Measurement of the transverse single spin asymmetry for forward neutron production in a wide transverse momentum range

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Transverse single spin asymmetry (A_N)



- In the polarized p+p collision, the A_N is defined by a left-right cross section asymmetry
 of a specific particle or event.
- The RHICf experiment measured the A_N of the forward neutron produced in $\eta > 6$ and $p_T < 1$ GeV/c.
- A_N of the forward particle is especially important to study the particle production mechanism in the regime where the pQCD is not applicable.

A_N for forward neutron production



- Non-zero A_N for forward neutron production was first observed by the IP12 experiment at RHIC. Y. Fukao et al., PLB 650 (2007) 325
- Afterwards, the PHENIX measured the neutron A_N as a function of p_T with three different collision energies.
- The measurement results showed a possible p_T dependence of the neutron A_N .

Theoretical model



- Neutron A_N was explained by an interference between the spin flip and spin non-flip exchange leading to non-zero phase shift.
- The π and a_1 exchange model showed that the neutron A_N increased in magnitude with increasing p_T with little \sqrt{s} dependence.

Unfolded neutron A_N at PHENIX

PHENIX, PRD 105 (2022) 032004



- Recently, p_T dependence of the PHENIX neutron A_N at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV was obtained by unfolding the data.
- The unfolded data showed the same tendency with the model calculations.

Neutron A_N measurement at RHICf



- RHICf the experiment has extended the previous measurements up to 1 GeV/c to study the kinematic dependence of the neutron A_N in more detail.
- We used a detector with one order of better position resolution (1 cm \rightarrow 1 mm).
- We can also study the \sqrt{s} dependence of the neutron A_N by comparing the RHICf data with that of the PHENIX.

RHIC forward (RHICf) experiment

STAR detector



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Neutron measurement



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Neutron photon separation



Photon contamination



Charged hadron contamination

Side view



Charged hadron contamination

Side view



Charged hadron contamination

Side view



Neutron A_N as a function of p_T



• RHICf data is consistent with the PHENIX one.

- In $x_F > 0.46$, the A_N increases in magnitude with p_T as the model predicted.
- In $x_F < 0.46$, the AN reaches a plateau.

Neutron A_N as a function of x_F



- In $p_T < 0.25$ GeV/c, the A_N s are flat showing no x_F dependence which is consistent with the PHENIX data.
- In $p_T > 0.25$ GeV/c, the A_N s show a clear x_F dependence.
- The π and a₁ exchange model reproduces only part of the RHICf data.
 → More comprehensive (absorptive correction, other reggeon exchange) theoretical considerations are necessary to explain the present results.

Summary

- The RHICf experiment measured the A_N for forward neutron production in a wide p_T range of $0 < p_T < 1$ GeV/c in polarized p+p collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 510$ GeV.
- There is no \sqrt{s} dependence in the neutron A_N .
- In $x_F > 0.46$, the neutron A_N increases in magnitude with p_T as the model predicted.
- A clear x_F dependence was observed in $p_T > 0.25$ GeV/c.
- More comprehensive theoretical considerations are necessary to understand the present results.

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