

Beam Test and Comparison With Simulation

Ye Tian

Syracuse University

For ECal Beam Test Group

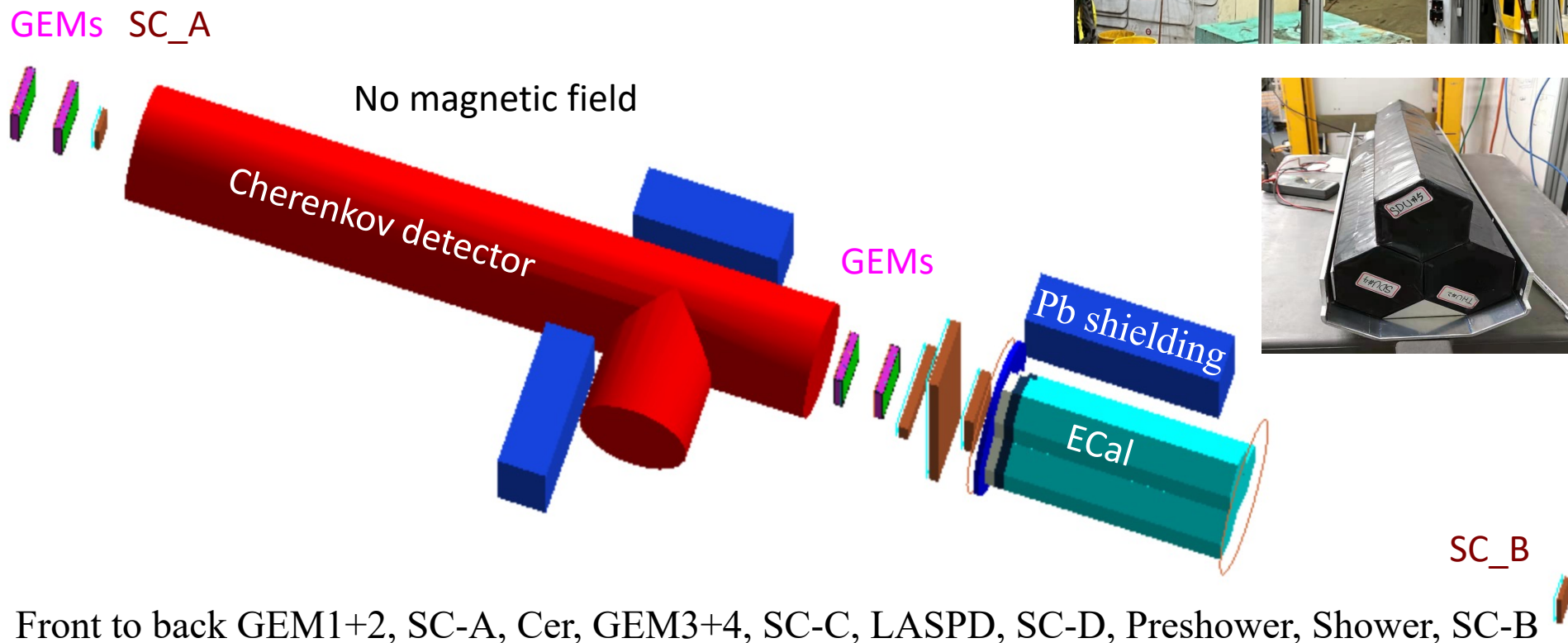
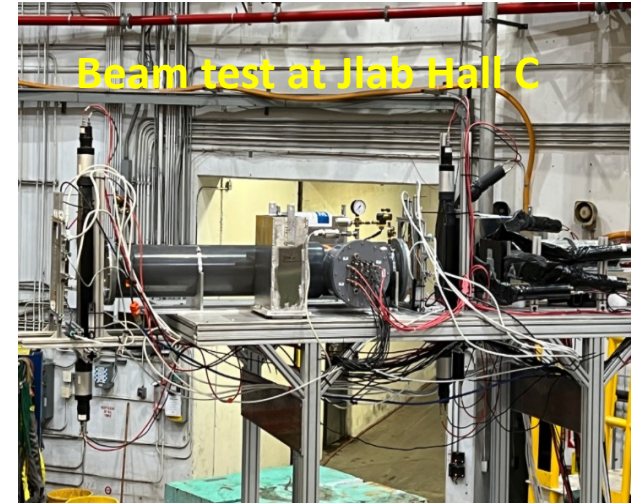
- ❖ Scintillators
- ❖ Showers
- ❖ PreShowers
- ❖ Radiation dose
- ❖ Summary and To-do-list

Summary of the Last Collaboration Meeting Talk

- Comparing both low and high-rate test data with simulation, the rate estimations from SoLID bggen and eAll event generators are consistent with those from the 7 deg data within 10%.
- ECal prehower and shower work very well under the actual high rate, high radiation, high background SoLID running condition, and the preshower works very well on identifying e^- at high energy region (above pion Cherenkov radiation threshold $>4\text{GeV}$).
- The preliminary beam test result shows that the photon rejection factor is around 7:1 based on 5uA beam test data.
- **Comparison between simulation and data** and LASPD analysis are ongoing.

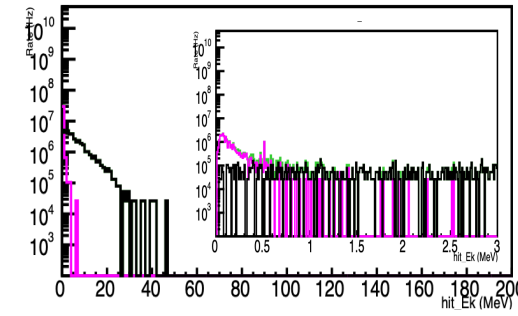
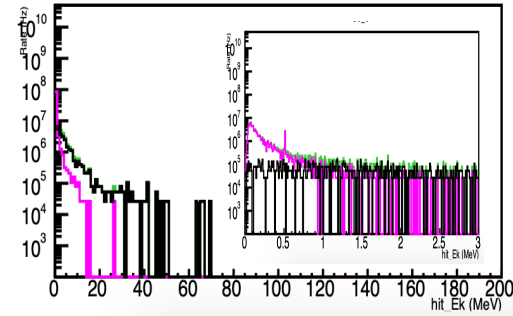
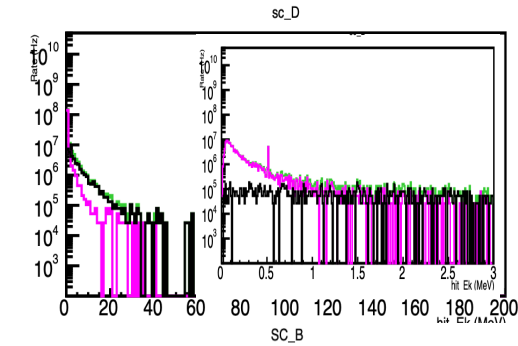
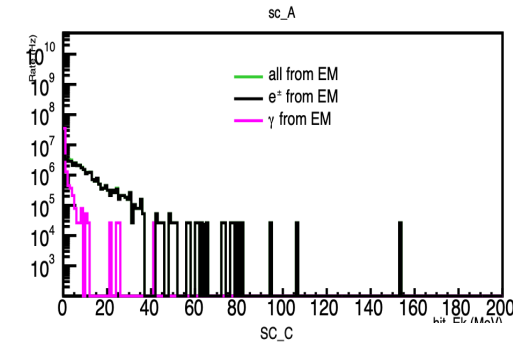
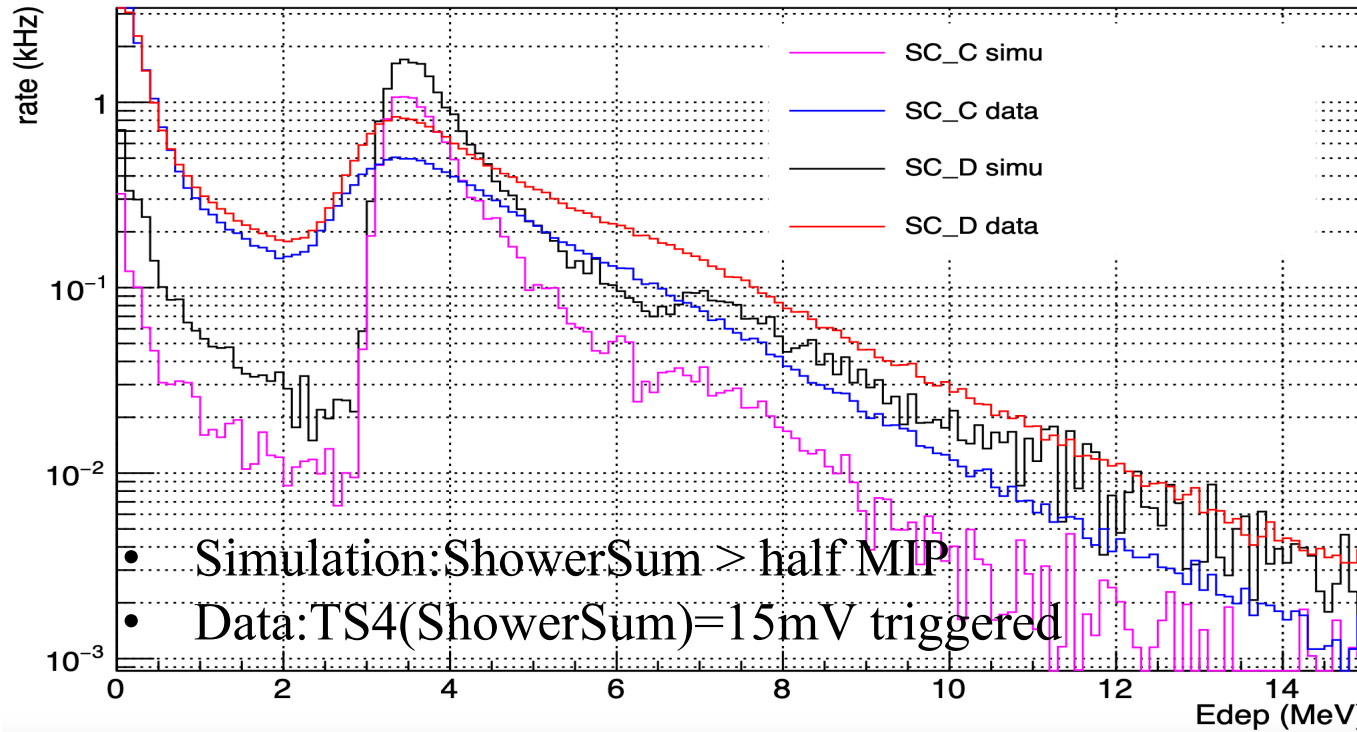
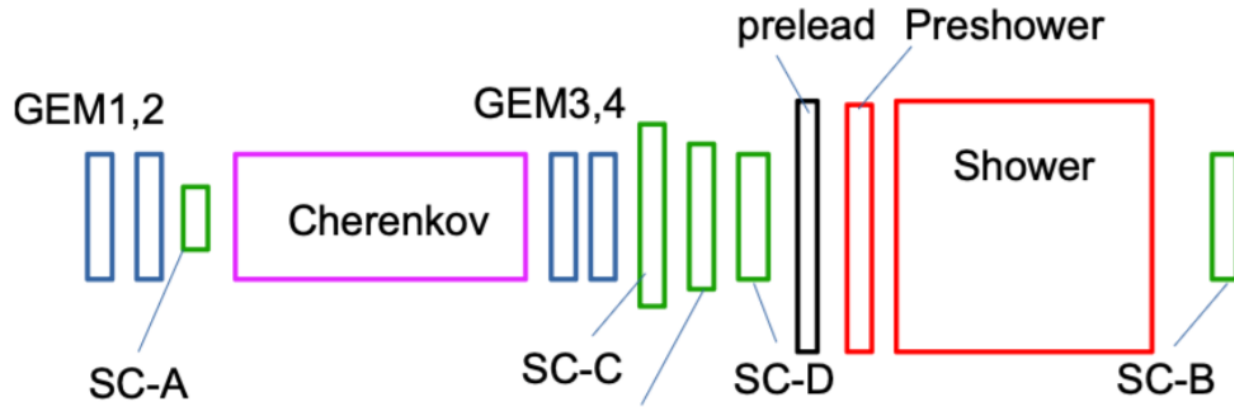
Simulation for Beam Test at Jlab

- ❑ Benchmarking simulation of rate and background
- ❑ Study ECal and LASPD performance under high rate, high radiation, high background condition
- ❑ Study ECal and LASPD PID



Front to back GEM1+2, SC-A, Cer, GEM3+4, SC-C, LASPD, SC-D, Preshower, Shower, SC-B

Scintillators



Singles

- Small pulses: photons
- MIP and above: electrons
- Source: beam pipe, some in air
- Consistent with MC
- The data is more spread out compared with MC

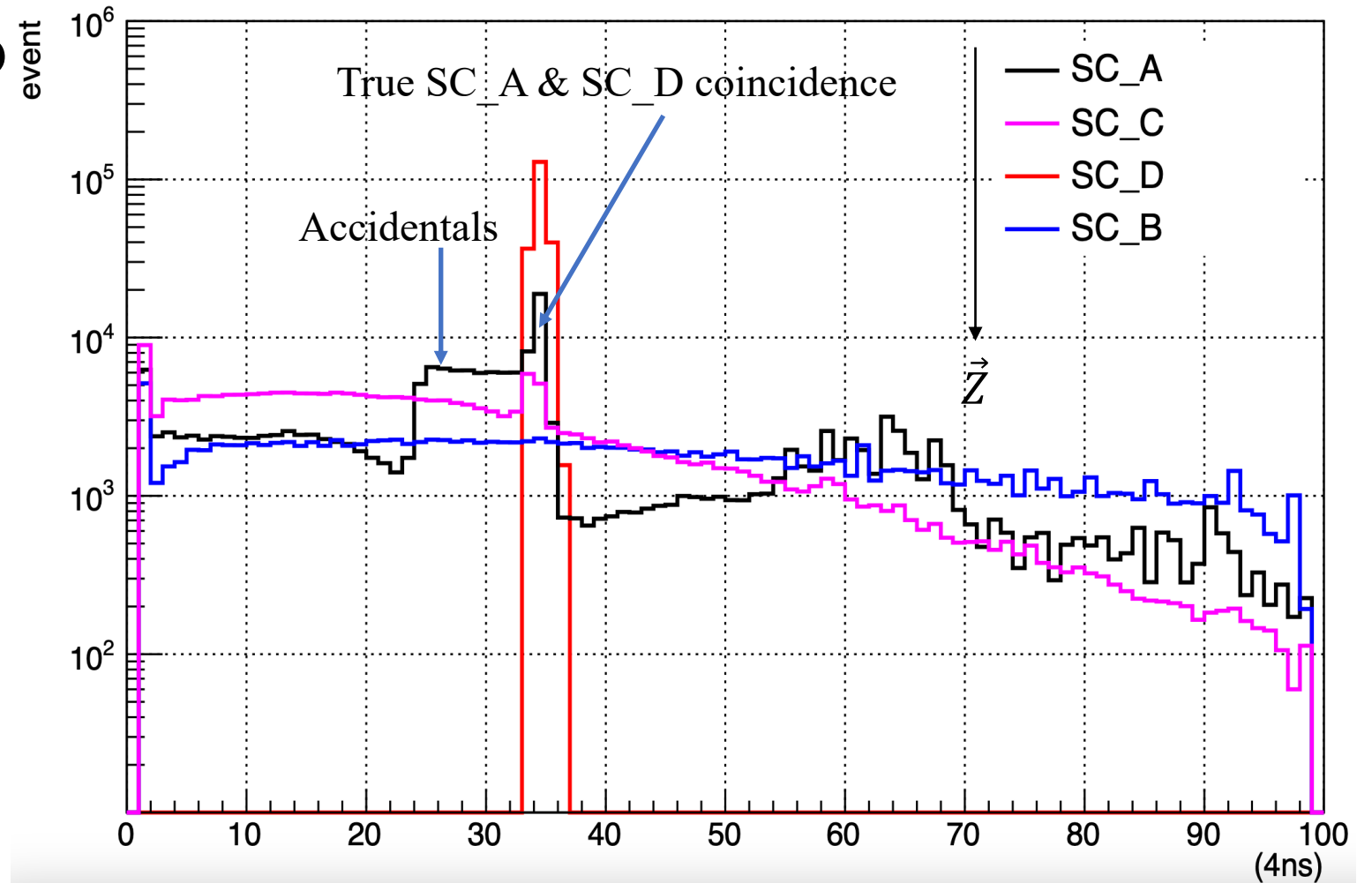
Scintillators with Coincidence Trigger

True coincidences (rare):

- Data shows that SC_A & SC_D trigger is mostly accidentals even at 5uA.
- Check Monte Carlo simulation agreement (ongoing, and the data is hard to interpret or simulate accurately.)

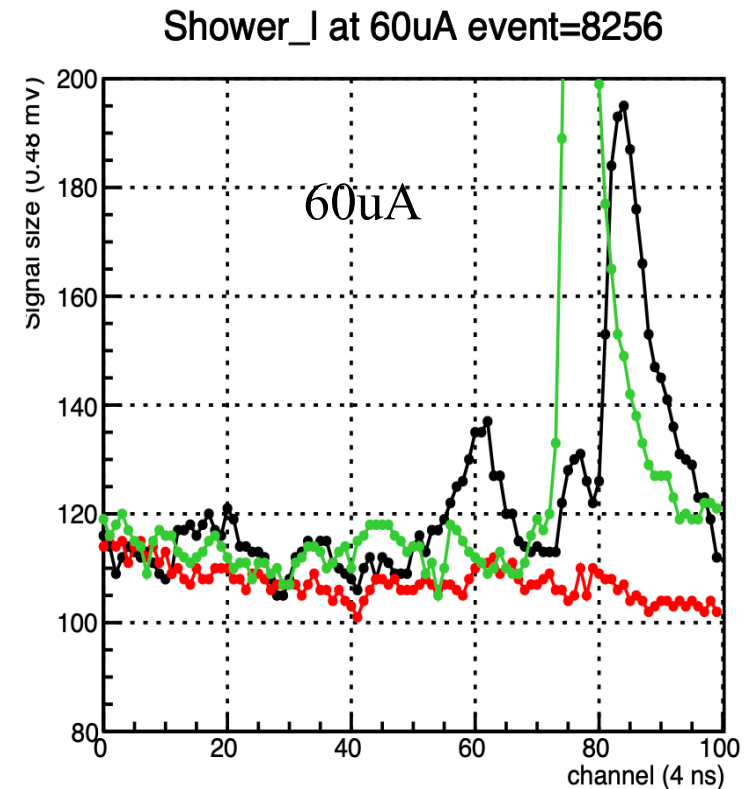
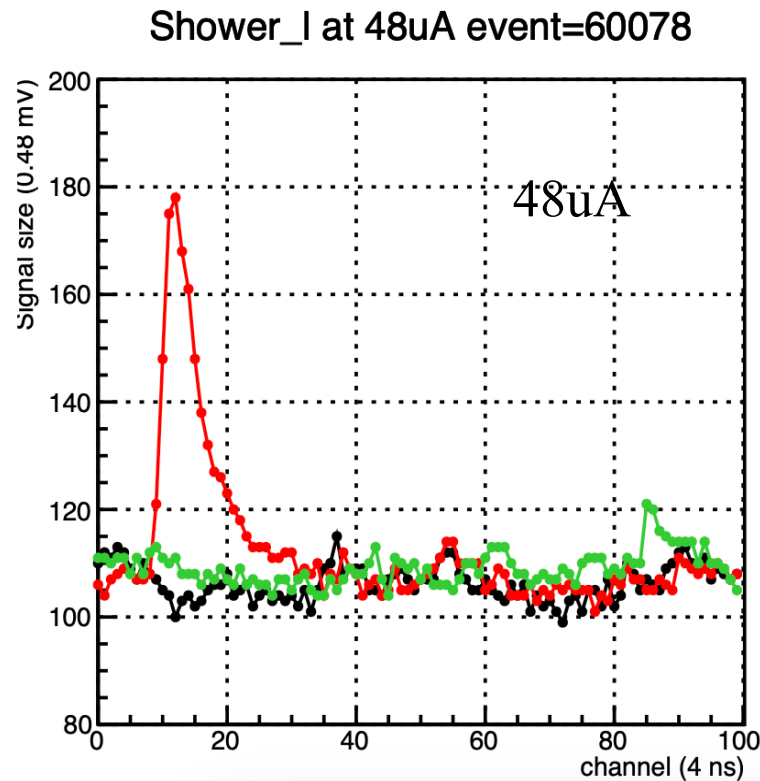
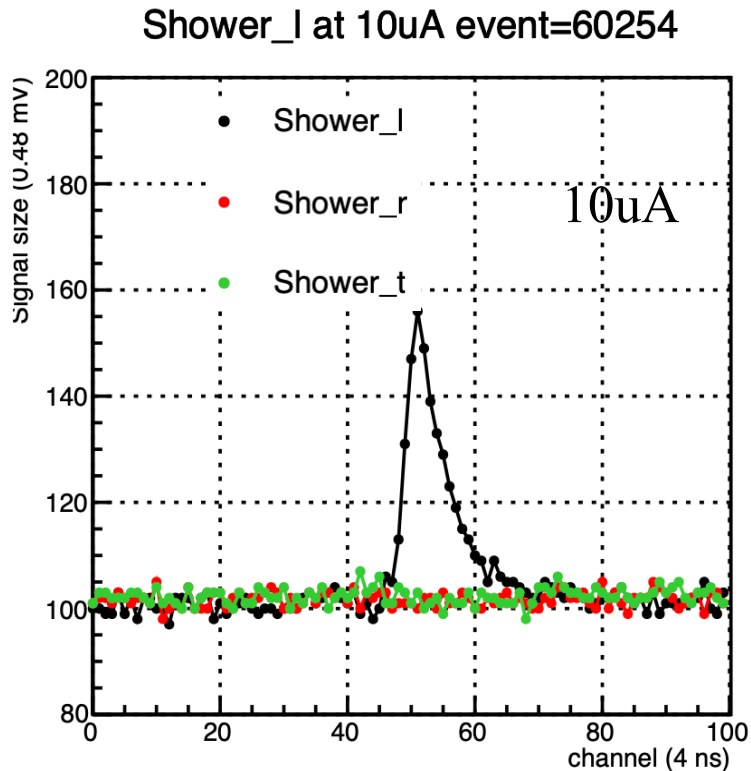
Simulation coincident pion rate: 2.1kHz

5uA SC_A & SC_D triggered timing with $33 \leq \text{SC}_D \leq 36$



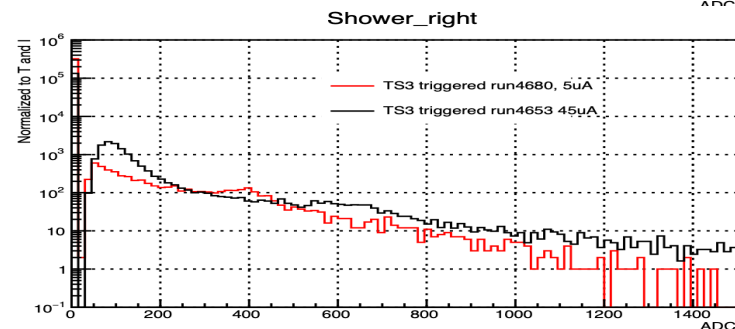
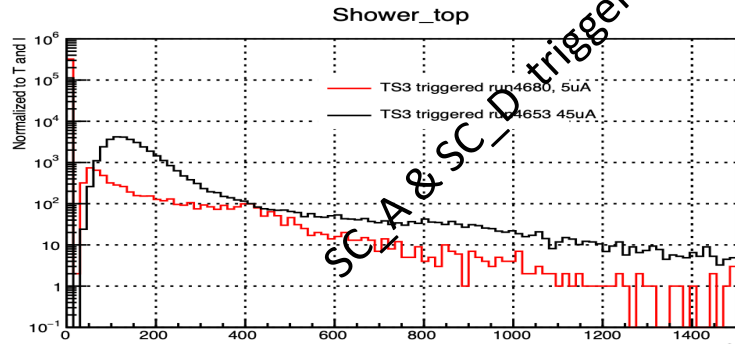
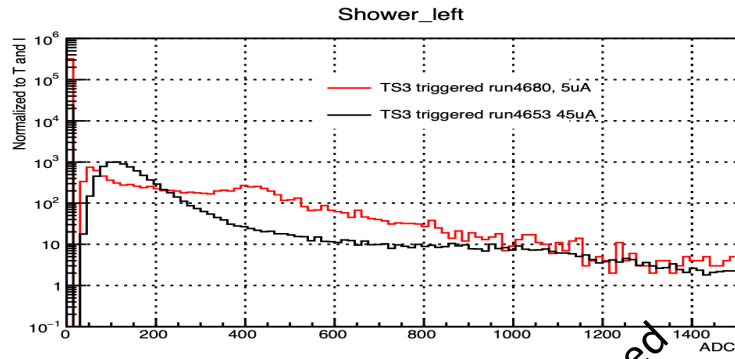
Showers with Random Trigger

- The shower baseline shift is due to tinny pulses from the multi-scattering photons by the high energy Moller electrons.



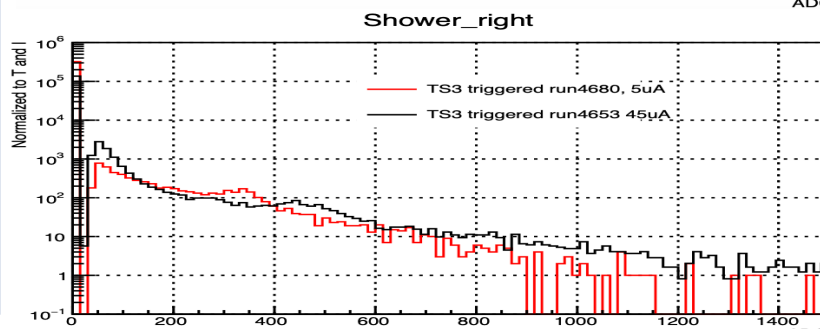
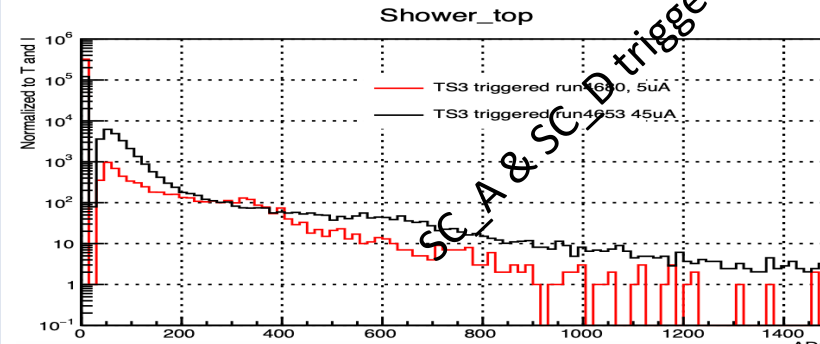
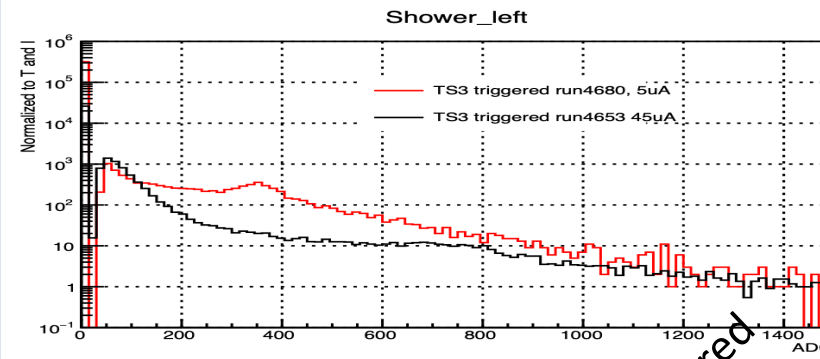
Shower Gain-Shift Correction

- No correction no cut



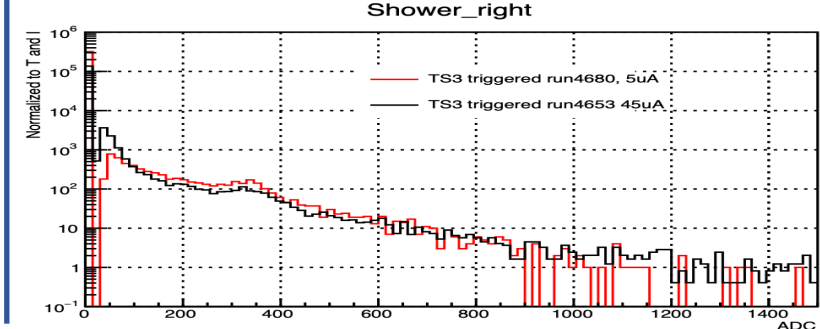
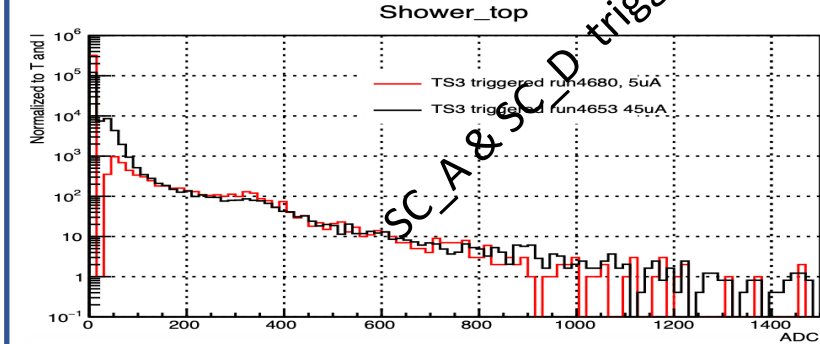
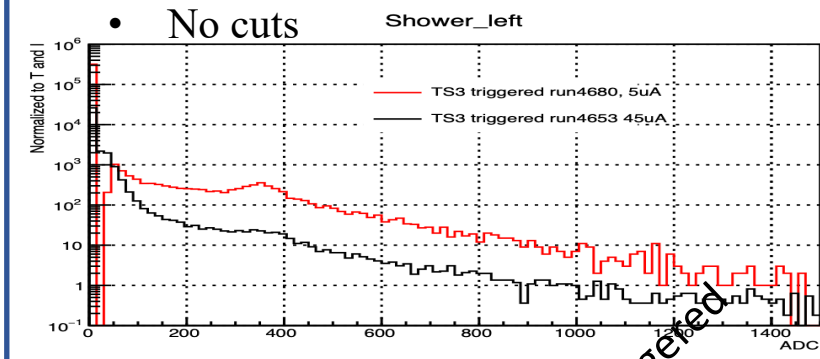
12/7/23

- Fix 40ns TW
- Baseline shift correction
- No cuts



SOLID Collaboration Meeting

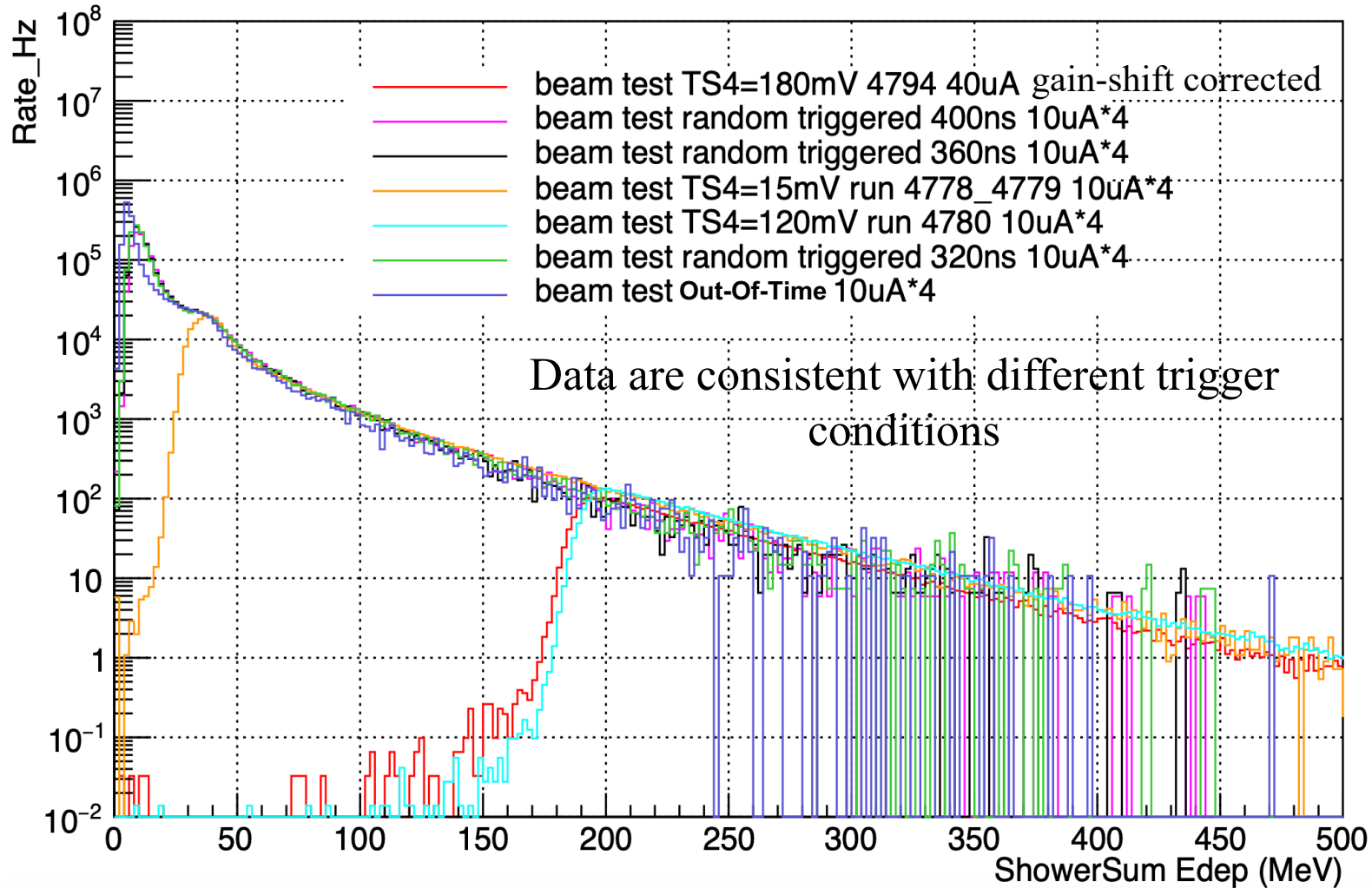
- Fix 40ns TW
- Baseline shift correction
- Gain shift correction
- No cuts



7

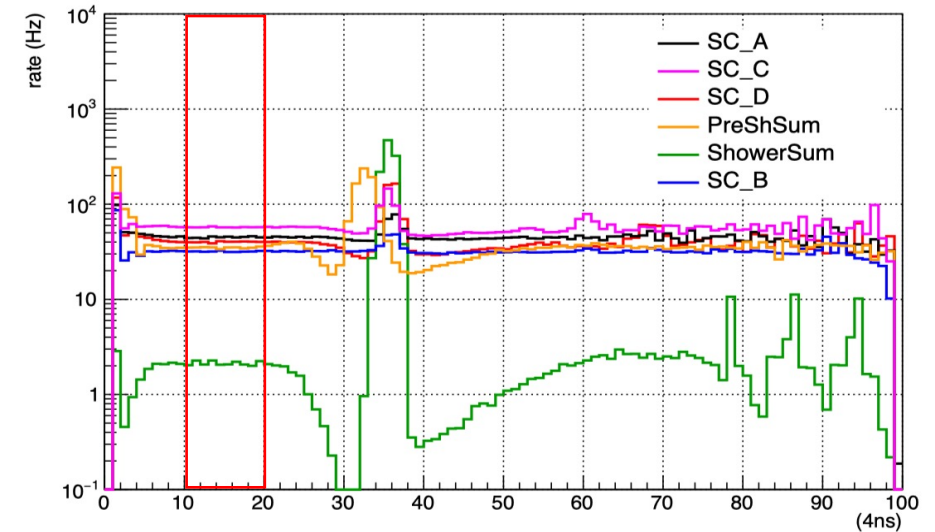
Showers Data Comparison with the ShowerSum Trigger

Showers Data Comparison with the ShowerSum Trigger



- Data: ShowerSum=Shower_l+Shower_r+Shower_t

10uA ShowerSum triggered timing

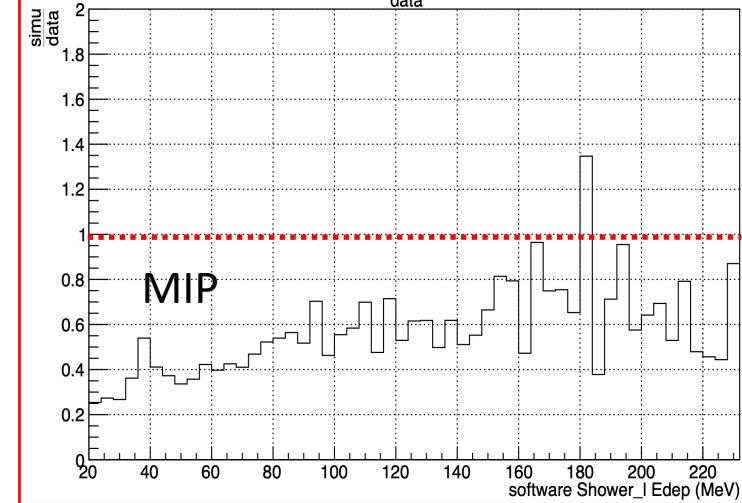
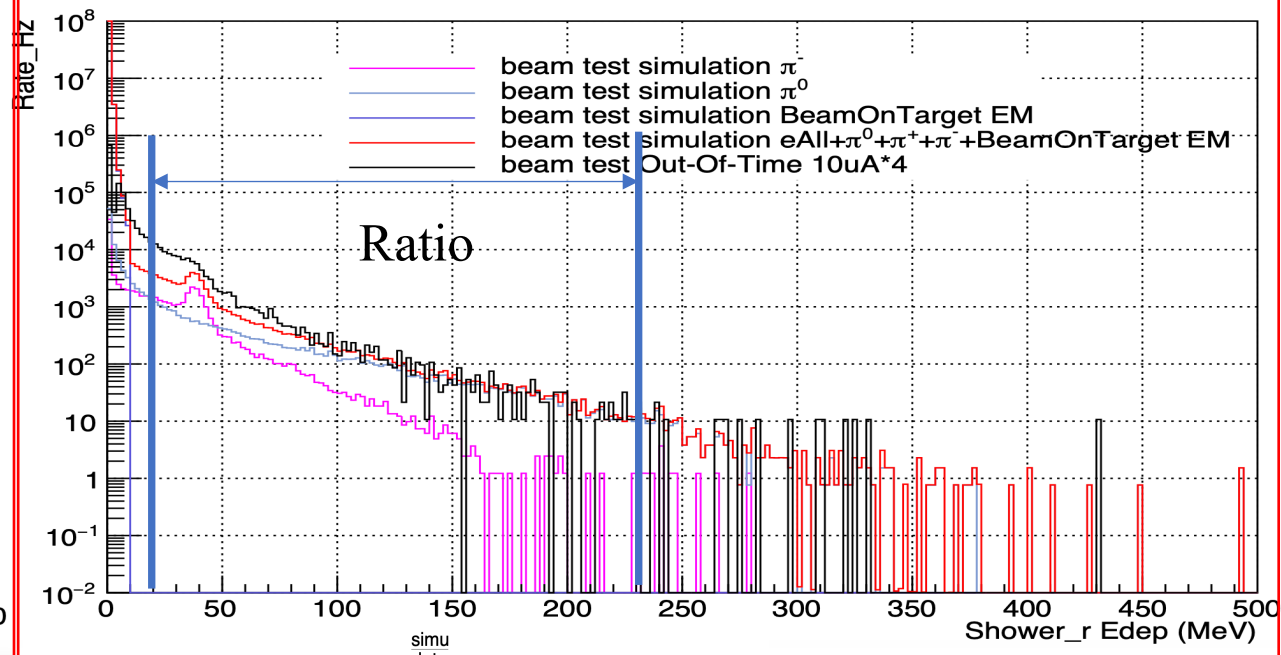
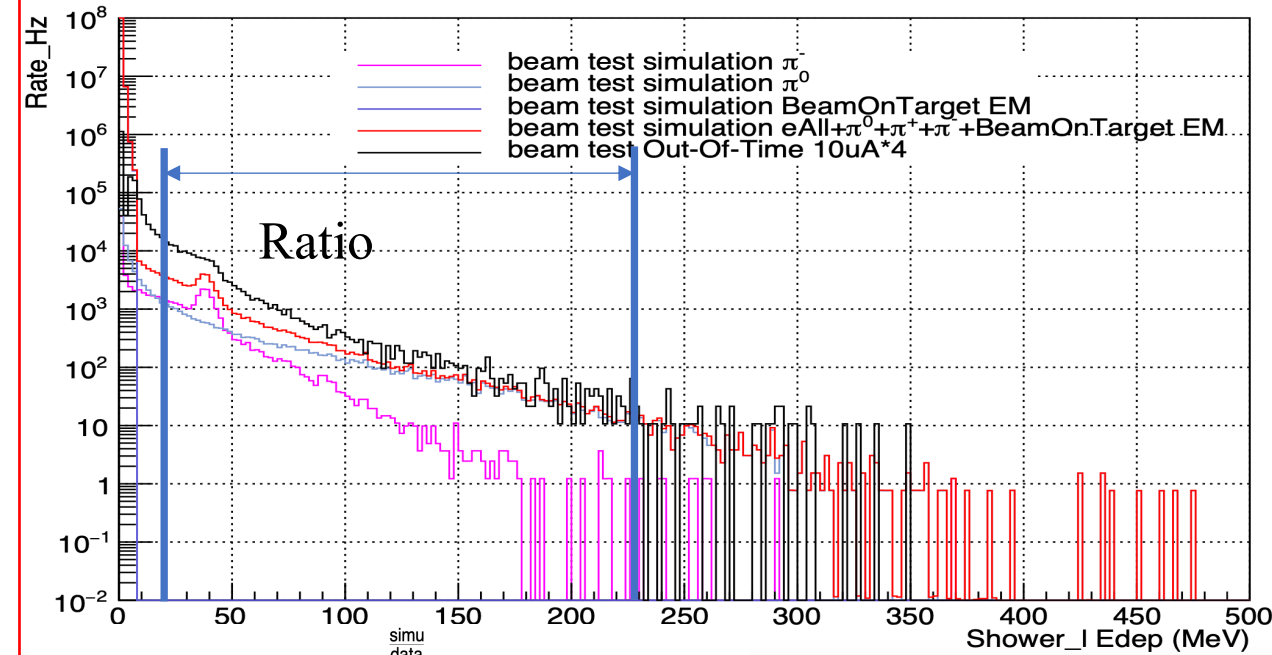


- ✓ Data self consistency: Good!
- **Random trigger event rates**
 $1/(N_{total} * 400ns) = 0.677s$
- **10uA TS4 triggered events:** pre-scale factor PS4=7: $pow(2,6)+1=65$
- **10uA TS4 trigger only** with PS4=0
- **40uA TS4 triggered events** including gain-shift correction
- **Out-Of-Time events:** 40ns

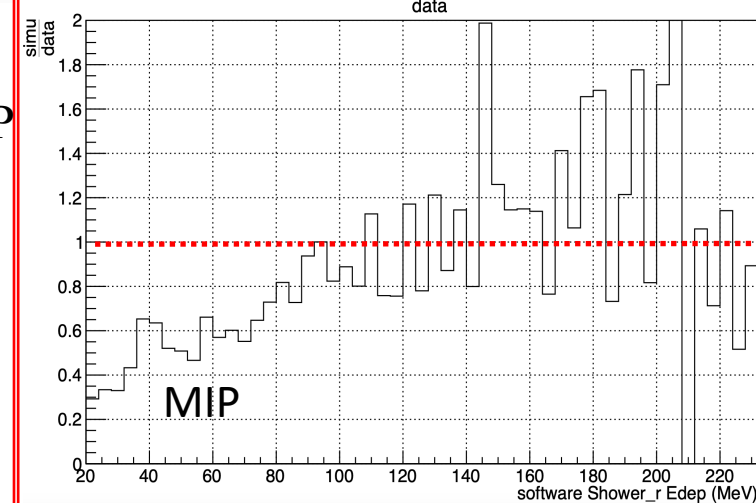
Showers Data and Simulation Comparison

Shower_l

Shower_r



• Ratio = Sim/data
0.5 MIP < Shower_l < 6 MIP

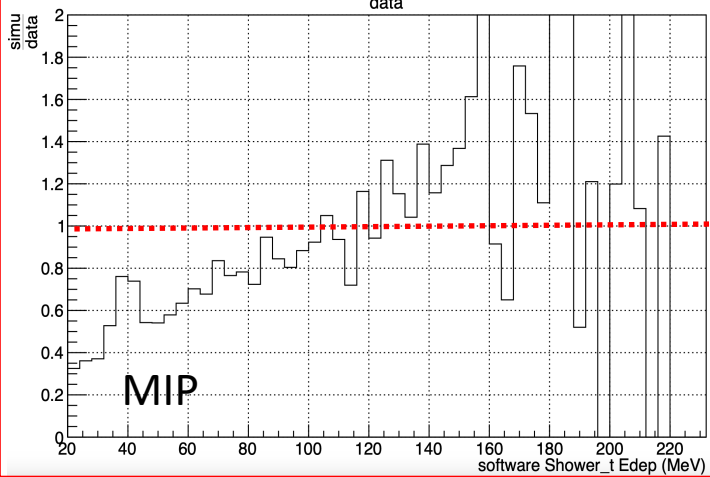
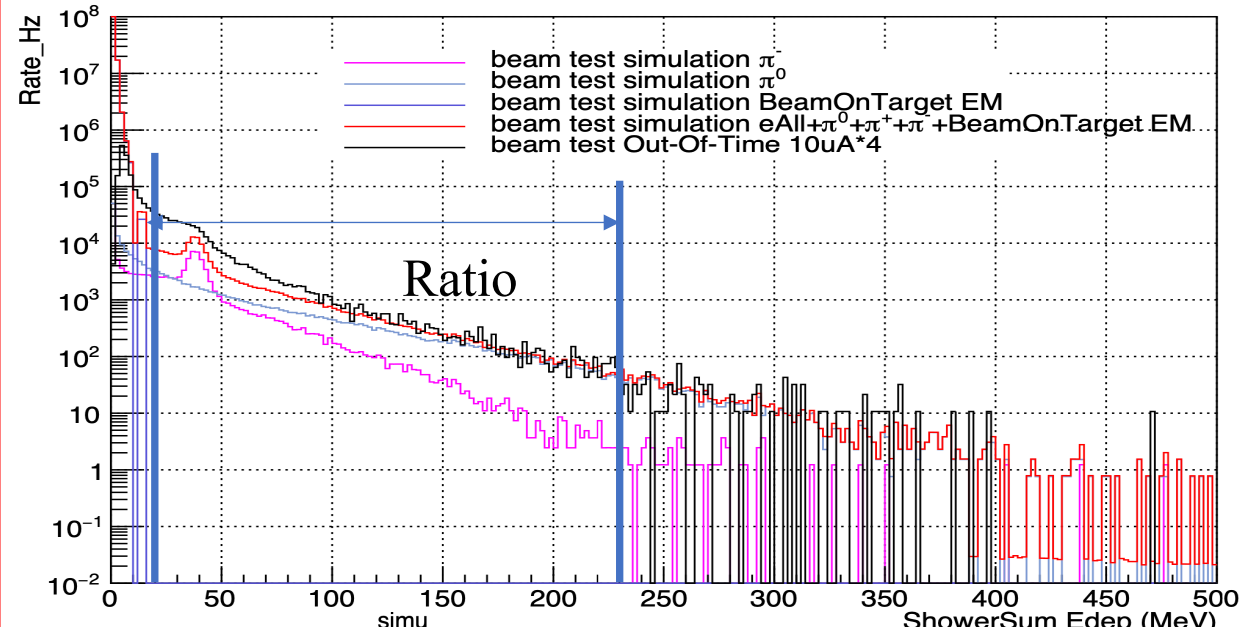
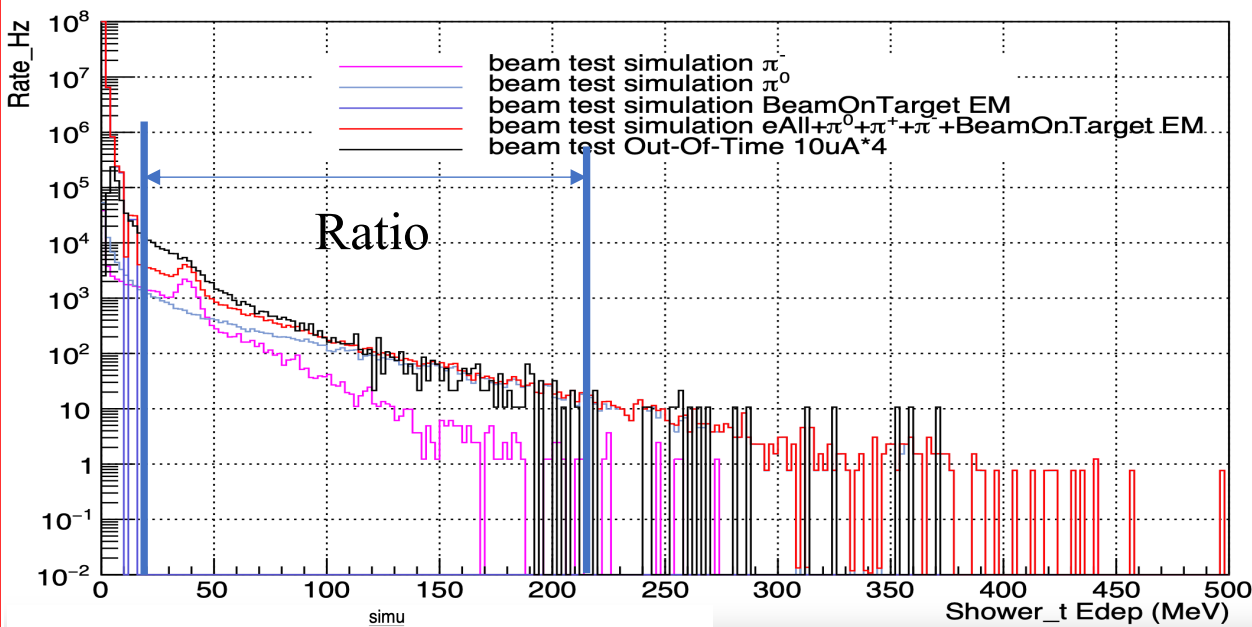


• Ratio = Sim/data
0.5 MIP < Shower_r < 6 MIP

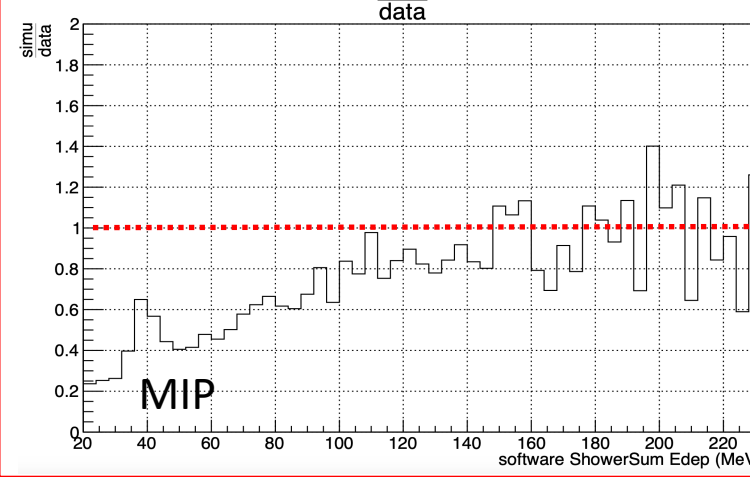
Showers Data and Simulation Comparison

Shower_t

ShowerSum



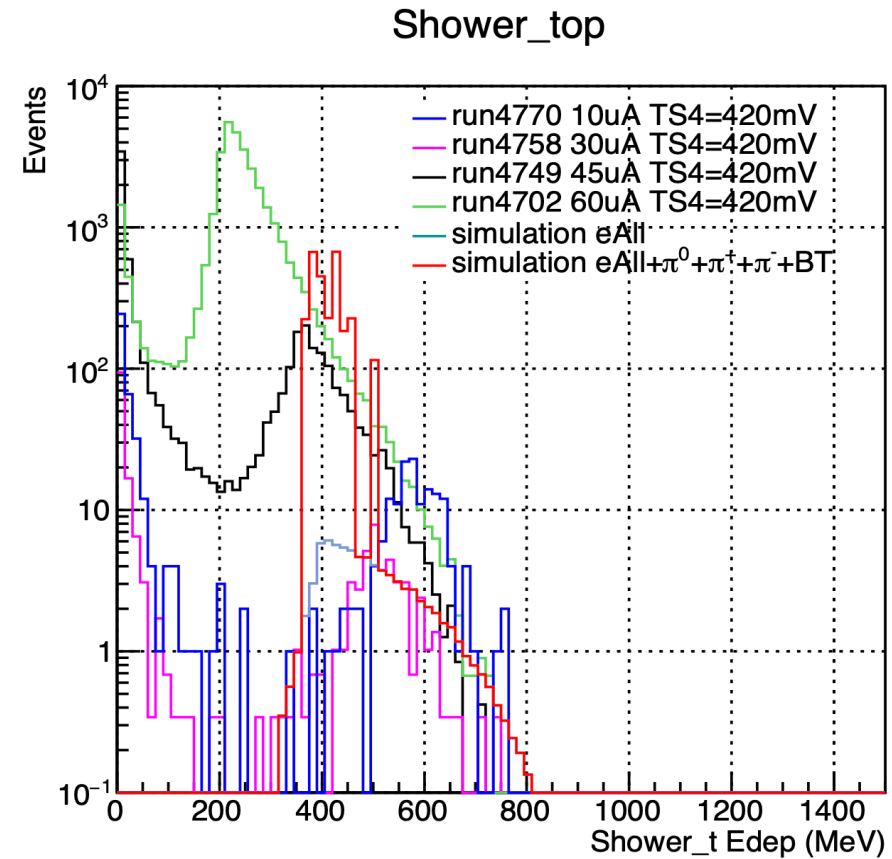
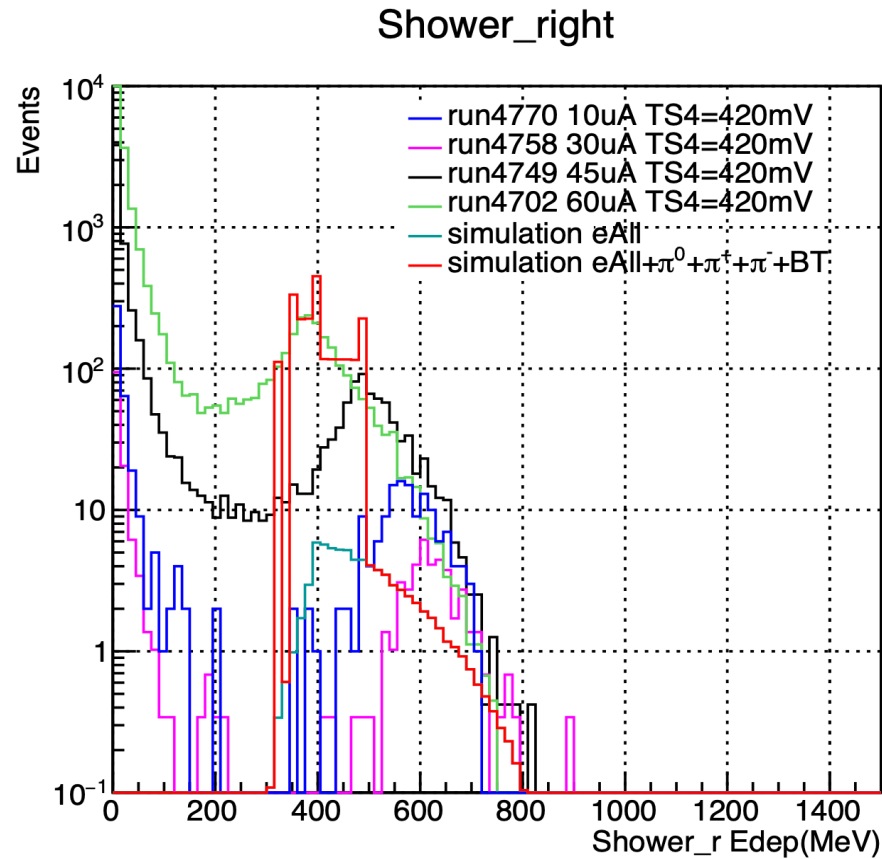
- Ratio = Sim/data
- 0.5 MIP < Shower_t < 6 MIP



- Ratio = Sim/data
- 0.5 MIP < ShSum < 6 MIP

General agreement, but background near MIP peak not understood.

Showers Comparison for End Points



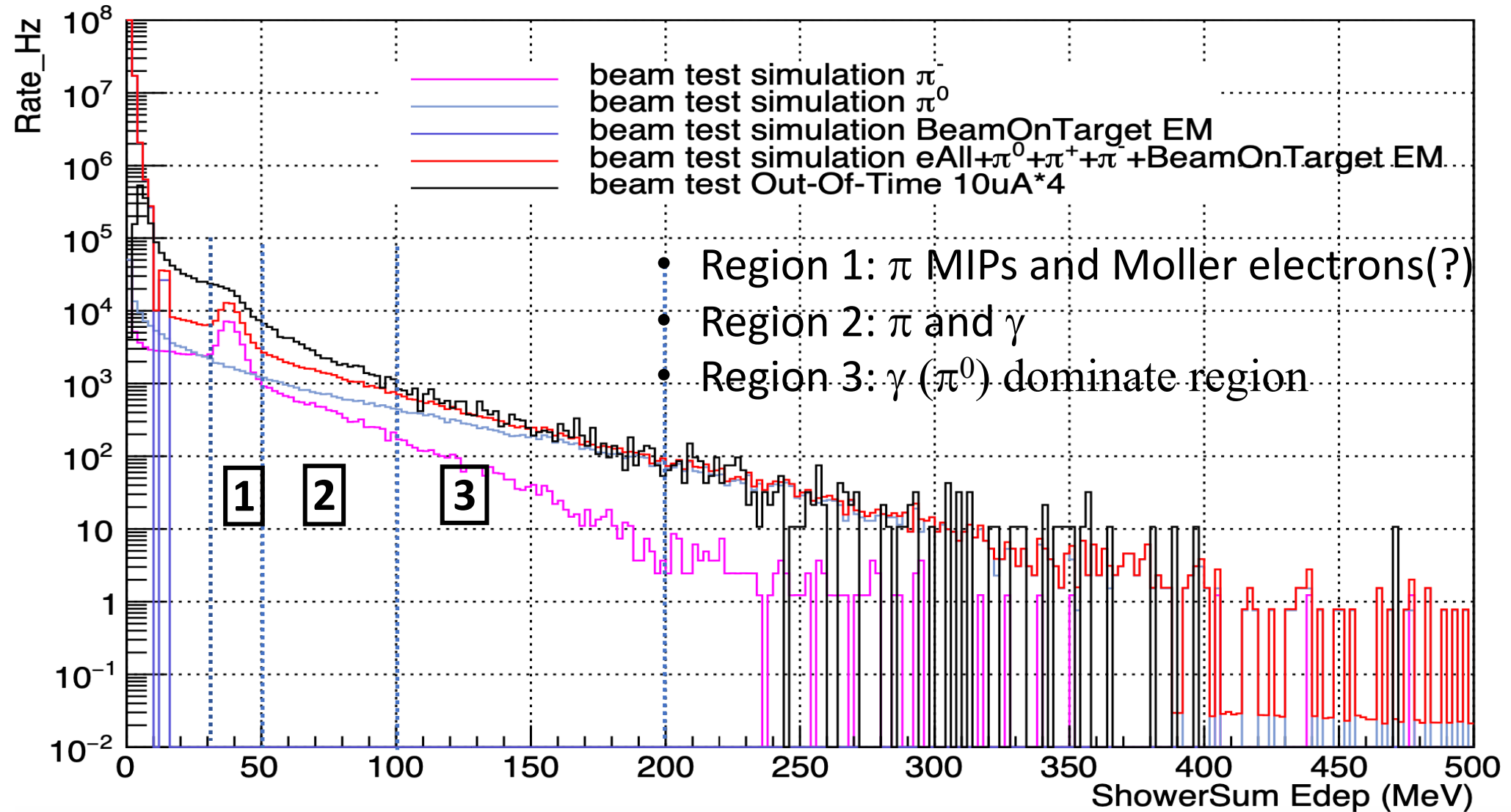
Highest E region:

- The gain-shift correction
- Need more π^0 MC
- Efficient way to gain statistics quickly

It is ongoing.

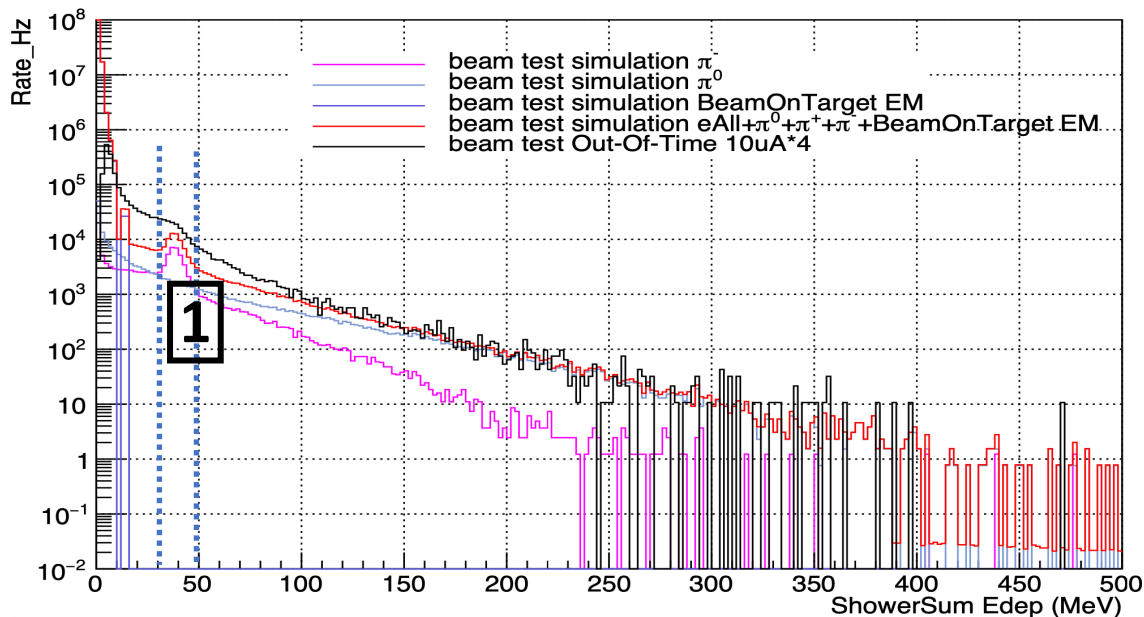
ShowerSum Simulation

ShowerSum

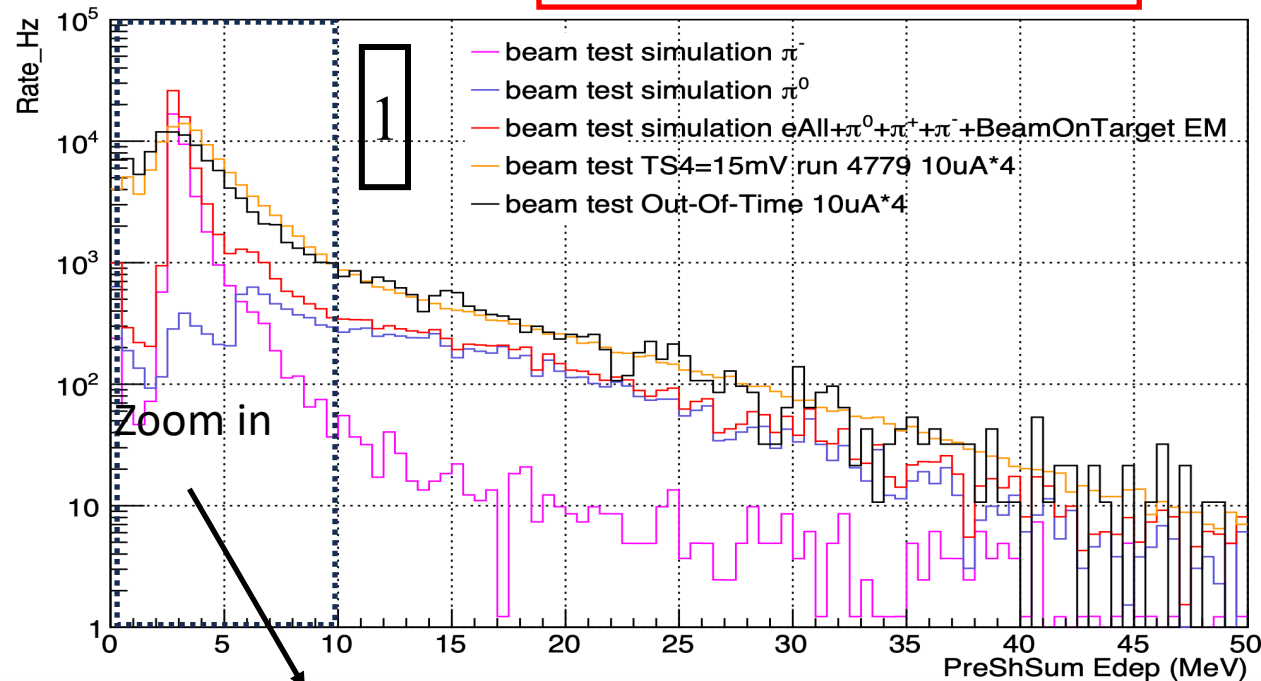


PreShowers Data and Simulation Comparison

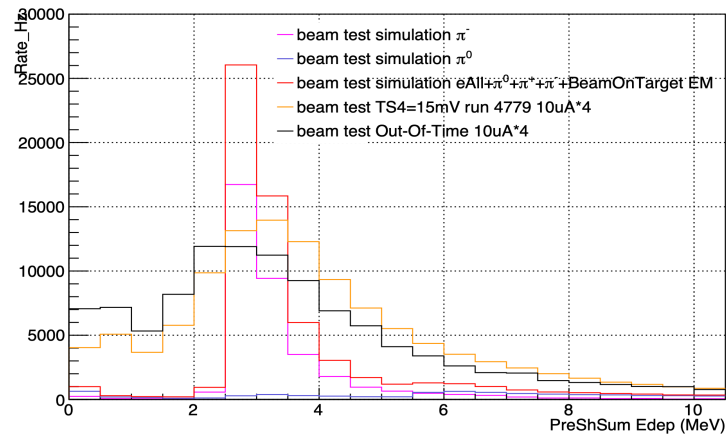
ShowerSum



PreShSum with $30 \text{ MeV} < \text{ShowerSum} < 50 \text{ MeV}$



PreShSum with $30 \text{ MeV} < \text{ShowerSum} < 50 \text{ MeV}$



- **Region 1: π MIPs and Moller electrons (?)**

- Region 2: π and γ

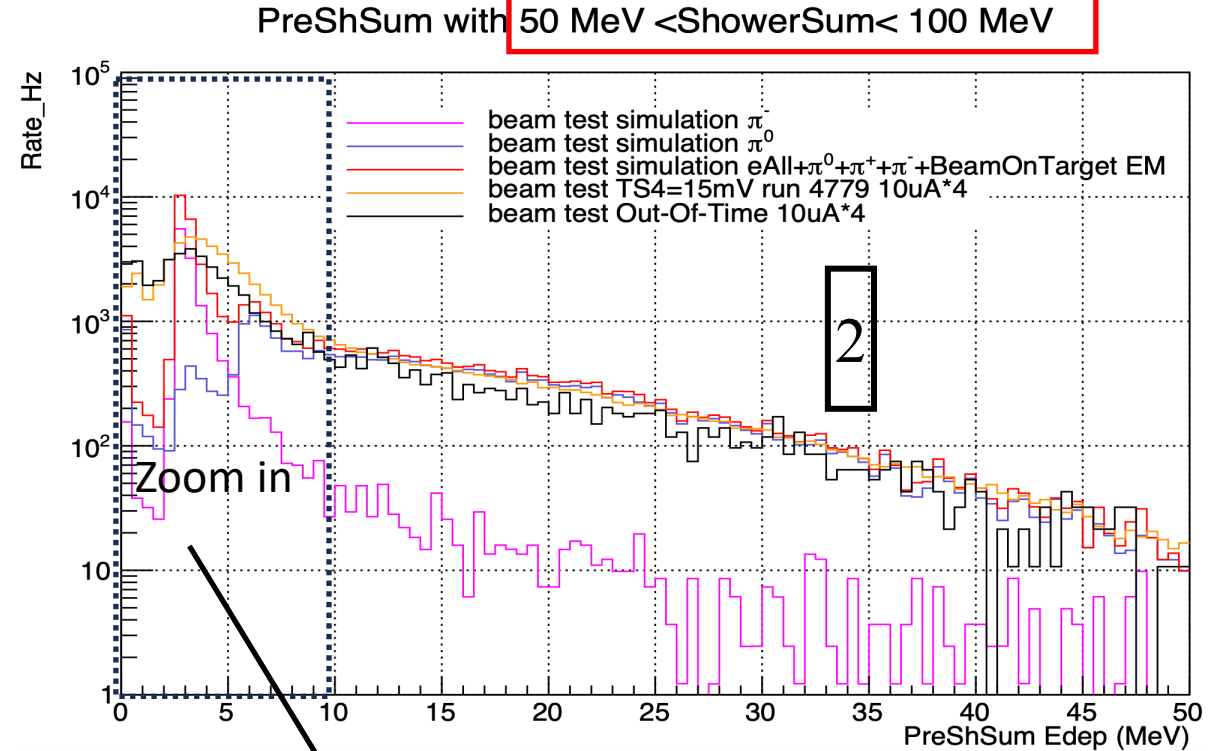
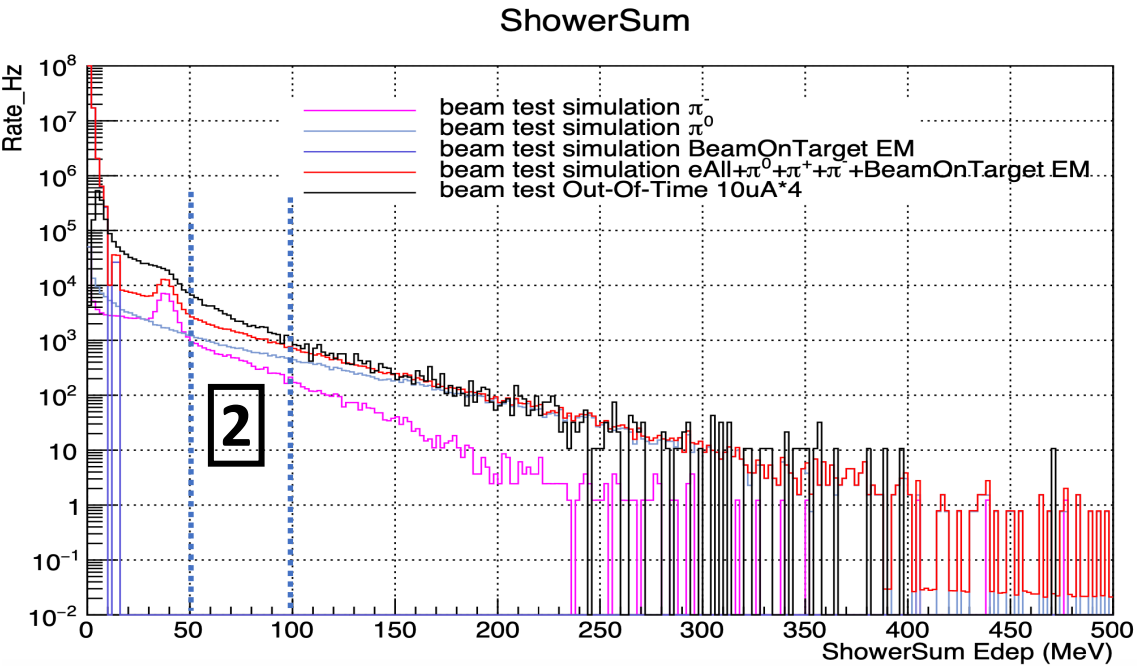
- Region 3: γ (π^0) dominate region

- Region 1: summary

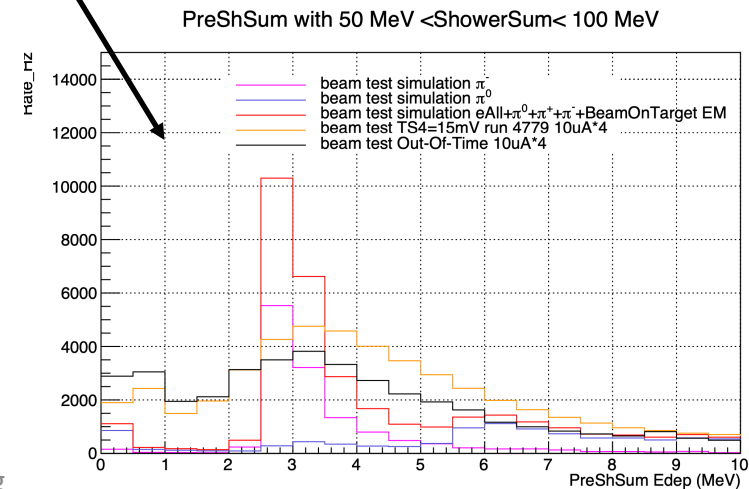
- The simulation is higher than the charge pion data,

- The simulation needs more smearing.

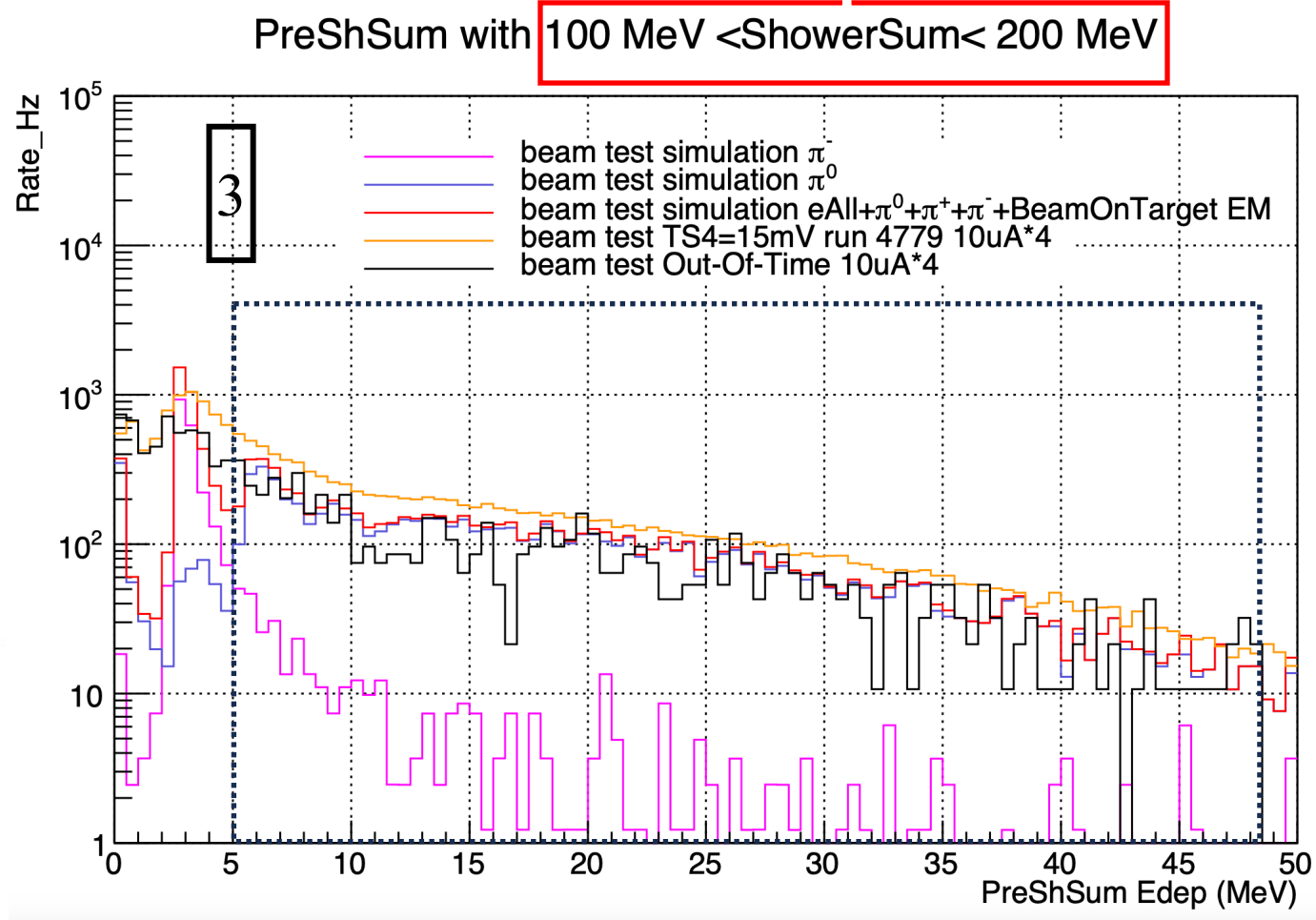
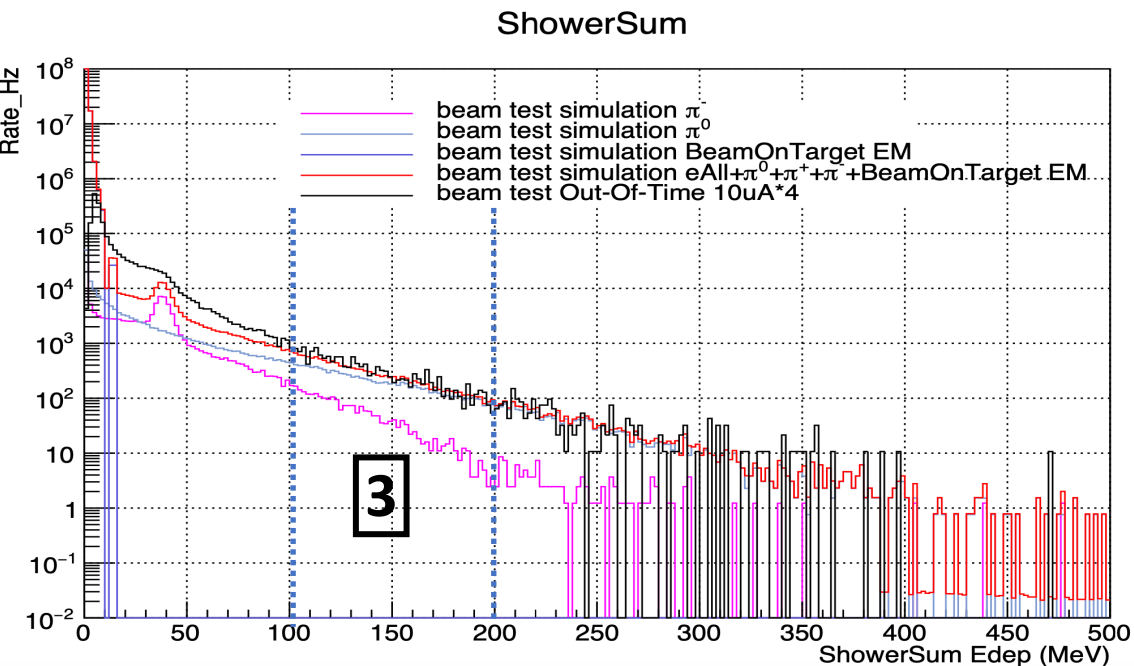
PreShowers Data Simulation Comparison



- Region 1: π MIPs and Moller electrons(?)
- **Region 2: π and γ**
- Region 3: γ (π^0) dominate region
- Region 2: summary
 - The simulation is $<30\%$ higher than the charge pion data,
 - The simulation needs more smearing.

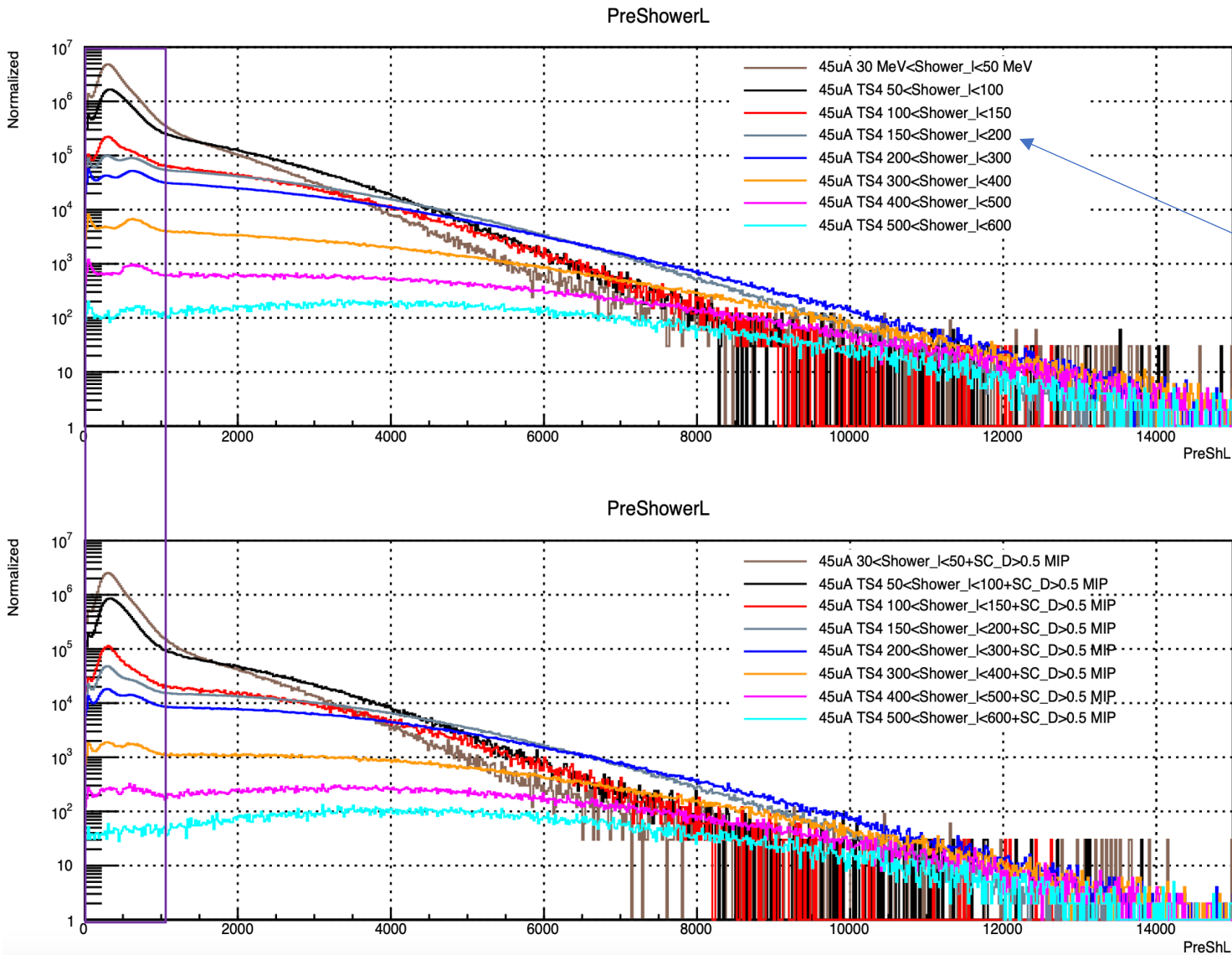


PreShowers Data and Simulation Comparison

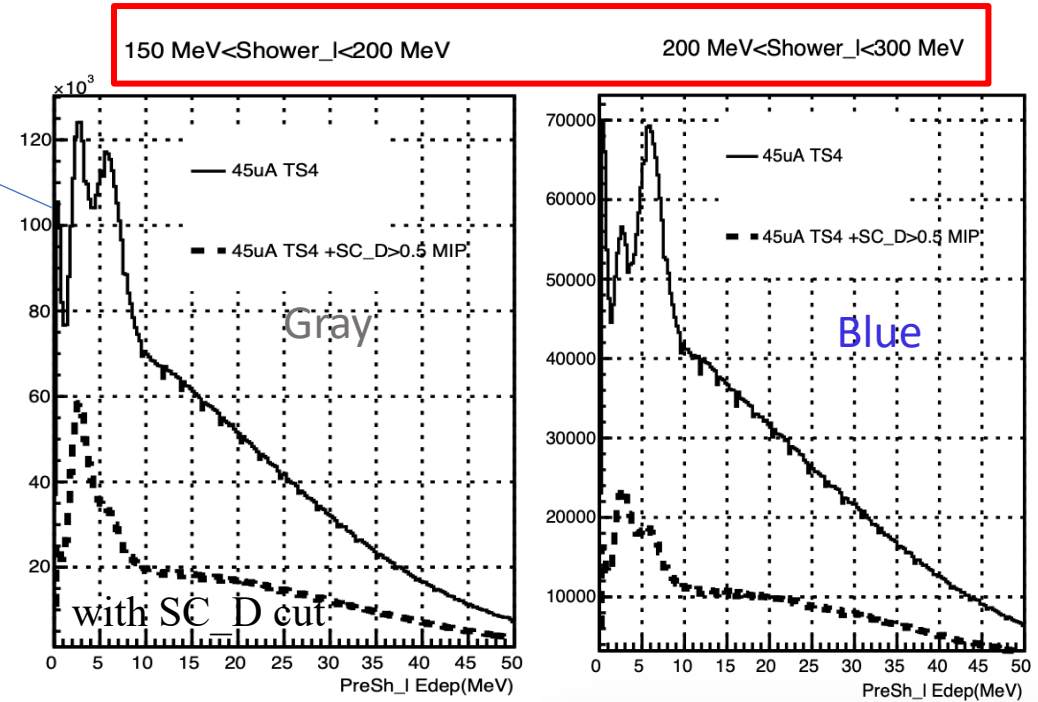


- Region 1: π MIPs and Moller(?)
- Region 2: π and γ
- **Region 3: γ (π^0) dominate region**
- Region 3: summary
- π^0 data agrees with the simulation
- The simulation needs more smearing.

PreShower Response

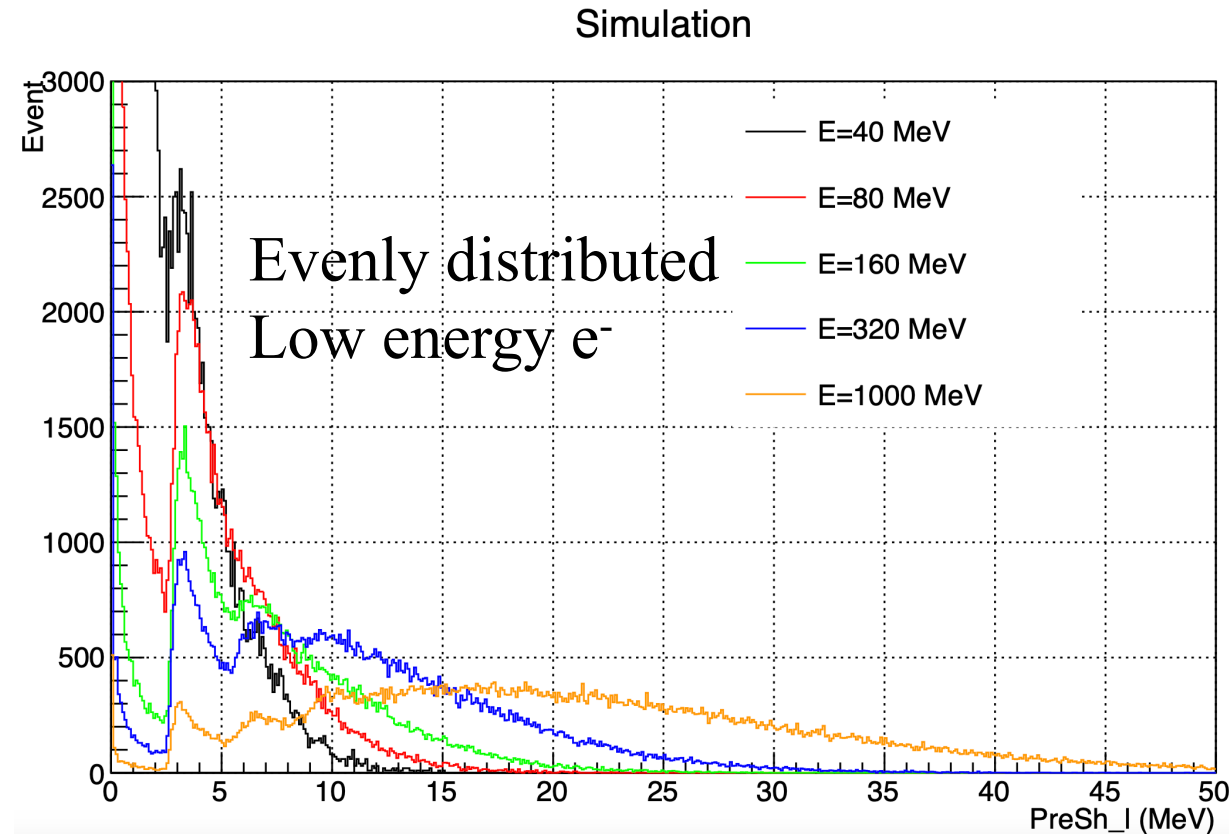
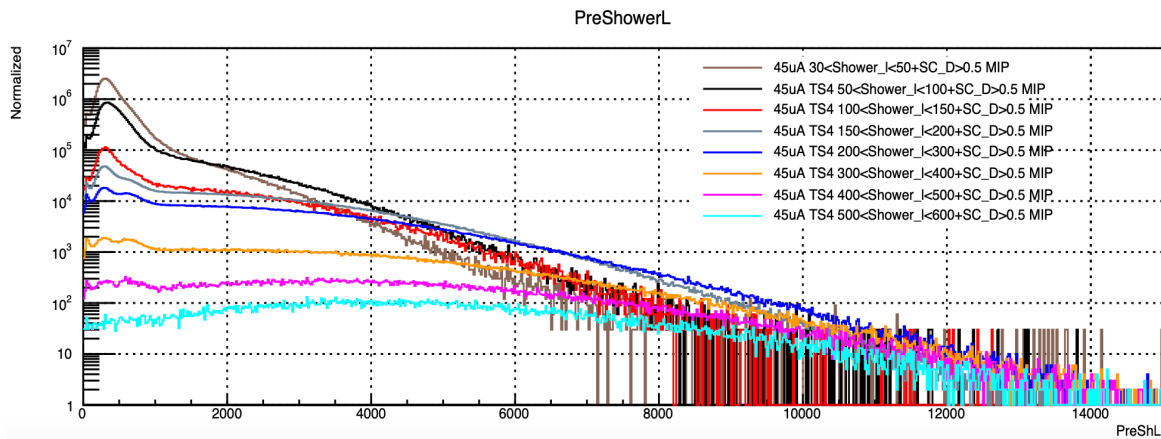
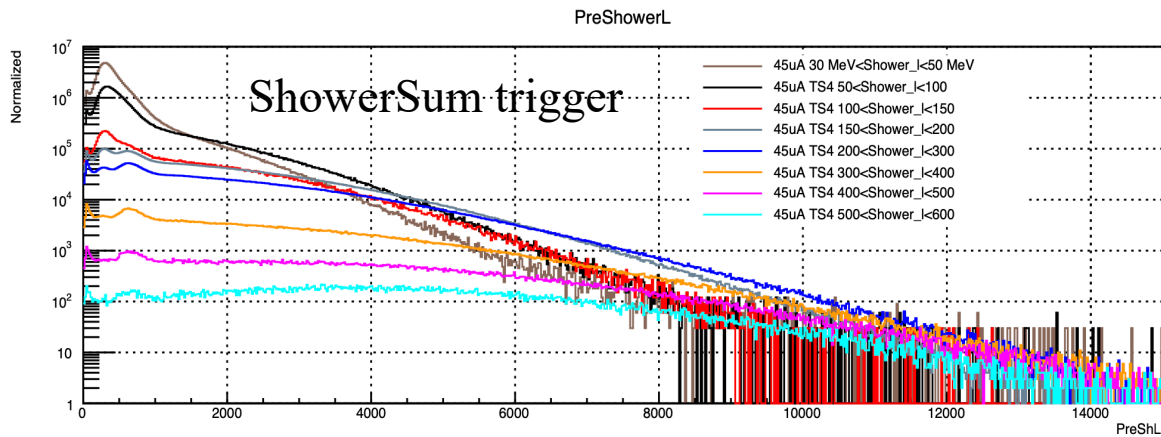


Shower energy cut to select the regions



- PreShower can provide information on γ to charged π ratio.
- PreShower features are compared to the simulation.

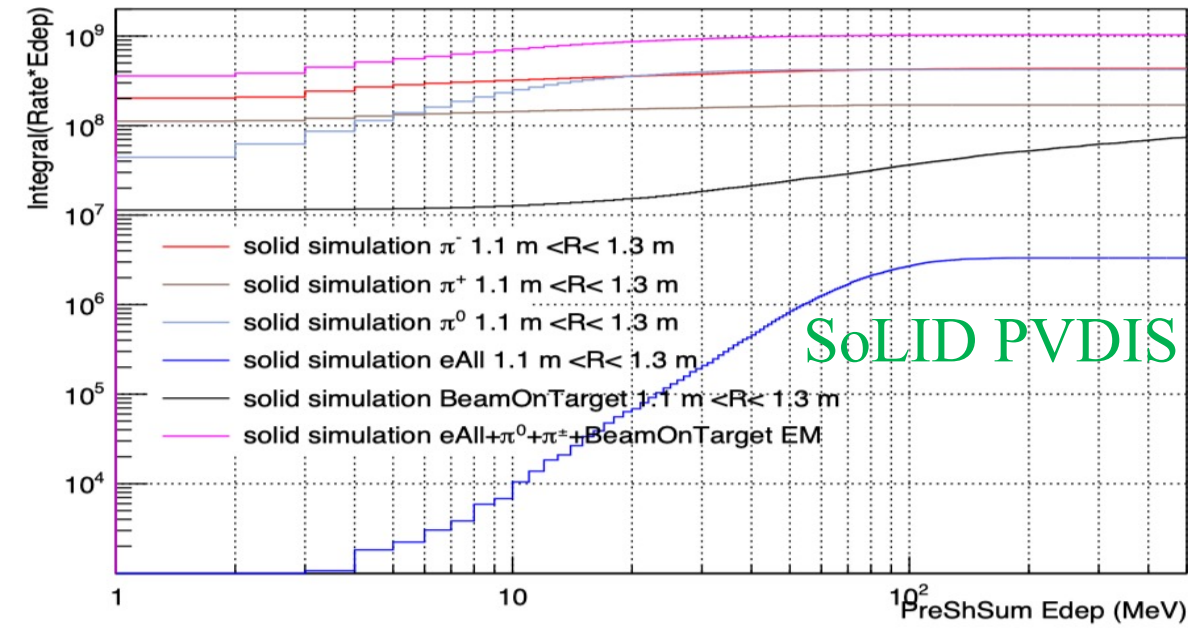
PreShower Response



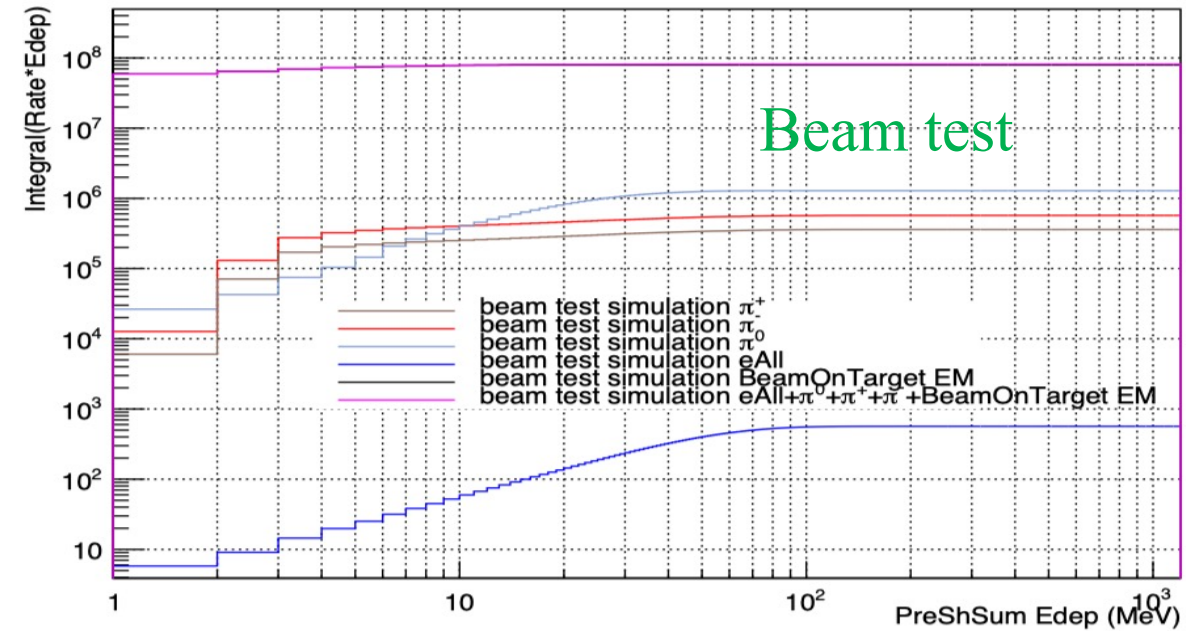
- PreShower response for the low energy electrons is very different.
- The preshower can be used to clean up the MIP at high rate.

Radiation Dose for Preshowers Based on the Simulation

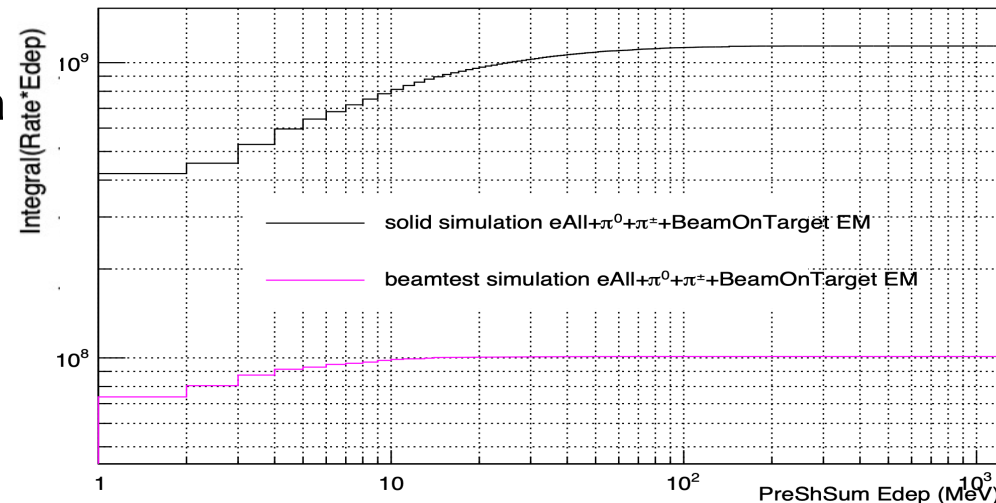
PreShSum



PreShSum



PreShSum

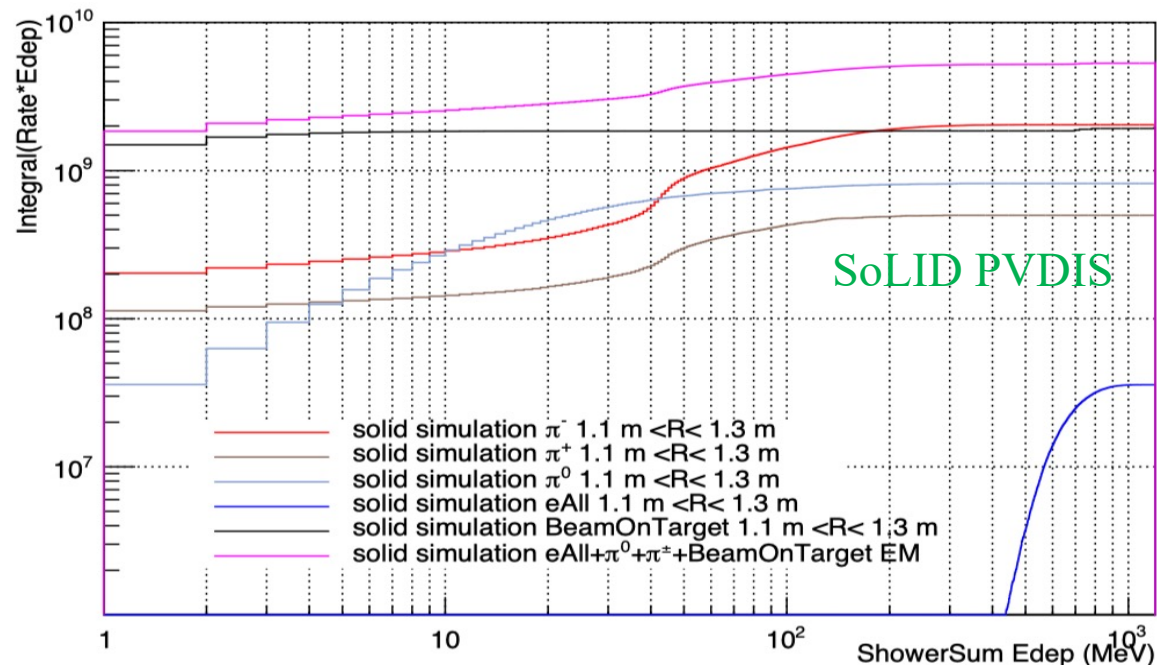


Radiation dose beam test:
 $1.01e8 \text{ MeV/s} \cdot (30 \cdot 24 \cdot 60 \cdot 60) \text{ s} / (3 \cdot 101.3 \cdot 2 \text{ cm}^3 \cdot 1 \text{ g/cm}^3) = 4.37e+14 \text{ MeV/kg} = 69 \text{ J/kg}$
= 6.9 krad at preshower

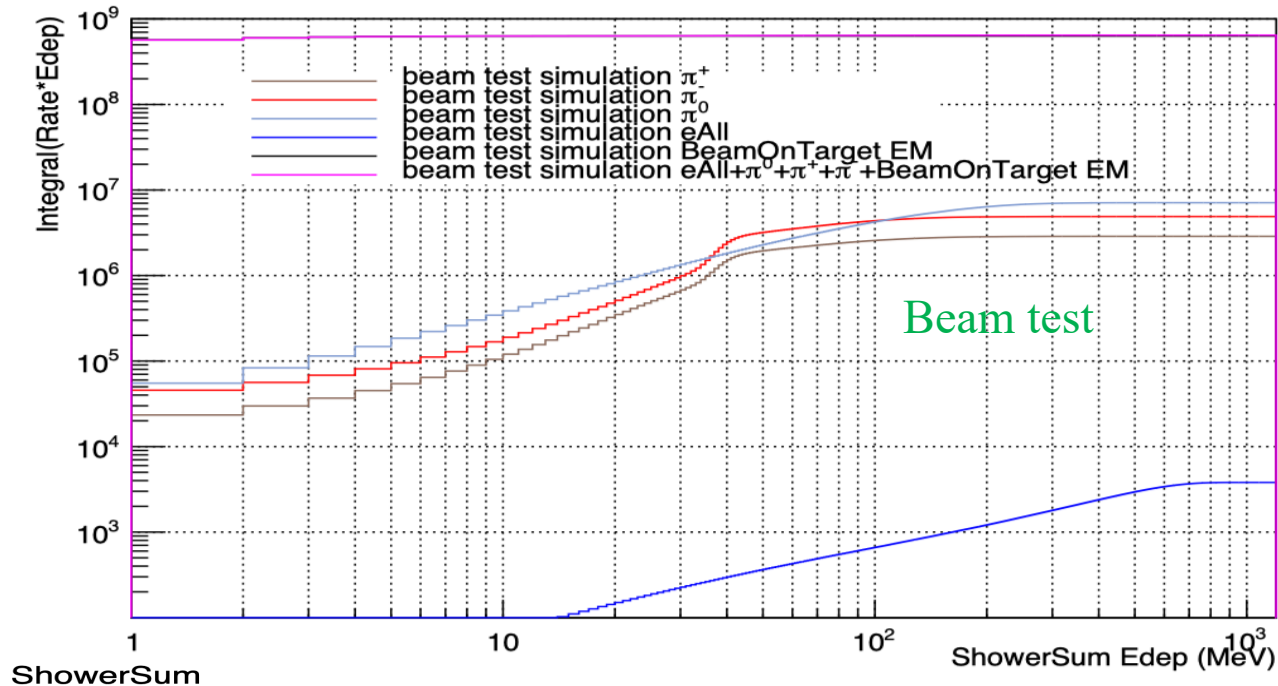
- The background is completely different between the SoLID and beamtest
- SoLID PVDIS /Beam test(50uA)
Radiation dose ratio ~ 4

Radiation Dose for Showers Based on the Simulation

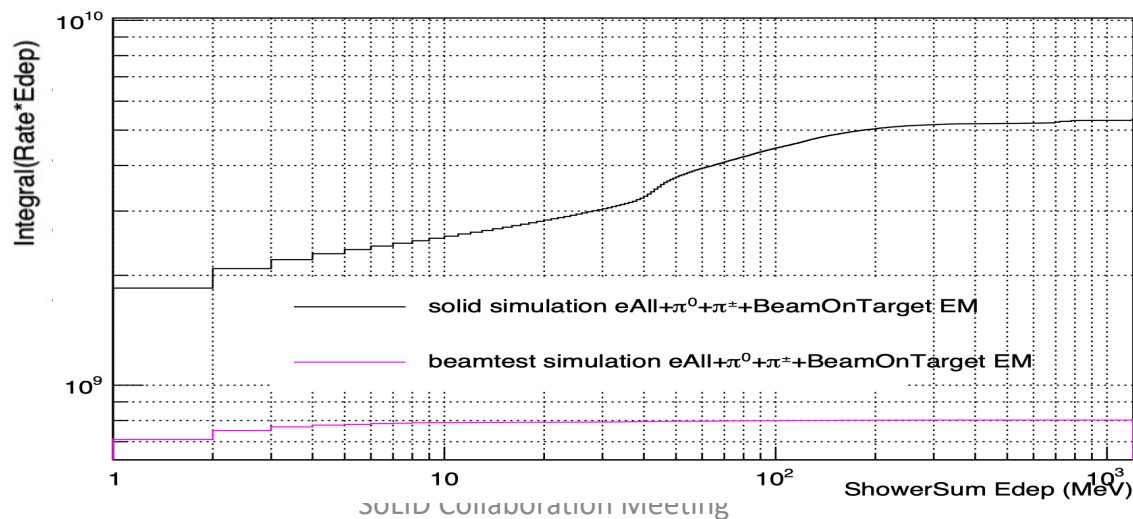
ShowerSum



ShowerSum



SoLID PVDIS/Beam
test (50uA)
Radiation dose ratio ~ 3



ECal Rate Comparison at 18 deg

➤ **18 deg**—beam test luminosity@10uA 10cm LD2: $6.4e^{37}$ SoLID PVDIS 4cm LD2 @ 50uA: $1.27e^{39}$

Detector Maximum Rate (MHz)	SIDIS ^3He	J/ ψ	PVDIS	Beam Test data	Beam Test simulation	Comment
SPD_LA	4.5	9.2		10.2 (5uA)		Cut below MIP
EC_preshower_FA	3.3	7.65	9.0	2.24/3=0.75 (10uA)	1.59/3=0.53 (10uA)	Cut below MIP
EC_shower_FA	0.92	2.344	0.9	0.1/3=0.03 (10uA)	0.042/3=0.014 (10uA)	Cut below MIP

(Table 25 from SoLID PreCDR)

❖ based on 5uA run 4680 waveform from

https://userweb.jlab.org/~tianye/SoLID/ECAL_beamtest_simulation_2022/run4680_LASPD_rate_pulse.pdf

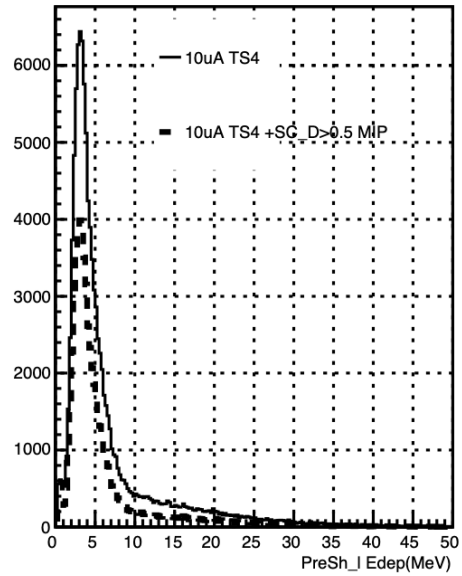
❖ based on 10 uA Out-Of-Time events

Summary and To-Do-List

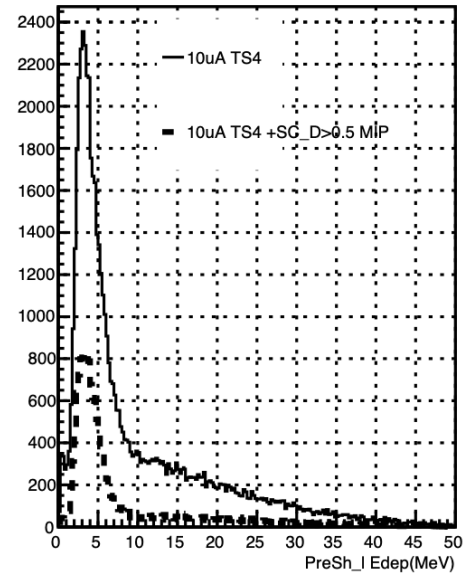
- ❑ Scintillator trigger coincidences dominated by accidentals, even at 5 uA. Therefore, data triggered by scintillator coincidences are hard to interpret or simulate accurately.
- ❑ Use ShowerSum only trigger, either hardware or software. General agreement, but background near MIP peak not understood.
- ❑ PreShower's response for the low energy electrons is very different depending their energies, which can provide information on photon to charged pion ratio.
 - Run MC for Moller? and high energy γ (π^0) to get better agreement between simulation and data.
 - Study coincidence rates from timing plots and MC to find dominant contributions.
 - Investigating other triggers (random/Out-of-Time) to clean up MIP spectra and help particle ID.
 - Rate comparison at high rates.

Backup

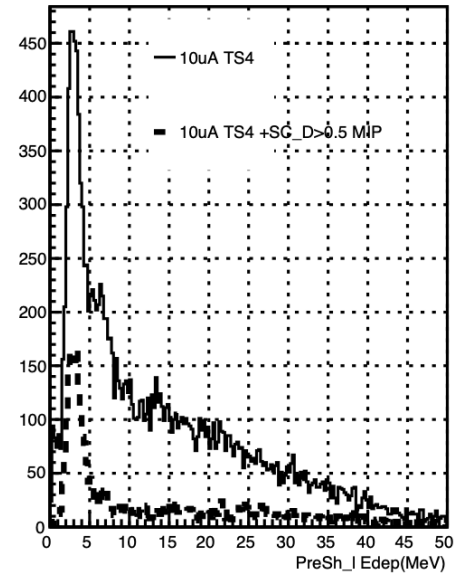
20 MeV<Shower_<30 MeV



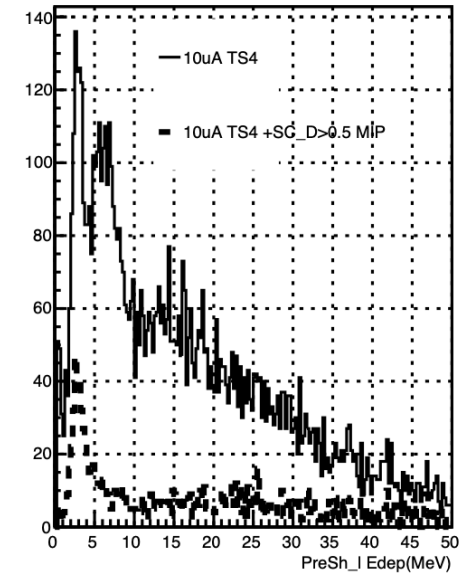
30 MeV<Shower_<50 MeV



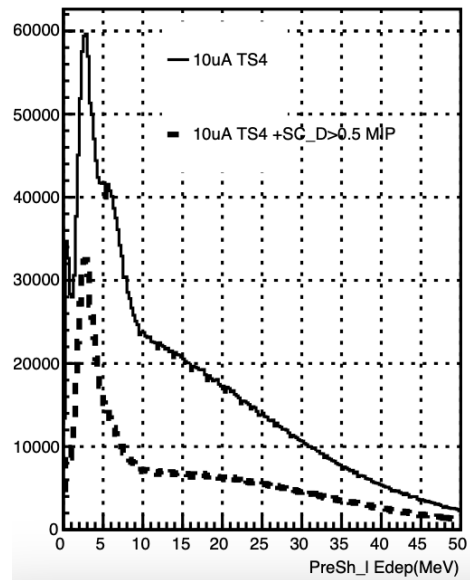
50 MeV<Shower_<70 MeV



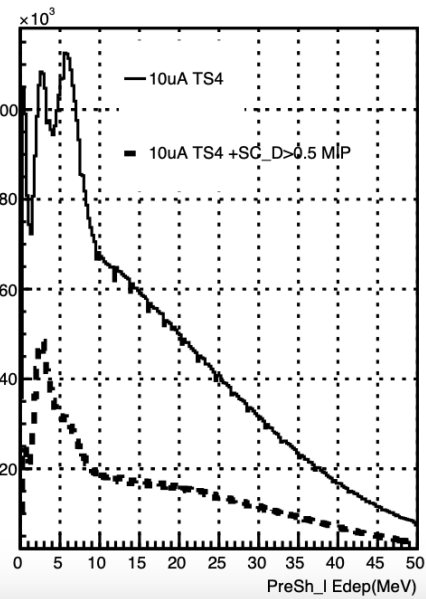
70 MeV<Shower_<100 MeV



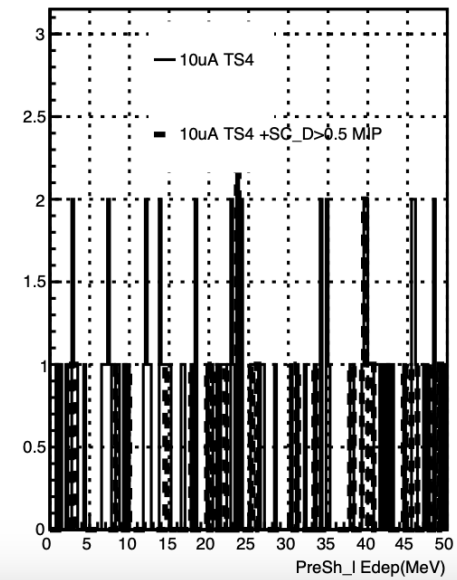
100 MeV<Shower_<150 MeV



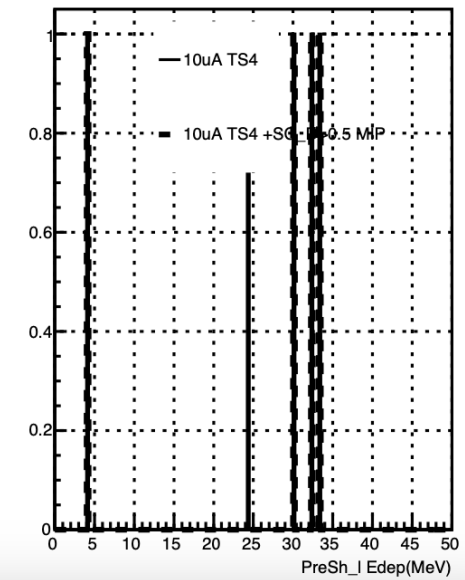
150 MeV<Shower_<200 MeV



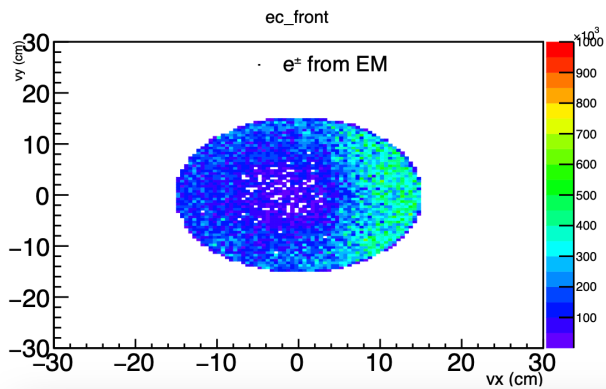
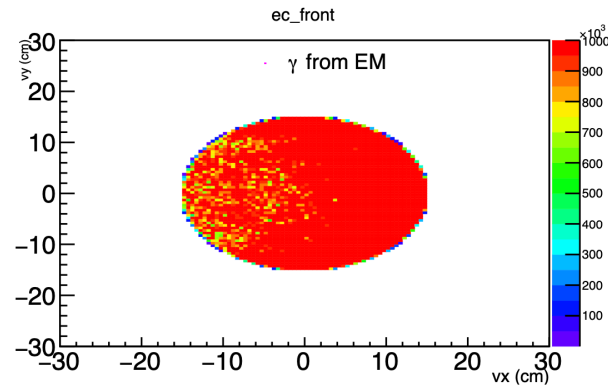
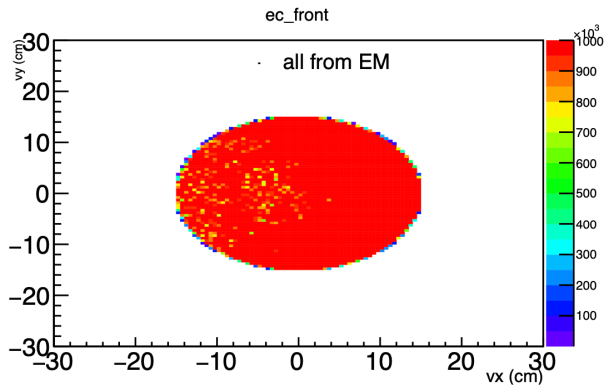
200 MeV<Shower_<300 MeV



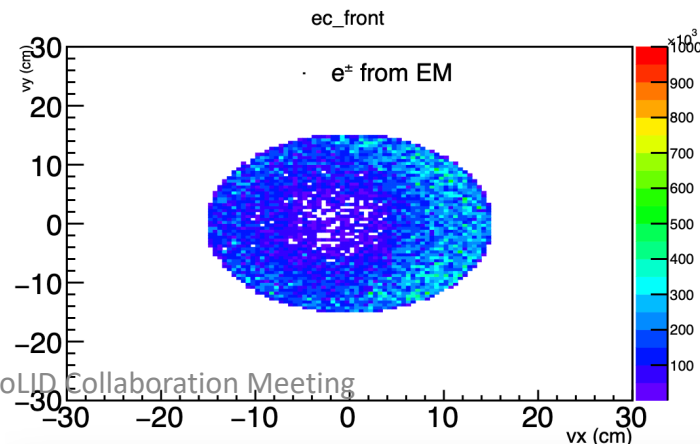
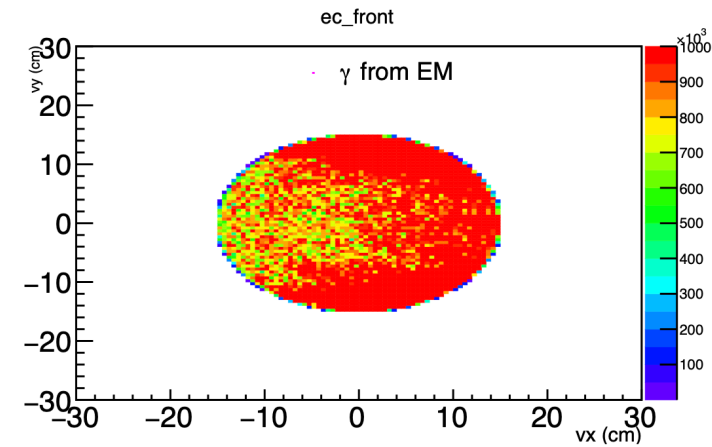
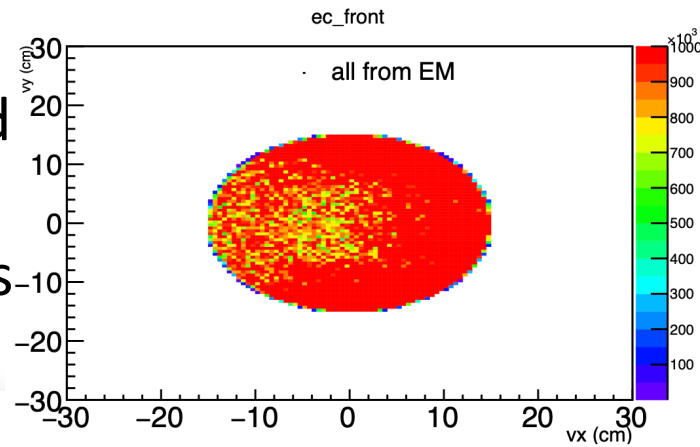
300 MeV<Shower_<400 MeV



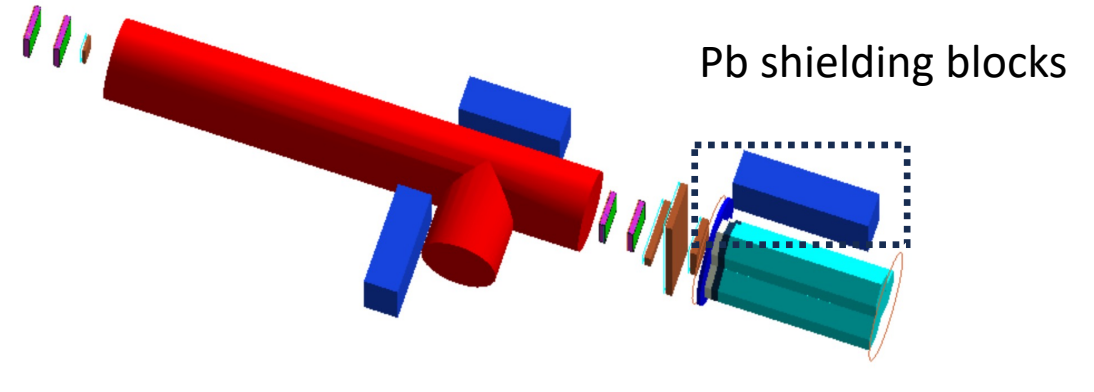
Low energy backgrounds shielded by Pb blocks



- EM background without pb shielding blocks



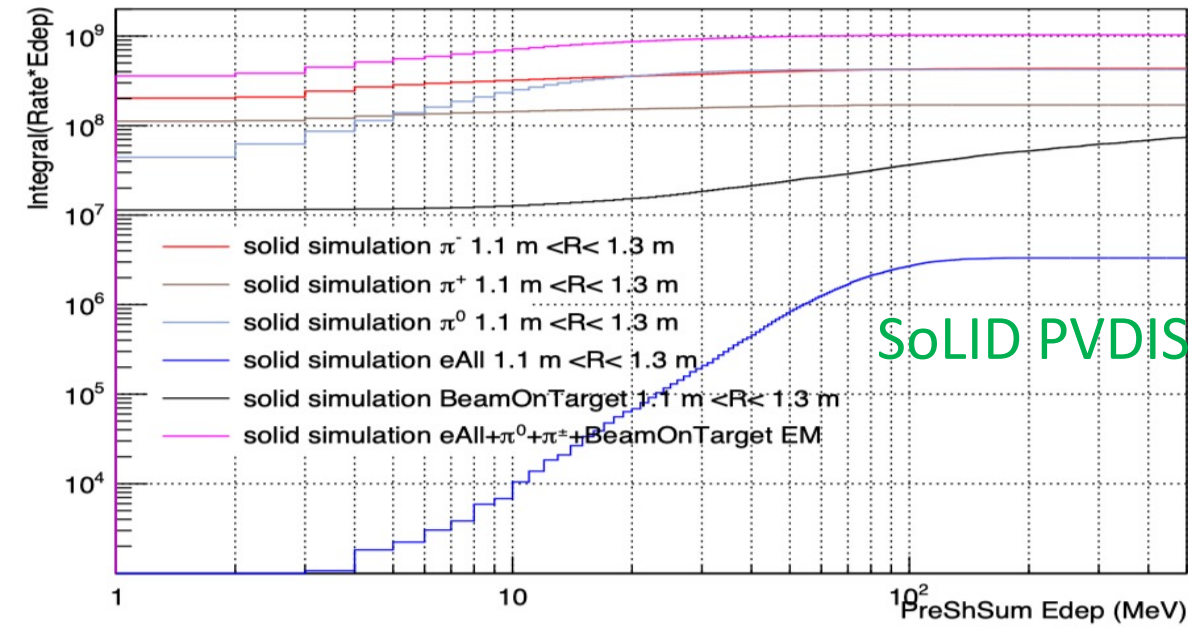
- EM background with pb shielding blocks



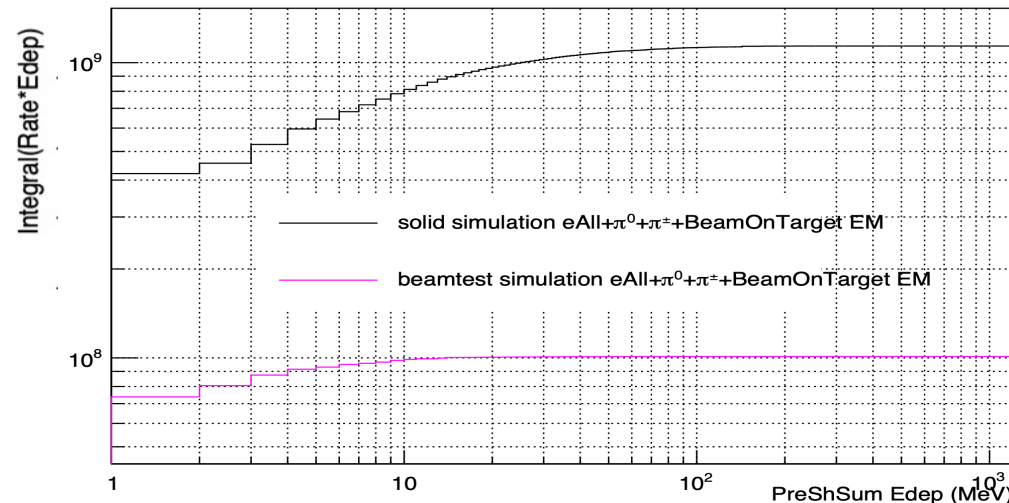
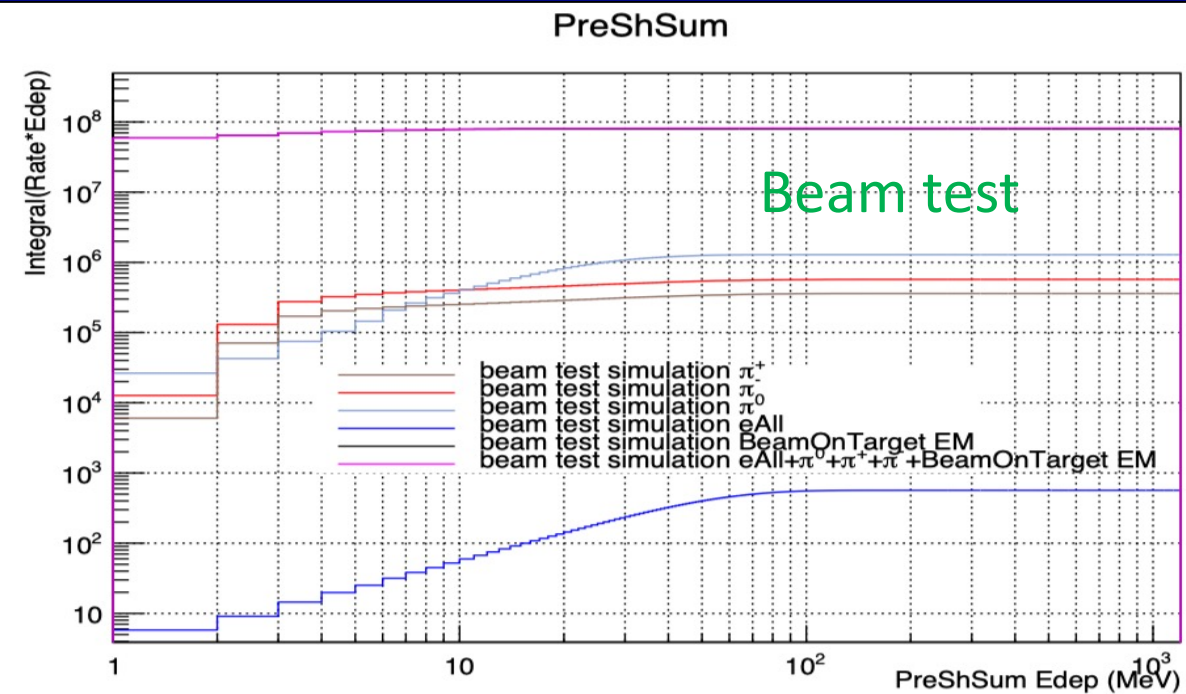
- The Pb shielding block beside Ecal reduces the gamma background in the center region of ECal
- Requiring the coincidence with SC_D should clean up the MIP region in the data

Radiation Dose for Preshowers Based on the Simulation

PreShSum



PreShSum



SoLID PVDIS/Beam test
Radiation dose ratio ~ 4

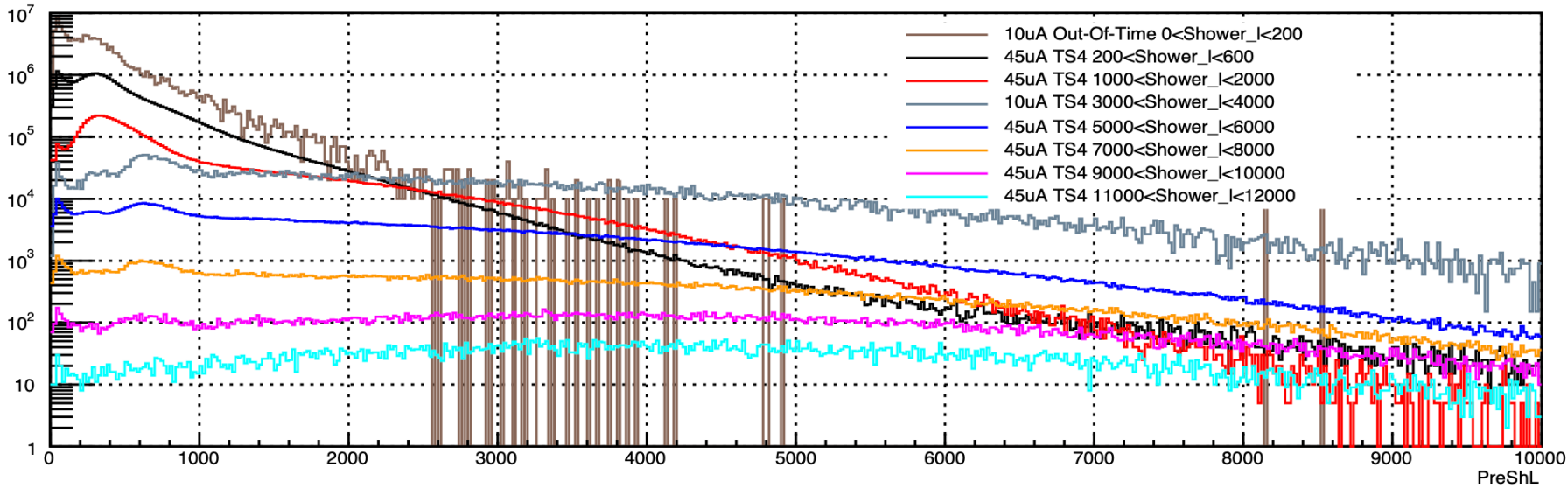
Radiation dose beam test:

$$1.01e8 \text{ MeV/s} \cdot (30 \cdot 24 \cdot 60 \cdot 60) \text{ s} / (3 \cdot 101.3 \cdot 2 \text{ cm}^3 \cdot 1 \text{ g/cm}^3) = 4.37e+14 \text{ MeV/kg} = 69 \text{ J/kg} = 6.9 \text{ krad at preshower}$$

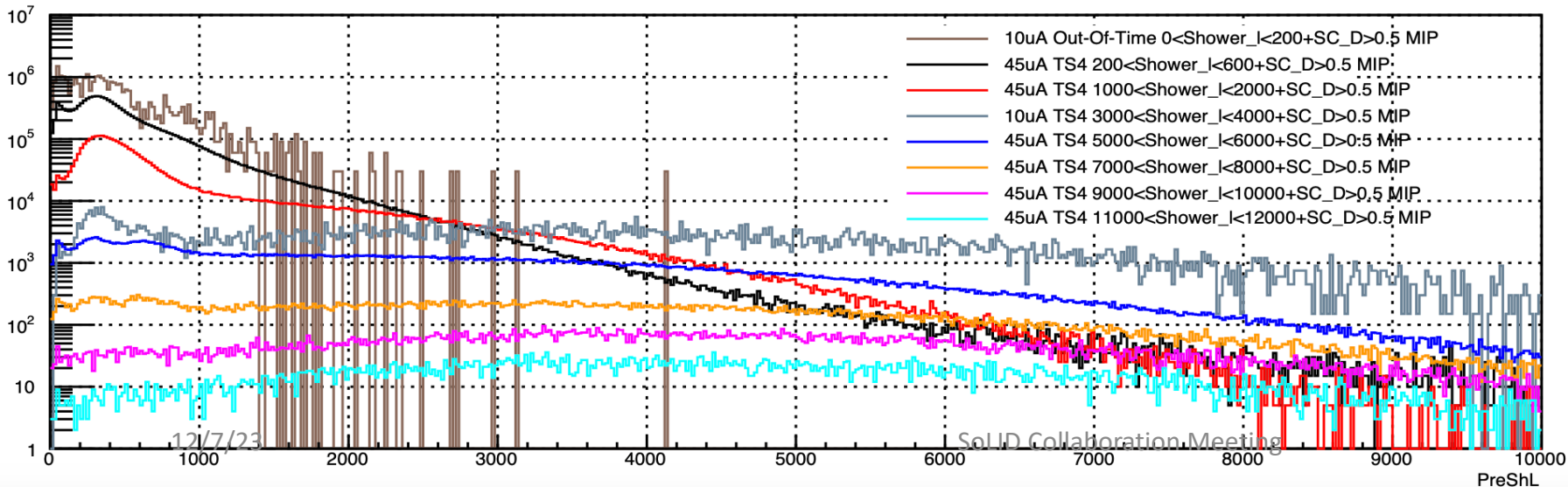
24.6 krad at SC_A.

PreShower Data

PreShowerL

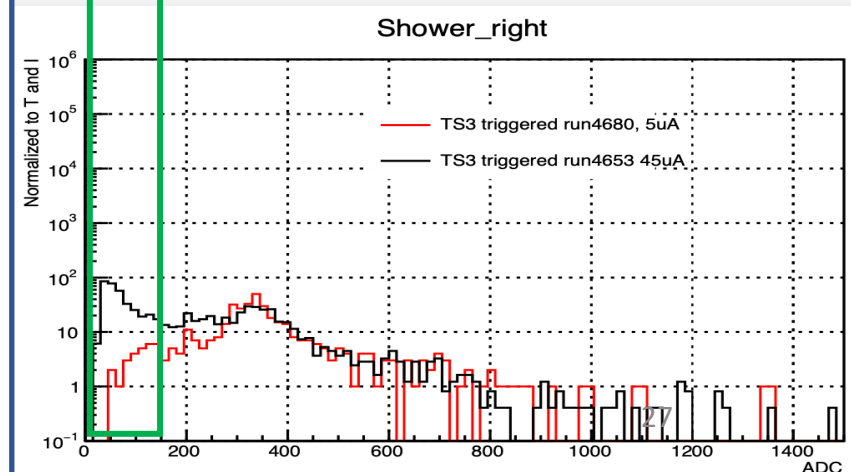
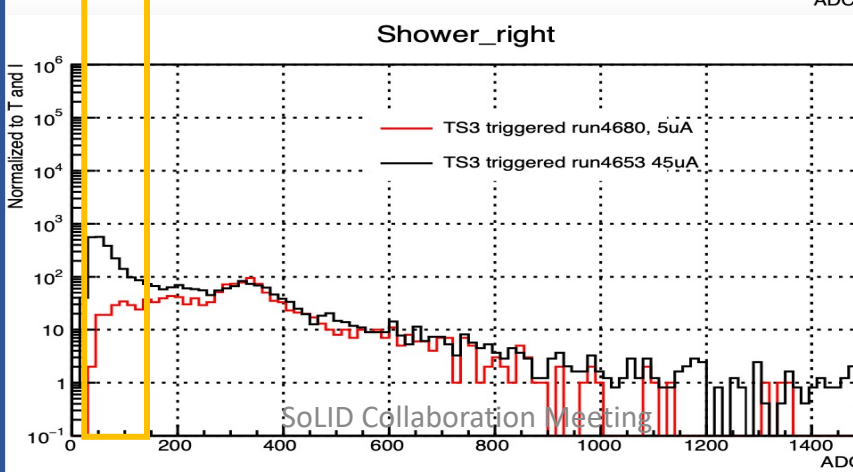
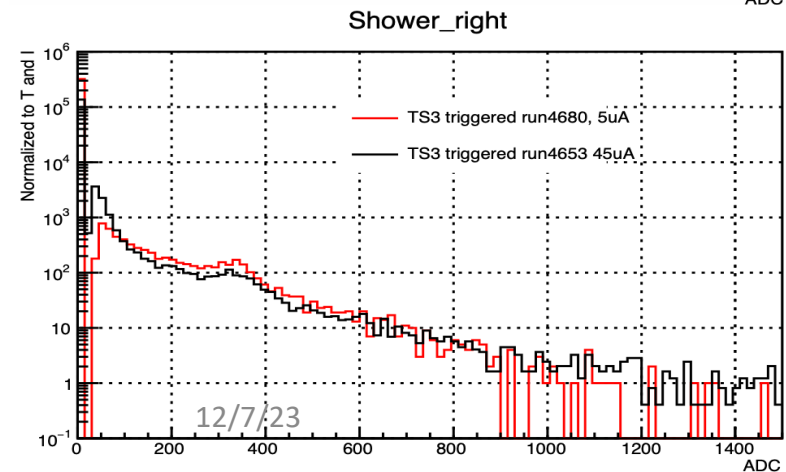
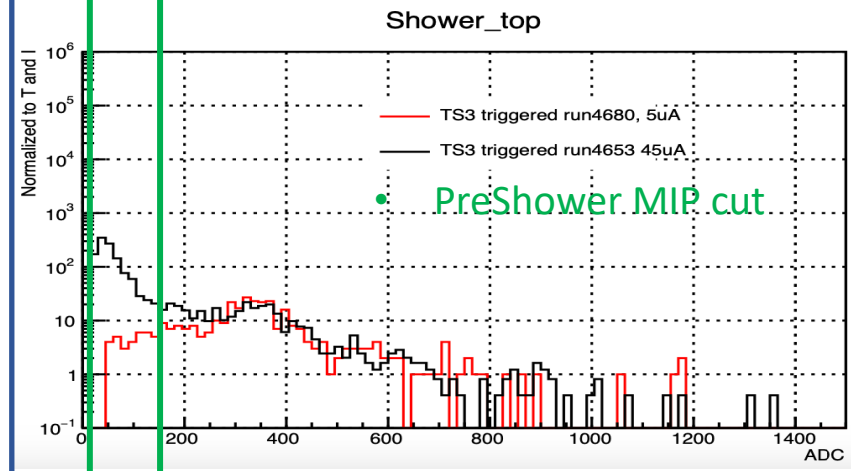
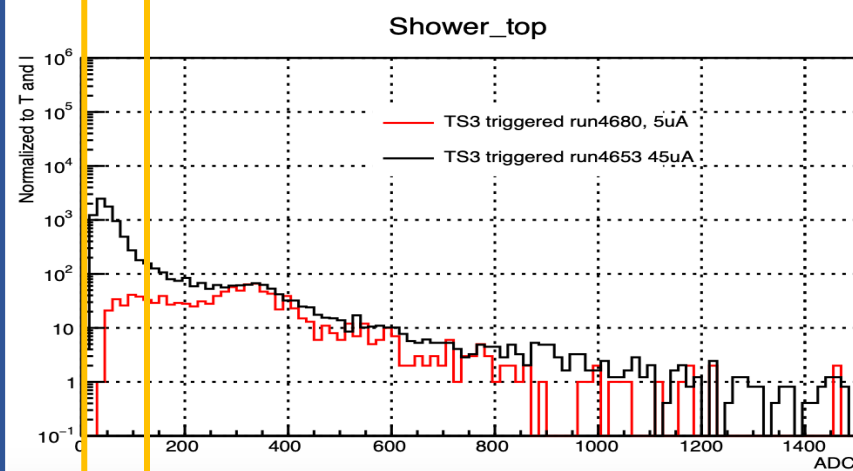
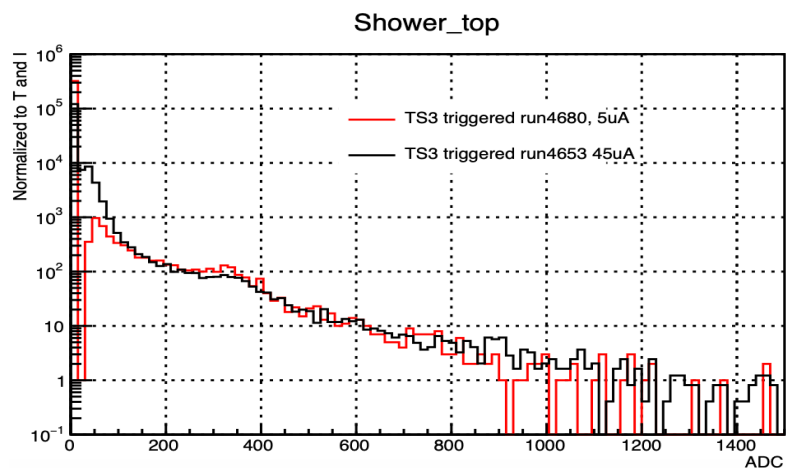
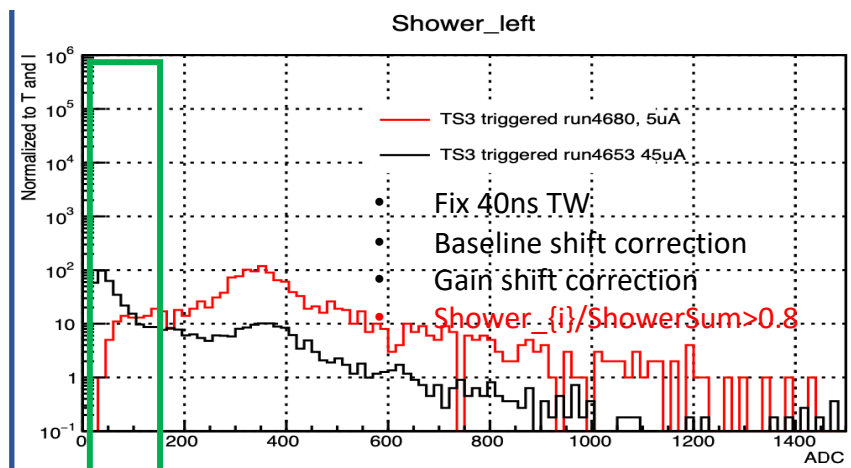
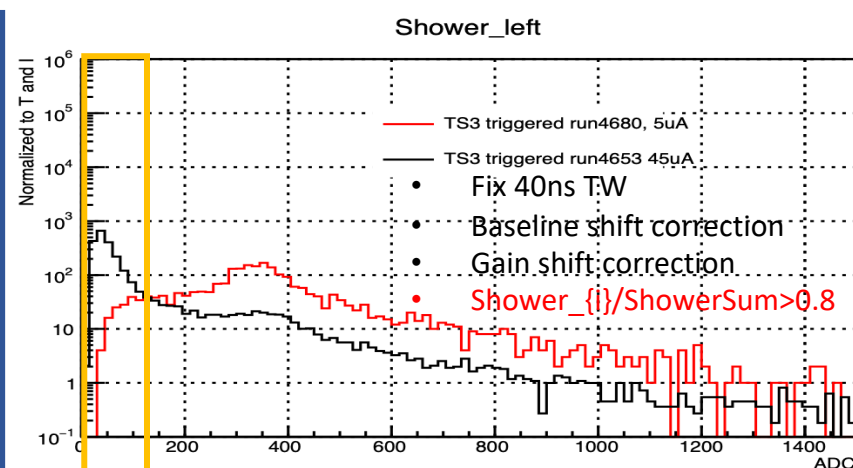
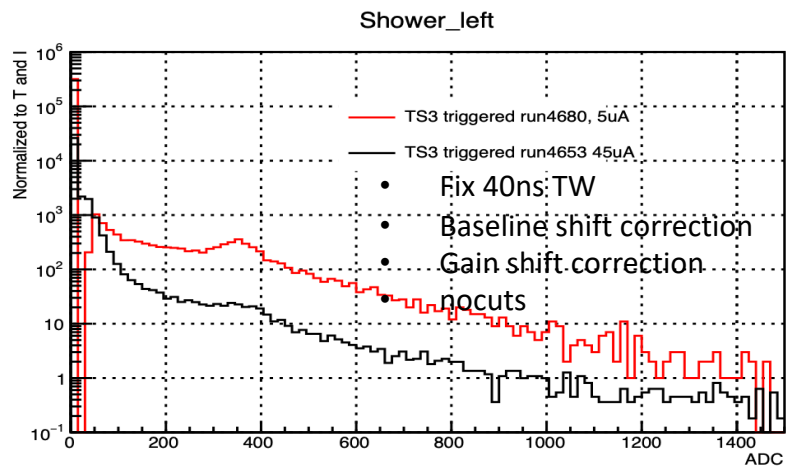


PreShowerL



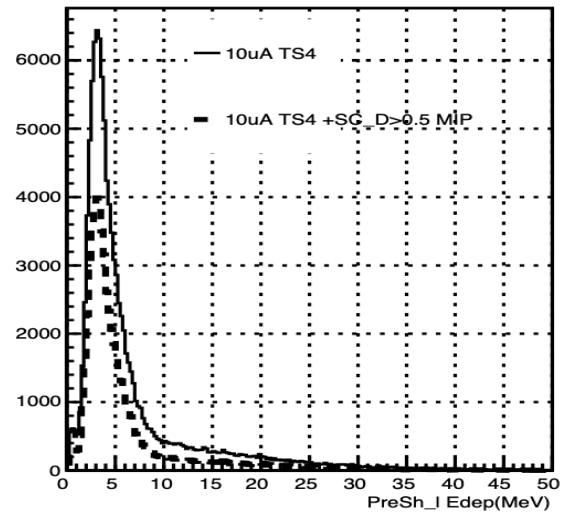
Preshower: See distinct regions:

- Lowest: fat distribution from Mollers?
- Next: See MIP's from pions and double MIP's from photons: SC_D rejectd double MIP's
- Next: Negligible pion MIP's
- Highest energies: Most pulses \gg MIP's

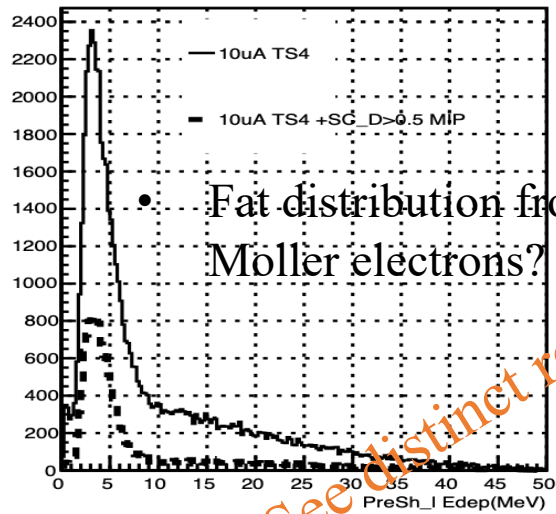


PreShower Response

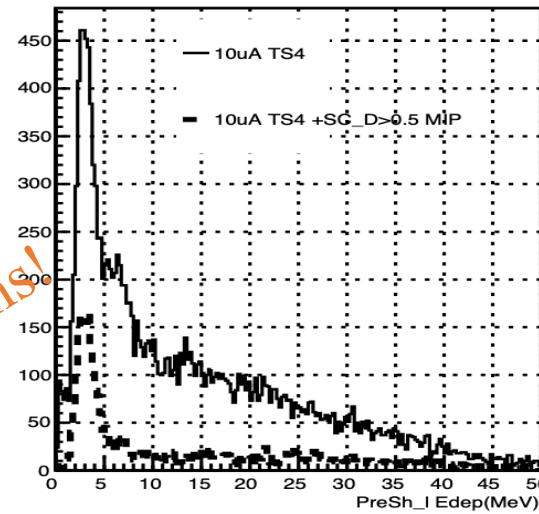
20 MeV < Shower_I < 30 MeV



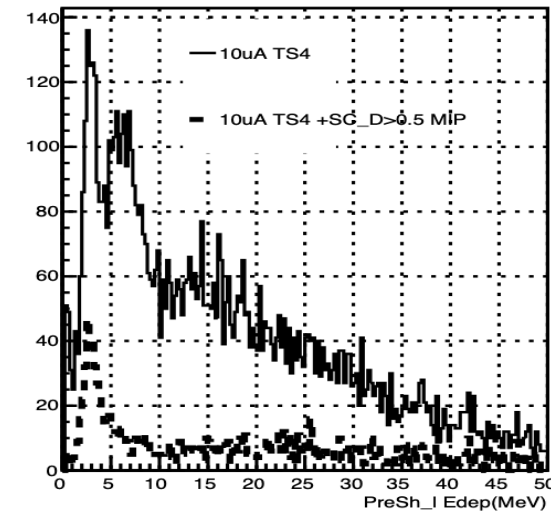
30 MeV < Shower_I < 50 MeV



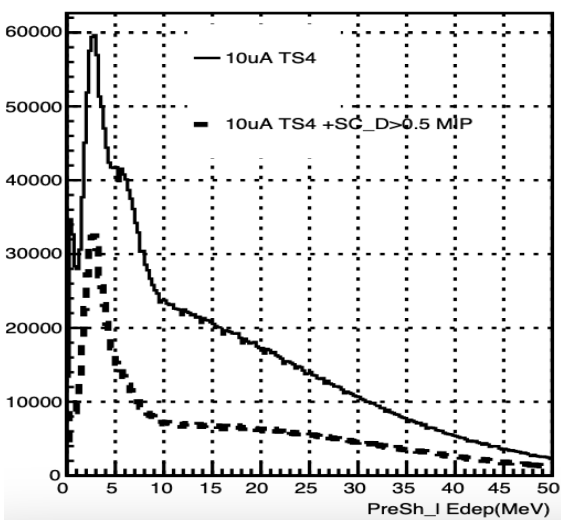
50 MeV < Shower_I < 70 MeV



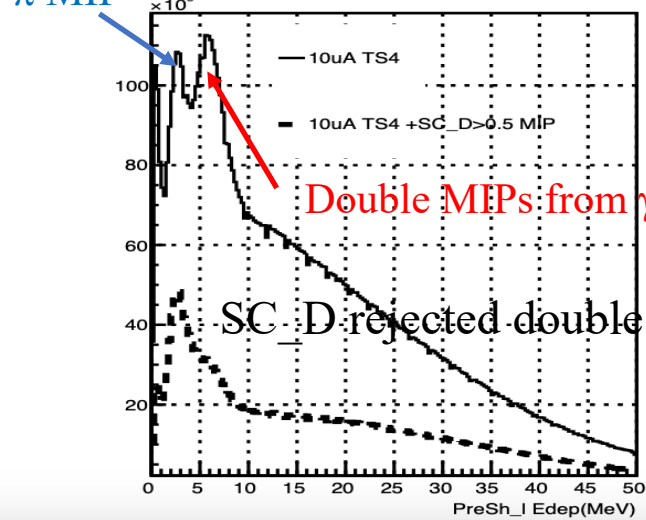
70 MeV < Shower_I < 100 MeV



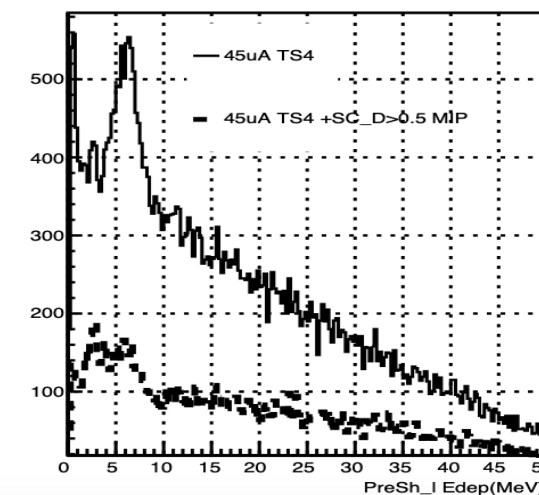
100 MeV < Shower_I < 150 MeV



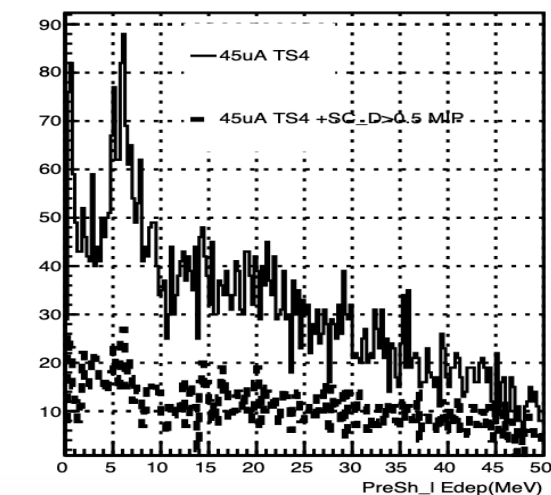
150 MeV < Shower_I < 200 MeV



200 MeV < Shower_I < 300 MeV



300 MeV < Shower_I < 400 MeV

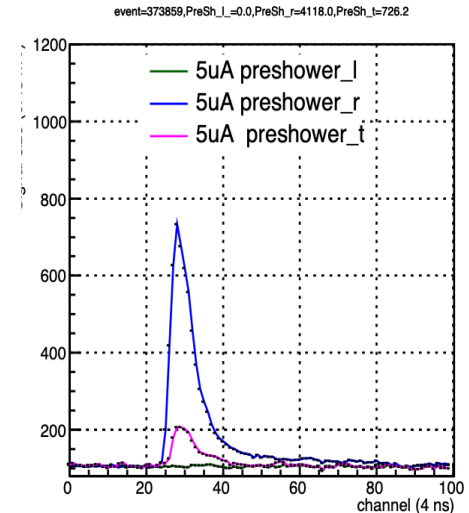
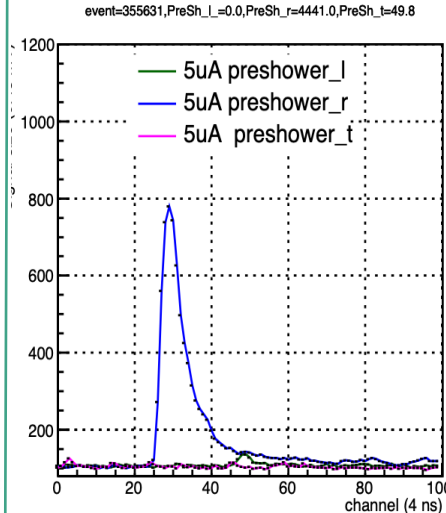
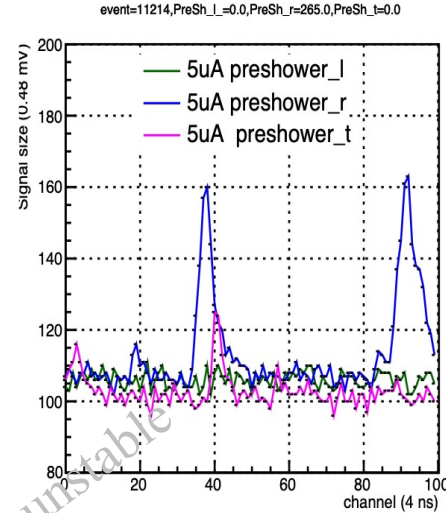
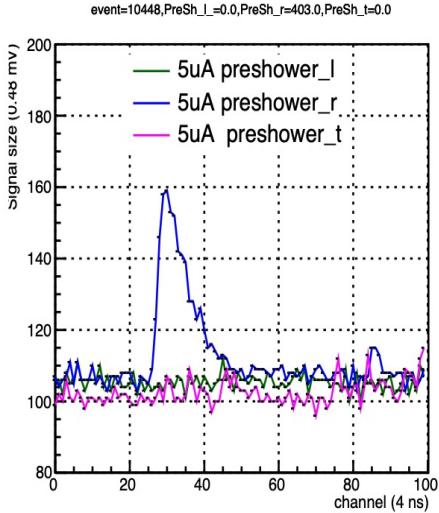


Acceptance ratio: SC_D/Shower_Sum=1/3

See distinct regions!

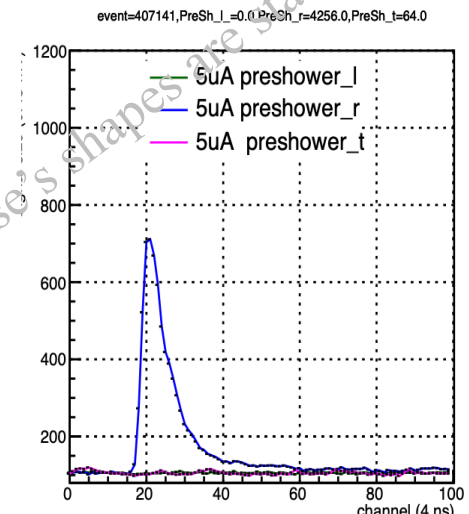
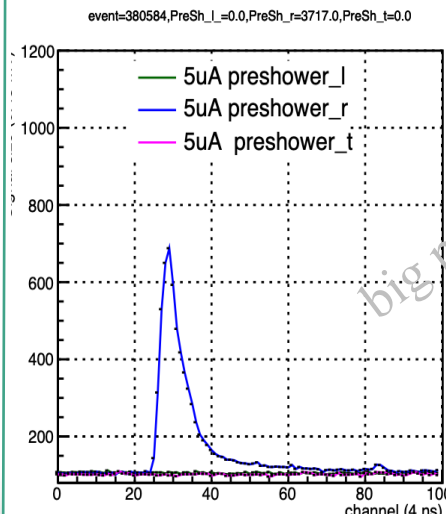
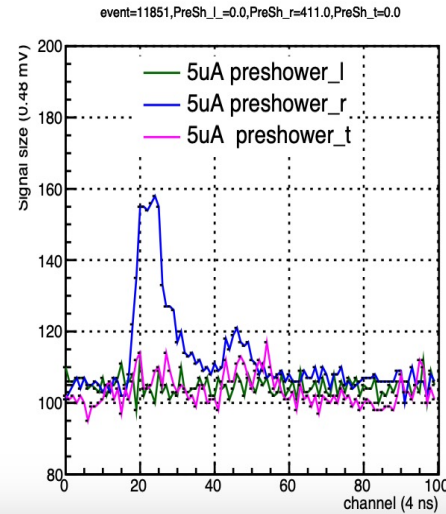
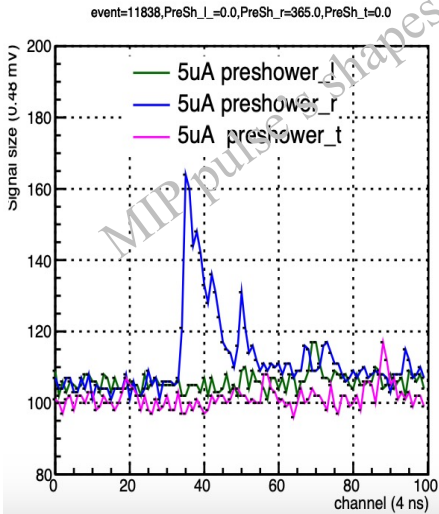
Highest energies: Most pulses >> MIPs

18 Deg Data Analysis is Ongoing



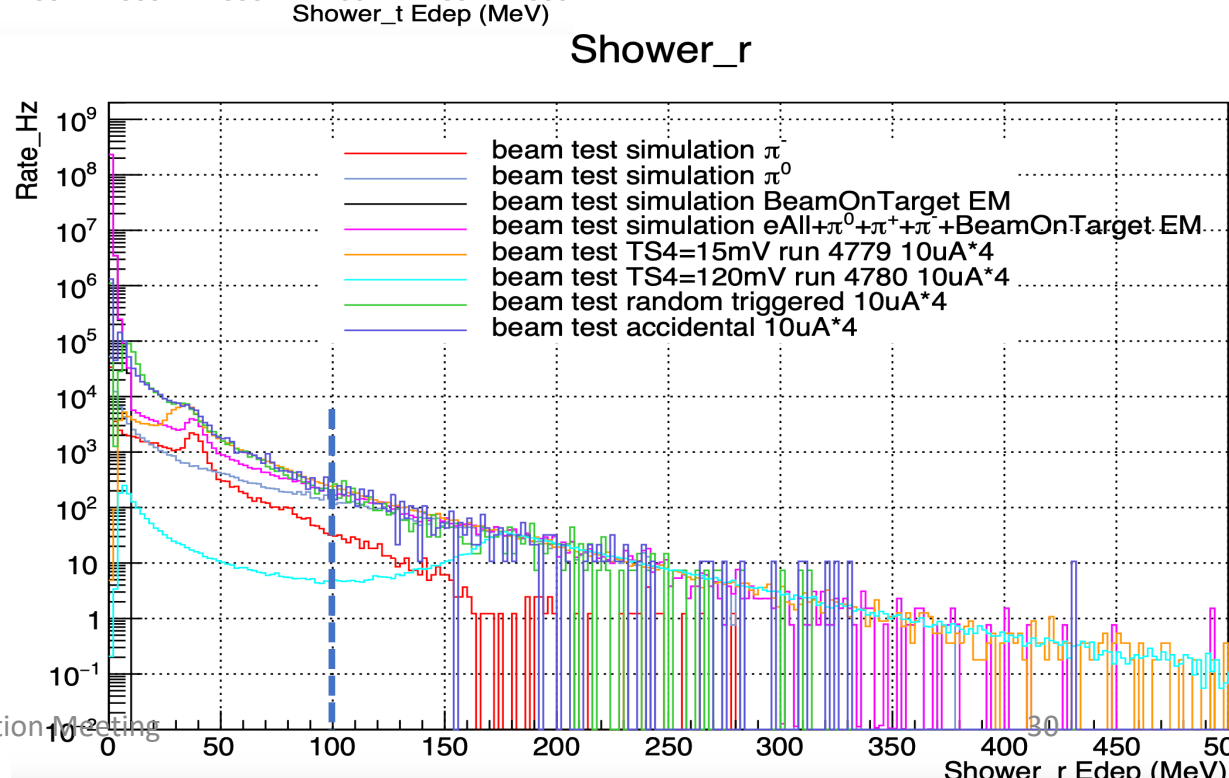
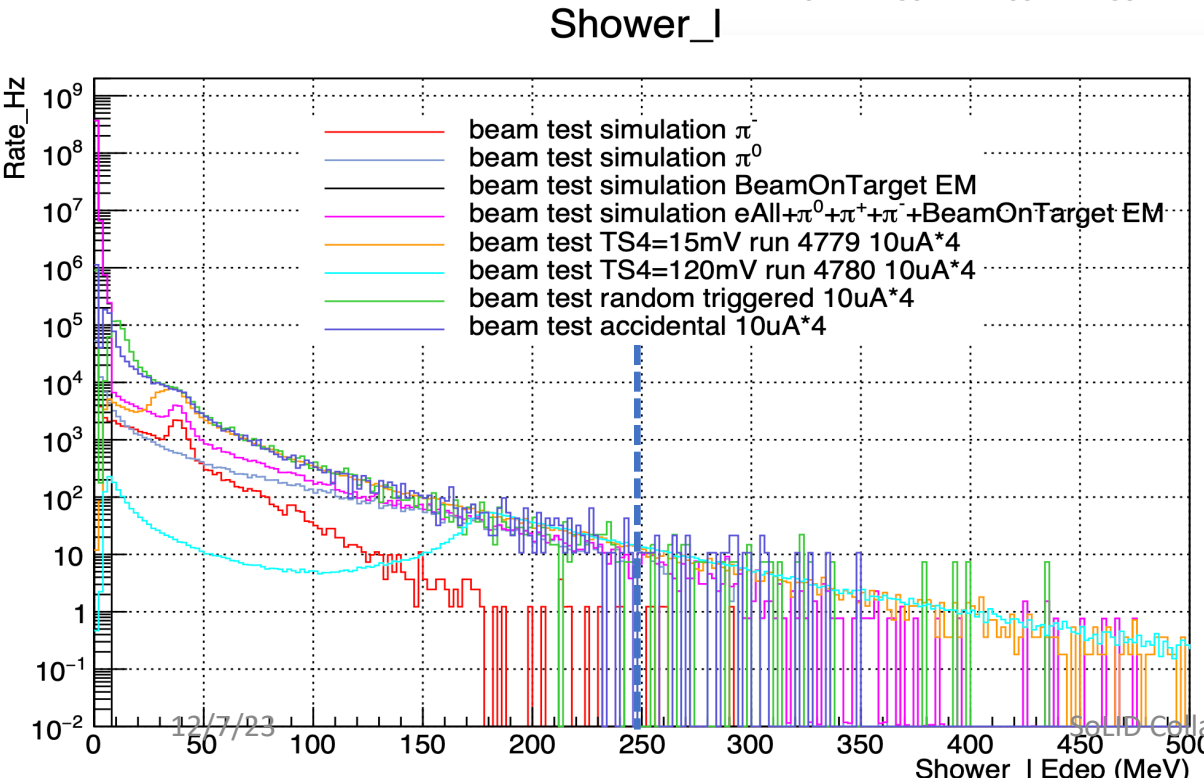
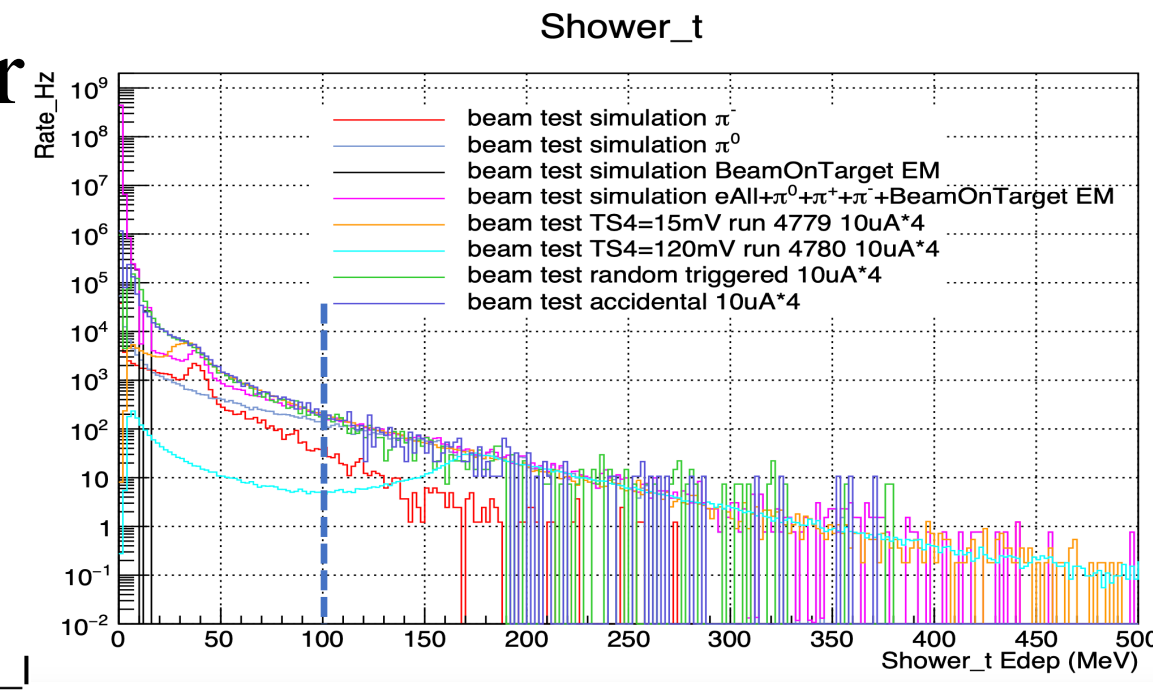
PreShower MIP pulses

PreShower 10*MIP pulses

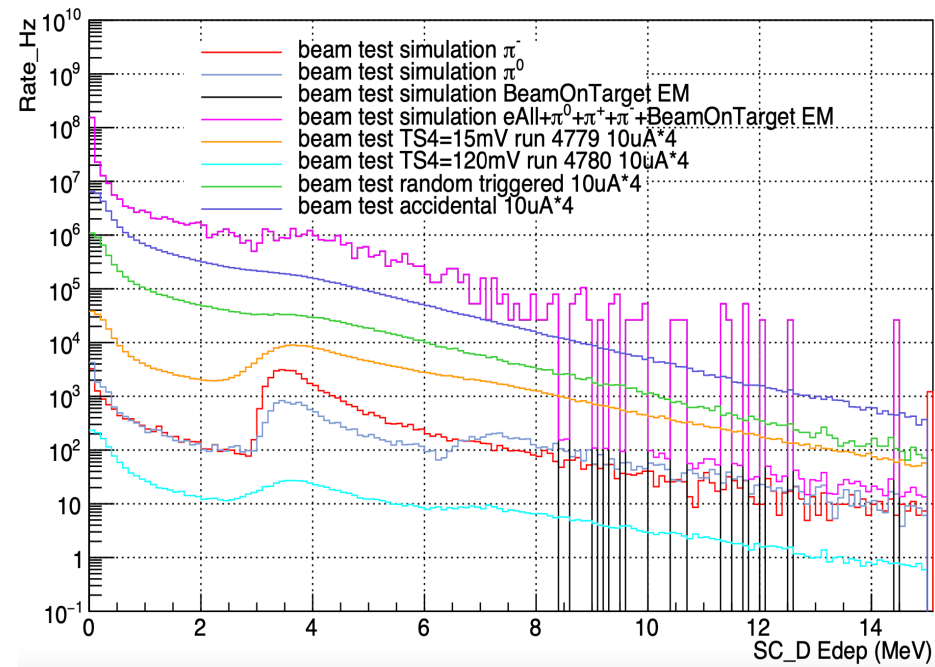


- Analog signals are digitized by the JLab FADC250, a 16-channel 12-bit FADC sampling at 250 MHz.
- We plan to record the entire waveform for PVDIS (pile up is going to be significant)
- 40ns integral window

Individual Shower Comparison

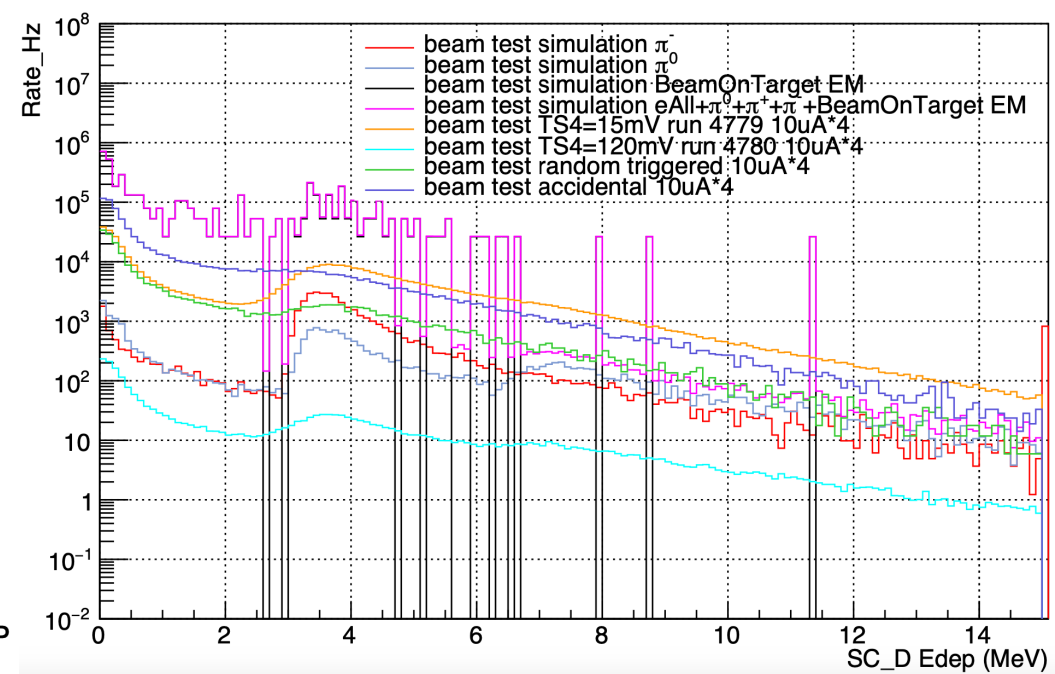


SC_D

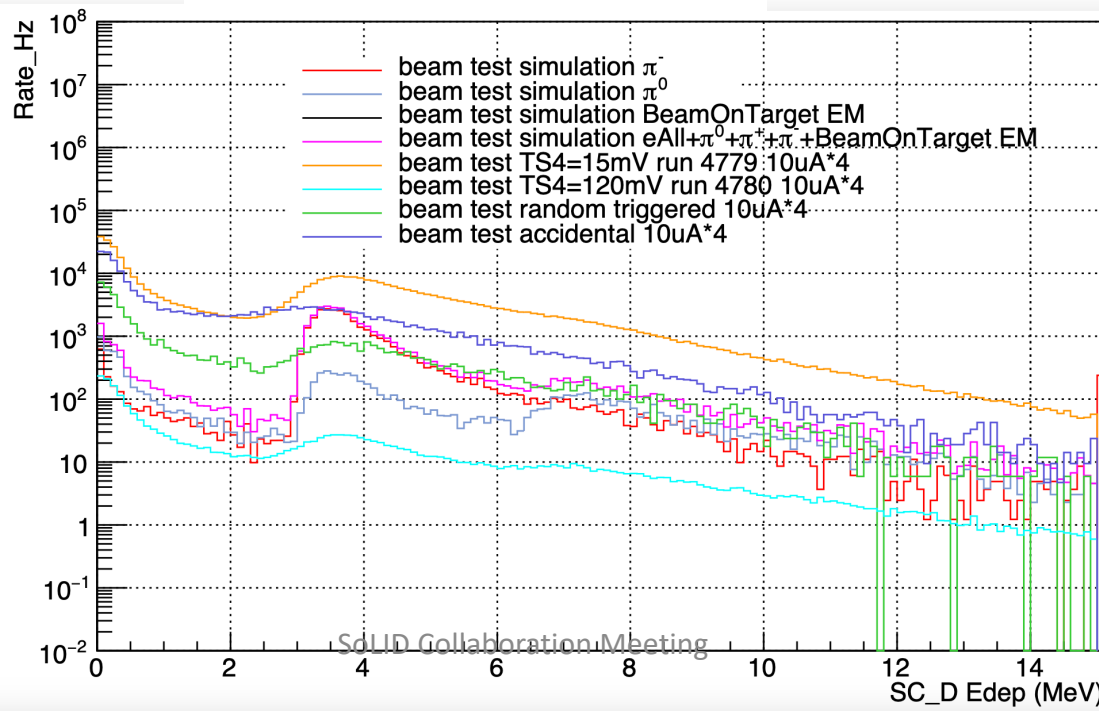


SC_D > 0 & ShowerSum_software > 0.5MIP

SC_D > 0 & ShowerSum_software > 0



Need to check the waveforms

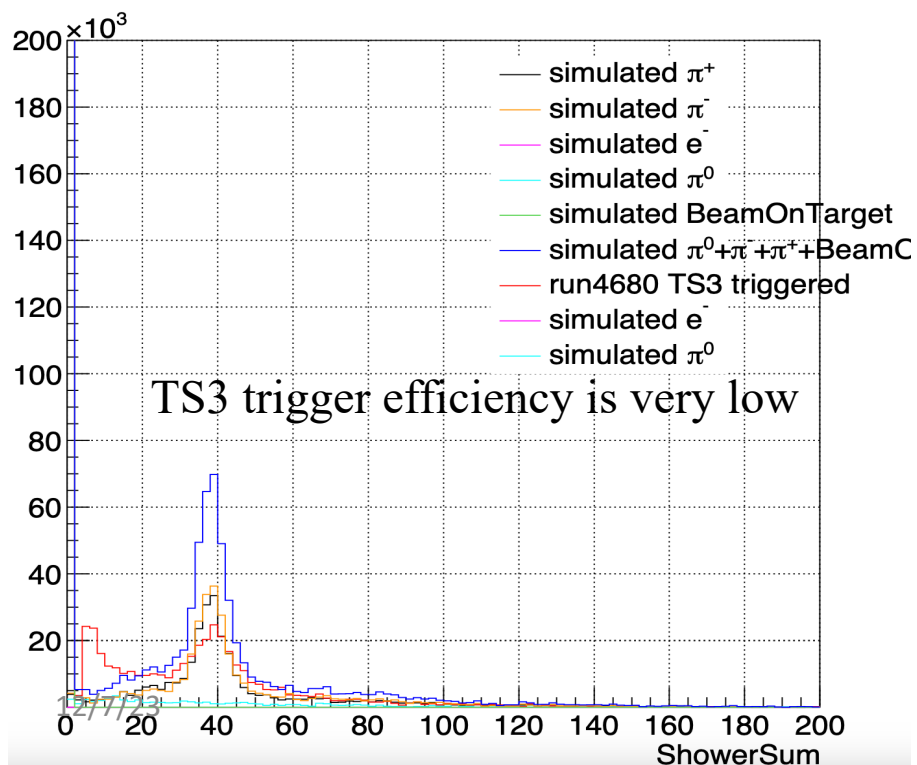


Simulation and Data comparison

➤ MIP comparison

- Coincident trigger: 5uA TS3 trigger ($SC_A > 0.5 \text{MIP}$ & $SC_D > 0.5 \text{MIP}$)
 - Single trigger: 10uA TS4= 15mV trigger ($ShowrSum > 0.5 \text{MIP}$)
 - Random trigger: 10uA TS=253, run 4779_0, and 40uA TS=253, run 4794_0
- A table to summarize the rate of individual detector with threshold $> 0.5 \text{ MIP}$

Coincident trigger comparison



5uA SC_A & SC_D run 4680 triggered timing

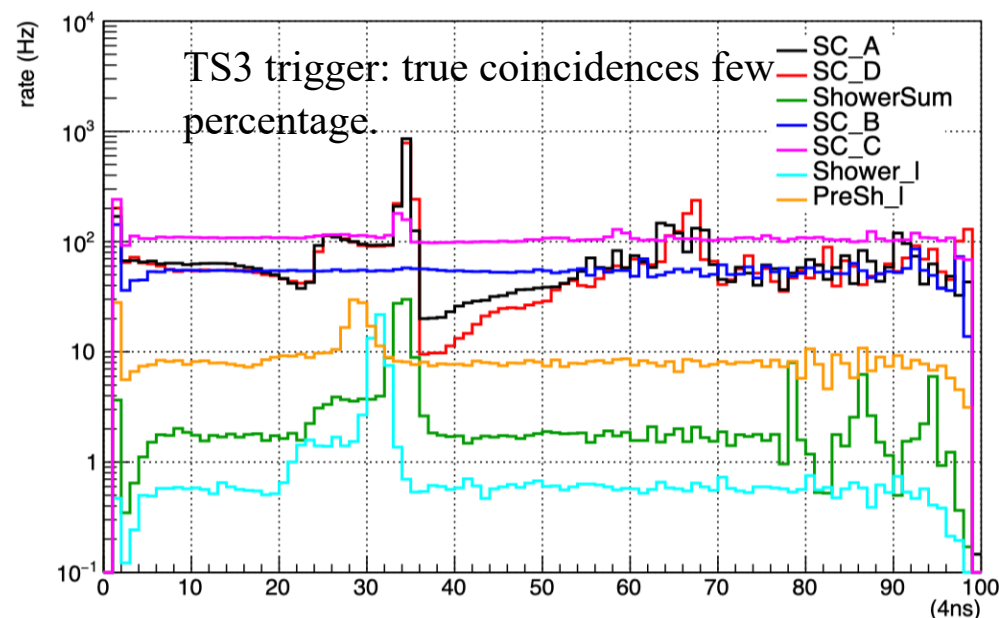
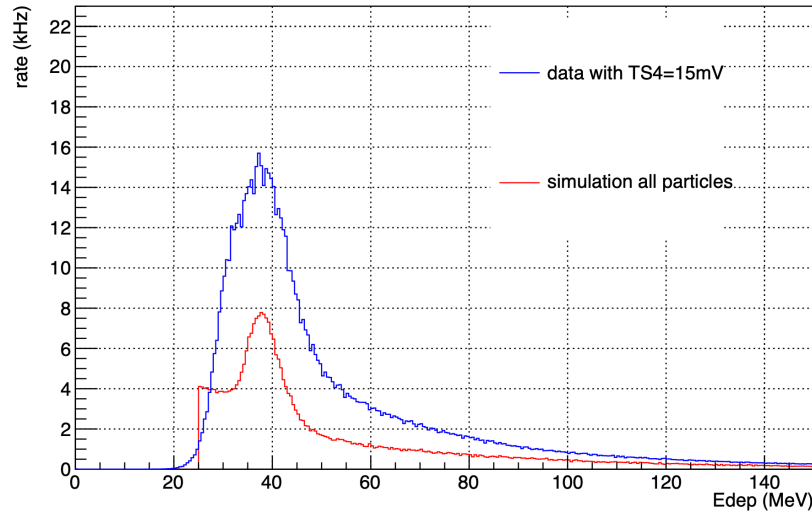


Figure 10: Timing information of run 4680 with the SC_A & SC_D trigger at $5\mu\text{A}$. Here Y axis is normalized to $\frac{\text{event}}{\Delta T}$ (rate)

Single trigger: ShowerSum > 0.5 MIP

MIP with TS4 trigger



10uA ShowerSum triggered timing

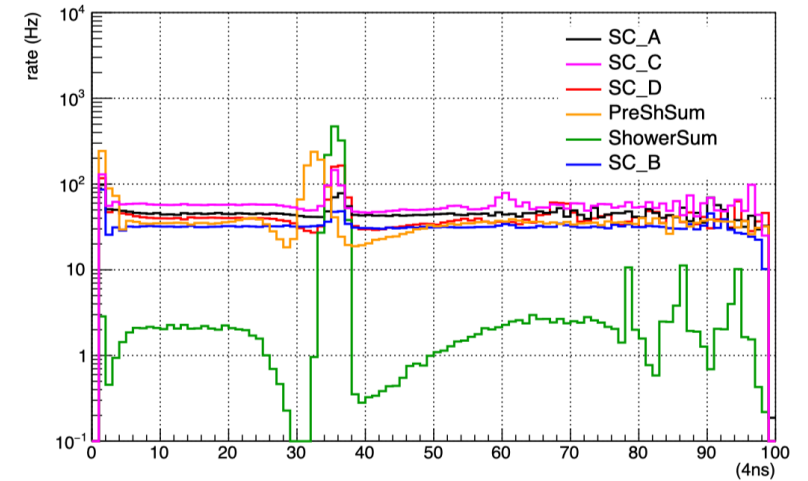
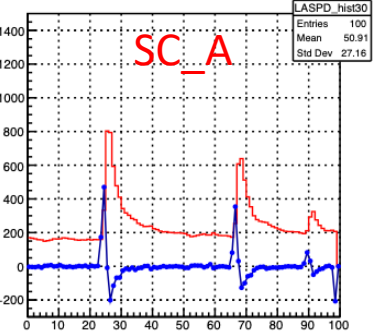


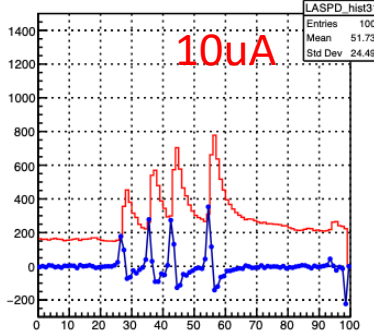
Figure 15: Timing information of run 4779 with the ShowerSum= 15 mV trigger at 10 μ A. Here Y axis is normalized to $\frac{event}{\Delta T}$ (rate)

Random trigger: single rate and coincidence rate

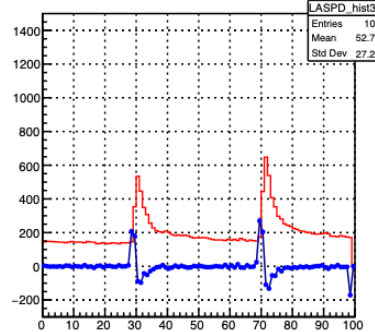
SC_A at 10uA event=30



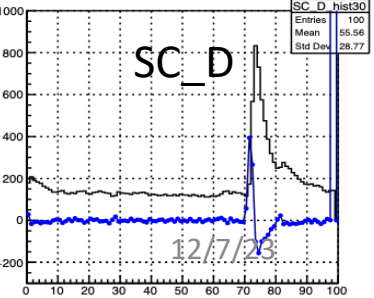
SC_A at 10uA event=31



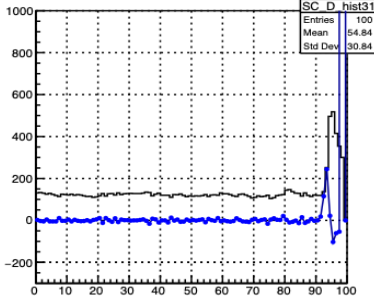
SC_A at 10uA event=32



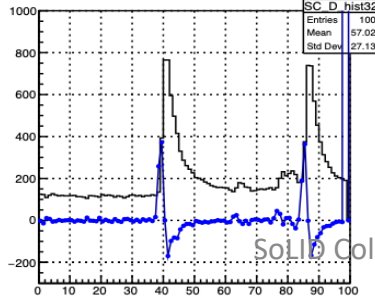
SC_D at 10uA event=30



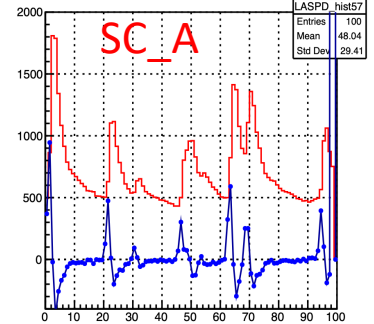
SC_D at 10uA event=31



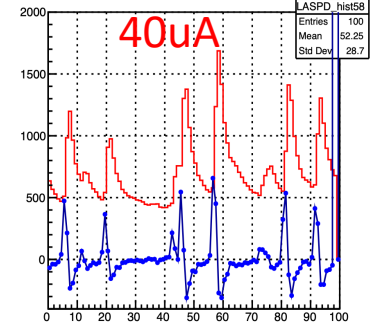
SC_D at 10uA event=32



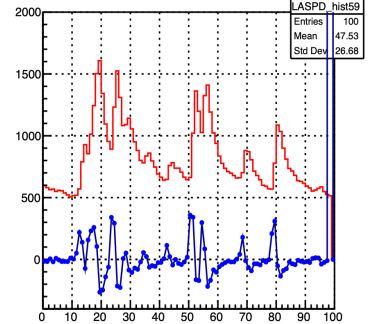
SC_A at 40uA event=57



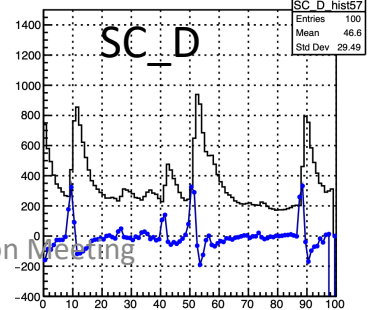
SC_A at 40uA event=58



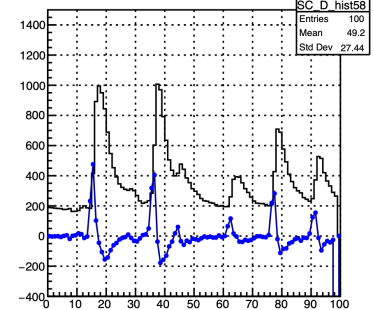
SC_A at 40uA event=59



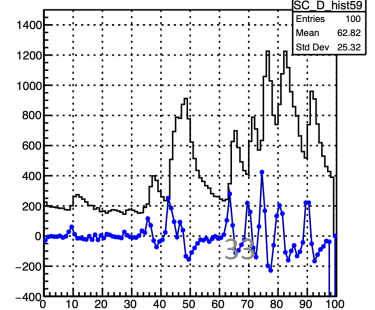
SC_D at 40uA event=57



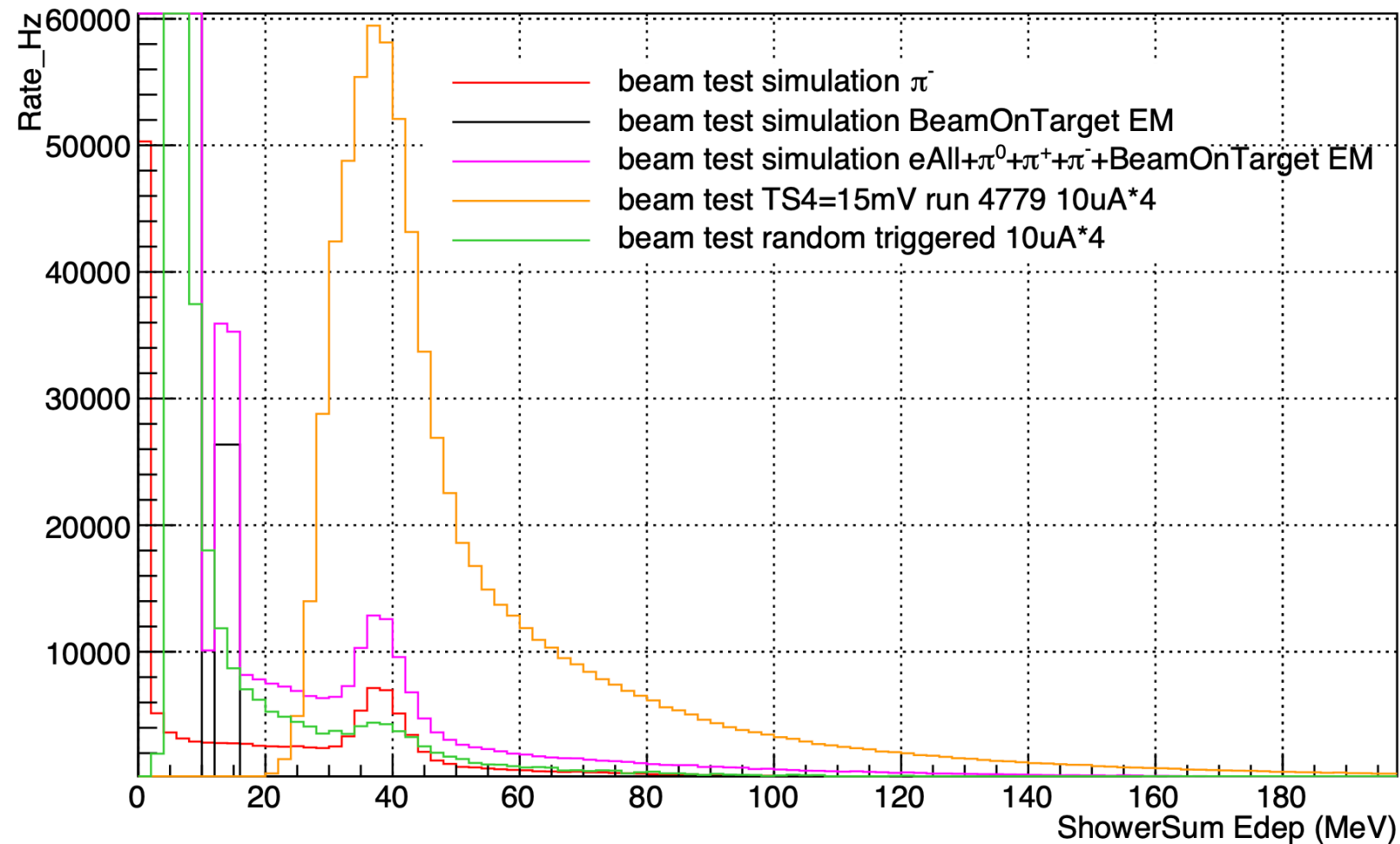
SC_D at 40uA event=58



SC_D at 40uA event=59



ShowerSum



A table for individual detector rate with 0.5 MIP threshold

Detector	10 μ A 0.5MIP cut MHz	40 μ A 0.5MIP cut MHz
SC_A	4.91	15.9
SC_D	1.87	7.52

Detector	e ⁻ kHz/cm2	π^- kHz/cm2	π^+ kHz/cm2	π^0 kHz/cm2	EM kHz/cm2	total MHz/cm2	scale data MHz/cm2
SC_A	1.9e-4	0.69	0.67	0.19	985.0	0.99	0.52
Cherenkov (Npe>0)	1.3e-4	5.3e-3	4.2e-3	0.12	16.4	0.0165	
SC_D	3.2e-4	0.77	0.77	0.45	377.4	0.38	0.074

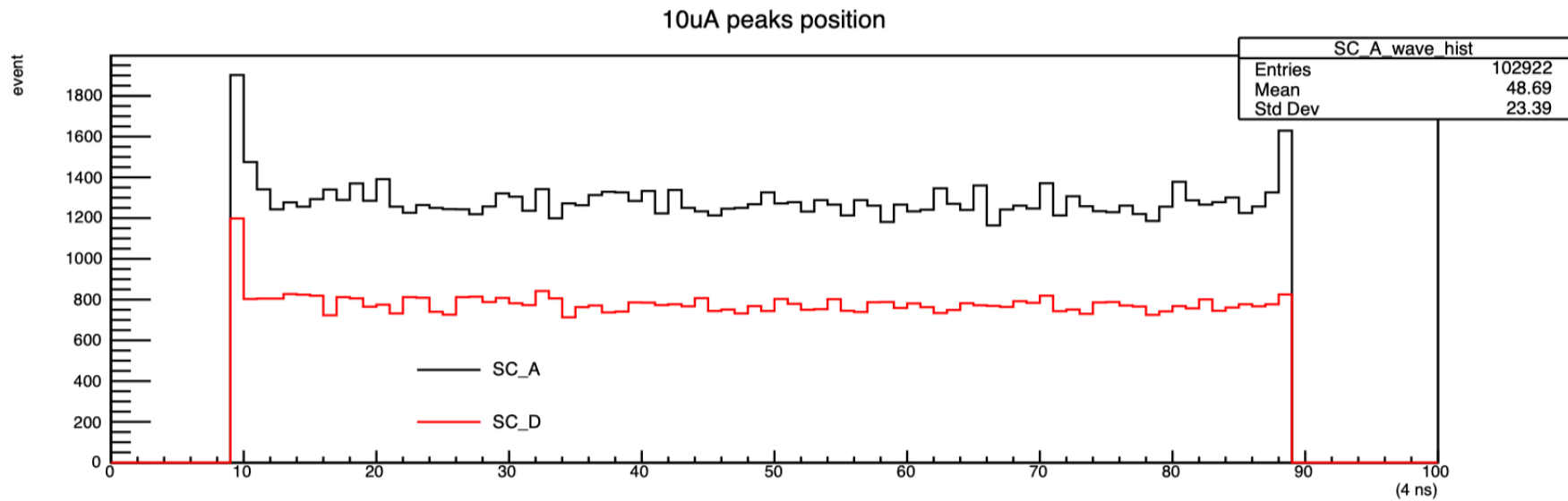
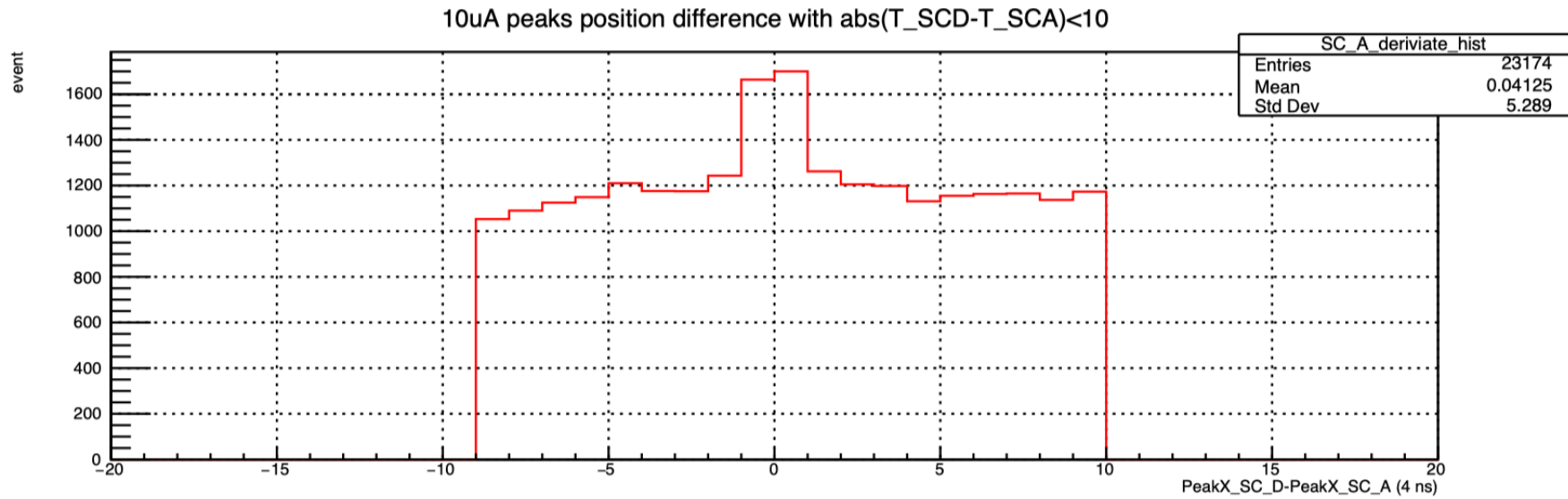


Figure 23: Timing information of run 4779 with the random trigger at $10\mu\text{A}$. The total number of the random trigger event is 100k

12/7/23