

# HKS Target Design and Status

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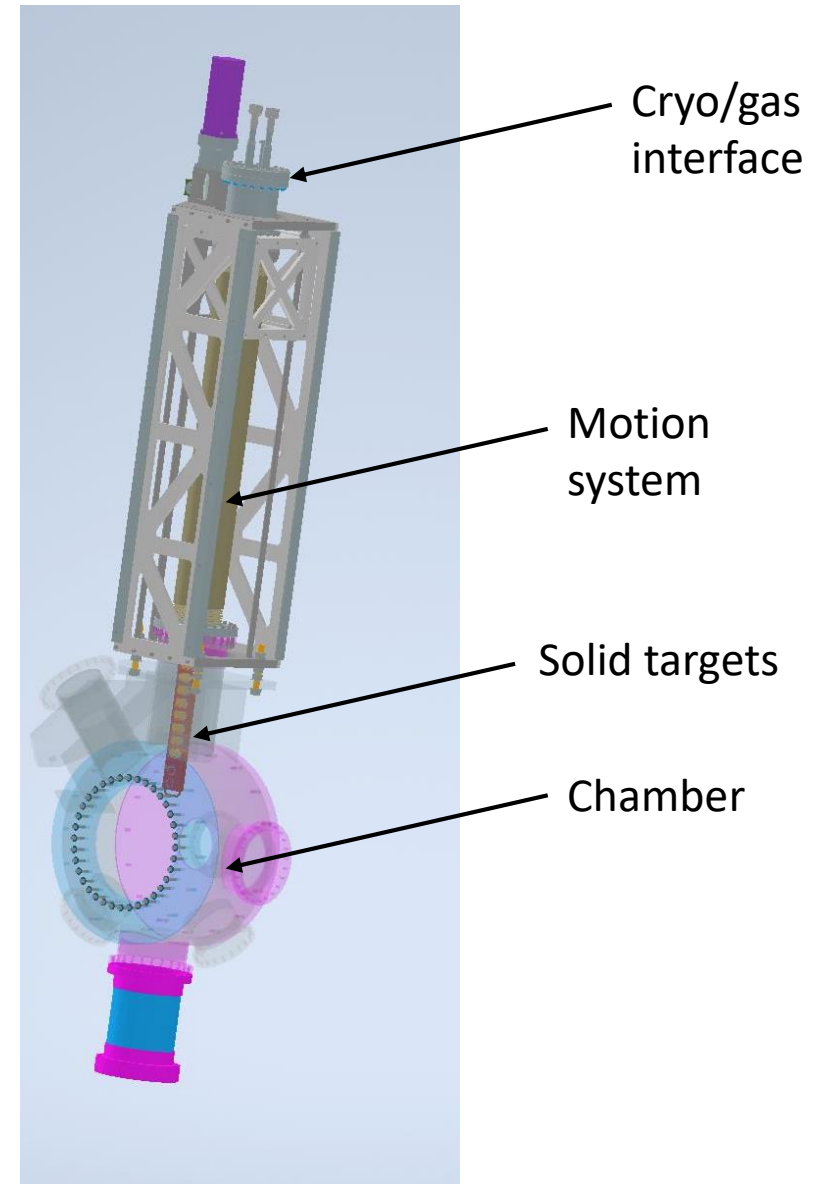
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# Design Status

- Design is in concept stage and will be for some time
  - Target group does not have resources to develop a comprehensive design at this time.
  - Solid target concept complete
  - Gas targets will still need input from collaboration
- Exploring 2 options
  - System with solid targets only
  - System with both fluid and solid targets (this is more work to install)
- Both systems require cryogenic cooling
  - Pb and Li both need this to meet beam current requirements
  - He and Hydrogen gas cells will need it to reach proposed densities
- A simplistic method for optimization of the cells/solid targets has been developed
- Fluid systems are designed to appropriate Codes and Standards
  - Somewhat limiting

# Concept Design

- Base motion system and top end design on PREX/CREX target
  - Plenty of range for all targets needed for
- Custom chamber will be needed
- Long transfer lines will be needed.
  - Base this design on existing design for PREX
- Cooled solid target ladder/heat exchanger
- Cooled cells (not shown)
  - Fed gas from gas panels in Hall C



# “Original” Proposal (circa 2022)

- Solid targets
  - Some basic solid targets (these targets are relatively easy)
    - C, Al, B<sub>4</sub>C etc.
  - More Challenging (these targets require special handling/cooling)
    - Lead, Ca<sub>40,48</sub>, Li<sub>6</sub>, Pb etc.
- Gas Cells
  - H<sub>2</sub>, He<sub>3</sub> and He<sub>4</sub>
  - Tuna can with vertical axis perpendicular to the beam
  - Diameter is 20 cm
  - Total Al thickness 162 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - Gas pressures low

# Optimization of the Cells

- Assumptions for improvement
  - Thinner cells walls
  - Higher fluid densities
  - Smaller diameter
- Plan to use actively filled cells
  - This is contrast to the tritium target were the cells were filled with a static pressure
  - Two gas isotopes can be used concurrently
  - One gas species at a time (e.g., H<sub>2</sub> and D<sub>2</sub> **OR** He<sub>3</sub> and He<sub>4</sub>)
- Requires gas handling system
  - This might need to be in a second phase as schedule permits

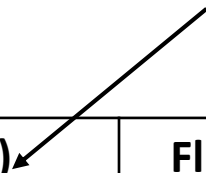
# Status of Cell Optimization

- Cell geometry
  - 7.5 cm tuna can
  - Wall thickness depends on fluid pressure
  - Height of thin section is 2 cm
  - Mechanical knife edge sealing system
  - No welding on cell or cell block
- Fluids: 2 basic options which can be refined a bit if needed
  - Option 1: Fluid pressure 60 psia – wall thickness 0.13 mm
  - Option 2: Fluid pressure: 130 psia – wall thickness 0.25 mm
  - Operate He targets at 5.6K
  - Operate Hydrogen targets at 35K
- This improves the ratio of fluid to target cell wall as well as overall thickness
- Smaller cell form factor will be easier to design around for the motion and chamber systems.
- Still need input from the collaboration on this “final” design.

# Comparison

Three concepts are compared

Seems like the best option



Fluid	2022 Cell 2022		Option 1) P=60 psia		Option 2) P=130 psia		Fluid only	Fluid only
	$\rho$ t fluid	Fluid to wall	$\rho$ t fluid	Fluid to wall	$\rho$ t fluid	Fluid to wall	#1 to 2022	#2 to 2022
	g/cm <sup>2</sup>		g/cm <sup>2</sup>		g/cm <sup>2</sup>			
H2	54	0.33	24	0.35	61	0.45	1.13	1.13
D2	-	-	50	0.73	133	0.99	-	-
He3	165	1.02	322	4.7	566	4.2	1.95	3.4
He4	228	1.41	803	11.8	998	7.4	2.75	7.4

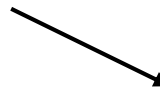
Need input from the collaboration on final choice.

# Thermal Loads

Thermal loads are modest but we will still need cryogenics for cooling.

Target Matl Material	Wall thick (mm)	Rho of wall (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	Length (cm)	lmax (microA)	Nom Thick (gm/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	Actual Thick (mm)	Q in wall (W)	Q in tgt (W)
H2	0.25	67.5	7.5	20	0.061	0.008	75	4.9	5.5
D2	0.25	67.5	7.5	20	0.133	0.018	75	4.9	6
He3	0.25	67.5	7.5	20	0.566	0.0755	75	4.9	32
He4	0.25	67.5	7.5	20	0.998	0.133	75	4.9	41
CH2				2	0.5	0.88	5.6		1.3
Li6				50	0.1	0.53	2		10
B4C(11)				50	0.1	2.52	0.5		8.5
C				50	0.1	1.8	0.5		8.5
Al				50	0.1	2.7	0.38		9
Ca40				50	0.15	1.5	0.5		15
Ca48				50	0.15	1.8	0.5		12.5
PB208				25	0.114	11.38	0.1		5

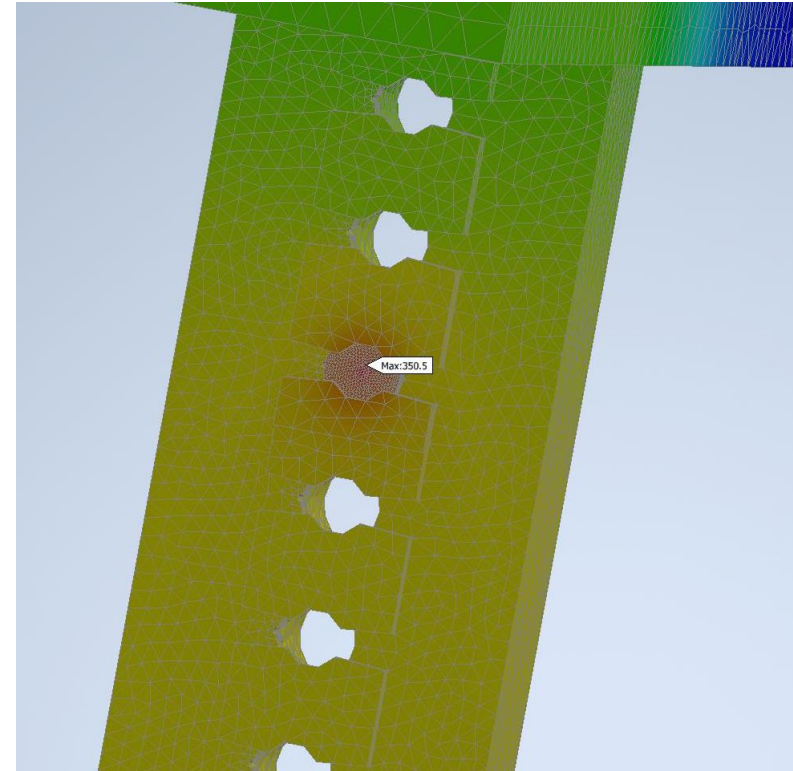
100 mg is thinnest





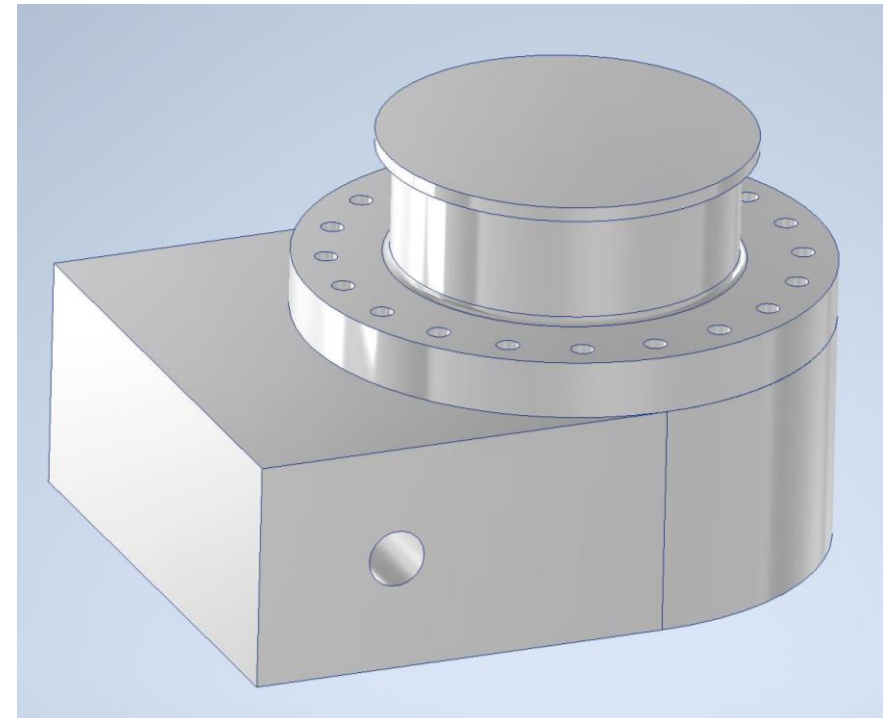
# Analysis of Hall C Ca Solid Target

- 80 microA
- Heat sink 30K
- 2x2 mm raster
- Max temp 350K
  - Similar for Li
- This will not be any problem for HKS
- Lead should work with a similar design.



# Concept Cell/Block Design

- Cell and block fabricated from ASTM B209 7075 aluminum
- All metallic seals no welding
- Cell is machined and measured to high accuracy.
  - 20% deviation on thin wall cell
  - 10% deviation on thicker wall cell
- Expect ~10% density reduction at full current
- Out of plane acceptance is larger than +/- 4 deg
- Fairly easy to fabricate
  - We have similar models with smaller radius

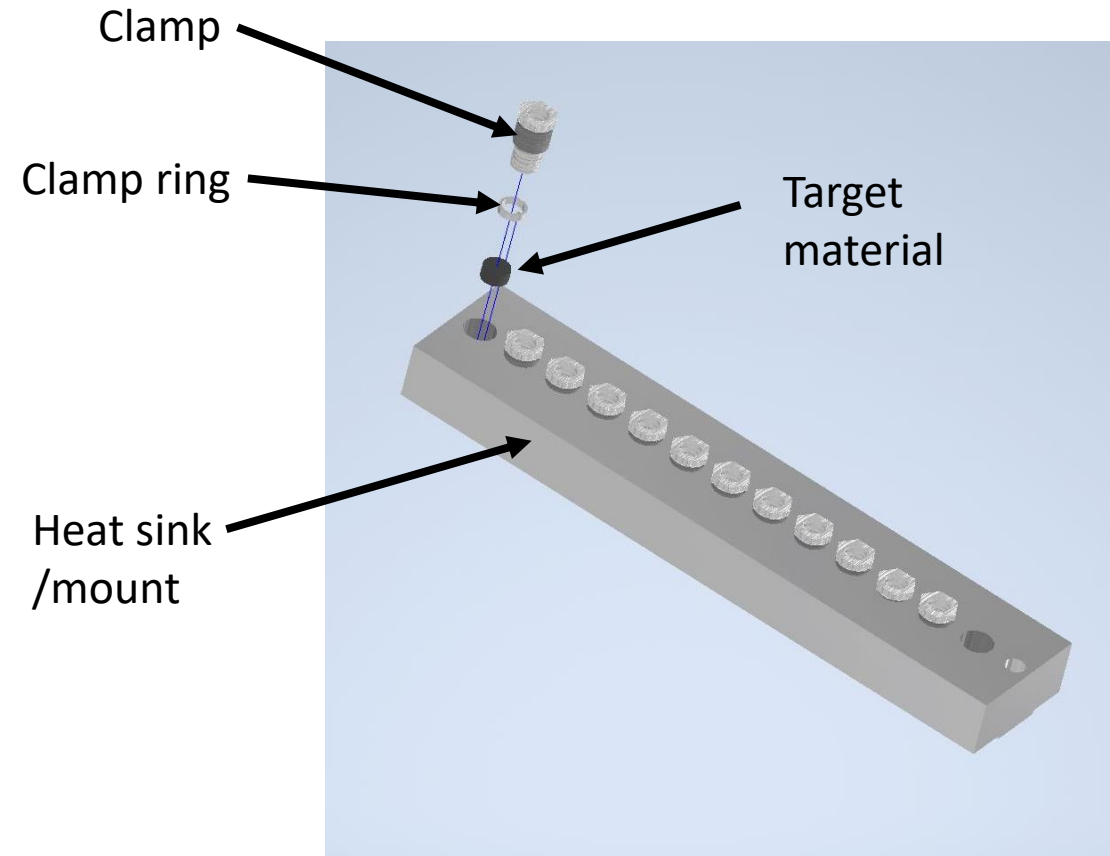


# Solid Targets

- Lead and calcium will present challenges
  - Lead will need to be cryogenically cooled with good thermal conductivity
    - Realistic thickness will need to be at least 0.1 mm
  - Ca and Li targets will need special handling
    - Ca48 stock at Jefferson Lab is highly compromised
    - Recommend purchasing new Ca48 foil (\$50K to \$100K)
- Other solid targets are relatively simple to work with
  - Proposed thickness are OK
  - Multi-foil: reduce to +/- 5 cm to closer match cell length
- Design path:
  - Combine latest Hall C solid target ladder with PREX/CREX motion system and T2 target style heat sink.

# Solid Target Ladder

- Solid target design concept
- All components are aluminum 7075
- Target material is clamped into the frame with sufficient force to ensure good Kc
  - Threaded clamp screws into heat sink
  - Nuclear grade anti-seize is used to enhance Kc and prevent galling
  - Clamp ring prevents spinning of the target foil
- Proven to work with all targets except lead
  - Preliminary calcs show design is acceptable for lead as well



# Summary

- A completely new cryogenic target will be required to be located ~11 m downstream from the nominal pivot.
  - Current gas handling panels should be sufficient for HKS target
  - New electrical installations will be required
  - New gas lines will be needed
- The cryogenic distribution system will require some new transfer lines in excess of 40 ft.
- We will need to work with Hall engineers/designers to layout target services and design the scattering chamber.
- At the moment the target group does not have the resources to complete a final design or substantially develop the concept
  - It is not clear when the resources will be available