

Mapping Nucleon and Meson Parton Distributions with Lattice QCD

QUANTUM 3

Level 3 3,000 16 BONUS

Level 3 0 18 BONUS

Level 8 24,000 11 BONUS

PLAY

OPTIONS

NSF

MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY

RESEARCH CORPORATION for SCIENCE ADVANCEMENT

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p 0/3 n 1/3 Δ 0/2
 p 0/3 n 0/3 Δ 0/2 Σ 3/4

This work of HL is supported by the NSF under grant PHY 2209424 & 1653405 and the Research Corporation for Science Advancement through the Cottrell Scholar Award

Outline

§ Recent Lattice x -dependent PDFs Progress

↪ Gluon PDFs for Nucleon, Pion and Kaons

↪ Strange PDFs and Impacts on Global Fits

* Isovector nucleon and pion PDFs likely being covered by other participants in this workshop

§ Generalized Parton Distributions at **Physical Pion Mass**

↪ Isovector nucleon unpolarized and polarized GPDs

↪ Preliminary results on Pion GPDs

Biased selected/highlighted results



Lattice QCD in a Nutshell

§ Lattice QCD is an ideal theoretical tool for investigating the strong-coupling regime of quantum field theories

§ Physical observables are calculated from the path integral

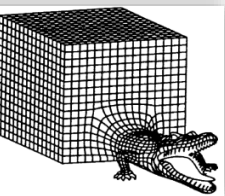
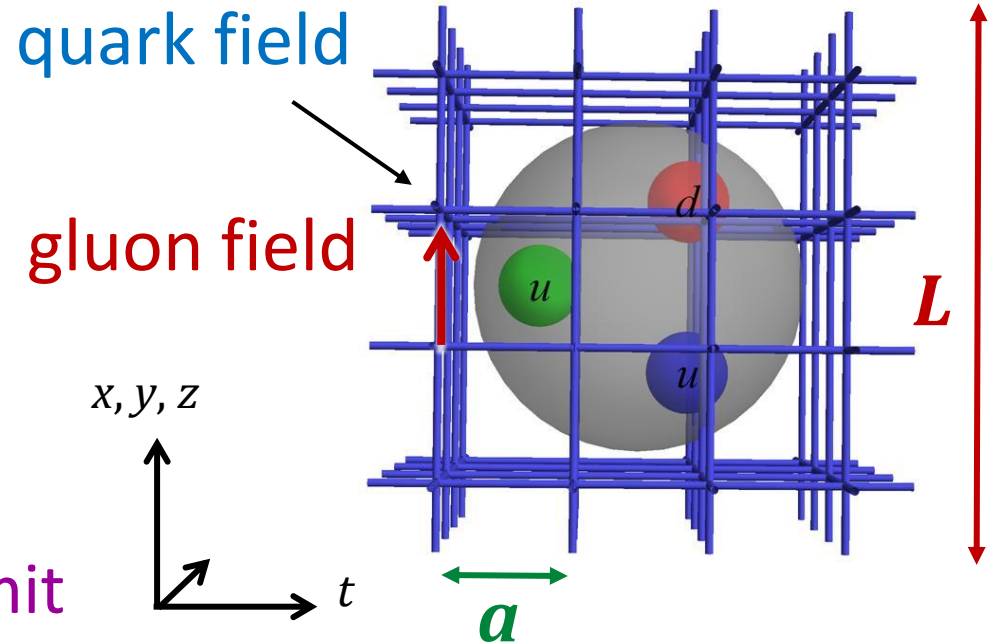
$$\langle 0|O(\bar{\psi}, \psi, A)|0\rangle = \frac{1}{Z} \int \mathcal{D}A \mathcal{D}\bar{\psi} \mathcal{D}\psi e^{iS(\bar{\psi}, \psi, A)} O(\bar{\psi}, \psi, A)$$

in **Euclidean** space

- ∞ Quark mass parameter (described by m_π)
- ∞ Impose a UV cutoff
discretize spacetime
- ∞ Impose an infrared cutoff
finite volume

§ Recover physical limit

$$m_\pi \rightarrow m_\pi^{\text{phys}}, \quad a \rightarrow 0, \quad L \rightarrow \infty$$



Direct x -Dependent Structure

§ Longstanding obstacle to lattice calculations!



↪ **Quasi-PDF**/large-momentum effective theory (LaMET)
(X. Ji, 2013; See 2004.03543 for review)

↪ **Pseudo-PDF** method: differs in FT (A. Radyushkin, 2017)

↪ Lattice cross-section method (**LCS**) (Y Ma and J. Qiu, 2014, 2017)

↪ Hadronic tensor currents (Liu et al., hep-ph/9806491, ... 1603.07352)

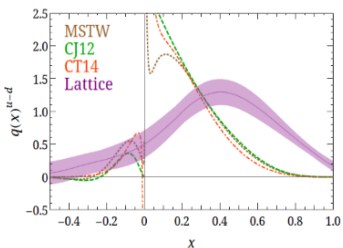
↪ Euclidean correlation functions (RQCD, 1709.04325)

↪ ...

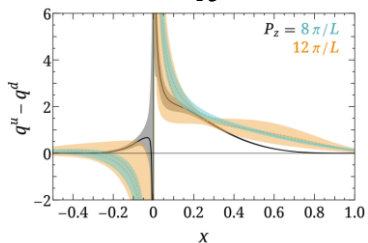
Lattice Parton Calculations

§ Physics quantity milestones

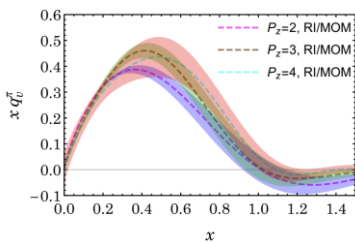
First unpol. lattice PDF



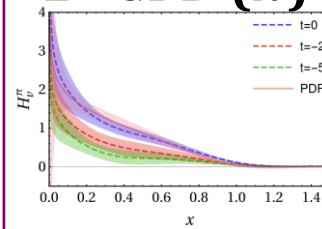
First PDFs at M_π^{phys}



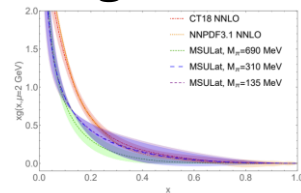
Pion v-PDF



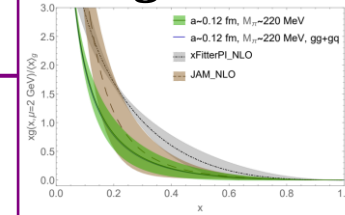
1st GPD (π)



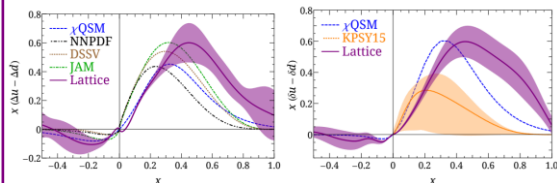
N g -PDF



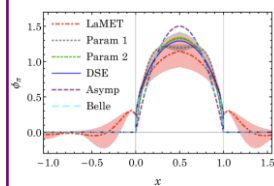
π g -PDF



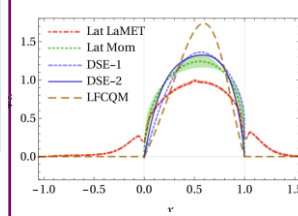
Pol. PDFs and mass corrections



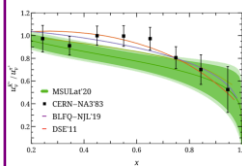
Pion DA



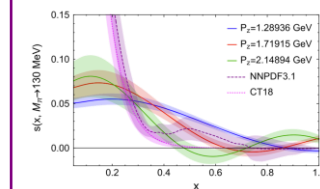
Kaon DA



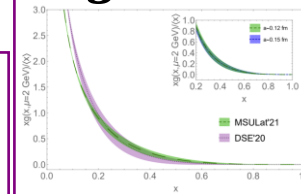
K PDF



s, c PDF



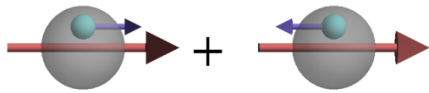
Kaon g -PDF



Lattice Example Results

§ Summary of physical pion mass PDFs results

unpolarized



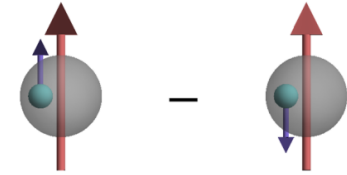
$$u(x) - d(x)$$

longitudinally polarized

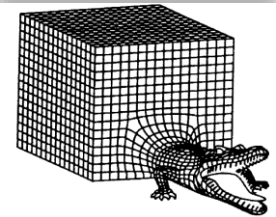
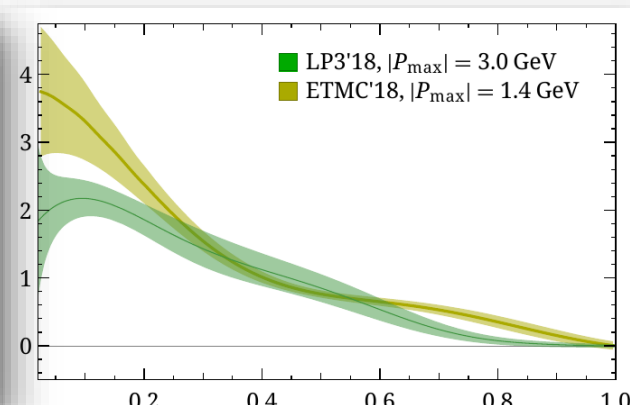
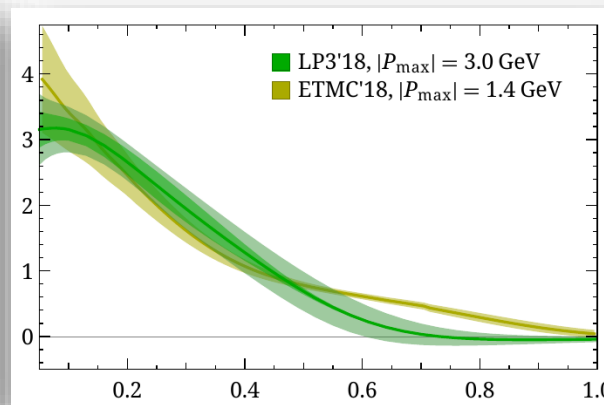
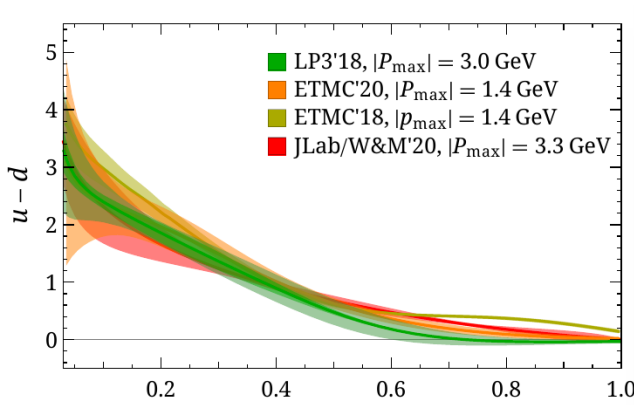


$$\Delta u(x) - \Delta d(x)$$

transversely polarized



$$\delta u(x) - \delta d(x)$$



Finite volume,
Discretization,
...

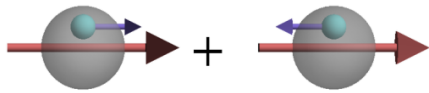


2006.08636 (PDFLattice2019)

Lattice Example Results

§ Summary of physical pion mass PDFs results

unpolarized



$$u(x) - d(x)$$

longitudinally polarized

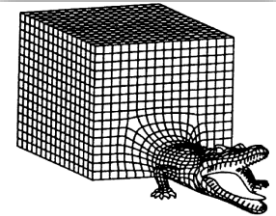
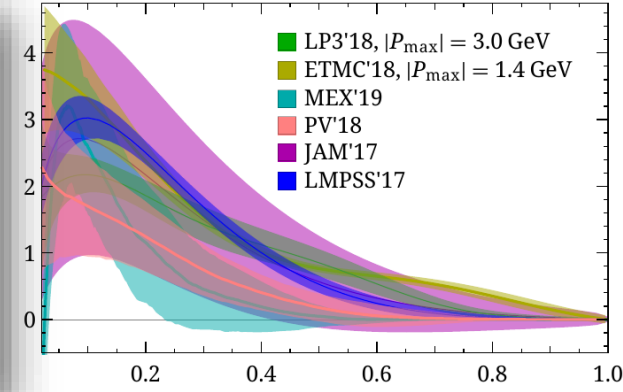
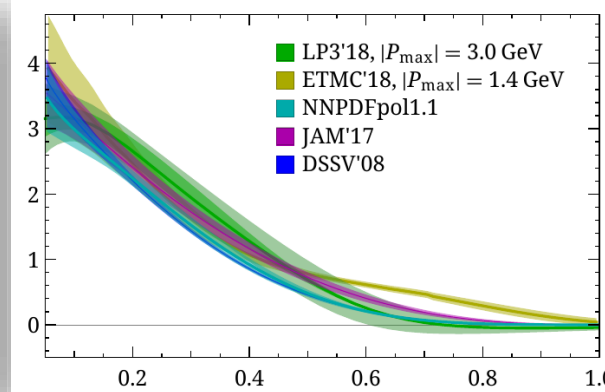
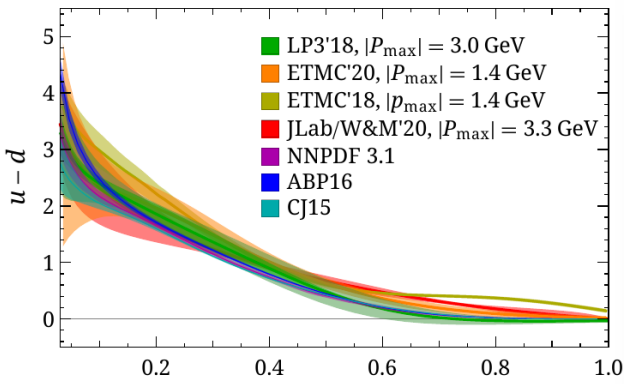


$$\Delta u(x) - \Delta d(x)$$

transversely polarized



$$\delta u(x) - \delta d(x)$$



Finite volume,
Discretization,

...

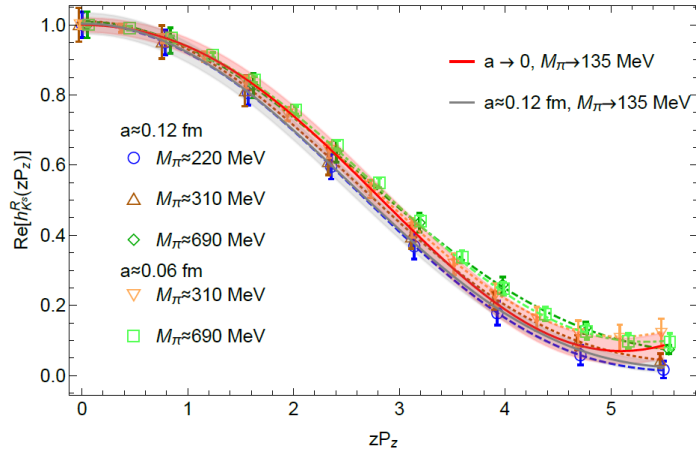
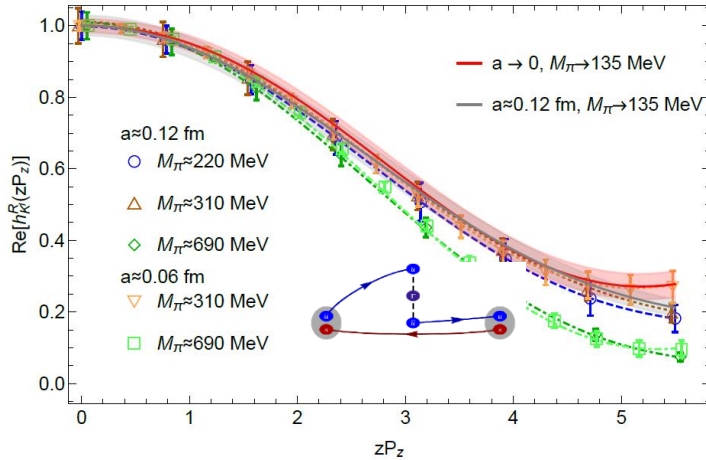
See backup slides for calculations to remove these systematics



2006.08636 (PDFLattice2019)

Meson Valence-quark PDFs

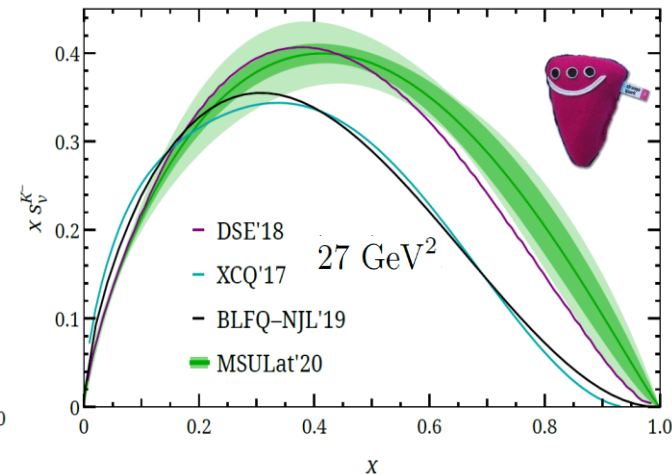
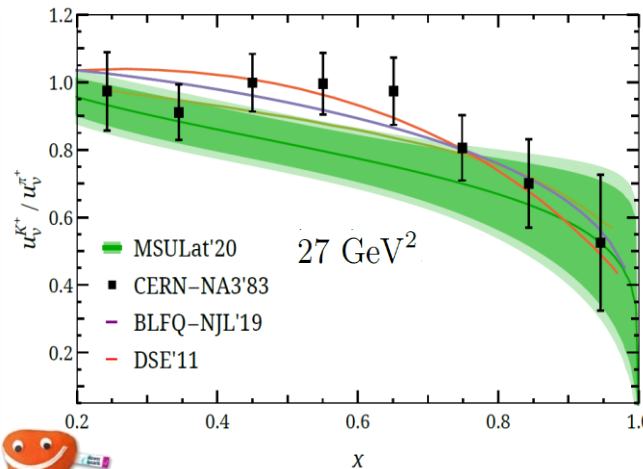
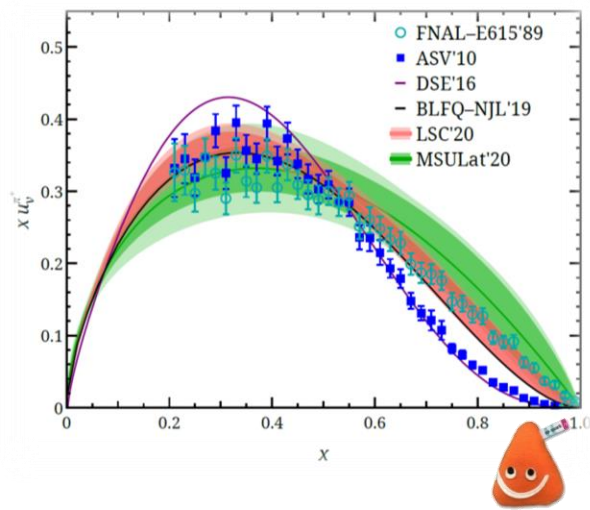
§ Pion/Kaon PDFs using quasi-PDF in the continuum limit



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice

Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...

MSULat, 2003.14128



Gluon, Strange and Charm PDFs

Biased selected/highlighted results



Nucleon Gluon PDF (2018)

§ Pioneering first glimpse into gluon PDF using LaMET

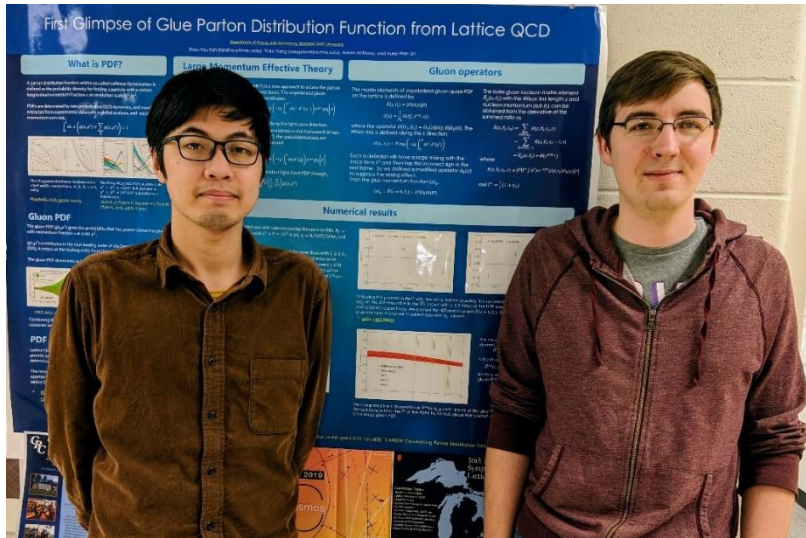
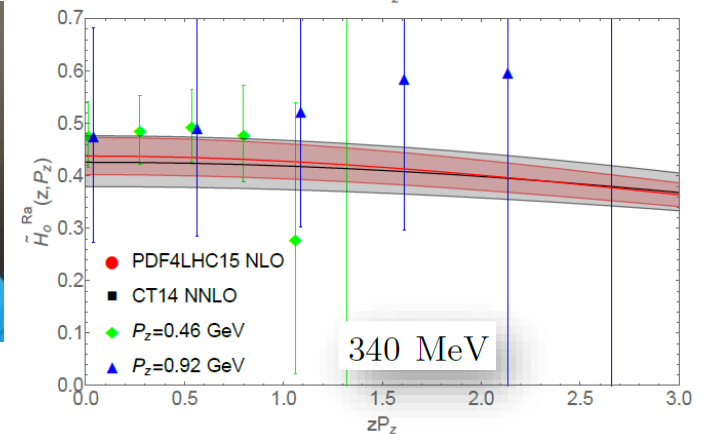
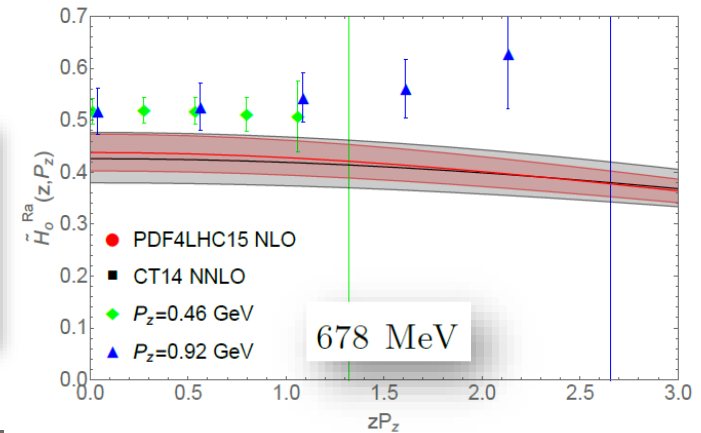
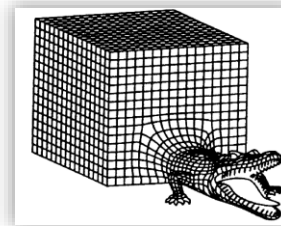


↻ Lattice details: overlap/2+1DWF, 0.16fm, 340-MeV sea pion mass

↻ Promising results using coordinate-space comparison, but signal does not go far in z

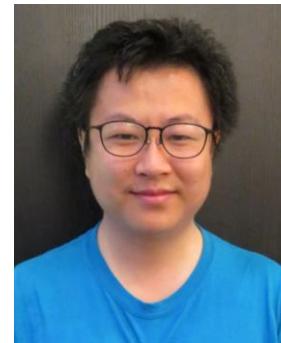
↻ Hard numerical problem to be solved

Fan et al, Phys.Rev.Lett. 121, 242001 (2018)



G: Zhouyou Fan

G: Adam Antony



P: Yi-Bo Yang

iCER@MSU is crucial for earlier code development and completion of this work

Nucleon Gluon PDF (2020)

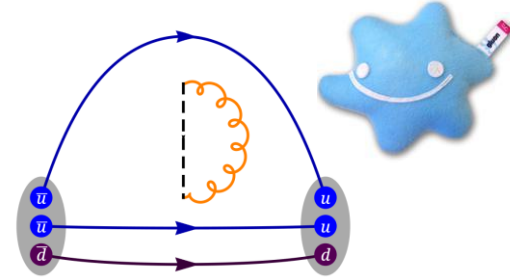
§ Gluon PDF using pseudo-PDF

∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ 0.12 fm,

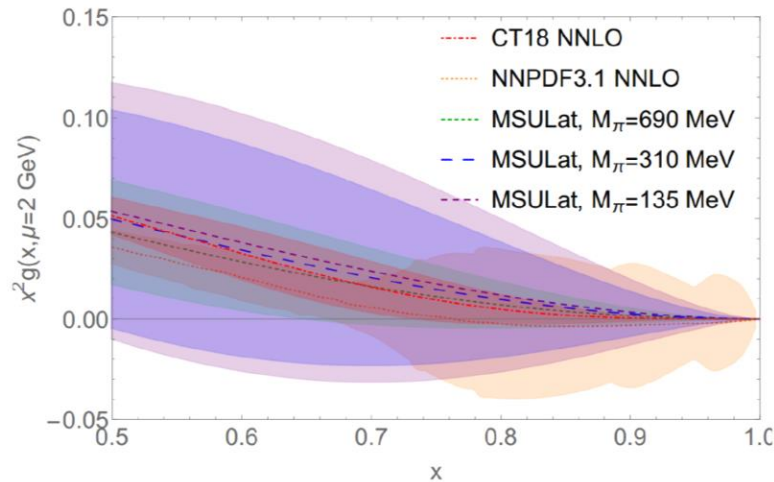
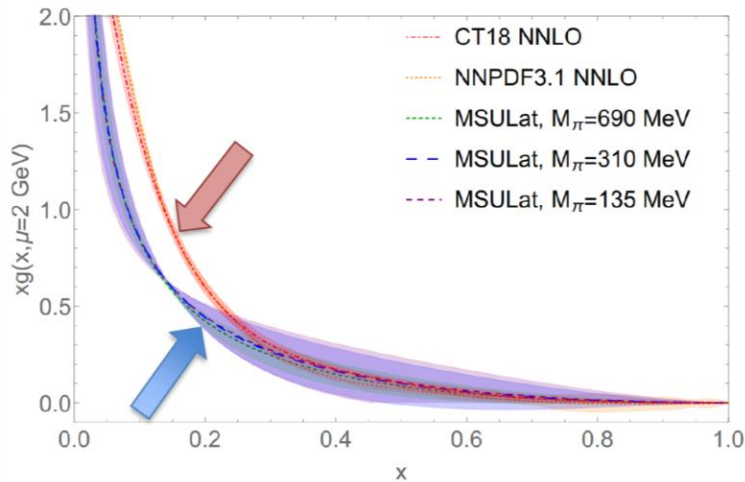
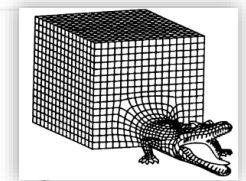
310-MeV sea pion

∞ Study strange/light-quark

Z. Fan. et al (MSULat),
2007.16113



The comparison of the reconstructed unpolarized gluon PDF from the function form with CT18 NNLO and NNPDF3.1 NNLO gluon unpolarized PDF at $\mu = 2 \text{ GeV}$ in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme.



G: Zhouyou Fan

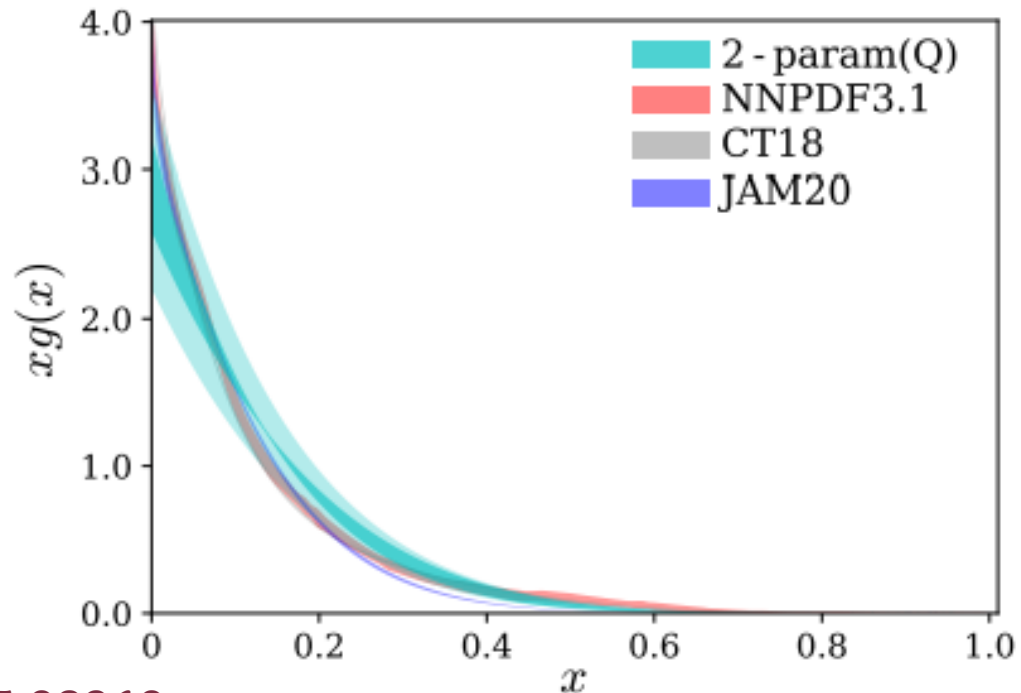
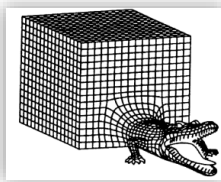
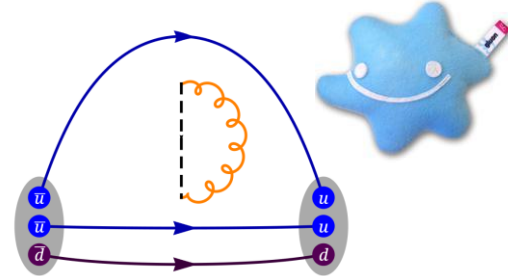
Slide by Zhouyou Fan@DNP2020

Nucleon Gluon PDF (2021)

§ Gluon PDF using pseudo-PDF

∞ Lattice details: 2+1 clover, 0.09 fm, 360-MeV sea pion T. Khan et al. (HadStruc), 2107.08960

∞ Use many nucleon Interpolating operators to improve signal with larger boosted momentum state



T. Khan et al. (HadStruc), 2107.08960

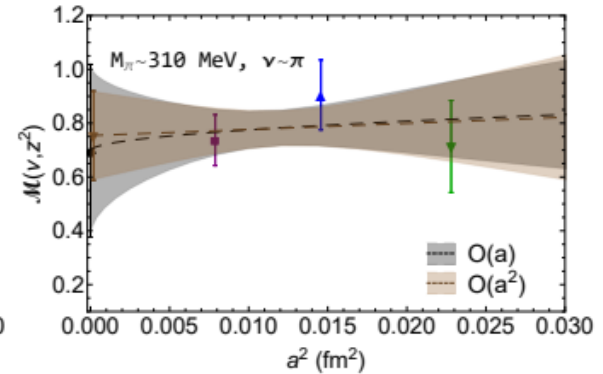
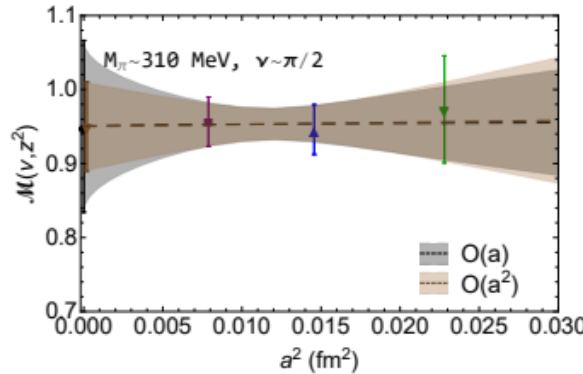
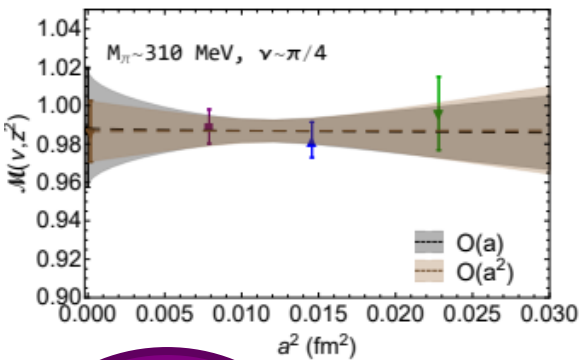
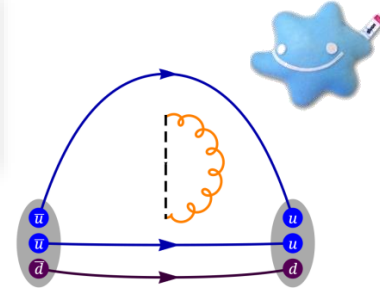
Nucleon Gluon PDF (2022)

§ Continuum Gluon PDF w/ pseudo-PDF

∞ 2+1+1 HISQ {0.09, 0.12, 0.15} fm,

[220,310,700]-MeV pion, 10^5 - 10^6 statistics

Z. Fan, W. Good, HL (MSULat), [2210.09985](https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.09985)



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice



G: Bill Good

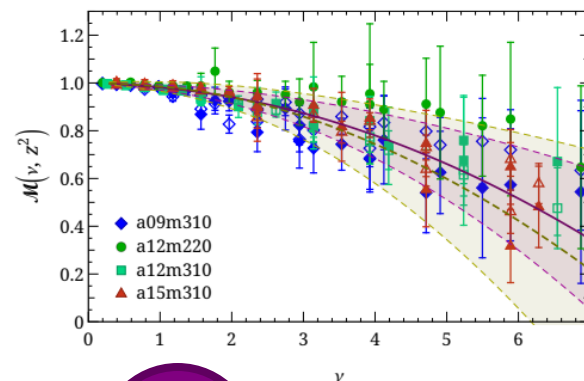
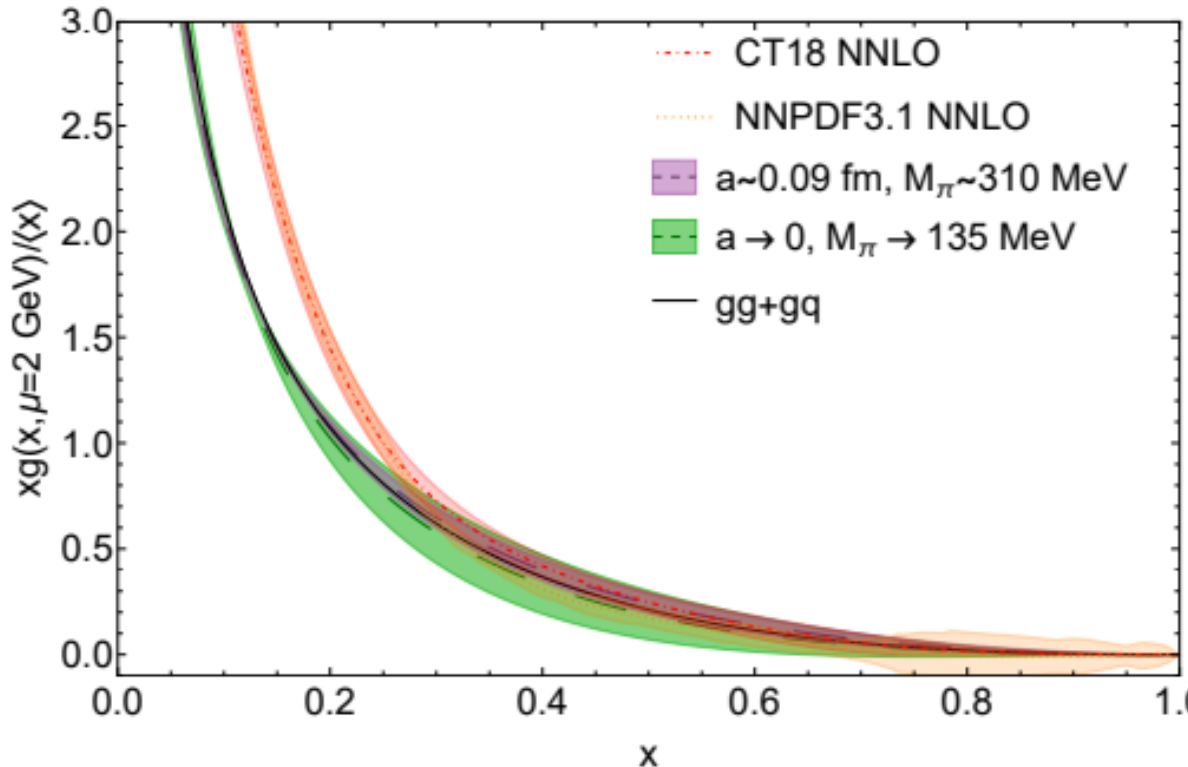
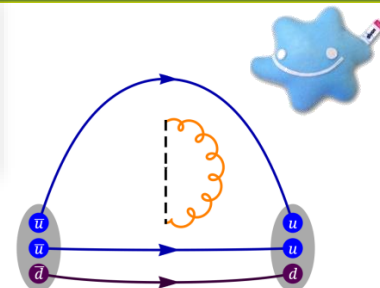
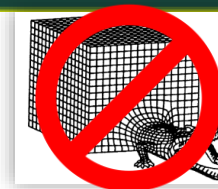
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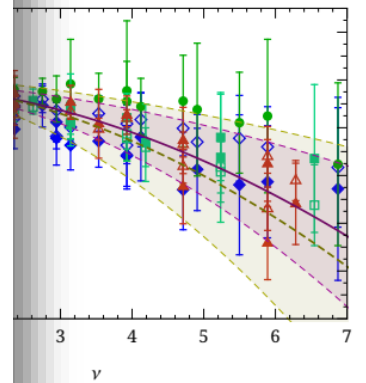
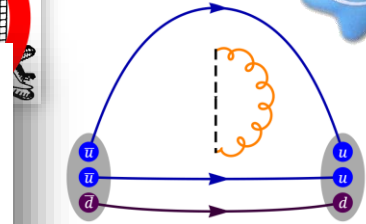
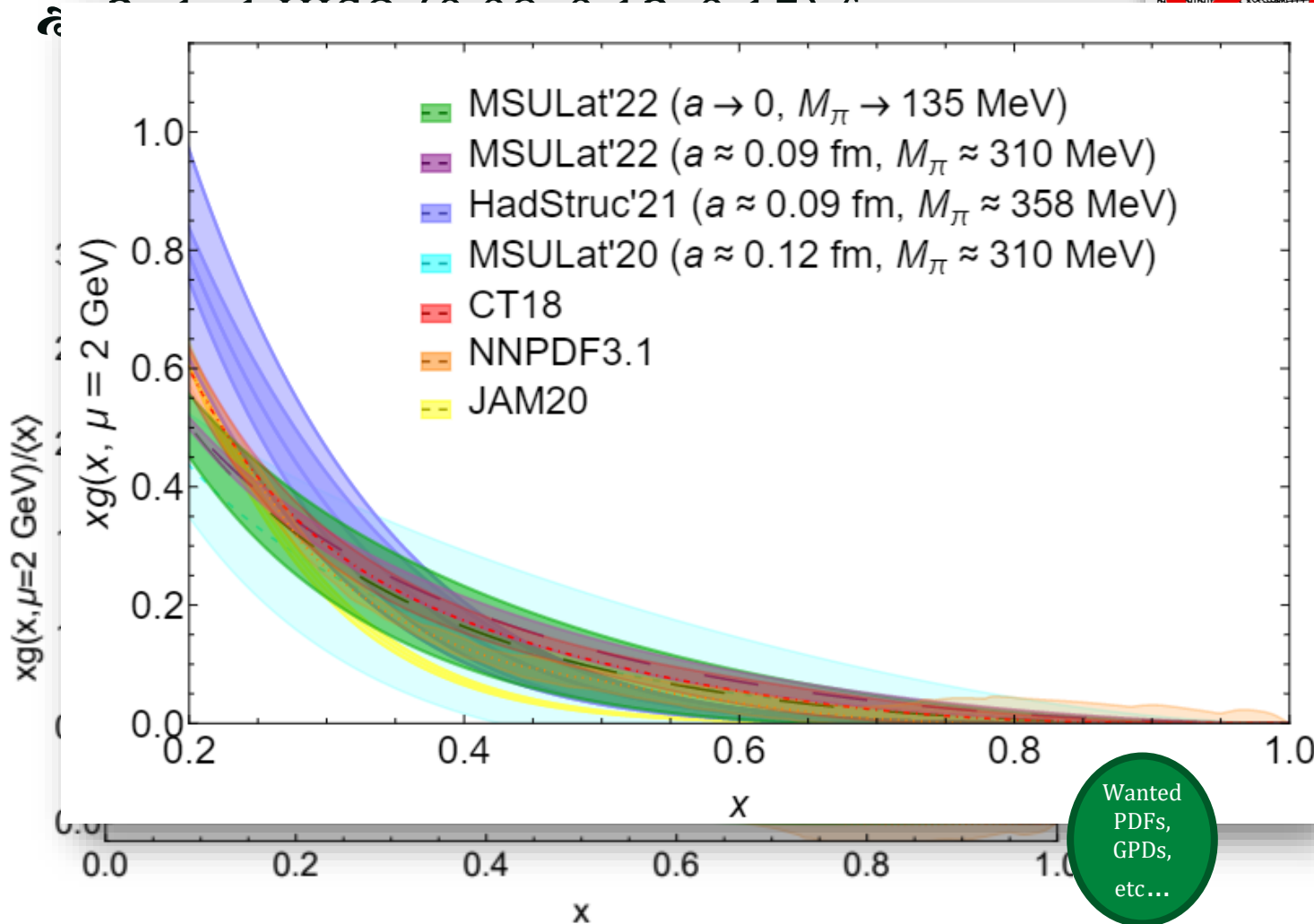
Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...



G: Bill Good

Nucleon Gluon PDF (2022)

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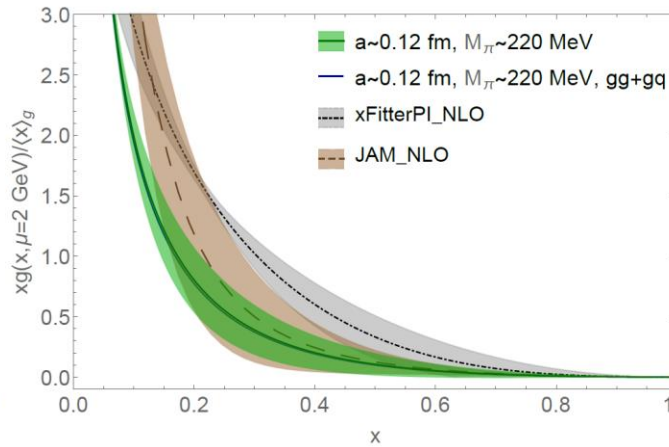
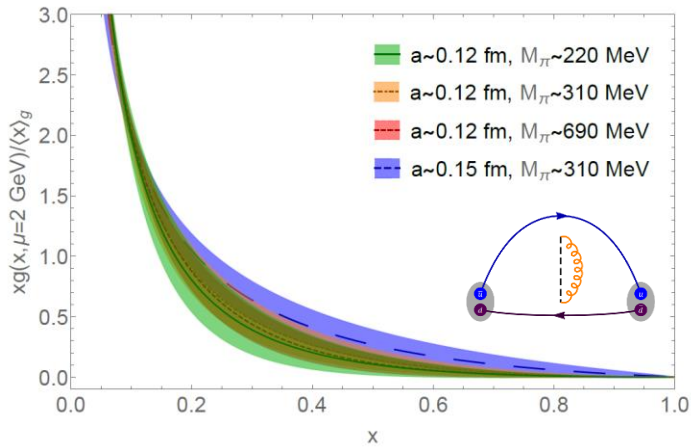


G: Bill Good

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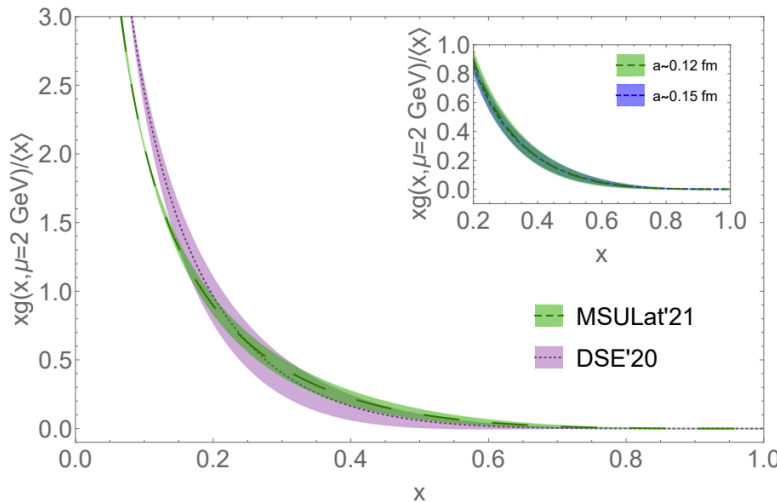
Meson Gluon PDFs

§ First pion and kaon gluon PDFs using pseudo-PDF



G: Zhouyou Fan

2104.06372, Fan et al (MSULat)



Wanted
PDFs,
GPDs,
etc...



G: Alejandro Salas-Chavira

2112.03124, Salas-Chavira et al (MSULat)

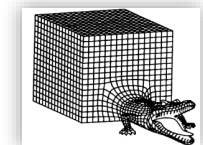
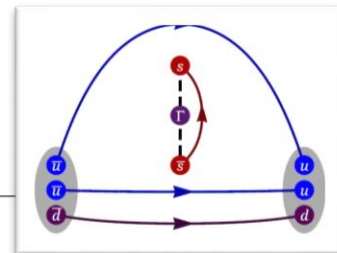
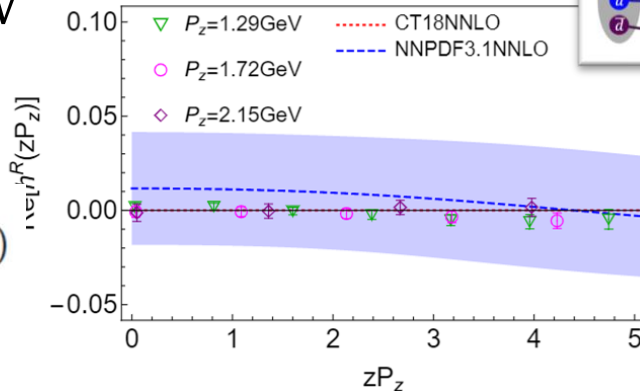
First Lattice Strange PDF

§ Results by MSULat/quasi-PDF method

- ☞ Clover on 2+1+1 HISQ, 0.12-fm 310-MeV QCD vacuum
- ☞ Extrapolated to $M_\pi \approx 140$ MeV

2005.01124, R. Zhang et al
(MSULat)

$$\text{Re}[h(z)] \propto \int dx (s(x) - \bar{s}(x)) \cos(xzP_z)$$



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice

First Lattice Strange PDF

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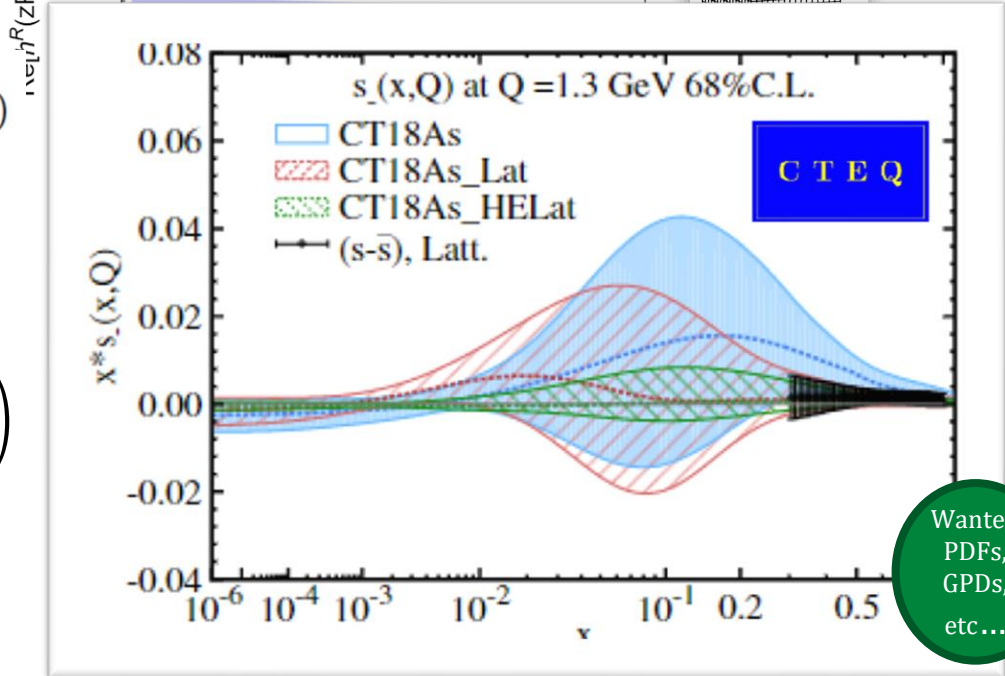
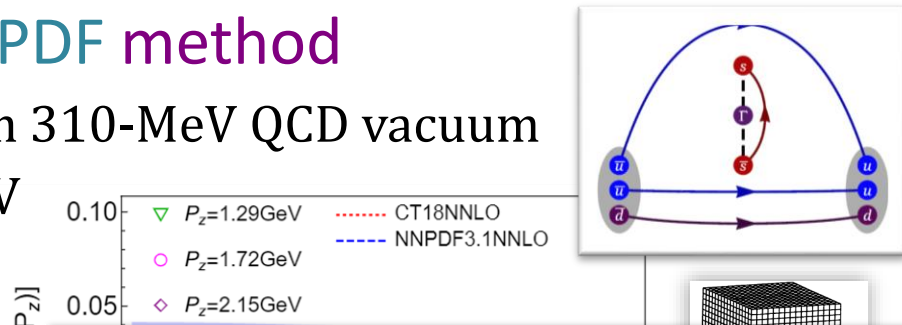
2005.01124, R. Zhang et al (MSULat)

$$\text{Re}[h(z)] \propto \int dx (s(x) - \bar{s}(x)) \cos(xzP_z)$$

§ From quasi-PDF to PDF

$$\tilde{f}_q(x, P_z) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{dy}{|y|} f_q(y) C_{q/q}(x, y, P_z, \mu) + O\left(\frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{x^2 P_z^2}, \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{(1-x)^2 P_z^2}\right)$$

T. Hou, HL, M. Yan, C. Yuan, 2204.07944



Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...

§ The strangeness asymmetry $s(x, Q) - \bar{s}(x, Q)$ at $x > 0.2$ is difficult to measure, but can be predicted in lattice QCD

First Lattice Charm PDF

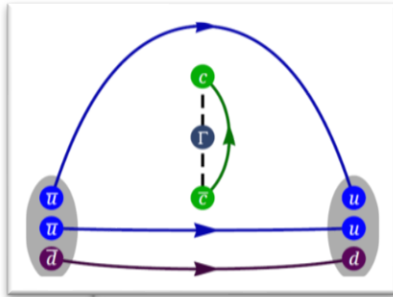


§ Large uncertainties in global PDFs

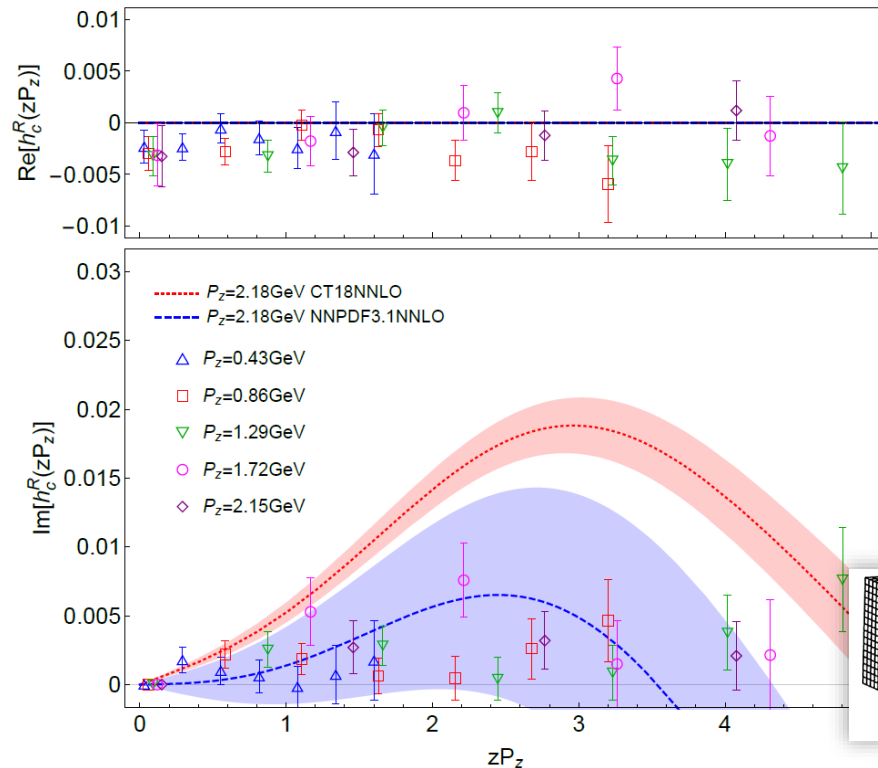
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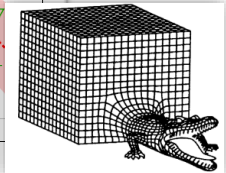
2005.01124, R. Zhang et al (MSULat)



- suggest a symmetric $c - \bar{c}$ distribution
- much smaller than strange PDF



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice



First Lattice Charm PDF

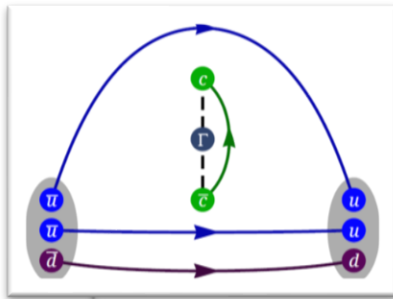
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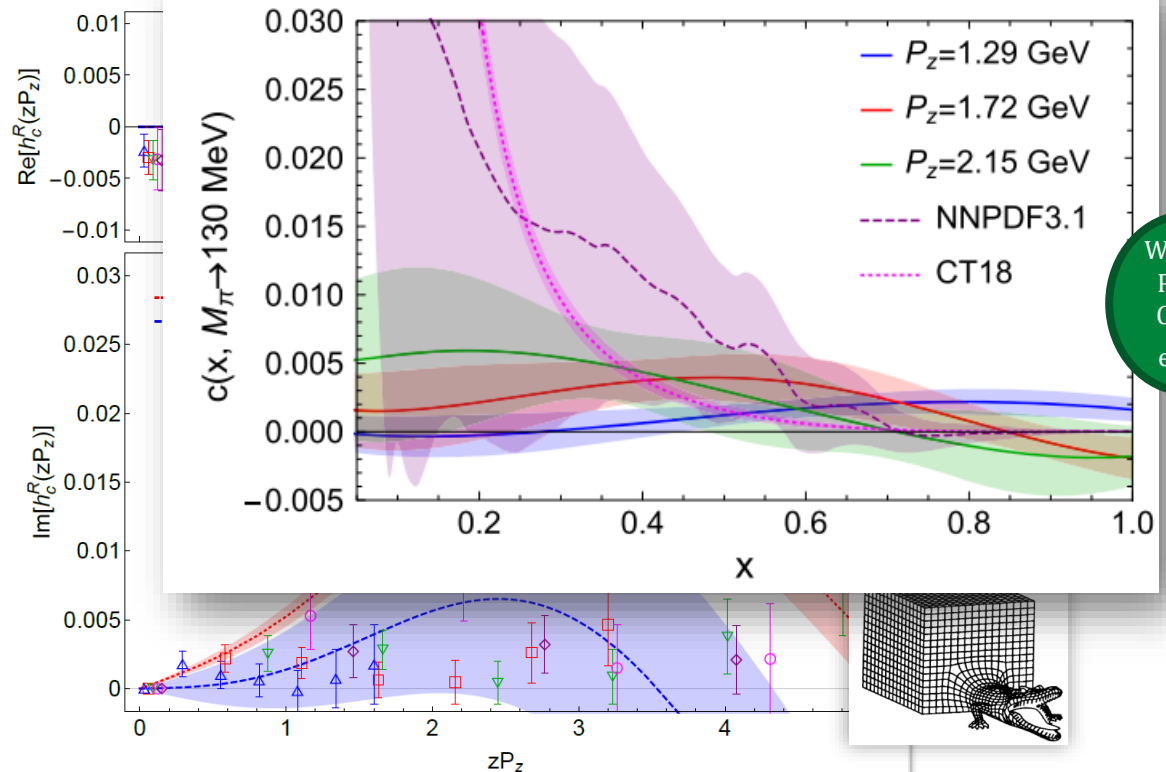
↻ Clover on 2+1+1 HISQ 0.12-fm 310-MeV QCD vacuum



2005.01124, R. Zhang et al (MSULat)



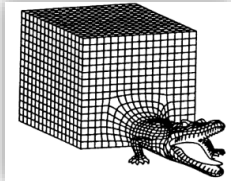
- suggest a symmetric $c - \bar{c}$ distribution
- much smaller than strange PDF



Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...

Generalized Parton Distributions

Single-ensemble result



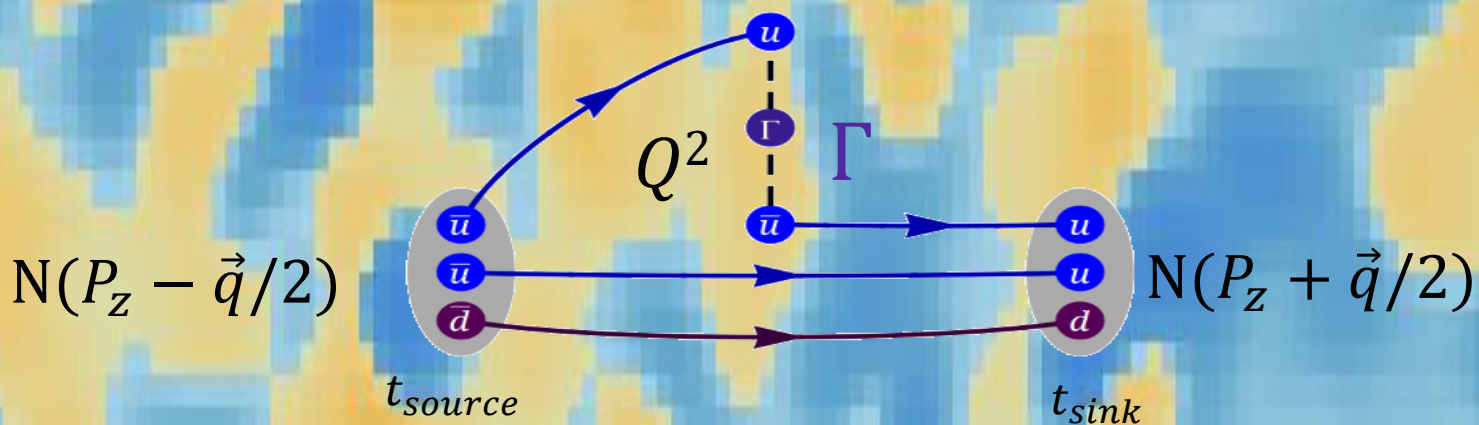
finite-volume,
discretization,
heavy quark mass,
...

Biased selected/highlighted results



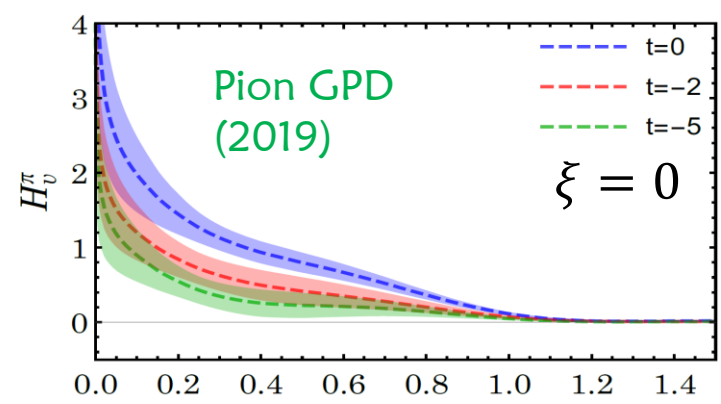
Generalized Parton Distributions

§ On the lattice, one needs to calculate the following

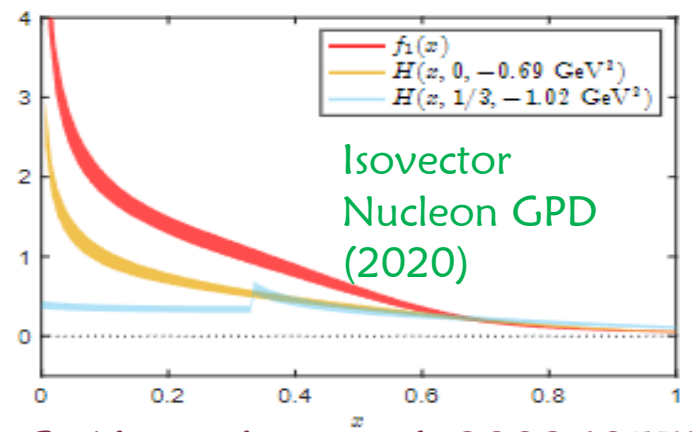


See earlier lattice talks for new setup for GPD calculations

§ Heavy pion-mass results



J. Chen, HL, J. Zhang, 1904.12376



C. Alexandrou et al, 2008.10573



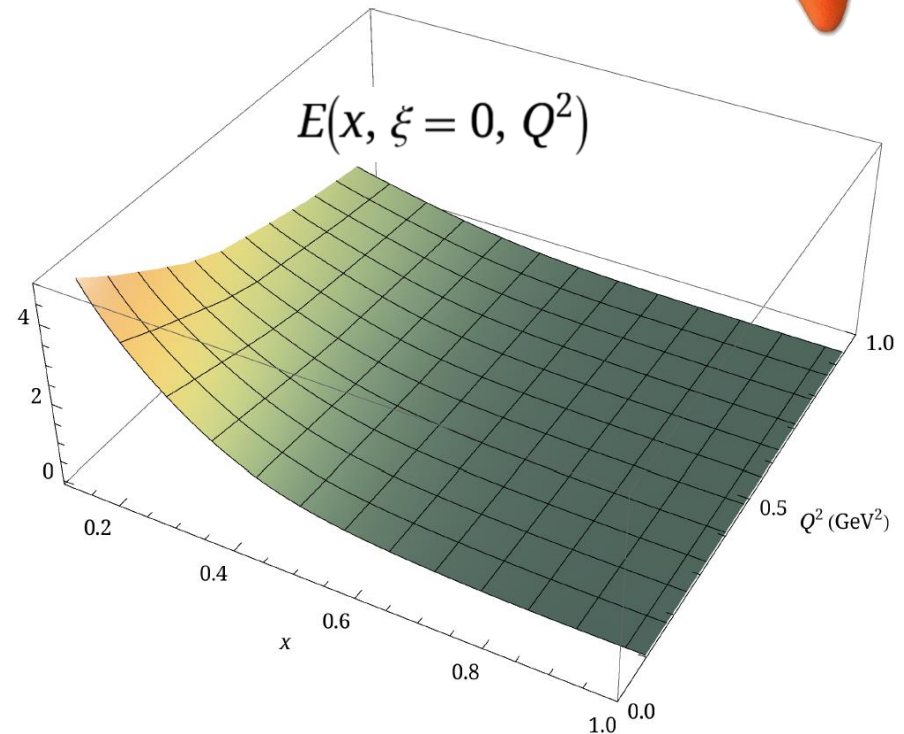
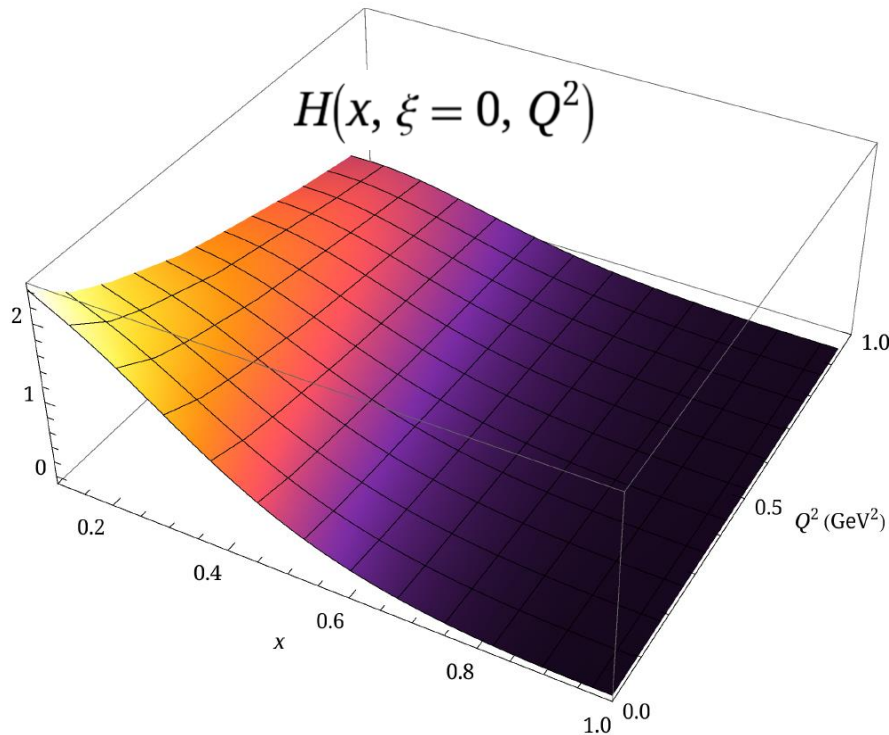
Isvector Nucleon GPDs

§ Nucleon GPD using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

∞ MSULat: clover/2+1+1 HISQ

0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 2$ GeV

∞ $\xi = 0$ isovector nucleon GPD results



HL, Phys.Rev.Lett. 127 (2021) 18, 182001

Isvector Nucleon GPDs

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∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ (MSULat)

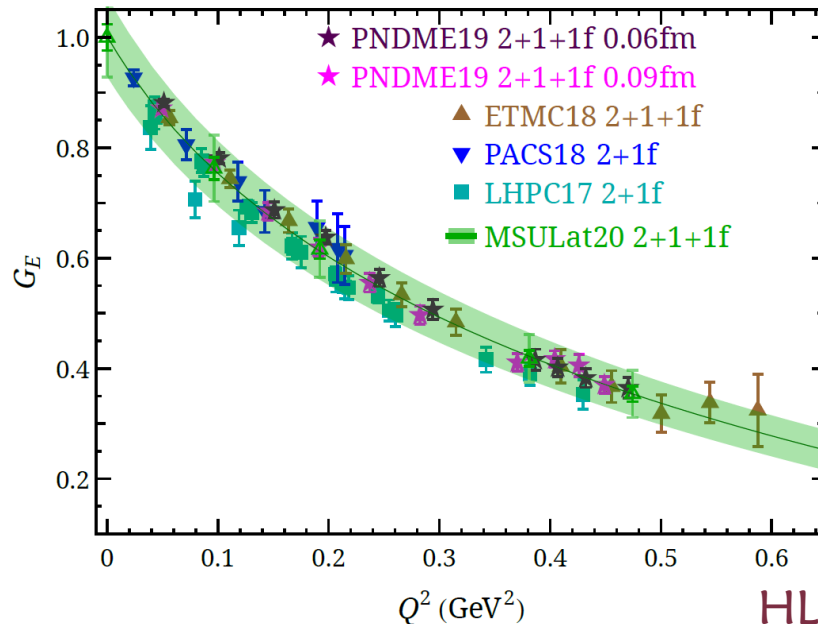
0.09 fm, **135-MeV** pion mass, $P_z \approx 2$ GeV

∞ $\xi = 0$ isovector nucleon GPD results

$$\int_{-1}^{+1} dx x^{n-1} \text{[3D plot]} = \sum_{i=0, \text{even}}^{n-1} (-2\xi)^i A_{ni}^q(t) + (-2\xi)^n C_{n0}^q(t) \Big|_{n \text{ even}}$$



$n = 1$



HL, Phys.Rev.Lett. 127 (2021) 18, 182001

Nucleon GPDs

§ Nucleon GPD using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

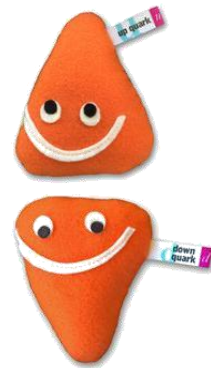
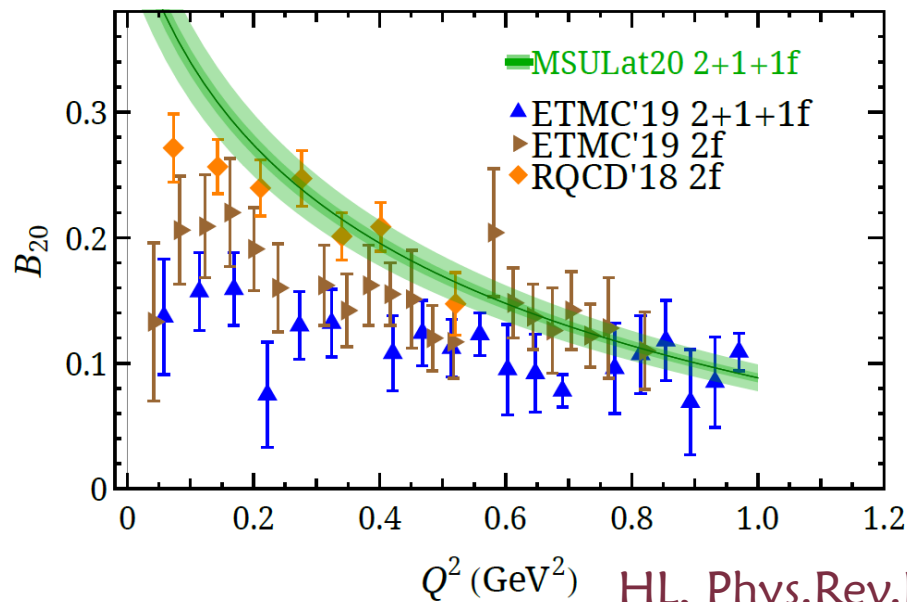
☞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ (MSULat)

0.09 fm, **135-MeV** pion mass, $P_z \approx 2$ GeV

☞ $\xi = 0$ isovector nucleon GPD results

$$\int_{-1}^{+1} dx x^{n-1} \text{ (3D plot of } x, \xi, Q^2 \text{)} = \sum_{i=0, \text{even}}^{n-1} (-2\xi)^i B_{ni}^q(t) - (-2\xi)^n C_{n0}^q(t) \Big|_{n \text{ even}}$$

$n = 2$

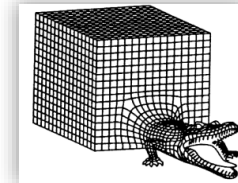


Q^2 (GeV²) HL, Phys.Rev.Lett. 127 (2021) 18, 182001

Nucleon Tomography

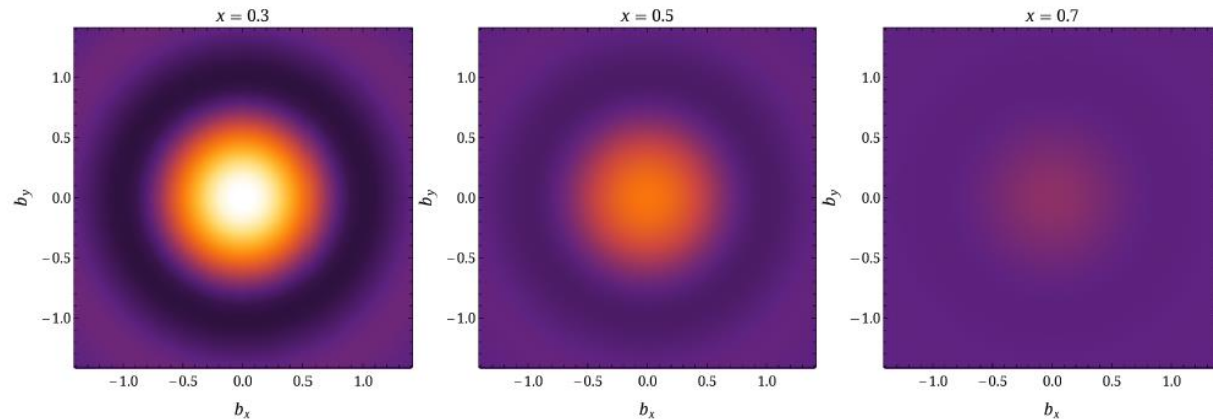
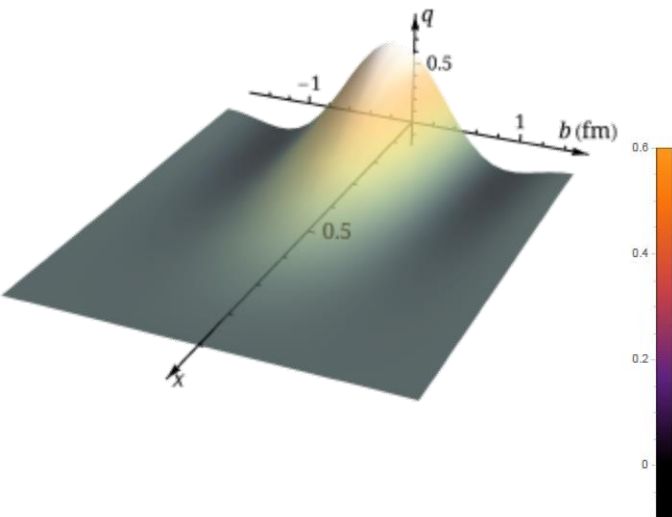
§ Nucleon GPD using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

- ∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ
0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 2$ GeV
- ∞ $\xi = 0$ isovector nucleon GPD results



finite-volume,
discretization,

$$q(x, b) = \int \frac{d\vec{q}}{(2\pi)^2} H(x, \xi = 0, t = -\vec{q}^2) e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{b}}$$



HL, Phys.Rev.Lett. 127 (2021) 18, 182001

Nucleon Polarized GPDs

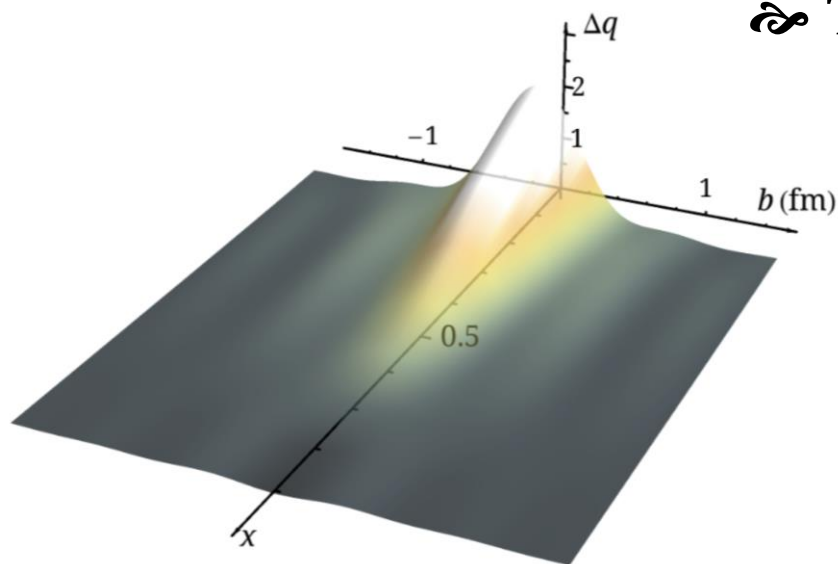
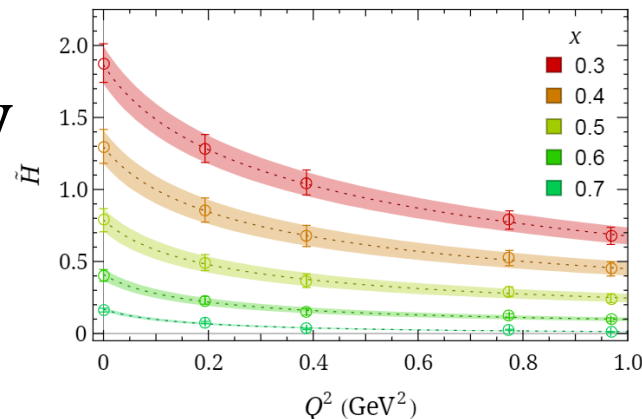
§ Helicity GPD (\tilde{H}) using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

⌘ MSULat: clover/2+1+1 HISQ

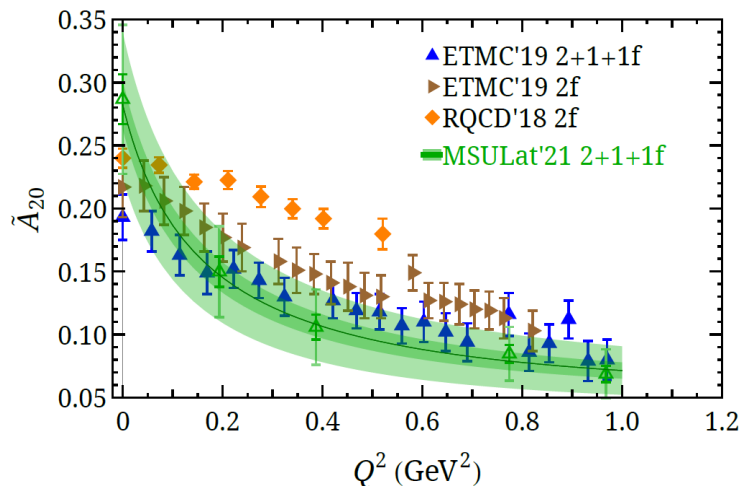
0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 2$ GeV

⌘ $\xi = 0$ isovector nucleon GPD results

HL (MSULat), Phys.Lett.B 824 (2022) 136821



⌘ Take the integral to form moments;
e.g. $n = 2$



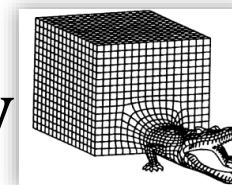
Valence-Quark Pion GPD

§ Pion GPD (H^π) using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ

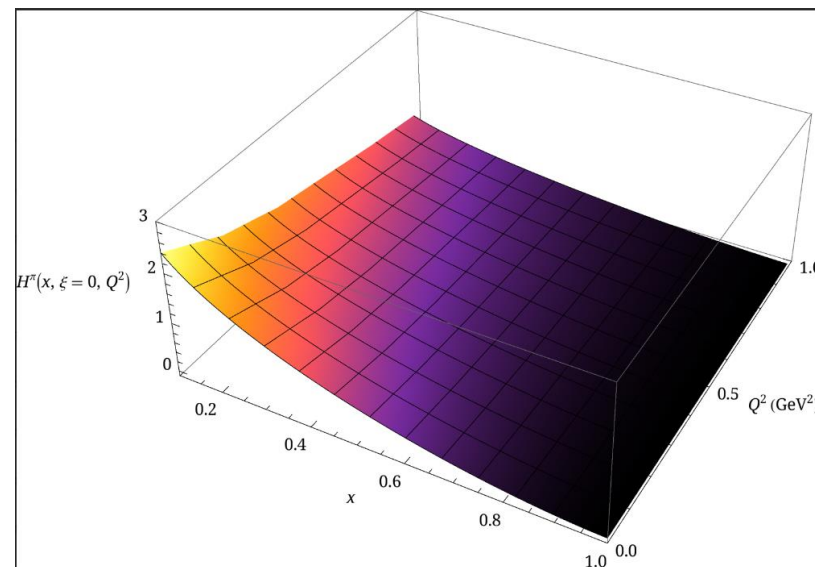
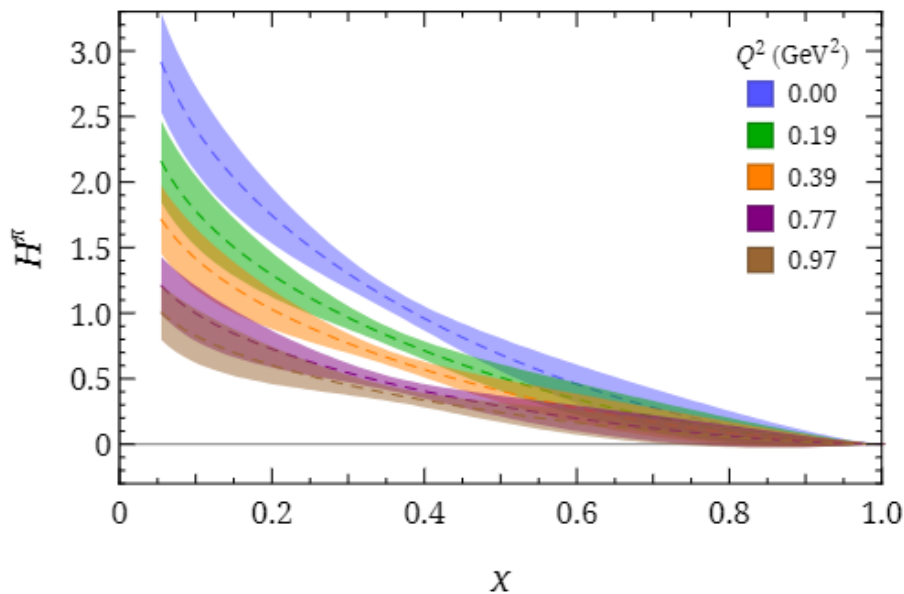
0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 1.7$ GeV

∞ $\xi = 0$ valence-quark Pion GPD results



finite-volume,
discretization,

MSULat, Preliminary



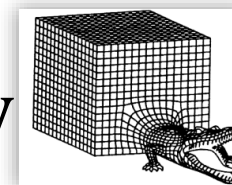
Valence-Quark Pion GPD

§ Pion GPD (H^π) using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

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0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 1.7$ GeV

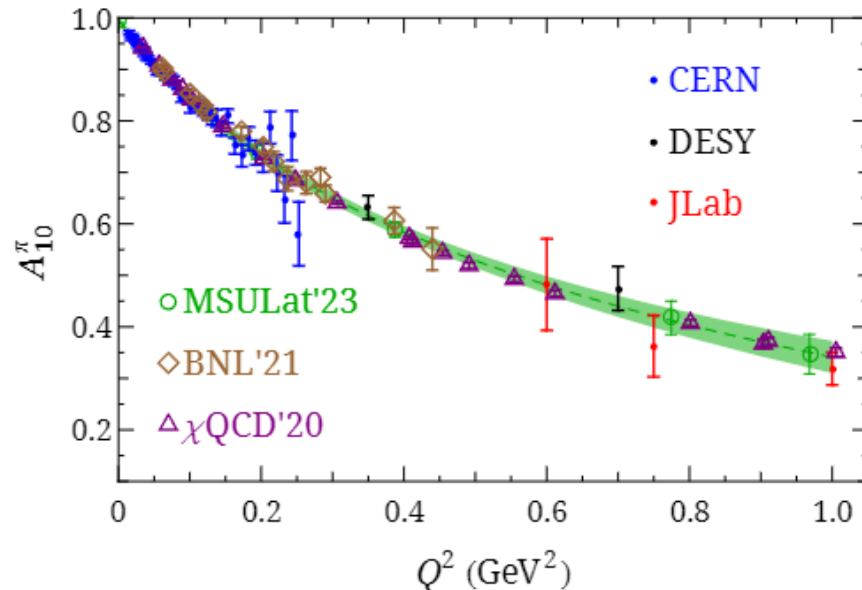
∞ $\xi = 0$ valence-quark Pion GPD results



finite-volume,
discretization,



$$\int_{-1}^{+1} dx x^{n-1} \text{[3D plot of } x^{n-1} \text{]} = A_{ni}^\pi(t)$$



MSULat, Preliminary

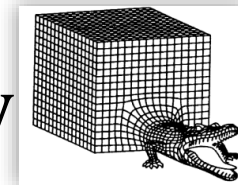
Pion Tomography

§ Nucleon GPD using quasi-PDFs at physical pion mass

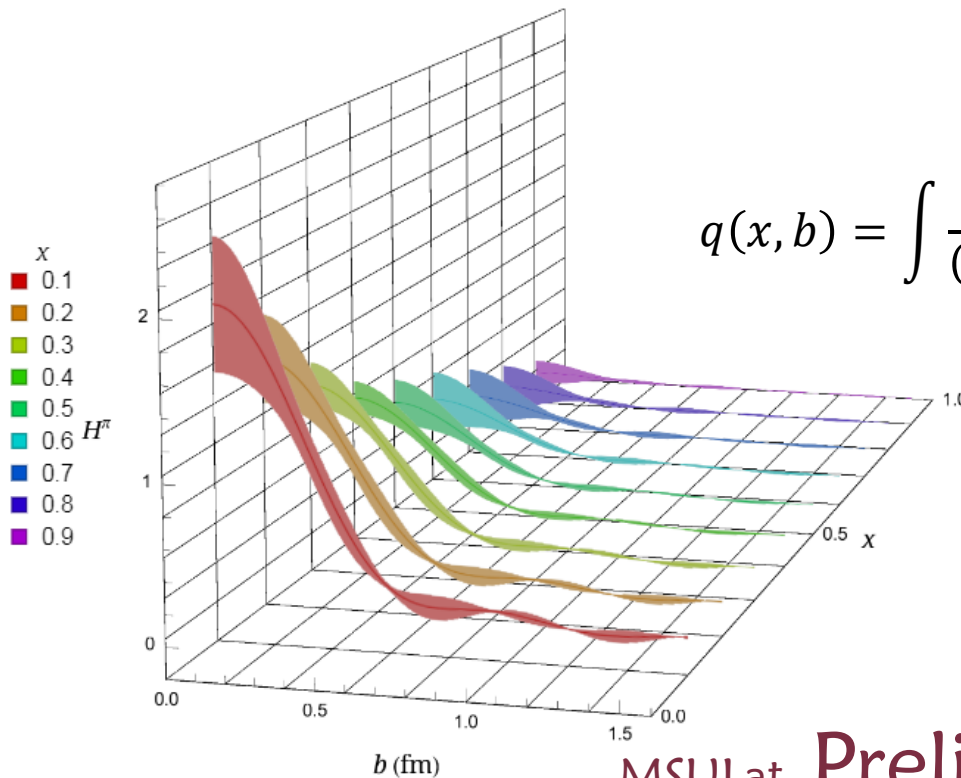
∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ

0.09 fm, 135-MeV pion mass, $P_z \approx 1.7$ GeV

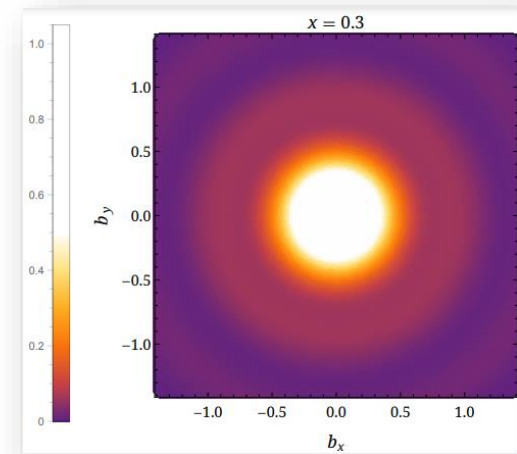
∞ $\xi = 0$ valence-quark Pion GPD results



finite-volume,
discretization,



$$q(x, b) = \int \frac{d\vec{q}}{(2\pi)^2} H(x, \xi = 0, t = -\vec{q}^2) e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{b}}$$



MSULat, Preliminary

Summary and Outlook

§ Exciting era using LQCD to study hadron structure

§ Overcoming longstanding limitations of moment method

∞ Bjorken- x dependence of parton distributions are widely studied

∞ More study of systematics planned for the near future

§ Precision and progress are limited on resources

∞ Challenges = new opportunities quantities

§ In the future

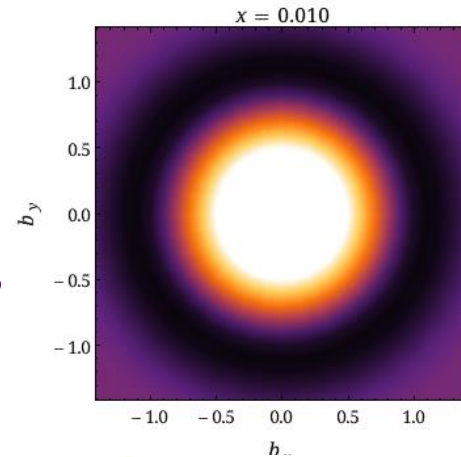
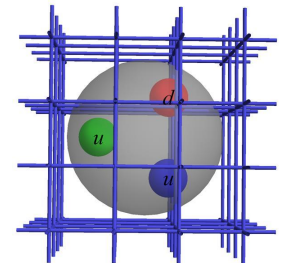
**Theory
Input**



**Exp't
Input**

**Global Analysis
of PDFs/GPDs**

+



Thanks to Raza Sabbir Sufian, Sungwoo Park and Swagato Mukherjee for plots used in this talk

The work of HL is sponsored by NSF CAREER Award under grant PHY 1653405 & RCSA Cottrell Scholar Award
Thanks to MILC collaboration for sharing their 2+1+1 HISQ lattices & USQCD/NSF/DOE for computational resources

Backup Slides



Bjorken- x Dependent Hadron Structure

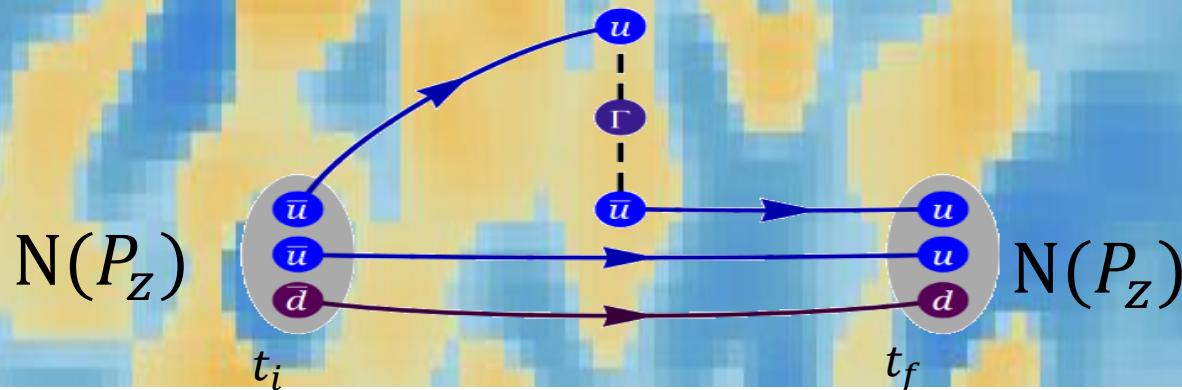
Biased selected/highlighted results



Lattice Parton Method

§ Large-momentum effective theory (LaMET)/quasi-PDF

(X. Ji, 2013; See 2004.03543 for review)



§ Compute quasi-distribution via

$$\tilde{q}(x, \mu, P_Z) = \int \frac{dz}{4\pi} e^{-izk_z} \left\langle P \left| \bar{\psi}(z) \Gamma \exp\left(-ig \int_0^z dz' A_z(z')\right) \psi(0) \right| P \right\rangle$$

§ Recover true distribution (take $P_z \rightarrow \infty$ limit)

$$\tilde{q}(x, \mu, P_Z) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dy}{|y|} C\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{\mu}{P_Z}\right) \mathbf{q}(y, \mu) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{M_N^2}{P_Z^2}, \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{(xP_Z)^2}, \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{((1-x)P_Z)^2}\right)$$

X. Xiong et al., 1310.7471; J.-W. Chen et al, 1603.06664

Lattice Parton Method

§ Short-distance factorization (SDF)

∞ pseudo-PDF method (A. Radyushkin, 2017)

∞ Hadronic tensor currents

(Liu et al., hep-ph/9806491, ... 1603.07352)

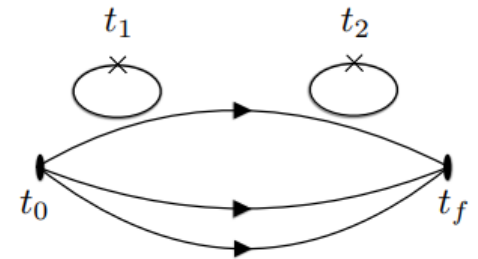
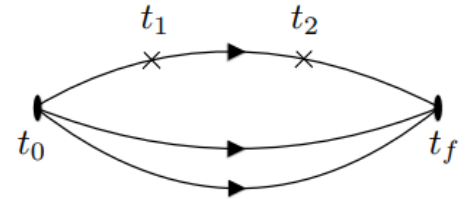
∞ Lattice cross-section method (LCS)

(Y Ma and J. Qiu, 2014, 2017)

∞ Euclidean correlation functions

(RQCD, 1709.04325)

∞ Compton amplitude approach (QCDSF, 1703.01153)



Quantities
that can be
calculated
on the lattice
today

= Σ

Wanted
PDFs,
GPDs,
etc.

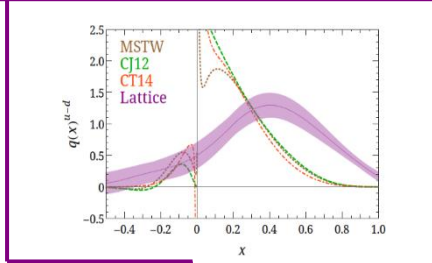
\times

pQCD-
calculated
kernel

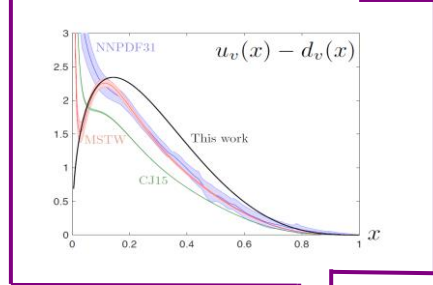
Lattice Parton Calculations

§ Rapid developments!

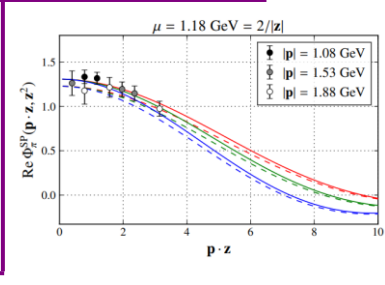
First unpol. PDF lattice calculation



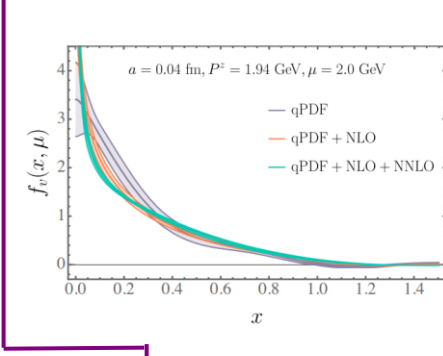
First lattice pseudo-PDFs



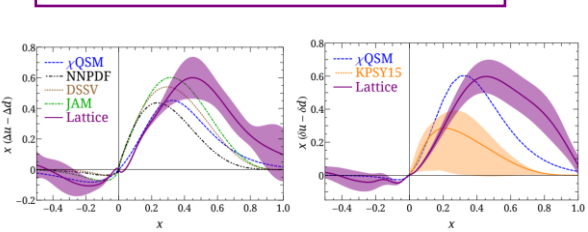
Euclidean correlation functions



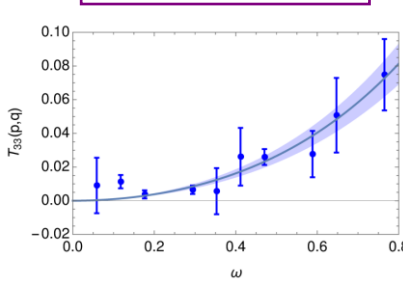
1st NNLO PDF



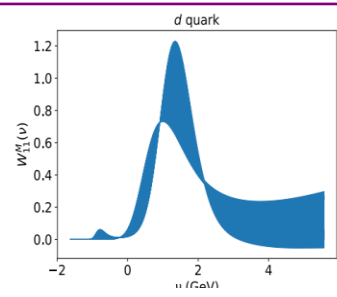
Pol. PDFs and mass corrections



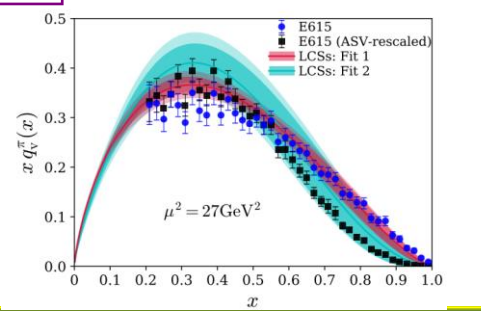
Compton amplitude



Hadronic tensor

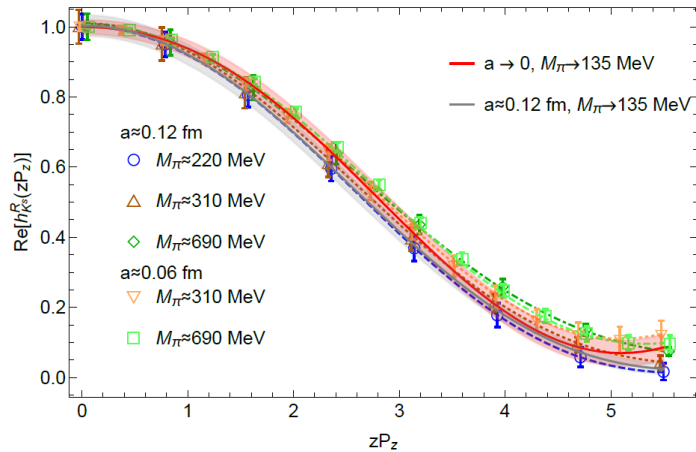
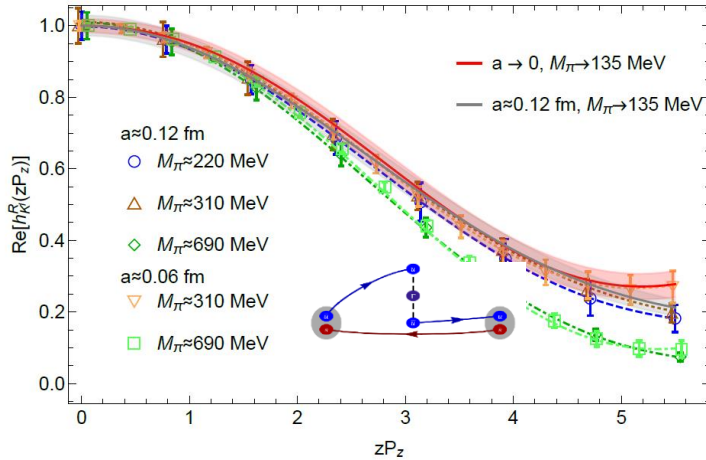


LCS



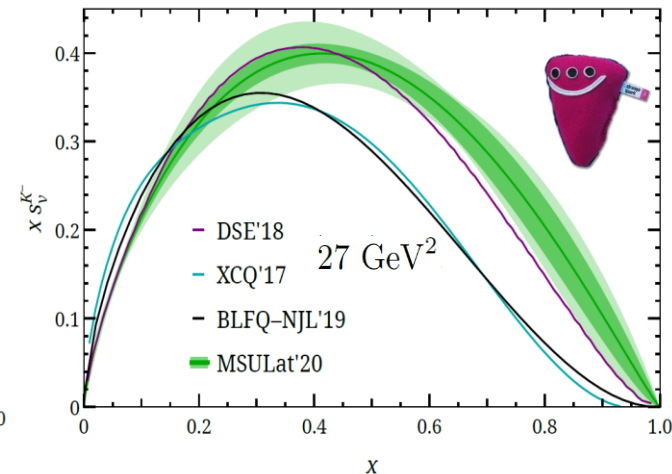
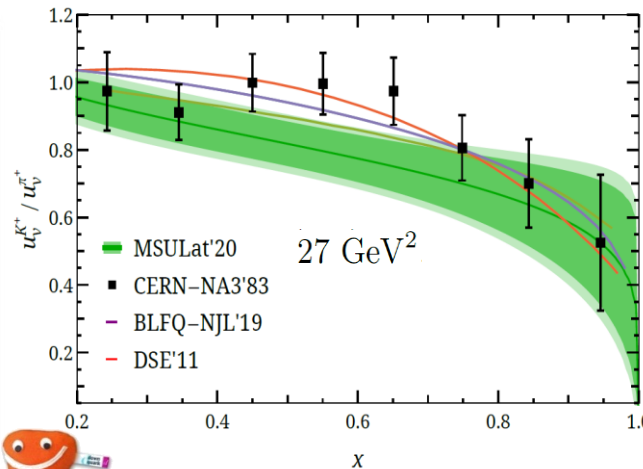
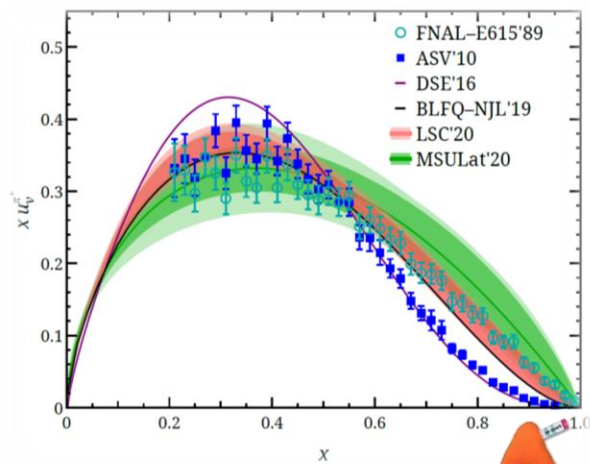
Meson Valence-quark PDFs

§ Pion/Kaon PDFs using quasi-PDF in the continuum limit



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice

Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...

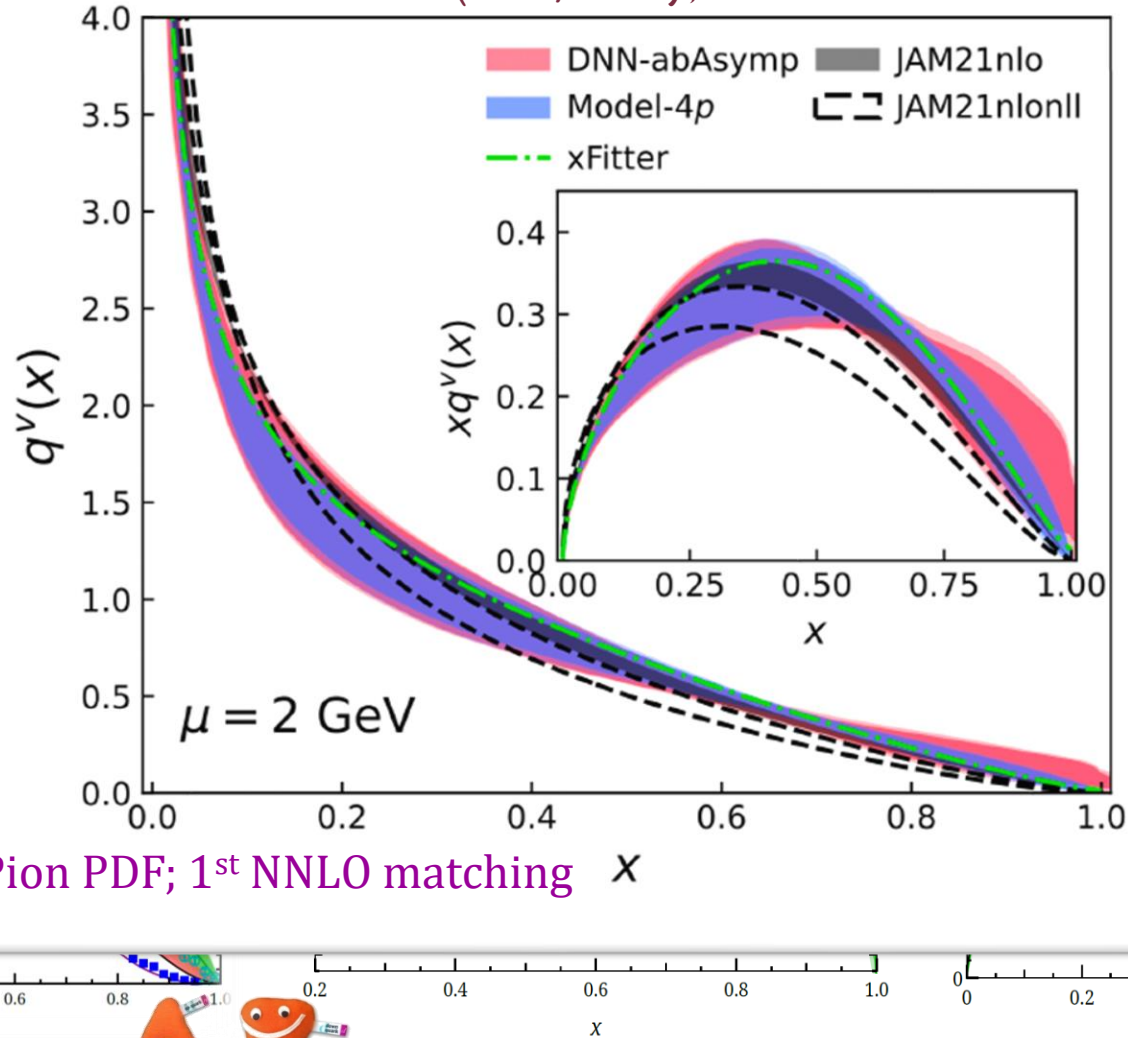
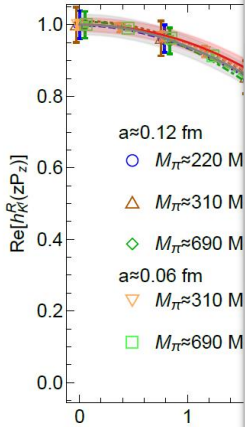


Meson Valence-quark PDFs

§ Pion/Kaon

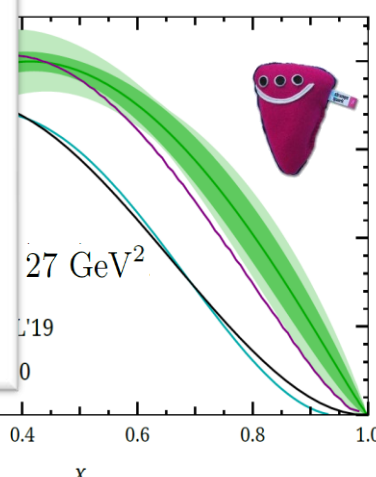
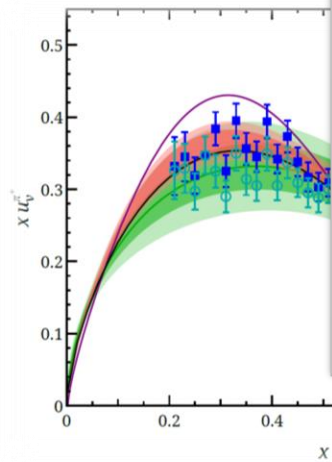
X. Gao et al (BNL/ANL), 2112.02208

um limit



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice

Wanted PDFs, GPDs, etc...



First Continuum PDF

§ Nucleon PDFs using quasi-PDFs in the continuum limit

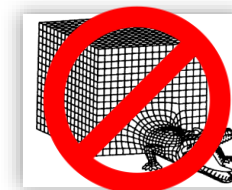
∞ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ (MSULat)

$a \approx \{0.06, 0.09, 0.12\}$ fm,

$M_\pi \in \{135, 220, 310\}$ -MeV pion,

$M_\pi L \in \{3.3, 5.5\}$.

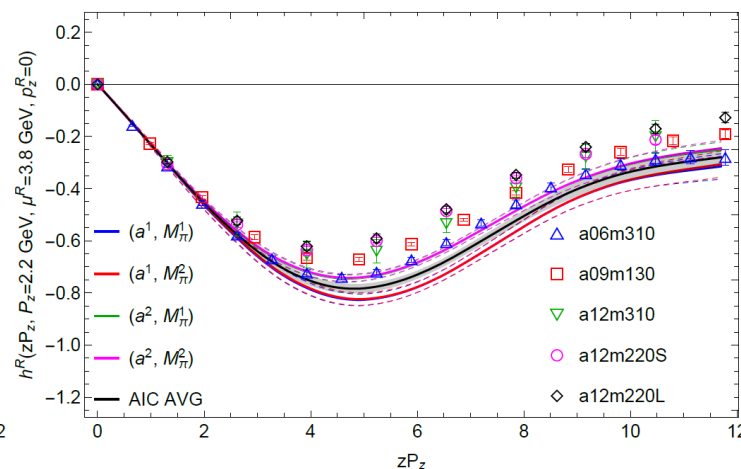
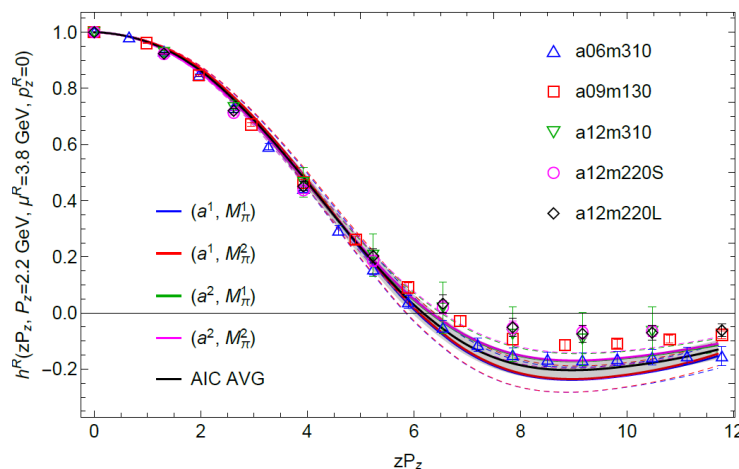
$P_z \approx 2$ GeV



2011.14971, HL et al (MSULat)

∞ Naïve extrapolation to physical-continuum limit

Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice



First Continuum PDF

§ Nucleon PDFs using quasi-PDFs in the continuum limit

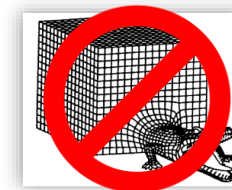
↻ Lattice details: clover/2+1+1 HISQ (MSULat)

$a \approx \{0.06, 0.09, 0.12\}$ fm,

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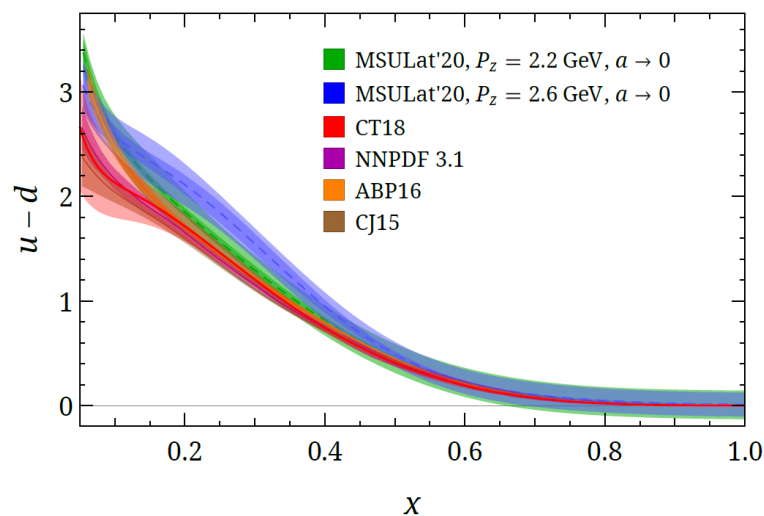
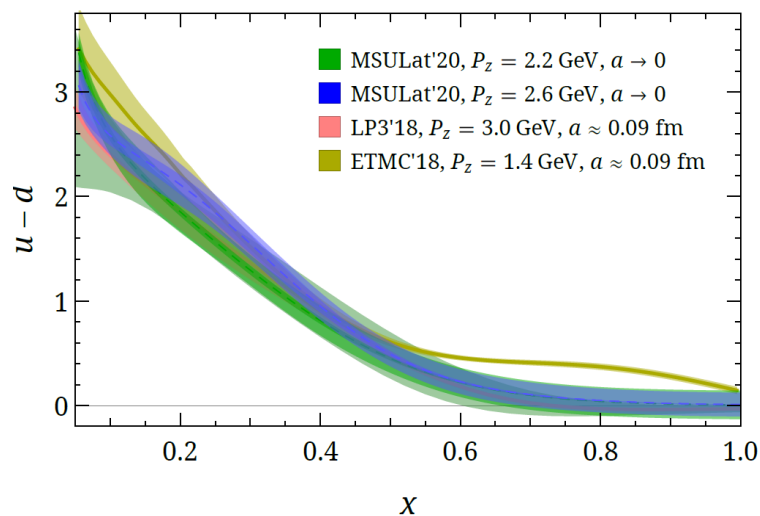
$P_z \approx 2$ GeV



2011.14971, HL et al (MSULat)

↻ Naïve extrapolation to physical-continuum limit

Wanted
PDFs, GPDs,
etc...

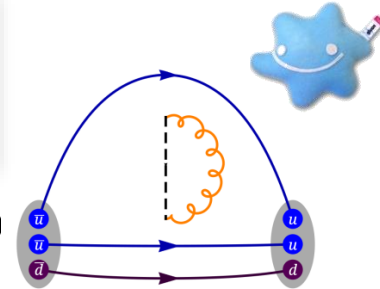
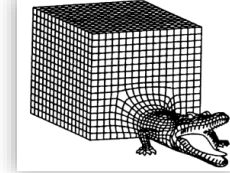


First Gluon Helicity Distribution

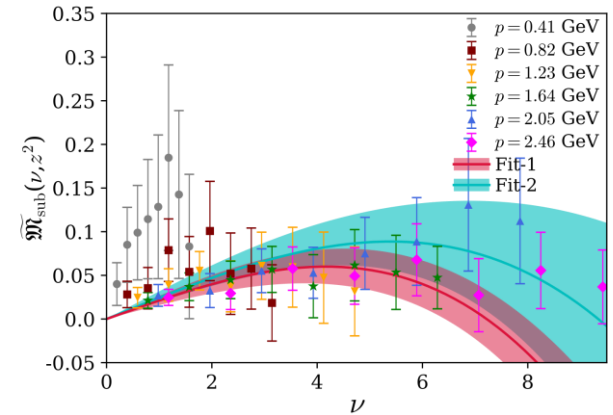
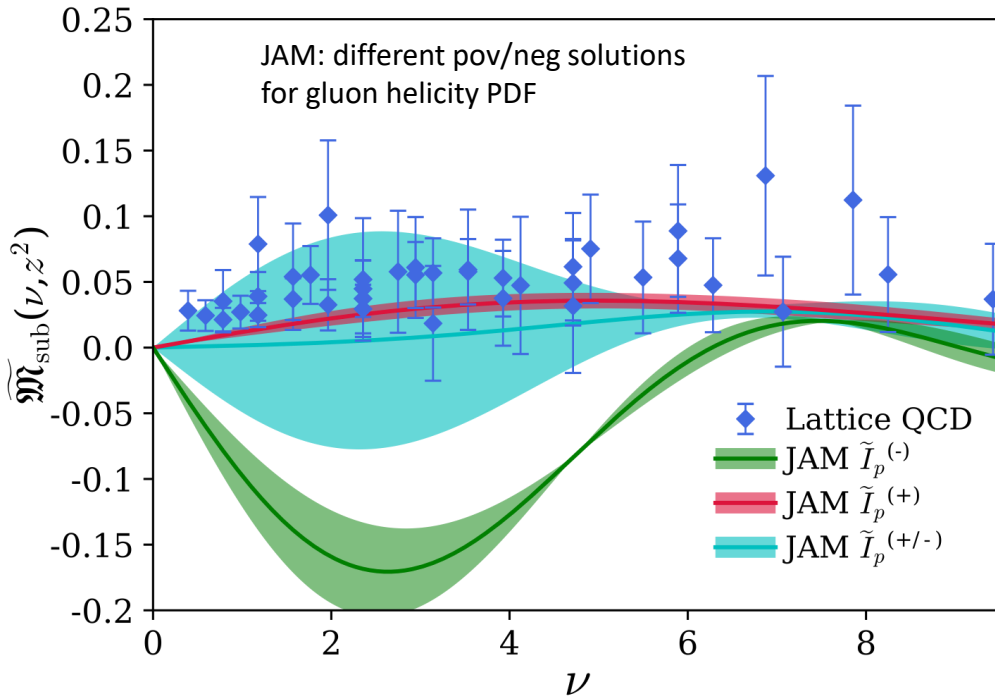
§ Helicity Gluon PDF w/ pseudo-PDF

∞ 2+1 clover 0.09 fm, 360-MeV pion

∞ Lattice QCD hints at a positive gluon helicity distribution in the nucleon



C. Egerer et al (HadStruc), 2207.08733



Quantities that can be calculated on the lattice



Plots by Raza Sabbir Sufian

Lattice Progress & Challenges

§ Exploratory study on charm and gluon PDFs

§ Many approaches are moving to the NNLO level

⇒ Expect to see more improved lattice calculations

§ Beyond the standard twist-2 collinear PDFs

⇒ Generalized parton distributions (GPDs) for the pion and unpolarized/polarized nucleon

⇒ Transverse-momentum- dependent distributions (TMDs)

⇒ Collins-Soper kernel, soft function and wavefunctions

⇒ Twist-3 PDFs and GPDs

For more details and references, refer to 2202.07193

§ Challenges ahead for precision PDFs

⇒ Need large boost mom., better signal-to-noise, inverse problems in PDF extraction in SDF, more computational resources, etc.

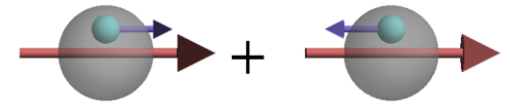
Physical-continuum lattice charges/moments

Biased selected/highlighted results



Moments of PDFs

§ First moments are most commonly done

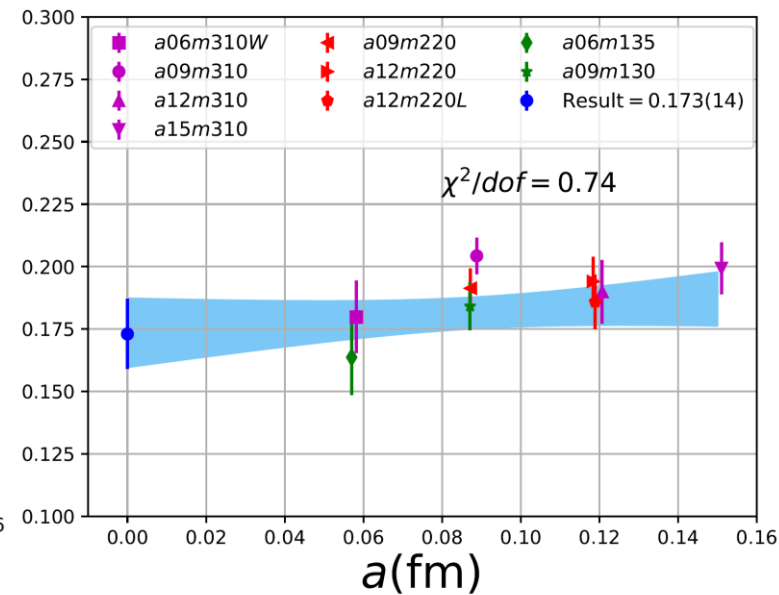
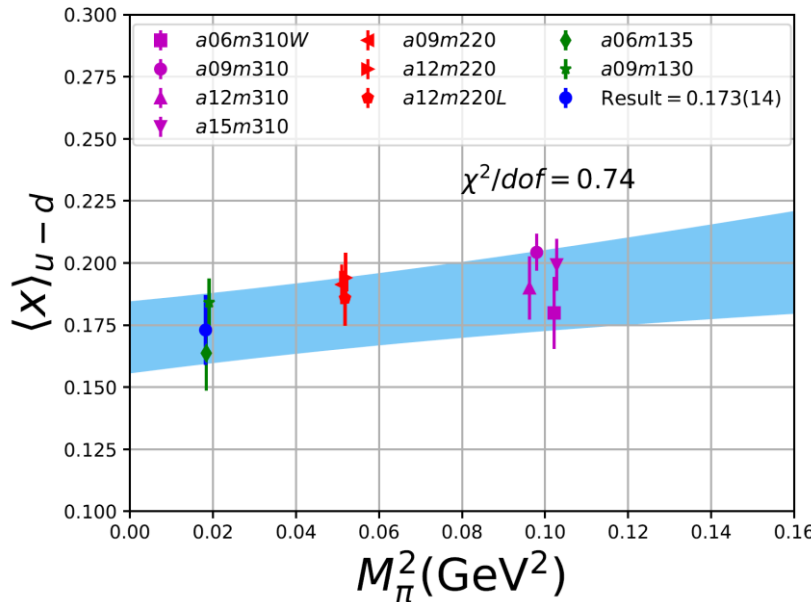


§ State-of-the art example

↪ Extrapolate to the physical limit

$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_q = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} q(x)$$

Santanu Mondal et al (PNDME collaboration), 2005.13779



§ Usually more than one LQCD calculation

↪ Sometimes LQCD numbers do not even agree with each other...

Moments of PDFs

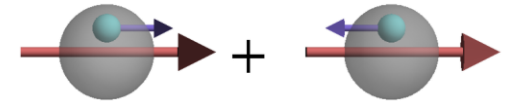
§ PDG-like rating system or average

§ LatticePDF Workshop

↻ Lattice representatives came together and devised a rating system

§ Lattice QCD/global fit status

$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_q = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} q(x)$$



LatticePDF Report, 1711.07916, 2006.08636

Moment	Collaboraton	Reference	N_f	DE	CE	FV	RE	ES	Value	Global Fit
$\langle x \rangle_{u+-d+}$	ETMC 20	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2020b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	0.171(18)	0.161(18)
	PNDME 20	(Mondal <i>et al.</i> , 2020)	2+1+1	★	★	★	★	★	0.173(14)(07)	
	Mainz 19	(Harris <i>et al.</i> , 2019)	2+1	★	○	★	★	★	0.180(25)($^{+14}_{-6}$)	
	χ QCD 18	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018b)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	0.151(28)(29)	
	RQCD 18	(Bali <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2	★	★	○	★	★	0.195(07)(15)	
$\langle x \rangle_{u+}$	ETMC 20	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2020b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	0.359(30)	0.353(12)
	χ QCD 18	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018b)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	0.307(30)(18)	
$\langle x \rangle_{d+}$	ETMC 20	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2020b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	0.188(19)	0.192(6)
	χ QCD 18	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018b)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	0.160(27)(40)	
$\langle x \rangle_{s+}$	ETMC 20	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2020b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	0.052(12)	0.037(3)
	χ QCD 18	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018b)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	0.051(26)(5)	
$\langle x \rangle_g$	ETMC 20	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2020b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	0.427(92)	0.411(8)
	χ QCD 18	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018b)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	0.482(69)(48)	
	χ QCD 18a	(Yang <i>et al.</i> , 2018a)	2+1	■	★	★	★	■	0.47(4)(11)	

** No quenching effects are seen.

Moments of PDFs

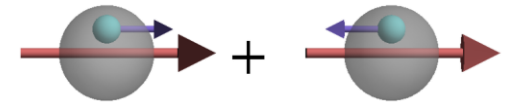
§ PDG-like rating system or average

§ LatticePDF Workshop

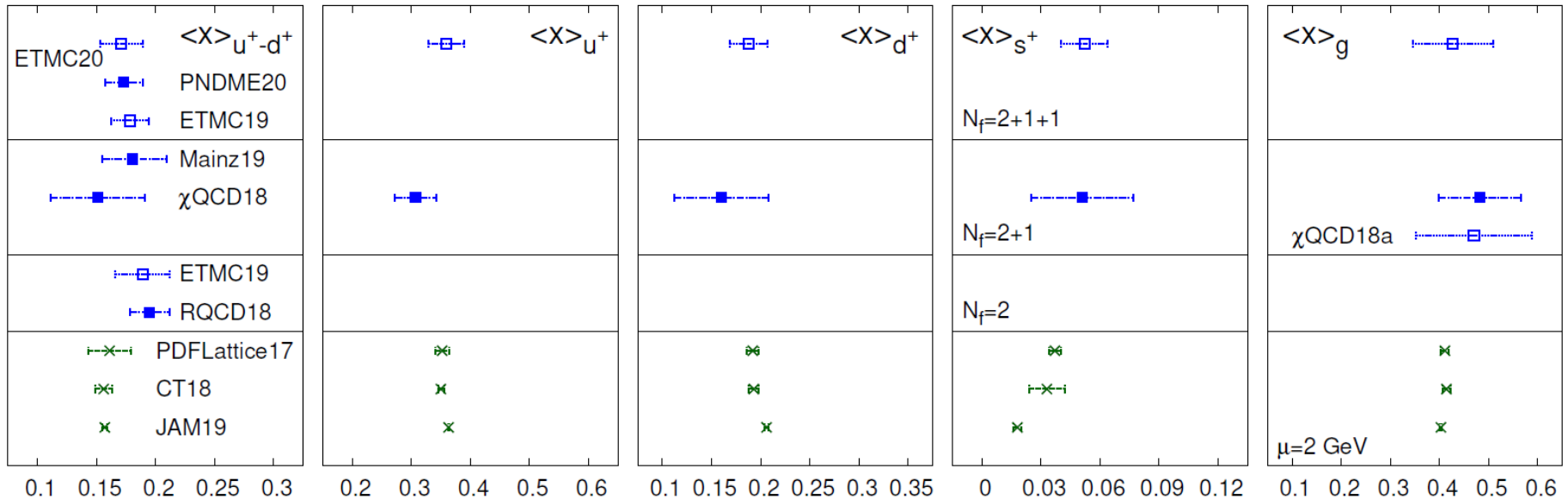
↻ Lattice representatives came together and devised a rating system

§ Lattice QCD/global fit status

$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_q = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} q(x)$$



LatticePDF Report, 1711.07916, 2006.08636



Moments of PDFs

§ PDG-like rating system or average

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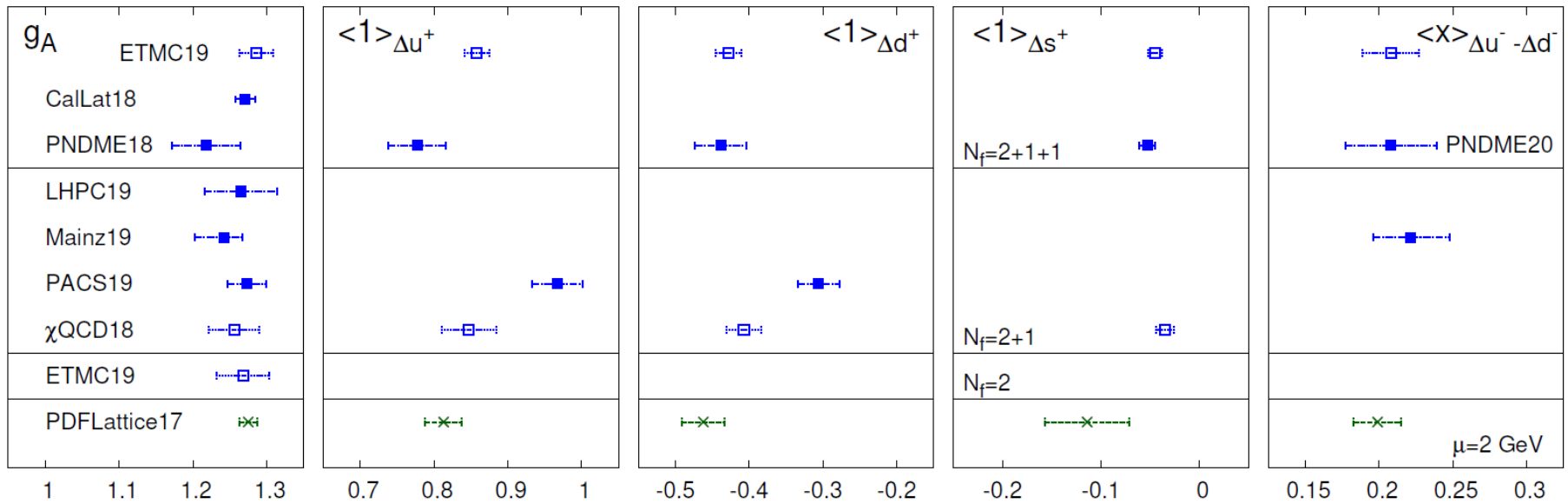
↻ Lattice representatives came together and devised a rating system

§ Recent lattice QCD/global fit status

$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_{\Delta q} = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} \Delta q(x)$$



LatticePDF Report, 1711.07916,2006.08636



Moments of PDFs

§ PDG-like rating system or average

§ LatticePDF Workshop

↻ Lattice representatives came together and devised a rating system

§ Lattice QCD/global fit status

$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_{\delta q} = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} \delta q(x)$$



LatticePDF Report, 1711.07916, 2006.08636

Moment	Collaboration	Reference	N_f	DE	CE	FV	RE	ES	Value	Global Fit	
g_T	ETMC 19	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	**	0.926(32)	0.10 — 1.1
	PNDME 18	(Gupta <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1+1	★	★	★	★	★	*	0.989(32)(10)	
	χ QCD 20	(Horkel <i>et al.</i> , 2020)	2+1	■	★	○	★	★	†	1.096(30)	
	LHPC 19	(Hasan <i>et al.</i> , 2019)	2+1	○	★	○	★	★	*	0.972(41)	
	Mainz 19	(Harris <i>et al.</i> , 2019)	2+1	★	○	★	★	★		0.965(38)($^{+13}_{-41}$)	
	JLQCD 18	(Yamanaka <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1	■	○	○	★	★		1.08(3)(3)(9)	
	ETMC 19	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2	■	★	○	★	★	**	0.974(33)	
	ETMC 17	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2017d)	2	■	★	■	★	★		1.004(21)(02)(19)	
RQCD 14	(Bali <i>et al.</i> , 2015)	2	○	★	★	★	■		1.005(17)(29)		
$\langle 1 \rangle_{\delta u^-}$	ETMC 19	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	**	0.716(28)	-0.14 — 0.91
	PNDME 18	(Gupta <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1+1	★	★	★	★	★	*	0.784(28)(10)	
	JLQCD 18	(Yamanaka <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1	■	○	○	★	★		0.85(3)(2)(7)	
	ETMC 17	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2017d)	2	■	★	■	★	★		0.782(16)(2)(13)	
$\langle 1 \rangle_{\delta d^-}$	ETMC 19	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	**	-0.210(11)	-0.97 — 0.47
	PNDME 18	(Gupta <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1+1	★	★	★	★	★	*	-0.204(11)(10)	
	JLQCD 18	(Yamanaka <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1	■	○	○	★	★		-0.24(2)(0)(2)	
	ETMC 17	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2017d)	2	■	★	■	★	★		-0.219(10)(2)(13)	
$\langle 1 \rangle_{\delta s^-}$	ETMC 19	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2019b)	2+1+1	■	★	○	★	★	**	-0.0027(58)	N/A
	PNDME 18	(Gupta <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1+1	★	★	★	★	★	*	-0.0027(16)	
	JLQCD 18	(Yamanaka <i>et al.</i> , 2018)	2+1	■	○	○	★	★		-0.012(16)(8)	
	ETMC 17	(Alexandrou <i>et al.</i> , 2017d)	2	■	★	■	★	★		-0.00319(69)(2)(22)	

Moments of PDFs

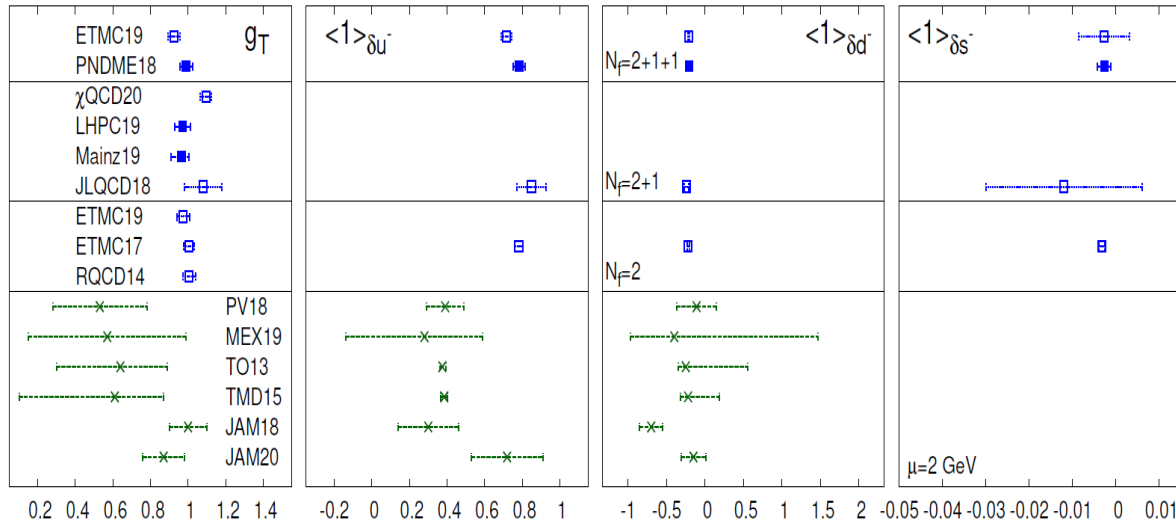
§ PDG-like rating system or average

§ LatticePDF Workshop

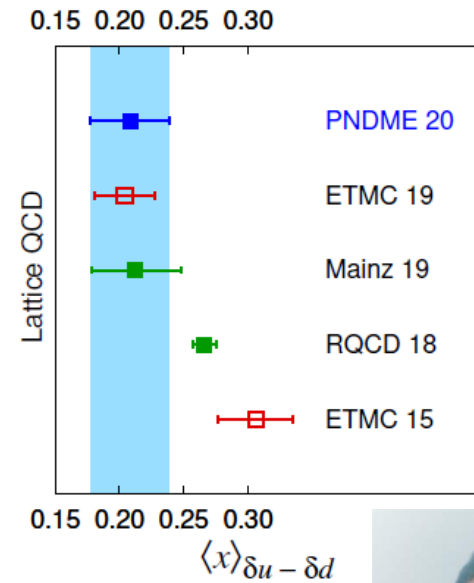
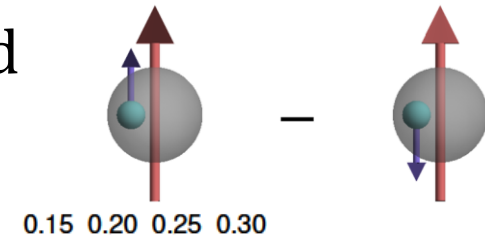
↻ Lattice representatives came together and devised a rating system

§ Recent lattice QCD/global fit status

LatticePDF Report, 1711.07916, 2006.08636



$$\langle x^{n-1} \rangle_{\delta q} = \int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} \delta q(x)$$



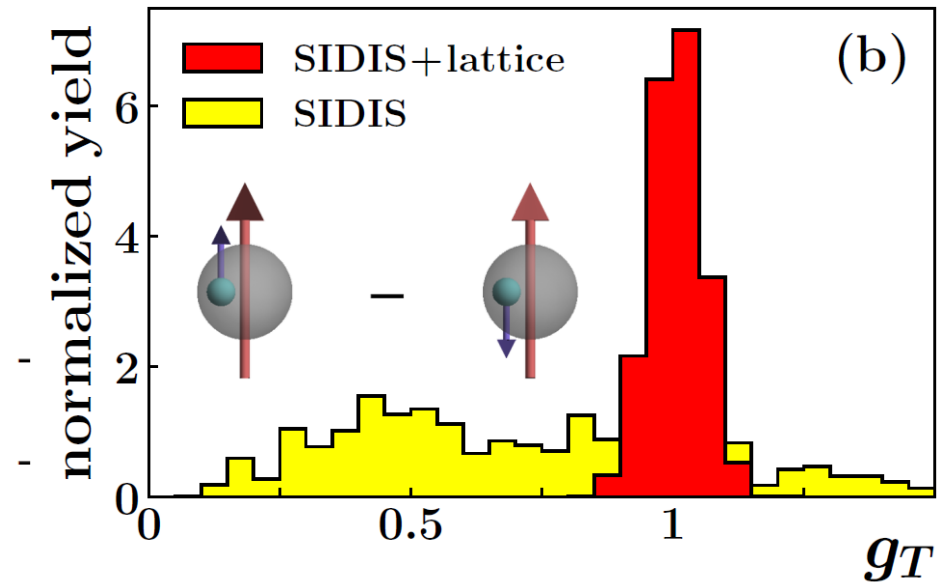
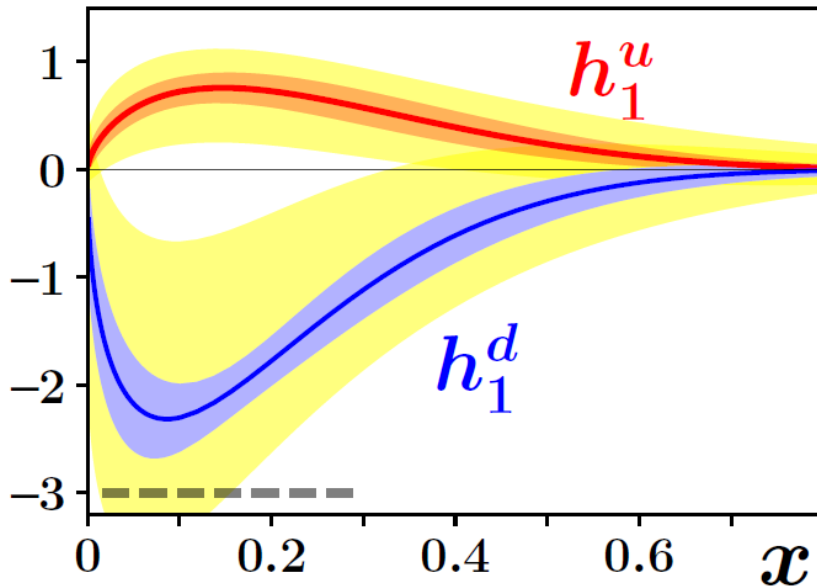
S. Mondal et al
2005.13779



From Charges to PDFs

§ Improved transversity distribution with LQCD g_T

- ↻ Global analysis with 12 extrapolation forms: $g_T = 1.006(58)$
- ↻ Use to constrain the global-analysis fits to SIDIS π^\pm production data from proton and deuteron targets

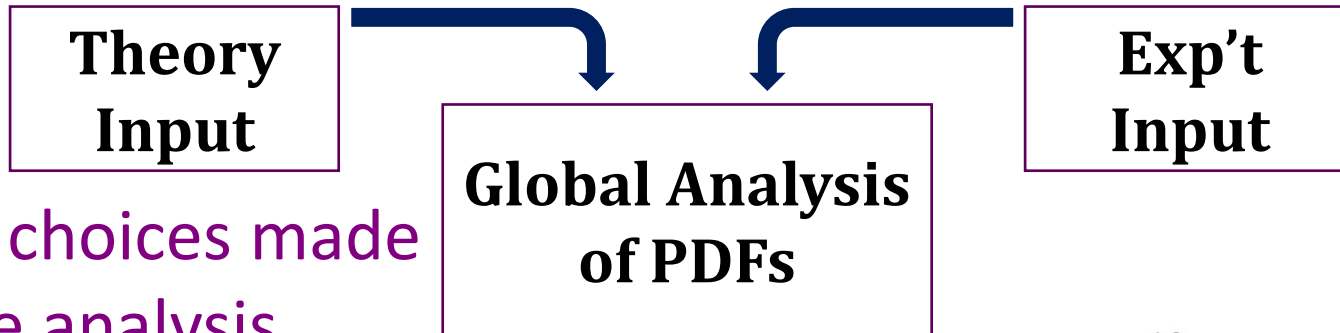


Lin, Melnitchouk, Prokudin, Sato, 1710.09858, Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 152502 (2018)

Global Analysis

§ Experiments cover diverse kinematics of parton variables

∞ Global analysis takes advantage of all data sets



§ Some choices made for the analysis

∞ Choice of data sets and kinematic cuts

∞ Strong coupling constant $\alpha_s(M_Z)$

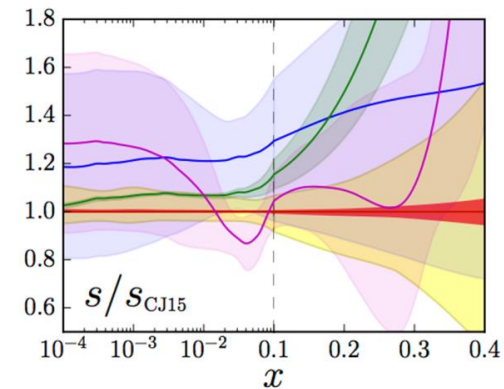
∞ How to parametrize the distribution

$$xf(x, \mu_0) = a_0 x^{a_1} (1-x)^{a_2} P(x)$$

∞ Assumptions imposed

SU(3) flavor symmetry, charge symmetry, strange and sea distributions

$$s = \bar{s} = \kappa(\bar{u} + \bar{d})$$



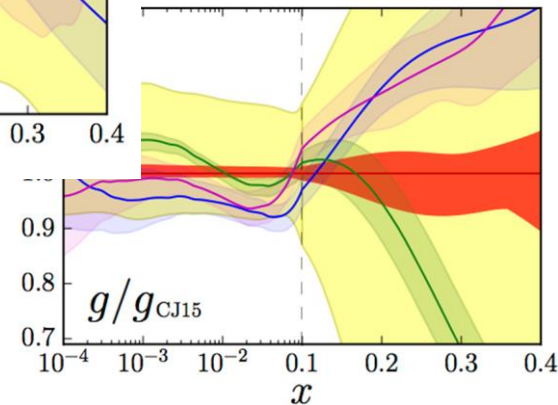
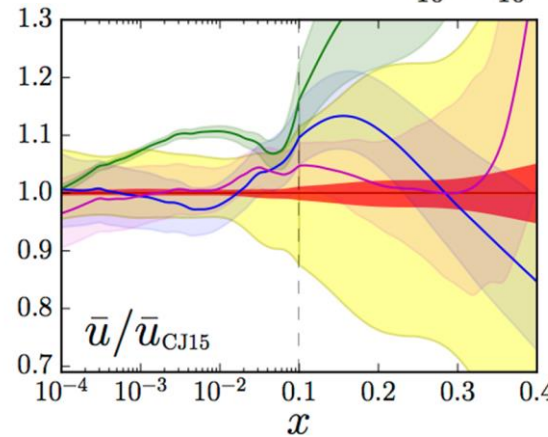
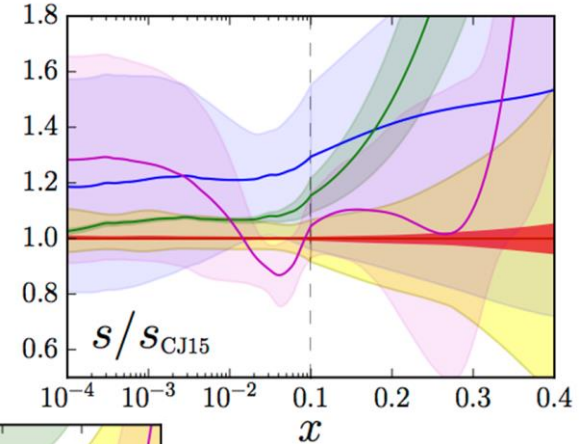
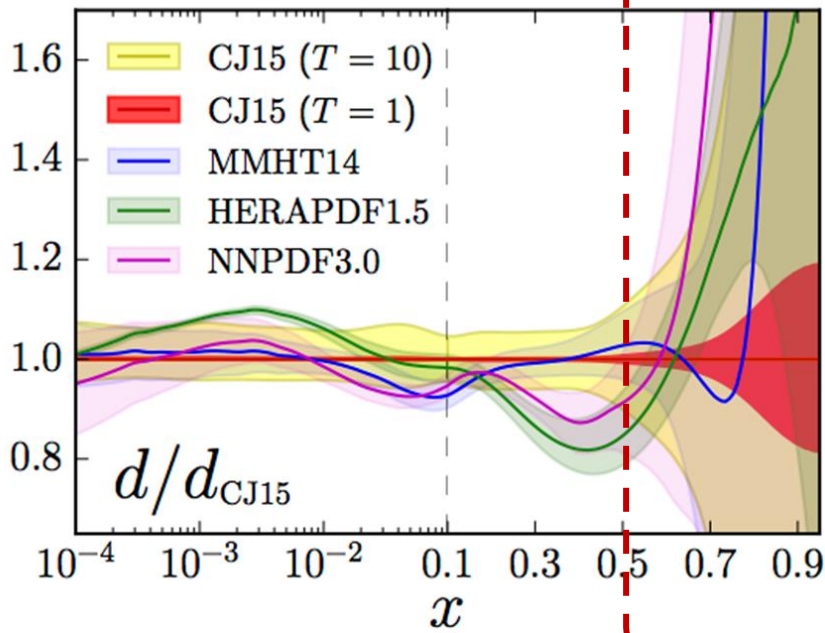
[CTEQ-JLAB](#)

Global Analysis

§ Discrepancies appear when data is scarce

§ Many groups have tackled the analysis

↻ CTEQ, MSTW, ABM, JR, NNPDF, etc.



CTEQ-JLAB

<https://www.jlab.org/theory/cj/>