## Beam Commissioning Result of Polarized Target at SpinQuest

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#### Outline

- "SpinQuest Polarized Target System" by V. Bandara
  - Structure & performance of system components
- 1. Quick overview of SpinQuest experiment
  - (Unpolarized) high-intensity proton beam
  - Polarized target
  - Data-taking schedule
- 2. Achievements during beam commissioning
  - Beam-target alignment
  - Polarization under beam & material annealing
  - Beam characteristics & magnet quench
- 3. Conclusions

#### Proton Beam for SpinQuest @ FNAL

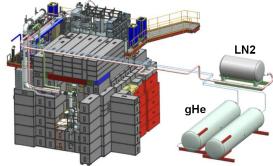


- From Main Injector
- Unpolarized
- Energy E = 120 GeV( $\sqrt{s} = 15 \text{ GeV}$ )
- Bunch
  - Interval: 19 nsec (53 MHz)
  - $^{\circ}~\sim \! 10k$  protons per RF bucket
  - $^{\circ}~\sim 2 imes 10^{12} \ {
    m protons}$  per spill (in 4 sec)
- Duty cycle
  - 4 sec for SpinQuest
  - $\circ~56~{\rm sec}$  for  $\nu$  exp.

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## SpinQuest Target System

- Target cryostat in "Cave"
  - Surrounded by concrete blocks for radiation shielding
  - $^\circ~$  Evaporation fridge at  $T\approx 1~{\rm K}$  &  $B=5~{\rm T}$
- On "Cryo Platform"
  - Helium liquefaction plant
  - Roots pump for evaporation fridge
- Gaseous helium tank at outside
  - Closed helium system



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### SpinQuest Schedule

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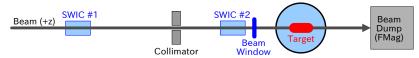
Year	Month	Event	
2023		Commissioning of spectrometer using cosmic rays	
2024	03	Lab approval for beam operation for SpinQuest	
	05	Delivery of first proton beam to SpinQuest	
	05-07	Commissioning of target & spectrometer using beam	
	07	Accelerator summer shutdown	
	11	Start of physics data taking	
		$\Downarrow 8 \text{ months}$	
2025	07	Accelerator summer shutdown	

- Carried out the beam commissioning in May-July this year
  - $\circ~$  Improvements about stability & efficiency of system operation
  - Acquisition of "physics" data
    - •• With NH3 target polarized
    - $\circ\circ$  With spectrometer fully operational
  - Data analysis & system upgrades are ongoing

#### **Objectives of Beam Commissioning about Target**

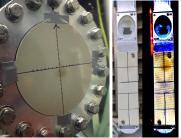
- Alignment of beam & target
- Measurement of beam intensity & profile
- Handling of target material
- Polarization under beam
- Annealing of target material
- Test of high beam intensity & magnet quench
- Sustainable operation of LHe production & consumption

## Beam-Target Alignment



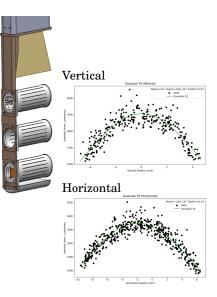
- Requirement: Control within a few mm
  - Target size =  $21 \times 27$  mm
  - $\circ$  Beam width =  $\pm 3-4$  mm
- Multiple devices to adjust & confirm the alignment
  - Two beam profile monitors ("SWIC") at 2 & 6 m from target
  - $^{\circ}~$  G10 plate on beam window at 2 m
  - G10 plate on target cell
  - Tungsten plate in target cell





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- Multiple devices to adjust & confirm the alignment
  - Two beam profile monitors ("SWIC") at 2-4 m from target
  - $^{\circ}~$  G10 plate on beam window at 2 m  $\,$
  - G10 plate on target cell
  - Tungsten plate in target cell
- Achieved precision  $\approx 1 \text{ mm}$



# Handling of Target Materials

- In physics data taking
  - Replace materials in target cells every week
  - Need regular material handling
- Materials tested in beam commissioning:



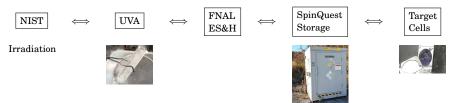
 $CH_2$ 



 $ND_3$ 

&

• Material production & transport



• The procedure for material transport has been established, in accordance with FNAL safety criteria

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- Loading of materials to target cells
  - Designated area & procedure for safety
  - Many people trained

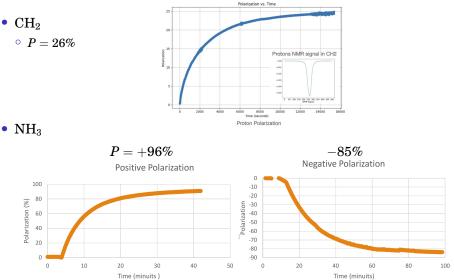


- Loading of target insert to fridge
  - Designated procedure
  - Many people trained



• The handling procedures have been established & conducted repeatedly

## Polarization

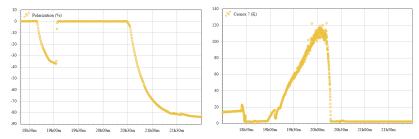


 $^{\circ}$  No polarization drop was observed under beam with  $3 imes 10^{12}$  protons/spill

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#### Annealing of Target Material

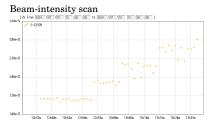
- In physics data taking
  - Do the annealing once per day
  - Together with polarization flip
- Annealing was carried out once during commissioning
  - $^\circ~|P|\sim 40\%$  before annealing
  - $\circ~|P|\sim 80\%$  after annealing. Clear recovery

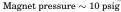


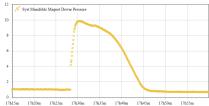
## **Quench** Commissioning of Target Magnet

#### Soft quenches

- $^{\circ}~\sim 10~{
  m times}$
- Mostly caused by unstable beam position control
- $\circ~$  Beam intensity:  $0.5 \cdots 1.5 imes 10^{12}$  protons per spill
- $^\circ~$  No helium loss, since the current was slowly taken out by the PS
- Hard quenches
  - Three on purpose to measure the max intensity. One by accidental loss of beam control
  - $^\circ~$  Beam intensity:  $~3.0\mathchar`-3.3 \times 10^{12}$  protons per spill
    - As anticipated by heat-load simulation







Oxford Mercury iPS



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## **Operation of LHe System**

- Production of LHe
  - $^\circ~$  Two liquefiers ("A" & "B") with each volume = 200 L
  - $^\circ~4~{
    m L}$  per hour ( $\sim 50~{
    m SLM}$ ) by each liquefier
- Consumption of LHe
  - Transfer efficiency from liquefier to magnet
    - $^{\circ\circ}~50\%$  typically & 60% at best, due to long (~20 m) transfer line
  - $^{\circ}~$  In the target cryogenics

Magnet boil-off	7 SLM	
Separator flow	$20~\mathrm{SLM}$	
Fridge evaporation	20  SLM	
DNP microwave	0-20 SLM	
Beam proton	${\sim}0$	(0.4 W in only 4 s per 1 m)
Total	50-60 SLM	= 5 L/hour of LHe

• Production rate  $\sim$  Consumption rate

- One problem Overtemperature
  - Cooling water is supplied by Fermilab for roots pump, liquefier & spectrometer magnets (FMag & KMag)
  - $\circ~$  Not powerful enough to always operate the systems due to
    - •• High outdoor temperature in May-July
    - •• Faults on cooling water system
  - $^{\circ}$  Liquefier off  $\Longrightarrow$  LHe shortage in magnet/fridge
- Improvements
  - Repair of cooling water system
  - $^\circ~$  Variable attenuator to minimize the power of DNP microwave
  - Better heat insulation for magnet & fridge
  - More LHe storage

## Conclusions

- SpinQuest is high-intensity frontier of polarized target
  - Evaporation refrigerator with highest cooling power
  - Longest target cell for 1K system
- The high polarization has been achieved

 $NH_3: \ +96\% \ \& \ -85\% \qquad / \qquad CH_2: \ 26\%$ 

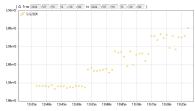
- The practical operations have been established
  - Handling of target materials
  - $^{\circ}$  Behavior of magnet under high-intensity beam
  - Sustainable operation of LHe system
- Upgrades are ongoing toward the physics data taking
- If you are interested in target and/or physics at SpinQuest, please contact me or spokespersons;
  - Dustin Keller (UVA, dustin@virginia.edu) & Kun Liu (LANL, liuk@lanl.gov)
- This work is supported by DOE contract DE-FG02-96ER40950



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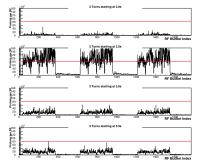
#### Beam Intensity & Profile

- Stable beam  $\Longrightarrow$  Stable magnet operation (and physics data taking)
- Intensity scan



- $\circ$  10<sup>12</sup> per spill (4 sec)
- Larger fluctuation at higher intensity

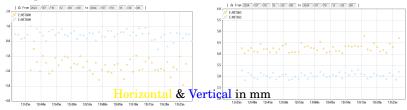
RF-bucket intensity



- $\circ~$  1,764 RFs (33  $\mu sec) \times$  4 samples
- Large (×10) fluctuations with fast & slow periods

#### Beam position

#### Beam width



• Stable within 1 mm

• 3-4 mm

- Larger shift during spill was observed
- The fluctuations had been anticipated to this level, based on the previous experiment (SeaQuest)
- Improvements under consideration
  - More monitoring parameters
  - $\circ~$  Better stability with fine tunings of accelerator parameters