



Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering Cross Section from the Neutron at the CLAS12 experiment

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CLAS Collaboration Meeting

Mar 13, 2024

Outline

- Motivation
- Data and MC samples
- PID and fiducial cuts
- Select nDVCS data
- Distributions of nDVCS variables
- Next to do

Motivation

- The study of multi-dimensional partonic structure of nucleons can provide important information to probe non-perturbative QCD
- Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs) relate transverse position of partons to longitudinal momentum
- The Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS) is one of the cleanest channels to access GPDs
- The measurement of DVCS cross-section from the neutron can provide unique information on GPDs



Data and MC samples

- Data
 - RGB data, collected by the CLAS12 detector in 2019 spring
 - 10.6/10.2 GeV electron beam scattering off an unpolarized liquid deuterium target
 - 232 runs (run number 6202 6603)
- MC

• 100M DVCS events (nDVCS: 23M events)

Configuration	rgb_spring2019	Software Ver.	gemc/5.4 coatjava/10.0.2
MC Gen Ver.	2.33	Magnetic Field	tor-1.00_sol-1.00
Generator	genepi	Bkg merging	50nA_10599MeV
Target Position	-3.0 cm	Target Length	5 cm
Generator Opt.	EBeam 10.6process 0 targ_A 2targ_Z 1		

Electron selection

- *q* = -1
- pid = 11
- $p_e > 1 \,\,{\rm GeV}$
- Reconstructed in FD
- Fiducial cut
 - PCAL: lv > 14 and lw > 14
 - DC: region 1-3
 edge > 6





Photon selection

- q = 0
- pid = 22
- $p_{\gamma} > 2 \text{ GeV}$
- Reconstructed in FT
 - Fiducial cut $x^2 + y^2 > 72$
- Reconstructed in FD
 - Fiducial cut (PCAL)
 lv > 14 and lw > 14



Neutron selection

- q = 0
- pid = 2112
- $p_n > 0.3 \text{ GeV}$
- Reconstructed in FD
 - Remove misidentified e^- , $\gamma = \theta_{en} > 12^\circ$ and $\theta_{\gamma n} > 7^\circ$
 - Fiducial cut
 lv > 14 and lw > 14
 for PCAL or ECin or ECout
- Reconstructed in CD
 - Fiducial cut $40^{\circ} < \theta_n < 150^{\circ}$



The data and MC distributions are different because MC is nDVCS while data contains lots of channels at this stage.

Select nDVCS data

- Select events with at least one electron, one neutron and one photon
 - For cases with more than one combination, select the one with the smallest χ^2 -like quantity (defined using exclusivity variables that peak at zero)
- Reaction kinematics: $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$, W > 2 GeV, $t > -1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Apply pre-selection on missing m_X^2 and p_X of $ed \rightarrow en\gamma X$
 - To reduce events from other channels mostly
 - Pre-selection: $-0.5 < m_X^2 < 3 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0 < p_X < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$



- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
 - ~ 2σ of the MC distribution
- CD&FT (n in CD & γ in FT)





- $\Delta \phi$: difference in ϕ between
 - hadronic plane formed by the neutron and the virtual photon
 - hadronic plane formed by the neutron and the outgoing photon
- Δt : difference in *t* between
 - *t* calculated by the neutron
 - *t* calculated by the photon

Other topologies (CD&FD, FD&FT, FD&FD) are presented in backup slides

- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
 - ~ 2σ of the MC distribution
- CD&FT (n in CD & γ in FT)

• $\theta_{X\gamma}$: cone angle formed by the missing photon X ($en \rightarrow enX$) and the outgoing photon γ



The data and MC distributions are very different

> mainly due to the protons that are misidentified as neutrons, discussed in the later slides, and due to the π^0 contamination

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- Criteria determined by comparing data and MC
 - ~ 2σ of the MC distribution
- CD&FT (n in CD & γ in FT)



- Exclusivity cuts for CD&FT
 - $|\Delta \phi| < 2.0^{\circ}$
 - $|\Delta t| < 0.7 \, {
 m GeV^2}$
 - $\left|m_X^2\right| < 0.4 \text{ GeV}^2 (en \rightarrow en\gamma X)$
 - $\left|m_X^2\right| < 3.7 \text{ GeV}^2 (en \rightarrow enX)$
 - $\theta_{X\gamma} < 3.6^{\circ} (en \rightarrow enX)$
 - $-0.1 < m_X^2 < 2.0 \text{ GeV}^2$ (ed $\rightarrow en\gamma X$)
 - $p_X < 0.8 \text{ GeV} (ed \rightarrow en\gamma X)$
- After the selection
 - $N = 2.74 \times 10^5$ for CD&FT

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Particle kinematics after the selection

• CD&FT (n in CD & γ in FT)



Proton misidentified as neutron

- The tracking system (CVT) in CD has dead or low-efficiency regions
- Protons: no tracks in CVT but hits in CND

Misidentified as neutrons

• Reproduce distributions in MC mixing pDVCS and nDVCS



- Remain backgrounds:
 - Proton misidentified as neutron
 - To be reduced by TMVA
 - π^0 production
 - The study of π^0 production MC is ongoing



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- Remain backgrounds:
 - Proton misidentified as neutron
 - To be reduced by TMVA
 - p MC distribution: pDVCS but reconstructed as nDVCS events
 - π^0 contamination



- Remain backgrounds:
 - Proton misidentified as neutron
 - Plain cut of ϕ_n is not enough to remove protons
 - Need to be reduced by TMVA



- Remain backgrounds:
 - Proton misidentified as neutron
 - To be reduced by TMVA
 - p MC distribution: pDVCS but reconstructed as nDVCS events
 - π^0 contamination
- Need momentum correction for neutron



Next to do

- Tune the selection criteria for each topology
- Momentum corrections
- Subtract backgrounds of misidentified-proton by TMVA
- Subtract π^0 production background
- Determine the efficiency and acceptance
- Extract the integrated luminosity
- Estimate the systematic uncertainties

Thank you!

Backup slides

Pre-selection on missing m_X^2 and p_X of $ed \rightarrow en\gamma X$

CD&FT

CD&FD

FD&FT











Electron kinematics



Electron kinematics

CD&FT

CD&FD





Neutron kinematics

CD&FT

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Neutron kinematics

CD&FT

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FD&FT



Photon kinematics

CD&FT

CD&FD

FD&FT



Photon kinematics

CD&FT

CD&FD

FD&FT

