

Simultaneous Global Analysis of Dihadron Fragmentation Functions and Transversity PDFs

Christopher Cocuzza

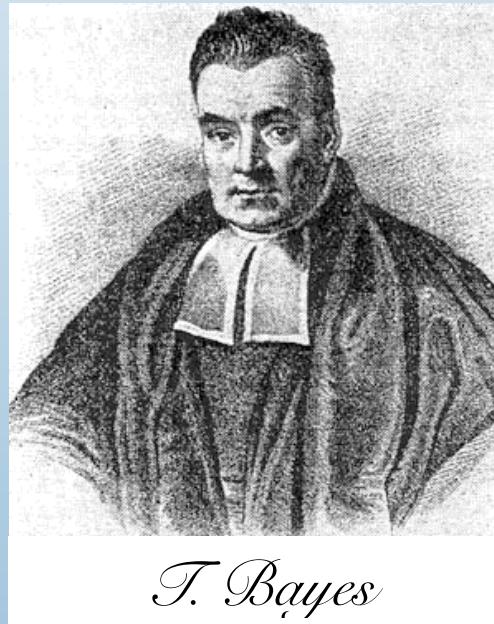
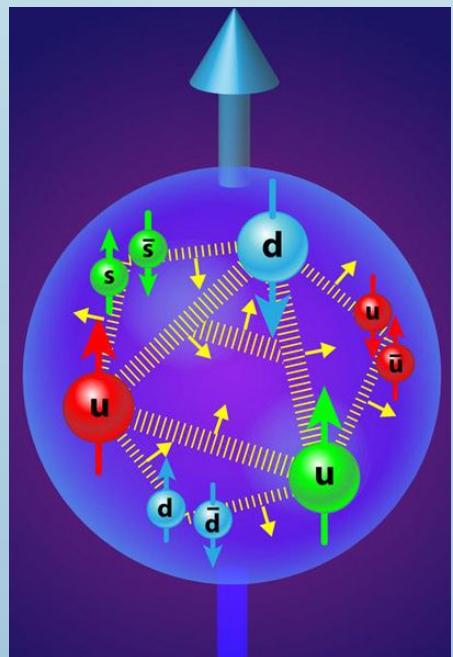


www.jlab.org/theory/jam

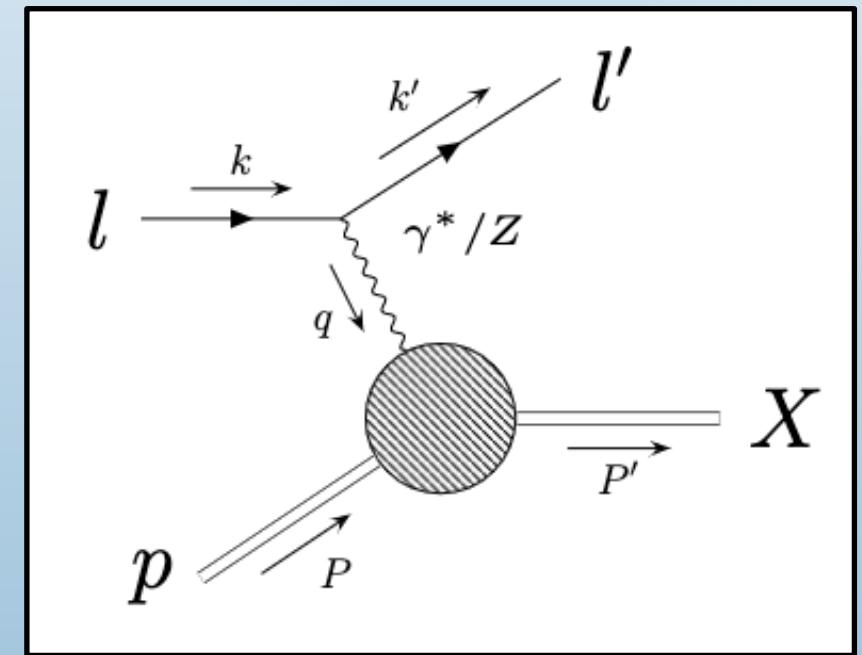
February 2?, 2025



1. Introduction
2. Extraction of DiFFs
3. Extraction of Transversity PDFs
4. Extraction of Tensor Charges
5. Future Extraction w/ TMDs
6. Conclusions and Outlook



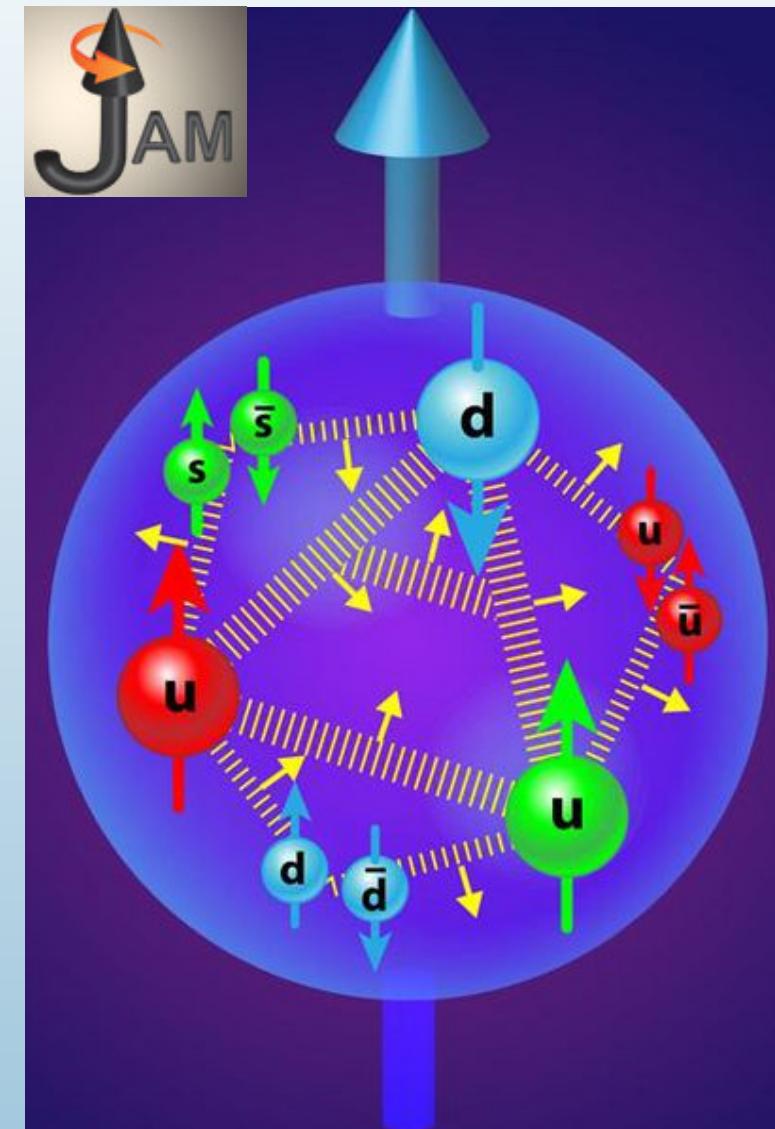
T. Bayes



JAM Collaboration

3-dimensional structure of nucleons:

- Parton distribution functions (PDFs)
- Fragmentation functions (FFs)
- Transverse momentum dependent distributions (TMDs)
- Generalized parton distributions (GPDs)

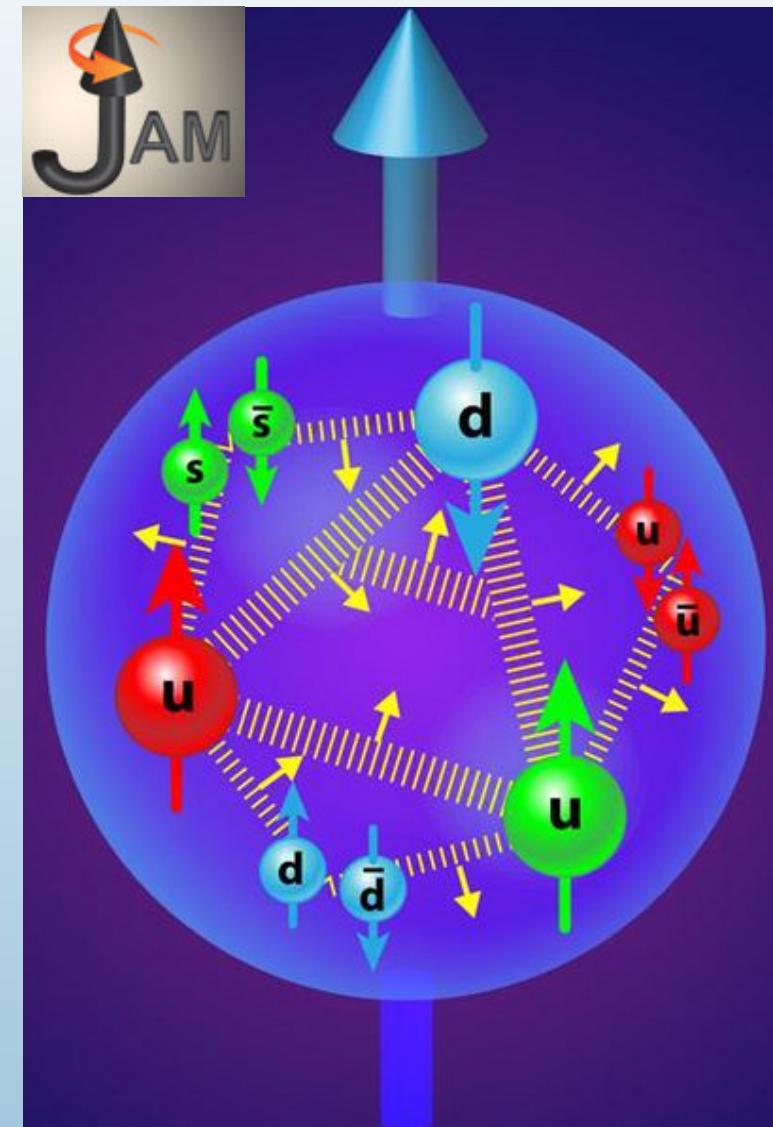


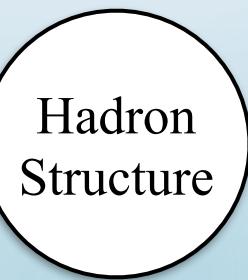
JAM Collaboration

3-dimensional structure of nucleons:

- Parton distribution functions (PDFs)
- Fragmentation functions (FFs)
- Transverse momentum dependent distributions (TMDs)
- Generalized parton distributions (GPDs)

- Collinear factorization in perturbative QCD
- Simultaneous determinations of PDFs, FFs, etc.
- Monte Carlo methods for Bayesian inference







Hadron
Structure

Global
QCD
Analysis



Hadron
Structure

Global
QCD
Analysis





Jefferson Lab

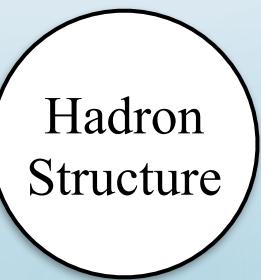
Hadron
Structure

Global
QCD
Analysis



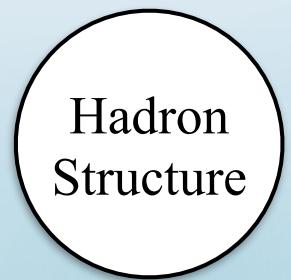


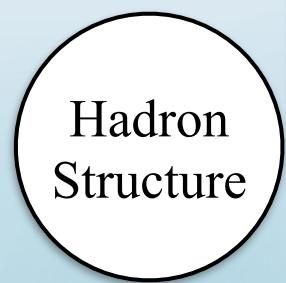
Jefferson Lab



Global
QCD
Analysis



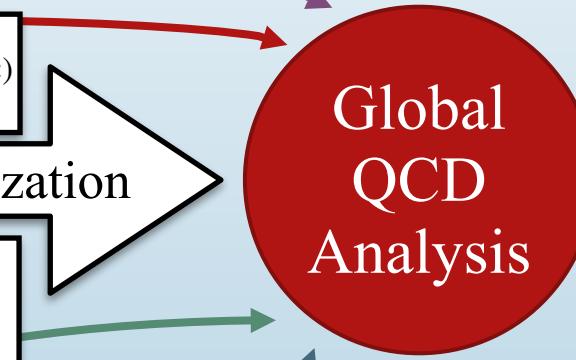




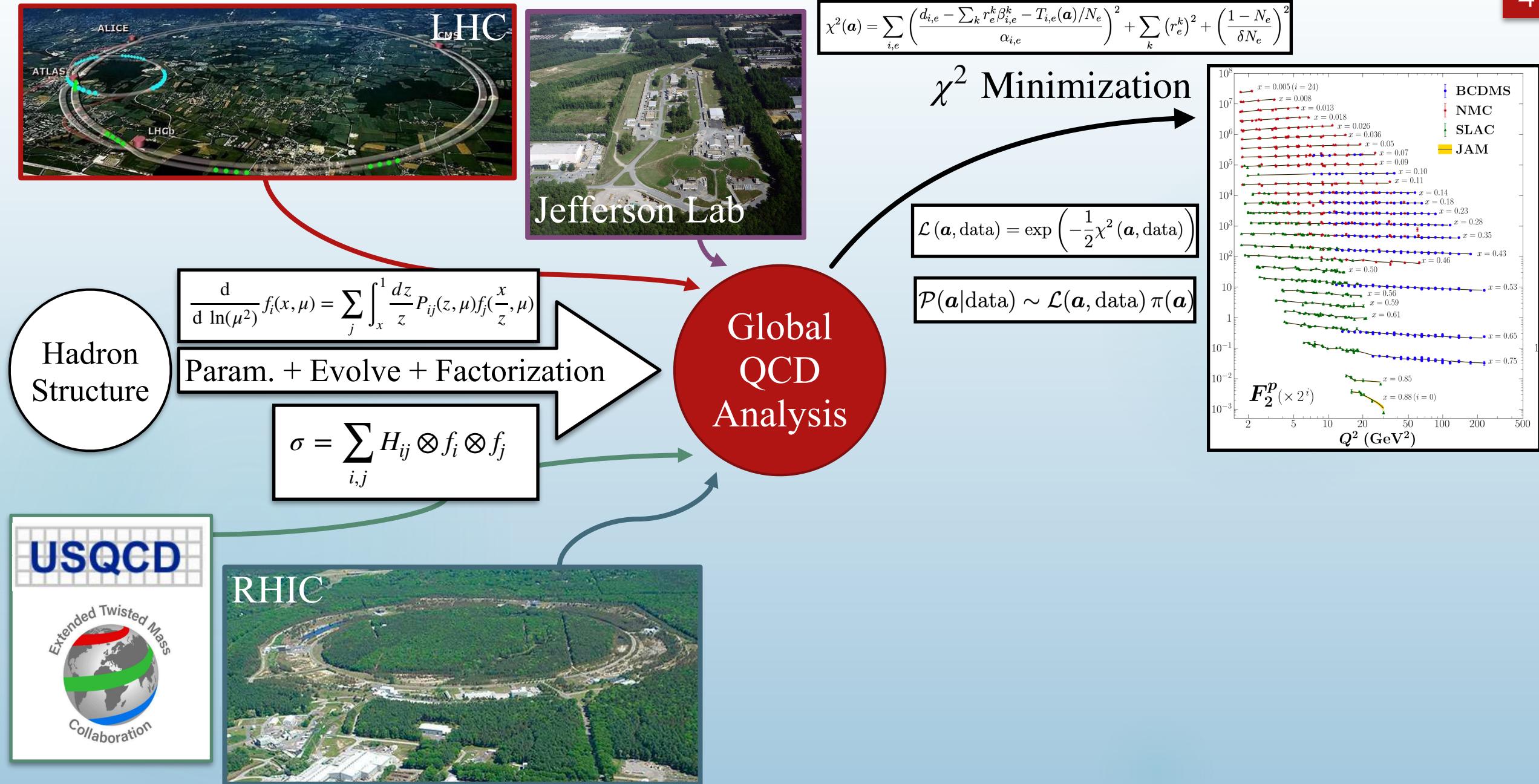
$$\frac{d}{d \ln(\mu^2)} f_i(x, \mu) = \sum_j \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} P_{ij}(z, \mu) f_j\left(\frac{x}{z}, \mu\right)$$

Param. + Evolve + Factorization

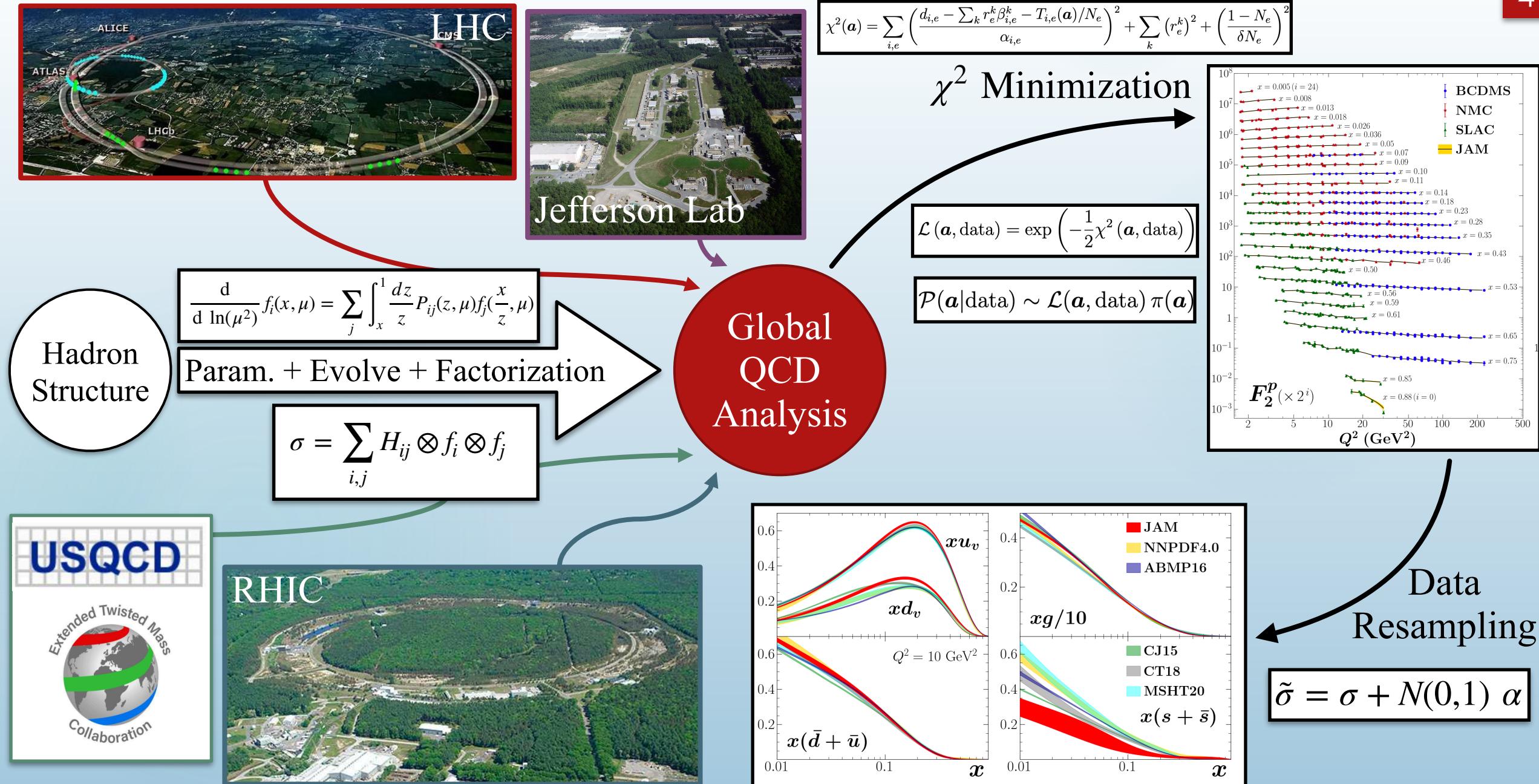
$$\sigma = \sum_{i,j} H_{ij} \otimes f_i \otimes f_j$$



Introduction



Introduction

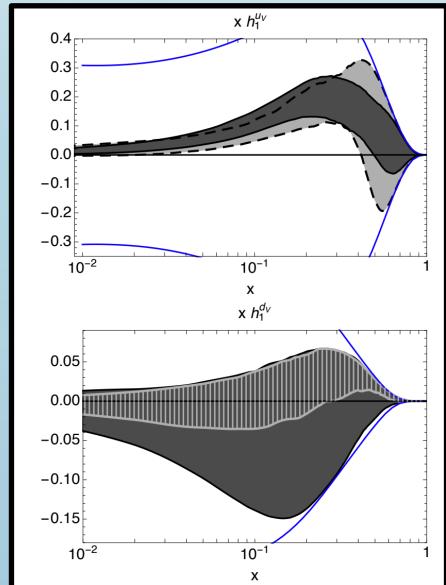


Approaches to Extract Transversity

Approaches to Extract Transversity

Dihadron Frag.

- Radici + Bacchetta (RB18)
- Benel + Courtoy + Ferro-Hernandez (2020)

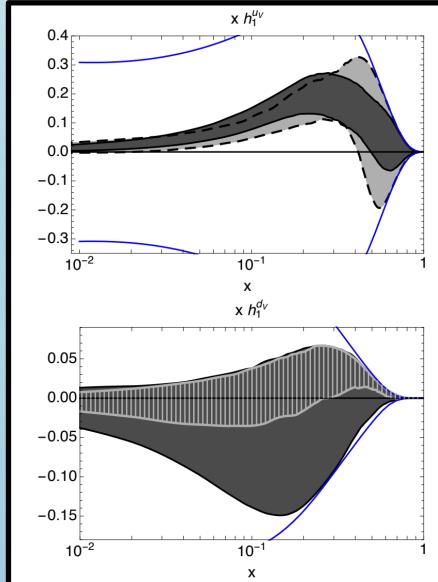


M. Radici and A. Bacchetta,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, no. 19, 192001 (2018)

Approaches to Extract Transversity

Dihadron Frag.

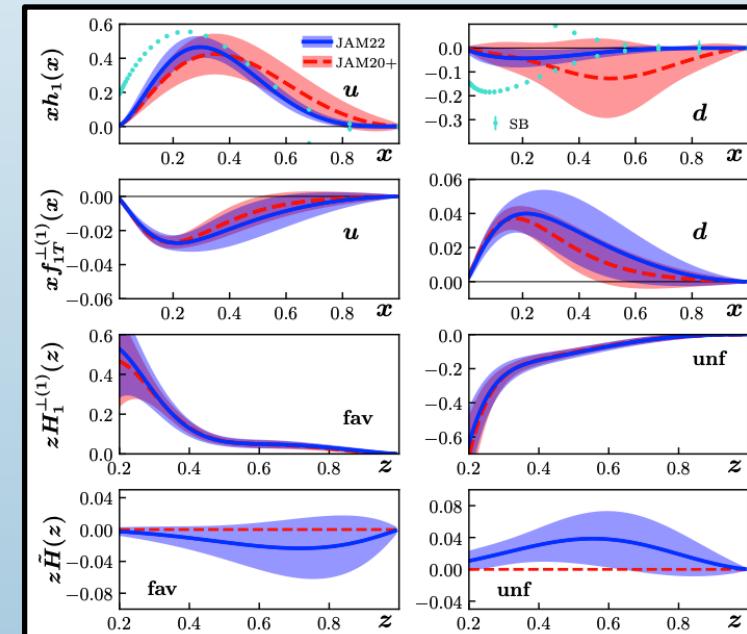
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M. Radici and A. Bacchetta,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, no. 19, 192001 (2018)

TMD + Collinear Twist-3

- JAM3D

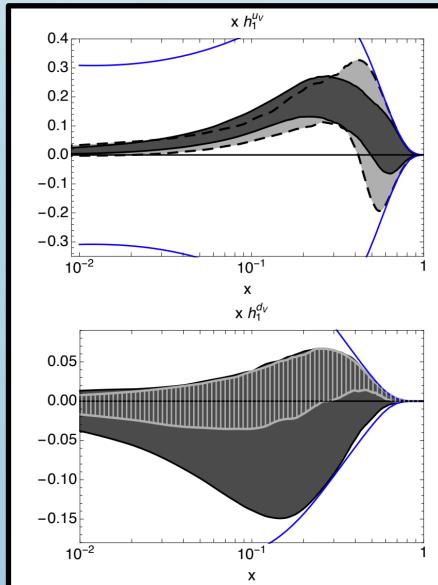


L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)

Approaches to Extract Transversity

Dihadron Frag.

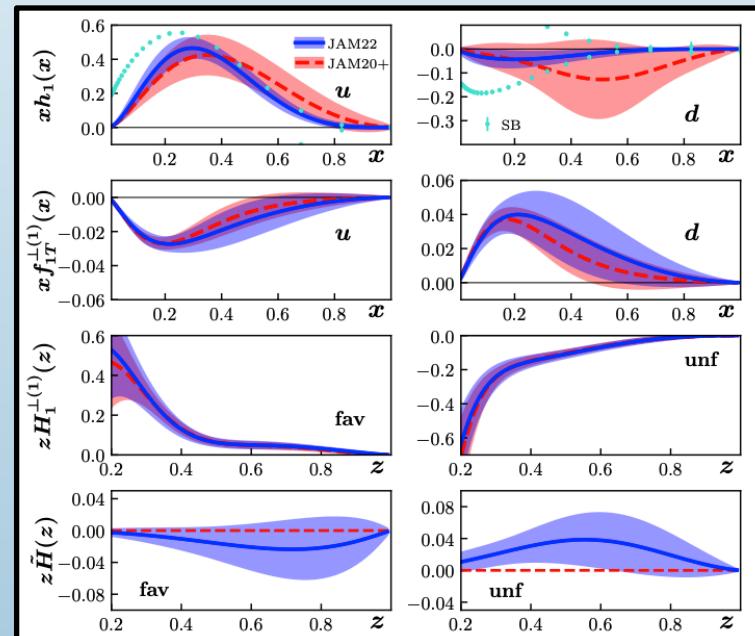
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Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, no. 19, 192001 (2018)

TMD + Collinear Twist-3

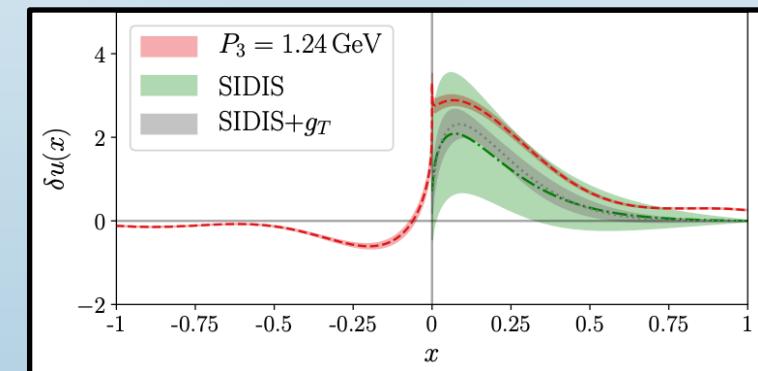
• JAM3D



L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)

Lattice QCD

- ETMC Collaboration
- PNDME Collaboration
- LHPC Collaboration

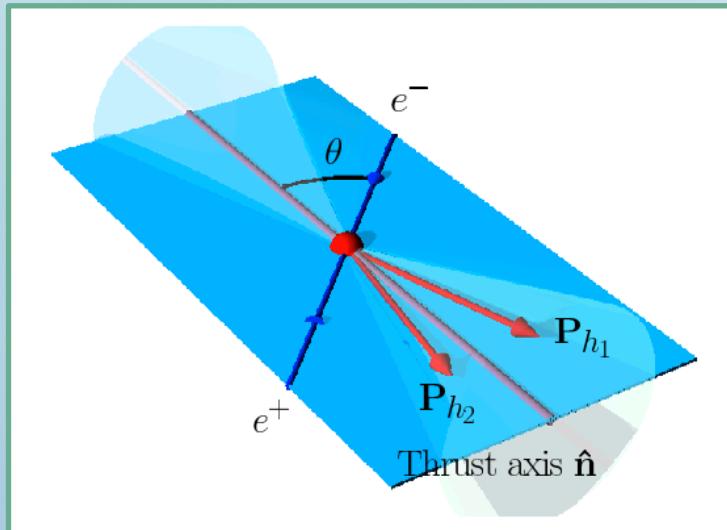


C. Alexandrou *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **104**, no. 5, 054503 (2021)

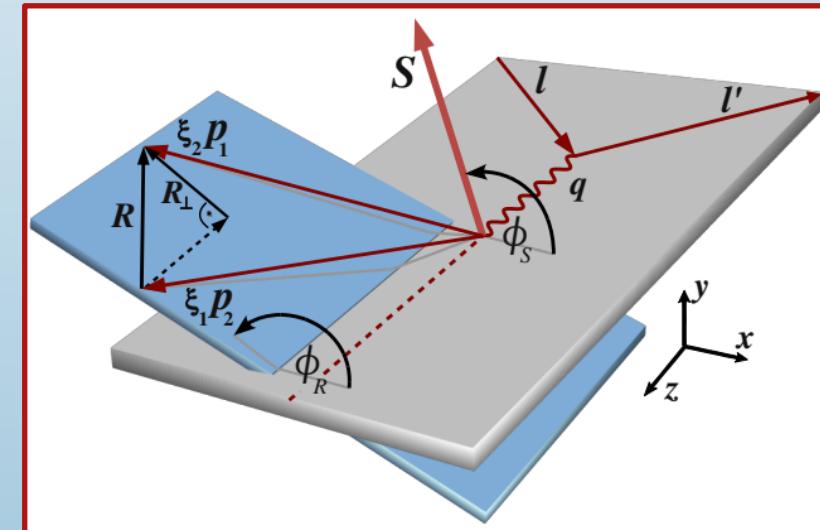
JAM Global Analysis in the collinear DiFF Approach

First simultaneous extraction of $\pi^+\pi^-$ DiFFs (D_1^q), IFFs ($H_1^{\leftarrow,q}$), and transversity PDFs (h_1^q) at LO

Semi-Inclusive
Annihilation



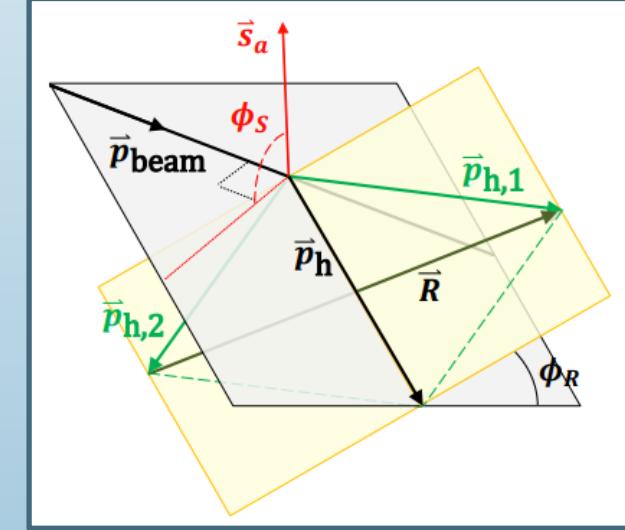
Semi-Inclusive
Deep Inelastic Scattering



R. Seidl *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **96**, no. 3, 032005 (2017)

C. Adolph *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **713**, 10-16 (2012)

Proton-Proton Collisions



L. Adamczyk *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 242501 (2015)

Tensor Charges

$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$

$$\delta d \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^d - h_1^{\bar{d}}),$$

$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

Tensor
Charges

Tensor Charges

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$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

QCD Pheno for
Transversity

Tensor
Charges

Anselmino, *et al.* (2007, 2009, 2013, 2015);

Goldstein, *et al.* (2014);

Kang, *et al.* (2016);

D'Alesio, *et al.* (2020);

Cammarota, *et al.* (2020);

Gamberg, *et al.* (2022);

Zheng, *et al.* (2024);

Boglione, *et al.* (2024)

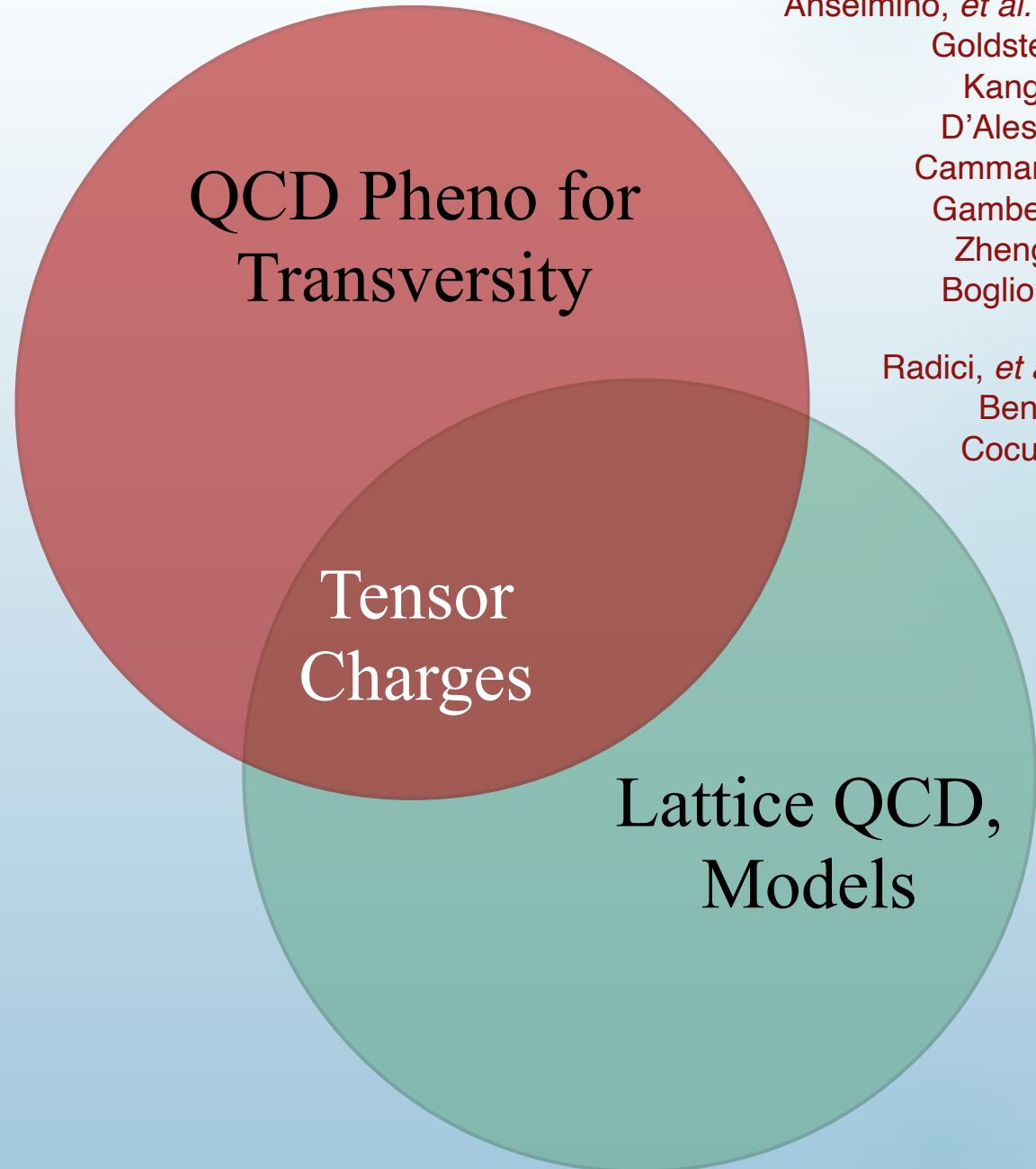
Radici, *et al.* (2013, 2015, 2018);

Benel, *et al.* (2020);

Cocuzza, *et al.* (2023)

Tensor Charges

$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$
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$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$



Anselmino, *et al.* (2007, 2009, 2013, 2015);

Goldstein, *et al.* (2014);

Kang, *et al.* (2016);

D'Alesio, *et al.* (2020);

Cammarota, *et al.* (2020);

Gamberg, *et al.* (2022);

Zheng, *et al.* (2024);

Boglione, *et al.* (2024)

Radici, *et al.* (2013, 2015, 2018);

Benel, *et al.* (2020);

Cocuzza, *et al.* (2023)

He, Ji (1995);

Barone, *et al.* (1997);

Schweitzer, *et al.* (2001);

Gamberg, Goldstein (2001);

Pasquini, *et al.* (2005);

Wakamatsu (2007);

Lorce (2009);

Gupta, *et al.* (2018);

Yamanaka, *et al.* (2018);

Hasan, *et al.* (2019);

Alexandrou, *et al.* (2019, 2023);

Yamanaka, *et al.* (2013);

Pitschmann, *et al.* (2015);

Xu, *et al.* (2015);

Wang, *et al.* (2018);

Liu, *et al.* (2019);

Gao, *et al.* (2023);

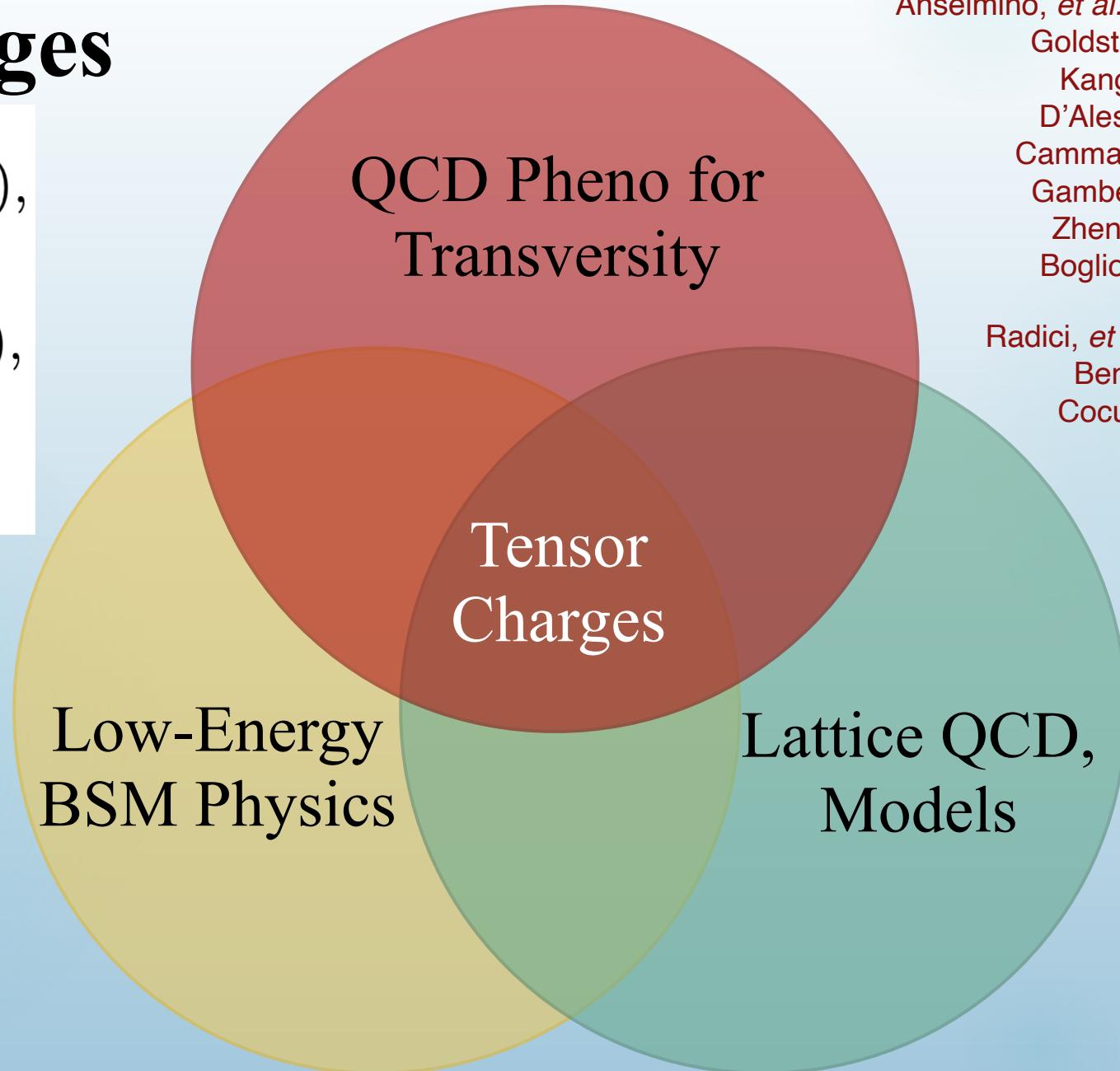
Tensor Charges

$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$

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$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

Herczeg (2001);
 Erler, Ramsey-Musolf (2005);
 Pospelov, Ritz (2005);
 Severijns, *et al.* (2006);
 Cirigliano, *et al.* (2013);
 Courtoy, *et al.* (2015);
 Yamanaka, *et al.* (2017);
 Liu, *et al.* (2018);
 Gonzalez-Alonso, *et al.* (2019)



Anselmino, *et al.* (2007, 2009, 2013, 2015);

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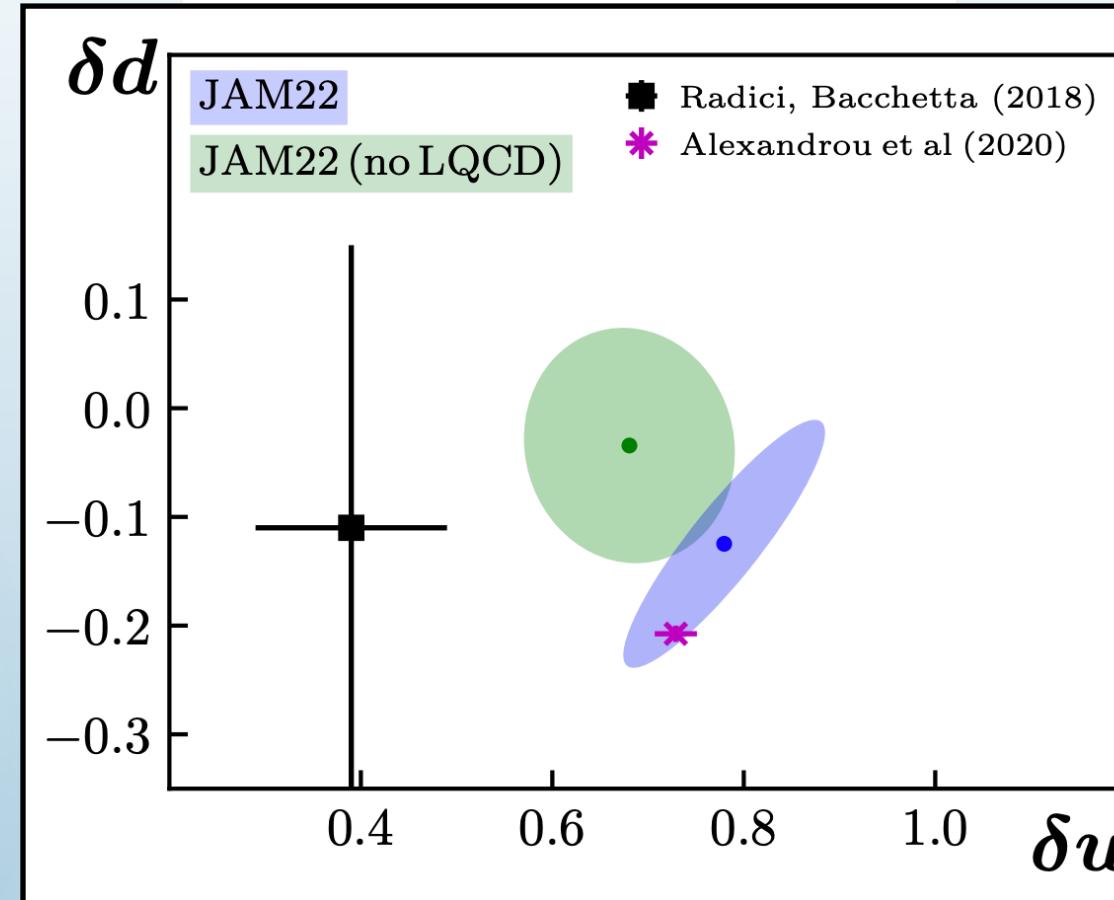
Wang, *et al.* (2018);

Liu, *et al.* (2019);

Gao, *et al.* (2023);

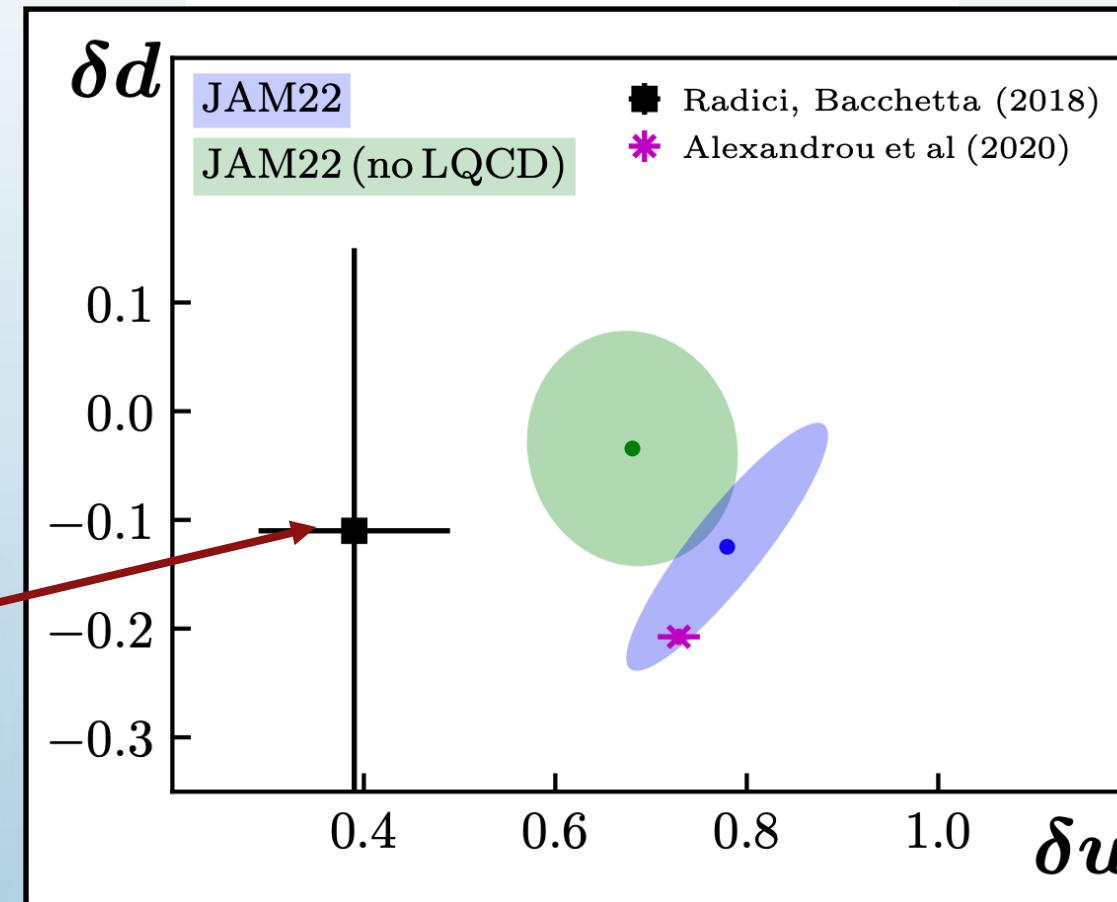
The Transverse Spin Puzzle?

L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)



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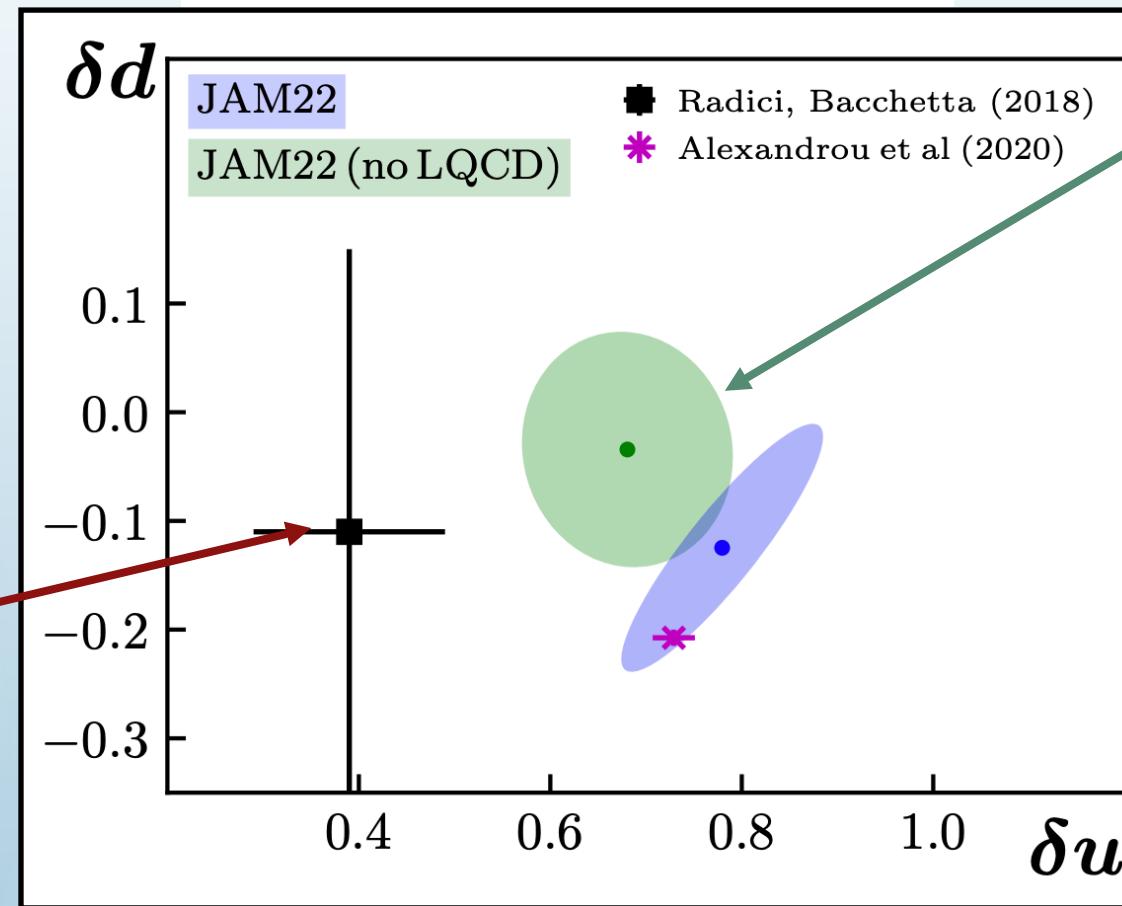


RB18

The Transverse Spin Puzzle?

L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)

RB18

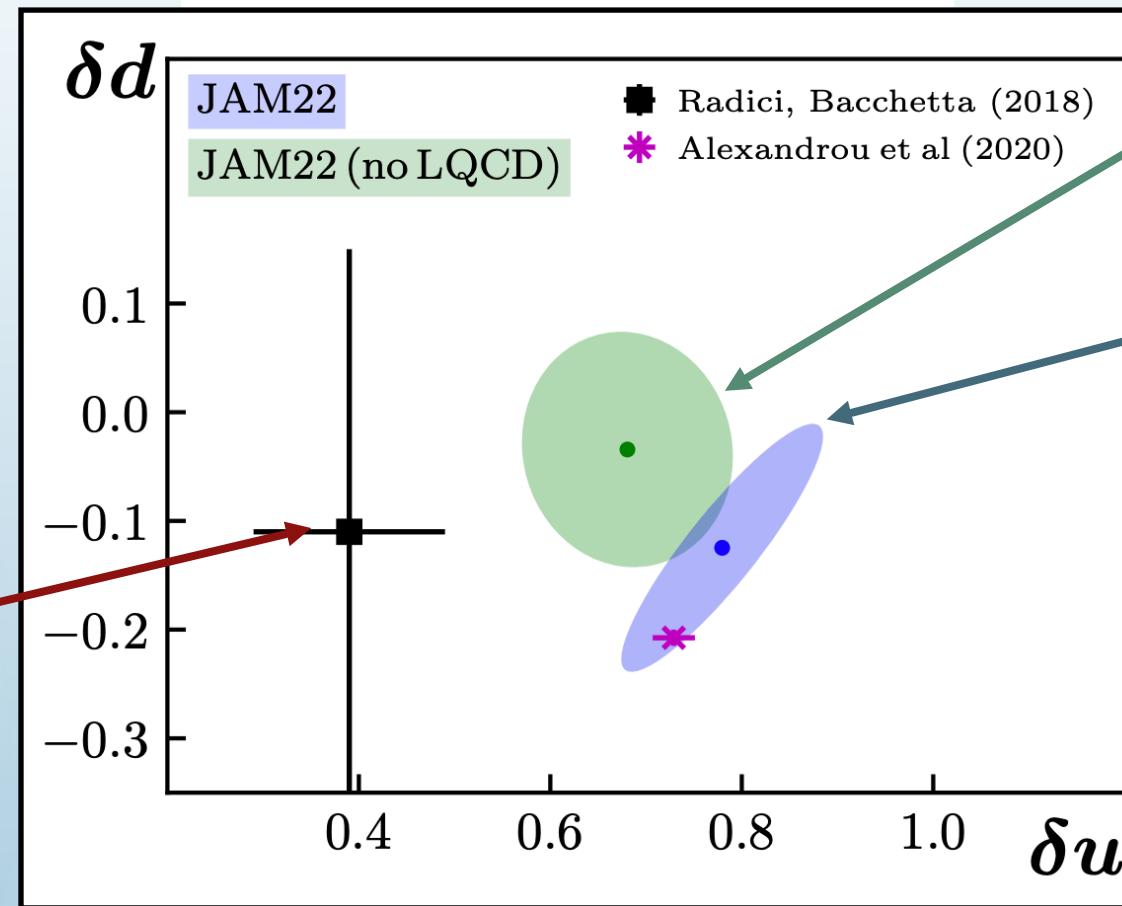


JAM3D
(no LQCD)

The Transverse Spin Puzzle?

L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)

RB18



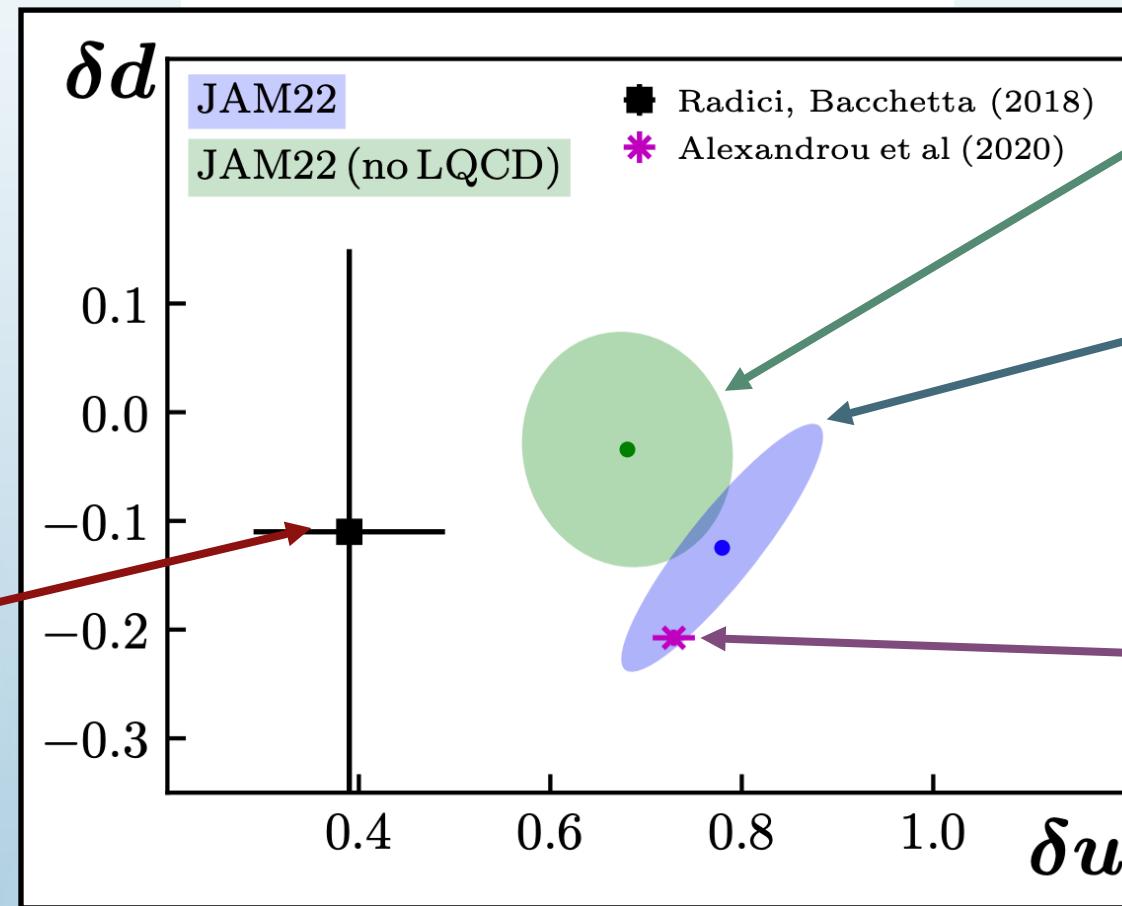
JAM3D
(no LQCD)

JAM3D
(w/ LQCD)

The Transverse Spin Puzzle?

L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)

RB18



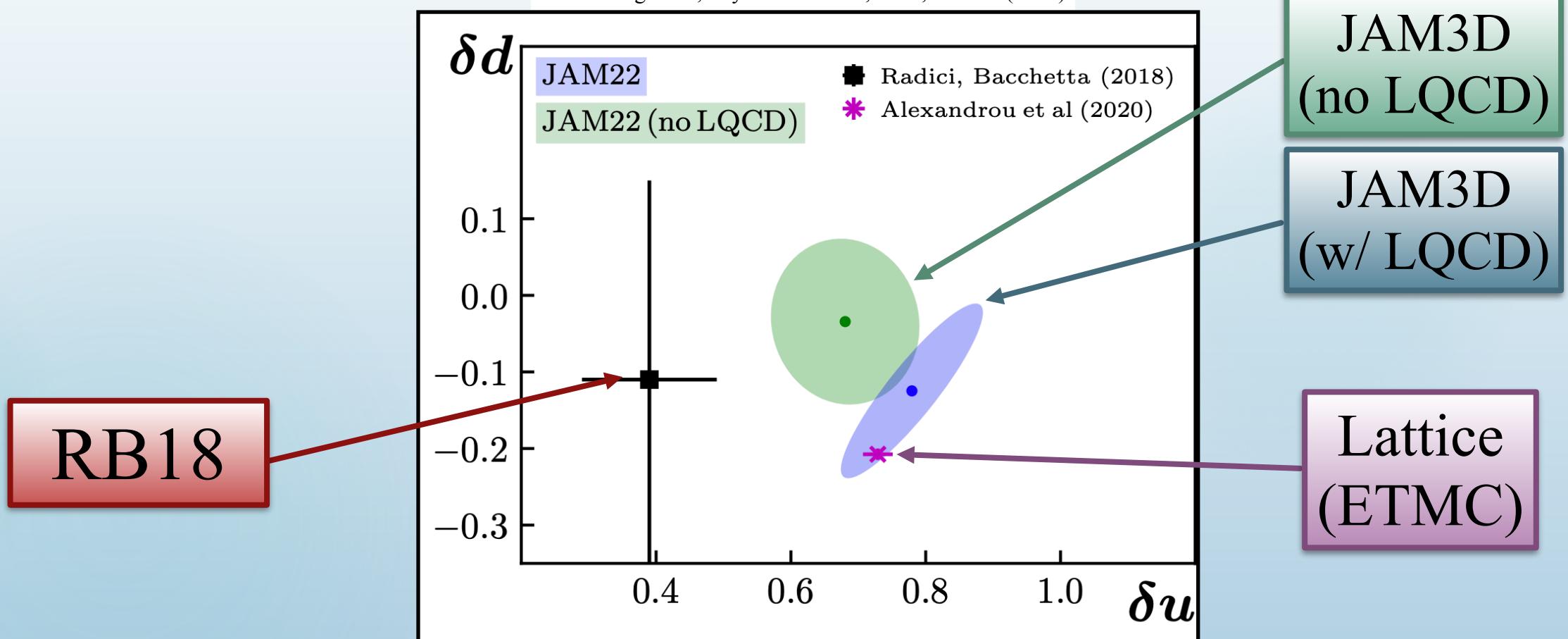
JAM3D
(no LQCD)

JAM3D
(w/ LQCD)

Lattice
(ETMC)

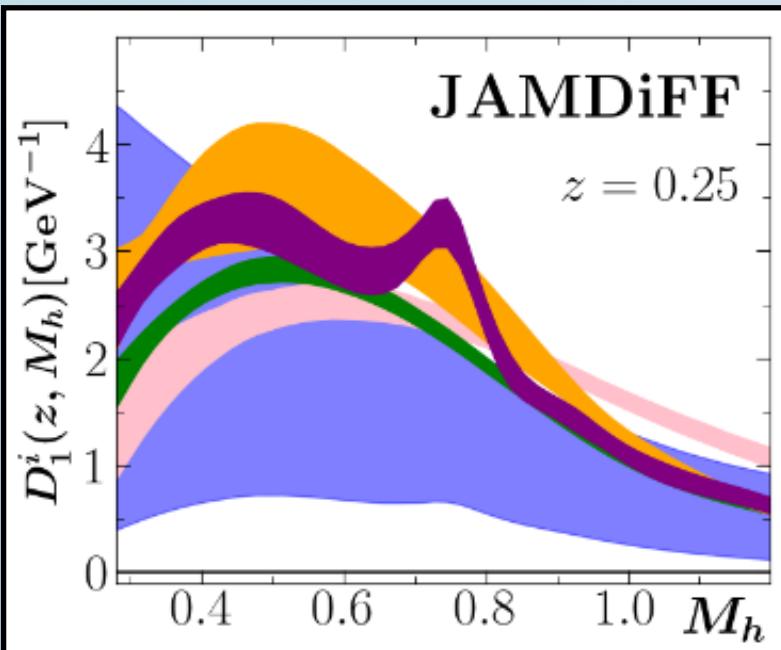
The Transverse Spin Puzzle?

L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **106**, no. 3, 034014 (2022)



Large disagreements between three approaches...
Can this be solved?

1. Introduction
2. Extraction of DiFFs
3. Extraction of Transversity PDFs
4. Extraction of Tensor Charges
5. Future Extraction w/ TMDs
6. Conclusions and Outlook



First simultaneous global QCD analysis of dihadron fragmentation functions and transversity parton distribution functions

[Jefferson Lab Angular Momentum \(JAM\) Collaboration](#) • [C. Cocuzza \(Temple U.\)](#) [Show All\(6\)](#)

Aug 28, 2023

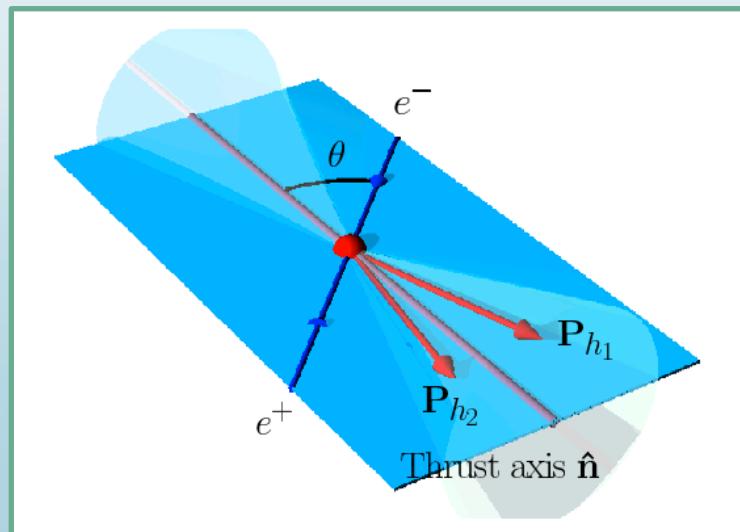
34 pages

Published in: *Phys.Rev.D* 109 (2024) 3, 034024

Published: Feb 1, 2024

Observables for DiFFs

SIA Cross Section

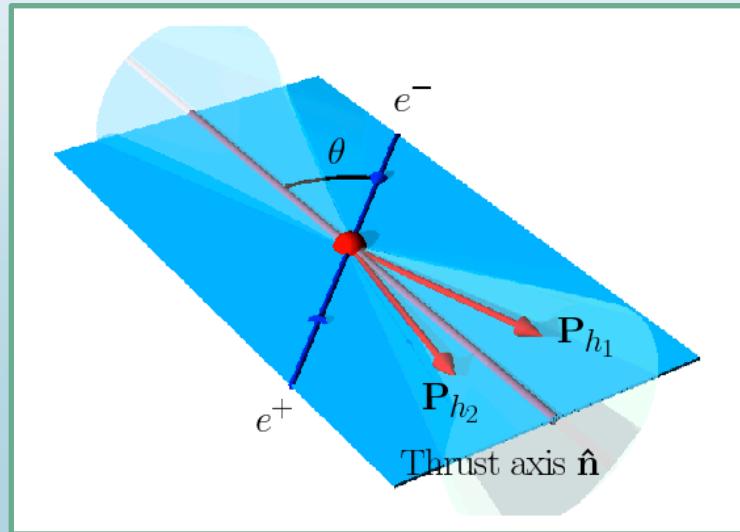


R. Seidl *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **96**, no. 3, 032005 (2017)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz dM_h} = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}^2}{s} \sum_q e_q^2 D_1^q(z, M_h)$$

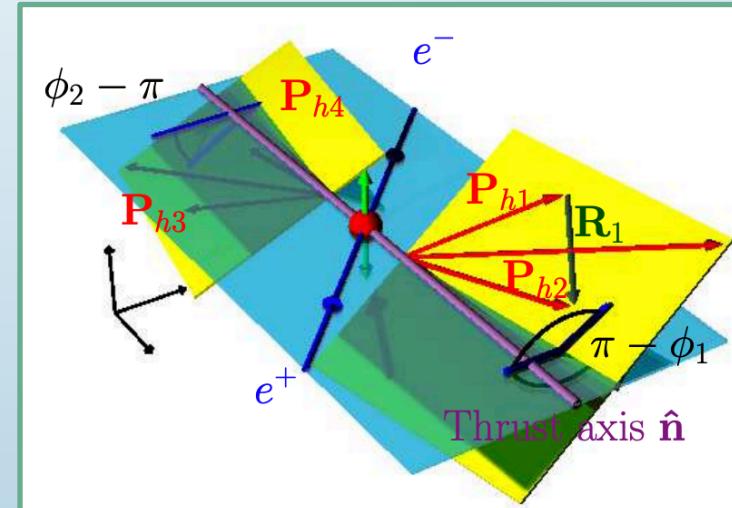
Observables for DiFFs

SIA Cross Section



R. Seidl *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **96**, no. 3, 032005 (2017)

SIA Artru-Collins Asymmetry



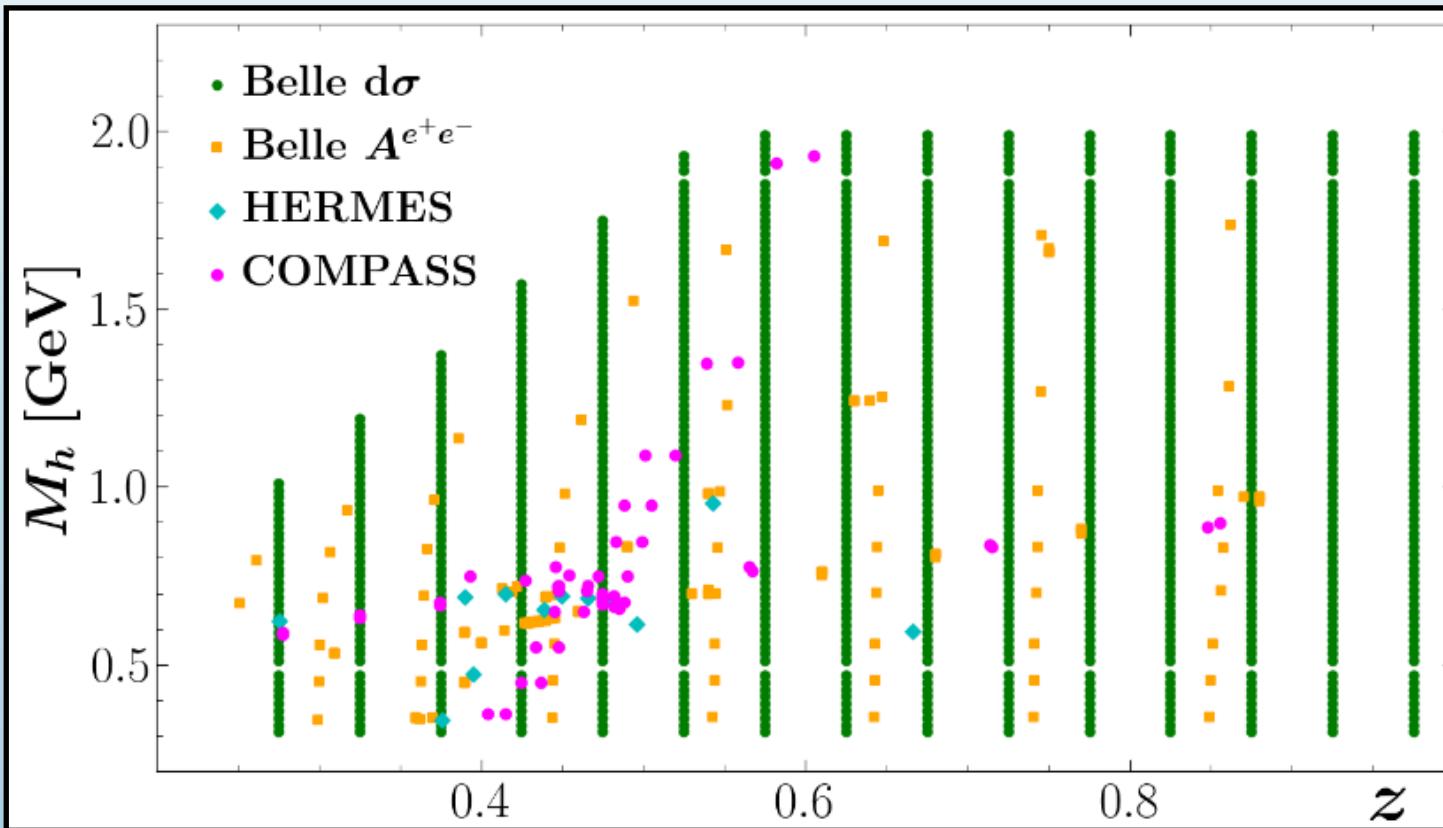
A. Vossen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **107**, 072004 (2011)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz dM_h} = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}^2}{s} \sum_q e_q^2 D_1^q(z, M_h)$$

$$A^{e^+e^-}(z, M_h, \bar{z}, \bar{M}_h) = \frac{\sin^2 \theta \sum_q e_q^2 H_1^{\leftarrow, q}(z, M_h) H_1^{\leftarrow, \bar{q}}(\bar{z}, \bar{M}_h)}{(1 + \cos^2 \theta) \sum_q e_q^2 D_1^q(z, M_h) D_1^{\bar{q}}(\bar{z}, \bar{M}_h)}$$

Data for DiFFs

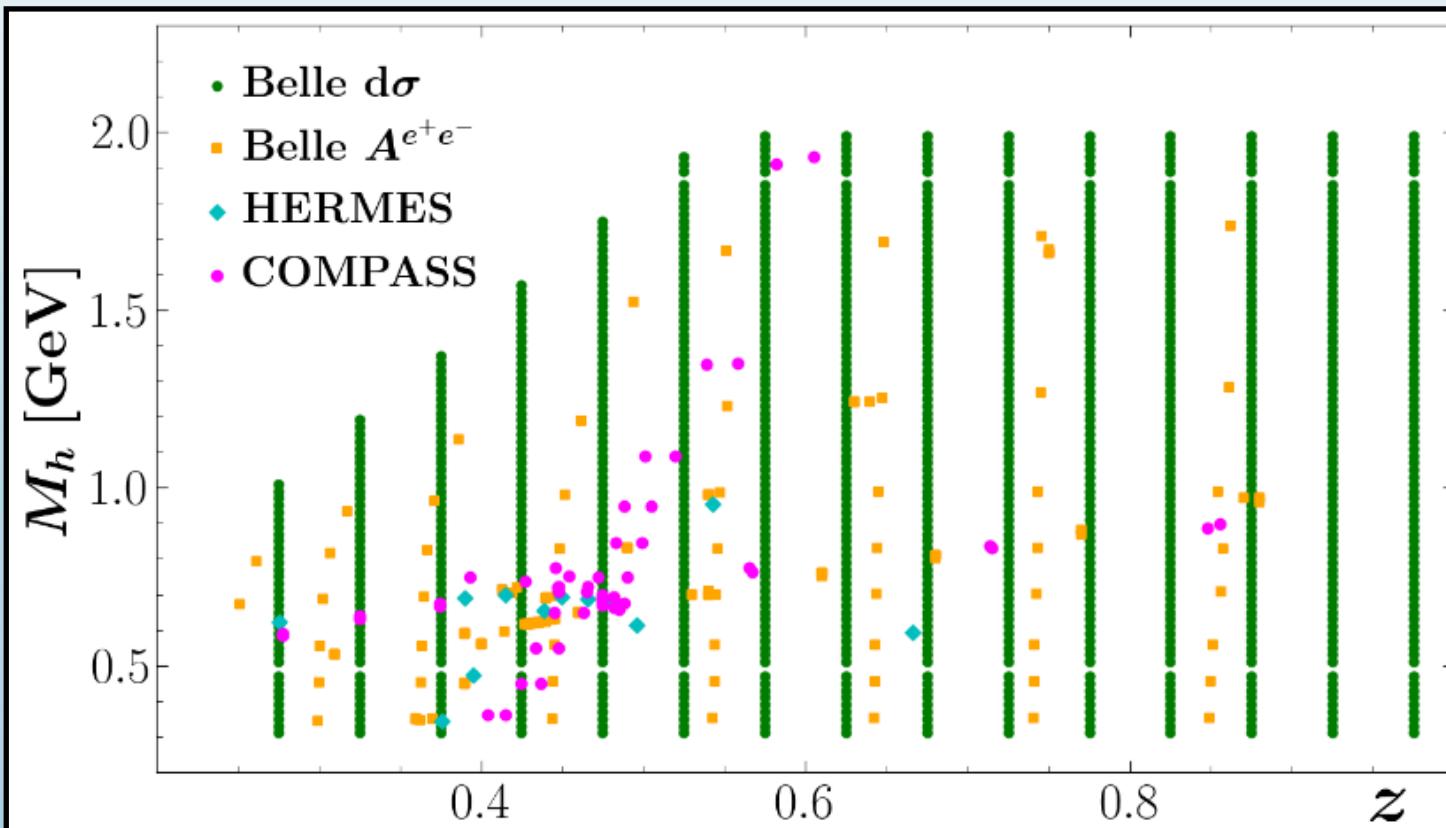
SIA cross section	Belle	1094 points
SIA Artru-Collins	Belle	183 points



Data for DiFFs

SIA cross section	Belle	1094 points
SIA Artru-Collins	Belle	183 points

$\pi^+ \pi^-$ DiFFs

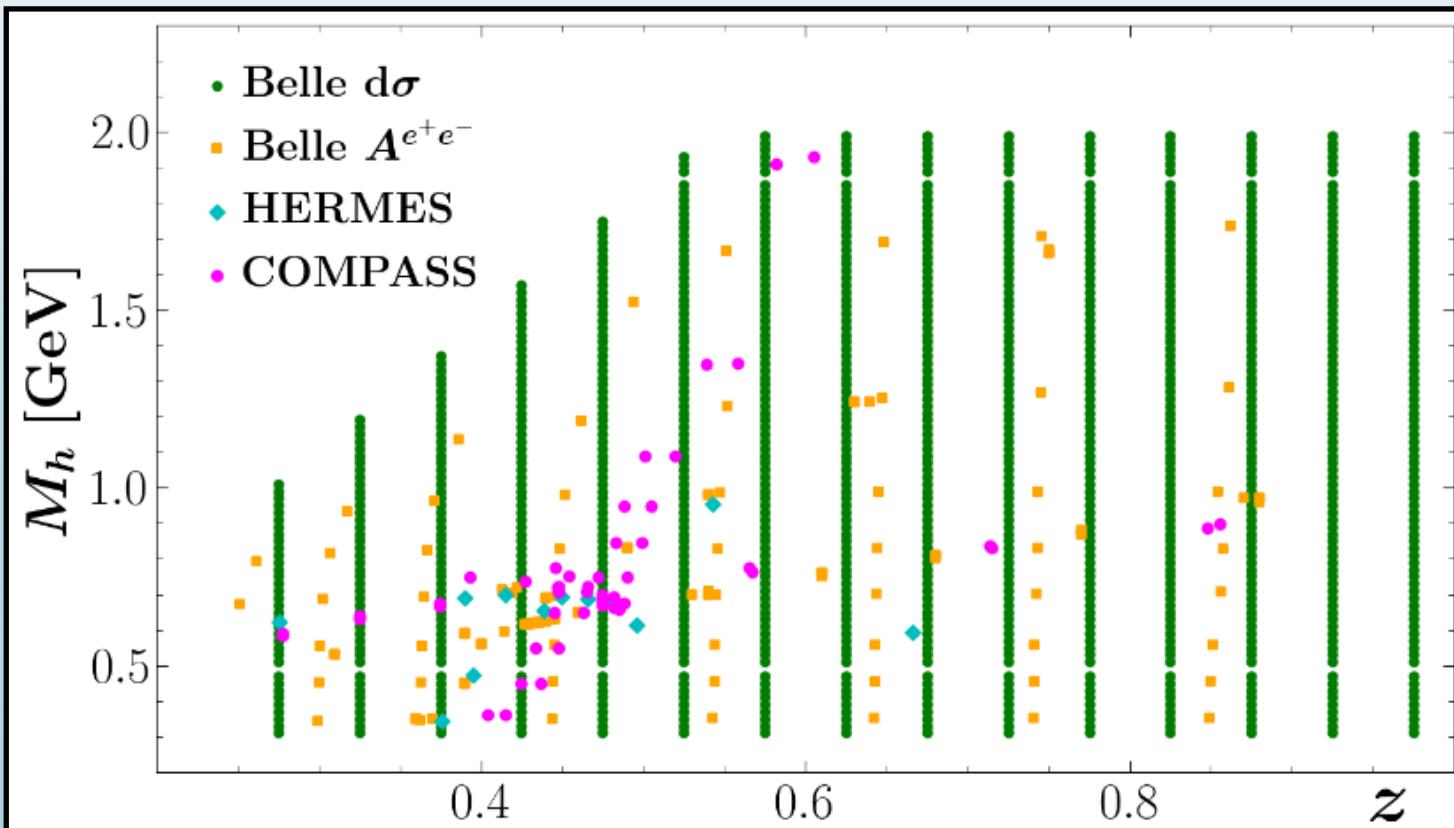


$D_1^u = D_1^d = D_1^{\bar{u}} = D_1^{\bar{d}},$
 $D_1^s = D_1^{\bar{s}}, \quad D_1^c = D_1^{\bar{c}}, \quad D_1^b = D_1^{\bar{b}},$
 5 independent functions (w/ D_1^g)
 [supplement with PYTHIA data]

Data for DiFFs

SIA cross section	Belle	1094 points
SIA Artru-Collins	Belle	183 points

$\pi^+ \pi^-$ DiFFs



$$D_1^u = D_1^d = D_1^{\bar{u}} = D_1^{\bar{d}},$$

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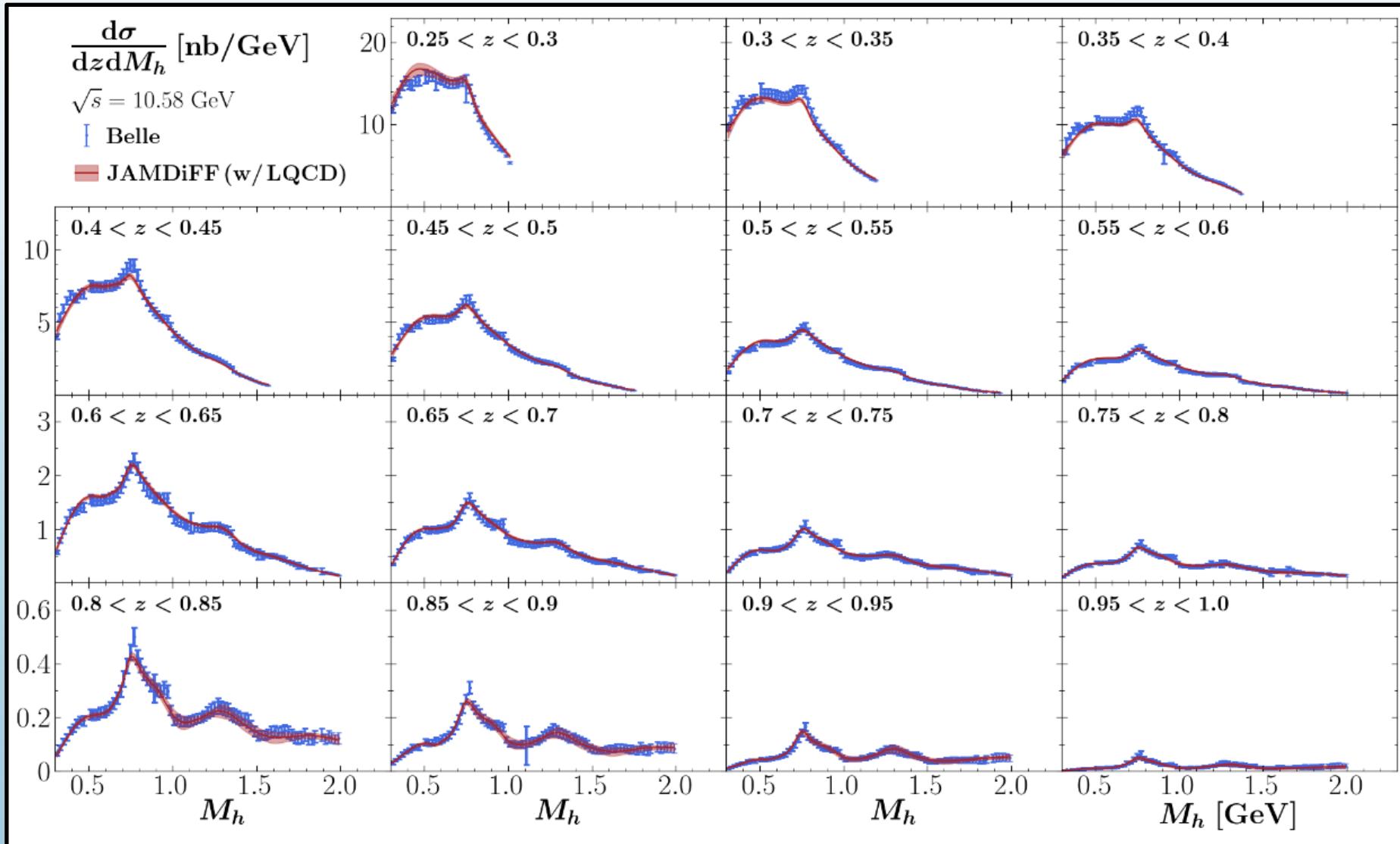
5 independent functions (w/ D_1^g)
[supplement with PYTHIA data]

$$H_1^{\triangleleft,u} = -H_1^{\triangleleft,d} = -H_1^{\triangleleft,\bar{u}} = H_1^{\triangleleft,\bar{d}},$$

$$H_1^{\triangleleft,s} = -H_1^{\triangleleft,\bar{s}} = H_1^{\triangleleft,c} = -H_1^{\triangleleft,\bar{c}} = 0,$$

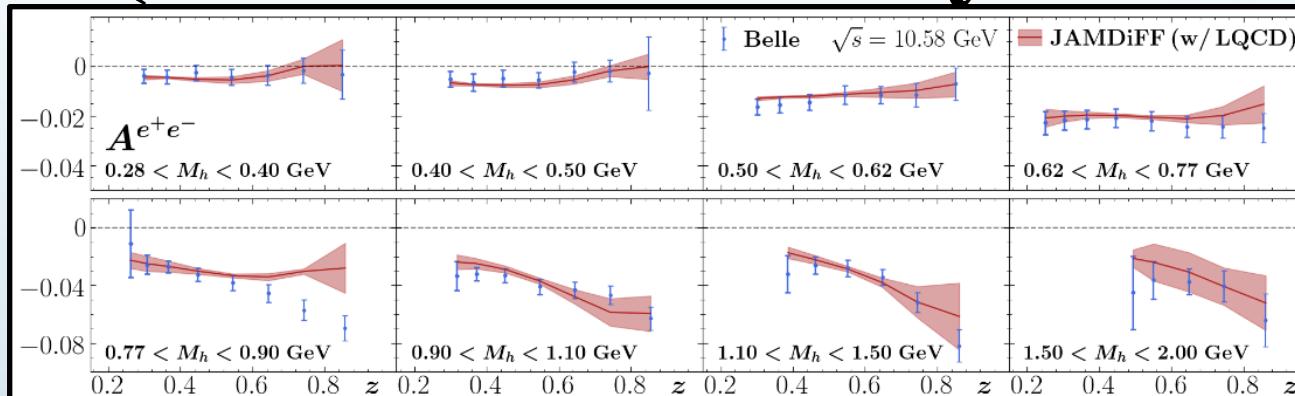
1 independent function

Quality of Fit (Unpolarized Cross Section)

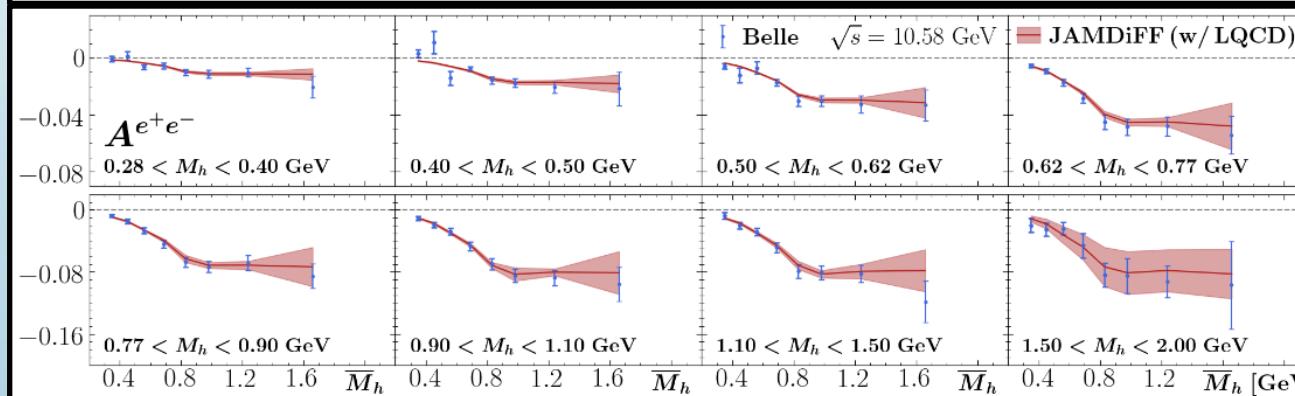


Quality of Fit (Artru-Collins Asymmetry)

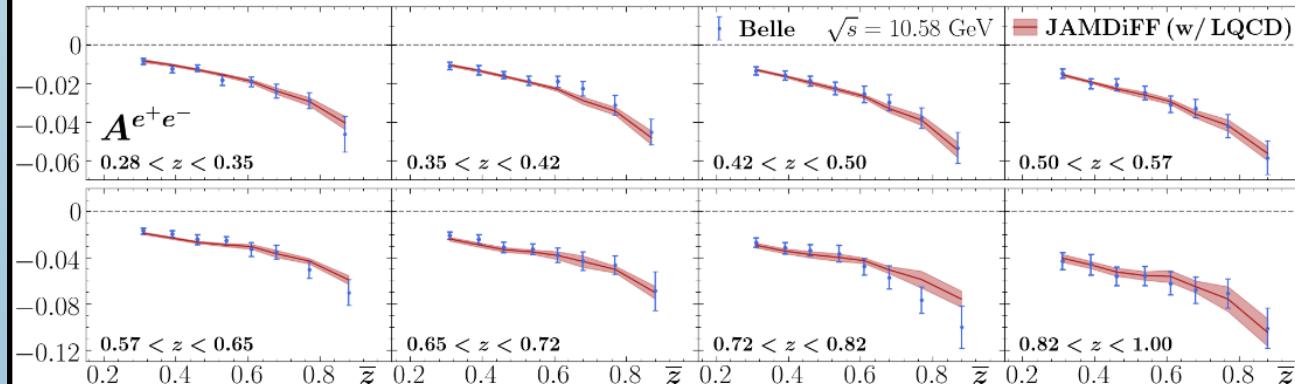
(z, M_h) binning



(M_h, \bar{M}_h) binning

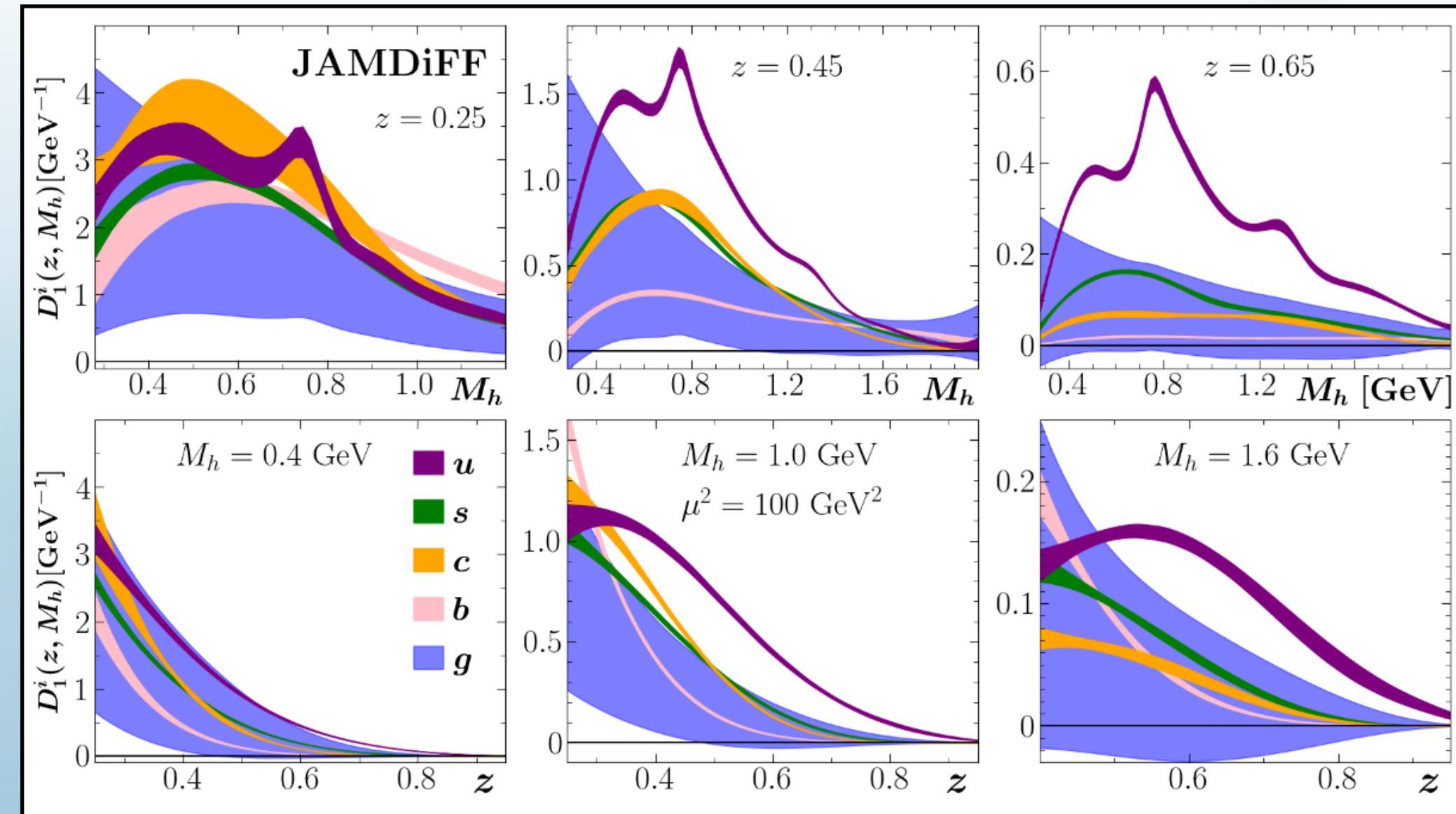


(z, \bar{z}) binning



A. Vossen *et al.*,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **107**, 072004 (2011)

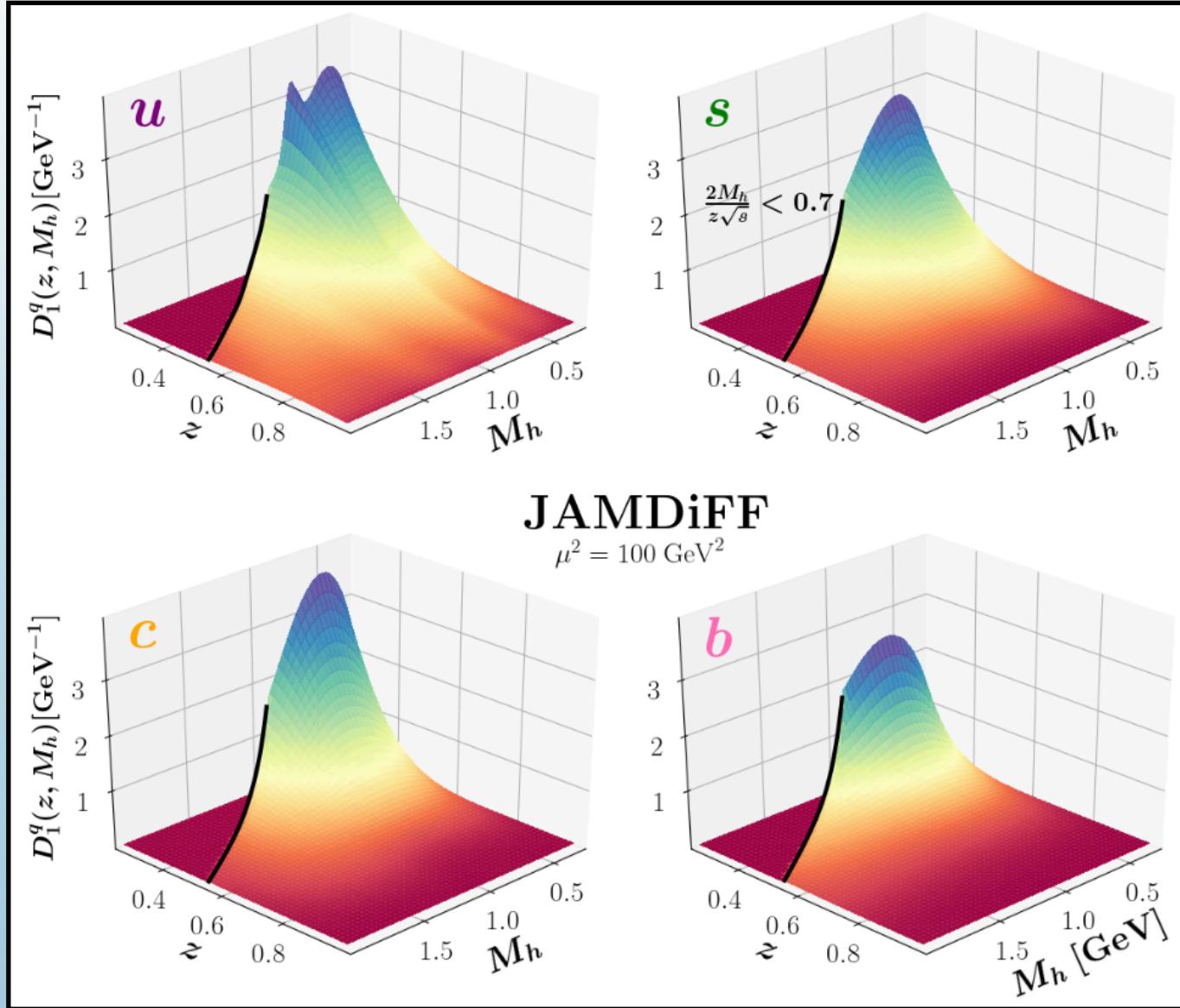
Extracted DiFFs



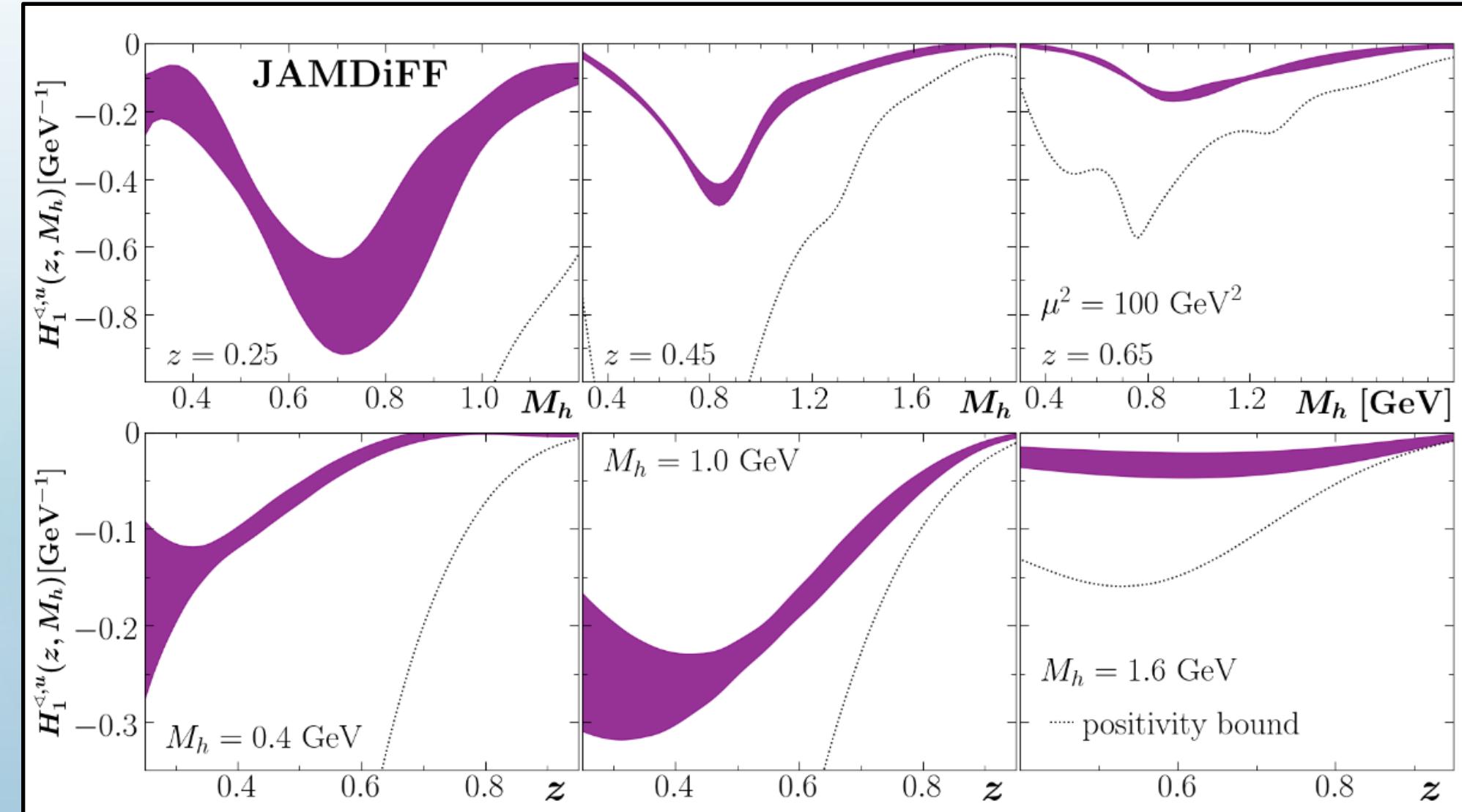
Bound: $D_1^q > 0$

A. Bacchetta and M. Radici,
Phys. Rev. D **67**, 094002
(2003)

Extracted DiFFs (3D)



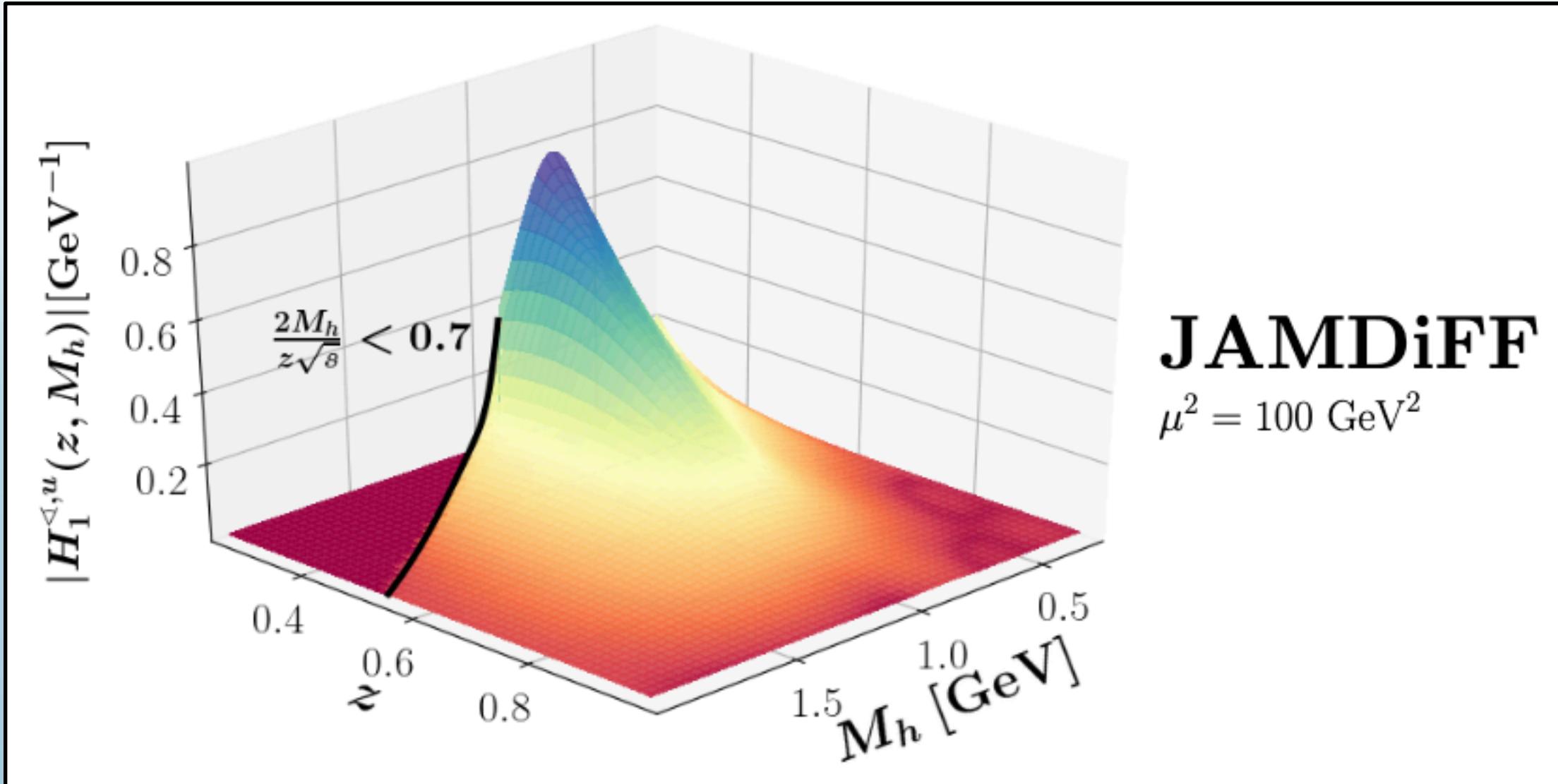
Extracted IFFs



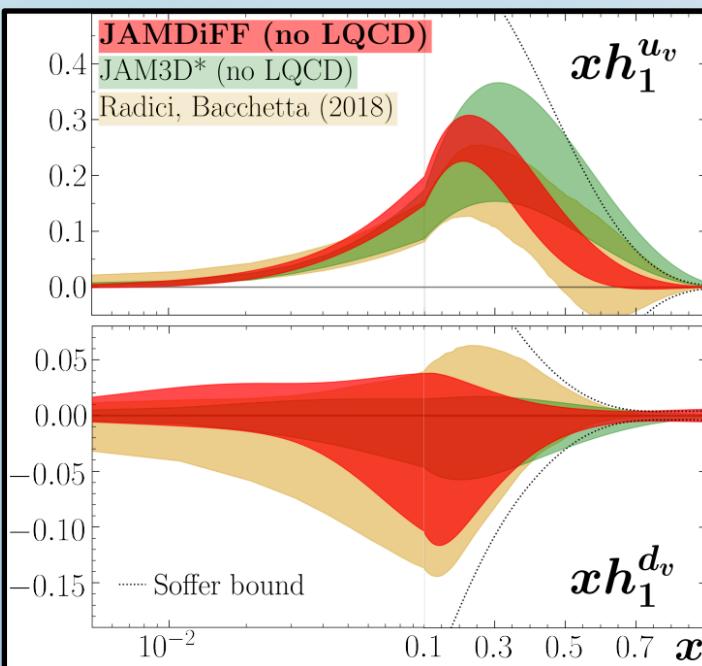
$$\text{Bound: } |H_1^{<,q}| < D_1^q$$

A. Bacchetta and M. Radici,
Phys. Rev. D **67**, 094002
(2003)

Extracted IFFs (3D)



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Transversity Distributions and Tensor Charges of the Nucleon: Extraction from Dihadron Production and Their Universal Nature

JAM Collaboration • C. Cocuzza (Temple U.) Show All(6)

Jun 22, 2023

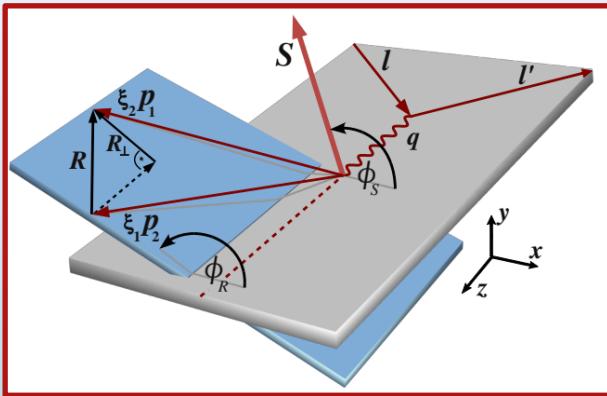
7 pages

Published in: *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 132 (2024) 9, 091901

Published: Feb 27, 2024

Observables for Transversity PDFs

SIDIS asymmetry (p and D)

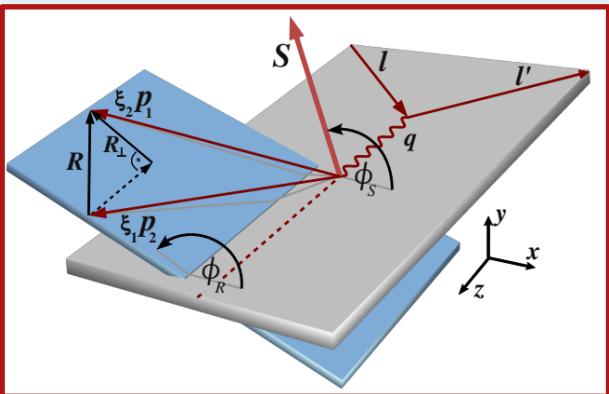


$$A_{UT}^{\text{SIDIS}} = c(y) \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 h_1^q(x) H_1^{\leftarrow, q}(z, M_h)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_1^q(z, M_h)}$$

C. Adolph *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **713**, 10-16 (2012)

Observables for Transversity PDFs

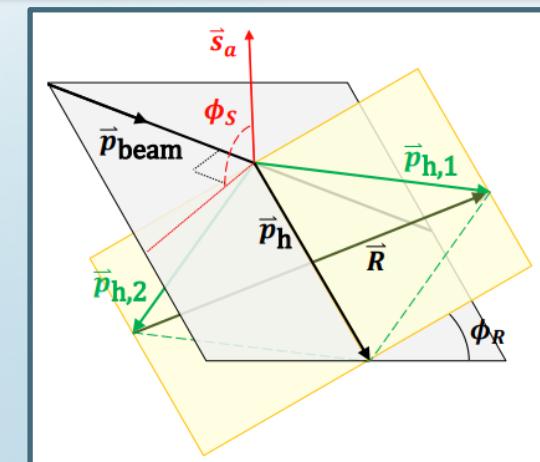
SIDIS asymmetry (p and D)



$$A_{UT}^{\text{SIDIS}} = c(y) \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 h_1^q(x) H_1^{q,q}(z, M_h)}{\sum_q e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_1^q(z, M_h)}$$

C. Adolph *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **713**, 10-16 (2012)

pp Asymmetry



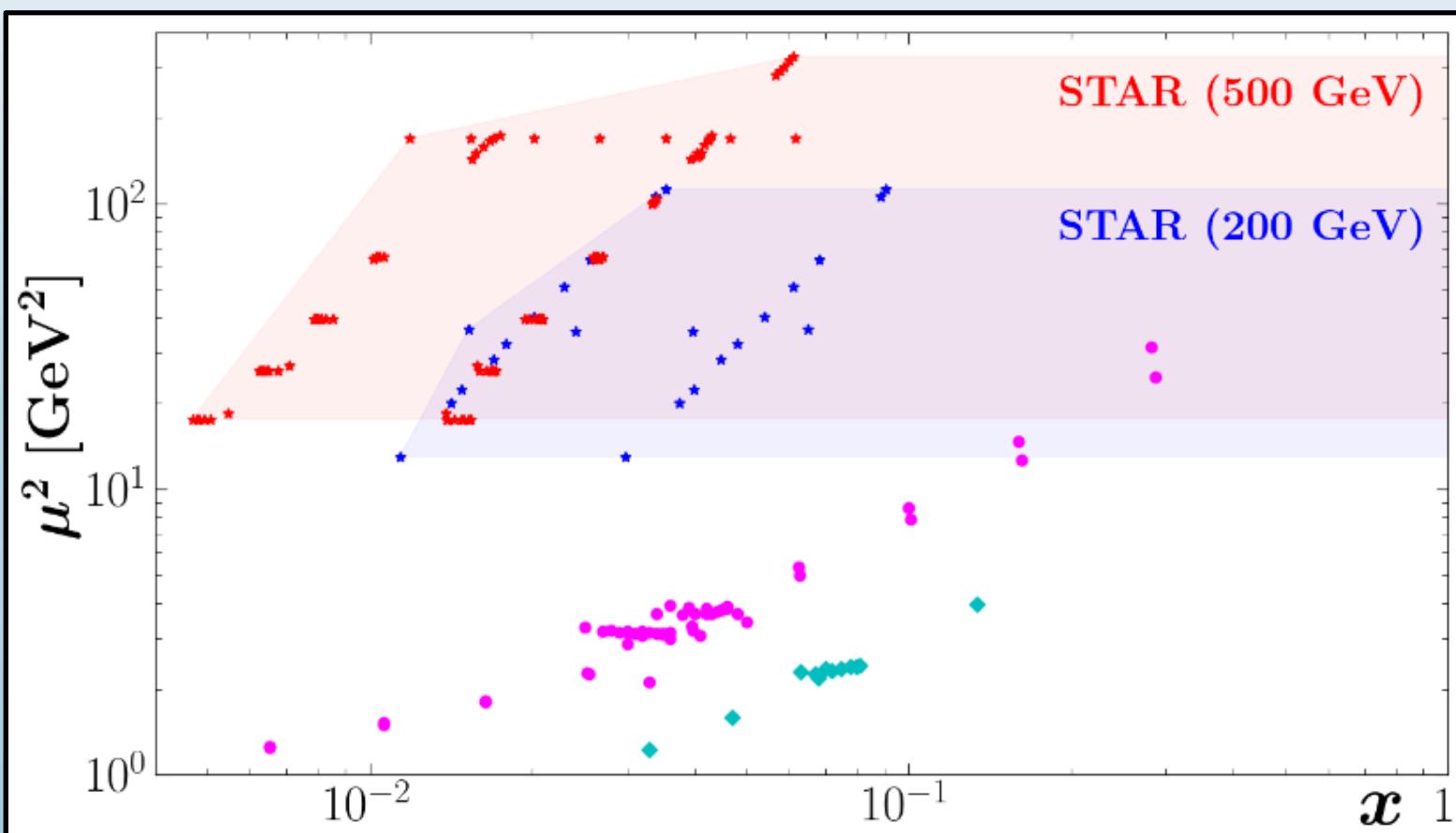
L. Adamczyk *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 242501 (2015)

$$A_{UT}^{pp} = \frac{\mathcal{H}(M_h, P_{hT}, \eta)}{\mathcal{D}(M_h, P_{hT}, \eta)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{H}(M_h, P_{hT}, \eta) &= 2P_{hT} \sum_i \sum_{a,b,c} \int_{x_a^{\min}}^1 dx_a \int_{x_b^{\min}}^1 \frac{dx_b}{z} f_1^a(x_a) h_1^b(x_b) \frac{d\Delta\hat{\sigma}_{ab^\uparrow \rightarrow c^\uparrow d}}{dt} H_1^{q,c}(z, M_h) \\ \mathcal{D}(M_h, P_{hT}, \eta) &= 2P_{hT} \sum_i \sum_{a,b,c} \int_{x_a^{\min}}^1 dx_a \int_{x_b^{\min}}^1 \frac{dx_b}{z} f_1^a(x_a) f_1^b(x_b) \frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow cd}}{dt} D_1^c(z, M_h) \end{aligned}$$

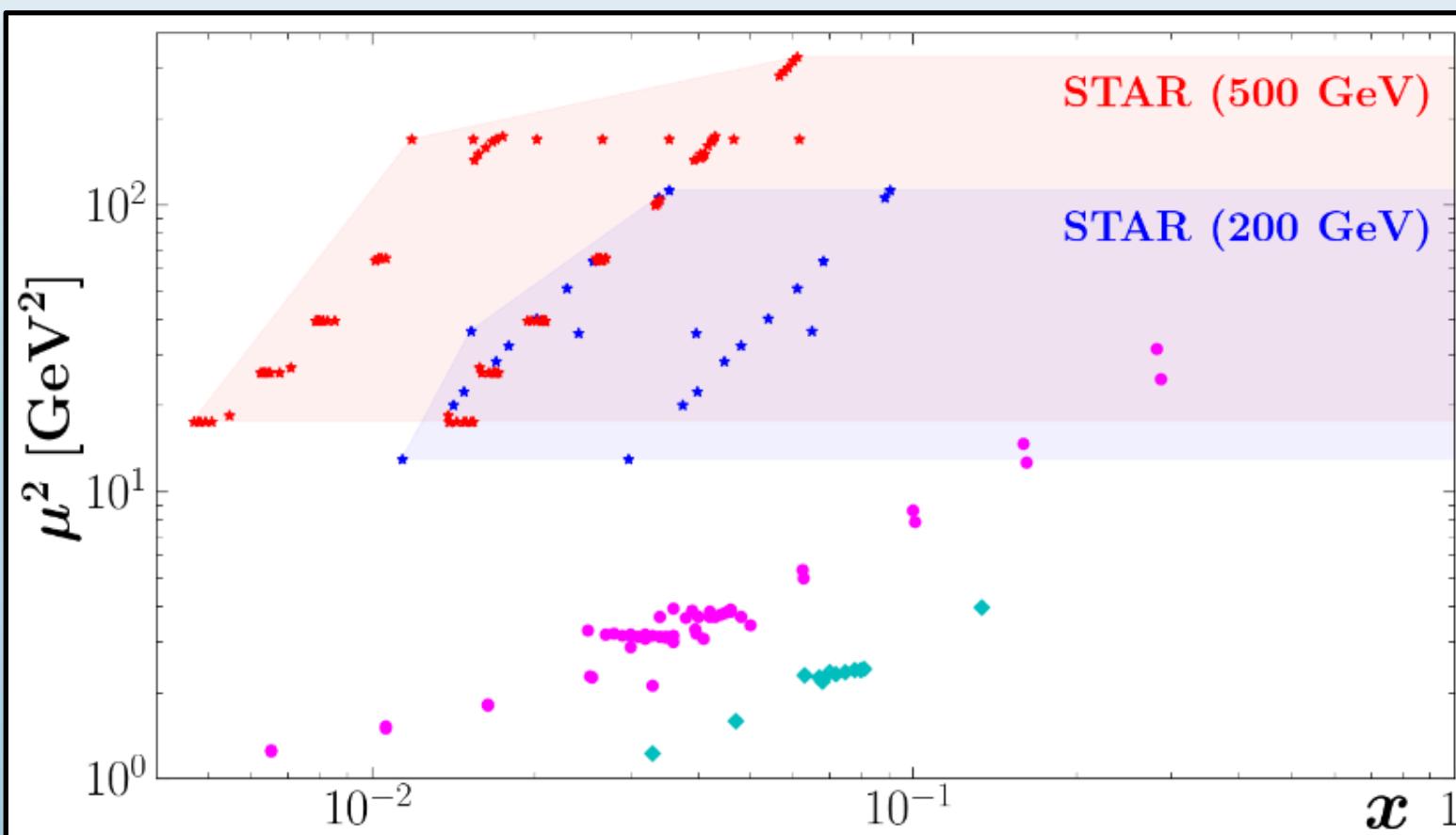
Data for PDFs

Process	Collaborations	Points
SIDIS (p, D)	COMPASS, HERMES	64
Proton-Proton	STAR	269



Data for PDFs

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SIDIS (p, D)	COMPASS, HERMES	64
Proton-Proton	STAR	269



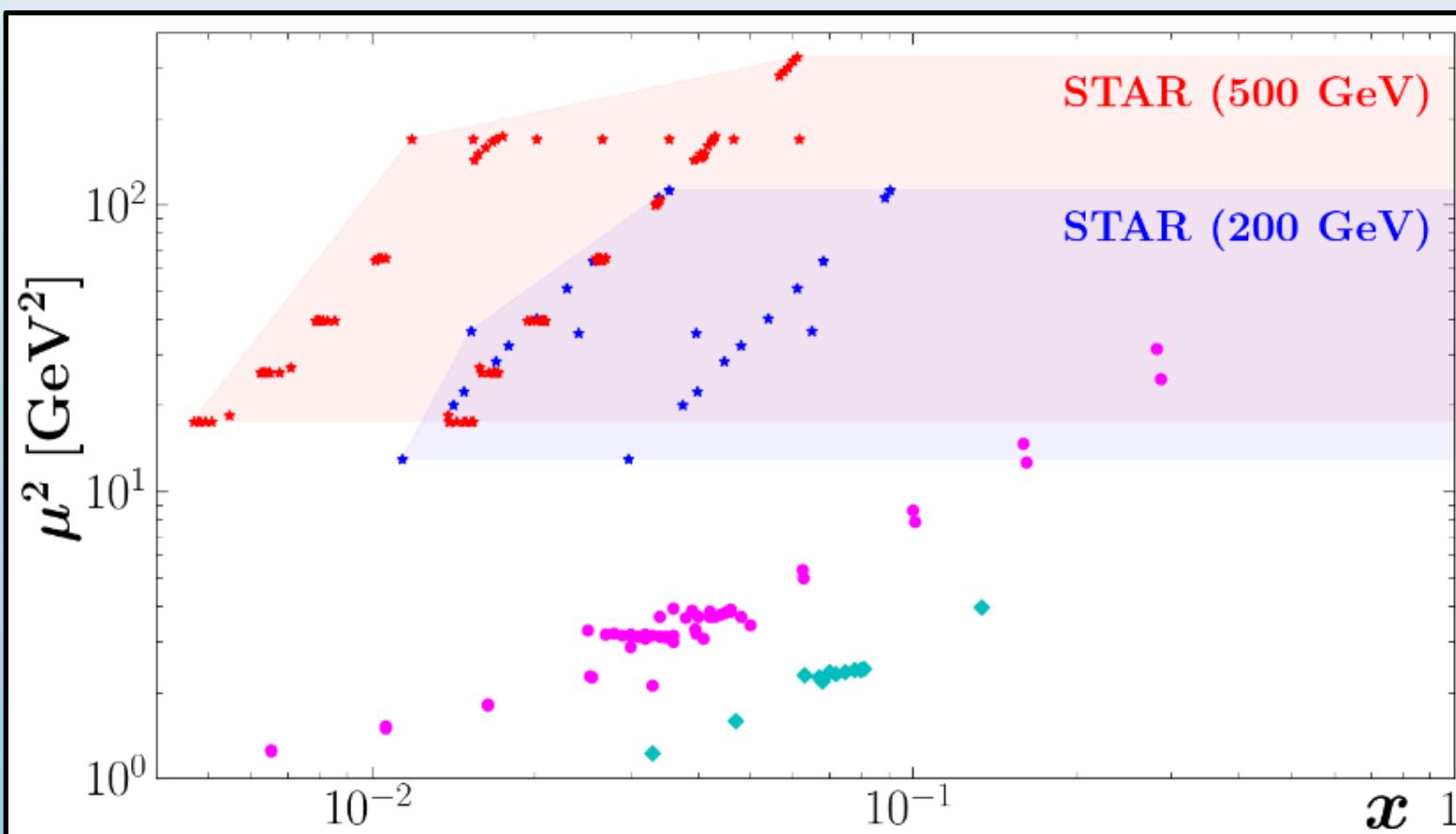
Parameterization Choices

3 independent observables
3 independent functions

$$\begin{aligned} h_1^{u_\nu} \\ h_1^{d_\nu} \\ h_1^{\bar{u}} = -h_1^{\bar{d}} \end{aligned}$$

Data for PDFs

Process	Collaborations	Points
SIDIS (p, D)	COMPASS, HERMES	64
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Parameterization Choices

3 independent observables
3 independent functions

$$h_1^{u_\nu} \quad h_1^{d_\nu}$$

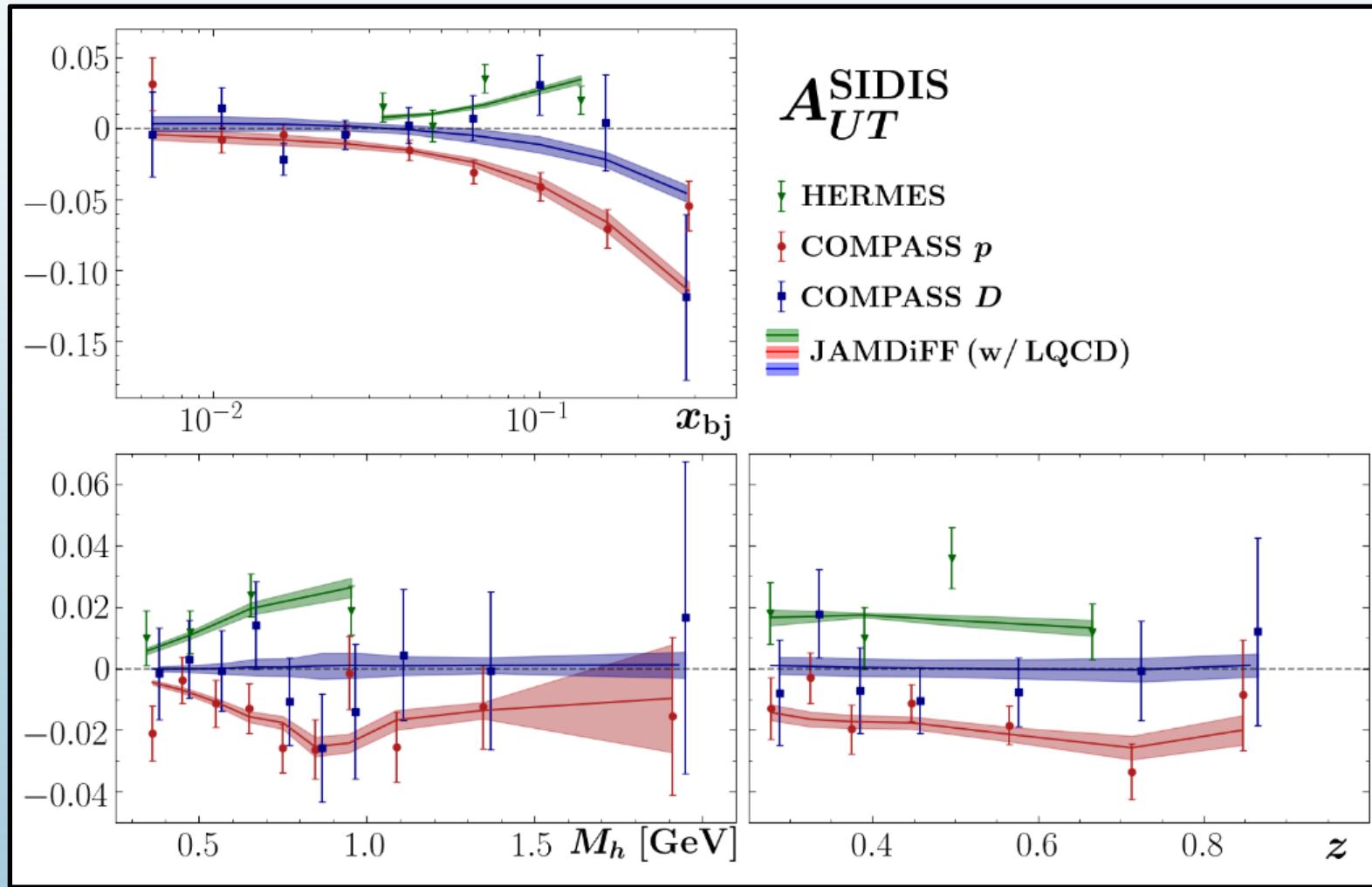
$$h_1^{\bar{u}} = -h_1^{\bar{d}}$$

Prediction from large- N_c limit

Quality of Fit

Experiment	N_{dat}	χ^2_{red}	
		w/ LQCD	no LQCD
Belle (cross section) [63]	1094	1.01	1.01
Belle (Artru-Collins) [92]	183	0.74	0.73
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Total χ^2_{red} (N_{dat})		1.01 (1475)	0.98 (1471)

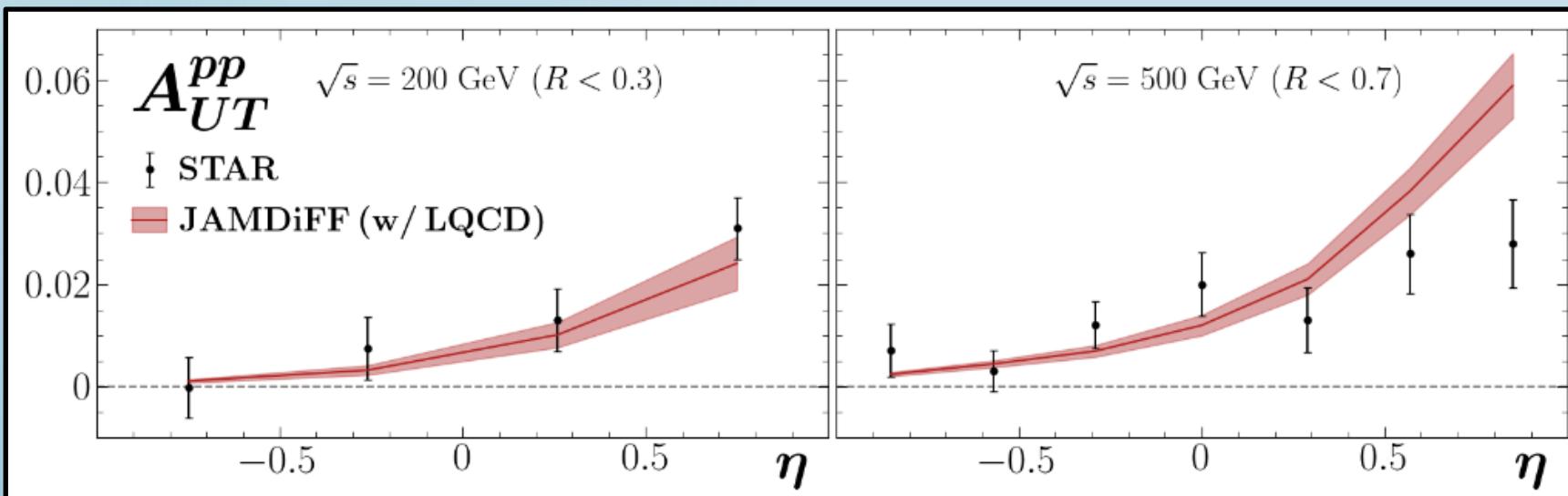
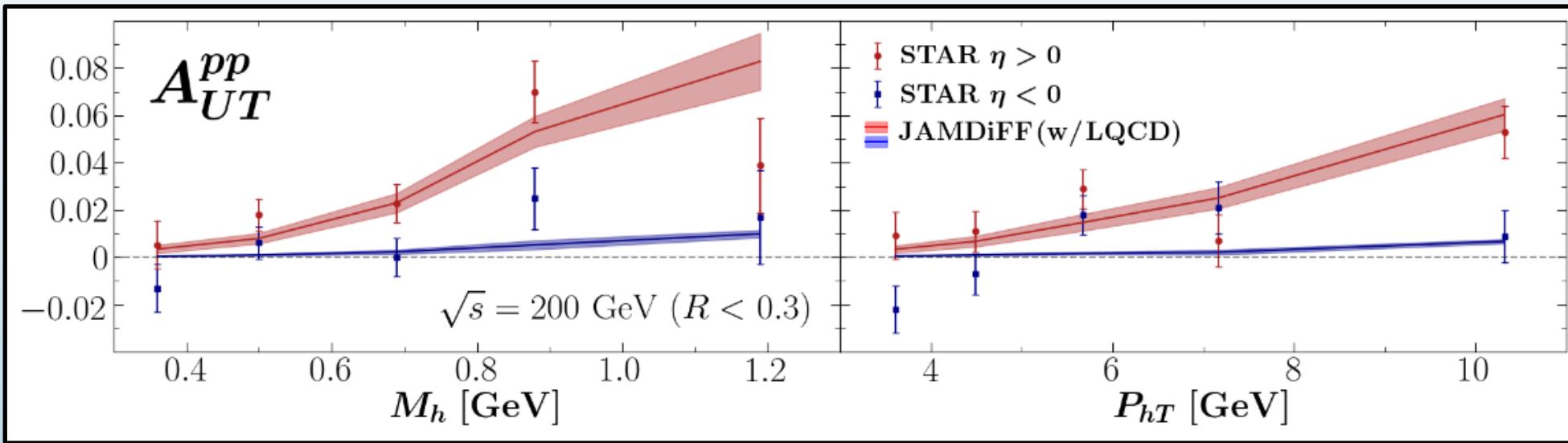
Quality of Fit (SIDIS)



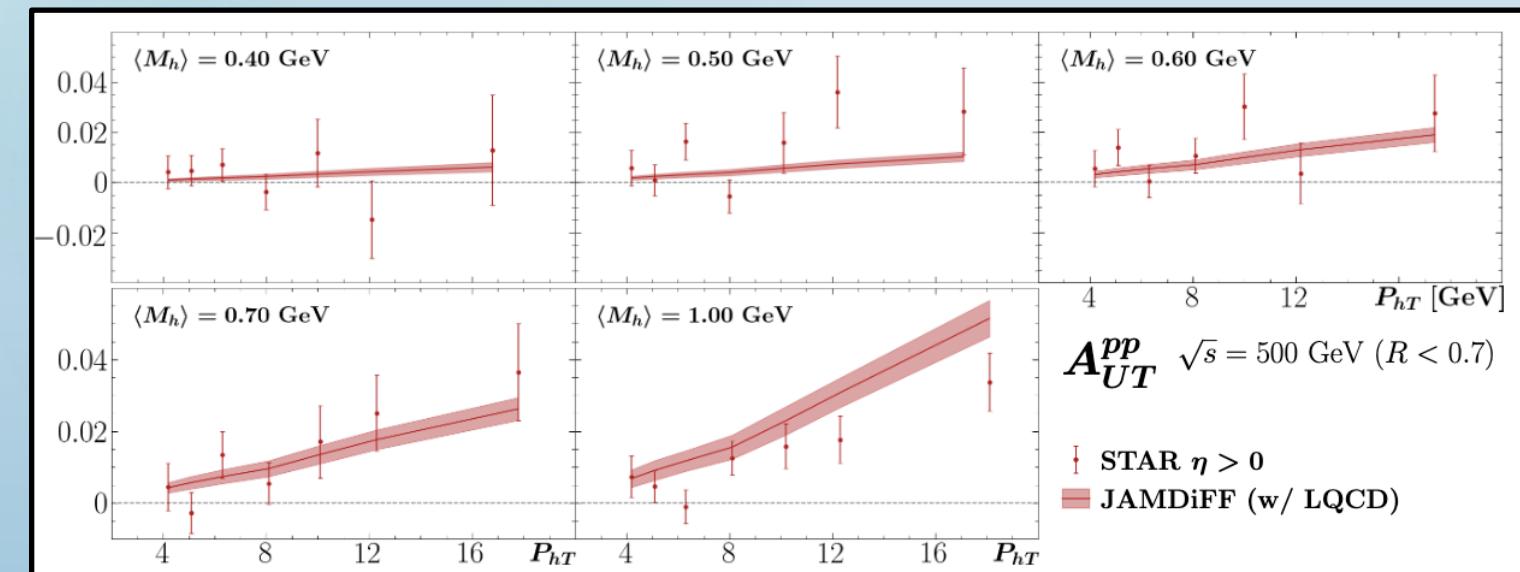
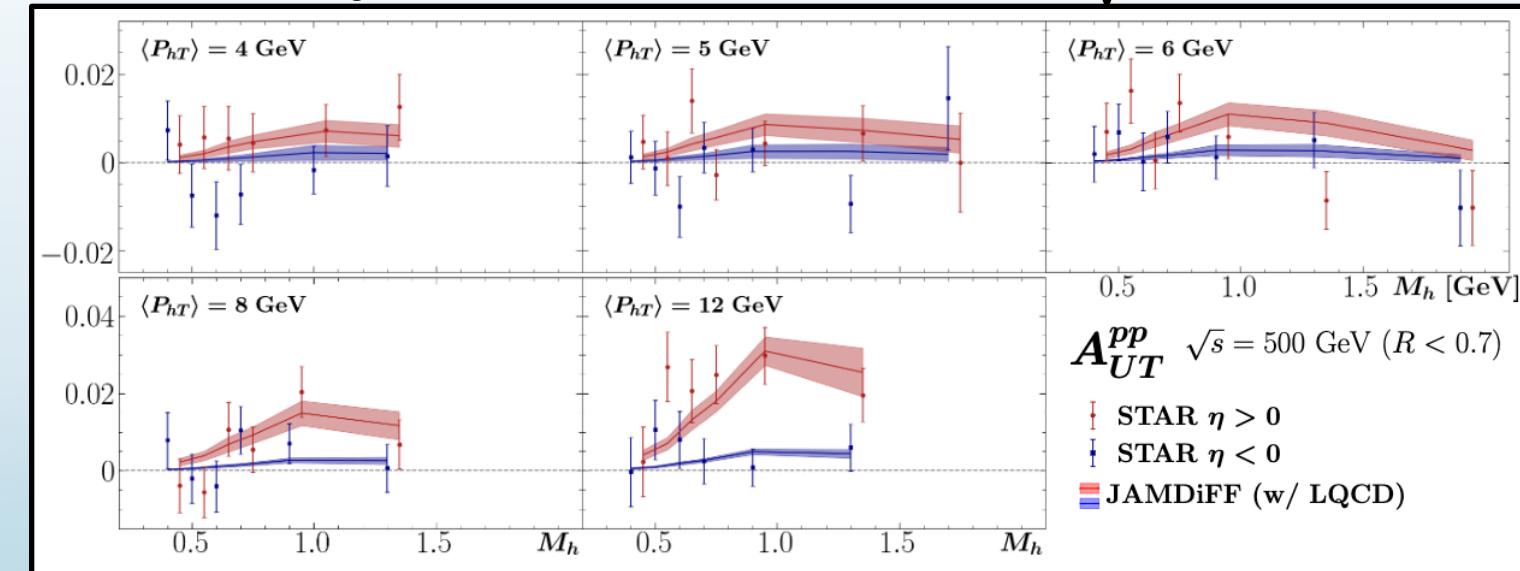
A. Airapetian *et al.*, JHEP **06**, 017 (2008)

COMPASS, arXiv:hep-ph/2301.02013 (2023)

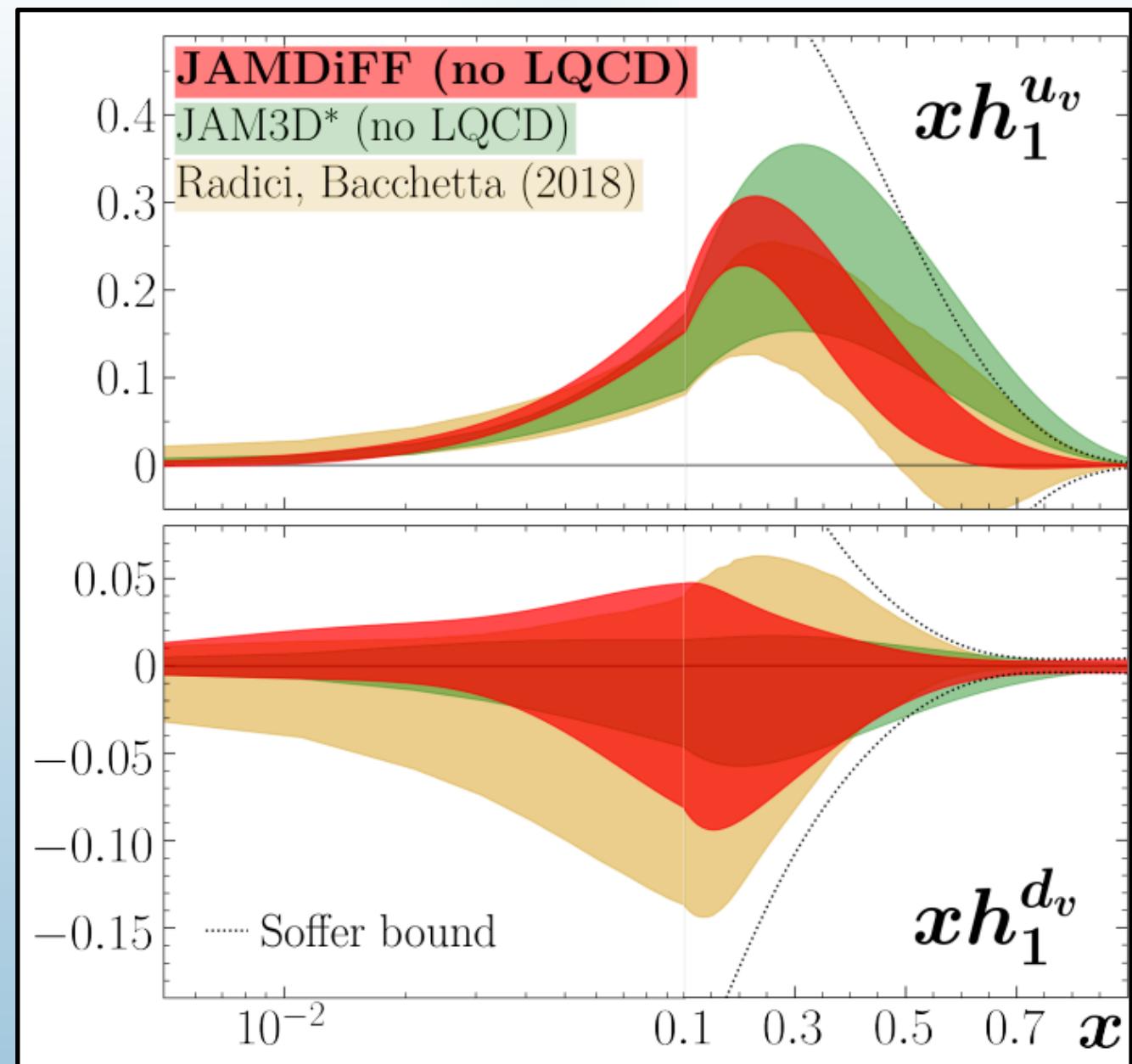
Quality of Fit (STAR $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV)



Quality of Fit (STAR $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV)



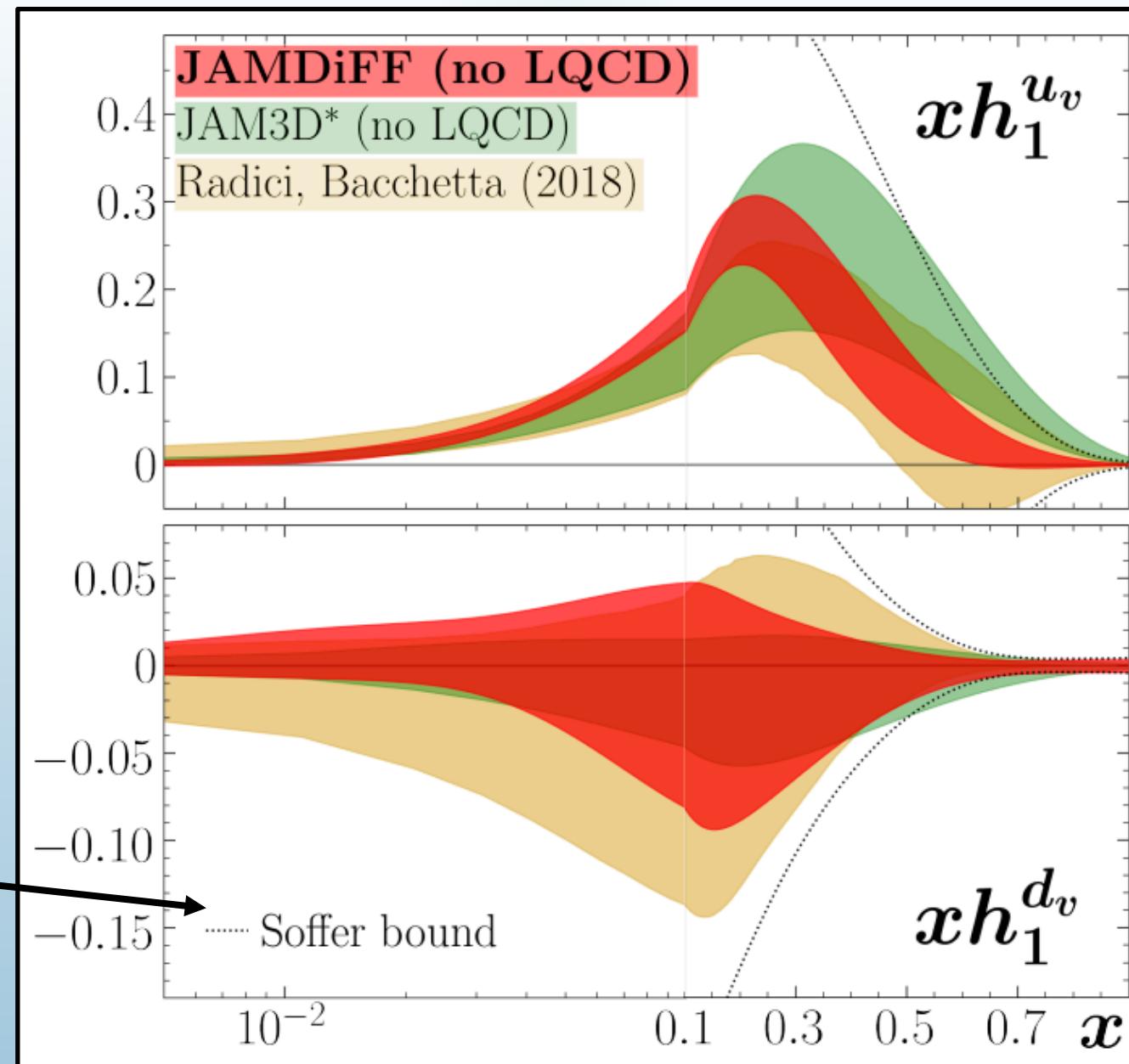
Transversity PDFs



Transversity PDFs

$$\text{Soffer Bound: } |h_1^q| < \frac{1}{2} [f_1^q + g_1^q]$$

J. Soffer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 1292-1294 (1995)

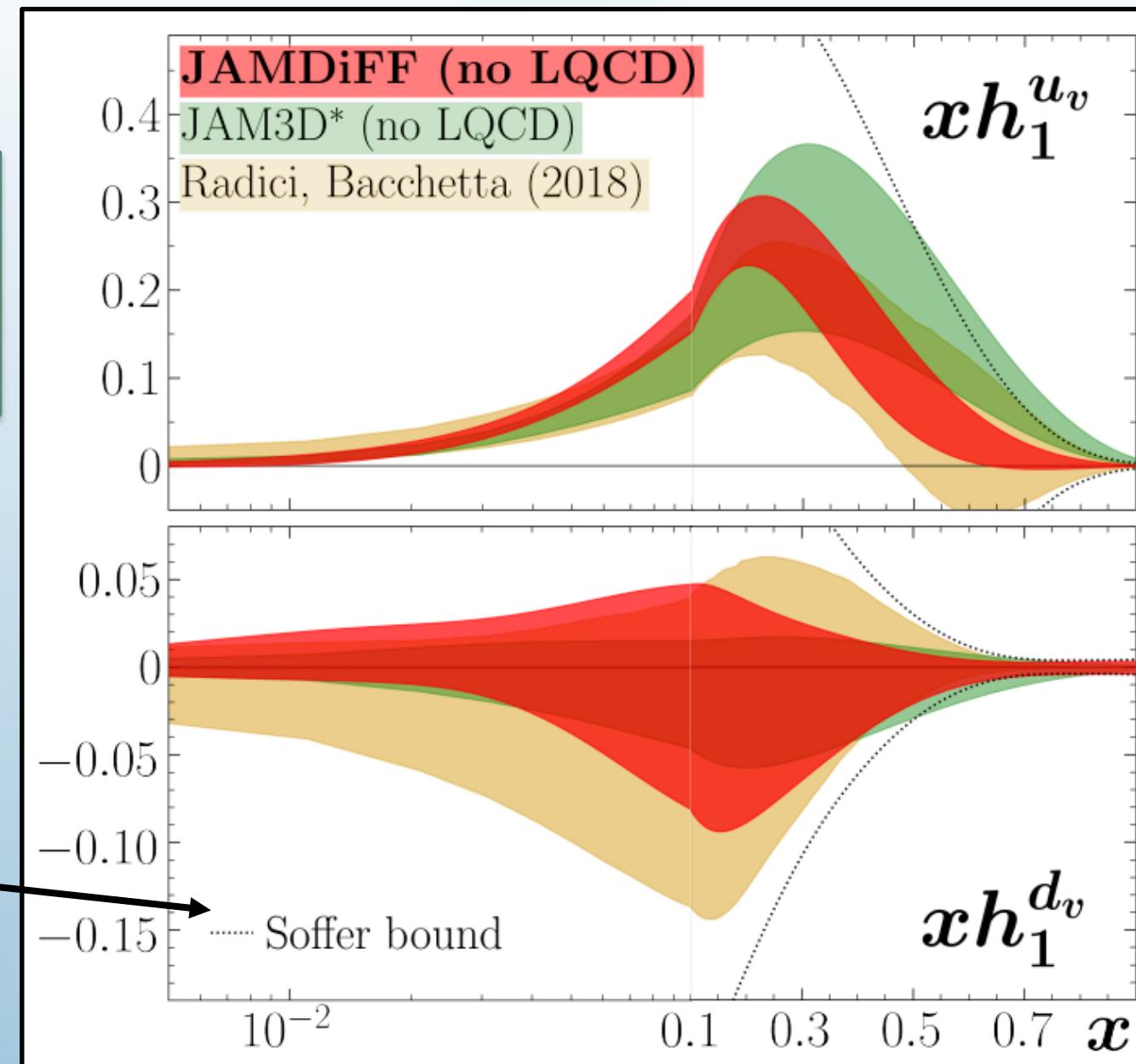


Transversity PDFs

JAM3D* = JAM3D-22 (no LQCD)
 + Antiquarks w/ $\bar{u} = -\bar{d}$
 + small- x constraint (see slide 23)

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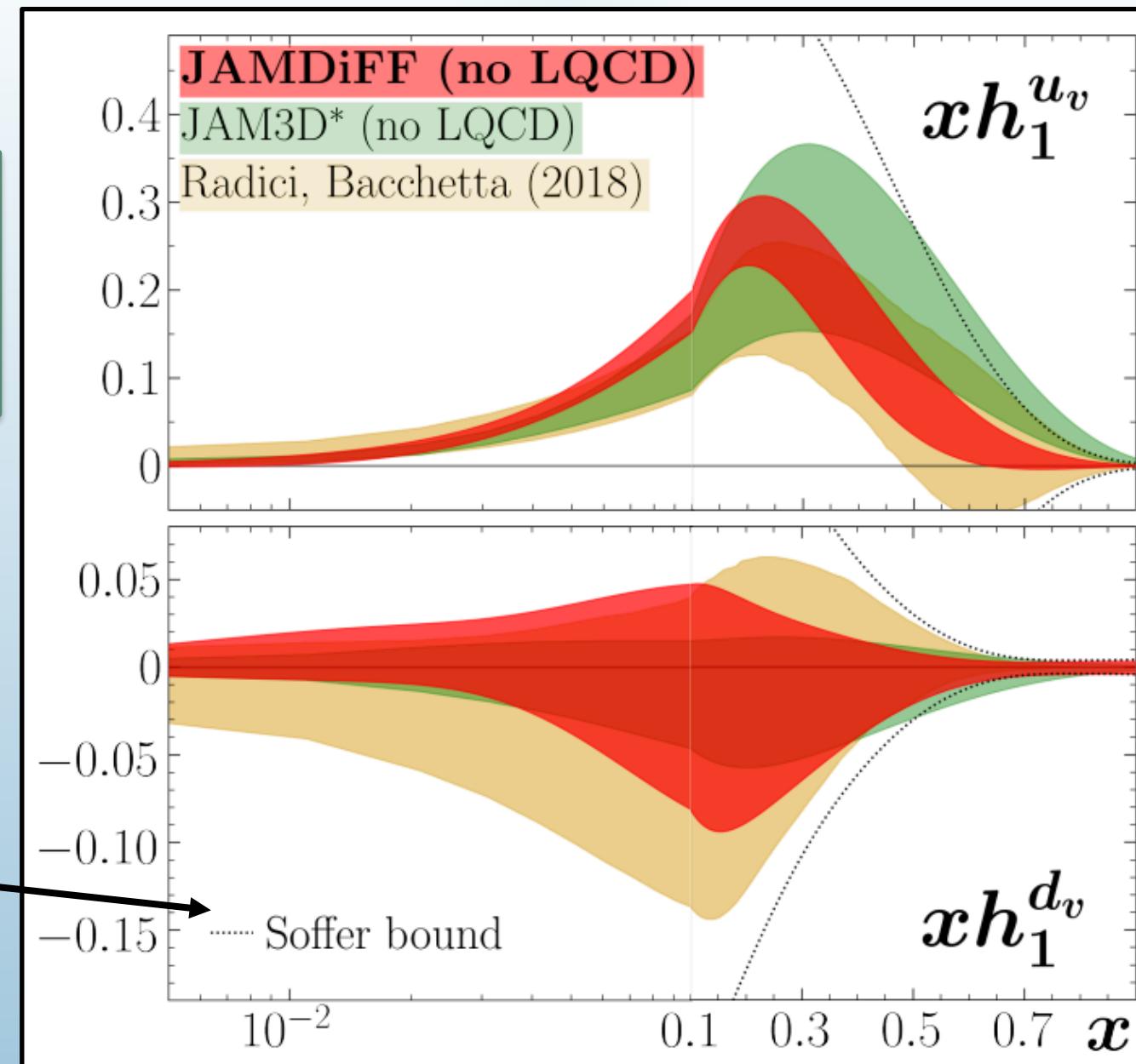
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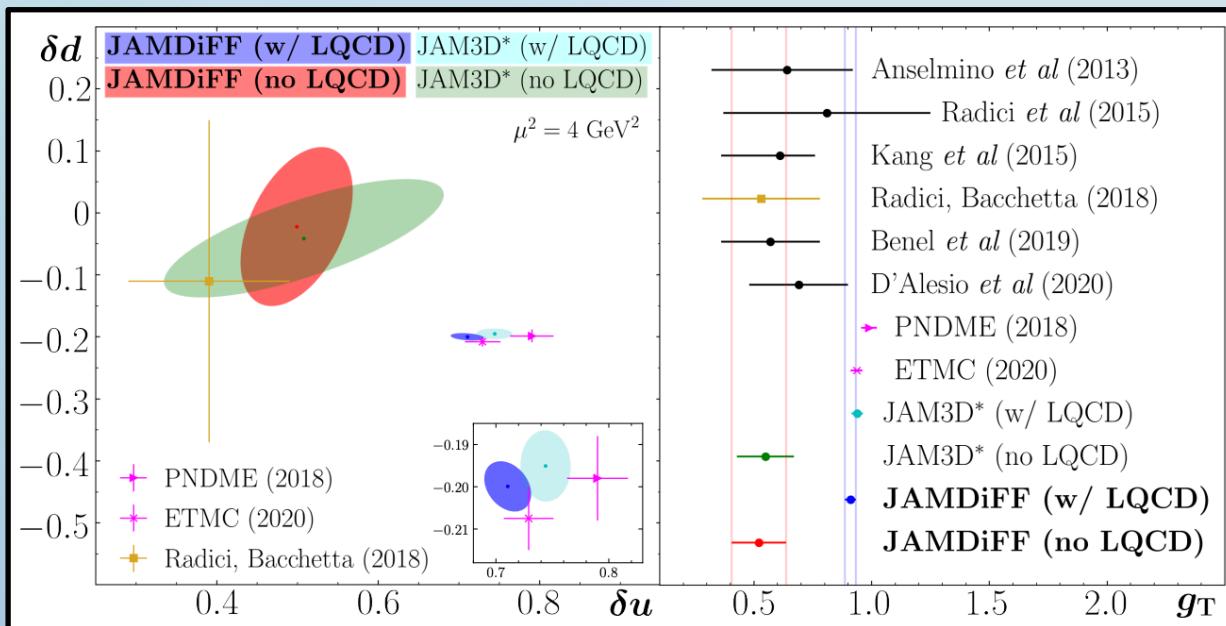
Agreement between all three analyses within errors

$$\text{Soffer Bound: } |h_1^q| < \frac{1}{2} [f_1^q + g_1^q]$$

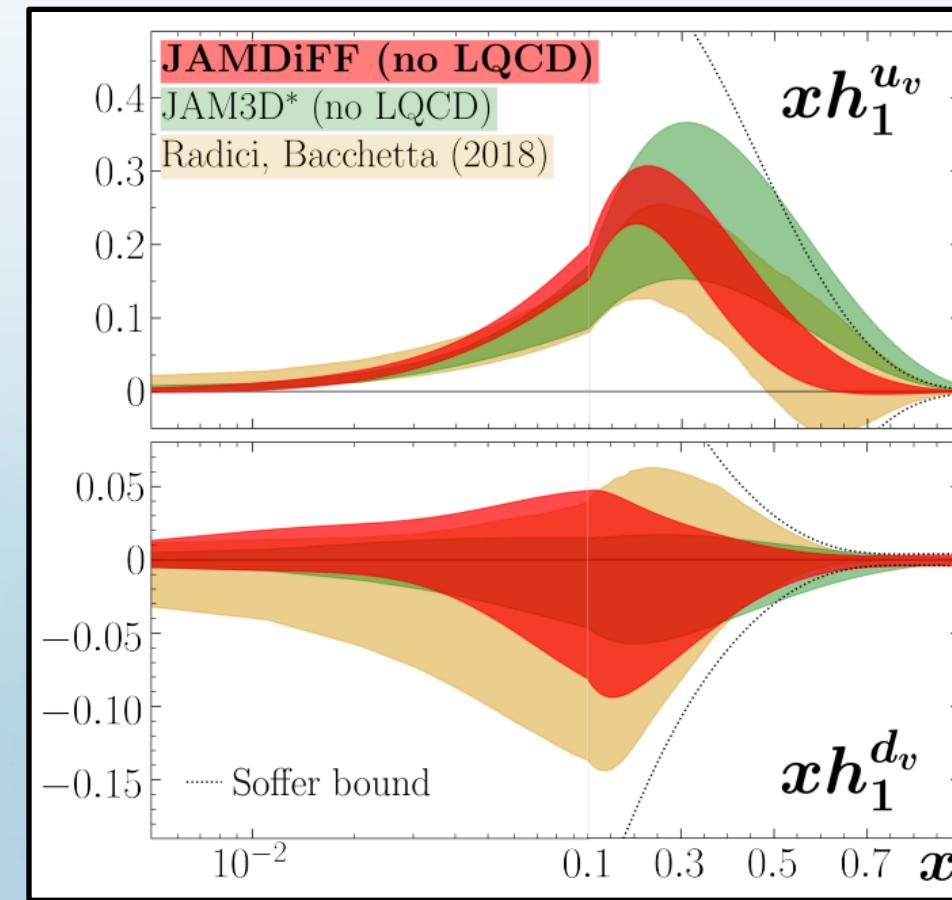
J. Soffer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 1292-1294 (1995)



1. Introduction
2. Extraction of DiFFs
3. Extraction of Transversity PDFs
- 4. Extraction of Tensor Charges**
5. Future Extraction w/ TMDs
6. Conclusions and Outlook

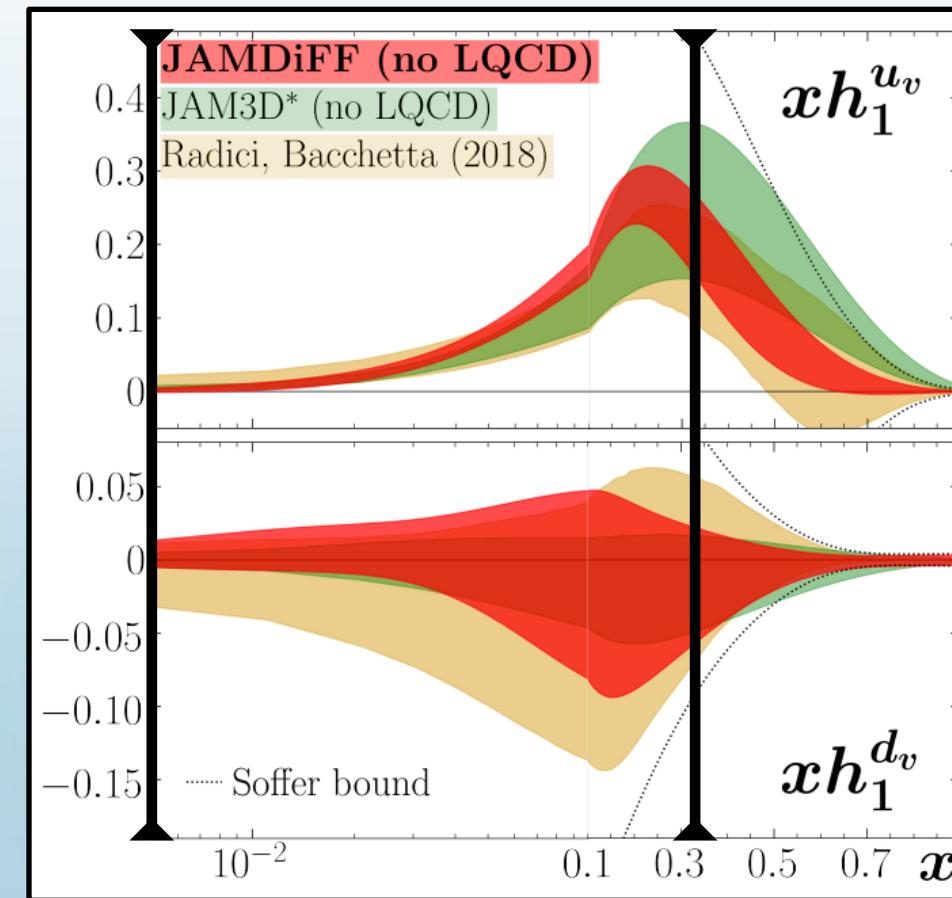


Controlling Extrapolation



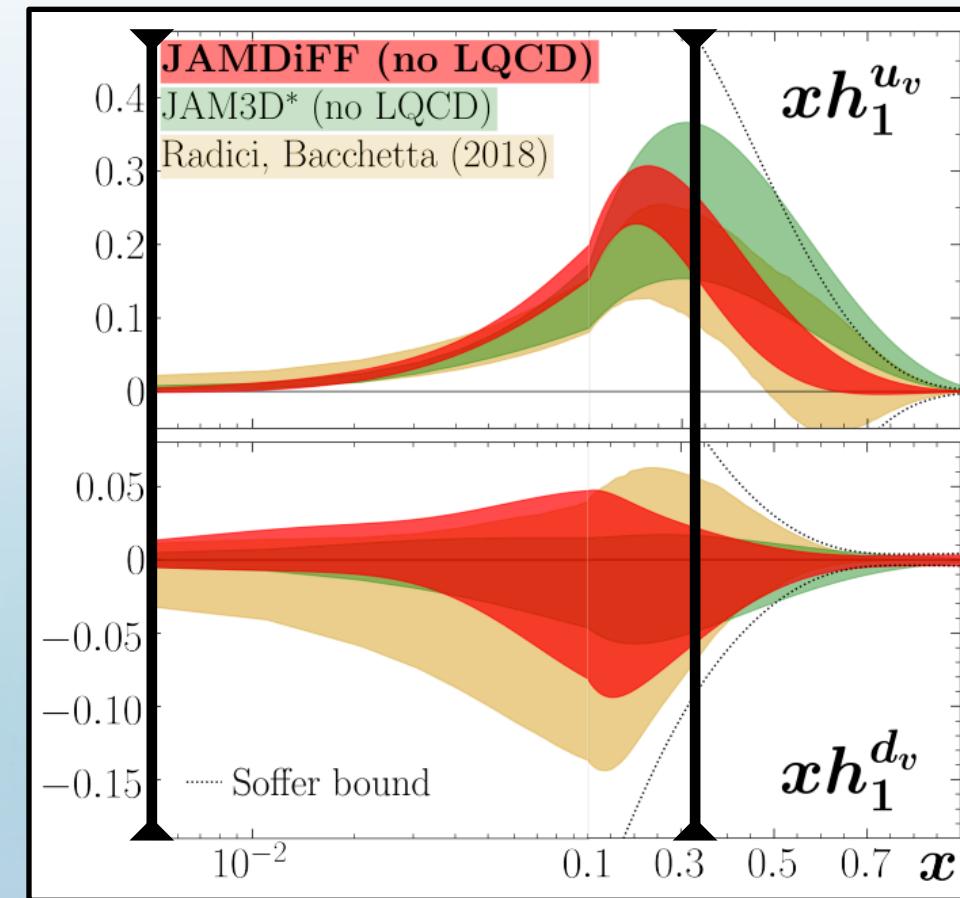
$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$
$$\delta d \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^d - h_1^{\bar{d}}),$$
$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

Controlling Extrapolation



$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$
$$\delta d \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^d - h_1^{\bar{d}}),$$
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Controlling Extrapolation



Measured Region

$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$

$$\delta d \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^d - h_1^{\bar{d}}),$$

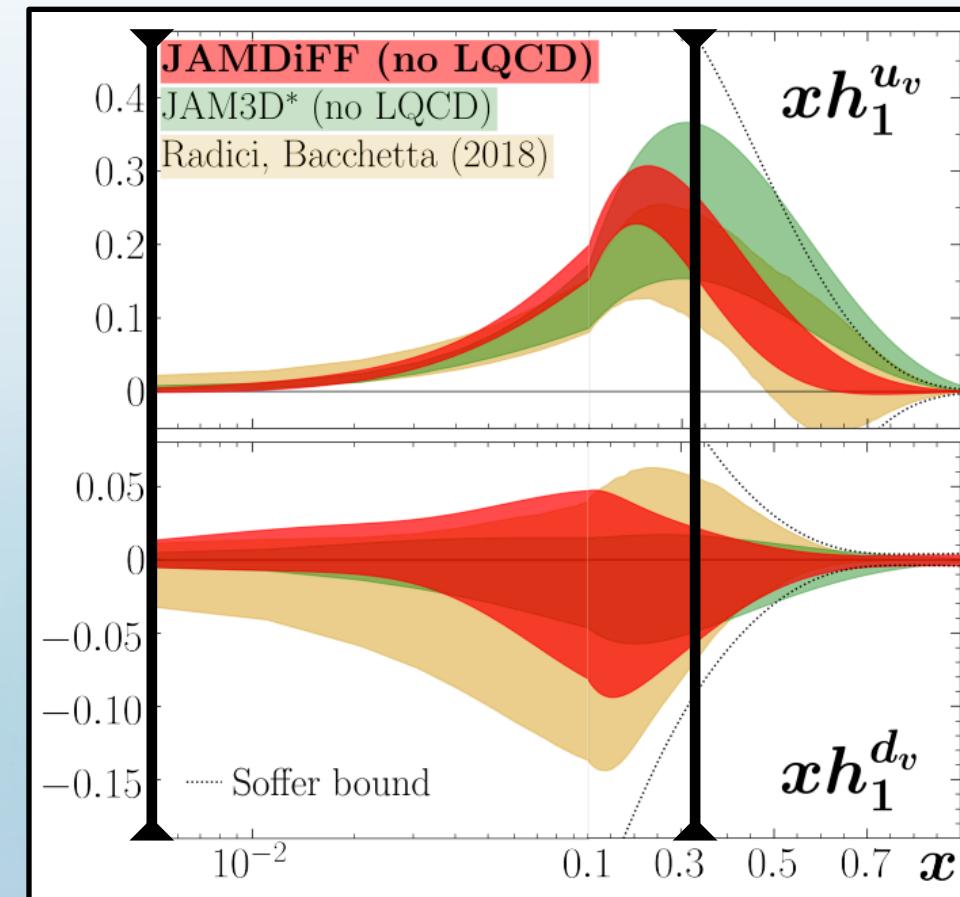
$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

Large $x \gtrsim 0.3$

Soffer Bound: $|h_1^q| < \frac{1}{2}[f_1^q + g_1^q]$

J. Soffer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 1292-1294 (1995)

Controlling Extrapolation



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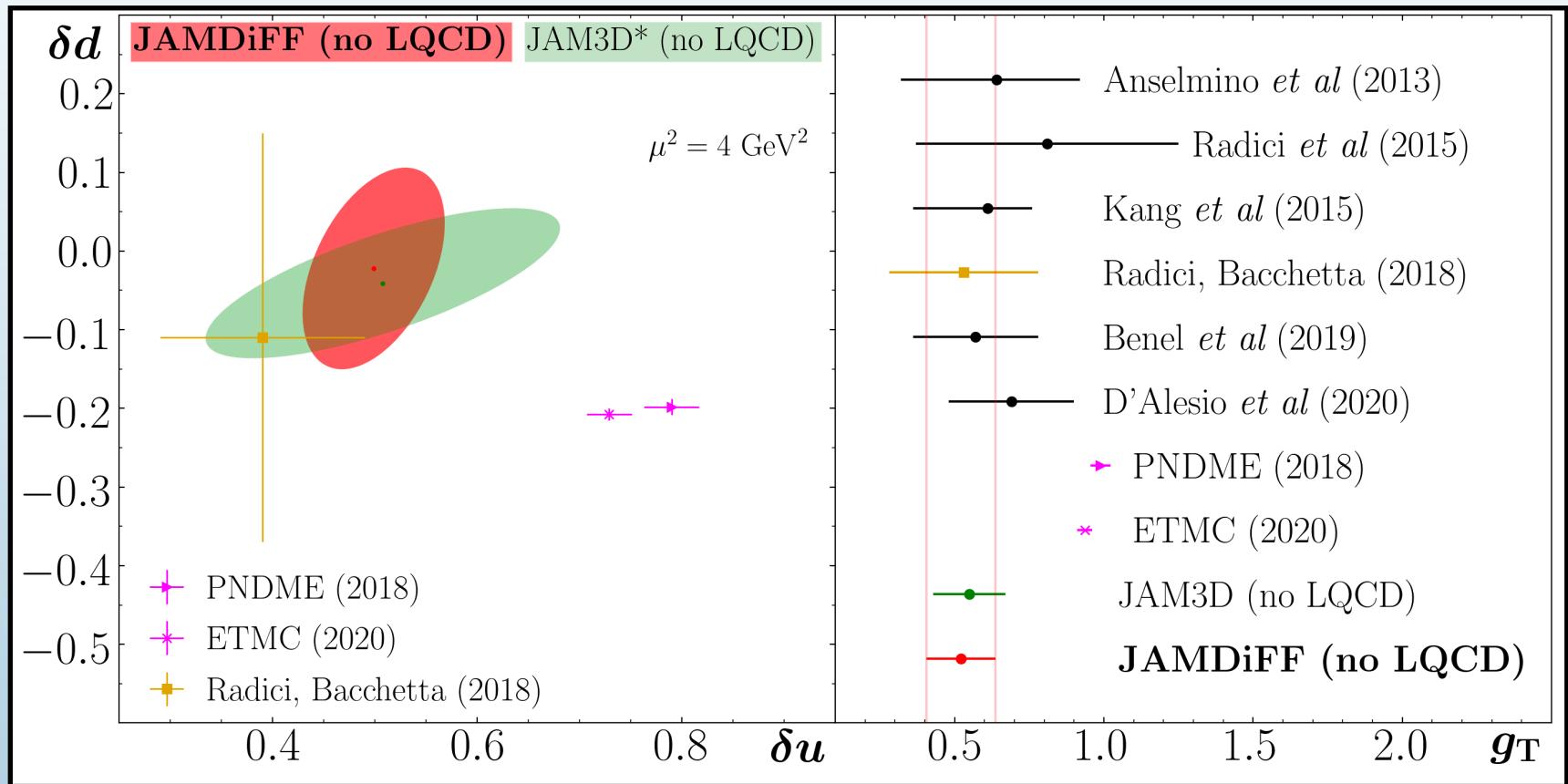
J. Soffer, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 1292-1294 (1995)

Small $x \lesssim 0.005$

$$h_1^q \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} x^{\alpha_q} \quad \alpha_q = 1 - 2\sqrt{\frac{\alpha_s N_c}{2\pi}} \approx 0.17 \pm 0.085$$

Y. V. Kovchegov and M. D. Sievert, Phys. Rev. D **99**, 054033 (2019)

Tensor Charges

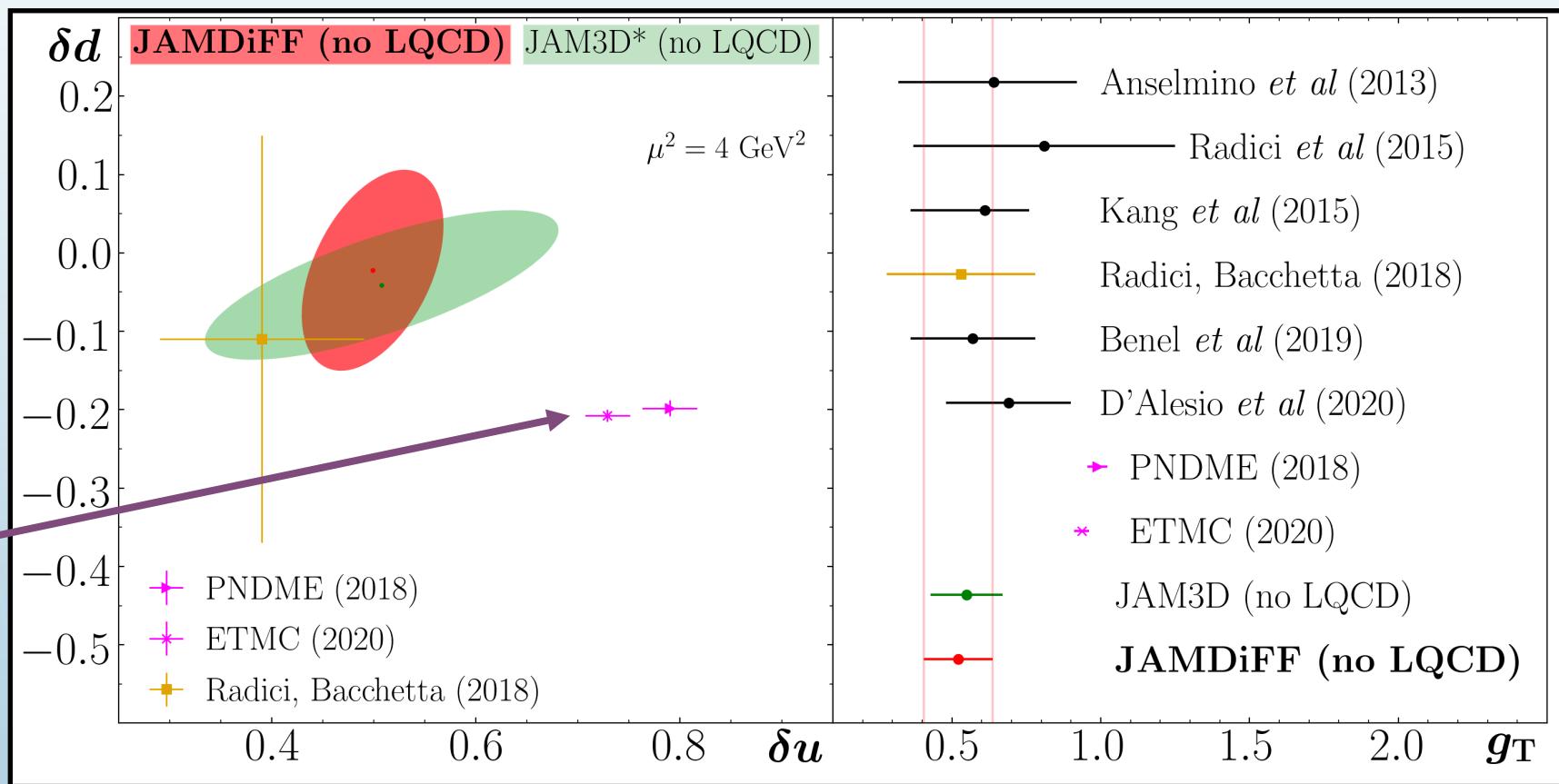


Tensor Charges

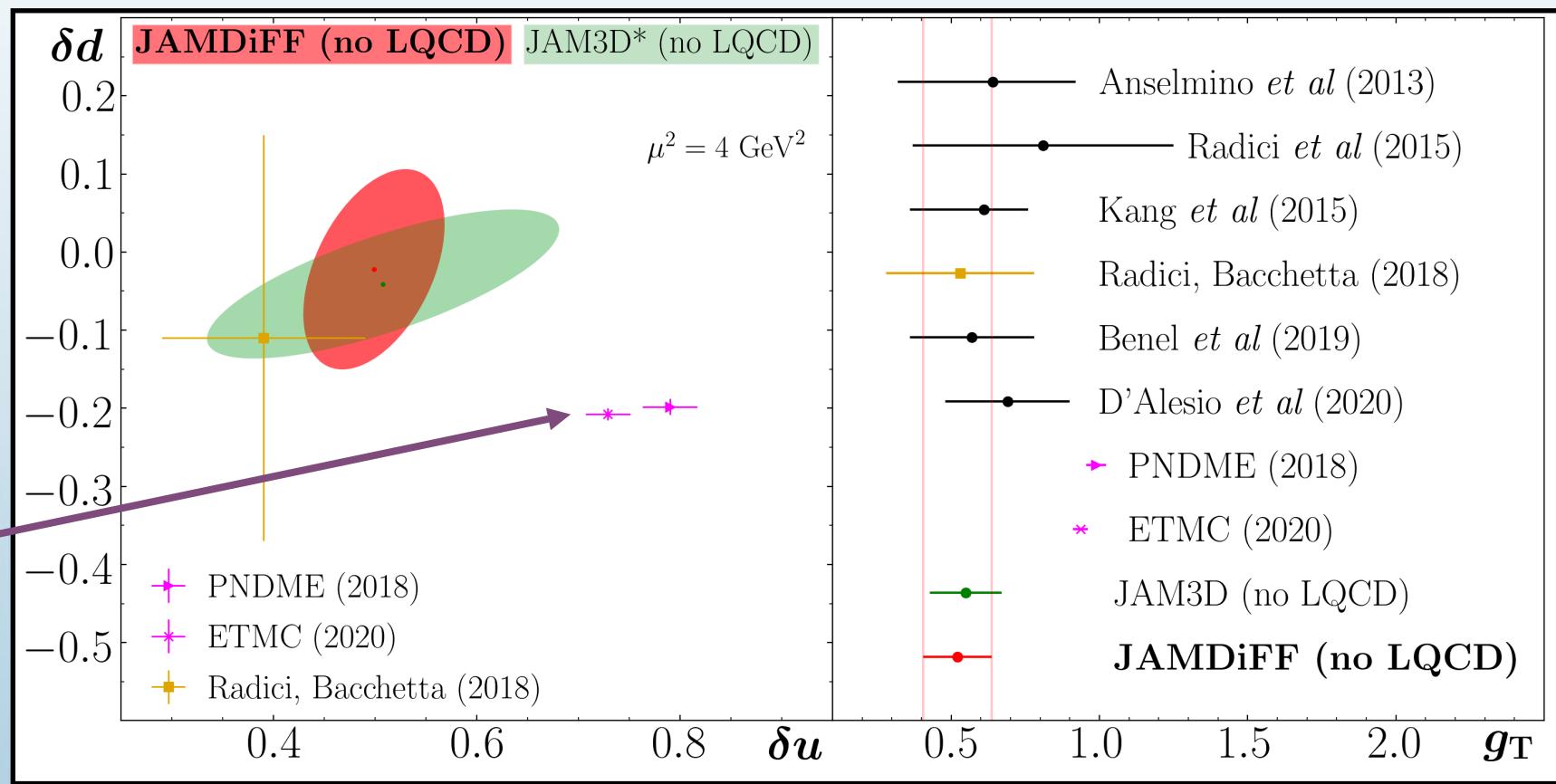
LQCD

R. Gupta *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **98**, 091501 (2018)

C. Alexandrou *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **102**, 054517 (2020)



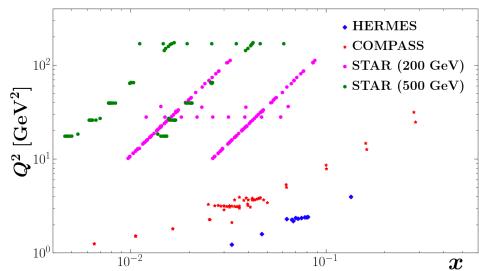
Tensor Charges



Consistent with RB18 and JAM3D* (no LQCD).
What happens if we include LQCD in the fit?

Experiment + Lattice + Theory

EXPERIMENT
(measured region)



LATTICE
(full moments)

$$\delta u \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^u - h_1^{\bar{u}}),$$

$$\delta d \equiv \int_0^1 dx (h_1^d - h_1^{\bar{d}}),$$

$$g_T \equiv \delta u - \delta d,$$

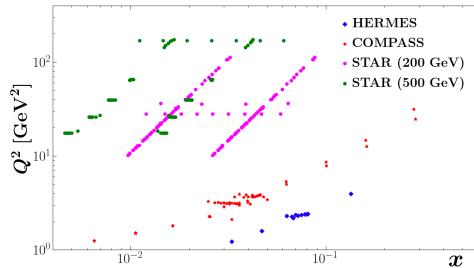
THEORY
(unmeasured regions)

$$|h_1^q| < \frac{1}{2} [f_1^q + g_1^q]$$

$$\alpha_q = 1 - 2\sqrt{\frac{\alpha_s N_c}{2\pi}}$$

Experiment + Lattice + Theory

EXPERIMENT
(measured region)



Presently, trivial to
find compatibility
between any two

LATTICE
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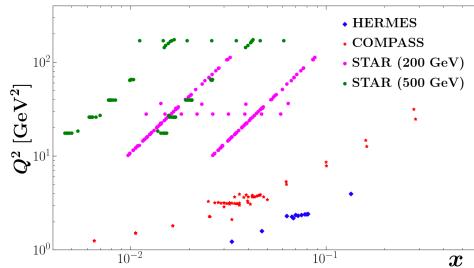
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Experiment + Lattice + Theory

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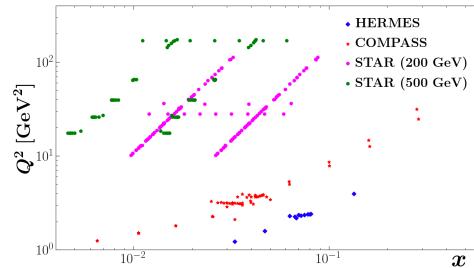
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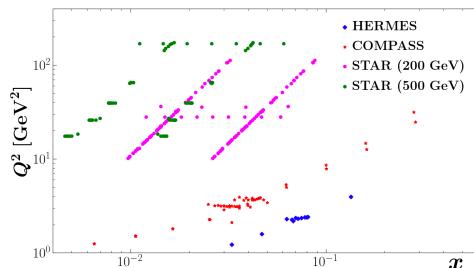
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Only meaningful when
all three are included

Quality of Fit

Experiment	N_{dat}	χ^2_{red}	
		w/ LQCD	no LQCD
Belle (cross section) [63]	1094	1.01	1.01
Belle (Artru-Collins) [92]	183	0.74	0.73
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Total χ^2_{red} (N_{dat})		1.01 (1475)	0.98 (1471)

Quality of Fit

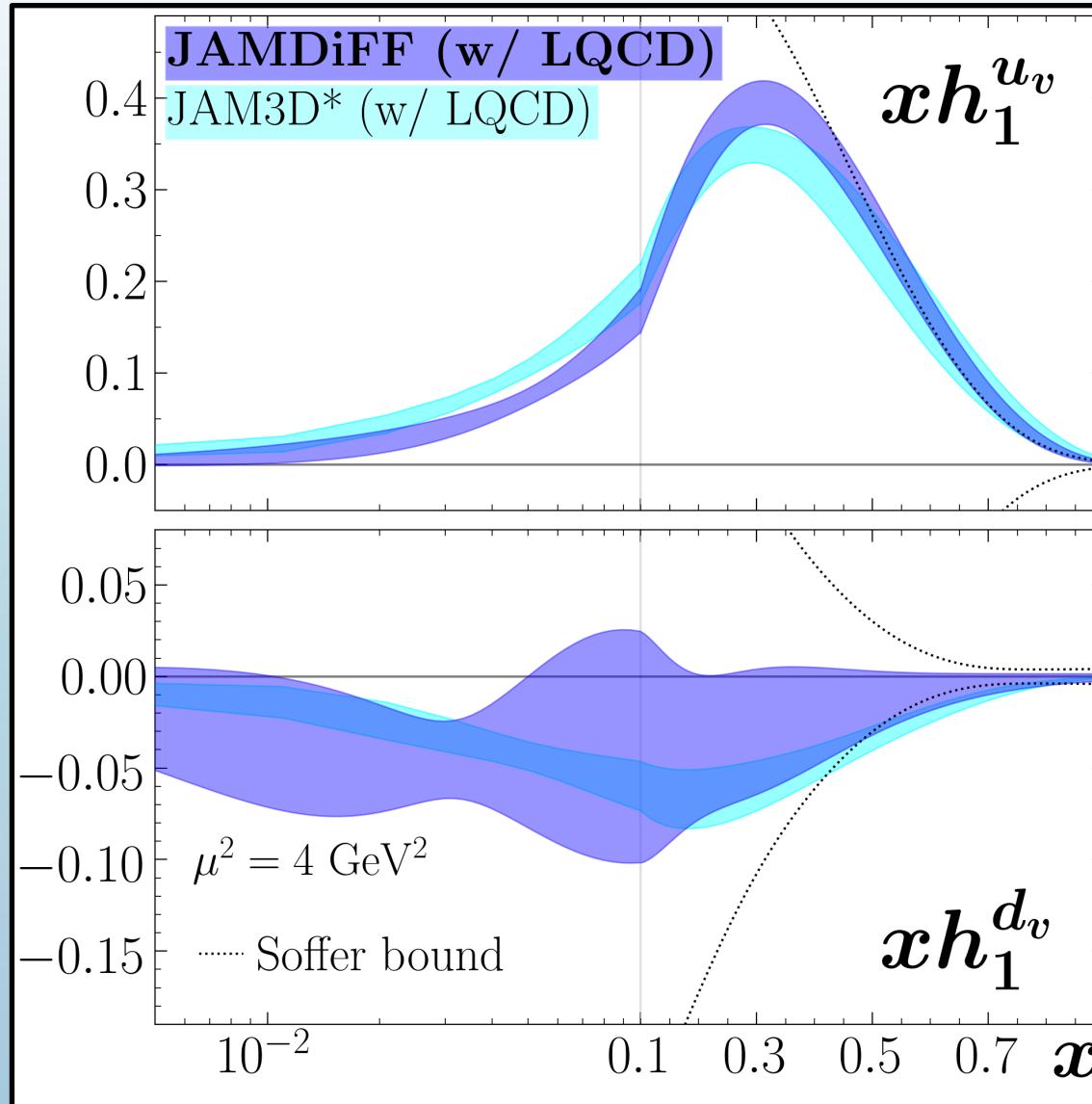
Physical Pion Mass

$$N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$$

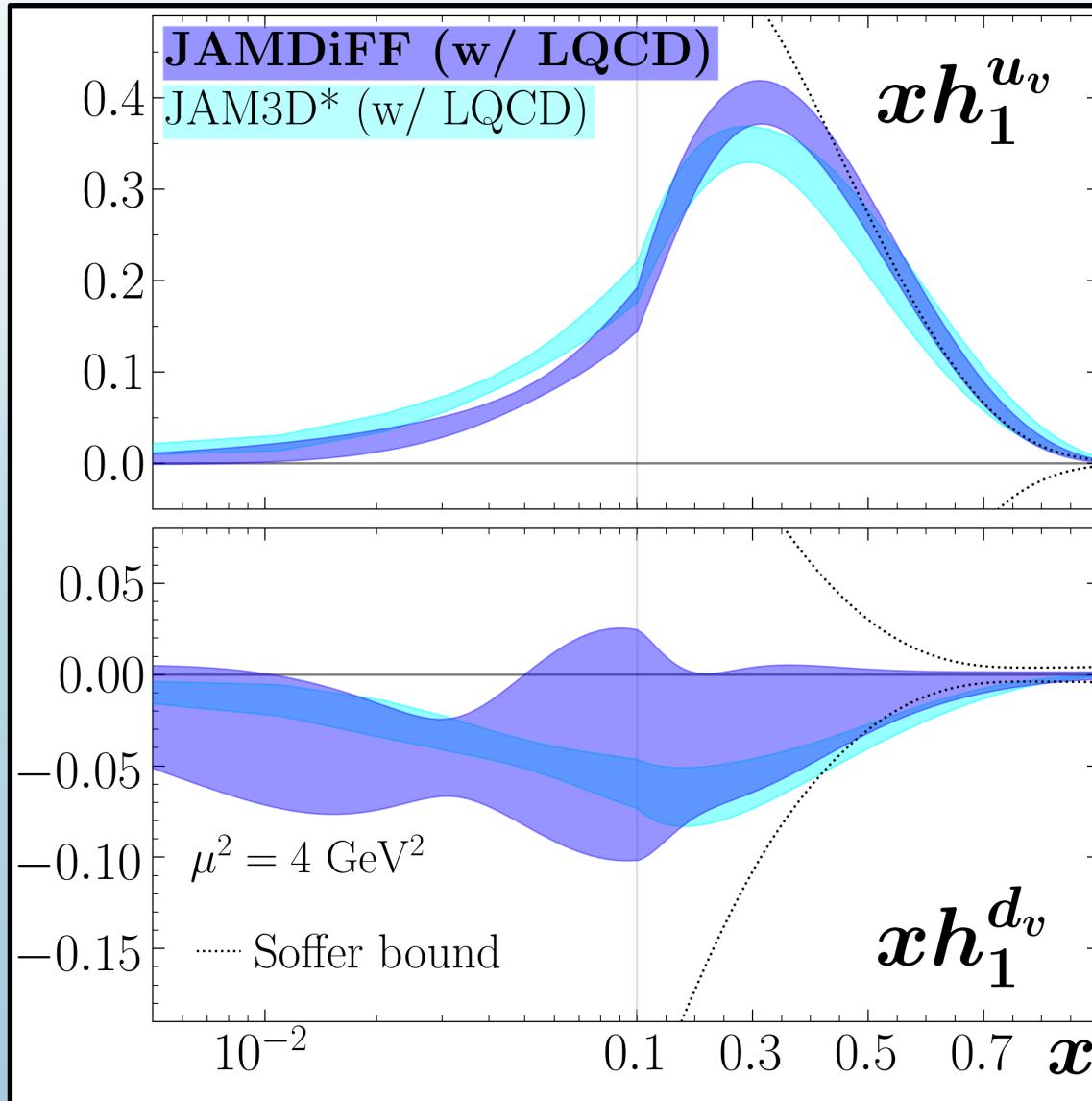
Use δu and δd instead of g_T

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Transversity PDFs (w/ LQCD)

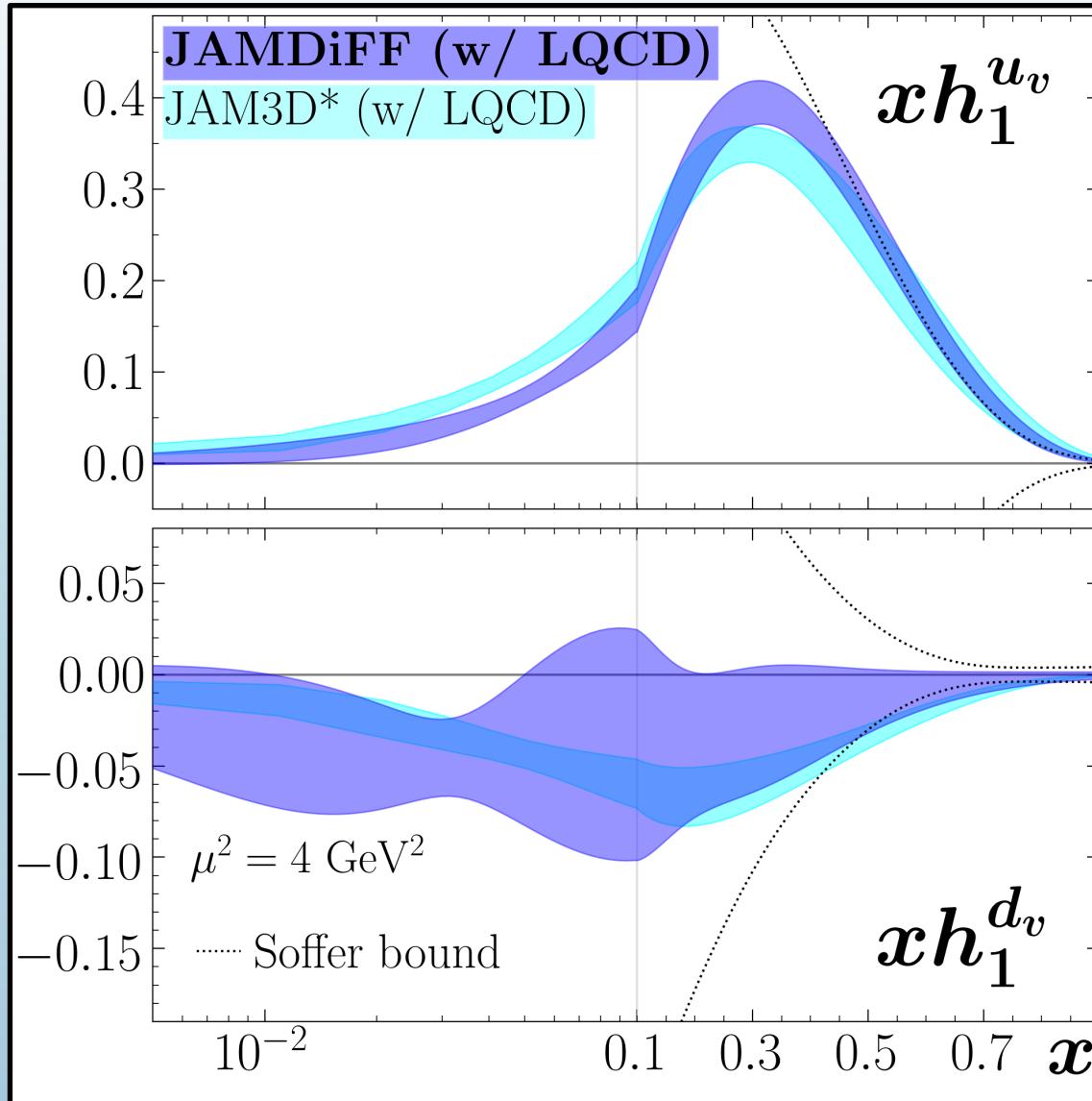


Transversity PDFs (w/ LQCD)



JAM3D* = JAM3D-22 (w/ LQCD)
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+ $\delta u, \delta d$ from ETMC & PNDME
(instead of g_T from ETMC)

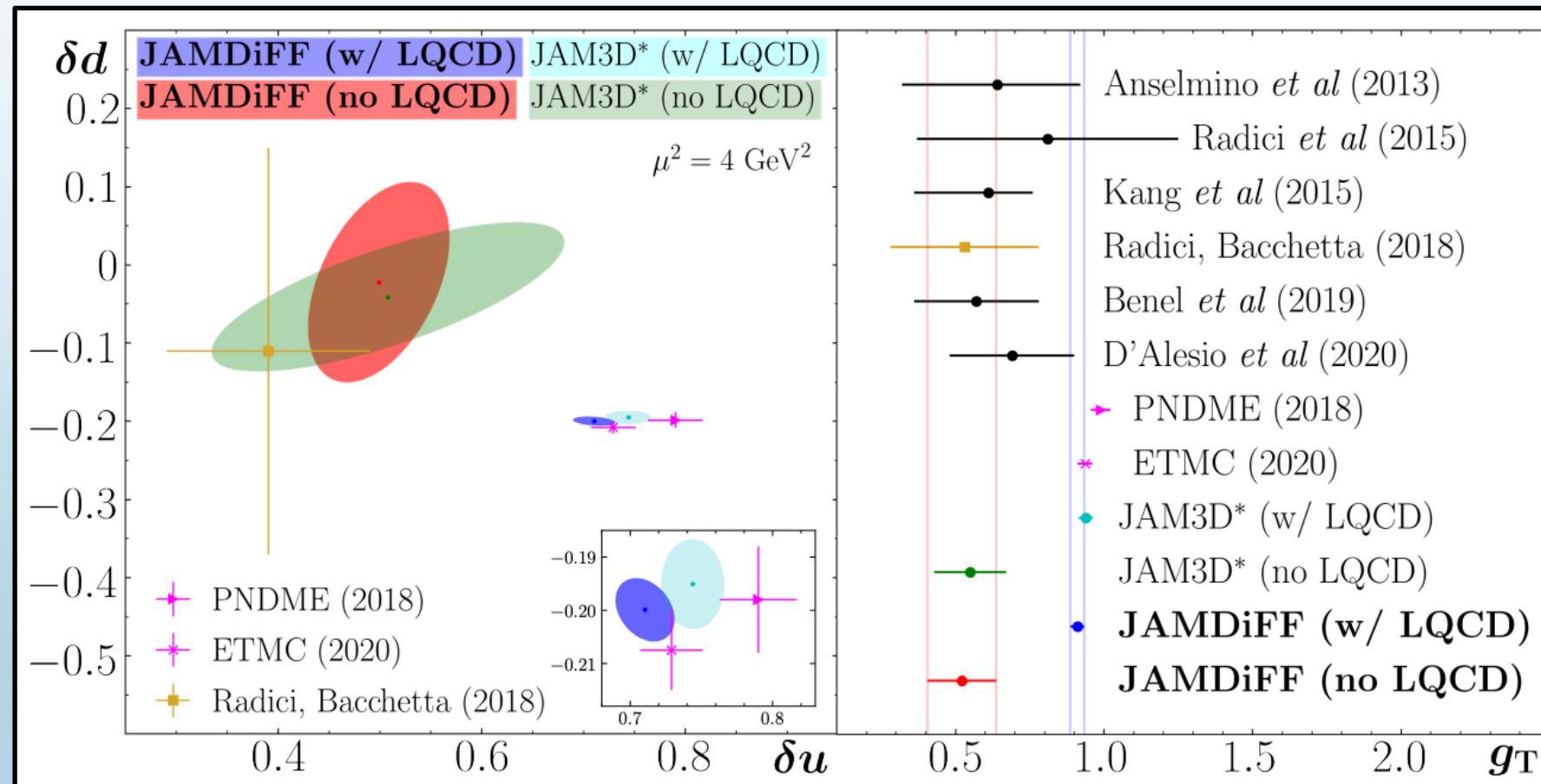
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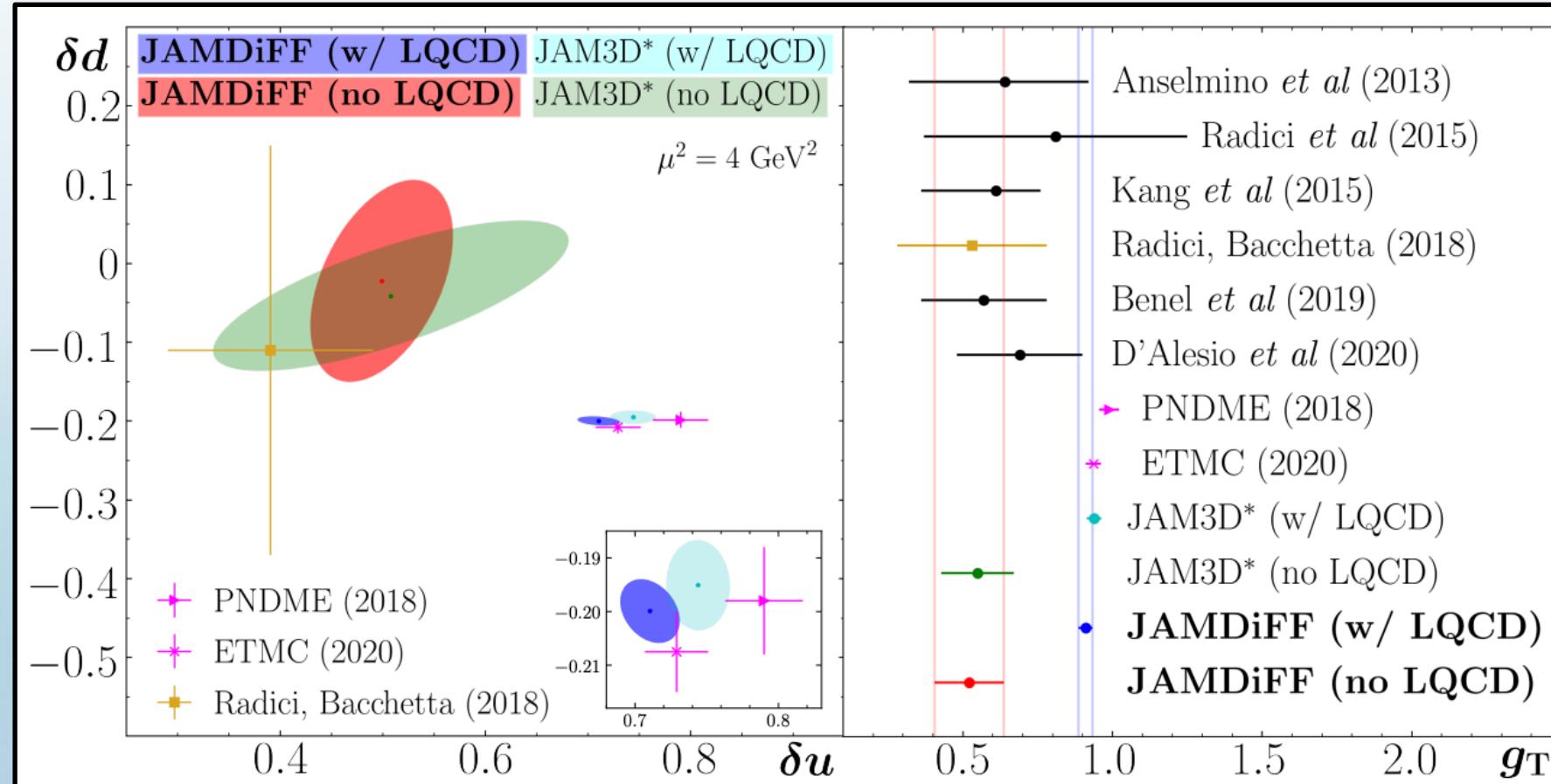
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+ $\delta u, \delta d$ from ETMC & PNDME
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JAMDiFF (w/ LQCD) and
JAM3D* (w/ LQCD) largely
agree

Tensor Charges (w/ LQCD)

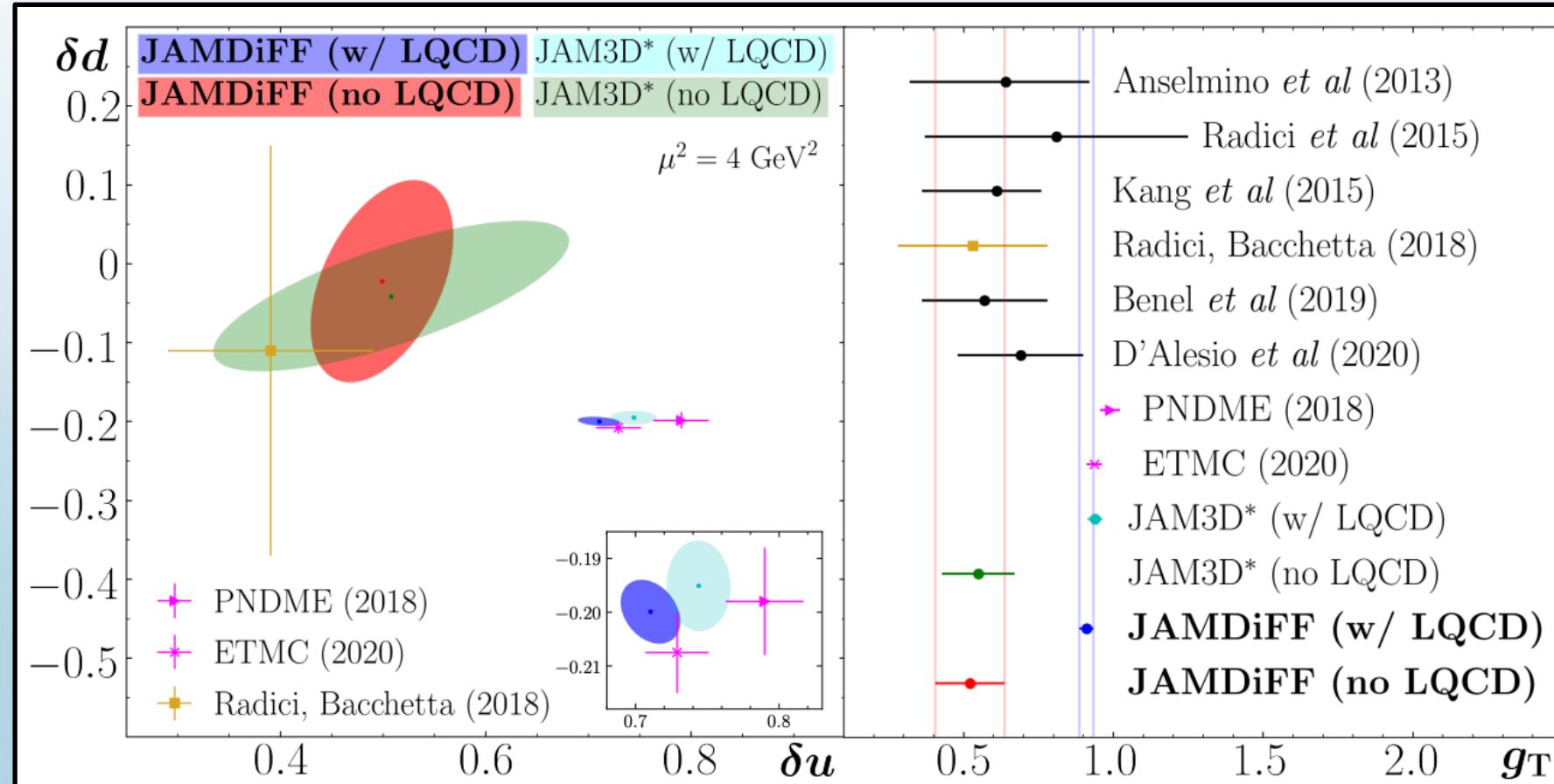


Tensor Charges (w/ LQCD)



Noticeable shift from
including lattice data

Tensor Charges (w/ LQCD)

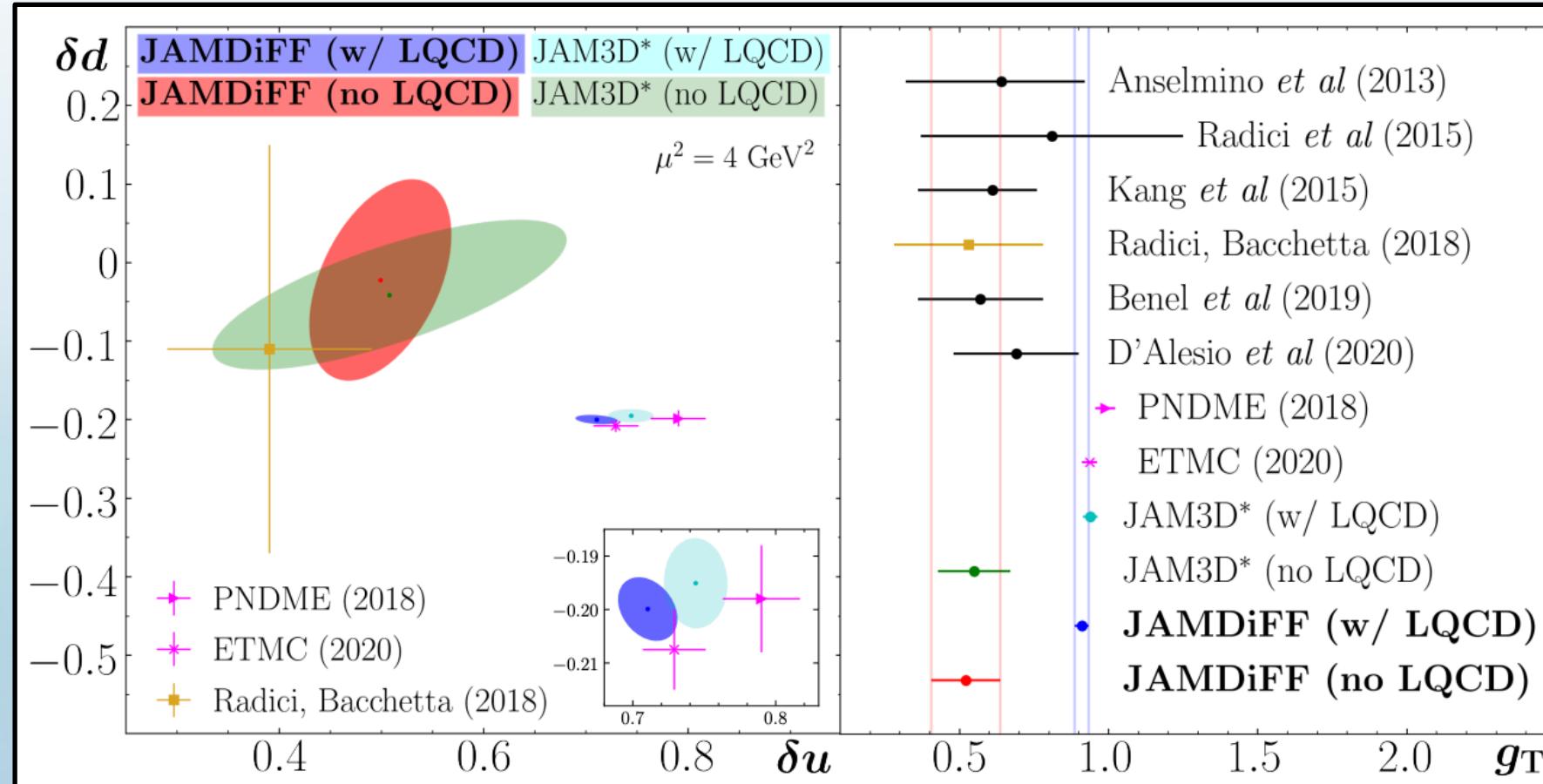


Noticeable shift from including lattice data

Likelihood function

$\mathcal{L} = \exp(-\chi^2/2)$
does not guarantee
that errors overlap
when using Monte
Carlo method

Tensor Charges (w/ LQCD)



Likelihood function

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M.N. Constantini *et al.*, JHEP 12, 064 (2024)

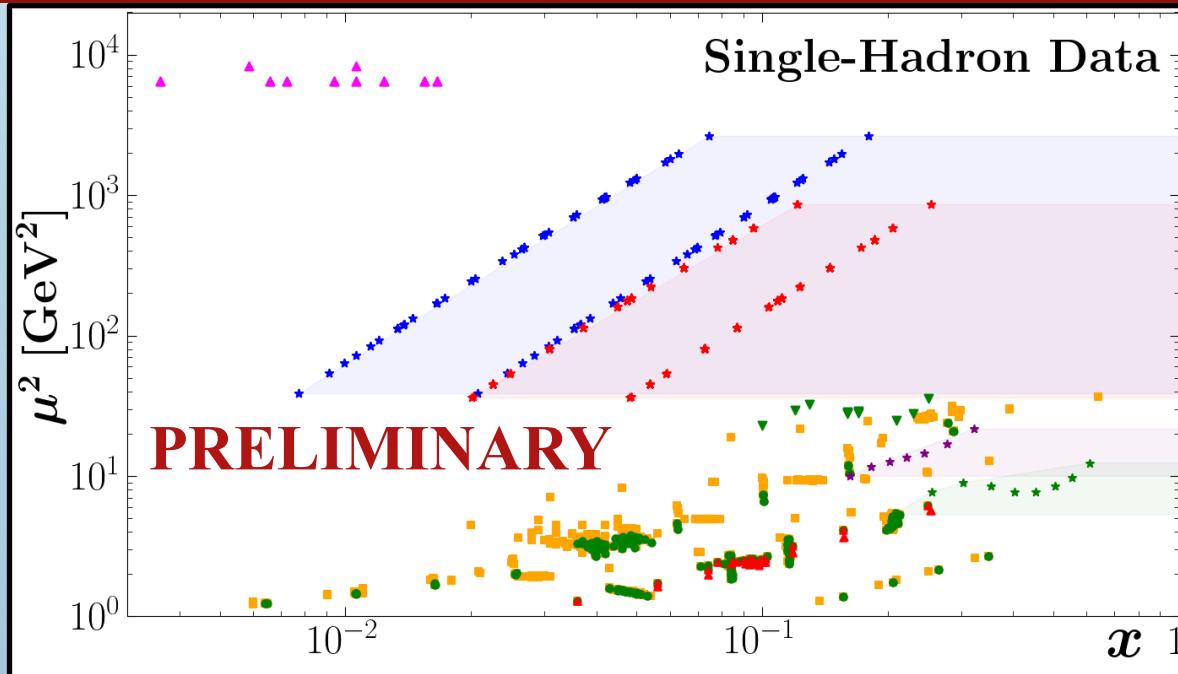
N.T. Hunt-Smith *et al.*, Comput. Phys. Commun. 296, 109059 (2024)

N. T. Hunt-Smith *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D 106, 036003 (2022)

Noticeable shift from including lattice data

Currently looking into Markov Chain Monte Carlo to better assess uncertainties.

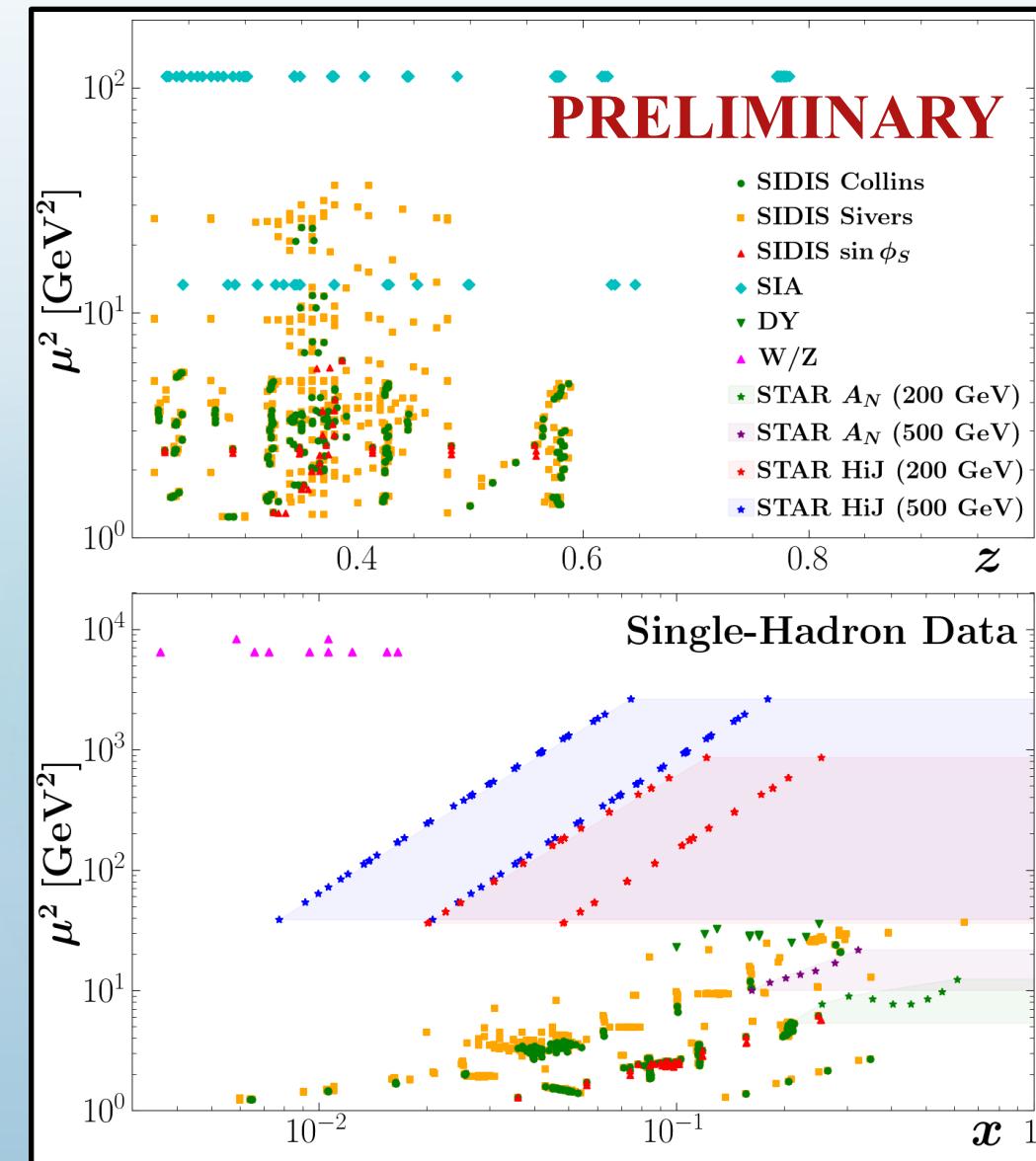
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JAM3D +
JAMDiFF
=

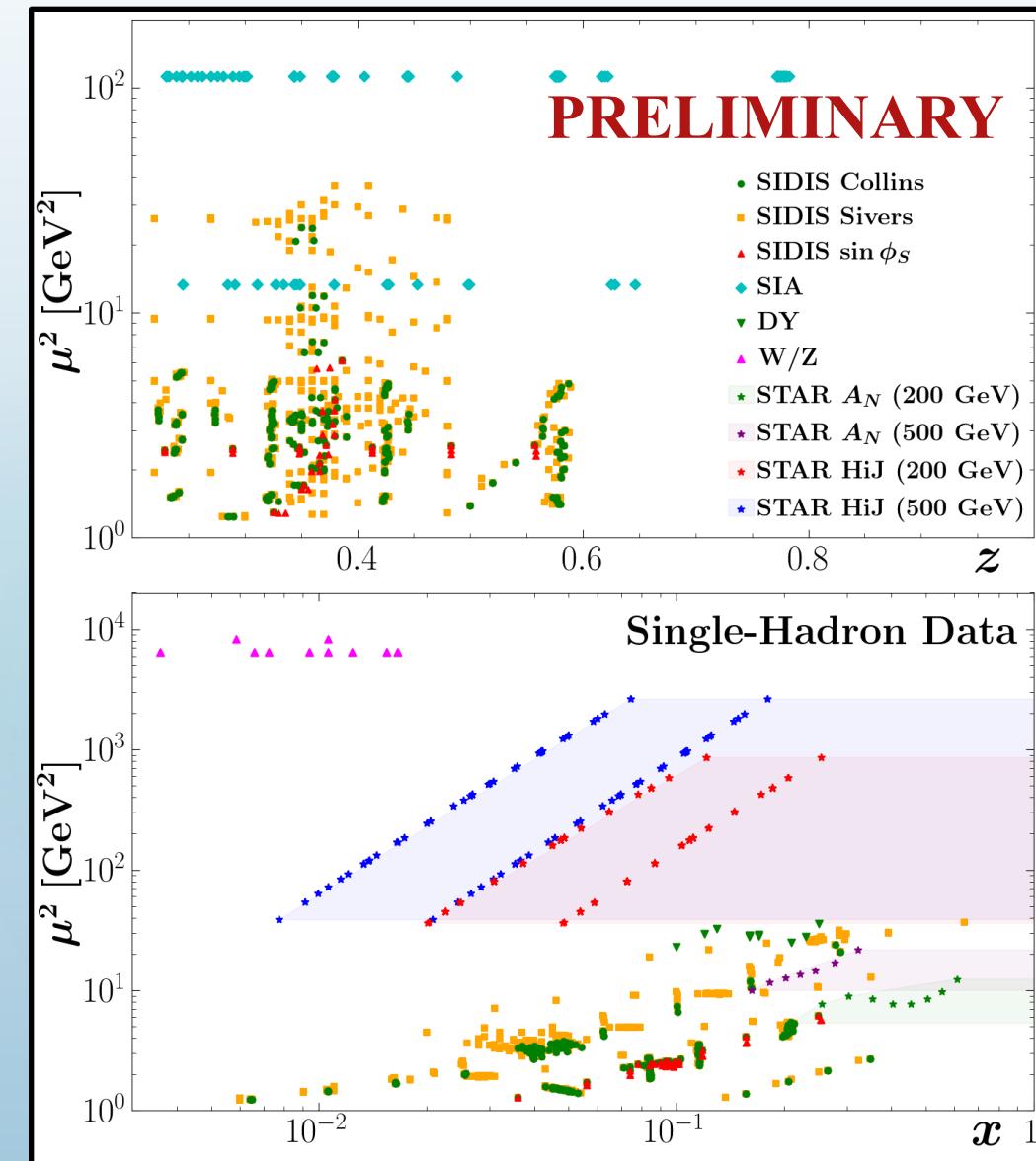
JAM3DiFF

Kinematics and Functions



Process	Collaborations	Points
SIA	BaBaR, Belle, BESIII	176
SIDIS Asym.	COMPASS, HERMES	525
DY	COMPASS	15
W/Z	STAR	17
pp AN	STAR, AnDY	44
Hadron-in-jet	STAR	708

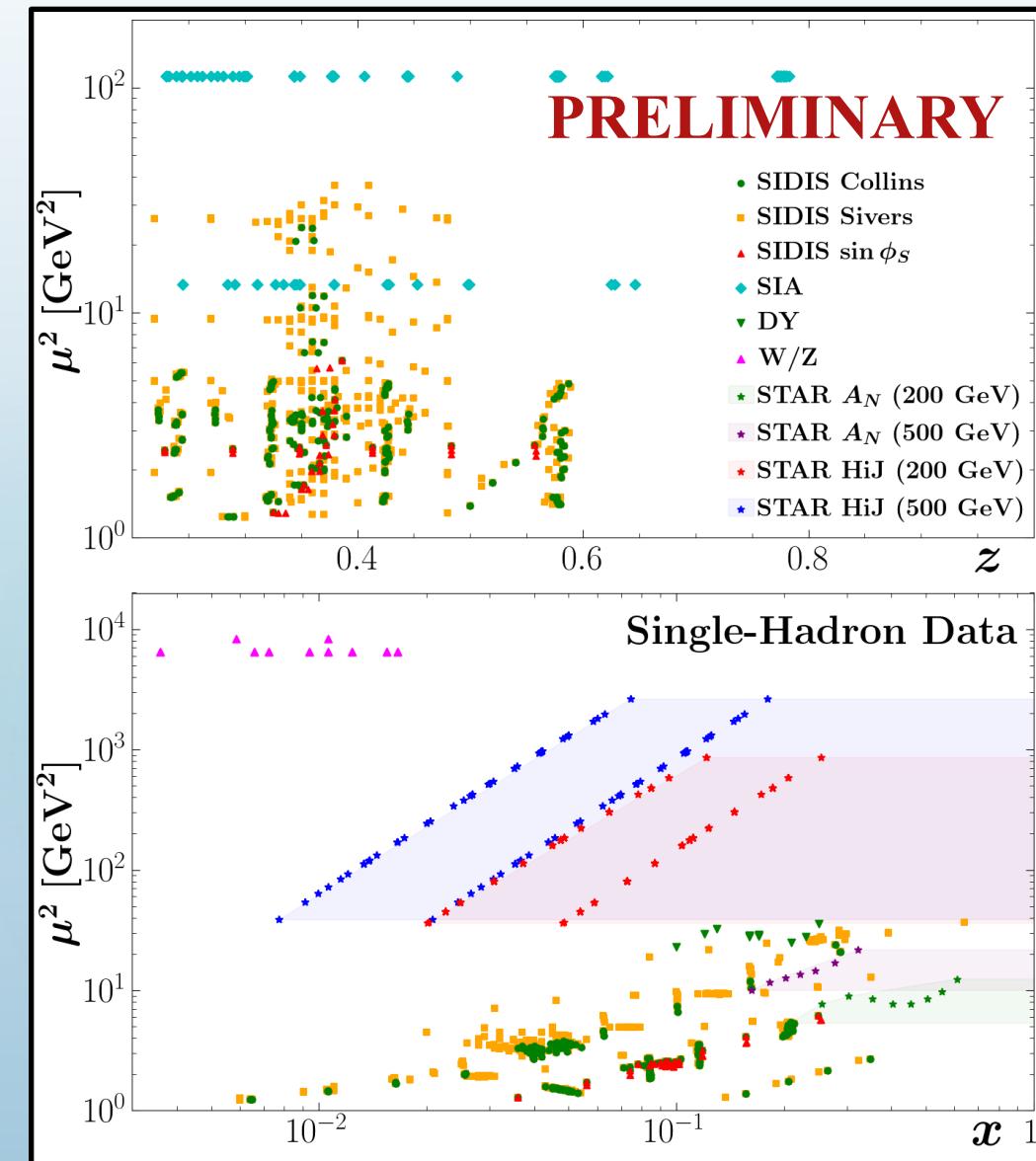
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Transversity $h_1 : u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d} + \text{widths}$

Kinematics and Functions

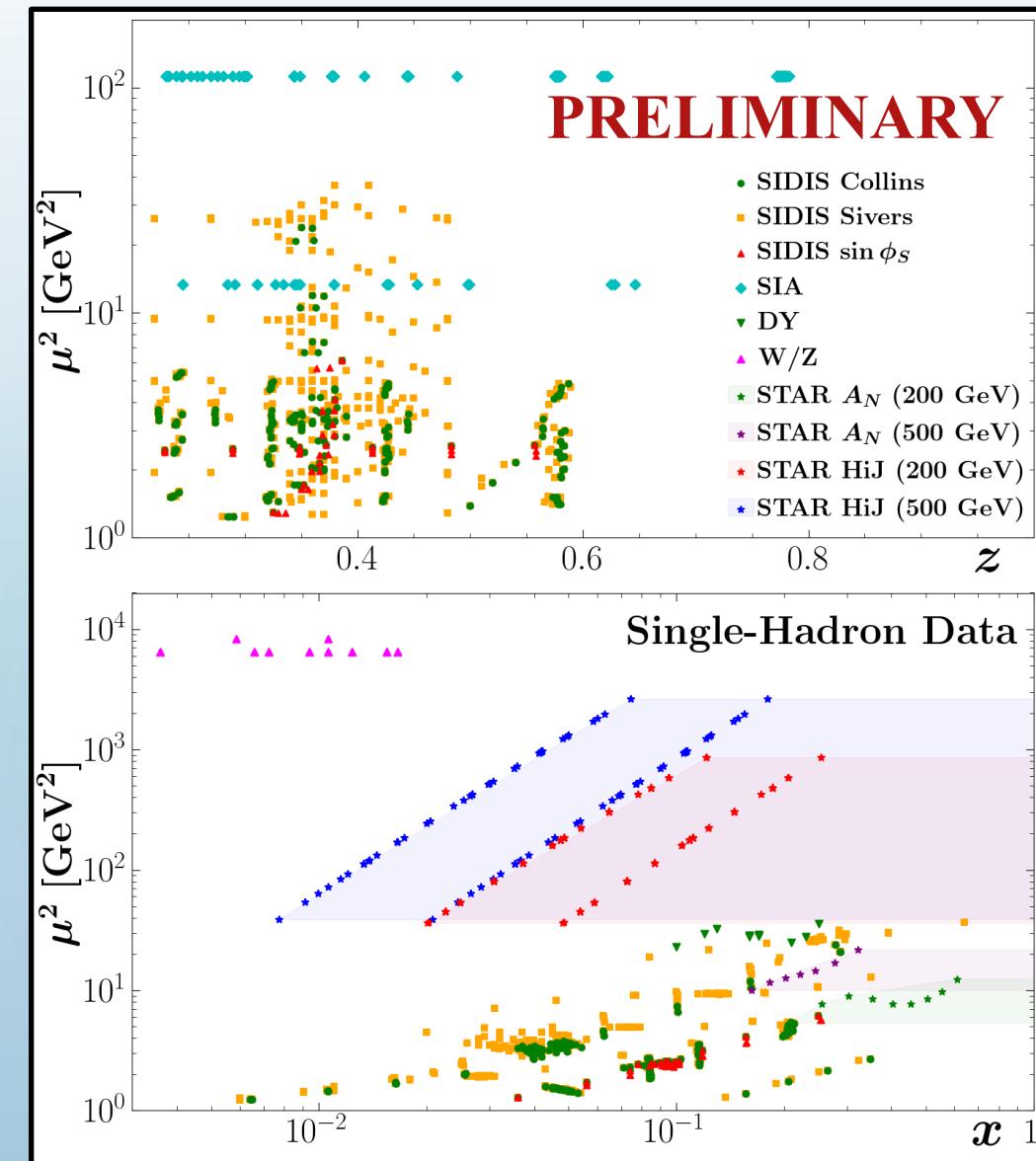


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Transversity $h_1 : u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d} + \text{widths}$

Sivers $f_{1T}^{\perp(1)} : u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}, s, \bar{s} + \text{widths}$

Kinematics and Functions



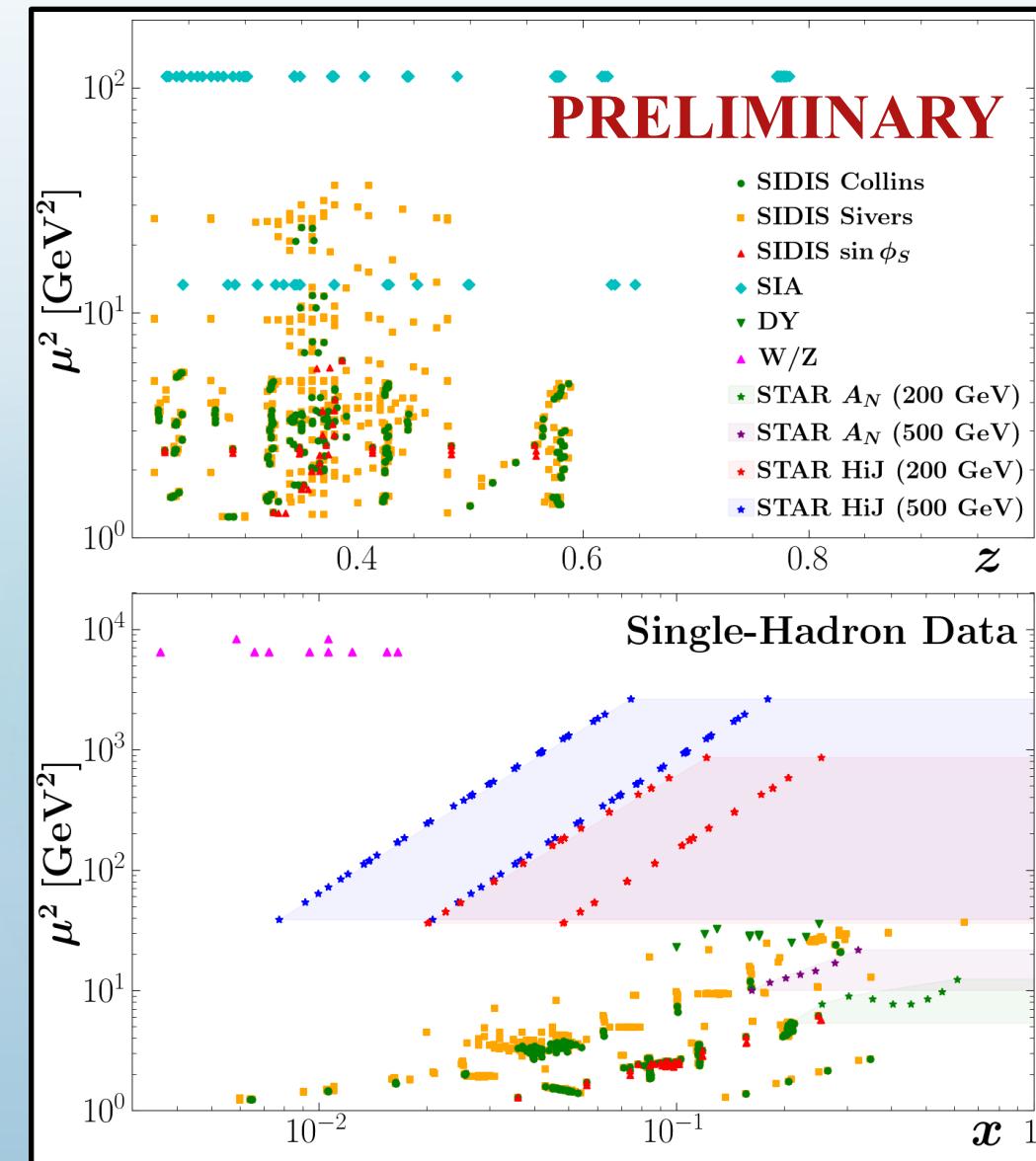
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Collins (pion) $H_1^{\perp(1)} : \text{fav ., unfav.} + \text{widths}$

Kinematics and Functions



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SIDIS Asym.	COMPASS, HERMES	525
DY	COMPASS	15
W/Z	STAR	17
pp AN	STAR, AnDY	44
Hadron-in-jet	STAR	708

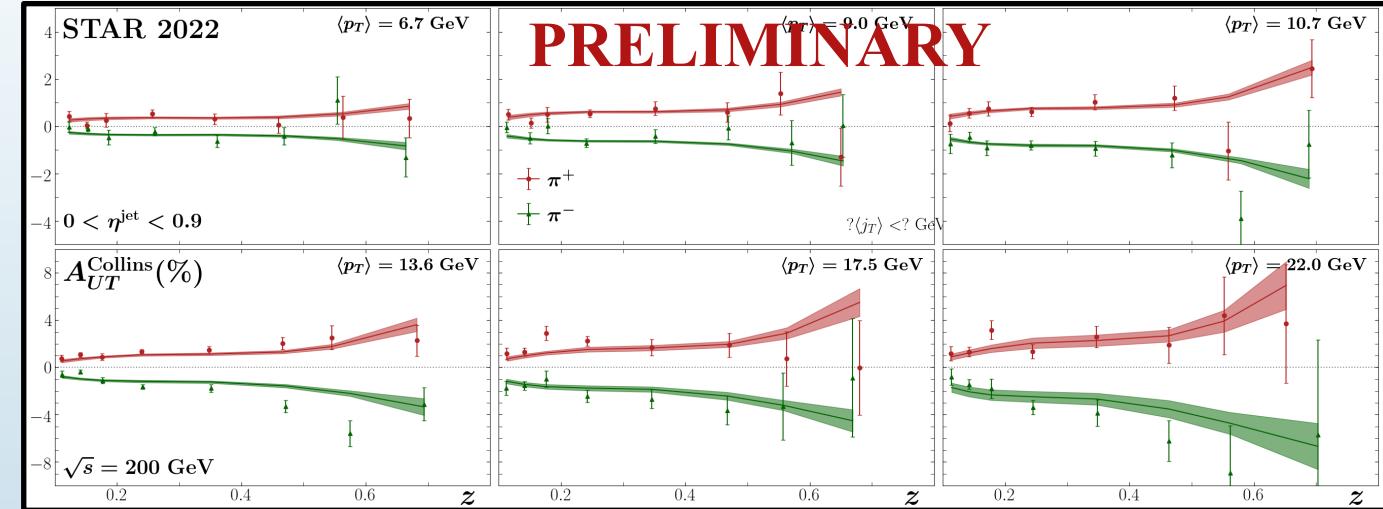
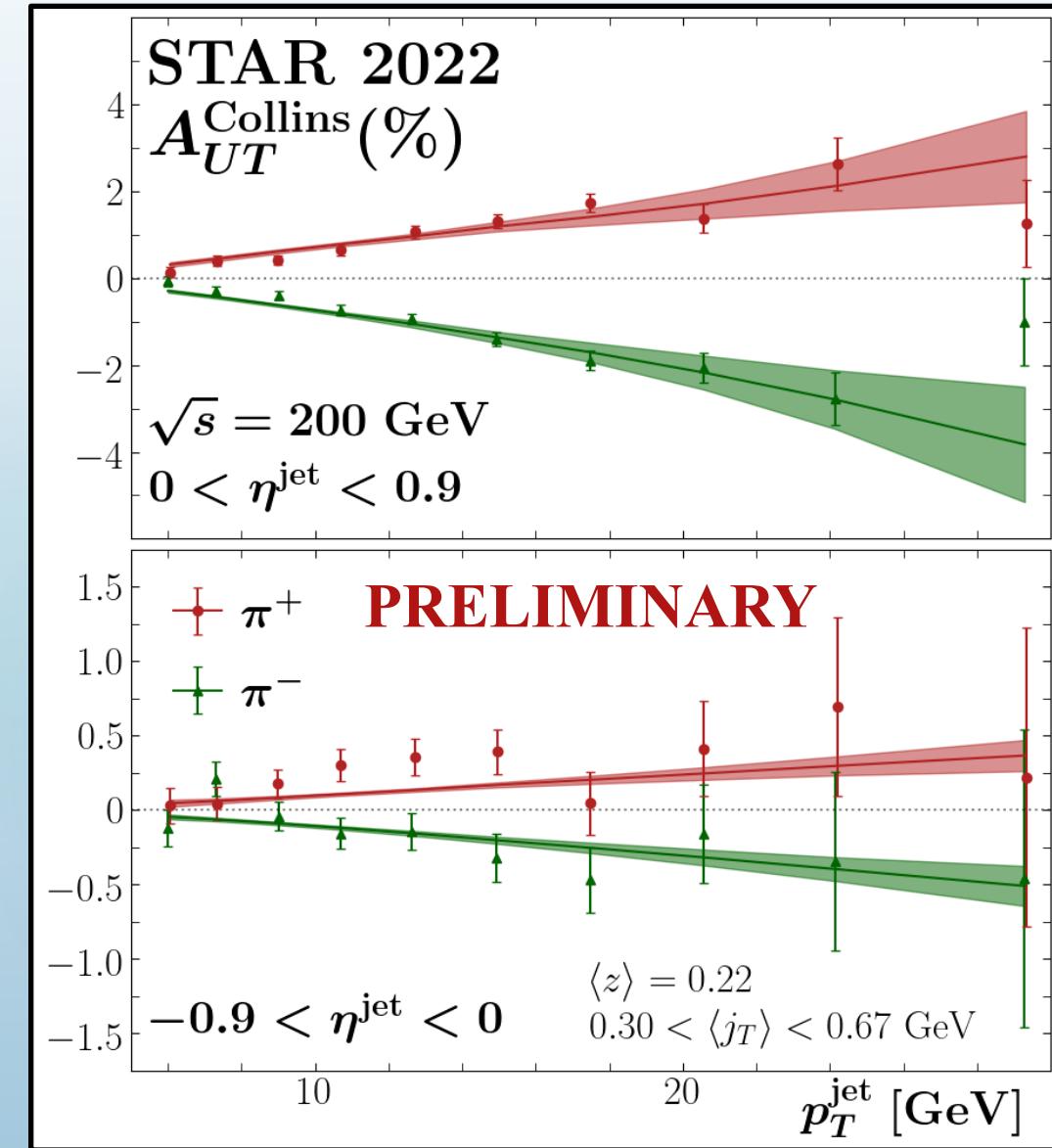
Transversity $h_1 : u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d} + \text{widths}$

Sivers $f_{1T}^{\perp(1)} : u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}, s, \bar{s} + \text{widths}$

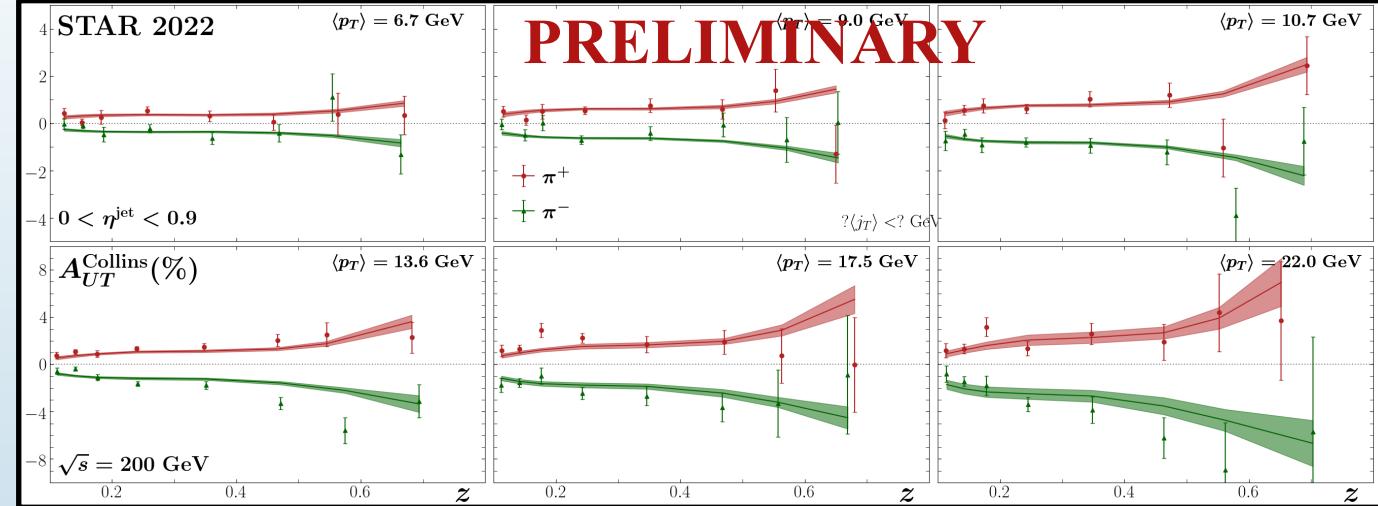
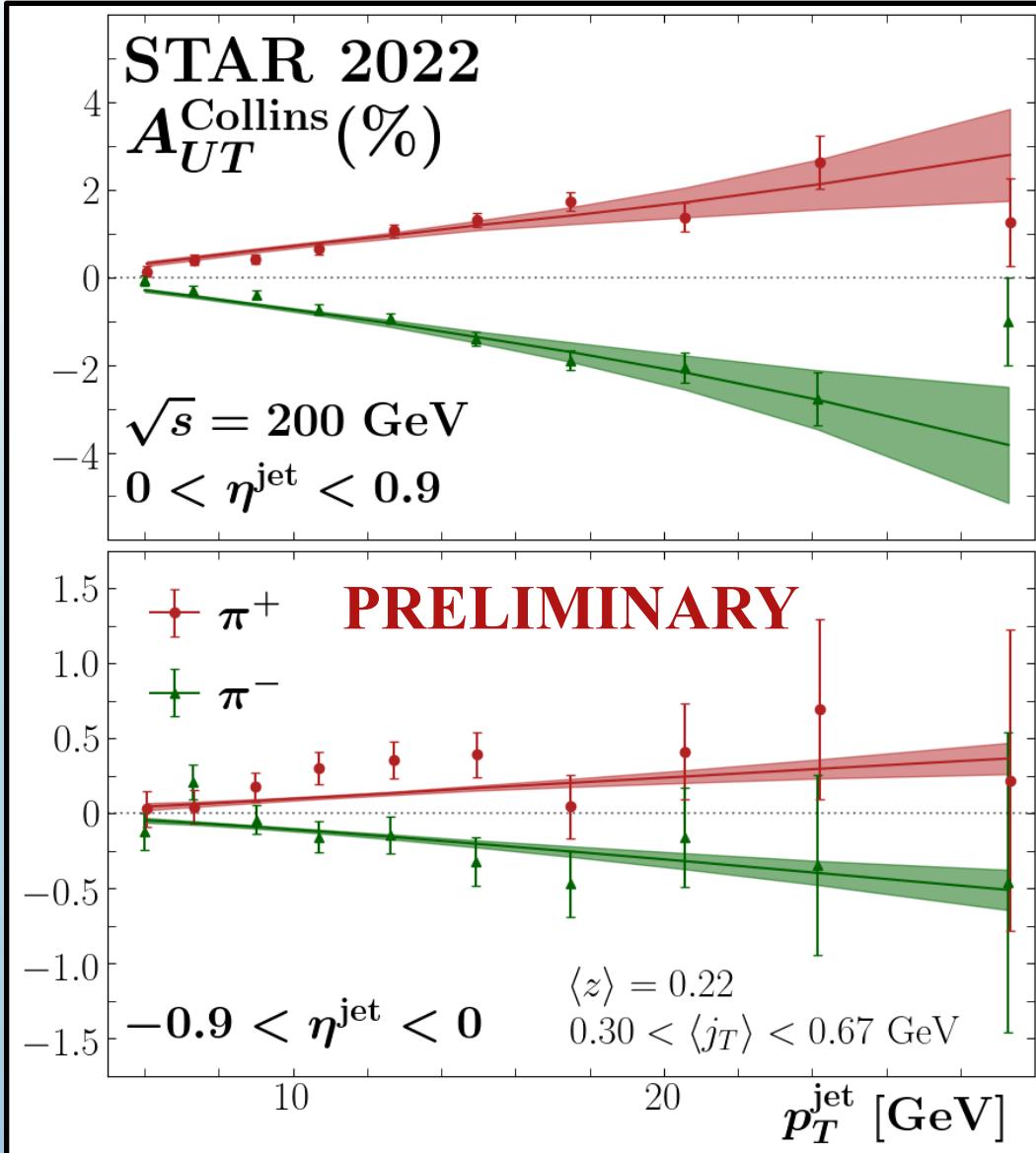
Collins (pion) $H_1^{\perp(1)} : \text{fav ., unfav.} + \text{widths}$

Twist-3 FF (pion) $\tilde{H} : \text{fav ., unfav.}$

Hadron-in-jet



Hadron-in-jet



First global QCD analysis to include Hadron-in-jet data!

Quality of Fit and Inclusion of LQCD

Process	Points	chi2 (no LQCD)	chi2 (w/ LQCD)
SIA	176	1.09	1.15
SIDIS	1050	1.38	1.38
DY	15	0.24	0.24
W/Z	17	1.71	1.68
pp AN	44	1.89	1.80
Hadron-in-jet	708	1.03	1.03
LQCD	4	—	0.92
TOTAL	2014	1.24	1.24

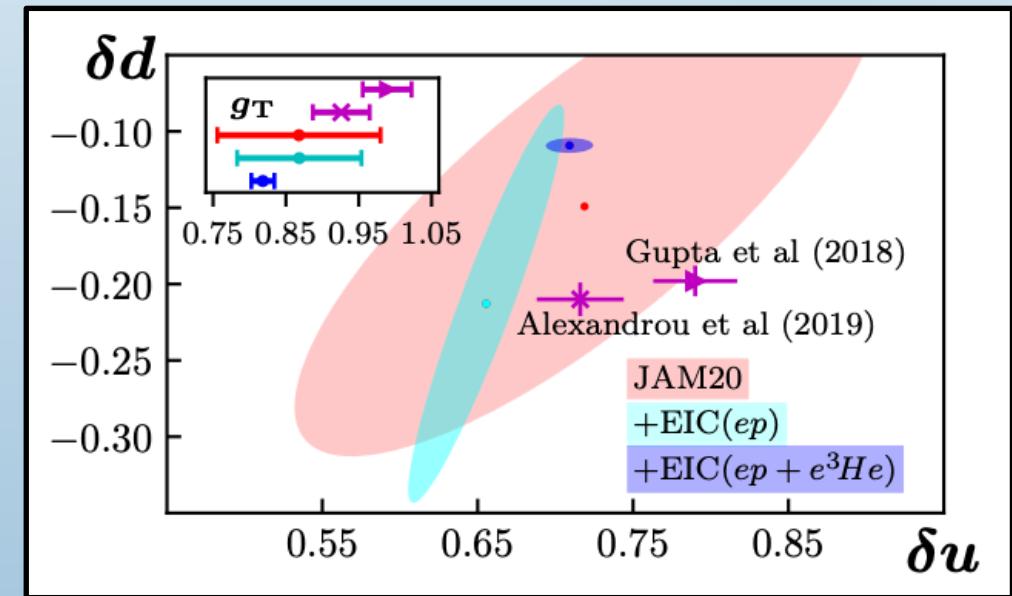
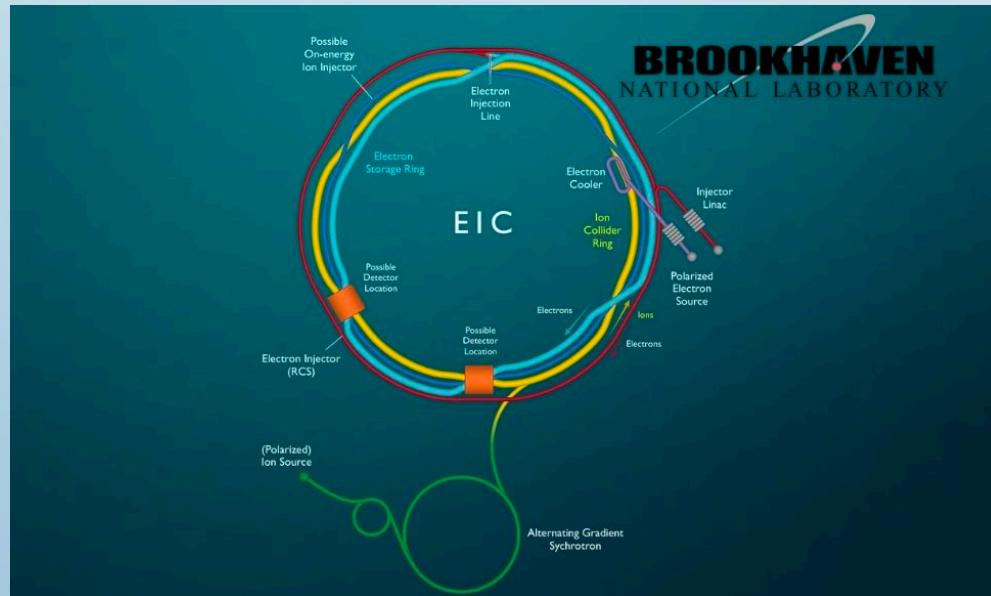
PRELIMINARY

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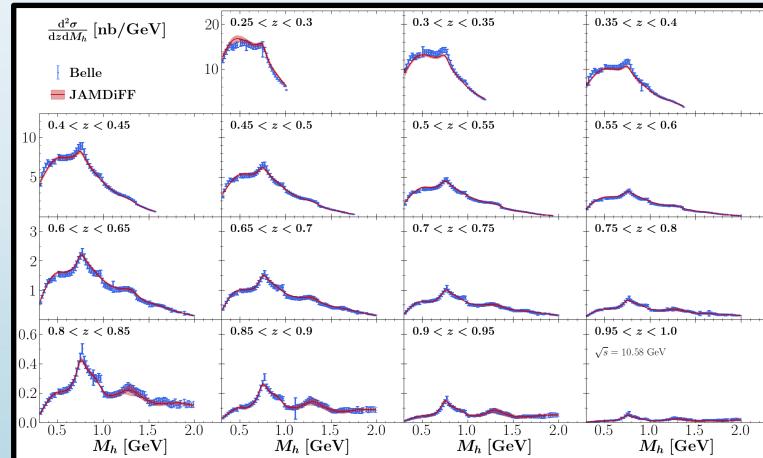
Inclusion of LQCD barely affects
description of JAM3D data!

1. Introduction
2. Extraction of DiFFs
3. Extraction of Transversity PDFs
4. Extraction of Tensor Charges
5. Future Extraction w/ TMDs
6. Conclusions and Outlook



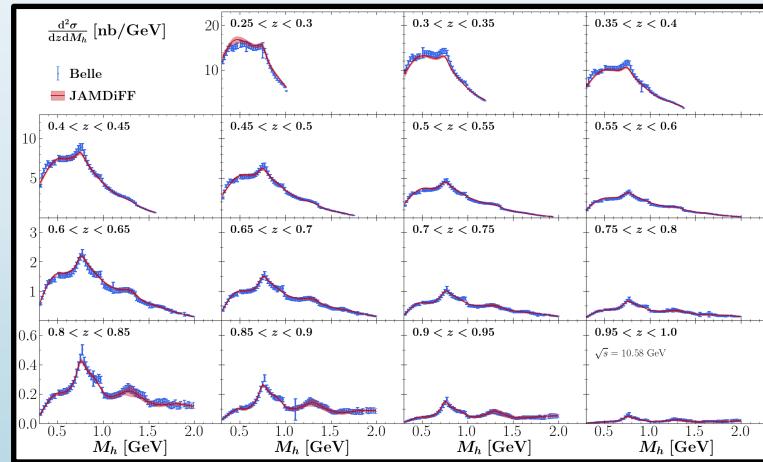
Comprehensive Analysis of DiFFs and Transversity

First inclusion of Belle cross section data

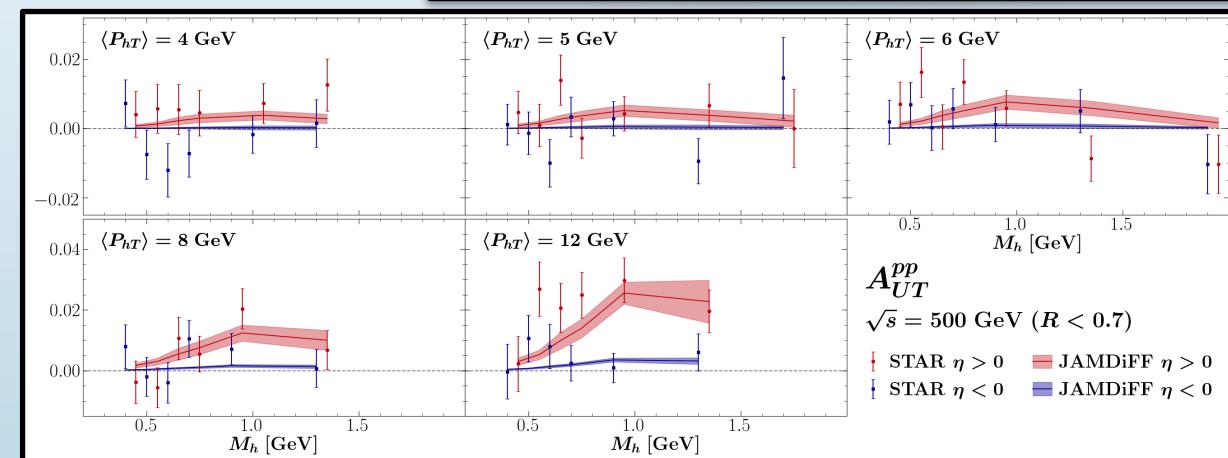


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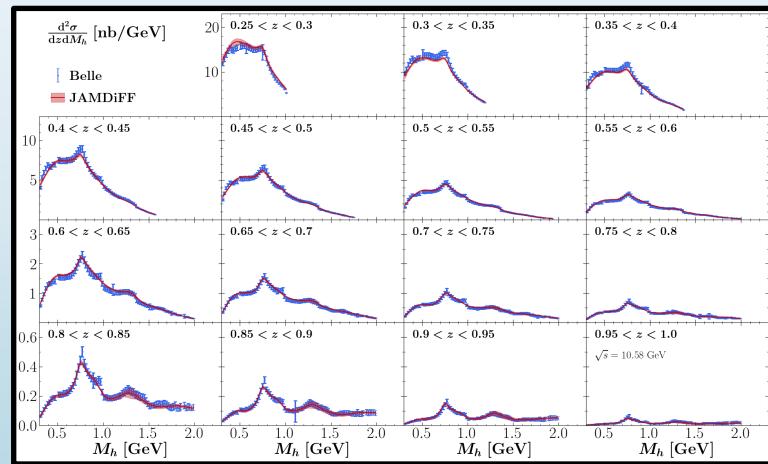


First inclusion of 500 GeV STAR data

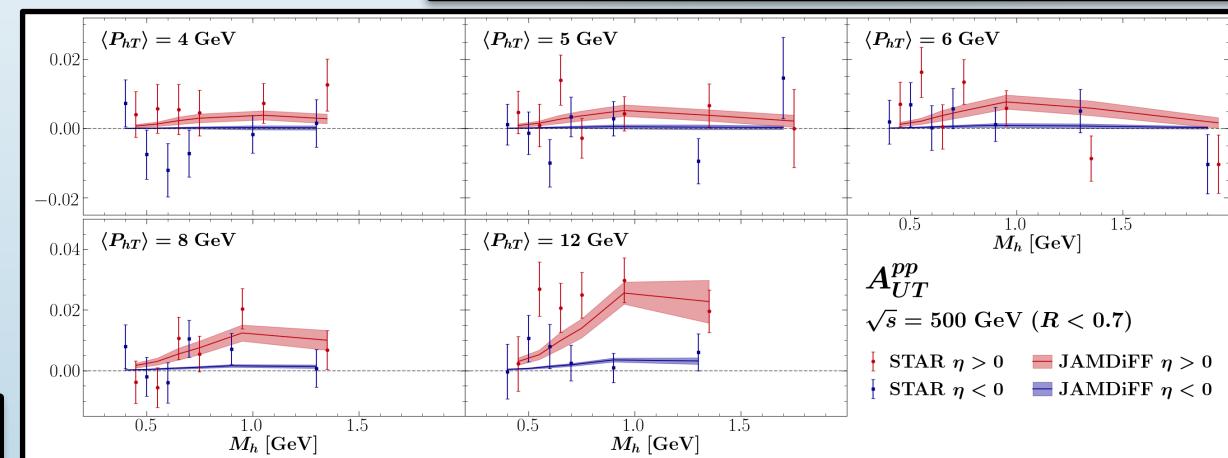


Comprehensive Analysis of DiFFs and Transversity

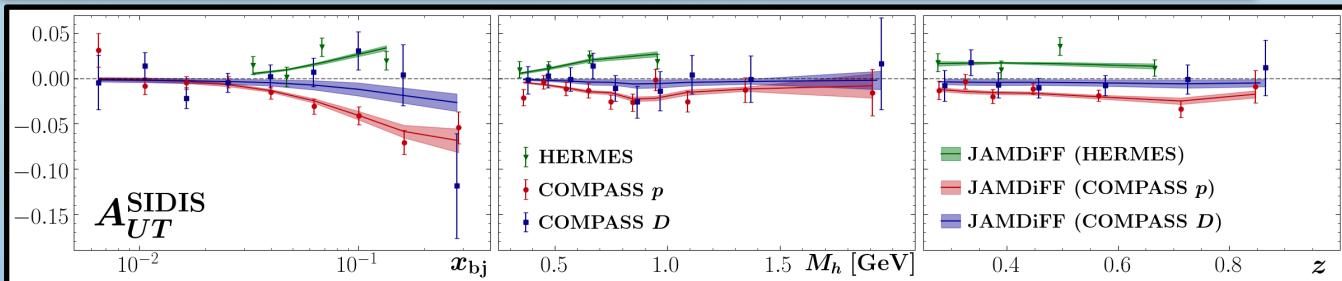
First inclusion of Belle cross section data



First inclusion of 500 GeV STAR data

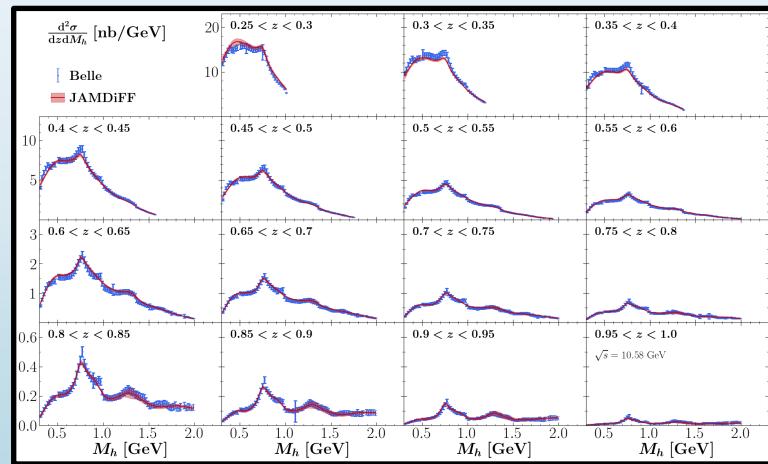


Utilized all binnings for Artru-Collins and SIDIS asymmetries

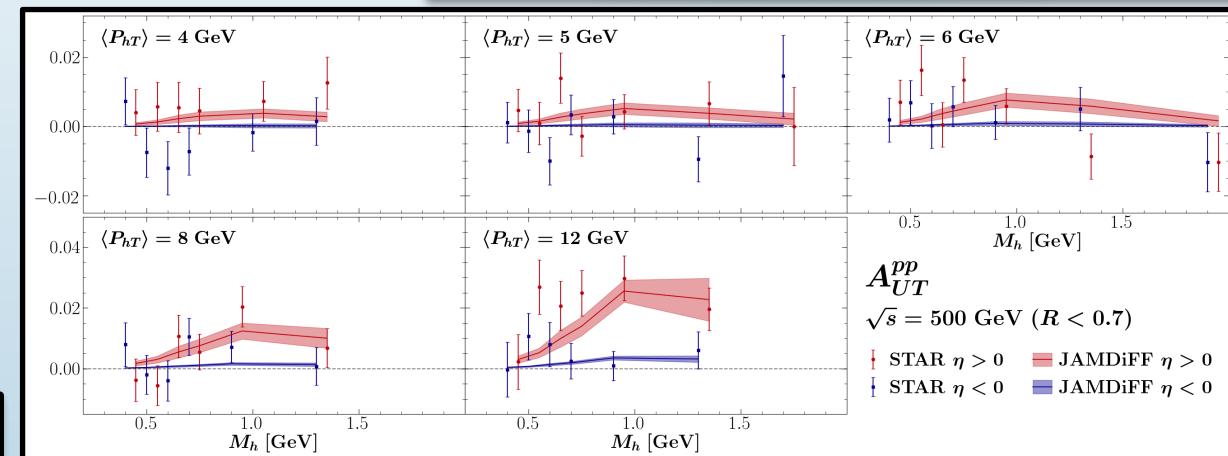


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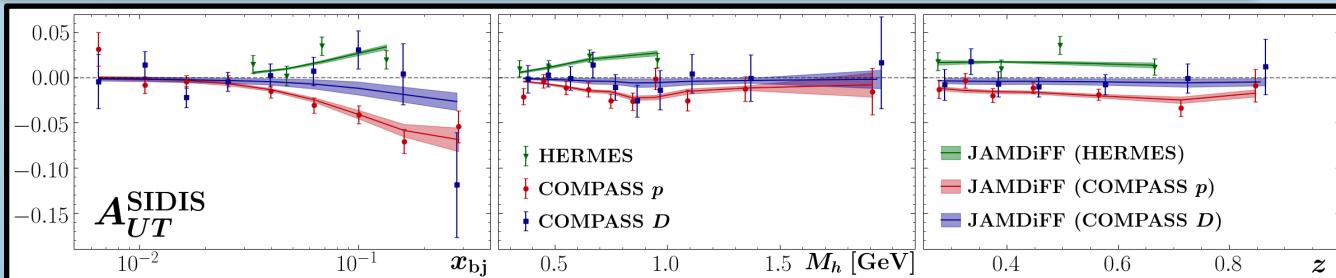
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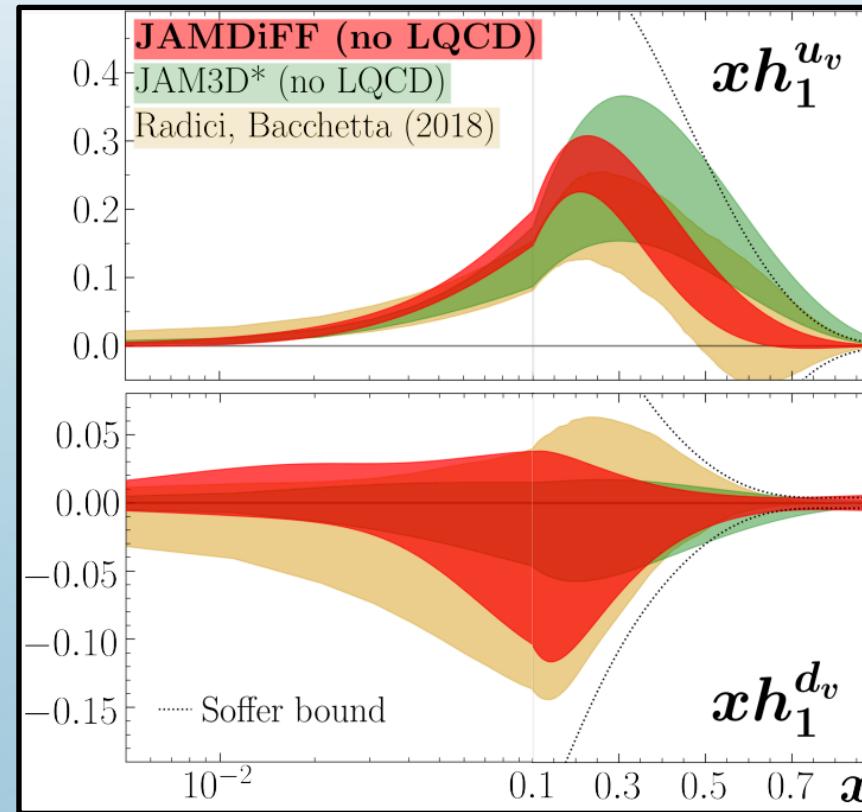
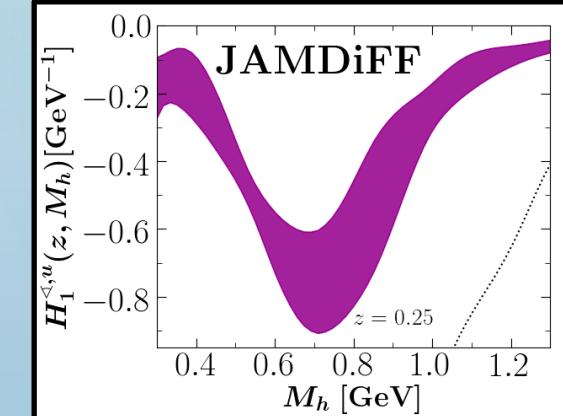
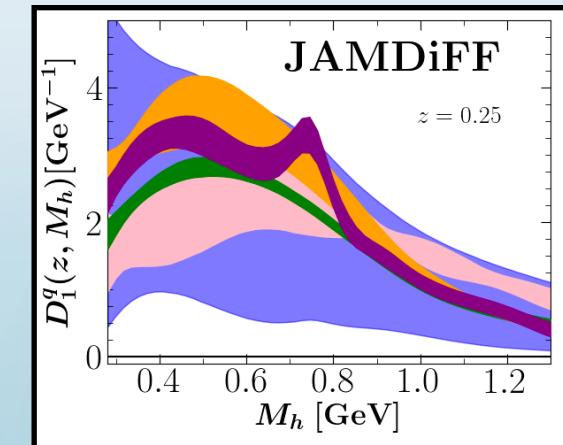
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First simultaneous analysis of DiFFs and transversity PDFs

Conclusions

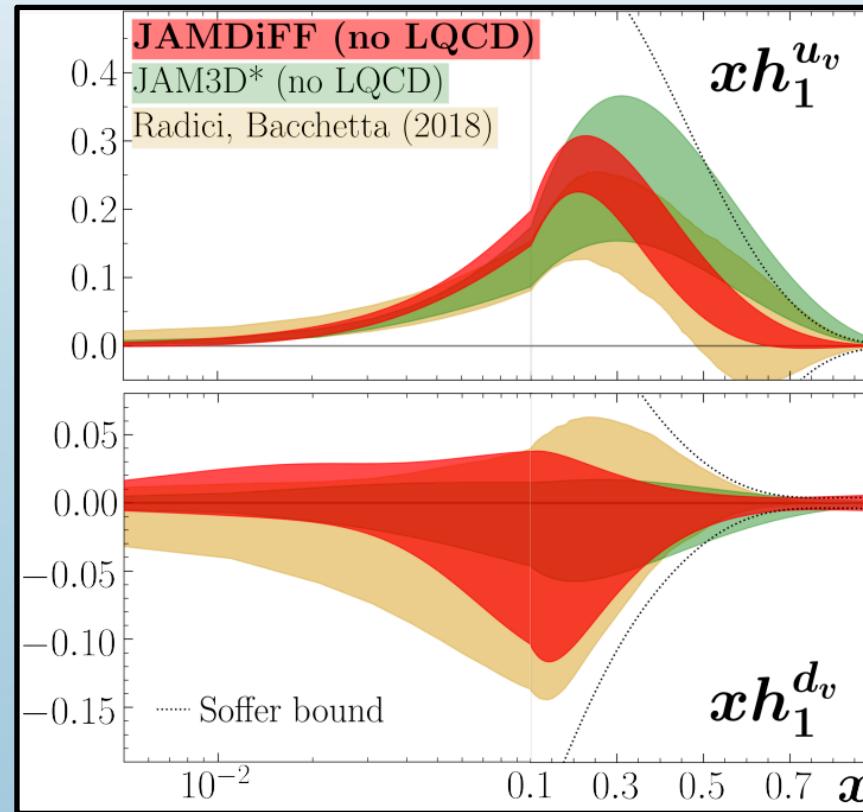
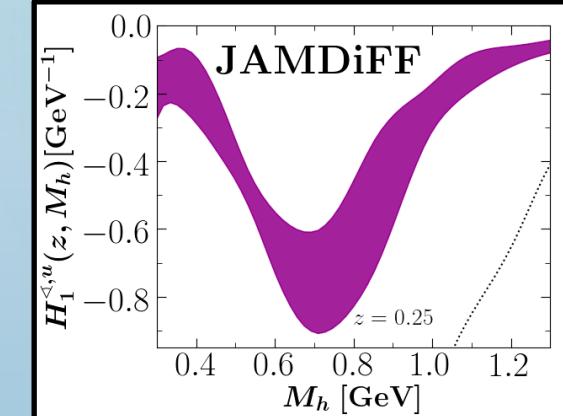
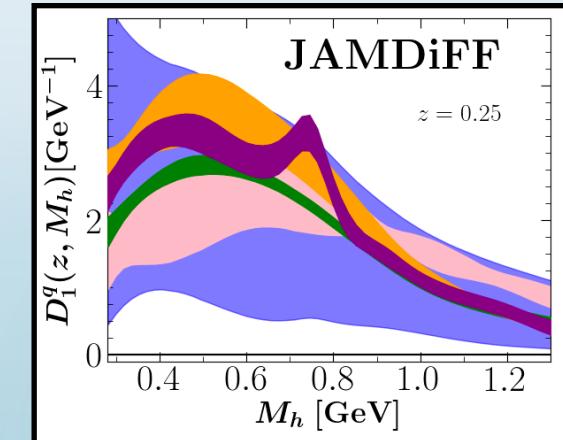
Simultaneous extraction of
DiFFs and transversity PDFs



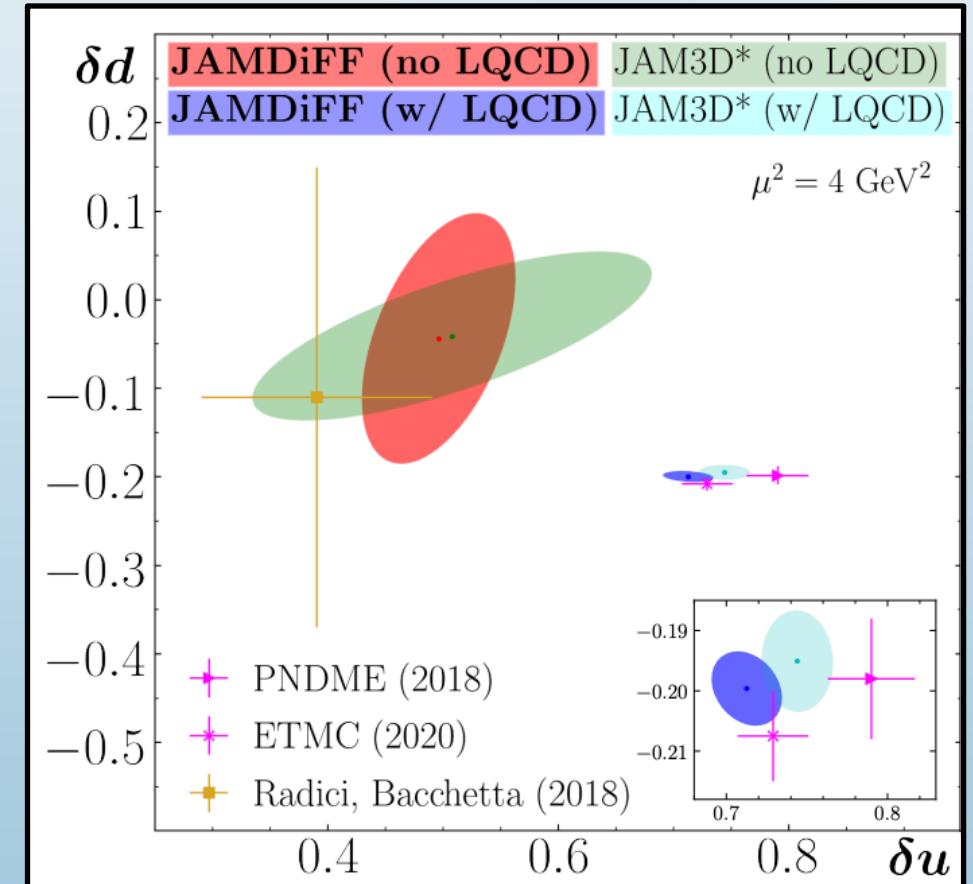
$x h_1^{d_v}$

Conclusions

Simultaneous extraction of DiFFs and transversity PDFs



Universality of all available information on transversity



Outlook

More data from RHIC
Proton-proton cross section

Outlook

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Proton-proton cross section

SIDIS multiplicities
from COMPASS

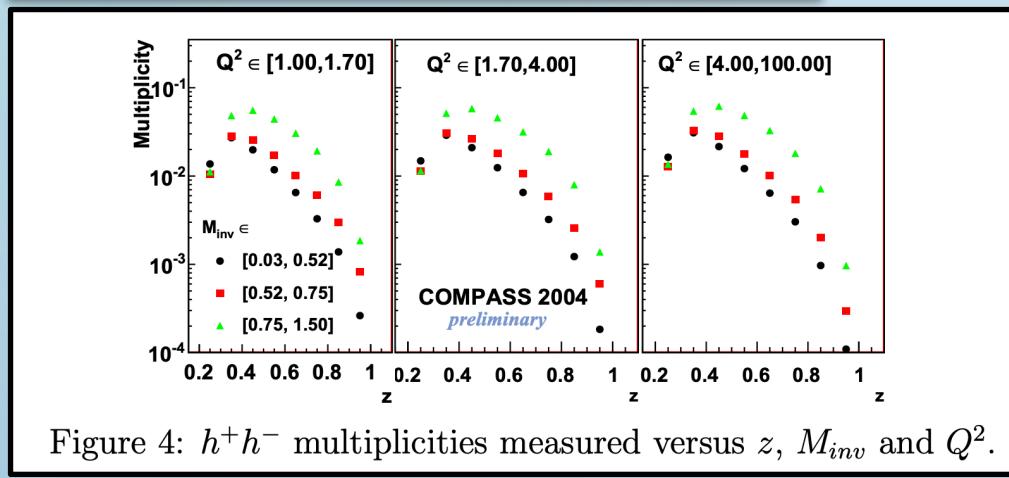


Figure 4: h^+h^- multiplicities measured versus z , M_{inv} and Q^2 .

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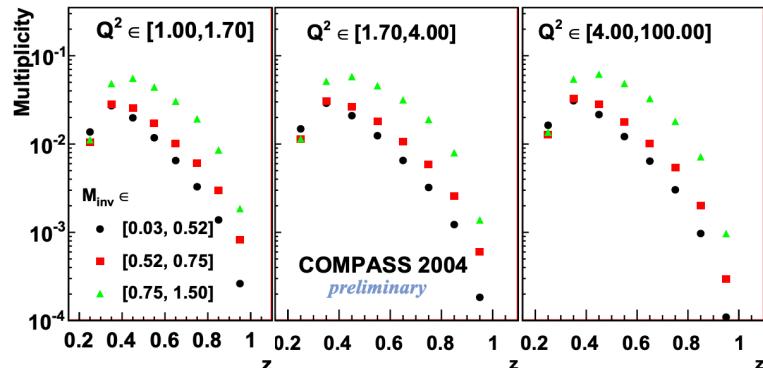
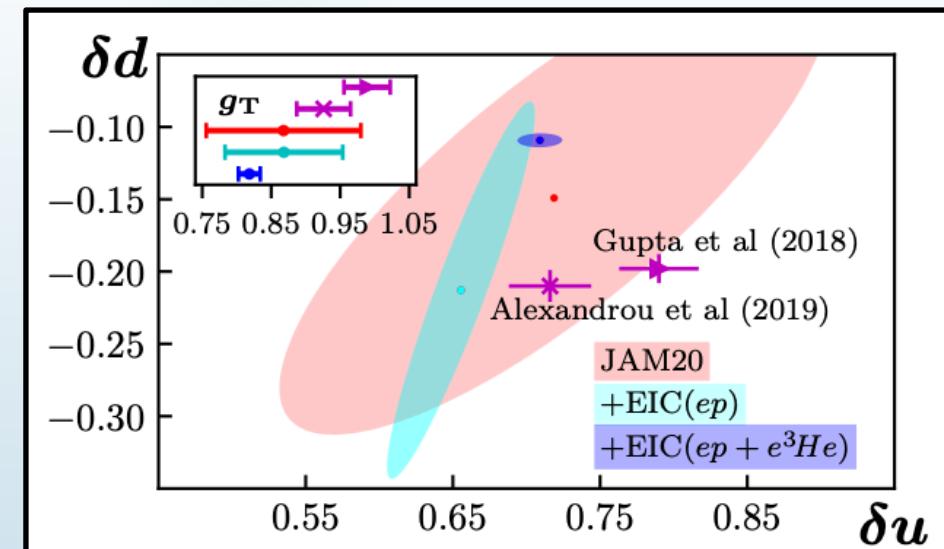


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L. Gamberg *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **816**, 136255 (2021)



EIC can provide new information

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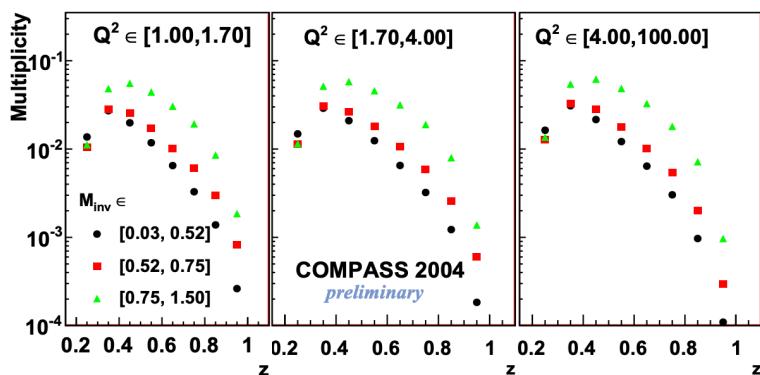
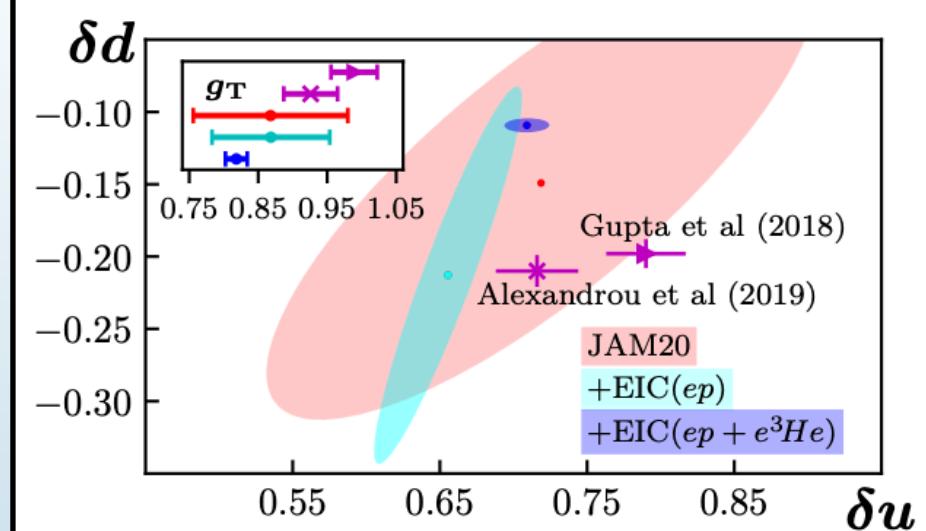


Figure 4: h^+h^- multiplicities measured versus z , M_{inv} and Q^2 .



EIC can provide new information

Simultaneous fit of DiFF
channel + TMD channel +
Lattice QCD

Andreas Metz



Nobuo Sato



Daniel Pitonyak



Alexey Prokudin



Ralf Seidl



Thank you to Yiyu Zhou and
Patrick Barry for helpful discussions



Extra Slides

Parameterize PDFs at input scale $Q_0^2 = m_c^2$

$$f_i(x) = Nx^\alpha(1-x)^\beta(1 + \gamma\sqrt{x} + \eta x)$$

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Evolve PDFs using DGLAP

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Mellin Space Techniques

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$$\sigma = \sum_{ij} H_{ij} \otimes f_i \otimes f_j + \mathcal{O}(1/Q)$$

Experimentally measured
cross-section

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“Hard part” (process dependent)
Cross-section at parton level
Calculated in perturbative QCD

Experimentally measured cross-section

“Soft part” (process independent)
Describes internal structure

$$\sigma = \sum_{ij} H_{ij} \otimes f_i \otimes f_j + \mathcal{O}(1/Q)$$

“Hard part” (process dependent)
Cross-section at parton level
Calculated in perturbative QCD

Now that the observables have been calculated...

$$\chi^2(\mathbf{a}) = \sum_{i,e} \left(\frac{d_{i,e} - \sum_k r_e^k \beta_{i,e}^k - T_{i,e}(\mathbf{a})/N_e}{\alpha_{i,e}} \right)^2 + \sum_k (r_e^k)^2 + \left(\frac{1 - N_e}{\delta N_e} \right)^2$$

Now that the observables have been calculated...

```
graph TD; Data[Data] --> ChiSquare[chi^2(a) = ...]
```

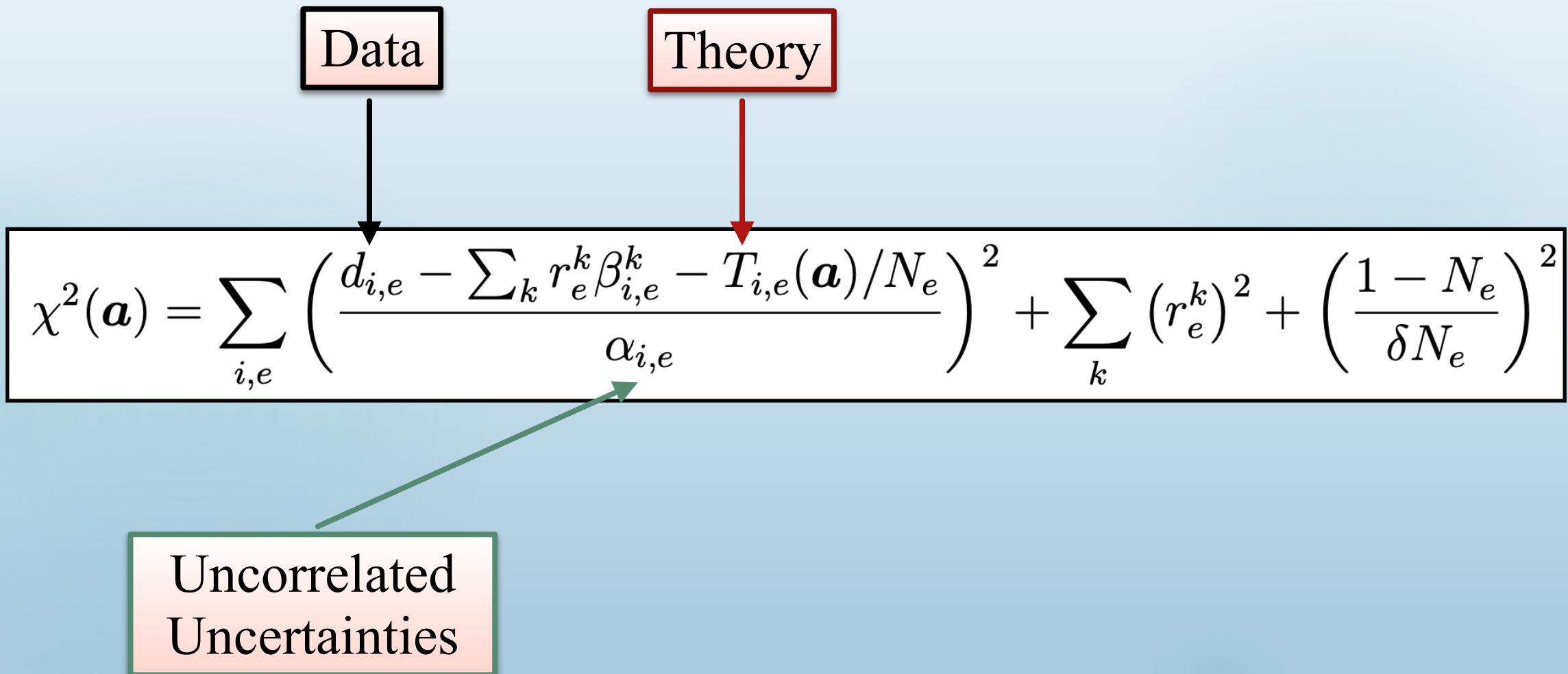
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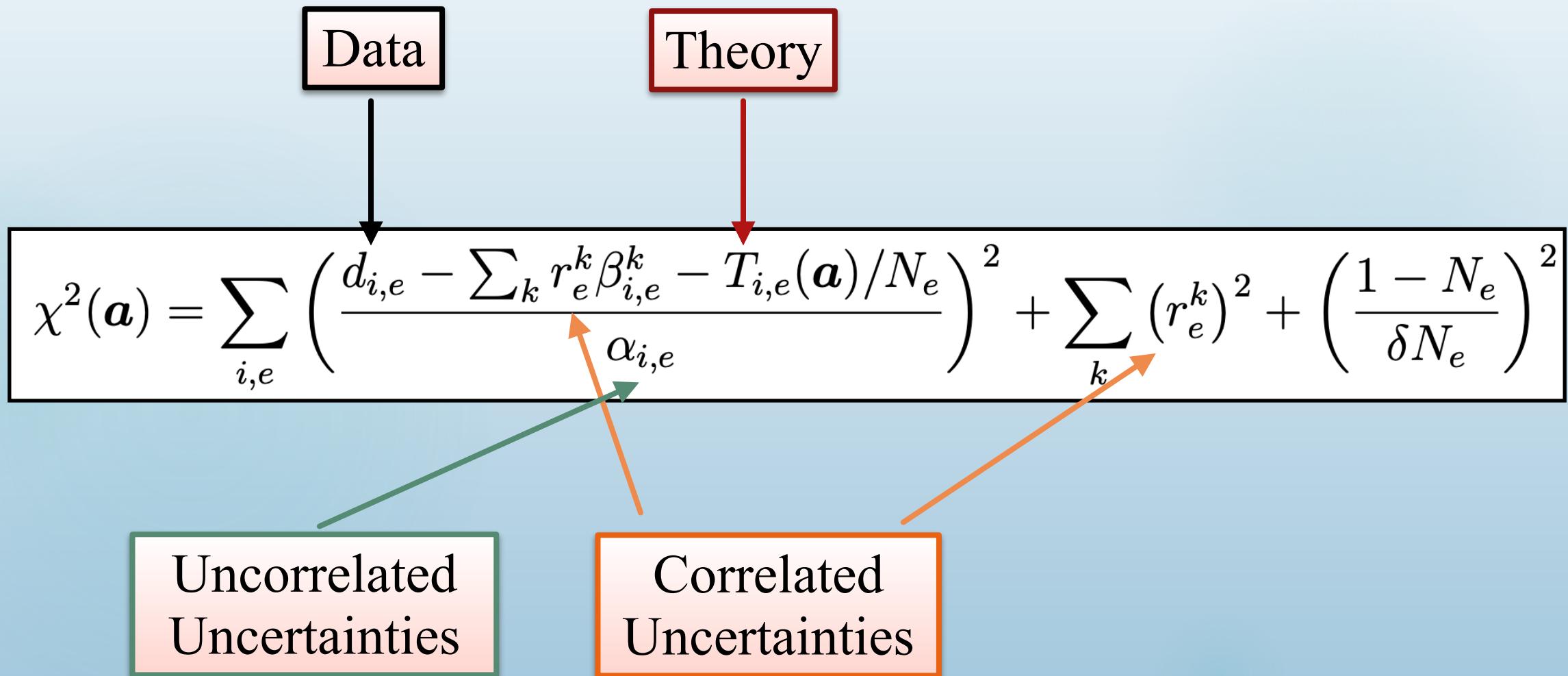
The diagram illustrates the inputs to the chi-squared formula. Two boxes at the top, "Data" (pink) and "Theory" (red), each have a downward-pointing arrow pointing to a horizontal line. This line contains the chi-squared formula:

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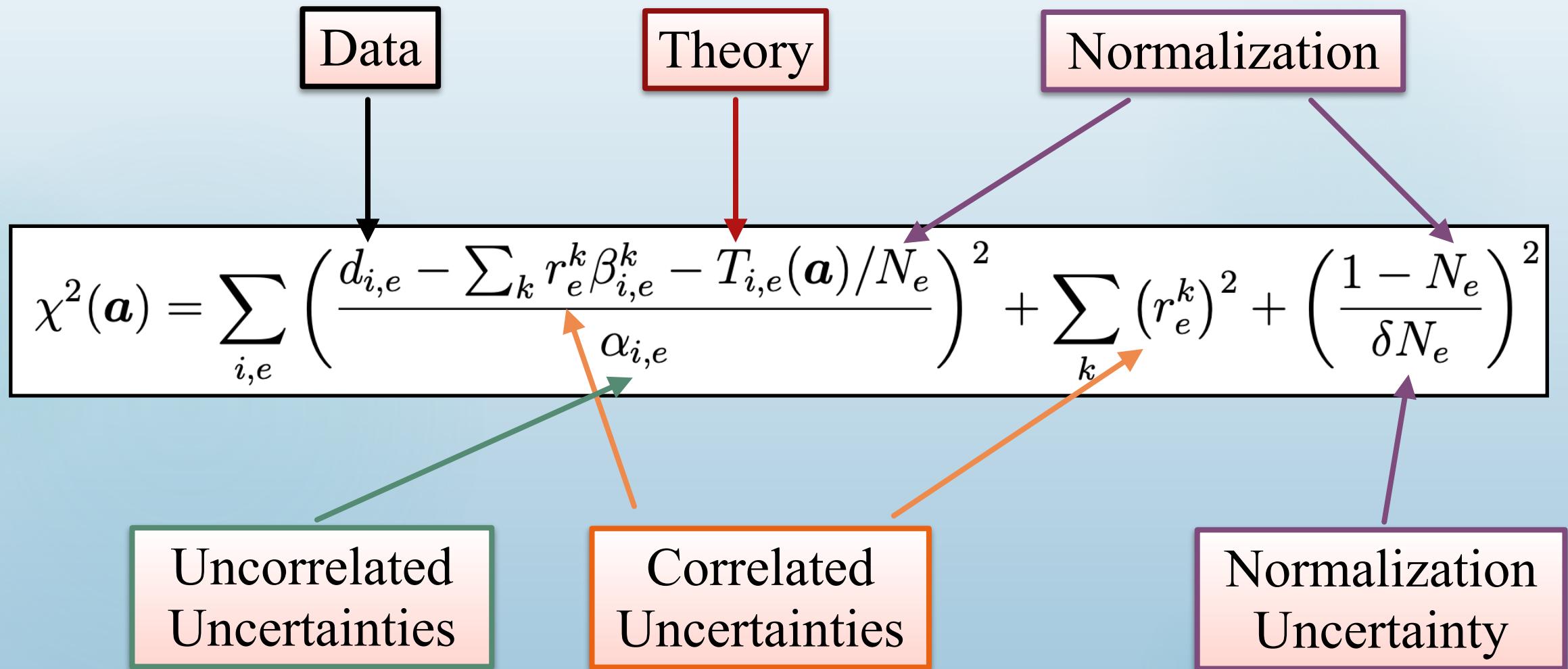
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Now that we have calculated $\chi^2(\mathbf{a}, \text{data})$...

Likelihood Function

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{a}, \text{data}) = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\chi^2(\mathbf{a}, \text{data})\right)$$

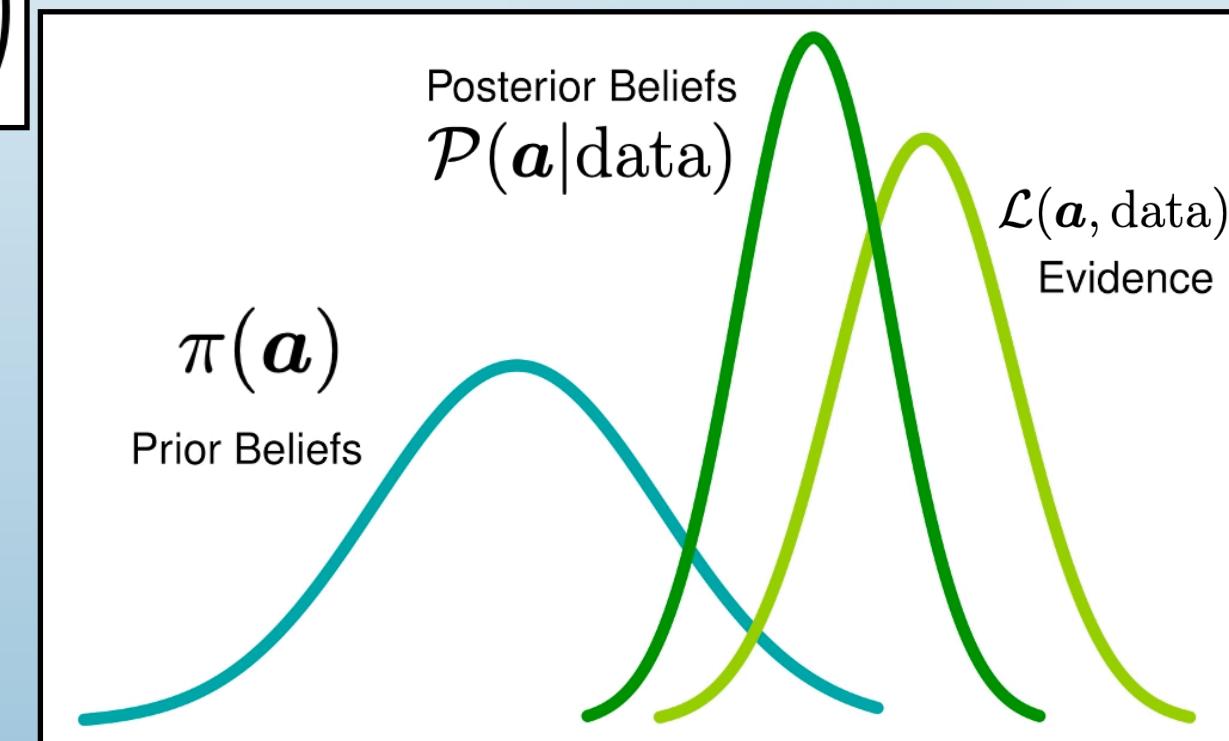
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Bayes' Theorem

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{a}|\text{data}) \sim \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{a}, \text{data}) \pi(\mathbf{a})$$

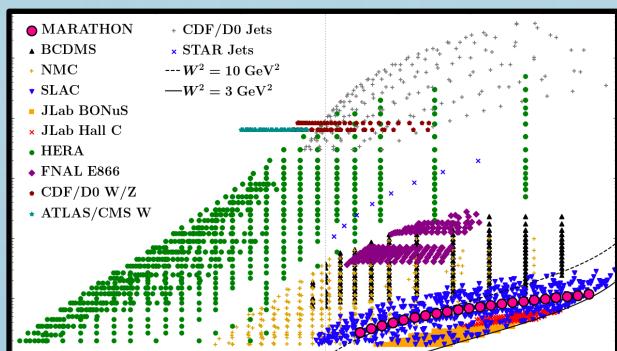


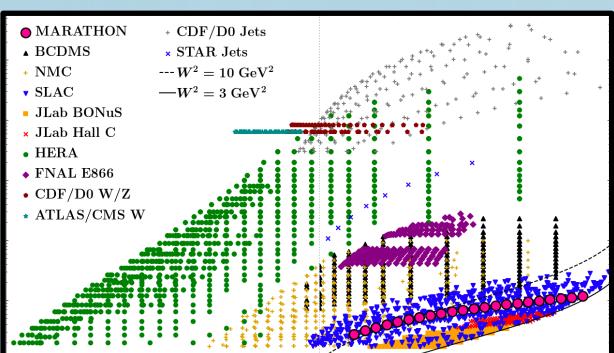
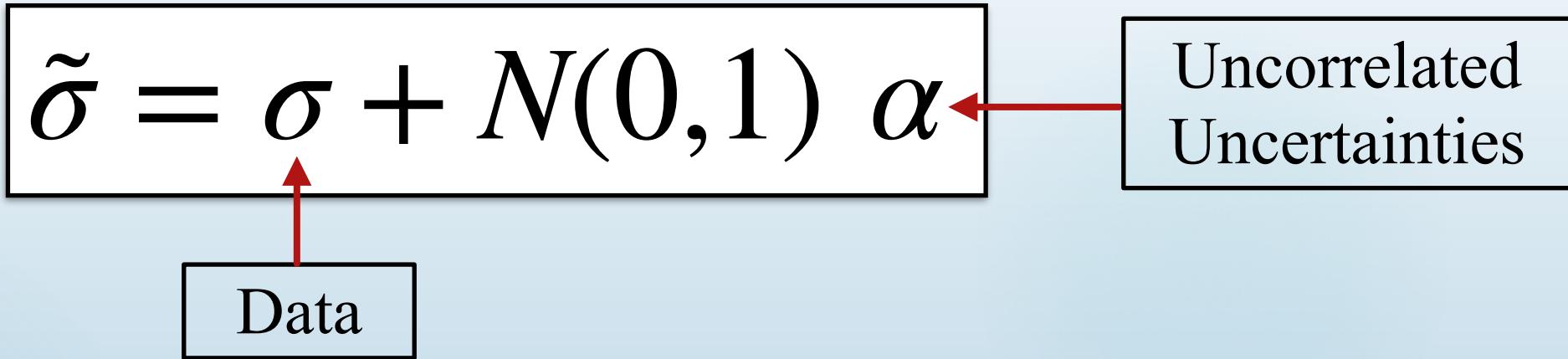
$$\tilde{\sigma} = \sigma + N(0,1) \alpha$$

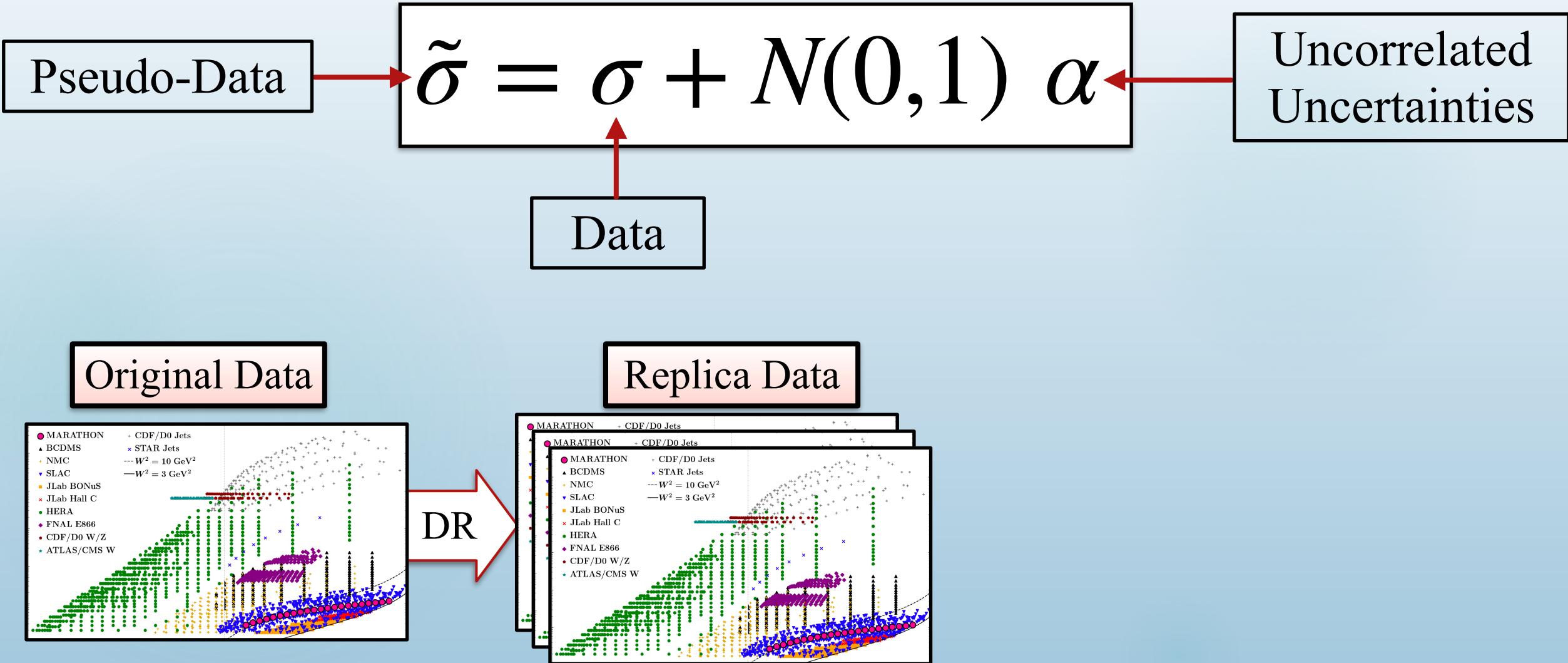
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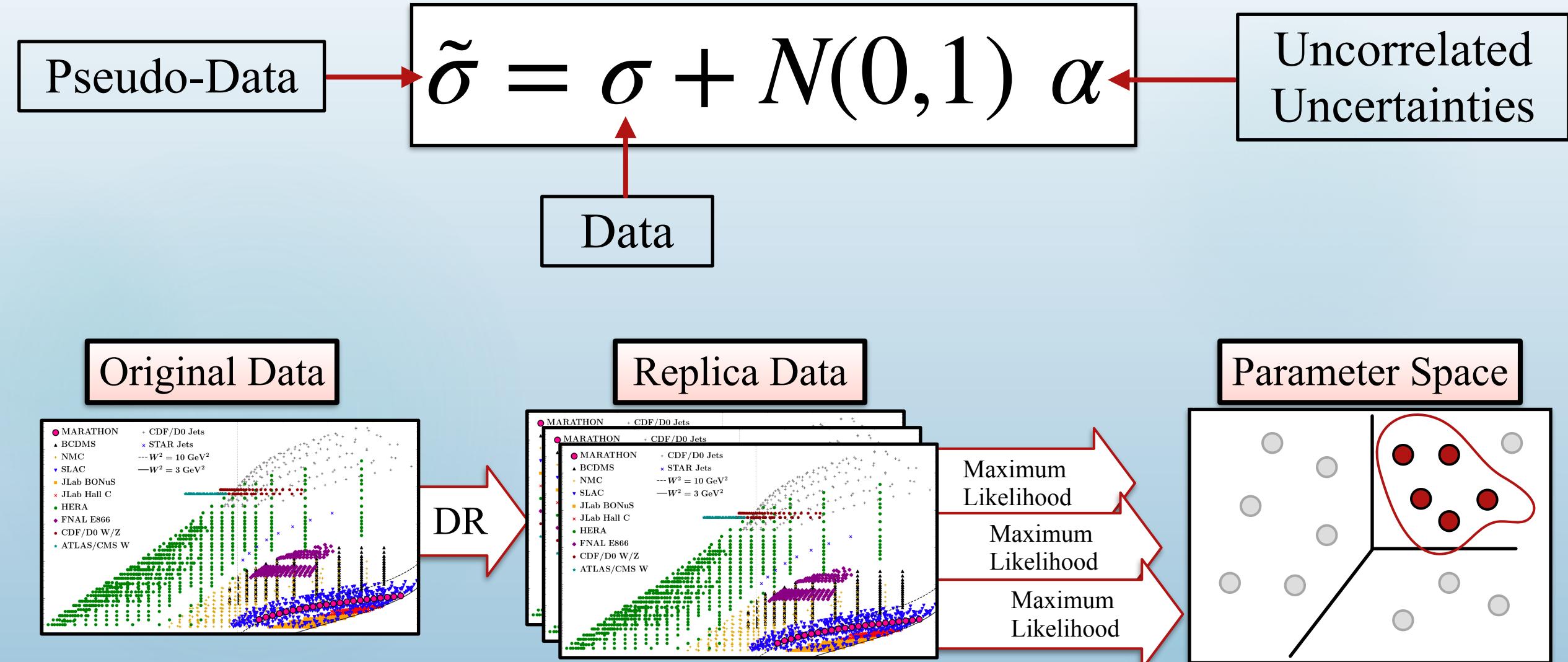
Data

Original Data









For a quantity $O(\mathbf{a})$: (for example, a PDF at a given value of (x, Q^2))

$$E[O] = \int d^n a \rho(\mathbf{a} | data) O(\mathbf{a})$$

$$V[O] = \int d^n a \rho(\mathbf{a} | data) [O(\mathbf{a}) - E[O]]^2$$

Exact, but
 $n = \mathcal{O}(100)!$

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Average over k sets
of the parameters
(replicas)

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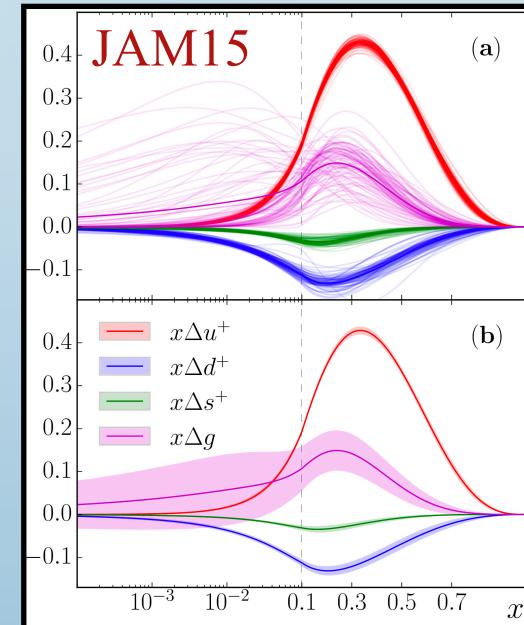
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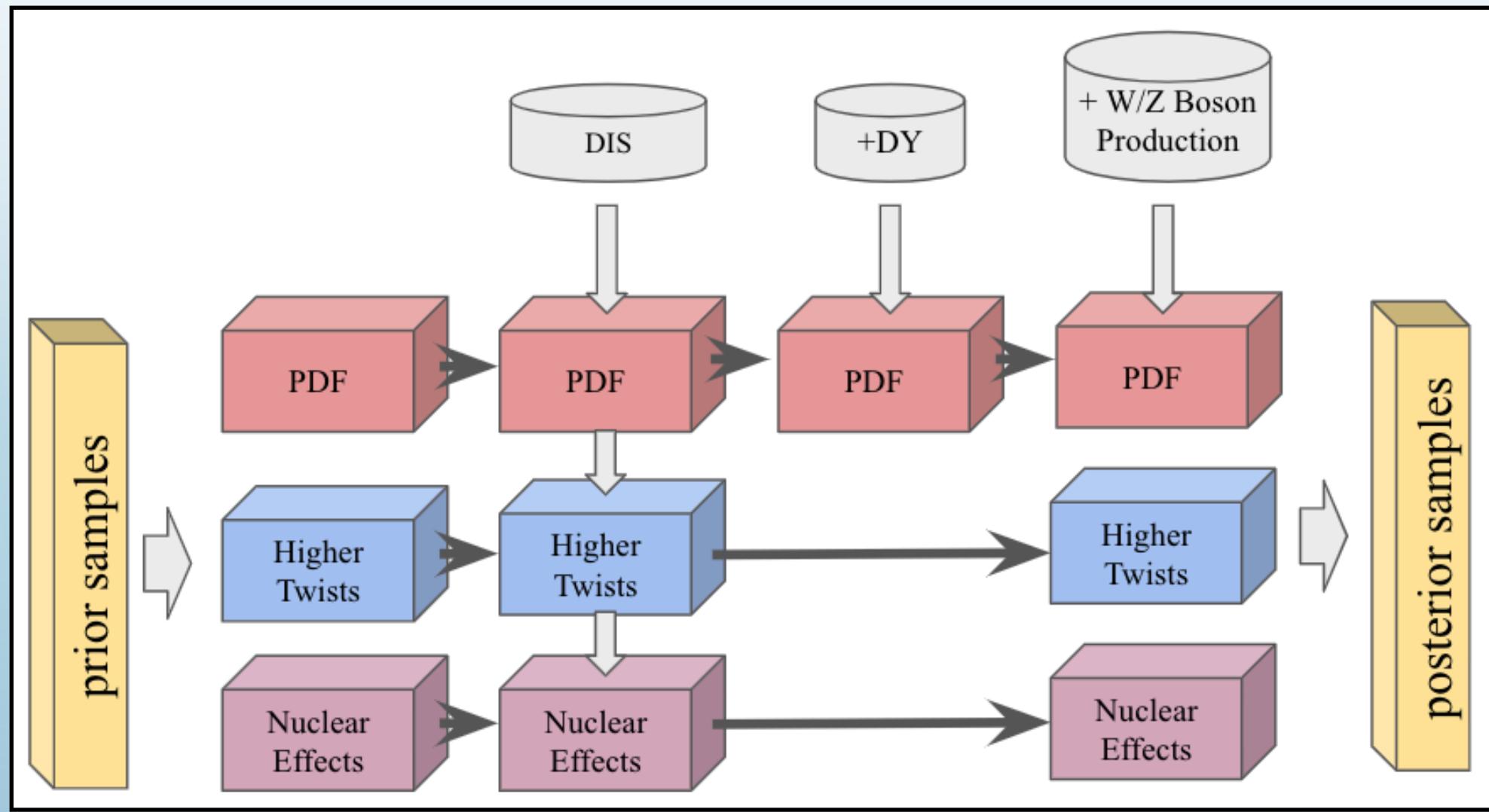
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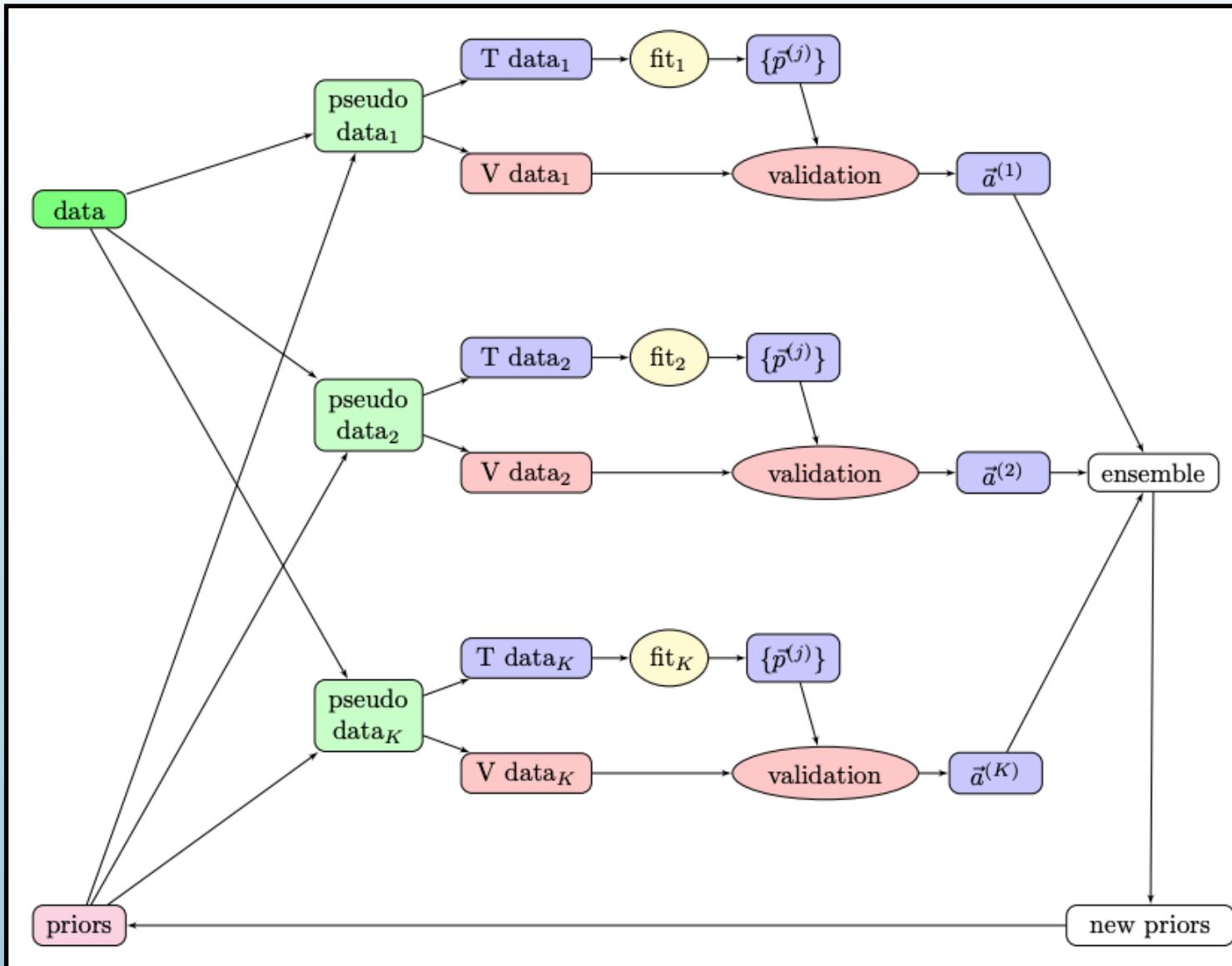
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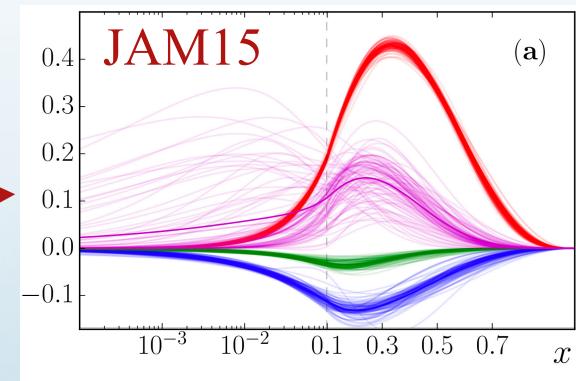
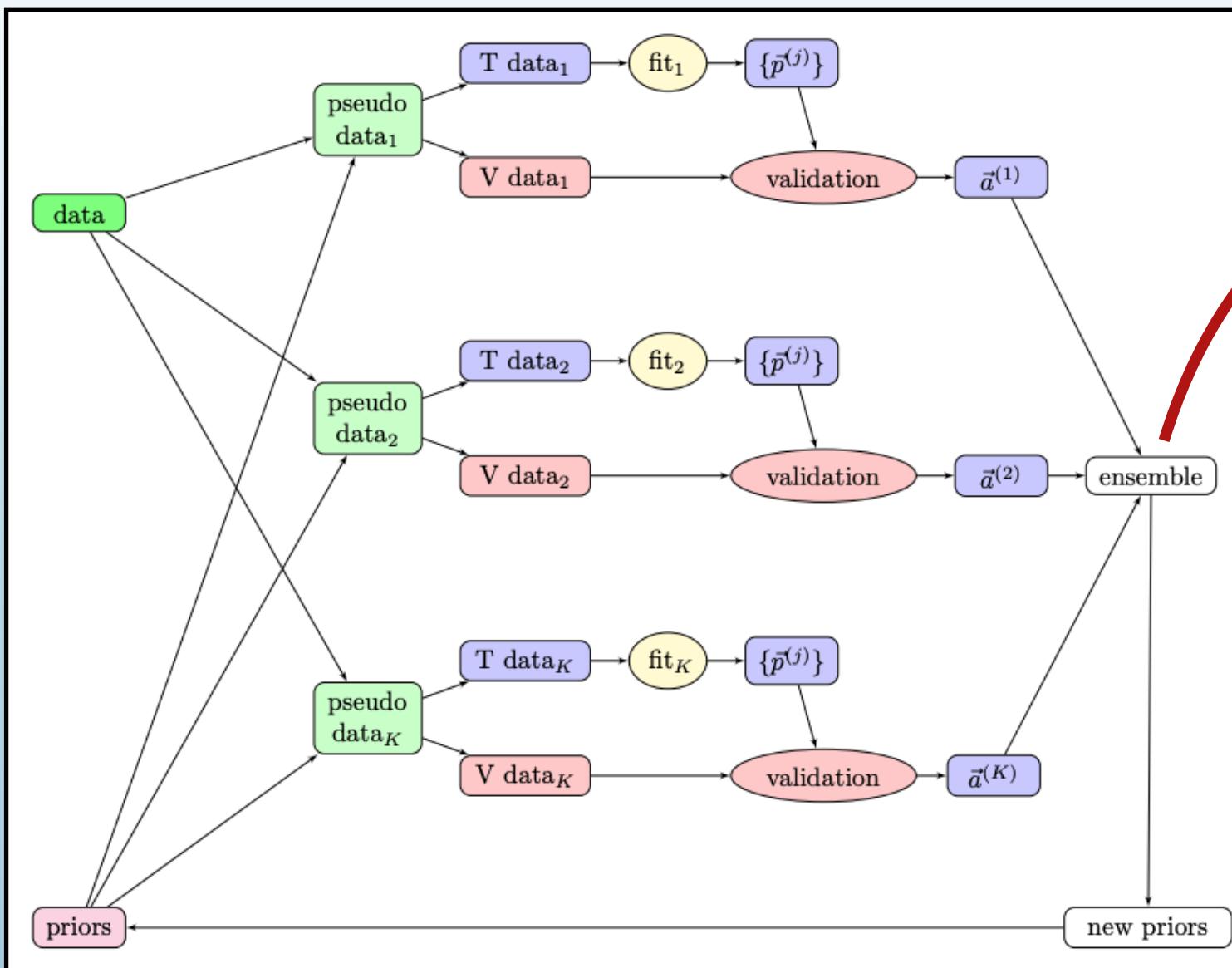
$$V[O] \approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_k [O(\mathbf{a}_k) - E[O]]^2$$

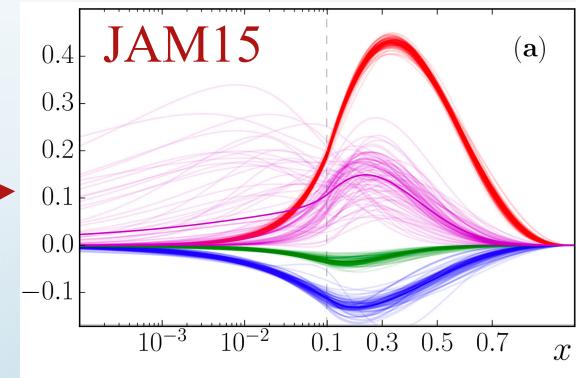
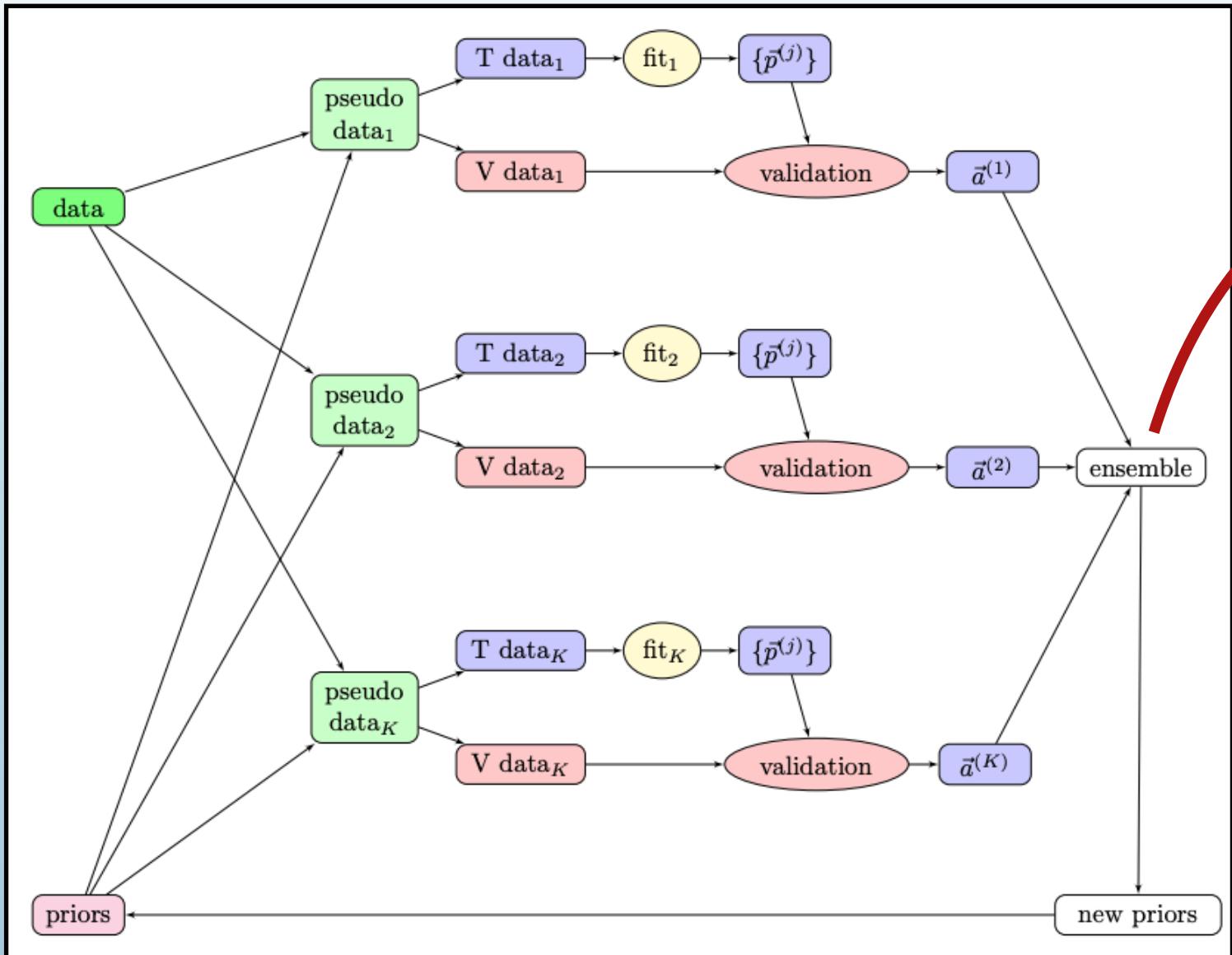
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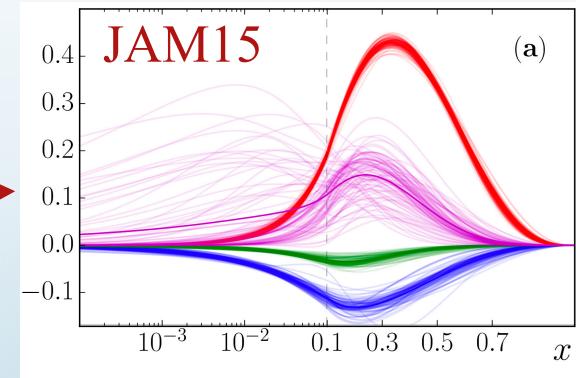
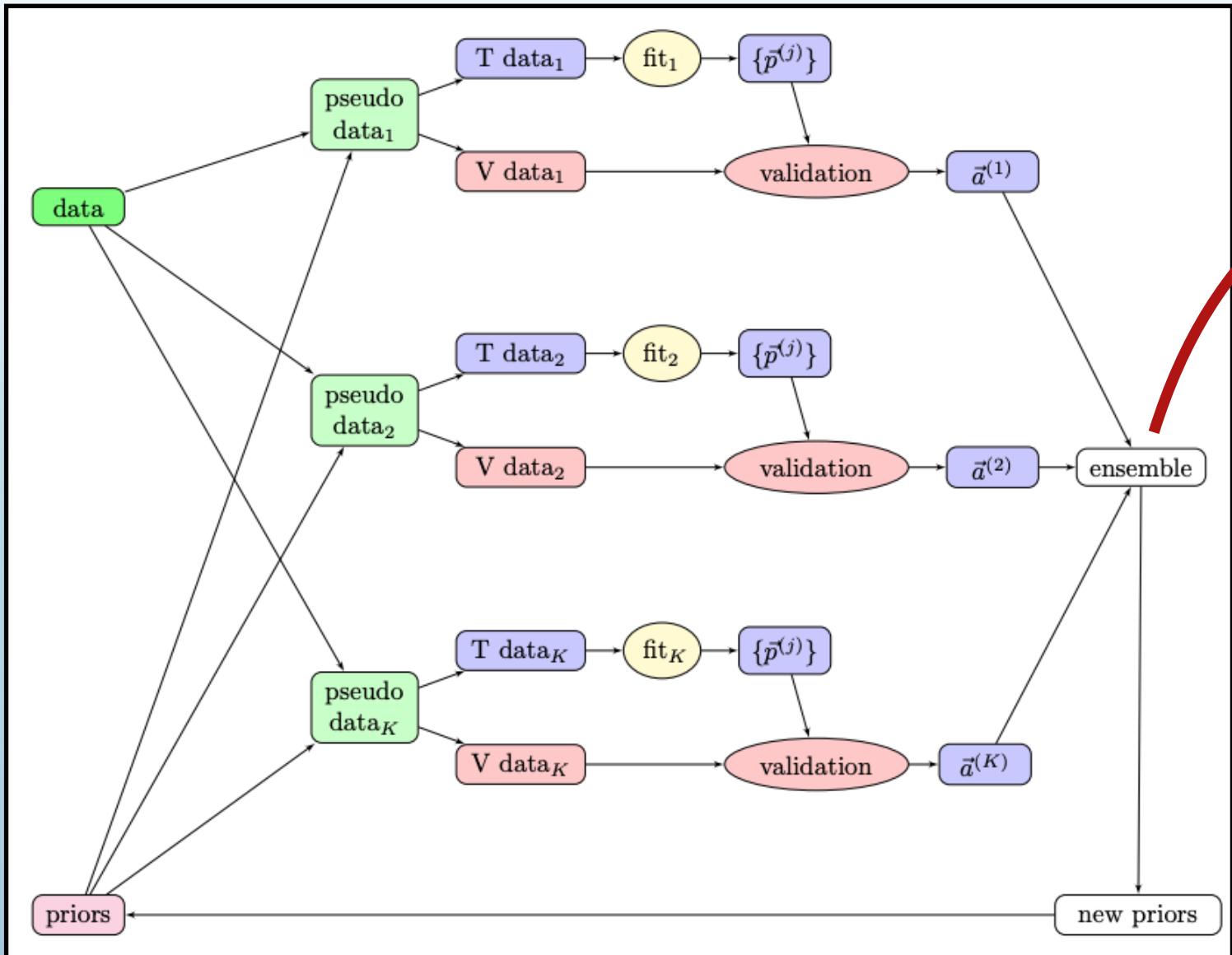




+

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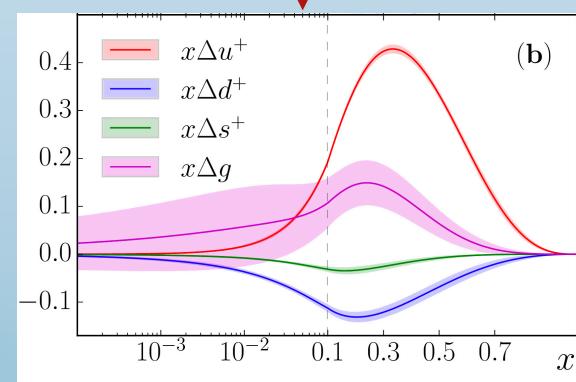
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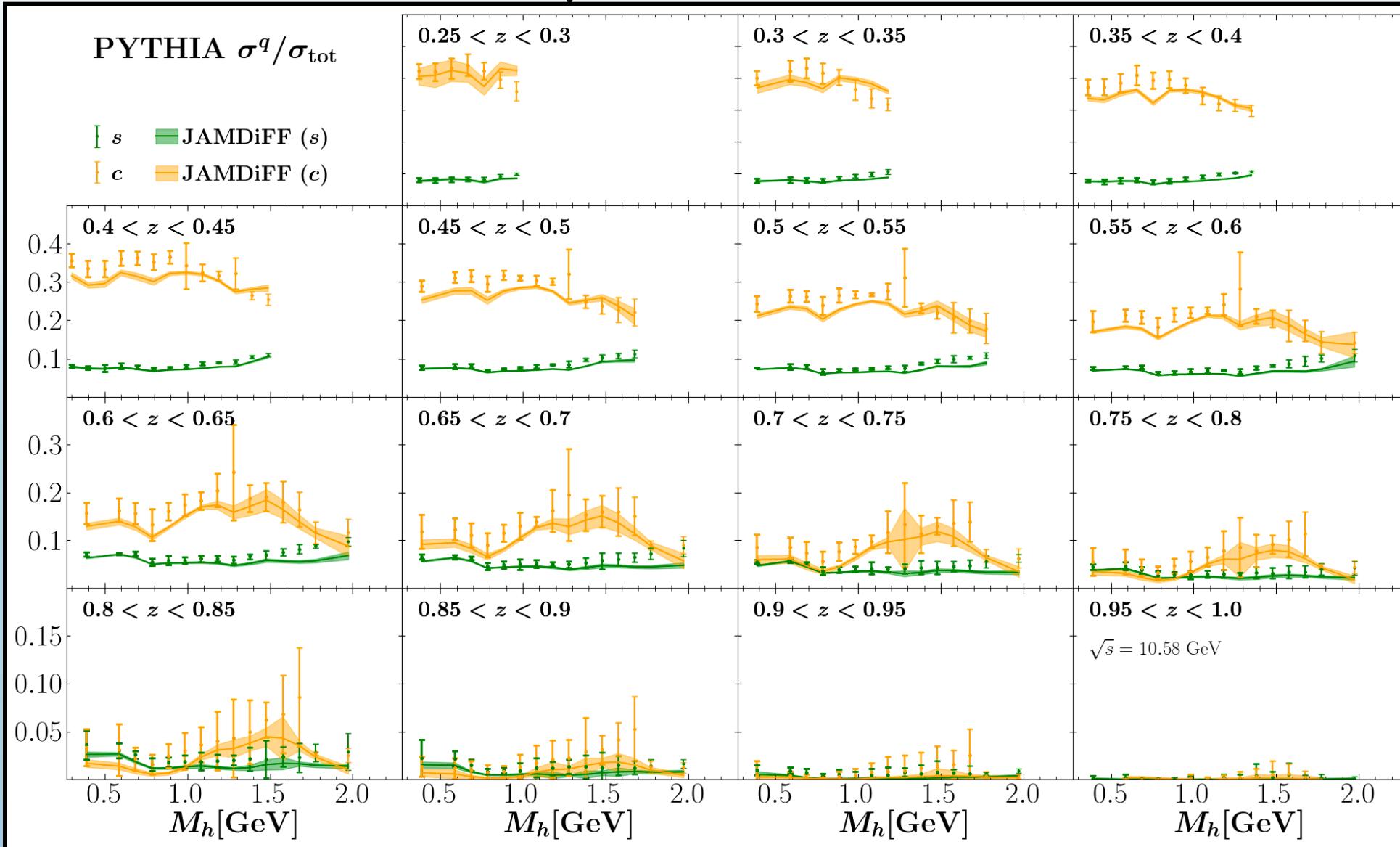
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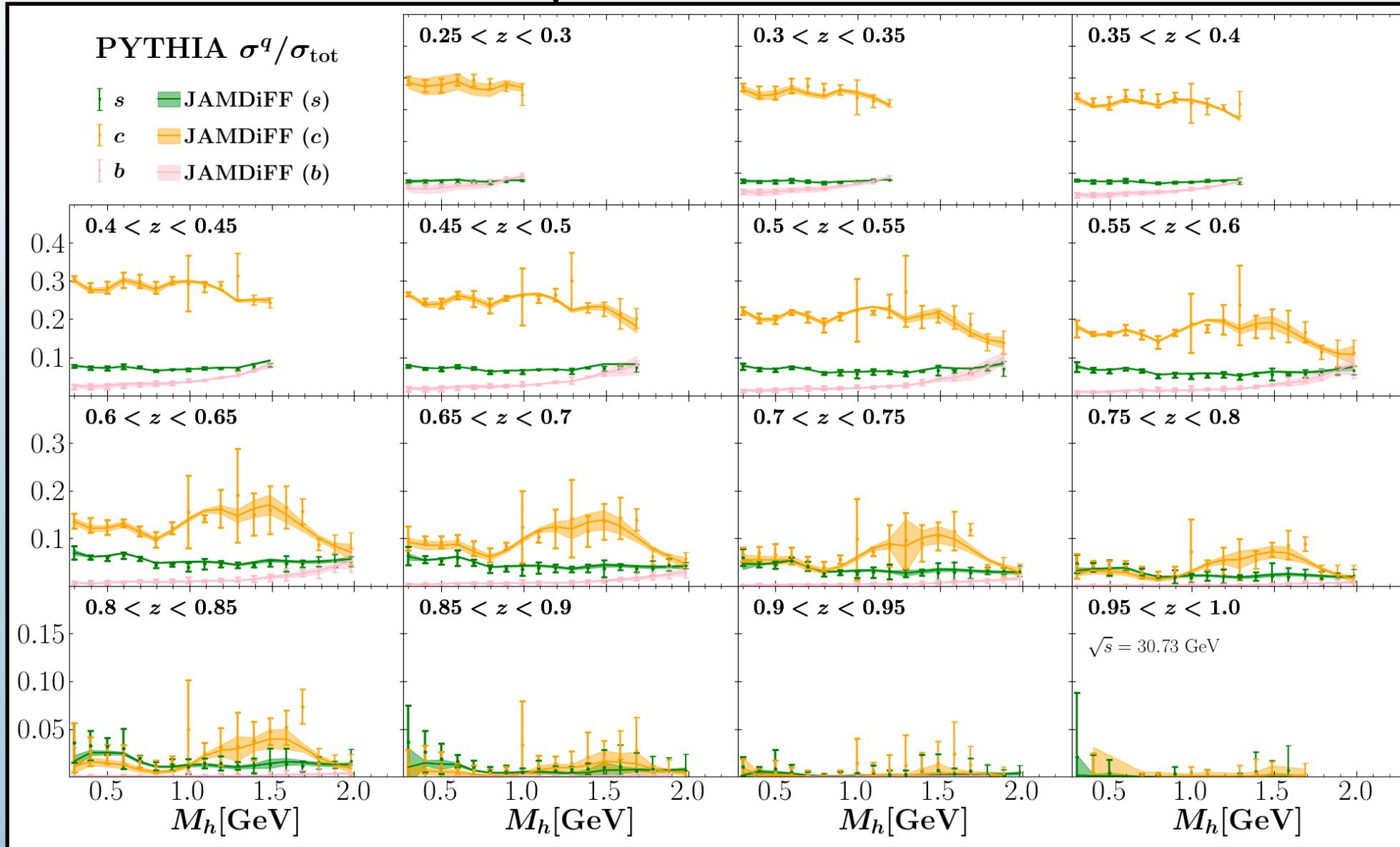
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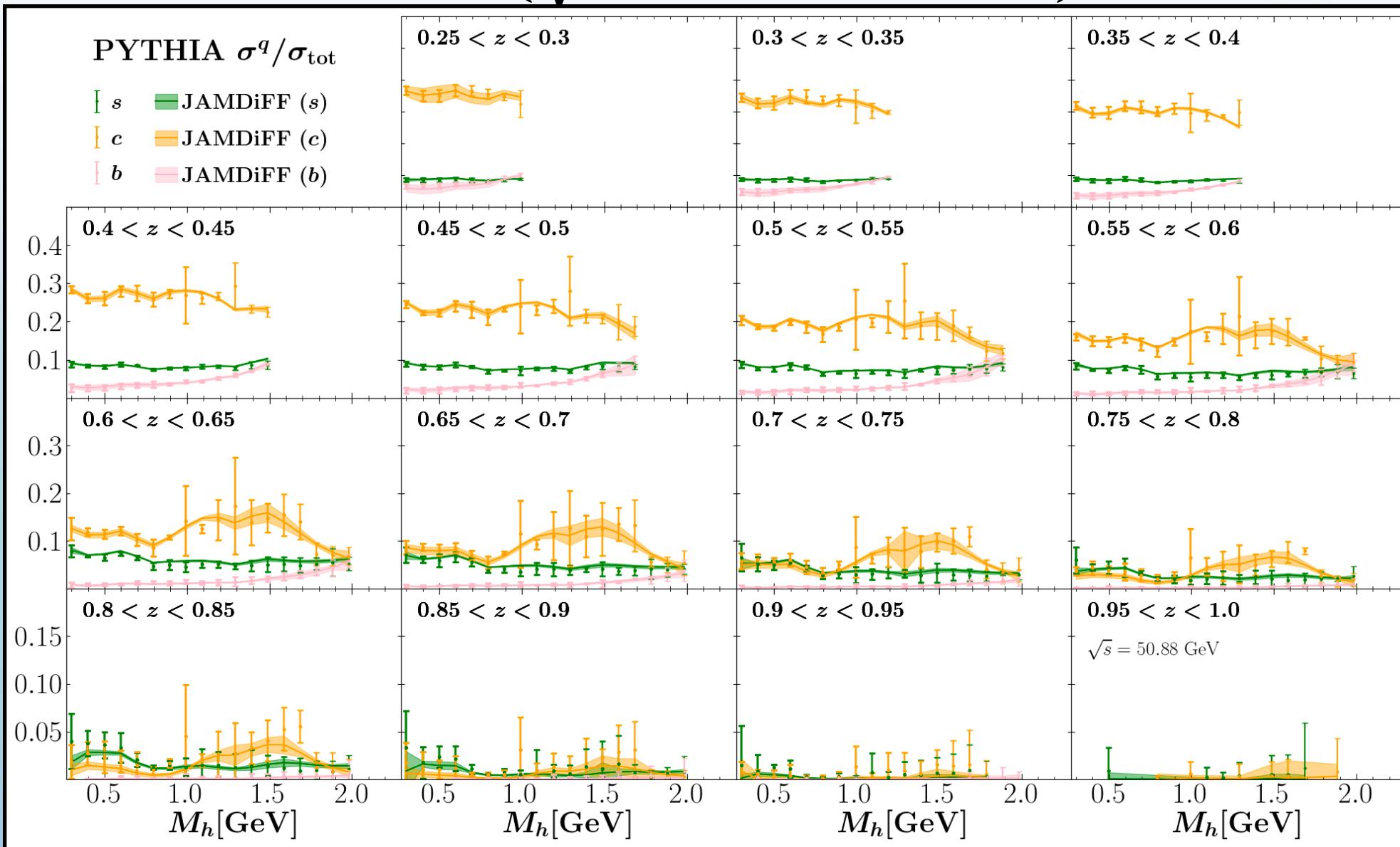
PYTHIA data ($\sqrt{s} = 10.58$ GeV)



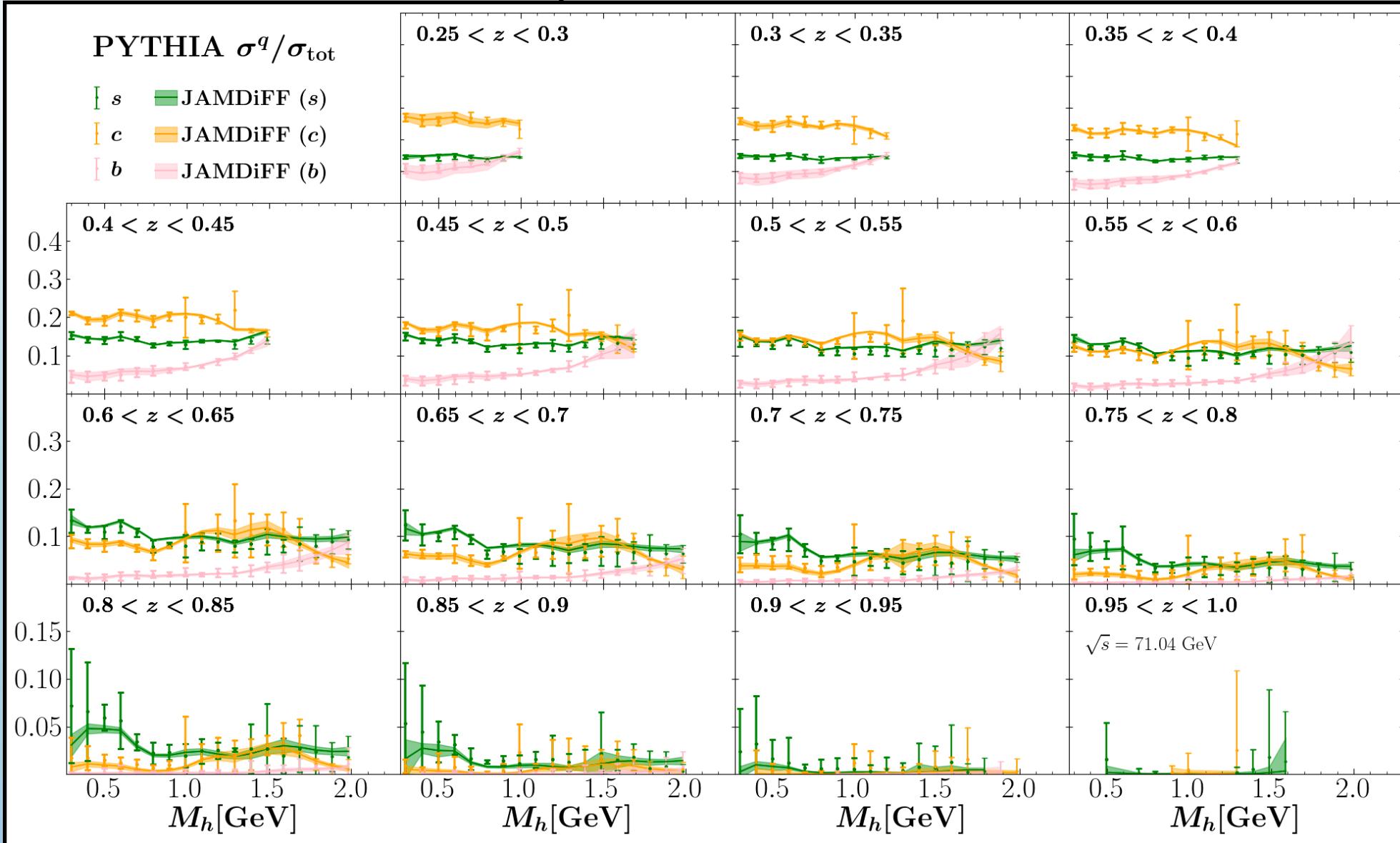
PYTHIA data ($\sqrt{s} = 30.73$ GeV)



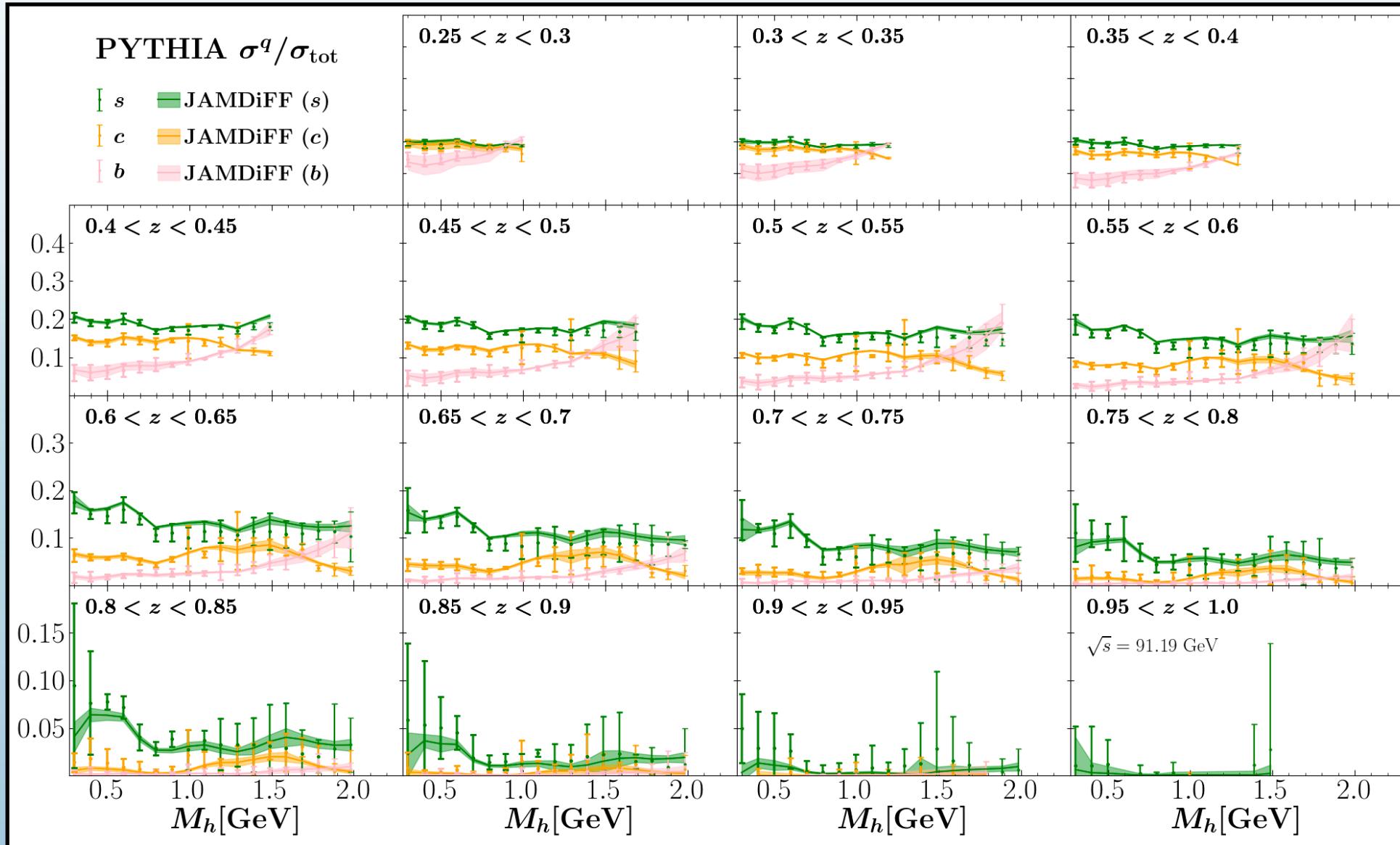
PYTHIA data ($\sqrt{s} = 50.88$ GeV)



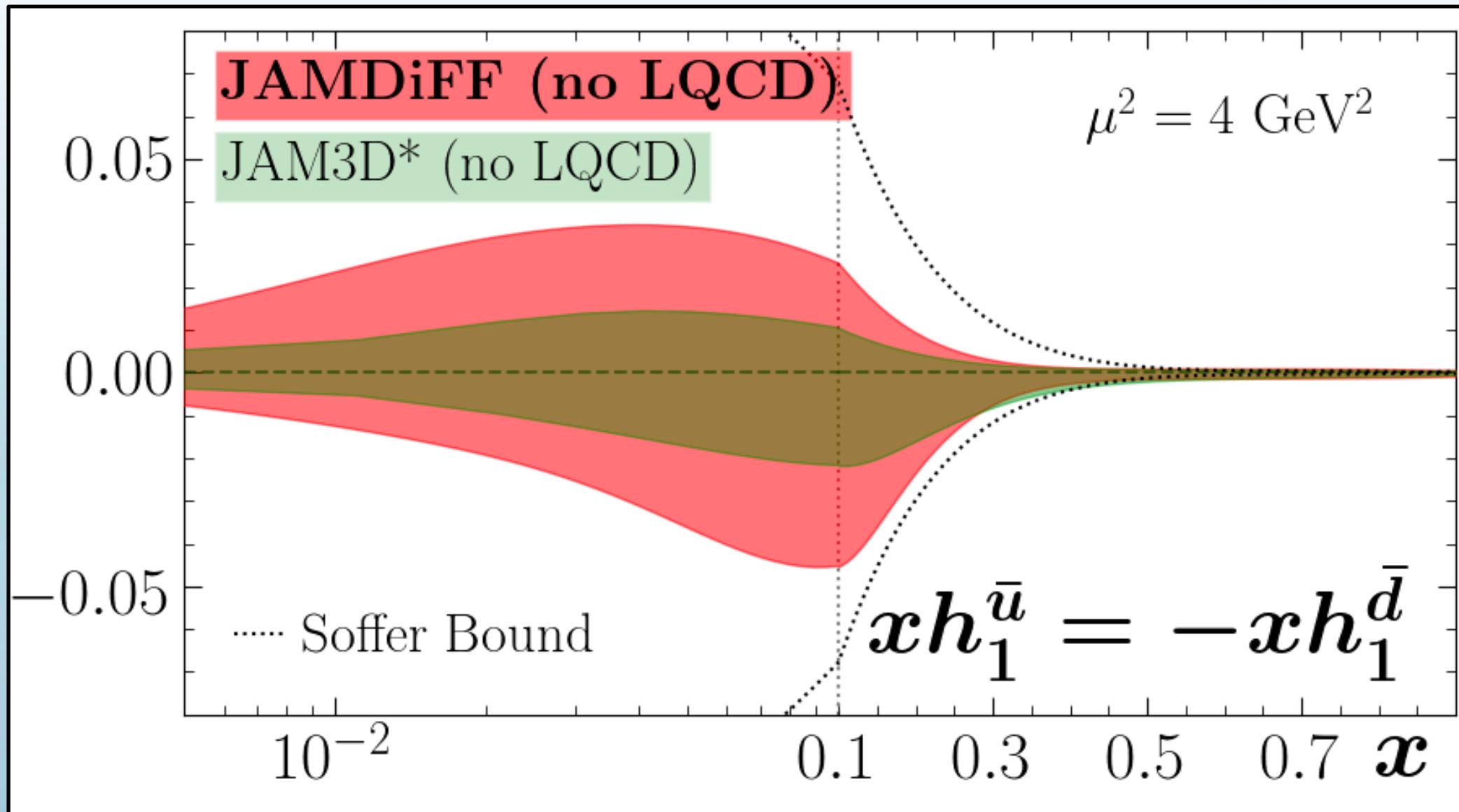
PYTHIA data ($\sqrt{s} = 71.04$ GeV)



PYTHIA data ($\sqrt{s} = 91.19 \text{ GeV}$)



Transversity PDFs (antiquarks)



DiFF Parameterization

$$\mathbf{M}_h^u = [2m_\pi, 0.40, 0.50, 0.70, 0.75, 0.80, 0.90, 1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.60, 1.80, 2.00] \text{ GeV.}$$

$$D_1^q(z, \mathbf{M}_h^{q,i}) = \sum_{j=1,2,3} \frac{N_{ij}^q}{\mathcal{M}_{ij}^q} z^{\alpha_{ij}^q} (1-z)^{\beta_{ij}^q},$$

204 parameters for D_1
48 parameters for H_1^\triangleleft

PDF Parameterization

$$\begin{aligned} h_1^{u_v} \\ h_1^{d_v} \\ h_1^{\bar{u}} = -h_1^{\bar{d}} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x, \mu_0^2) = \frac{N}{\mathcal{M}} x^\alpha (1-x)^\beta (1 + \gamma \sqrt{x} + \eta x),$$

15 parameters for h_1

Tensor Charge Numbers

Fit	δu	δd	g_T
no LQCD	0.50(7)	-0.04(14)	0.54(12)
w/ LQCD	0.71(2)	-0.200(6)	0.91(2)