Ultra-peripheral collisions at LHCb

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The LHCb detector (Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 30, 1530022 (2015))



The HeRSCheL detector (JINST 13 (2018) no.04, P04017)



Scintillator planes covering $5 < |\eta| < 10$. HeRSCheL activity can help identify photonuclear interactions.



Sensitive to the spatial gluon distribution in the nucleus. States of different masses provides sensitivity to different Q^2 .



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Charmonium cross sections provide sensitivity to the low-x structure of the nucleus, but predictions suffer from large scale uncertainties.



Some theoretical uncertainties cancel in cross section ratios, allowing for better discrimination between models.

ρ production (**NEW!** LHCb-PAPER-2024-042, in preparation)



The low mass of the ρ means that its production is sensitive to non-perturbative effects and is described by phenomenological models. LHCb's forward acceptance allows for efficient reconstruction of a high-purity dipion sample in UPCs.

 ρ production (**NEW!** LHCb-PAPER-2024-042, in preparation)



The high-quality LHCb data requires a more detailed model than the simple Söding model (ρ BW amplitude interfering with a flat continuum).

ρ production (**NEW!** LHCb-PAPER-2024-042, in preparation)



Data better described by including ω and an additional $\rho' \sim \rho(1700)$.

ρ production: next steps

PRC 93, 055206 (2016)



Use rapidity dependence to disentangle contributions from low-x and high-x gluons.



$p_{\rm T}$ distribution is sensitive to the size and shape of the nucleus.



- Coherent \u03c6 production sits at the border of perturbative and non-perturbative. Seen as a golden channel for studying saturation effects.
- Analysis is challenging as the final-state K^+K^- have very little $p_{\rm T}$
- LHCb's forward acceptance allows for efficient, high-quality reconstruction of $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ in UPCs!

Cross section measurement is in progress.

 K^+K^- production (**NEW!** LHCb-CONF-2024-006, in preparation)



The gluon-rich interactions probed by UPCs provide opportunities to study a wide variety of states.

Diffractive $J/\psi\phi$ production in pp (PRL 134 (2025) 031902)



Exclusive production in pp collisions is dominated by pomeron-pomeron processes, providing a gluon-rich environment for creating exotic states.

Diffractive $J/\psi\phi$ production in pp (PRL 134 (2025) 031902)



LHCb in Run 3



Since the start of Run 3 in 2022, LHCb has collected data with a GPU-based software-only trigger.

LHCb in Run 3



LHCb-FIGURE-2023-001

LHCb-FIGURE-2024-012

LHCb's flexible trigger allows for simultaneous collection of fixed-target and collider data, as well as studying new probes, such as low- $p_{\rm T}$ photons in UPCs.

Final thoughts

- The LHCb experiment is uniquely equipped to study UPCs at the LHC.
- Studies of UPCs at LHCb are expanding, taking advantage of the detector's forward acceptance and particle ID capabilities
- The upgraded LHCb detector and trigger will allow for new studies of UPCs in both collider and fixed-target modes.
- In 2024, LHCb collected its largest PbPb dataset ever, along with a large PbAr fixed-target sample that we've just started to explore.

Thank you!