

# GPD through Universal Moment Parameterization (GUMP)

— Global DVCS analysis with quark GPDs

Yuxun Guo

University of Maryland, College Park

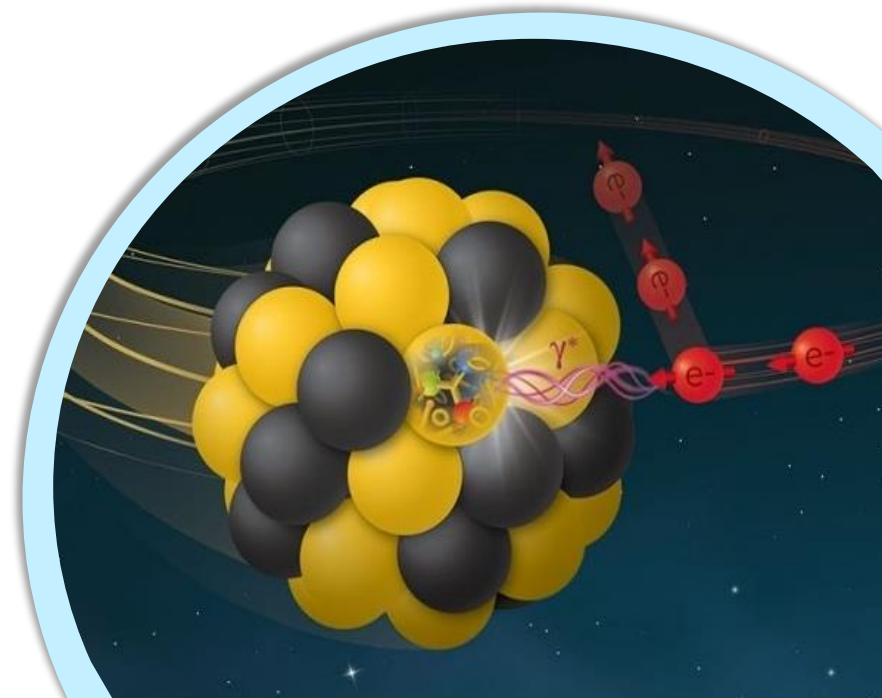
10<sup>th</sup> workshop of APS GHP

Apr. 12th, 2023



# Outline

- » Intro: GPD global analysis and GUMP
- » Experimental and lattice inputs
- » Extracted quantities: CFFs and GPDs
- » Summary and outlook



# General strategy of GPD global analysis



Parameterization of GPDs

Compute GPD observables

Inputs (constraints) on GPDs

Compare and iterate

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❑ More GPDs species

$$\langle \bar{\psi} \not{n} \psi \rangle \sim \bar{u}(P', S') \left[ \not{n} H(x, \xi, t) + \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} n_\mu \Delta_\nu}{2M} E(x, \xi, t) \right] u(P, S)$$

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❑ Mixed in the amplitude

$$F_{UU} \propto 4 \left[ (1 - \xi^2) \left( \mathcal{H}^* \mathcal{H} + \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{H}} \right) - \frac{t}{4M^2} \left( \mathcal{E}^* \mathcal{E} + \xi^2 \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) - \xi^2 \left( \mathcal{E}^* \mathcal{E} + (\mathcal{E}^* \mathcal{H} + \mathcal{H}^* \mathcal{E}) + (\tilde{\mathcal{E}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{H}} + \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}}) \right) \right],$$

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The conformal moment parameterization of GPD is helpful

$$F(x, \xi, t) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j p_j(x, \xi) \mathcal{F}_j(\xi, t)$$

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## Advantages:

- Polynomiality condition:  $\int_{-1}^1 dx x^{n-1} F(x, \xi, t) = \sum_{k=0, \text{even}}^n \xi^k F_{n,k}(t)$ 
  - In moment space, you get this almost for free.

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Experiments

Lattice

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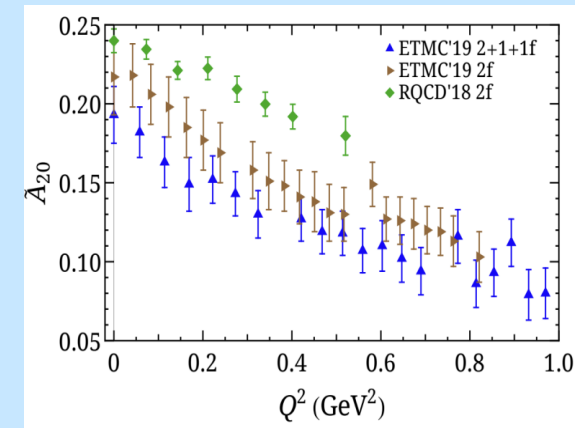
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*M. Constantinou et. al. Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 121 103908 (2021)*

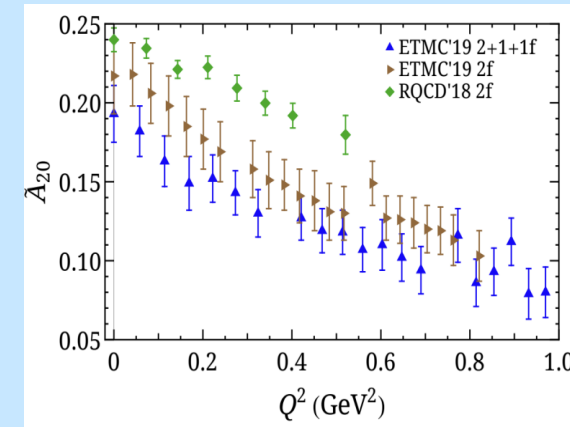
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- Lattice form factors and GPDs from a single group.

*C. Alexandrou et. al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 26, 262001 (2020)*  
*C. Alexandrou et. al. PoS LATTICE2021 250 (2022)*

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Even so, the GPDs are still far from being fully determined!

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Ansatz for GPDs: 
$$\mathcal{F}_{j,k}(t) = N_k B(j+1 - \alpha_{i,k}, 1 + \beta_k) \frac{j+1 - k - \alpha_k}{j+1 - k - \alpha_k(t)} \beta(t)$$

K. Kumerički and D. Mueller Nucl. Phys. B 841 1-58 (2010)

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Empirical constraints:

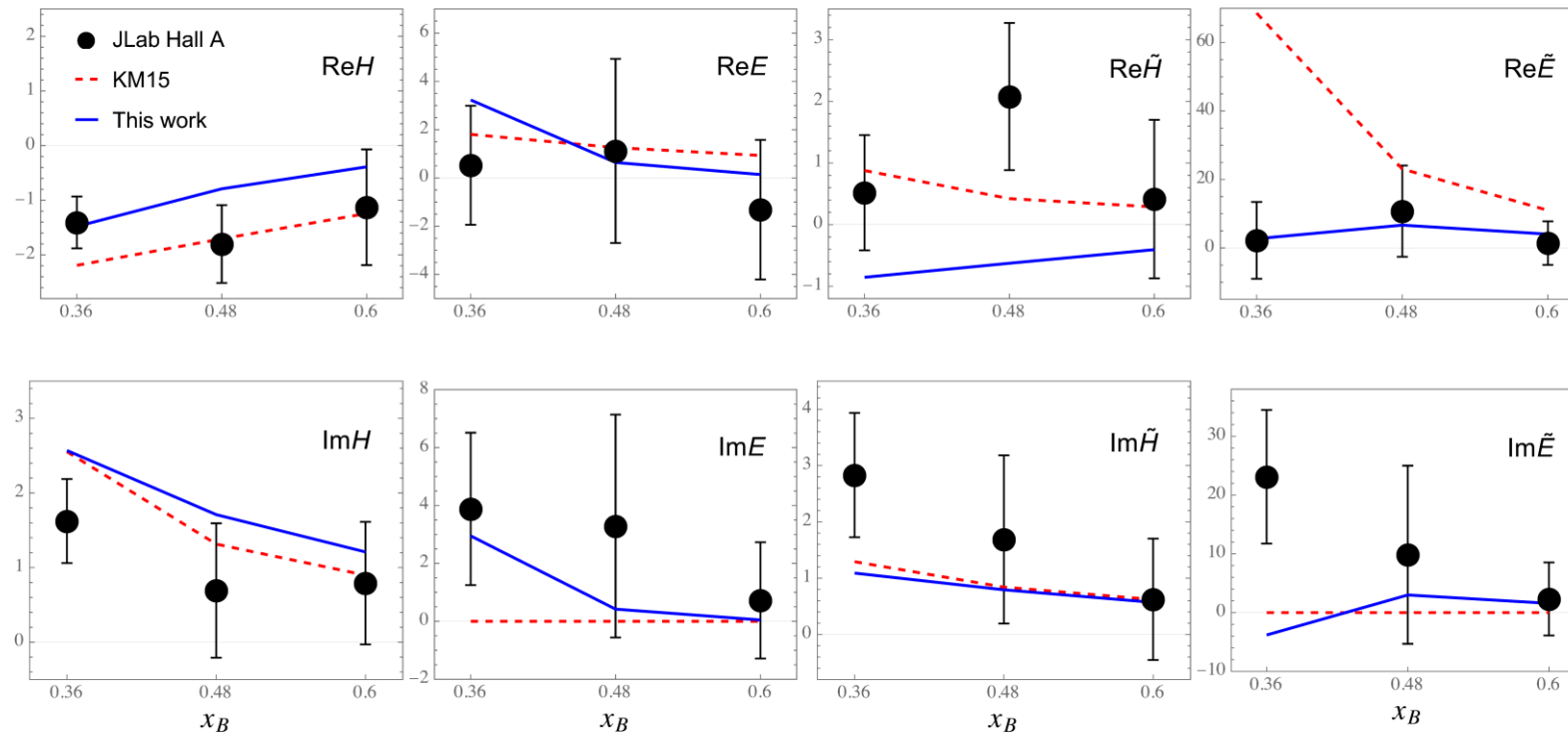
GPDs species and flavors	Fully parameterized	GPDs linked to	Proportional constants
$H_{u_V}$ and $\tilde{H}_{u_V}$	✓	-	-
$E_{u_V}$ and $\tilde{E}_{u_V}$	✓	-	-
$H_{d_V}$ and $\tilde{H}_{d_V}$	✓	-	-
$E_{d_V}$ and $\tilde{E}_{d_V}$	✗	$E_{u_V}$ and $\tilde{E}_{u_V}$	$R_{d_V}^{E/\tilde{E}}$
$H_{\bar{u}}$ and $\tilde{H}_{\bar{u}}$	✓	-	-
$E_{\bar{u}}$ and $\tilde{E}_{\bar{u}}$	✗	$H_{\bar{u}}$ and $\tilde{H}_{\bar{u}}$	$R_{\text{sca}}^{E/\tilde{E}}$
$H_{\bar{d}}$ and $\tilde{H}_{\bar{d}}$	✓	-	-
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**Table 1:** A summary of how each GPDs with different species and flavors are parameterized respectively. Fully parameterized GPDs are expressed in terms of eq. (2.6), whereas the other GPDs are linked to the fully parameterized GPDs with proportional constants.

# Extracted CFFs and GPDs

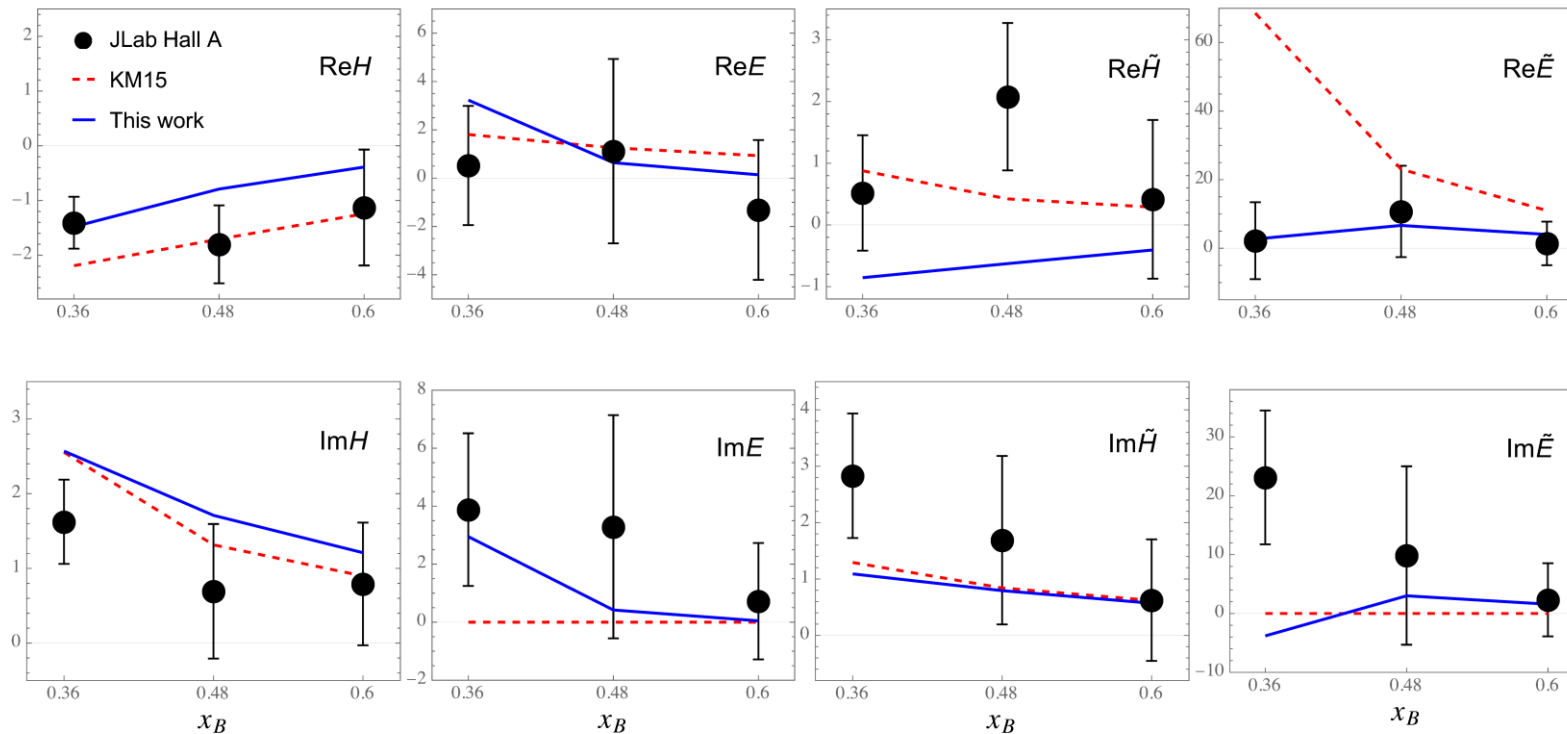
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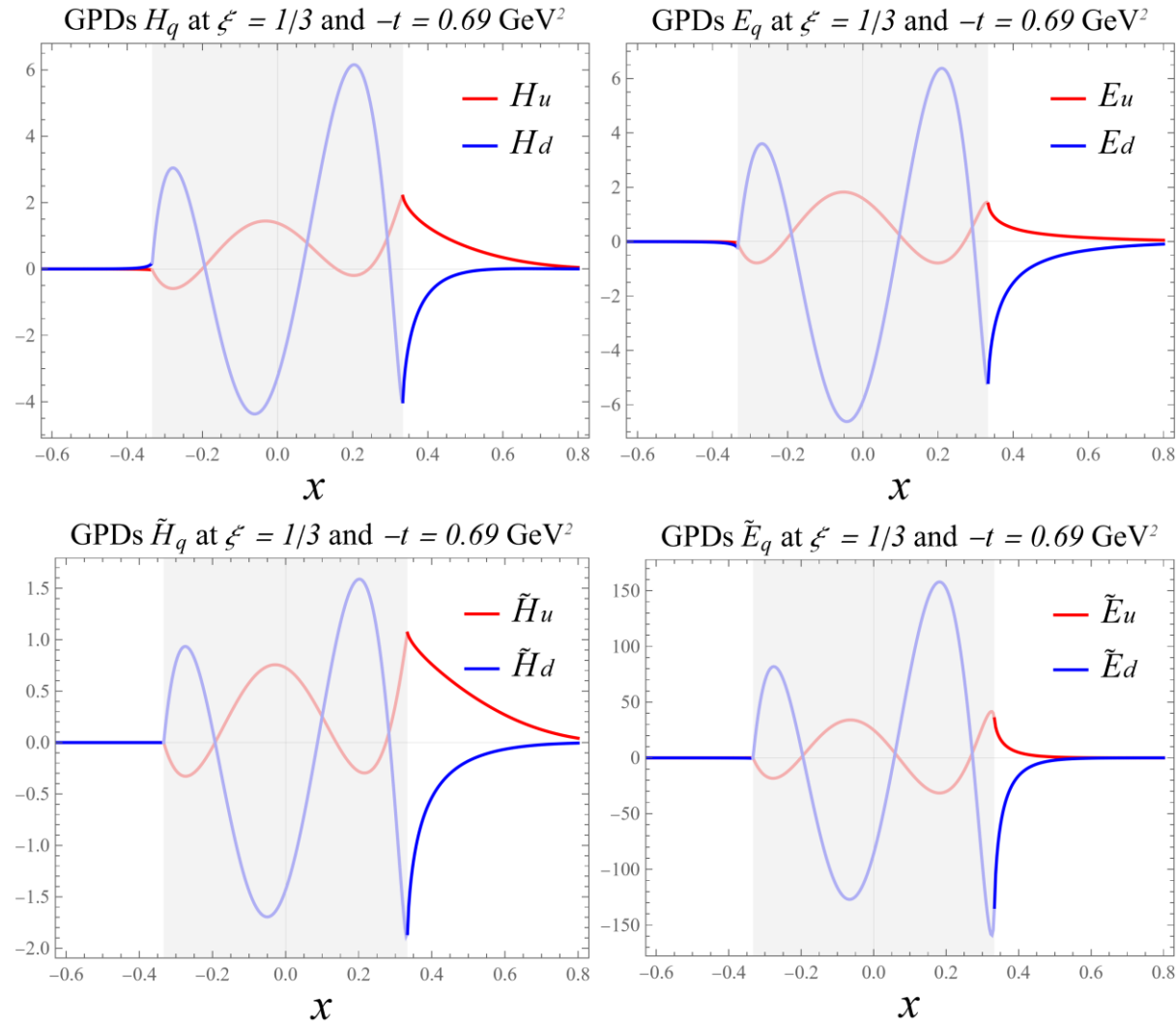
Y. Guo et. al. [2302.07279]



There are degeneracy in CFFs themselves

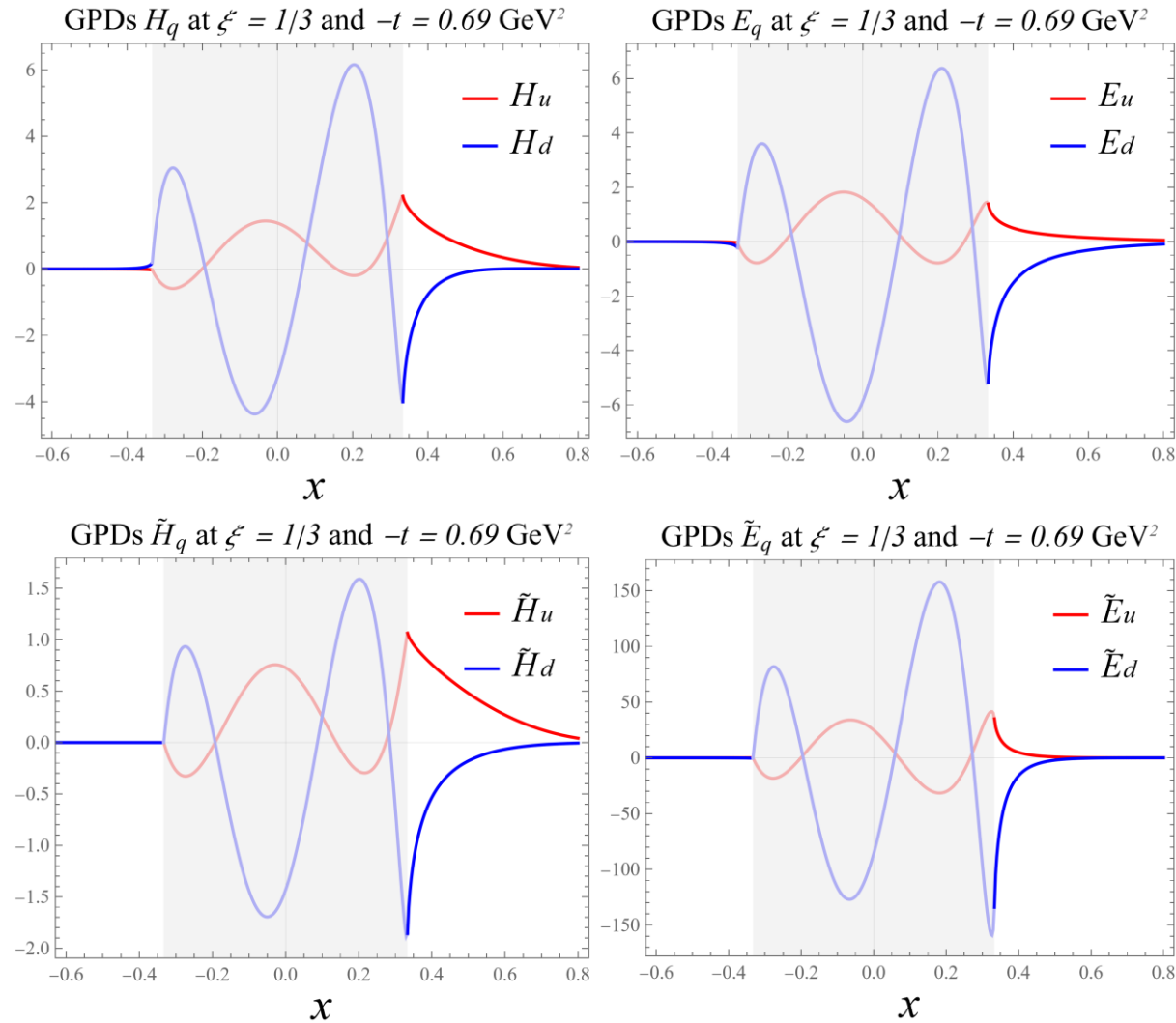
– quadratic equations have multiple solutions K. Shiells et. al. JHEP 08 048(2022)

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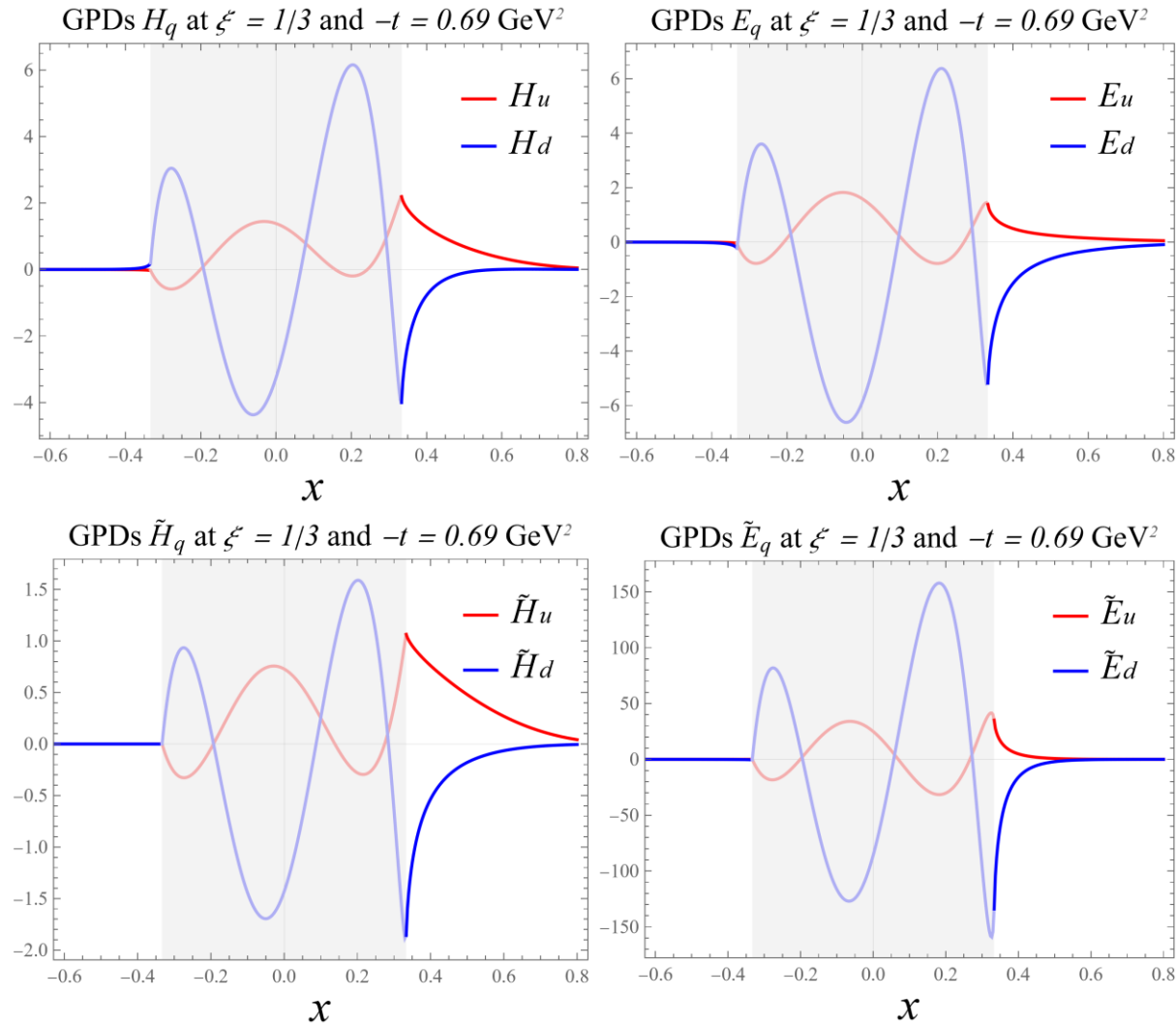


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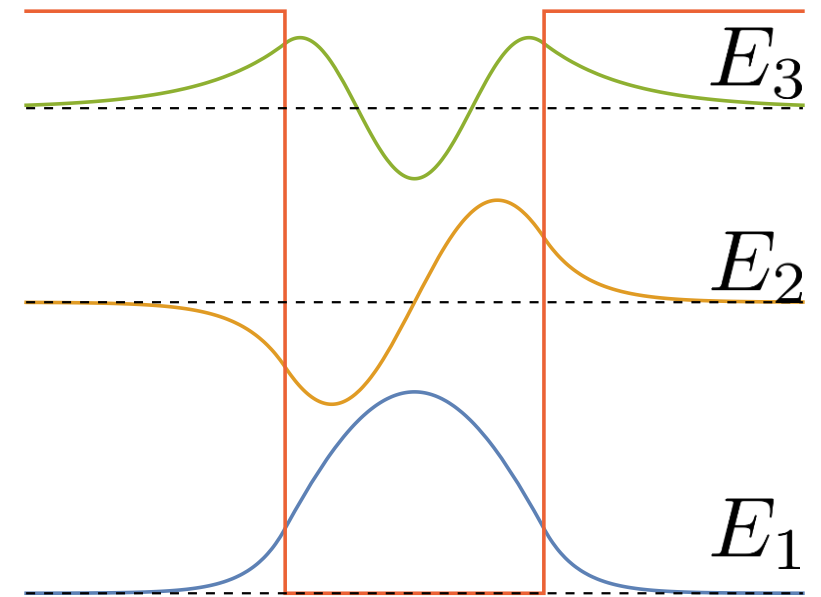


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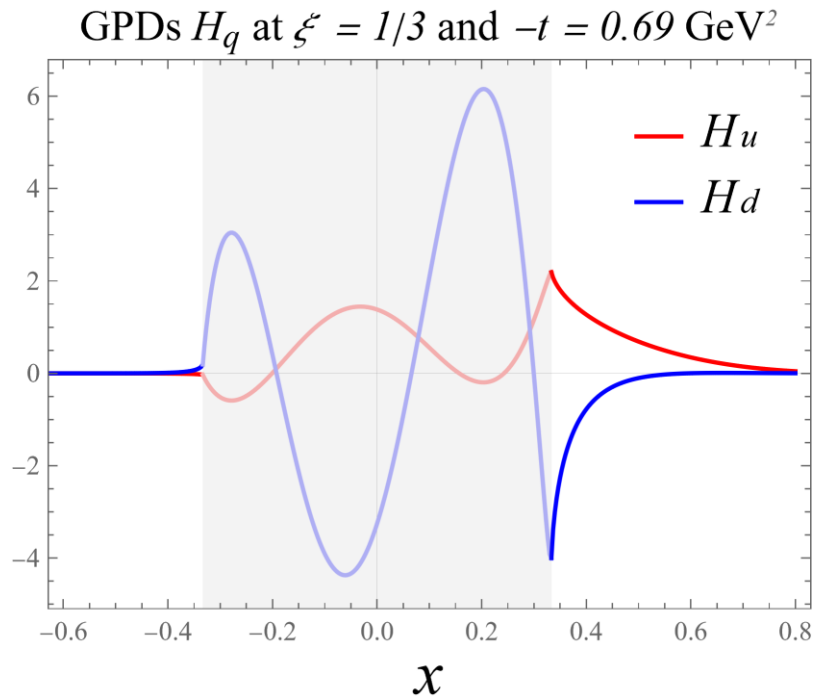
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There ARE extra terms you can play with to modify the shape of GPDs.

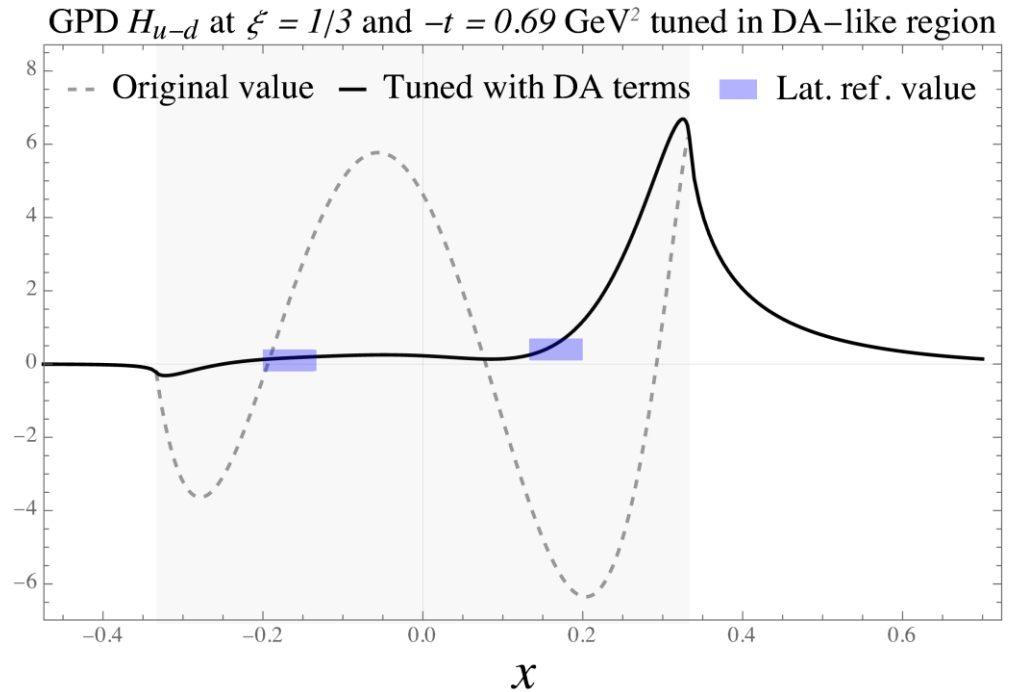
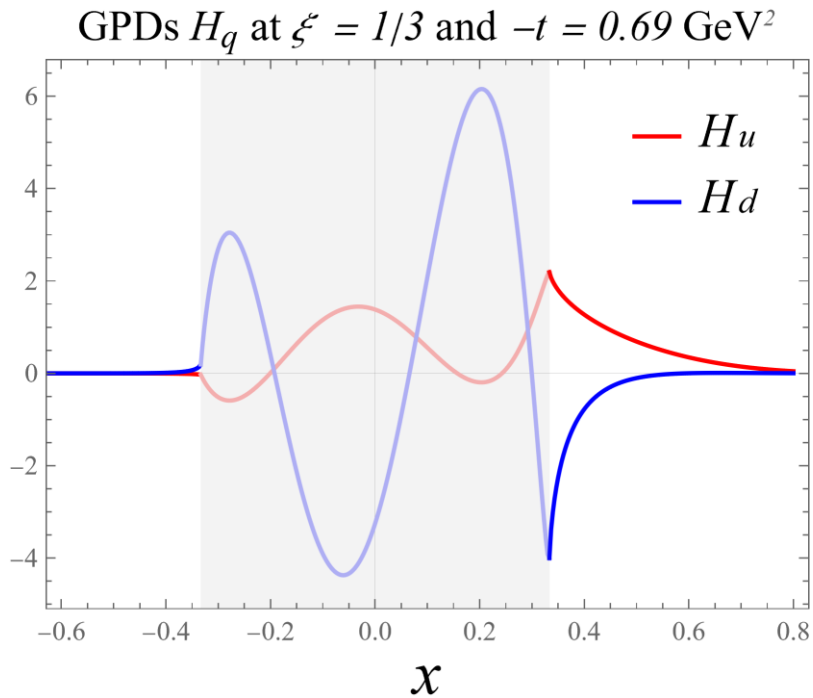
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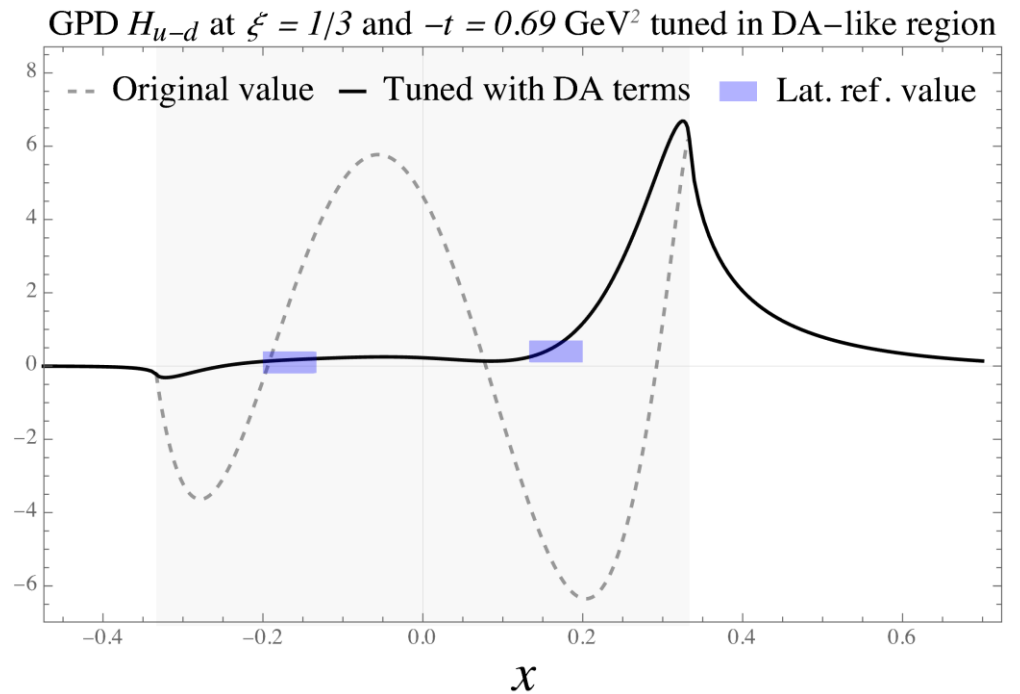
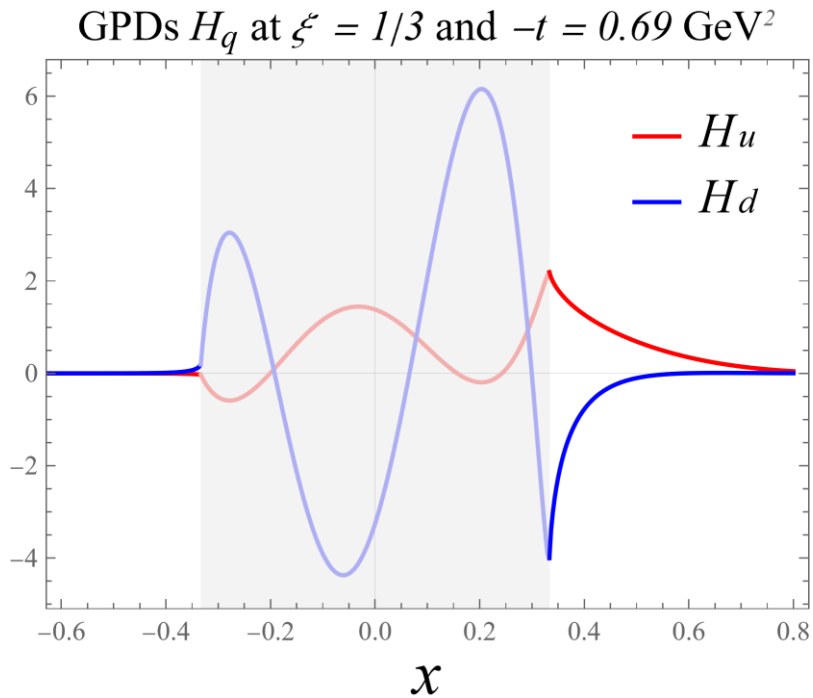
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Extra inputs crucial to determine the shape of GPDs in the middle regions.

# Challenge of GPD extraction

ERBL

$$x = \xi$$

DGLAP



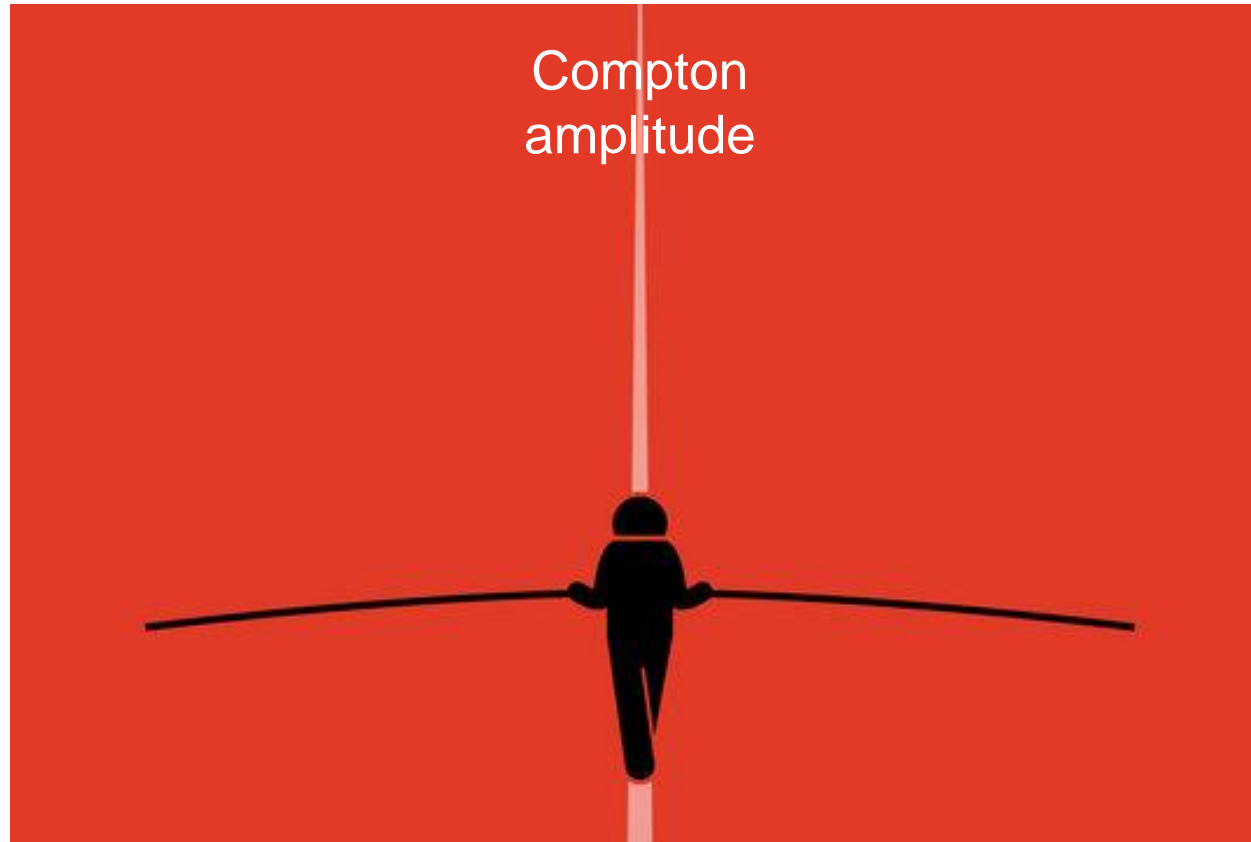


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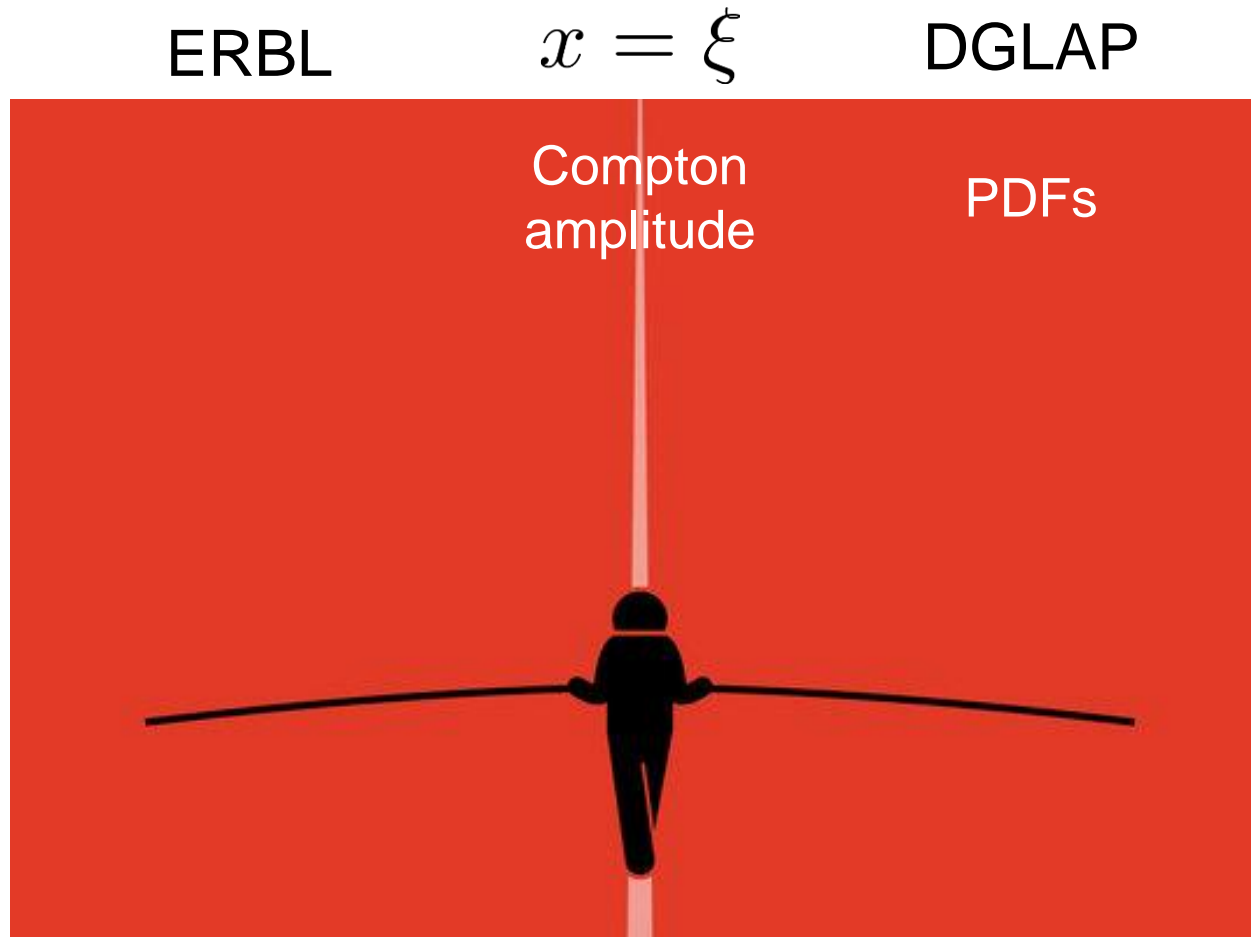
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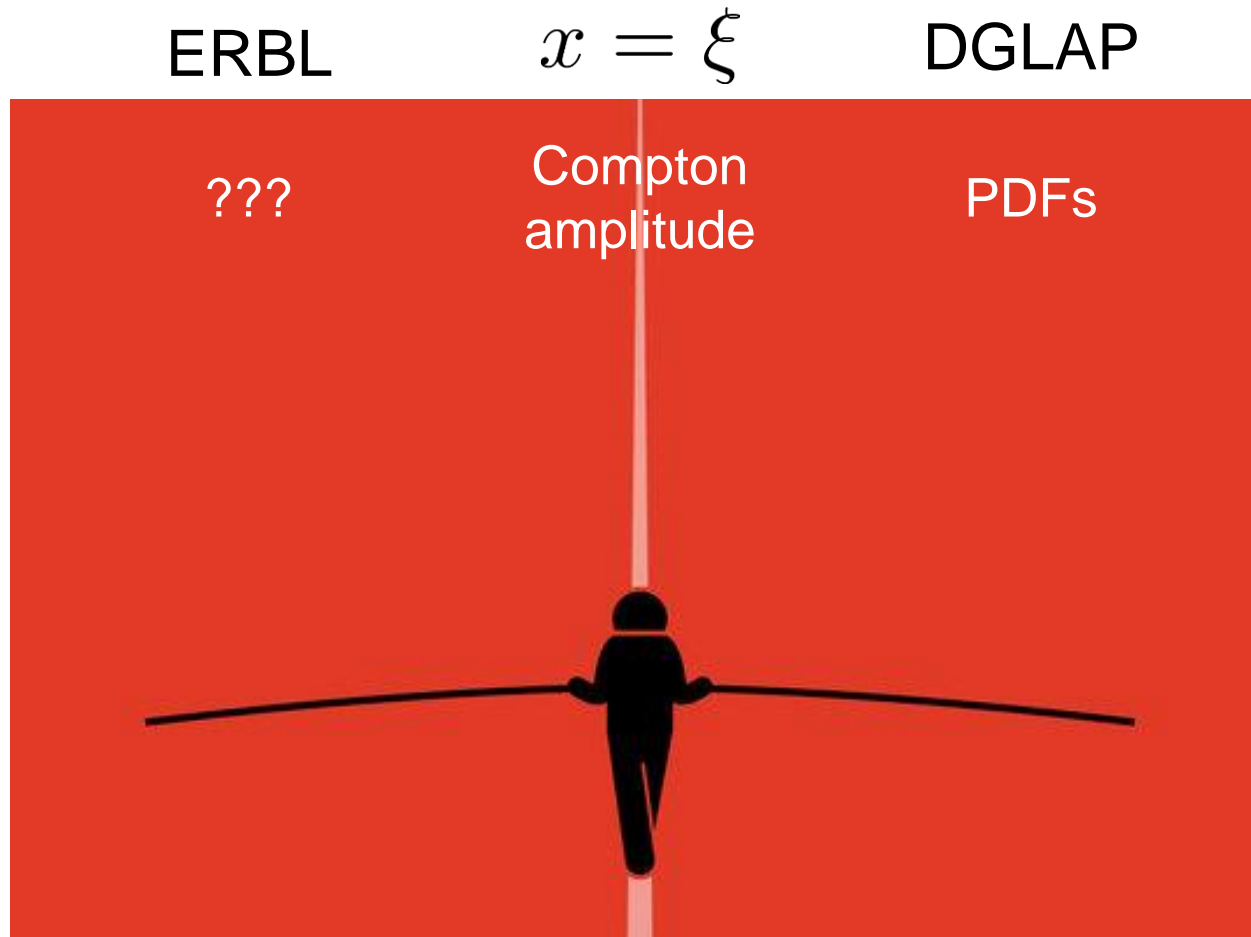
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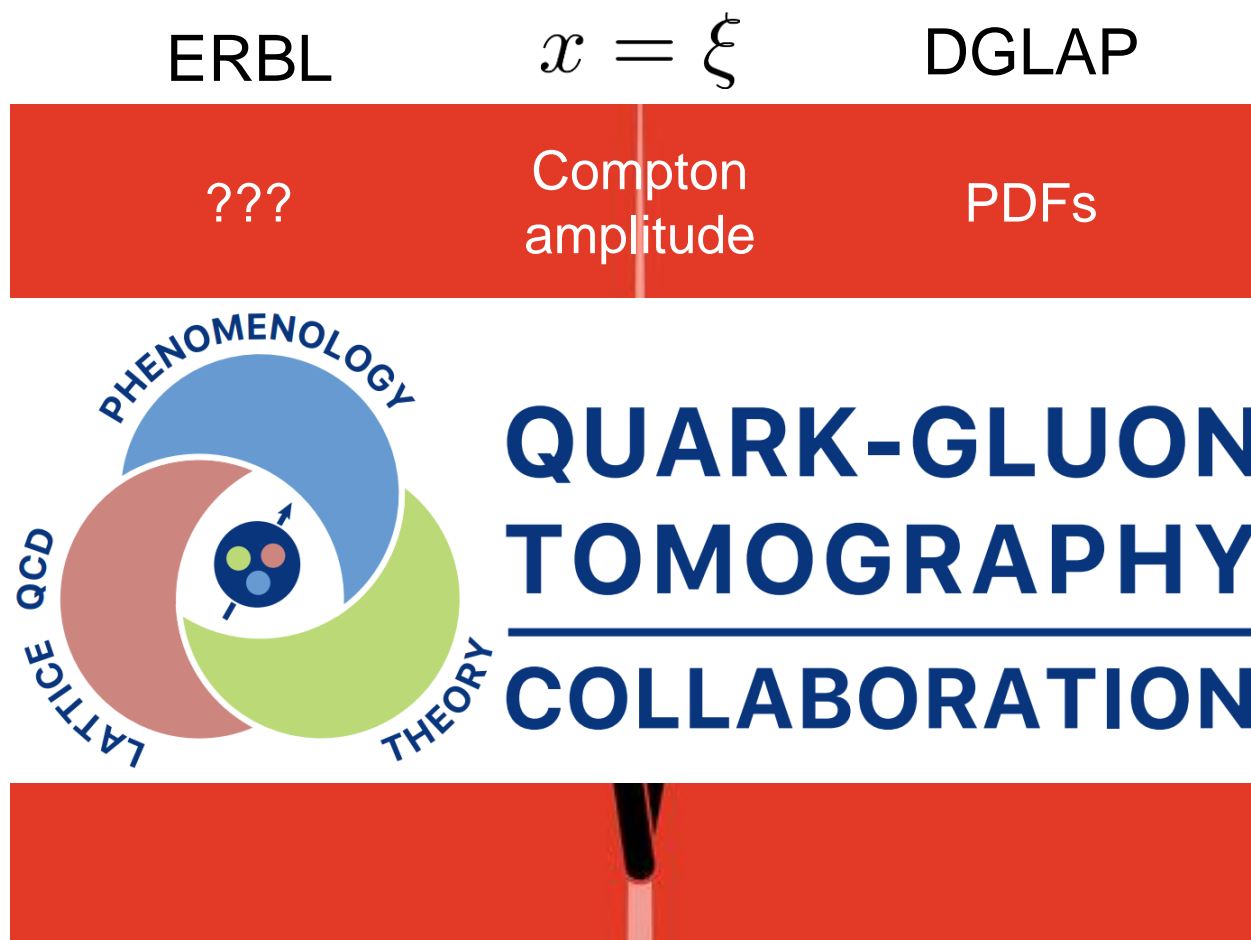
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# Summary and outlook

## Summary

- ▀ GPDs reveals the nucleon 3D structures including mass and spin.
- ▀ Inputs from both experiment and lattice are necessary for determination of GPDs
- ▀ Global analysis program by parameterization moments of GPDs.

## Outlook

- ∇ Global fitting with more data inputs (Hopefully all existing data)
- ∇ Extend to other processes that can probe GPDs
- ∇ Higher order corrections and more quark flavor

**Thank you!**