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Light Baryon Spectroscopy from e^+e^- Collision Experiments

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Outline

- **Introduction**

- **Selected light baryon results from BELLE**

- observation of structures near KN threshold in $\Lambda\pi$ system
- observation of a threshold cusp at the $\Lambda\eta$ threshold in the pK^- system
- observation of $\Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow \Xi(1530) K^-$

- **Selected light baryon results from BESIII**

- $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi^0, \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\eta$ and $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\omega$
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \pi\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}$
- Study of excited Ξ states in $\psi(3686) \rightarrow K^-\Lambda\bar{\Xi}^+ + \text{c.c.}$

- **Summary**

• N^* and Δ^* status (PDG 2024)

- Mostly from PWA of πN scattering data.
- The dedicated facilities at Bonn, Grenoble, and Mainz, and at the JLab and Spring-8
- High-precision cross sections and polarization observables provide more information

Status as seen in												
Particle	J^P	overall	$N\gamma$	$N\pi$	$\Delta\pi$	$N\sigma$	$N\eta$	ΔK	ΣK	$N\rho$	$N\omega$	$N\eta'$
N	$1/2^+$	****										
$N(1440)$	$1/2^+$	****	****	****	****	***						
$N(1520)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	****	****	**	****					
$N(1535)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	***	*	****					
$N(1650)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	***	*	****	*				
$N(1675)$	$5/2^-$	****	****	****	****	***	*	*	*			
$N(1680)$	$5/2^+$	****	****	****	****	***	*	*	*			
$N(1700)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	***	***	*	*			*		
$N(1710)$	$1/2^+$	****	****	****	*		***	**	*	*	*	
$N(1720)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	****	***	*	*	****	*	*	*	
$N(1860)$	$5/2^+$	**	*	**		*	*					
$N(1875)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	**	*	**	*	*	*	*	*	
$N(1880)$	$1/2^+$	***	**	*	**	*	*	**	**		**	
$N(1895)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	*	*	*	****	**	**	*	*	****
$N(1900)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	**	**	*	*	**	**	*	*	**
$N(1990)$	$7/2^+$	**	**	**		*	*	*				
$N(2000)$	$5/2^+$	**	**	*	**	*	*			*		
$N(2040)$	$3/2^+$	*		*								
$N(2060)$	$5/2^-$	***	***	**	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
$N(2100)$	$1/2^+$	***	**	***	**	**	*	*		*	*	**
$N(2120)$	$3/2^-$	***	***	**	**	**		**	*	*	*	*
$N(2190)$	$7/2^-$	****	****	****	****	**	*	**	*	*	*	
$N(2220)$	$9/2^+$	****	**	****		*	*	*				
$N(2250)$	$9/2^-$	****	**	****		*	*	*				
$N(2300)$	$1/2^+$	**		**								
$N(2570)$	$5/2^-$	**		**								
$N(2600)$	$11/2^-$	***		***								
$N(2700)$	$13/2^+$	**		**								

Status as seen in								
Particle	J^P	overall	$N\gamma$	$N\pi$	$\Delta\pi$	ΣK	$N\rho$	$\Delta\eta$
$\Delta(1232)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	****				
$\Delta(1600)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	***	****			
$\Delta(1620)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	****			
$\Delta(1700)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	****	****	*	*	
$\Delta(1750)$	$1/2^+$	*	*	*		*		
$\Delta(1900)$	$1/2^-$	***	**	**	*	**	*	
$\Delta(1905)$	$5/2^+$	****	****	****	**	*	*	**
$\Delta(1910)$	$1/2^+$	****	**	****	**	**		*
$\Delta(1920)$	$3/2^+$	***	**	**	**	**		**
$\Delta(1930)$	$5/2^-$	***	*	***	*	*		
$\Delta(1940)$	$3/2^-$	**	*	**	*			*
$\Delta(1950)$	$7/2^+$	****	****	****	**	***		
$\Delta(2000)$	$5/2^+$	**	*	**	*		*	
$\Delta(2150)$	$1/2^-$	*		*				
$\Delta(2200)$	$7/2^-$	***	***	**	***	**		
$\Delta(2300)$	$9/2^+$	**		**				
$\Delta(2350)$	$5/2^-$	*		*				
$\Delta(2390)$	$7/2^+$	*		*				
$\Delta(2400)$	$9/2^-$	**	**	**				
$\Delta(2420)$	$11/2^+$	****	*	****				
$\Delta(2750)$	$13/2^-$	**		**				
$\Delta(2950)$	$15/2^+$	**		**				

• Λ^* and Σ^* status (PDG 2024)

Starve for data. Mostly from γp and K-p experiments.

New analyses performed by Kent group, JPAC group.....

• Ξ^* status (PDG 2024)

Most of our present knowledge of Ξ resonances comes from the low-statistics data samples recorded in the early days. In Recent years, significant contributions have come from collider experiments.

Particle	J^P	Overall status	Status as seen in —			Other channels
			$N\bar{K}$	$\Sigma\pi$	Other channels	
$\Lambda(1116)$	$1/2^+$	****			$N\pi$ (weak decay)	
$\Lambda(1380)$	$1/2^-$	**	**	**		
$\Lambda(1405)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****		
$\Lambda(1520)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	****	$\Lambda\pi\pi, \Lambda\gamma, \Sigma\pi\pi$	
$\Lambda(1600)$	$1/2^+$	****	**	****	$\Lambda\pi\pi, \Sigma(1385)\pi$	
$\Lambda(1670)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	$\Lambda\eta$	
$\Lambda(1690)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	**	$\Lambda\pi\pi, \Sigma(1385)\pi$	
$\Lambda(1710)$	$1/2^+$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(1800)$	$1/2^-$	***	**	**	$\Lambda\pi\pi, N\bar{K}^*$	
$\Lambda(1810)$	$1/2^+$	***	**	**	$N\bar{K}^*$	
$\Lambda(1820)$	$5/2^+$	****	****	****	$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	
$\Lambda(1830)$	$5/2^-$	****	****	****	$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	
$\Lambda(1890)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	**	$\Sigma(1385)\pi, N\bar{K}^*$	
$\Lambda(2000)$	$1/2^-$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(2050)$	$3/2^-$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(2070)$	$3/2^+$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(2080)$	$5/2^-$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(2085)$	$7/2^+$	**	**	*		
$\Lambda(2100)$	$7/2^-$	****	****	**	$N\bar{K}^*$	
$\Lambda(2110)$	$5/2^+$	***	**	**	$N\bar{K}^*$	
$\Lambda(2325)$	$3/2^-$	*	*	*		
$\Lambda(2350)$	$9/2^+$	***	***	*		
$\Lambda(2585)$		*	*	*		

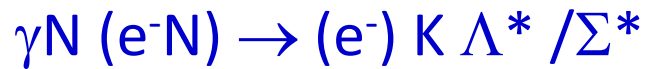
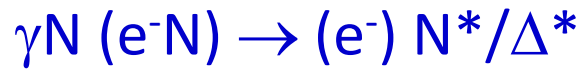
Particle	J^P	Overall status	Status as seen in —			Other channels
			$N\bar{K}$	$\Lambda\pi$	$\Sigma\pi$	
$\Sigma(1193)$	$1/2^+$	****				$N\pi$ (weak decay)
$\Sigma(1385)$	$3/2^+$	****		****	****	$\Lambda\gamma$
$\Sigma(1580)$	$3/2^-$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(1620)$	$1/2^-$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(1660)$	$1/2^+$	***	***	***	***	
$\Sigma(1670)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	****	****	
$\Sigma(1750)$	$1/2^-$	***	***	**	***	$\Sigma\eta$
$\Sigma(1775)$	$5/2^-$	****	****	****	**	
$\Sigma(1780)$	$3/2^+$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(1880)$	$1/2^+$	**	**	*		
$\Sigma(1900)$	$1/2^-$	**	**	*	**	
$\Sigma(1910)$	$3/2^-$	***	*	*	**	
$\Sigma(1915)$	$5/2^+$	****	***	***	***	
$\Sigma(1940)$	$3/2^+$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2010)$	$3/2^-$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2030)$	$7/2^+$	****	****	****	**	$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}, N\bar{K}^*, \Sigma(1385)\pi$
$\Sigma(2070)$	$5/2^+$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2080)$	$3/2^+$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2100)$	$7/2^-$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2110)$	$1/2^-$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2230)$	$3/2^+$	*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2250)$		**	**	*	*	
$\Sigma(2455)$		*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(2620)$		*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(3000)$		*	*	*	*	
$\Sigma(3170)$		*	*	*	*	

Particle	J^P	Overall status	Status as seen in			
			$\Xi\pi$	ΛK	ΣK	$\Xi(1530)\pi$
$\Xi(1318)$	$1/2^+$	****				
$\Xi(1530)$	$3/2^+$	****	****			
$\Xi(1620)$		**	**			
$\Xi(1690)$		***	**	***	**	
$\Xi(1820)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	***	**	**
$\Xi(1950)$		***	**	**		*
$\Xi(2030)$		***		**	***	
$\Xi(2120)$		*		*		
$\Xi(2250)$		**				
$\Xi(2370)$		**				
$\Xi(2500)$		*		*	*	

Study light baryons experimentally

➤ Fixed-target experiments

- Photo-/electro-production expts., e.g. JLAB, ELSA@Bonn, MAMI, ...



- π /K-induced production expts., e.g. HADES@GSI, J-PARC in Japan, JLAB...



➤ Collider experiments

- e^+e^- collision expts., e.g. BESIII, BELLE(2), BaBar, ...

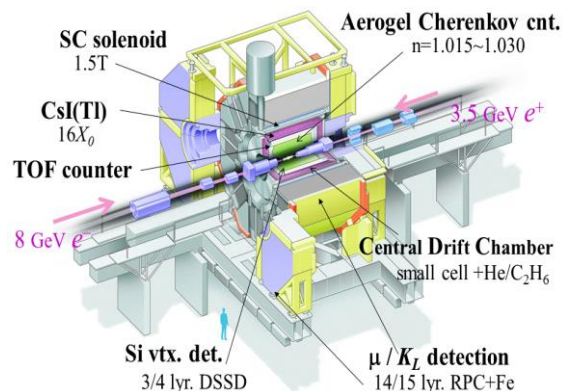
- directly from $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi$ or $\psi(2S) \rightarrow$ baryon + anti-baryon
- from c-baryons or b-baryons decay

- pp collision expts., e.g. LHC
from b-baryons decay

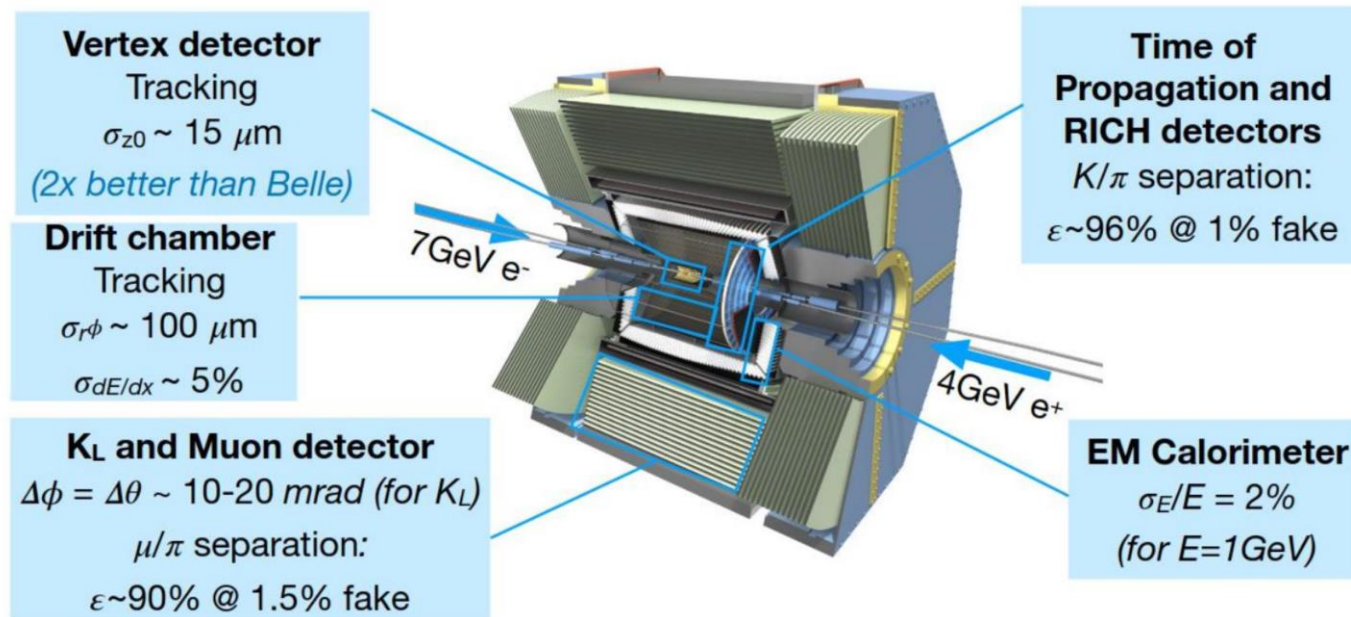
BELLE (BELLE II) @KEKB (SuperKEKB)



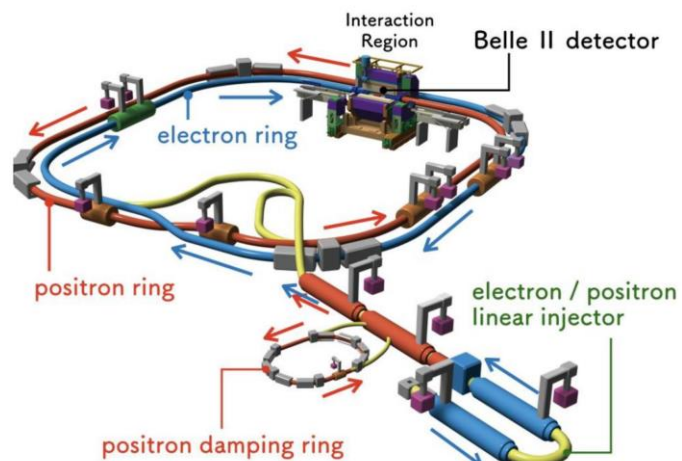
Belle Detector



From BELLE to BELLE II



- Beams: 8 X 3.5 GeV, 22mrad crossing
- Data taking: 1999 – 2010
- On/off/Scan $\Upsilon(nS)$ peaks
- Total luminosity: 980 fb⁻¹
- 772M $B\bar{B}$ events @ $\Upsilon(4S)$

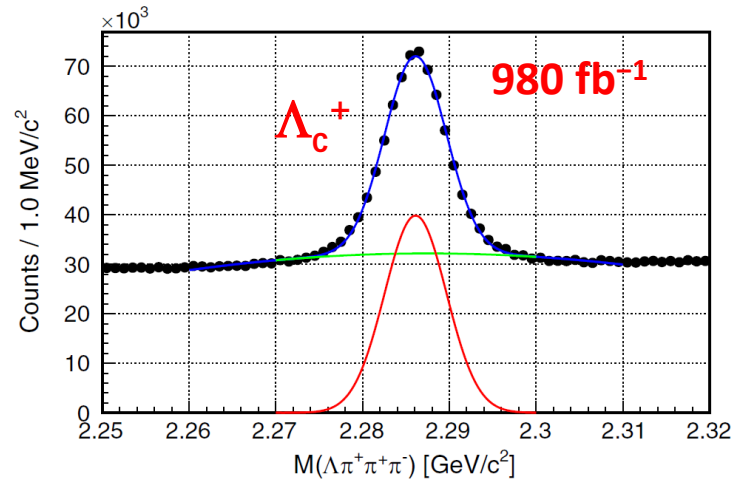
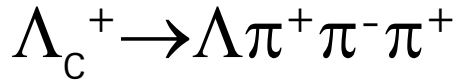


- SuperKEKB
 - higher beam current ($\times 2$)
 - smaller beam focus ($\times 1/20$) @IR
- Belle II upgrades
In all parts of the detector
(vertex, resolution, trigger, and DAQ, ...)

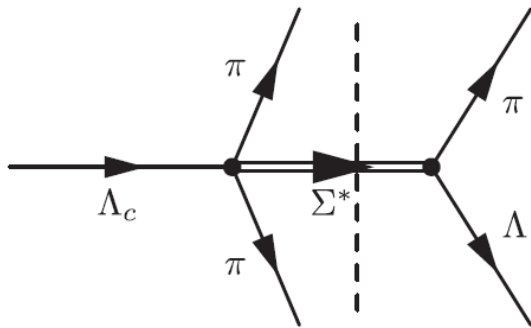
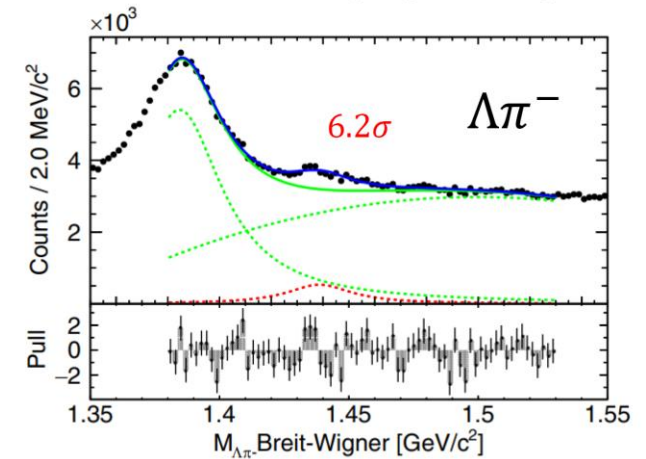
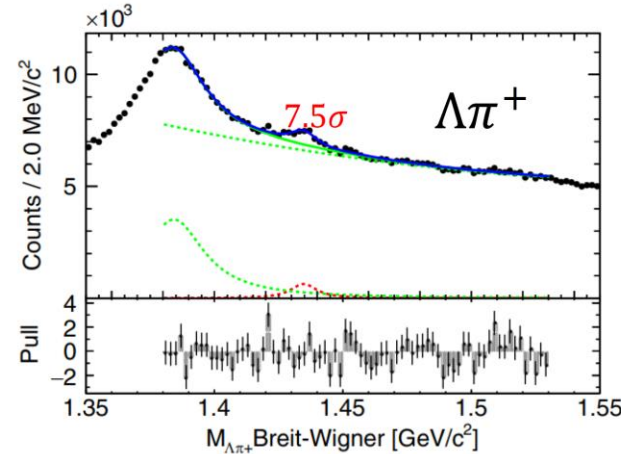


Structures near $\bar{K}N$ threshold in $\Lambda\pi$ system

Belle, PRL 130, 151903 (2023)



- Fit with BW, describes Σ^* :



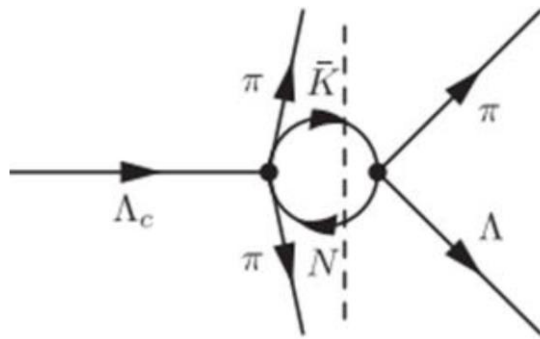
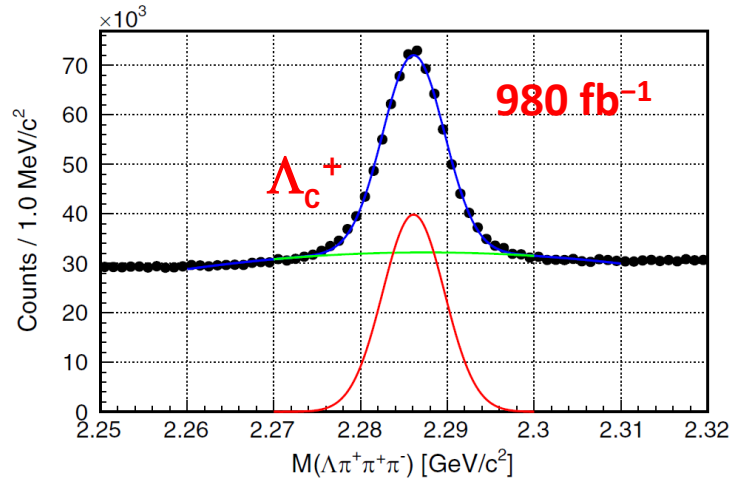
Mode	E_{BW} (MeV/ c^2)	Γ (MeV/ c^2)	χ^2/NDF
$\Lambda\pi^+$	1434.3 ± 0.6	11.5 ± 2.8	74.4/68
$\Lambda\pi^-$	1438.5 ± 0.9	33.0 ± 7.5	92.3/68

- The only known $l=1$ state in this mass region is $\Sigma(1385)$.
- QM doesn't predict any more states
- Σ^* : exotic state?

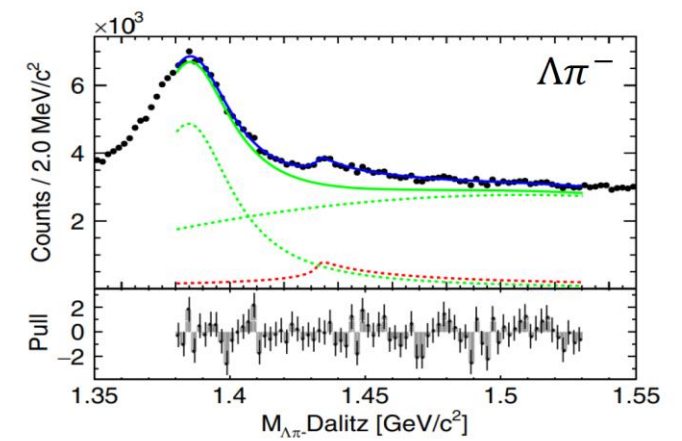
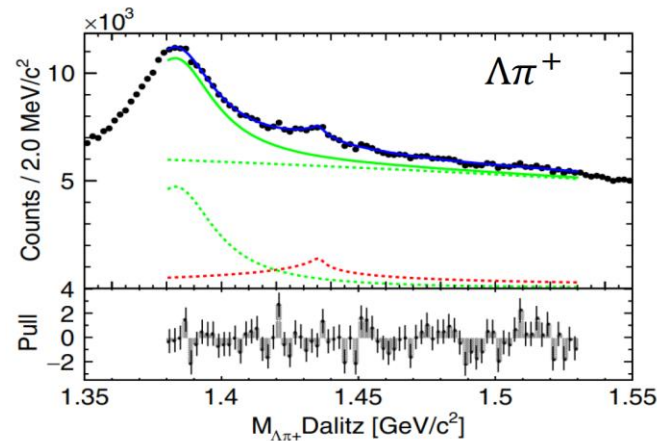


Structures near $\bar{K}N$ threshold in $\Lambda\pi$ system

Belle, PRL 130, 151903 (2023)



- $\bar{K}N$ cusp : fit with Dalitz Model, neglect Λ_c^+ form factor
K-N complex scattering length $A=a+ib$



Mode	a (fm)	b (fm)	χ^2/NDF
$\Lambda\pi^+$	0.48 ± 0.32	1.22 ± 0.83	68.9/68
$\Lambda\pi^-$	1.24 ± 0.57	0.18 ± 0.13	78.1/68

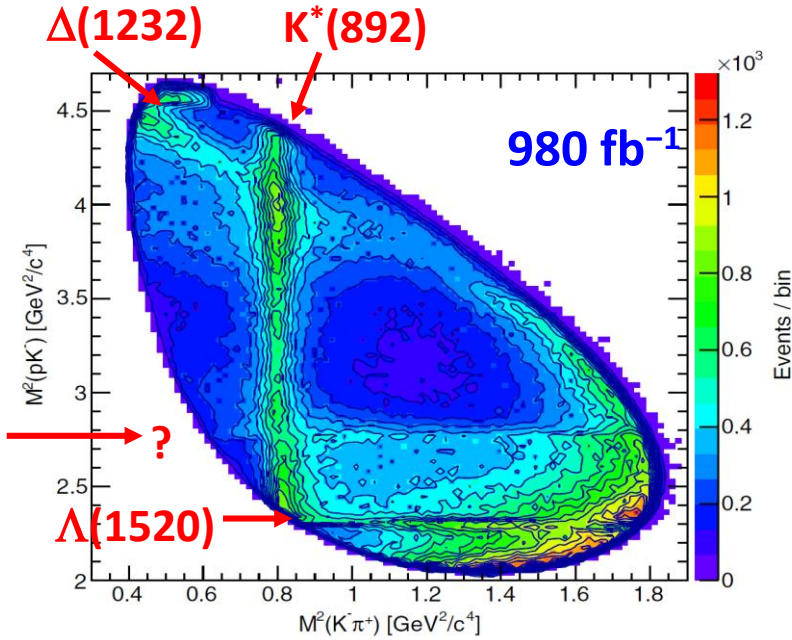
- Scattering length is larger than previous K-p exps.

Limited by the statistics and the shape of the background, cannot distinguish between Σ resonances and $\bar{K}N$ threshold cusps.



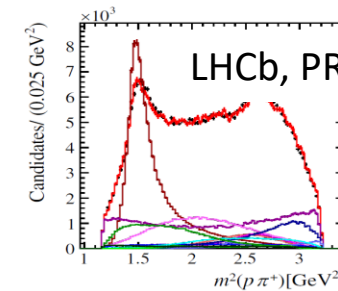
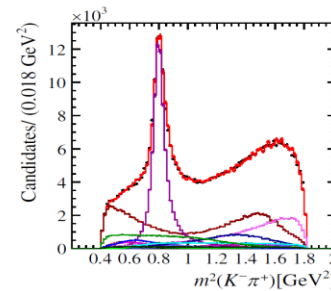
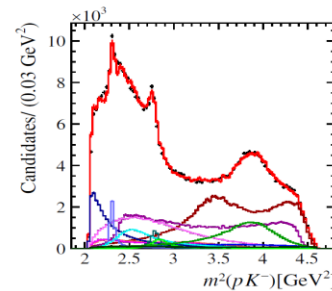
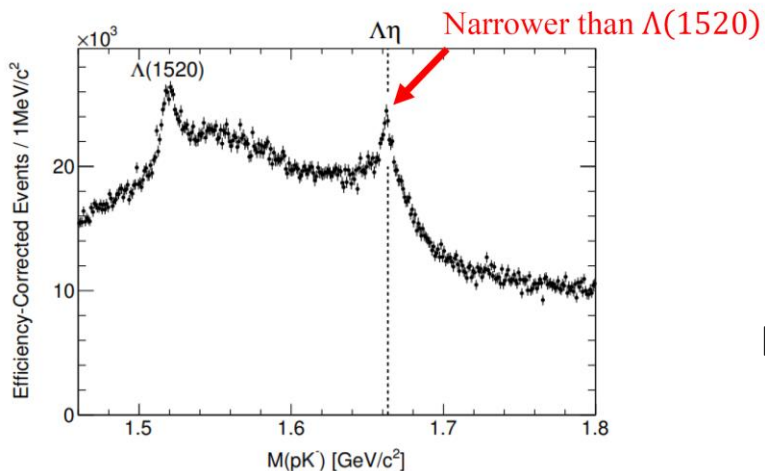
A threshold cusp at the $\Lambda\eta$ threshold in the pK^- system

Belle, PRD 108, L031104 (2023)



Belle, PRL 117, 011801 (2016)

- Observation of Doubly Cabibbo-Suppressed (DCS) decay $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^+\pi^-$ at Belle in 2016.
- Hint of a peaking structure in the pK^- mass spectrum near the $\Lambda\eta$ threshold (from Dalitz plot)
- A similar structure seen by LHCb in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$



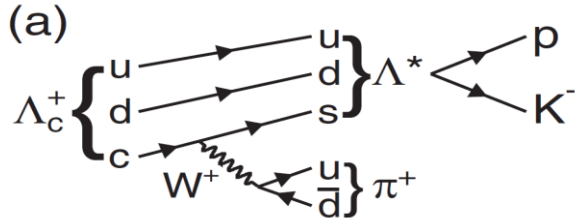
LHCb, PRD 108, 012023 (2023)

- Narrow peak observed in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ at Belle

Belle, PRD 108, L031104 (2023)

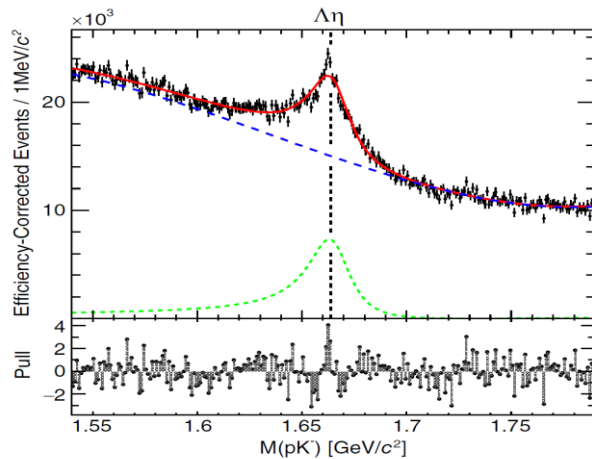
Two approaches to describe the narrow peak:

- Breit-Wigner for a new resonance



Adding a complex constant to the non-relativistic BW coherently to have a better fit.

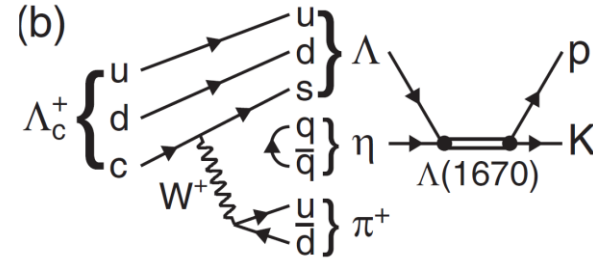
$$dN/dm \propto |BW(m) + r e^{i\theta}|^2$$



Mass (MeV/c ²)	Width (MeV)	χ^2/ndof
1665.4±0.5	23.8±1.2	1.27(308/243)

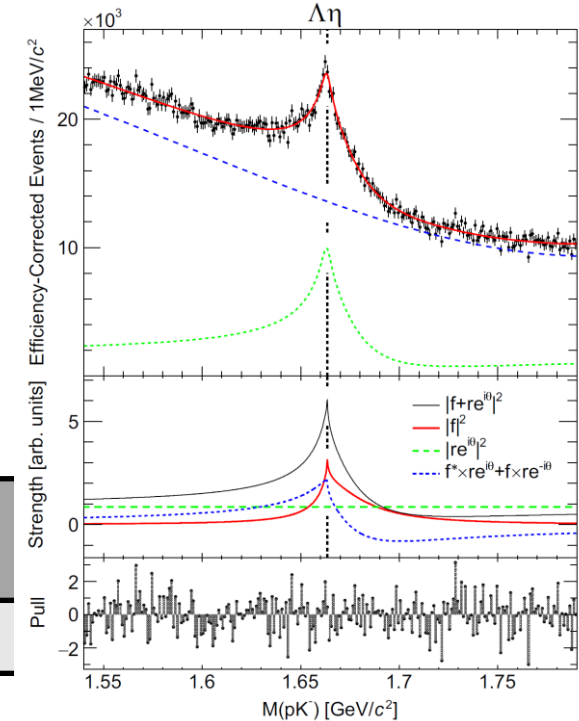
1665.4±0.5	23.8±1.2	1.27(308/243)
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- A cusp enhanced by nearby $\Lambda(1670)$ pole, described by a non-relativistic Flatte function



Adding a complex constant to the non-relativistic Flatte function.

Mass (MeV/c ²)	Width (MeV)	$g_{\Lambda\eta}$	χ^2/ndof
1674.4(fix)	27.2±1.9	0.258±0.023	1.06(257/243)



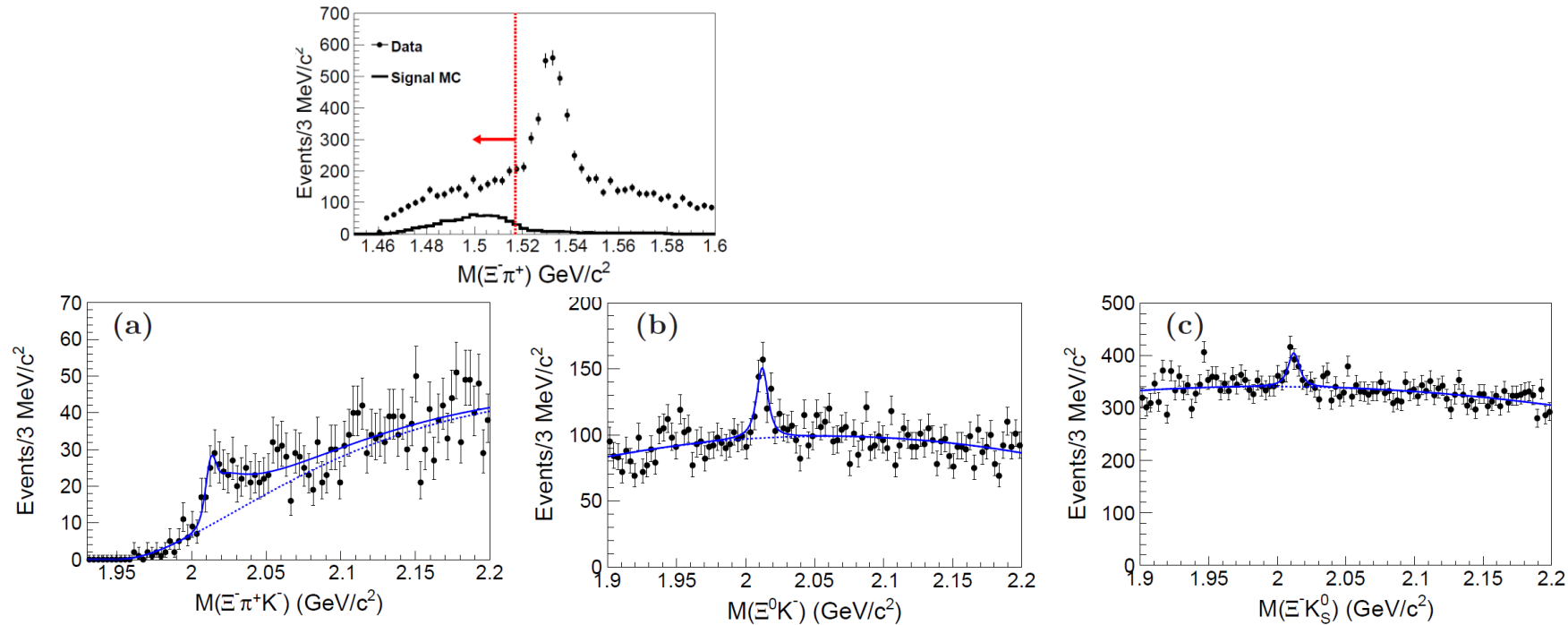
Flatte function is slightly favored than BW function.



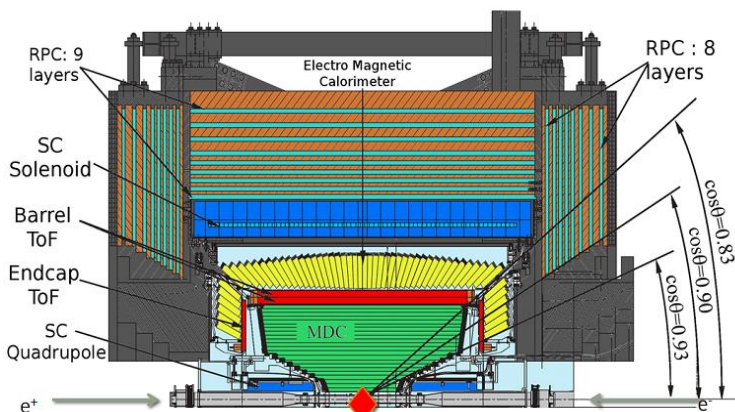
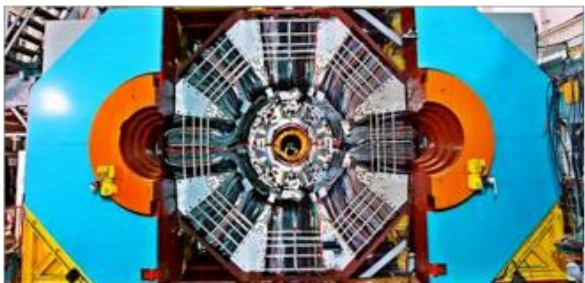
Observation of $\Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow \Xi(1530) \bar{K}$

Belle, arXiv:2207.03090

- Only 4 excited Ω^- baryons listed on PDG -- $\Omega(2012)^-$, $\Omega(2250)^-$, $\Omega(2380)^-$, $\Omega(2470)^-$
- $\Omega(2250)^-$, $\Omega(2380)^-$, $\Omega(2470)^-$ observed four decades ago
- $\Omega(2012)^-$ first observed by Belle in 2018, from its decays to $\Xi^0 K^-$ and $\Xi^- K_s^0$



BESIII @ Beijing Electron Positron Collider (BEPC) – charm facility

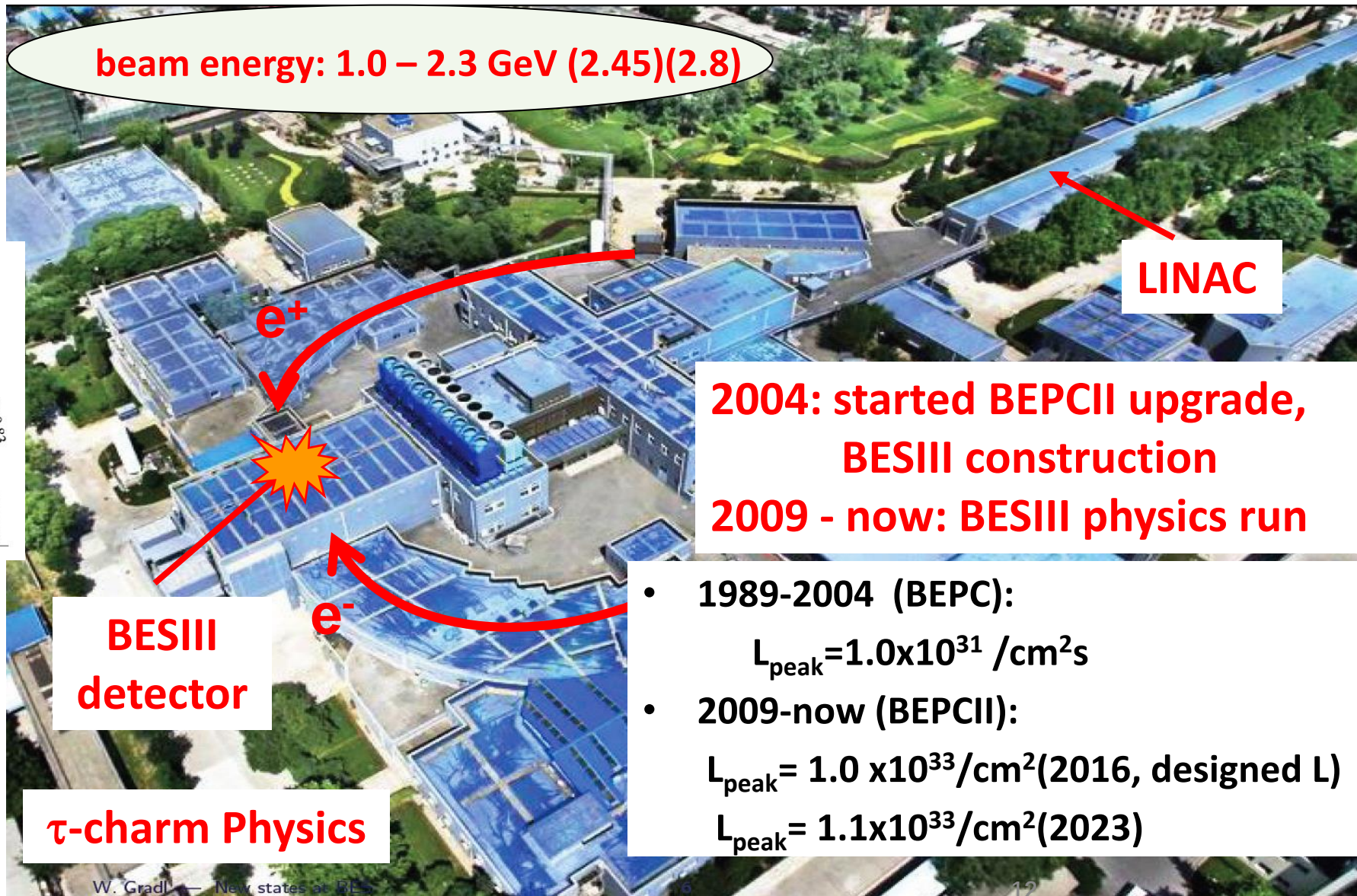


MDC: spatial reso. $115\mu\text{m}$
 dE/dx reso: 5%

EMC: energy reso.: 2.4%

BTOF: time reso.: 70 ps

ETOF: time reso.: 120 → 60 ps



2004: started BEPCII upgrade,
 BESIII construction
 2009 - now: BESIII physics run

- 1989-2004 (BEPC):
 $L_{\text{peak}} = 1.0 \times 10^{31} / \text{cm}^2\text{s}$
- 2009-now (BEPCII):
 $L_{\text{peak}} = 1.0 \times 10^{33} / \text{cm}^2$ (2016, designed L)
 $L_{\text{peak}} = 1.1 \times 10^{33} / \text{cm}^2$ (2023)

Data sets collected so far include

- 10×10^9 J/ψ events
- 2.7×10^9 $\psi(2S)$ events
- 20 fb^{-1} $\psi(3770)$
- Scan data between **1.84-1.97 GeV (13 points, 25 pb^{-1})**

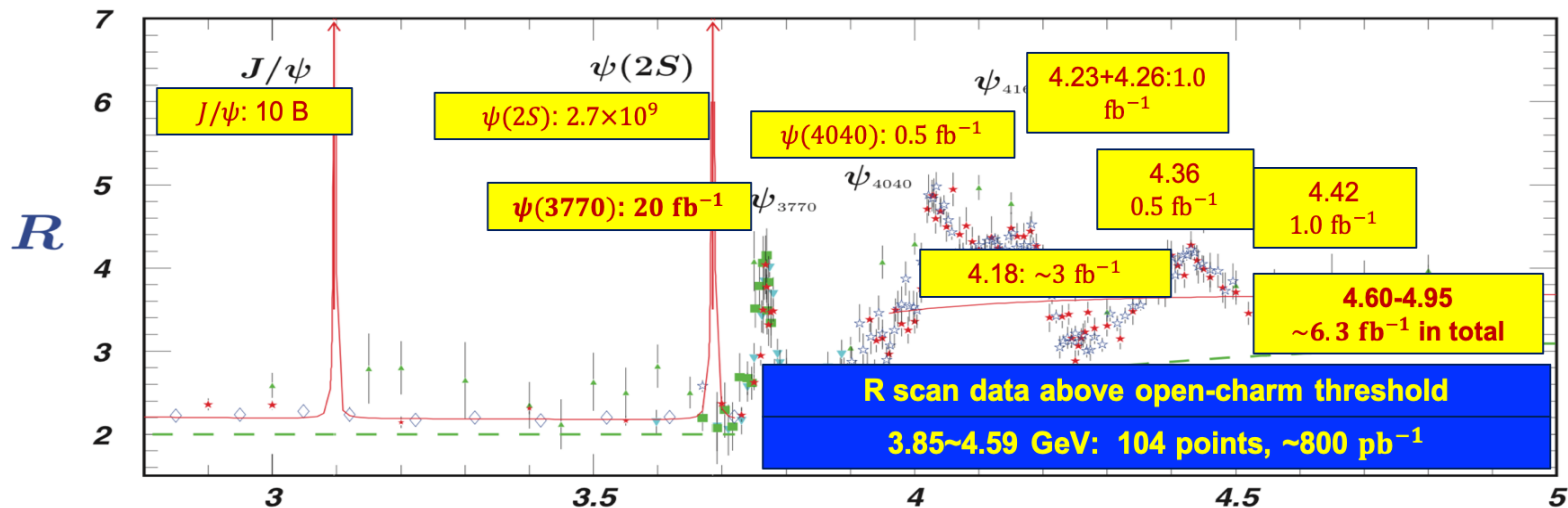
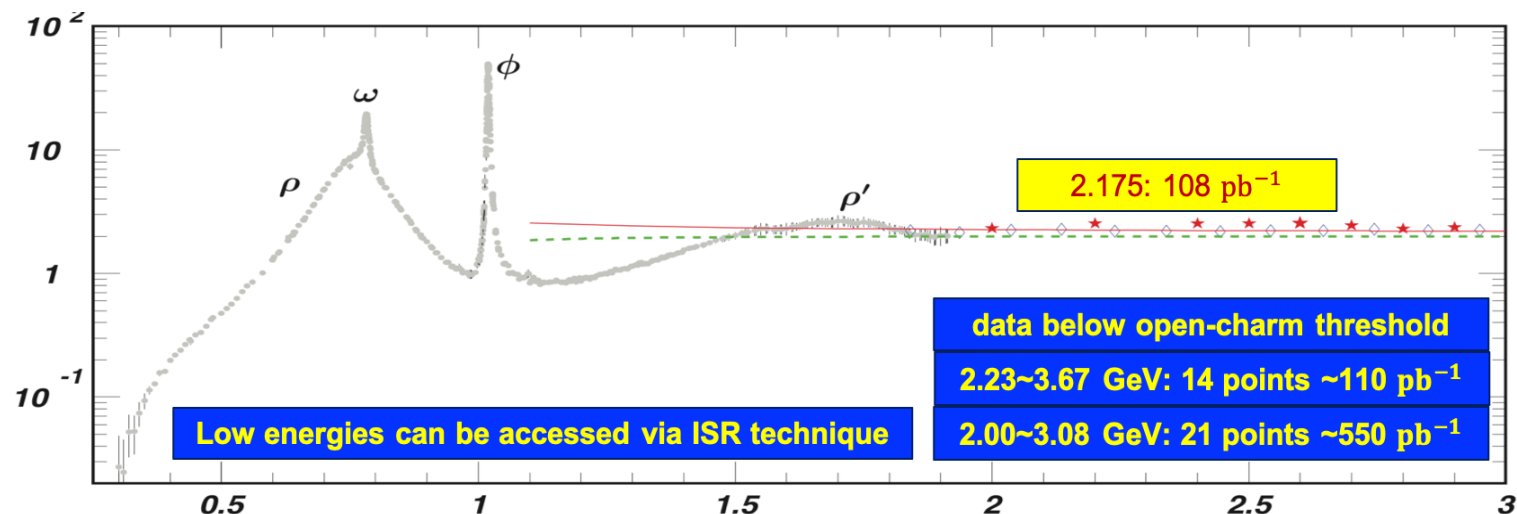
2.0 and 3.08 GeV,

and above 3.74 GeV

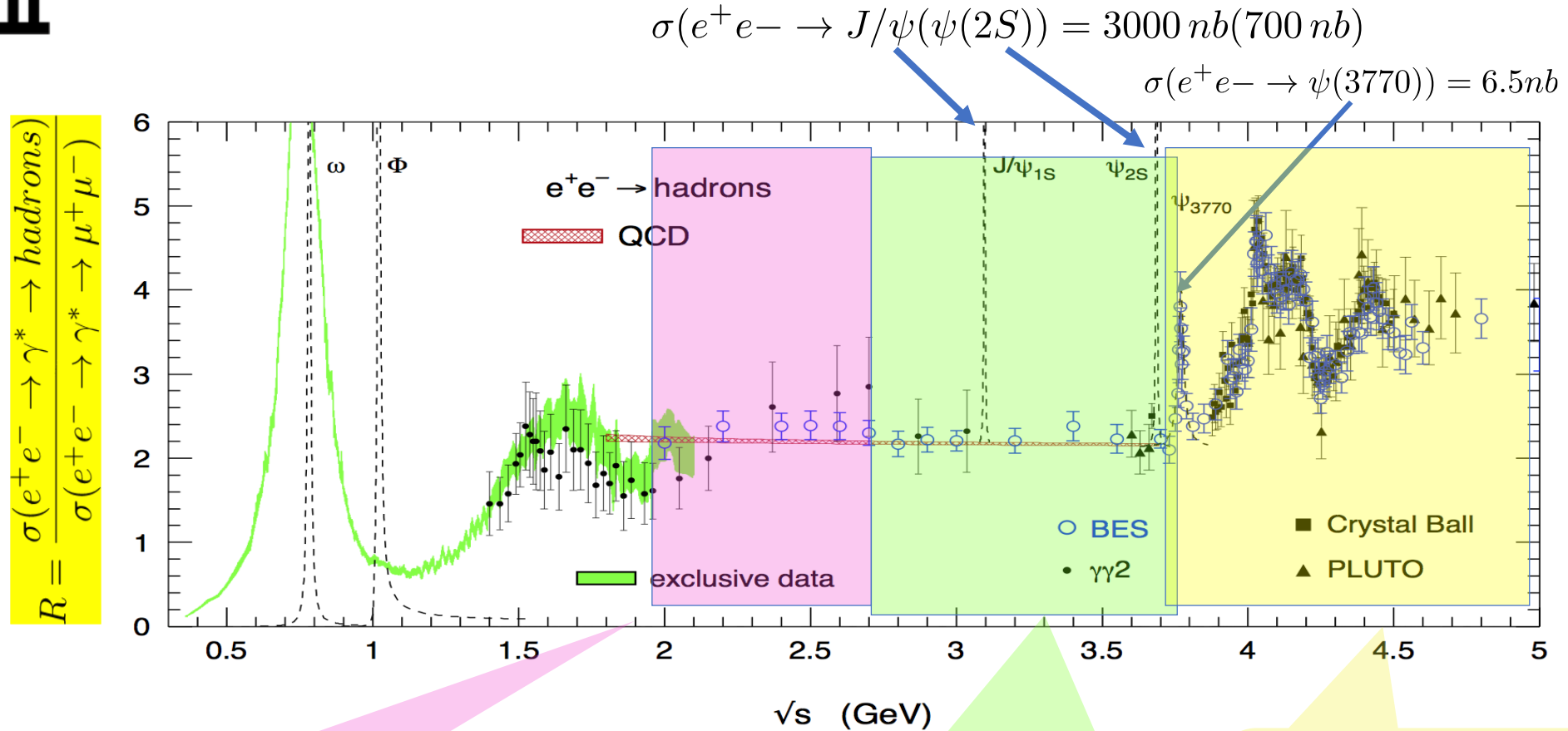
- Large datasets for XYZ studies: scan with $>500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ per energy point space 10 – 20 MeV apart

- Entangled hadron pair-productions near thresholds: form-factors, relative phase, polarization and CP violation.

Totally about 50 fb^{-1} integrated luminosity from 2.0-4.95 GeV



Hadron structure & dynamics in the non-perturbative QCD regime



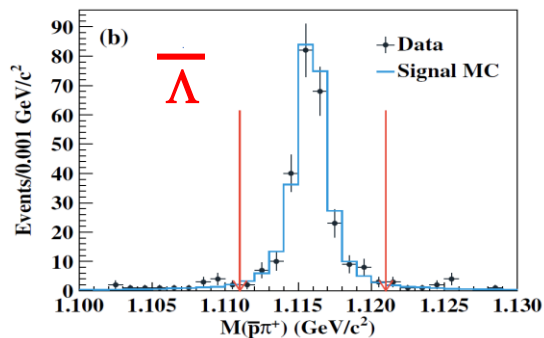
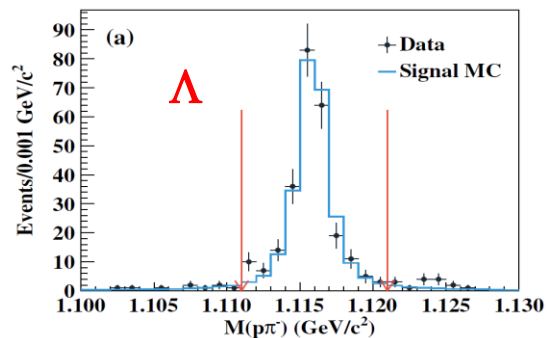
- Hadron form factors
- R values and QCD

- Light hadron spectroscopy
- Gluonic and exotic states
- Physics with t lepton

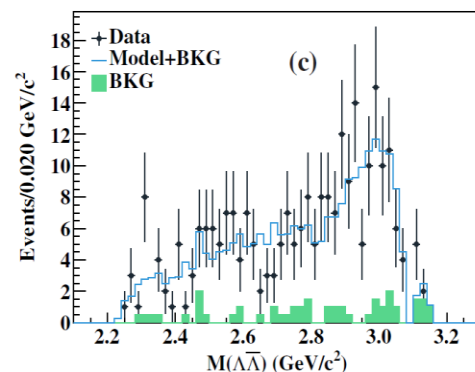
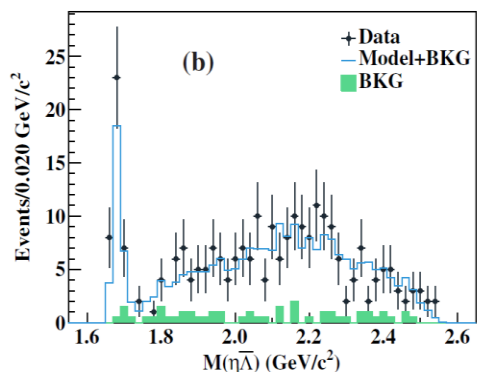
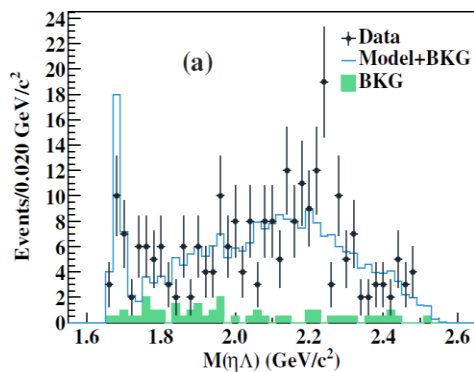
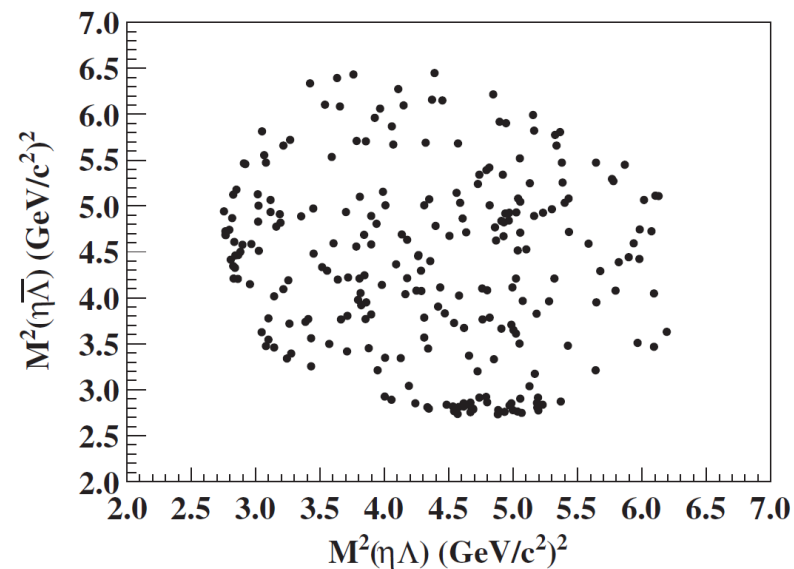
- XYZ particles
- Charm mesons
- Charm baryons

$\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \eta$

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446M $\psi(3686)$ data



- Totally about 218 ± 17 events
- BG from η sideband
- Partial wave analysis is performed
- The peak favors $\Lambda(1670)$

$M = (1672 \pm 5 \pm 6) \text{ MeV}/c^2$, $\Gamma = (38 \pm 10 \pm 19) \text{ MeV}$

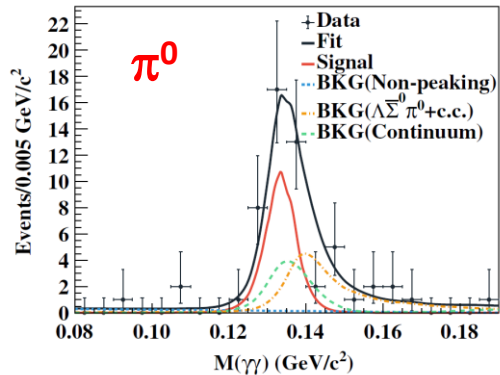
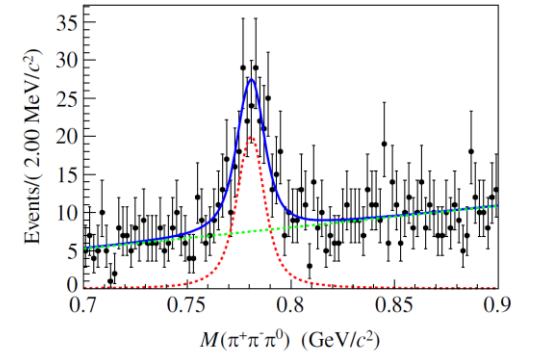
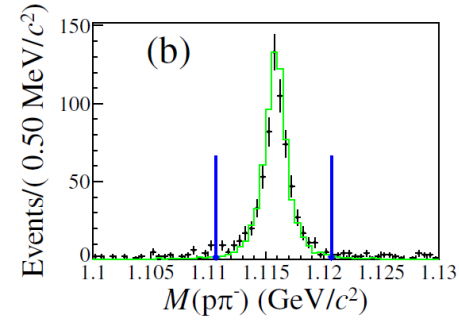
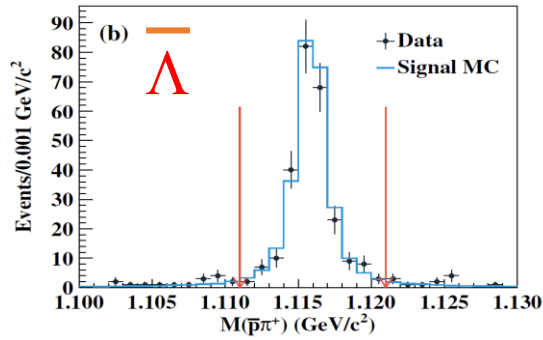
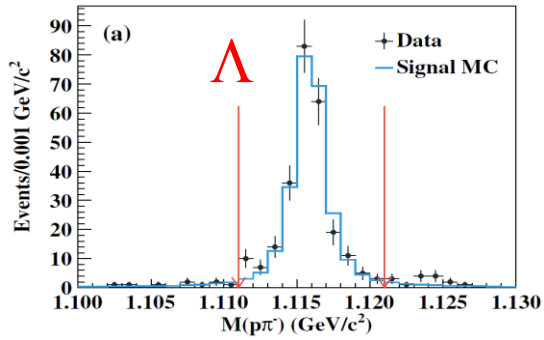
$$BW(s) = \frac{1}{M_{\Lambda^*}^2 - s - iM_{\Lambda^*}\Gamma_{\Lambda^*}}$$

$\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \pi^0$ and $\Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \omega$

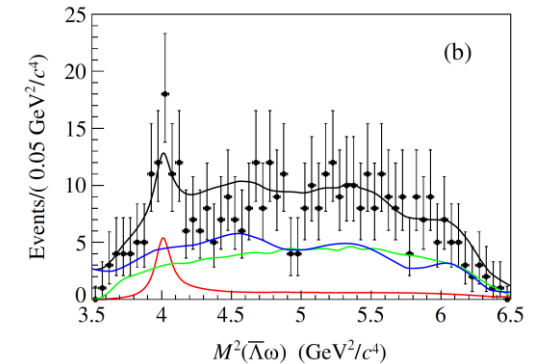
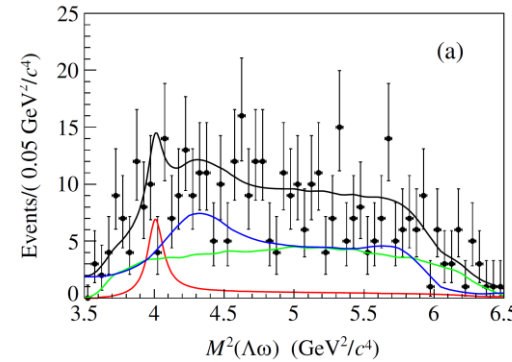
$\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \pi^0$

446M $\psi(3686)$ data

$\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \omega$



- Peaking BG from $\Lambda \Sigma^0 \pi^0$ and continuum
- Evidence of isospin violating decay $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda \Lambda \pi^0$, $\sim 3 \sigma$

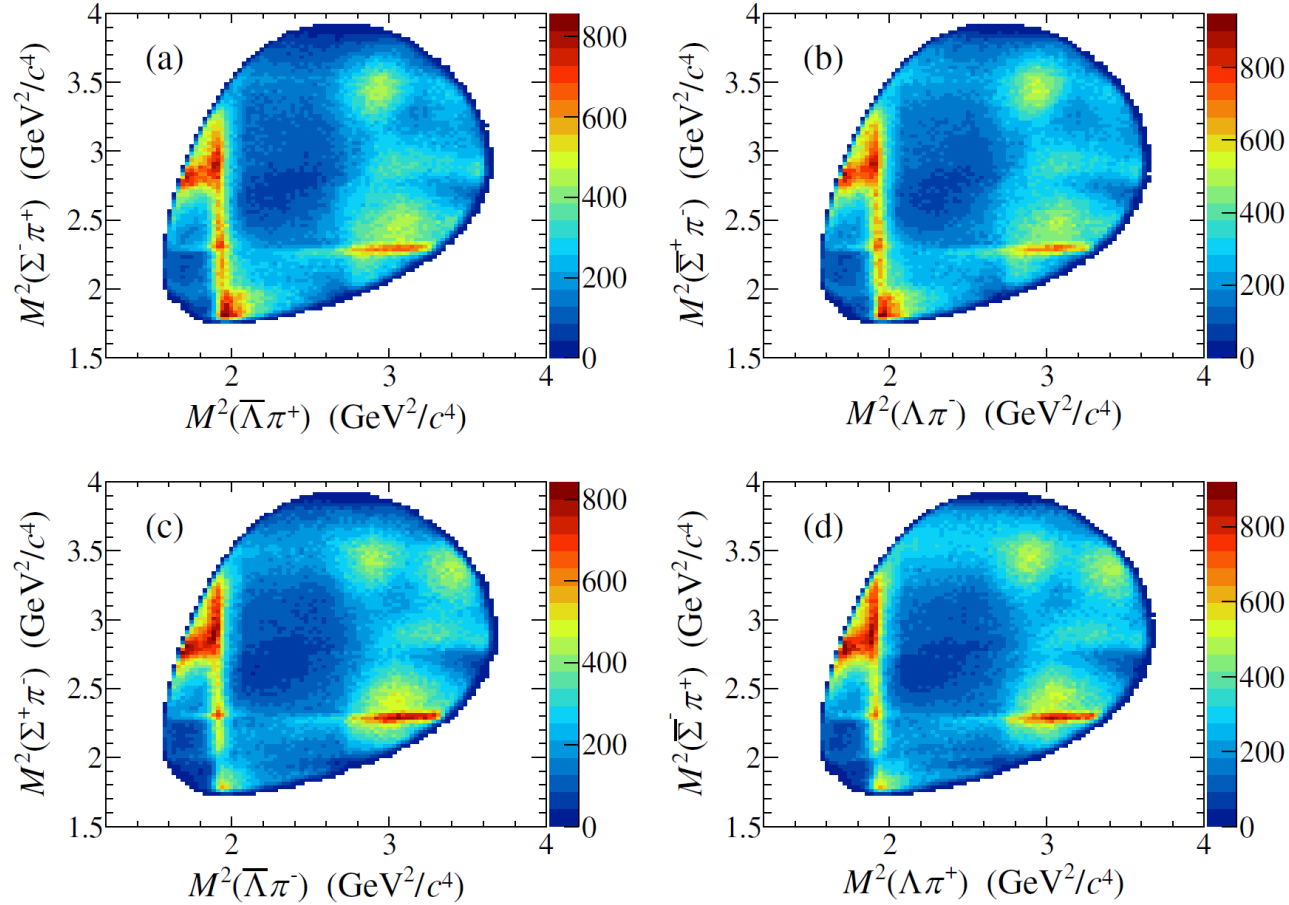


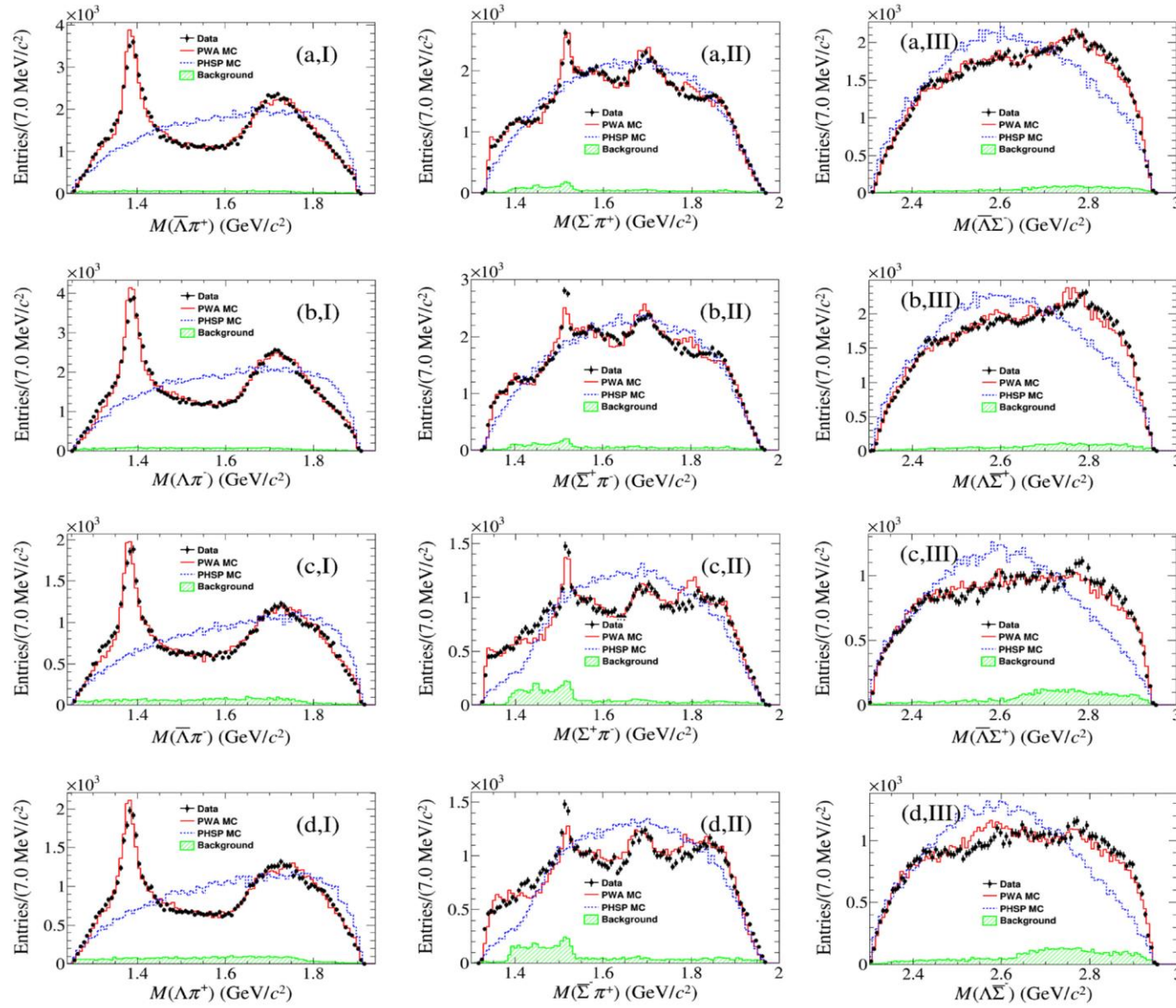
- Hint of the excited Λ state in $\Lambda \omega(\Lambda \omega)$ mass spectrum
- 2.7 billion $\psi(3686)$ data will be analyzed

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$J/\psi \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^+\Sigma^- + \text{c.c.}$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^-\Sigma^+ + \text{c.c.}$



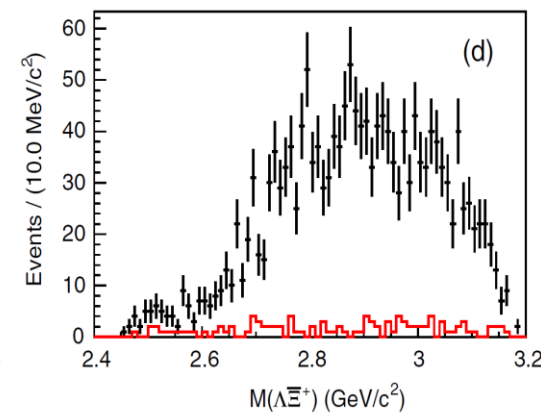
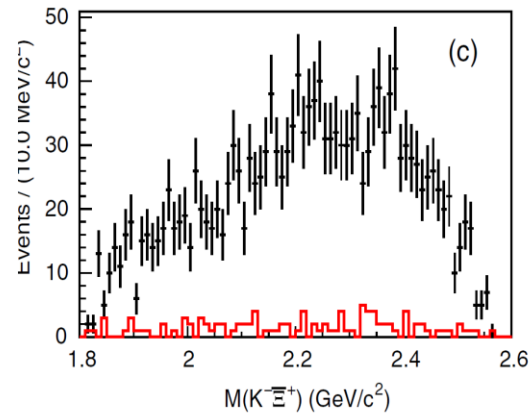
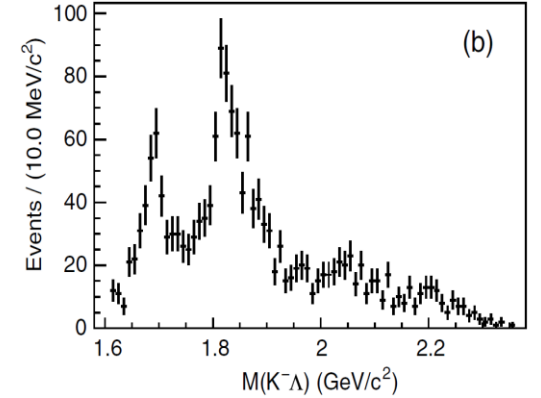
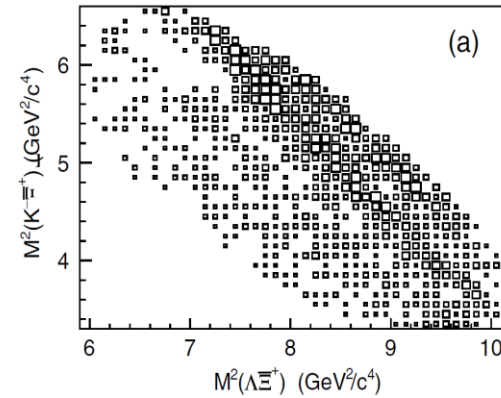
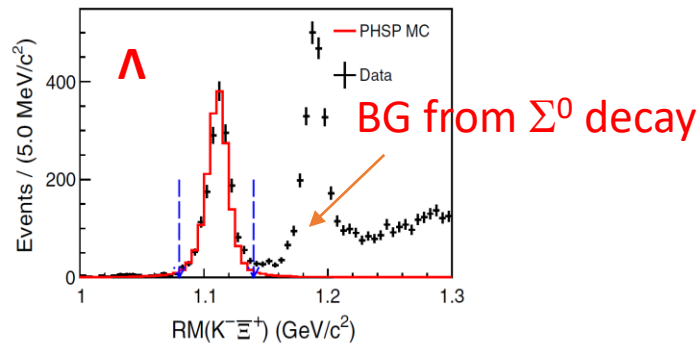
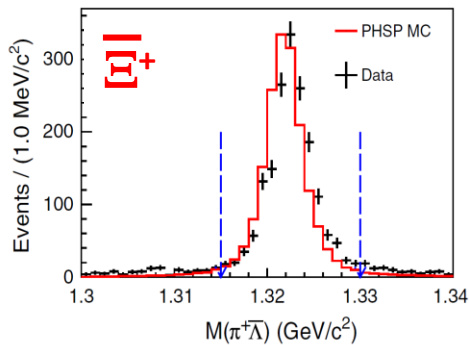
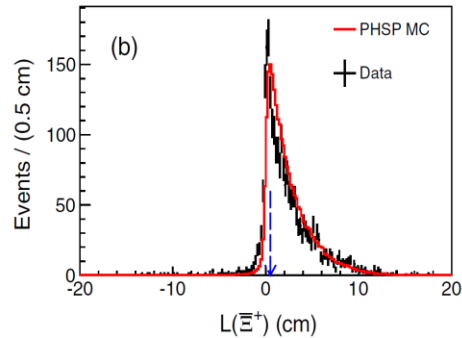
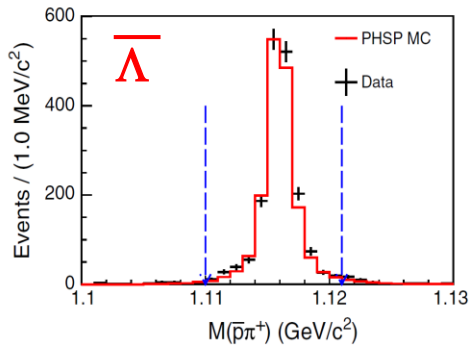


A full partial wave analysis is on the way.

446M $\psi(3686)$ data

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- Partial reconstruction is used to improve the statistics
- The four-momentum of prompt Λ is calculated from the recoil of $K^- \bar{\Xi}^+$ system

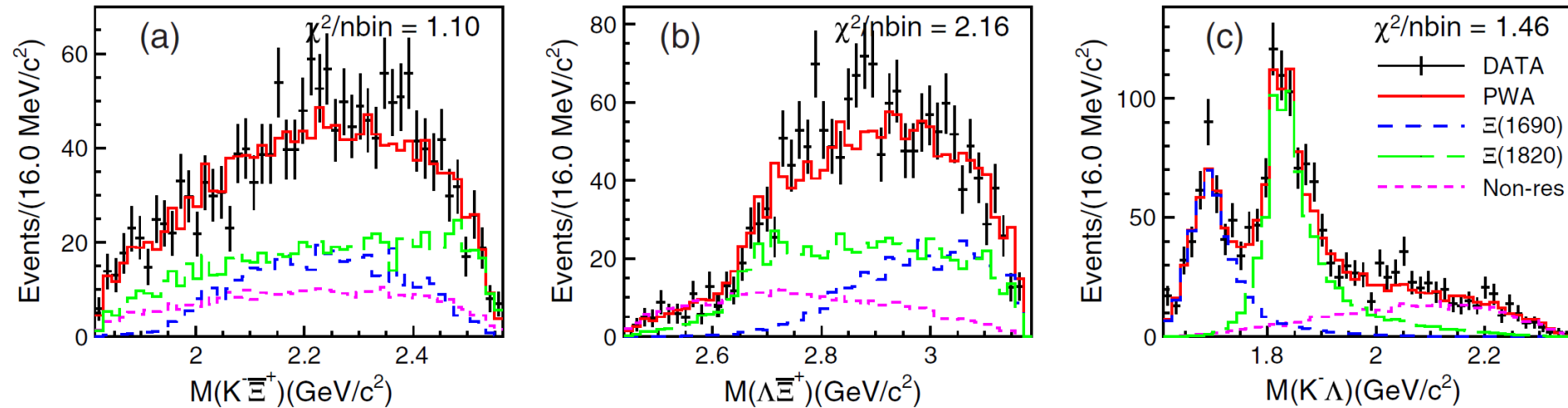


- Partial wave analysis is performed

$$\text{BW}(s) = \frac{1}{M_{\Xi^*}^2 - s_{K\Lambda} - iM_{\Xi^*}\Gamma_{\Xi^*}},$$

$$J = \frac{1}{2} : F_N(s_{K\Lambda}) = \frac{\lambda_1^4}{\lambda_1^4 + (s_{K\Lambda} - M_{\Xi^*}^2)^2} \quad J = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2} : F_N(s_{K\Lambda}) = e^{-\frac{|s_{K\Lambda} - M_{\Xi^*}^2|}{\lambda_2^2}}$$

G. Penner and U. Mosel, *Phys. Rev. C* **66**, 055211 (2002).
 W. H. Liang, P. N. Shen, B. S. Zou, and A. Faessler, *Eur. Phys. J. A* **21**, 487 (2004).



Resonance	$I(J^P)$	M (MeV/ c^2)	Γ (MeV)
$\Xi(1690)^-$	$1/2(1/2^-)$	$1685_{-2}^{+3} \pm 12$	$81_{-9}^{+10} \pm 20$
$\Xi(1820)^-$	$1/2(3/2^-)$	$1821_{-3}^{+2} \pm 3$	$73_{-5}^{+6} \pm 9$

A partial wave analysis for the full data set (2.7 billion $\psi(3686)$) is on the way.

Summary

- **from BELLE**

- the structure near $\bar{K}N$ threshold in $\Lambda\pi$ mass spectrum, cannot distinguish whether it is a new resonance or a cusp
- a threshold cusp at the $\Lambda\eta$ threshold in the pK^- system is observed
- new decay mode of $\Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow \Xi(1530) K^-$ observed

- **from BESIII**

- $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi^0, \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\eta$ and $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\omega$ (448 M data)
- $J/\psi \rightarrow \pi\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}$, lots of intermediate states, full PWA is on the way
- $\Xi(1690) (1/2^-)$ and $\Xi(1820) (3/2^-)$ established in $\psi(3686) \rightarrow K^-\Lambda\bar{\Xi}^+ + \text{c.c.}$, PWA to a full data set (2.7 Billion $\psi(3686)$) on the way

✓ Large charmonium data samples from BESIII provide good chances.

Phase space not big enough for high mass excited baryon states.

✓ Decays of c-baryons and b-baryons: for light baryon study.

✓ Wait for BELLE II and BESIII/BEPCII upgrade.

Thanks for your attention