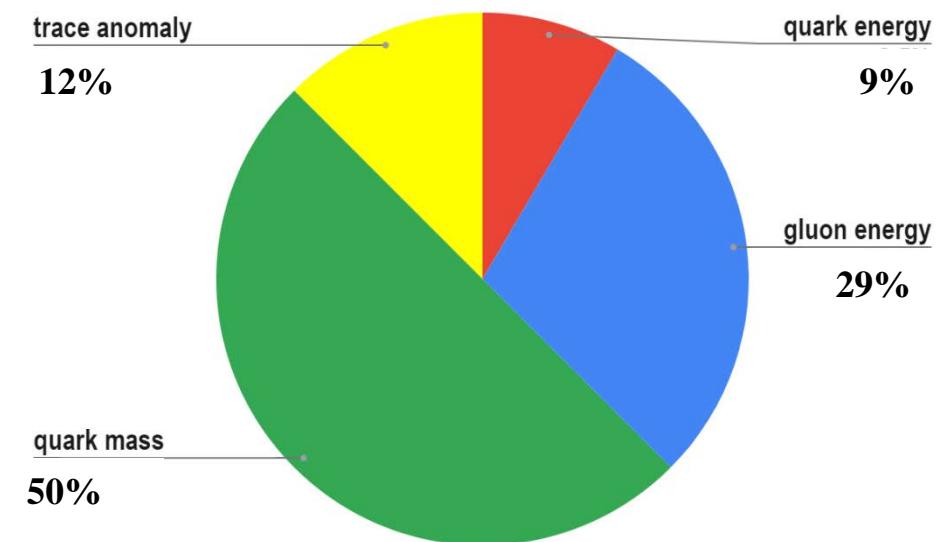
$\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme

“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD

proton mass

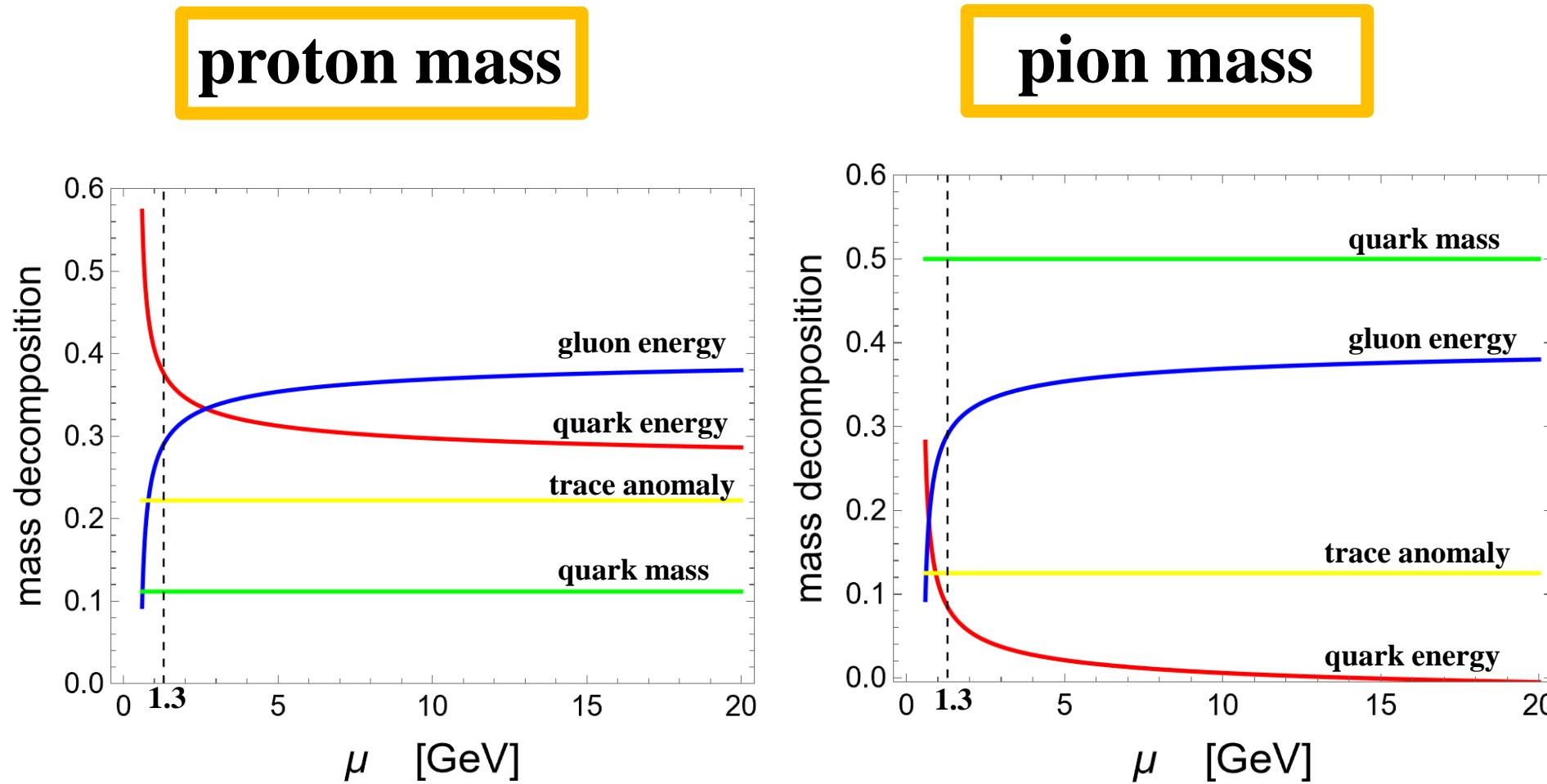


pion mass



$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

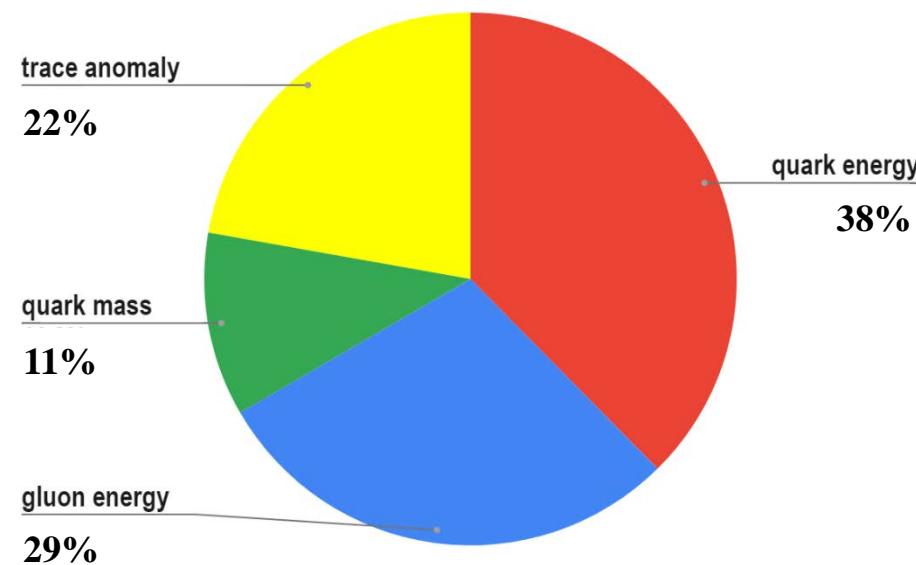
“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD



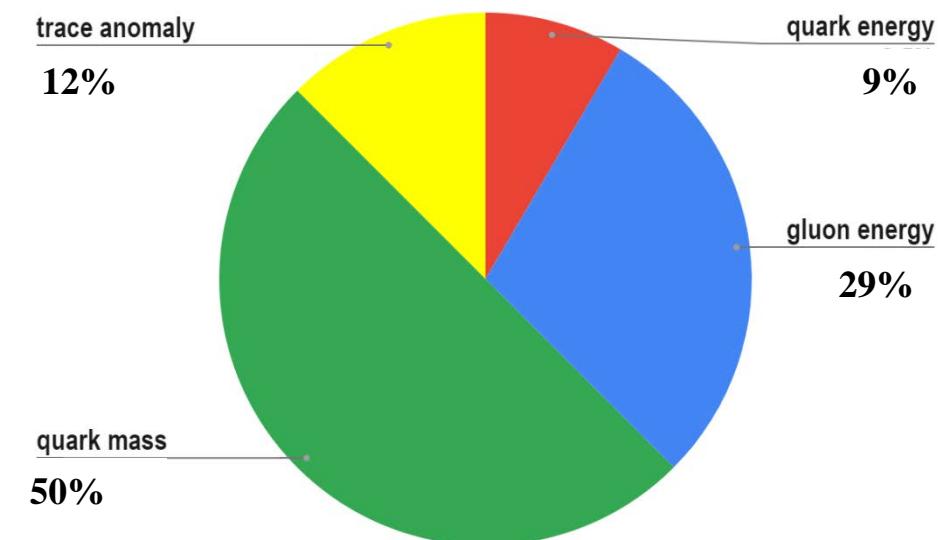
$\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme

“Ji’s decomposition” in NNLO QCD

proton mass



pion mass



$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

$$2M^2 = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) [A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(\mu} p^{\nu)} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{\mu\nu}] u(p)$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = 2M^2 \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right)$$

$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g \quad \quad \quad \tilde{M}_{q,g} = \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right) M$$

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) \left[A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(\mu} p^{\nu)} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{\mu\nu} \right] u(p)$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = 2M^2 \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right)$$

$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g \quad \quad \quad \tilde{M}_{q,g} = \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right) M$$

$$\int_0^1 dx x \left[q(x, \mu) + \bar{q}(x, \mu) \right] = \left\langle x_q \right\rangle (\mu) = A_q(t=0, \mu)$$

$$A_q(t=0, \mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613 \quad \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO} \quad \text{(CT18)}$$

$$A_q(0, \mu) = \frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{4C_F A_q(0, \mu_0) + n_f (A_q(0, \mu_0) - 1)}{4C_F + n_f} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} + (\text{2loop}) + (\text{3loop})$$

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -\bar{C}_g(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

$$\langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p) [A_{q,g}(0) \gamma^{(\mu} p^{\nu)} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0) M \eta^{\mu\nu}] u(p)$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = 2M^2 (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0))$$

$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g \quad \quad \quad \tilde{M}_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0)) M$$

$$\int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu) + \bar{q}(x, \mu)] = \langle x_q \rangle(\mu) = A_q(t=0, \mu)$$

$$A_q(t=0, \mu_0 = 1.3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.613 \quad \text{global QCD analysis at NNLO (CT18)}$$

$$A_q(0, \mu) = \frac{n_f}{4C_F + n_f} + \frac{4C_F A_q(0, \mu_0) + n_f (A_q(0, \mu_0) - 1)}{4C_F + n_f} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{8C_F + 2n_f}{3\beta_0}} + (\text{2loop}) + (\text{3loop})$$

$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -\bar{C}_g(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.180 \pm 0.003$$

NNLO QCD [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(0, \mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) = -0.04 \pm 0.02 \quad \text{NNLO QCD with NLO input [KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]}$$

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = 2M^2 \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right)$$

$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g$$

| | |
|------|-----|
| -0.1 | 1.1 |
|------|-----|

$$\tilde{M}_{q,g} = \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right) M$$

| | | |
|----------|-------------|--------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.18, 0.18 | proton |
|----------|-------------|--------|

| | |
|-----|-----|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
|-----|-----|

| | | |
|----------|-------------|------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.04, 0.04 | pion |
|----------|-------------|------|

$$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$$

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N(p) | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = 2M^2 \left(A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) \right)$$

$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| $M = M_q + M_g$ -0.1 1.1 0.4 0.6 | $\tilde{M}_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0))M$ 0.6, 0.4 -0.18, 0.18 0.6, 0.4 -0.04, 0.04 | proton pion |
|--|---|--|

$\mu = 1.3 \text{ GeV}$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_q + \hat{H}_g = \boxed{\int d^3x \bar{\psi}^\dagger (-i\mathbf{D} \cdot \boldsymbol{\alpha} + m\beta) \psi} + \boxed{\int d^3x \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{E}^2 + \mathbf{B}^2)} \quad \int d^3x T_{q,g}^{00} = \hat{H}_{q,g}$$

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| $M = M_q + M_g$ 0.4 0.6 0.6 0.4 | $M_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0))M$ 0.6, 0.4 -0.18, 0.18 0.6, 0.4 -0.04, 0.04 | proton pion |
|---|--|--|



Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

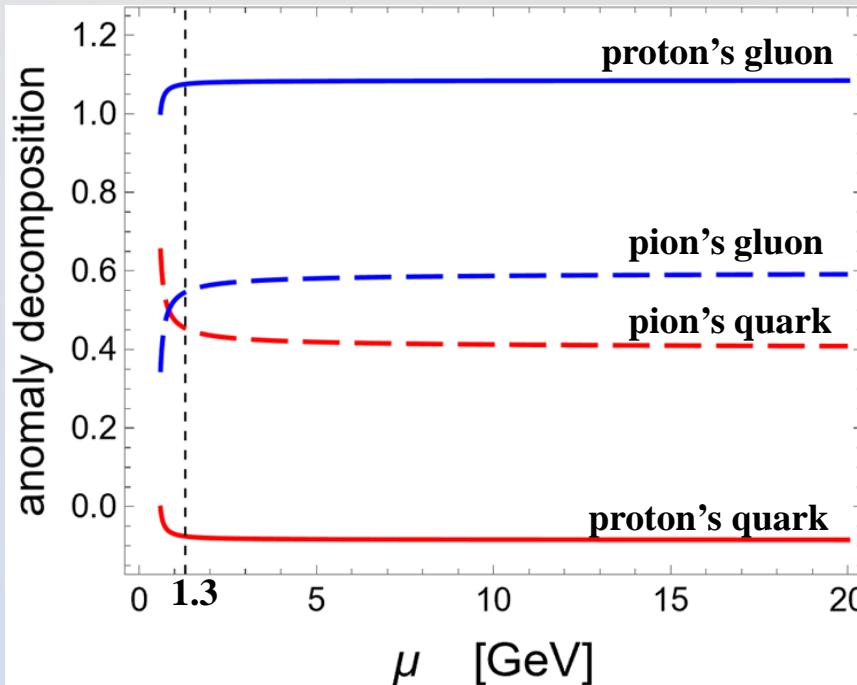
$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g$$

| | |
|------|-----|
| -0.1 | 1.1 |
| 0.4 | 0.6 |

$$\tilde{M}_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0))M$$

| | | |
|----------|-------------|--------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.18, 0.18 | proton |
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.04, 0.04 | pion |



MS scheme

Trace anomaly decomposition in NNLO QCD

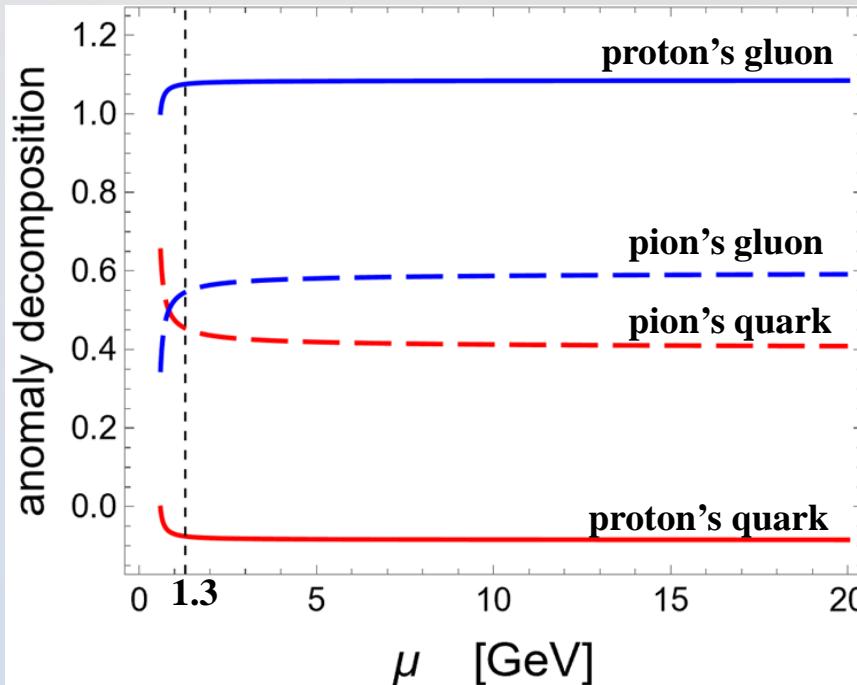
$$2M^2 = \eta_{\mu\nu} \langle N | T^{\mu\nu} | N \rangle = \langle N | \left(\frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m \bar{\psi} \psi \right) | N \rangle$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g$$

| | |
|------|-----|
| -0.1 | 1.1 |
| 0.4 | 0.6 |

$$\tilde{M}_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0))M$$

| | | |
|----------|-------------|--------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.18, 0.18 | proton |
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.04, 0.04 | pion |



MS scheme

$$T^{\mu\nu} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \bar{\psi} \gamma^{(\mu} i \vec{D}^{\nu)} \psi} + \boxed{F^{\mu\rho} F_\rho^{\nu} + \frac{\eta^{\mu\nu}}{4} F^2}$$

$$= T_q^{\mu\nu} + T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

$$A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0) = \frac{\langle N(p) | \eta_{\mu\nu} T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2}$$

Hatta, Rajan, KT, JHEP 12 ('18) 008
KT, JHEP 01 ('19) 120

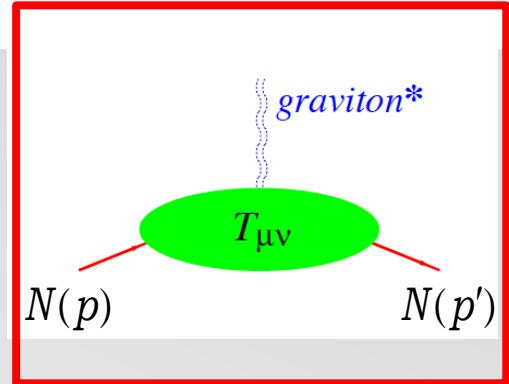
$$\begin{aligned}
 \eta_{\mu\nu} T_q^{\mu\nu} = & m\bar{\psi}\psi + \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left(\frac{4}{3} C_F m\bar{\psi}\psi + \frac{1}{3} n_f F^2 \right) + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left[\left(C_F \left(\frac{61C_A}{27} - \frac{68n_f}{27} \right) - \frac{4C_F^2}{27} \right) m\bar{\psi}\psi + \left(\frac{17C_A n_f}{27} + \frac{49C_F n_f}{54} \right) F^2 \right] \\
 & + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^3 \left[\left\{ n_f \left(\left(\frac{64\zeta(3)}{9} - \frac{8305}{729} \right) C_F^2 - \frac{2}{243} (864\zeta(3) + 1079) C_A C_F \right) - \frac{8}{729} (972\zeta(3) + 143) C_A C_F^2 \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. + \left(\frac{32\zeta(3)}{9} + \frac{6611}{729} \right) C_A^2 C_F - \frac{76}{243} C_F n_f^2 + \frac{8}{729} (648\zeta(3) - 125) C_F^3 \right\} m\bar{\psi}\psi \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \left\{ n_f \left(\left(\frac{52\zeta(3)}{9} - \frac{401}{324} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{134}{27} - 4\zeta(3) \right) C_A^2 + \left(\frac{2407}{1458} - \frac{16\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_F^2 \right) + n_f^2 \left(-\frac{697C_A}{729} - \frac{169C_F}{1458} \right) \right\} F^2 \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \eta_{\mu\nu} T_g^{\mu\nu} = & \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left(\frac{14}{3} C_F m\bar{\psi}\psi - \frac{11}{6} C_A F^2 \right) + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^2 \left[\left(C_F \left(\frac{812C_A}{27} - \frac{22n_f}{27} \right) + \frac{85C_F^2}{27} \right) m\bar{\psi}\psi + \left(\frac{28C_A n_f}{27} - \frac{17C_A^2}{3} + \frac{5C_F n_f}{54} \right) F^2 \right] \\
 & + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^3 \left[\left\{ n_f \left(\left(\frac{368\zeta(3)}{9} - \frac{25229}{729} \right) C_F^2 - \frac{2}{243} (4968\zeta(3) + 1423) C_A C_F \right) + \left(\frac{32\zeta(3)}{3} - \frac{91753}{1458} \right) C_A C_F^2 \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. + \left(\frac{294929}{1458} - \frac{32\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_A^2 C_F - \frac{554}{243} C_F n_f^2 + \left(\frac{95041}{729} - \frac{64\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_F^3 \right\} m\bar{\psi}\psi \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \left\{ n_f \left(\left(\frac{1123}{162} - \frac{52\zeta(3)}{9} \right) C_A C_F + \left(4\zeta(3) + \frac{293}{36} \right) C_A^2 + \frac{16}{729} (81\zeta(3) - 98) C_F^2 \right) + n_f^2 \left(\frac{655C_A}{2916} - \frac{361C_F}{729} \right) - \frac{2857C_A^3}{108} \right\} F^2 \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} T^{\mu\nu} = \frac{\beta(g)}{2g} F^2 + (1 + \gamma_m(g)) m\bar{\psi}\psi \quad C_A = N_c, \quad C_F = \frac{N_c^2 - 1}{2N_c}$$

Summary

**Gravitational form factors relevant at EIC
determine the hadron mass decomposition in QCD**



$$\langle N(p') | T_{q,g}^{\mu\nu} | N(p) \rangle = \bar{u}(p') \left[A_{q,g}(t) \gamma^{(\mu} P^{\nu)} + B_{q,g}(t) \frac{P^{(\mu} i \sigma^{\nu)\alpha} \Delta_{\alpha}}{2M} \right.$$

mass & energy distribution

$$+ D_{q,g}(t) \frac{\Delta^{\mu}\Delta^{\nu} - g^{\mu\nu}\Delta^2}{M} + \bar{C}_{q,g}(t) M \eta^{\mu\nu} \left. \right] u(p)$$

force & pressure distribution

spin distribution

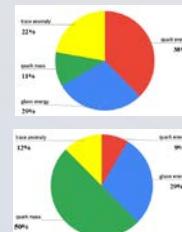
mass & pressure distribution

Using recent NNLO values for $A_{q,g}(0), \bar{C}_{q,g}(0)$,

$$T^{00} = T_q^{00} + T_g^{00}$$

$$M = M_q + M_g$$

| | |
|-----|-----|
| 0.4 | 0.6 |
| 0.6 | 0.4 |



$$M_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + \bar{C}_{q,g}(0)) M$$

| | |
|----------|-------------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.18, 0.18 |
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.04, 0.04 |

strong μ dep.

proton
pion

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} T^{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\mu\nu} T_q^{\mu\nu} + \eta_{\mu\nu} T_g^{\mu\nu}$$

$$M = \tilde{M}_q + \tilde{M}_g$$

| | |
|------|-----|
| -0.1 | 1.1 |
| 0.4 | 0.6 |

$$\tilde{M}_{q,g} = (A_{q,g}(0) + 4\bar{C}_{q,g}(0)) M$$

| | |
|----------|-------------|
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.18, 0.18 |
| 0.6, 0.4 | -0.04, 0.04 |

weak μ dep.

proton
pion



backup



$$\bar{C}_q(0, \mu) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.145556 + 0.305556 \frac{\langle N(p) | m \bar{\psi} \psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2}$$

NNLO QCD
[KT, JHEP03, 013 ('23)]

$$\begin{aligned}
& + (0.09 - 0.25 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{50}{81}} \\
& + \alpha_s(\mu) \left[0.00553609 + 0.0803962 \frac{\langle N(p) | m \bar{\psi} \psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + (0.0127684 - 0.0354678 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{50}{81}} - (0.0279651 - 0.0354678 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{-\frac{31}{81}} \right] \\
& + (\alpha_s(\mu))^2 \left[0.00174426 + 0.0312256 \frac{\langle N(p) | m \bar{\psi} \psi | N(p) \rangle}{2M^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - (0.0059729 - 0.0165914 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{\frac{50}{81}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - (0.00396745 - 0.00503187 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{-\frac{31}{81}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + (0.0237481 - 0.0216233 A_q(\mu_0)) \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu)}{\alpha_s(\mu_0)} \right)^{-\frac{112}{81}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$A_q(\mu_0) = \int_0^1 dx x [q(x, \mu_0) + \bar{q}(x, \mu_0)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \langle N(p) | m \bar{\psi} \psi | N(p) \rangle \\
& = \langle N(p) | m_u \bar{u} u + m_d \bar{d} d + m_s \bar{s} s | N(p) \rangle
\end{aligned}$$



① mass decomposition

Ji, PRD52 271 ('95)
 Lorce, Moutarde, Trawinski, EPJC79, 89 ('19)
 Metz, Pasquini, Rodini, PRD102, 114042 ('20)
 Ji, Liu, Schafer, NPB971, 115537 ('21)

② pressure

$$-\bar{C}_{q,g} \frac{M}{V}$$

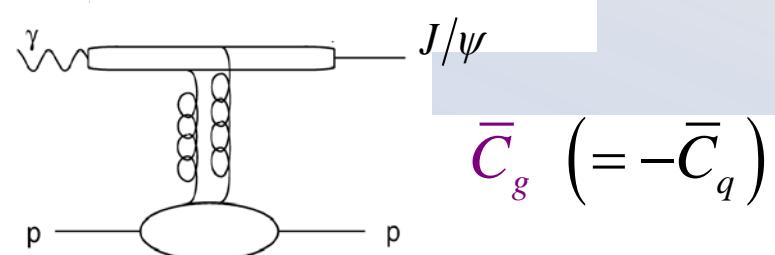
Lorce, EPJC78, 120 ('18)
 Liu, PRD104, 076010 ('21)

③ nucleon's transverse spin sum rule

$$J_{q,g} = \frac{1}{2}(A_{q,g} + B_{q,g}) + \frac{p^3}{2(p^0 + M)} \bar{C}_{q,g}$$

Hatta, KT, Yoshida,
 JHEP 02 ('13) 003

④ $\gamma p \rightarrow J/\psi p$ near threshold JLab, EIC



Y. Hatta, D. Yang, PRD98, 074003
 Y. Hatta, A. Rajan, D. Yang,
 PRD100, 014032

Studies for $\bar{C}_{q,g}$ themselves

QCD EOMs $(i\cancel{D} - m)\psi = 0, \quad D_\nu F^{\mu\nu} = g\bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\psi$

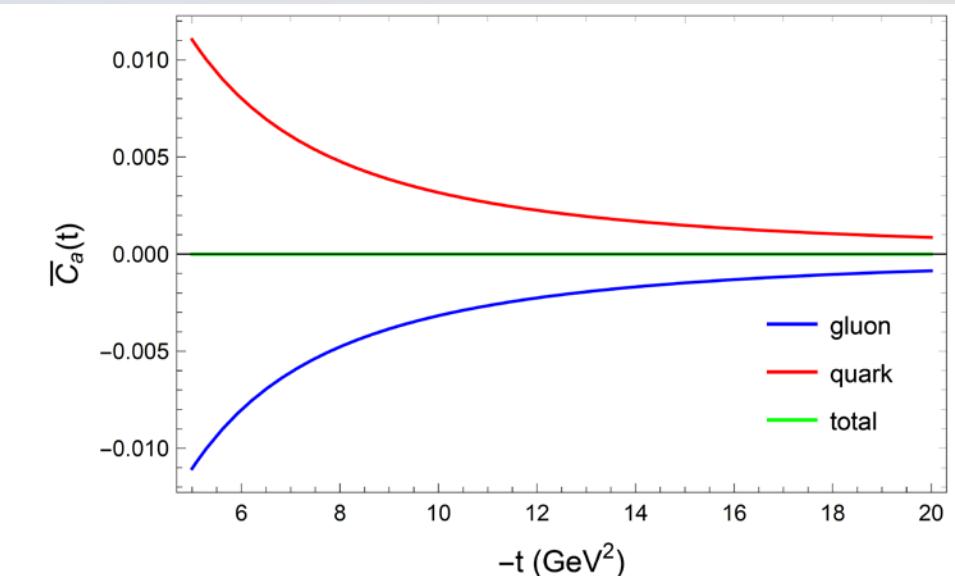
$$\partial_\nu T_q^{\mu\nu} = -\bar{\psi}gF^{\mu\nu}\gamma_\nu\psi, \quad \partial_\nu T_g^{\mu\nu} = -F_a^{\mu\nu}D_{ab}^\rho F_{\rho\nu}^b$$

KT, PRD98,
034009 ('18)

$$\Delta^\mu \bar{u}(p') u(p) M \bar{C}_q(t) = \langle N(p') | \bar{\psi} i g F^{\mu\nu} \gamma_\nu \psi | N(p) \rangle$$

$$\Delta^\mu \bar{u}(p', S') u(p, S) M \bar{C}_g(t) = \langle N(p') | F_a^{\mu\nu} i D_{ab}^\rho F_{\rho\nu}^b | N(p) \rangle$$

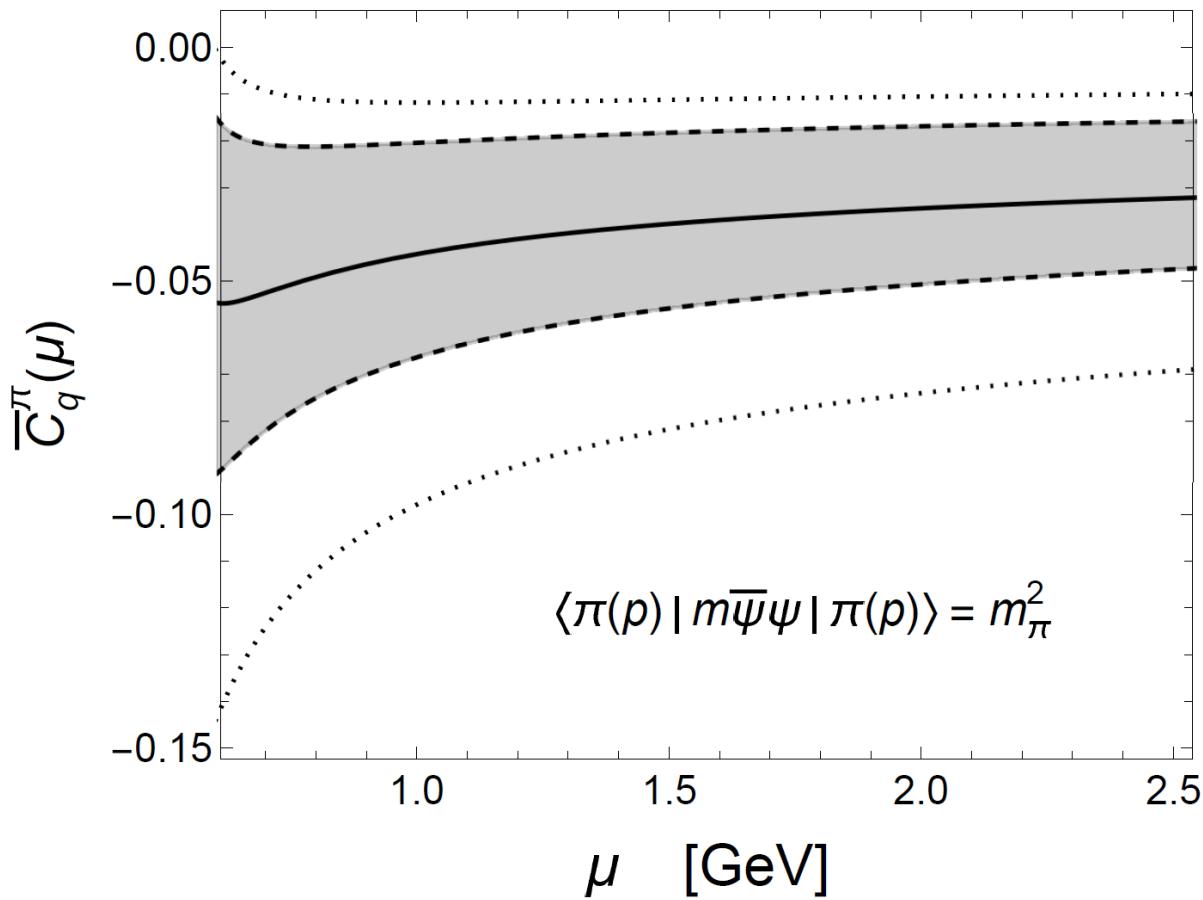
pQCD for large t



Tong, Ma, Yuan,
PLB823, 136751 ('21)

Tong, Ma, Yuan,
JHEP10, 046 ('22)





$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(\mu = 0.7 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.05 \pm 0.03$$

$\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(\mu = 1 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.04 \pm 0.02$$

$$\bar{C}_q^\pi(\mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) \Big|_{n_f=3} = -0.03 \pm 0.02$$