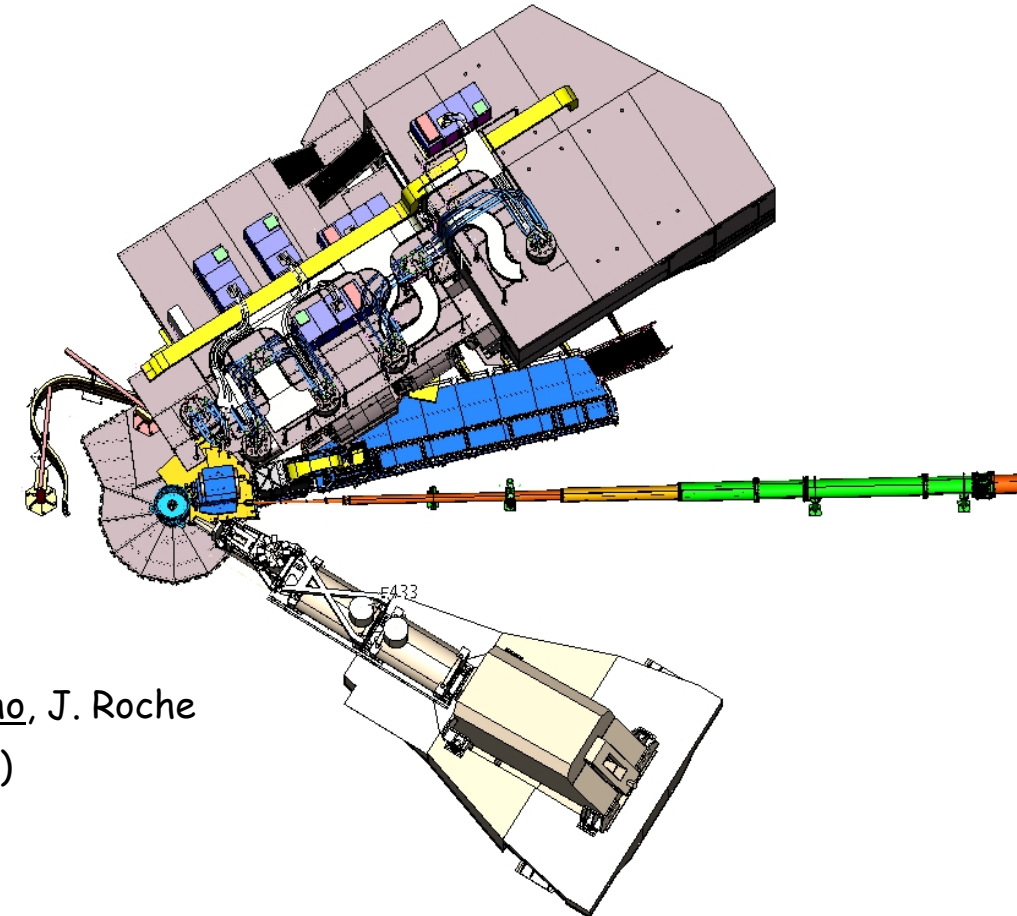


PR12-22-006:

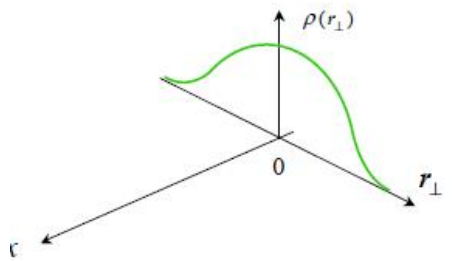
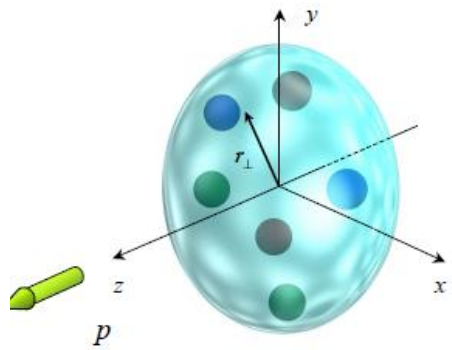
Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering off the neutron with the Neutral Particle Spectrometer in Hall C



C. Hyde, M. Mazouz, C. Muñoz Camacho, J. Roche
(for the NPS Collaboration)

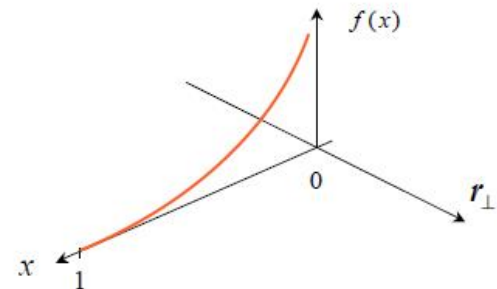
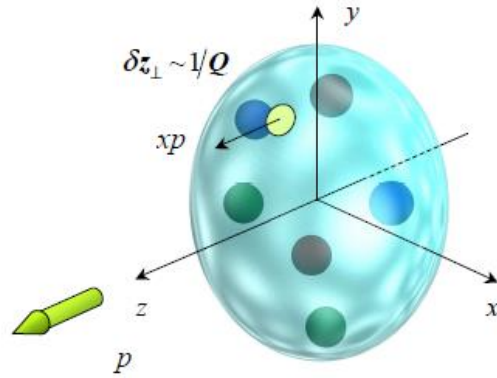
PAC 50 (July 11-14, 2022)

Elastic scattering



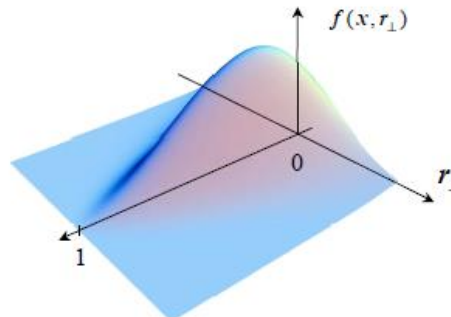
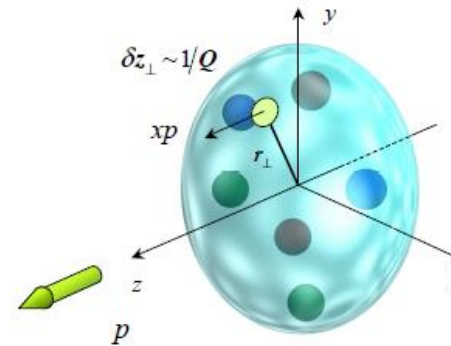
Form factors

Deeply Inelastic Scattering



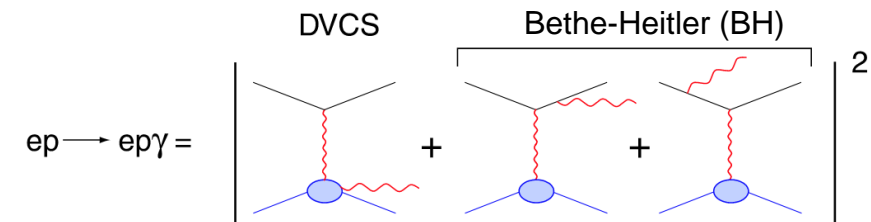
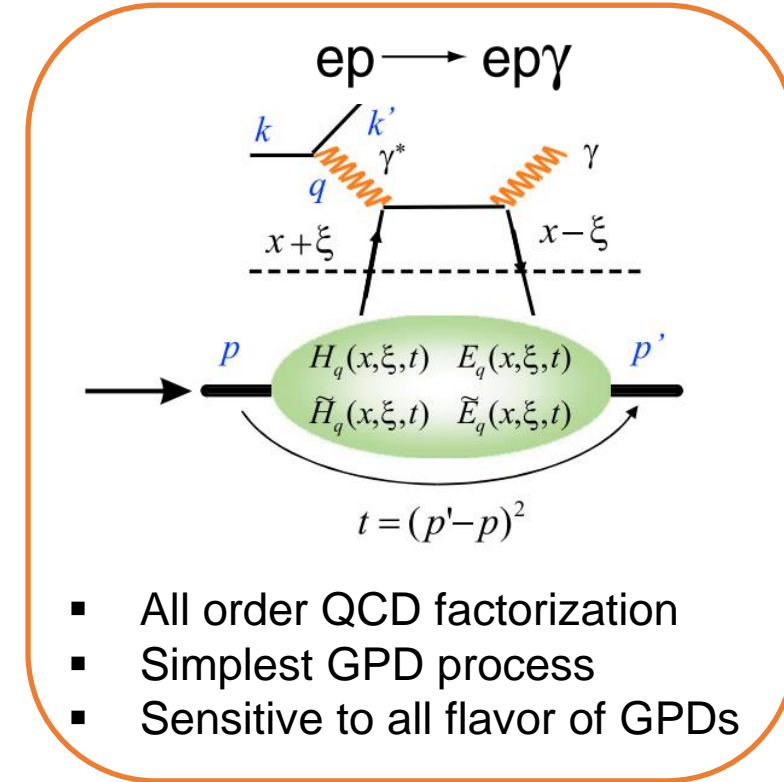
Parton distributions

Hard exclusive processes



Generalized Parton
 Distributions (GPDs)

Golden channel



- Neutron DVCS (nDVCS) is the best and necessary reaction to probe flavor dependence of GPDs
- Accurate cross section measurements are needed for high sensitivity results
- Extensive program of DVCS measurements on proton targets approved at JLab12
- No experiment yet proposed to measure the nDVCS cross sections at JLab12

(only 2 experiments for BSA in Hall B)
- 12 GeV kinematics and the high resolution of the NPS system offer several advantages over pioneer measurements at 6 GeV:
 - Better separation of nDVCS from coherent DVCS off deuteron, due to the larger values of momentum transfer t
 - Natural suppression of coherent DVCS off deuteron (sharp drop of d form factor)
 - Higher energy resolution of NPS wrt previous measurements using an PbF_2 calorimeter

Measurement of the $e N \rightarrow e' \gamma X$ reaction ($N=p,n,d$) using an LD2 target in Hall C

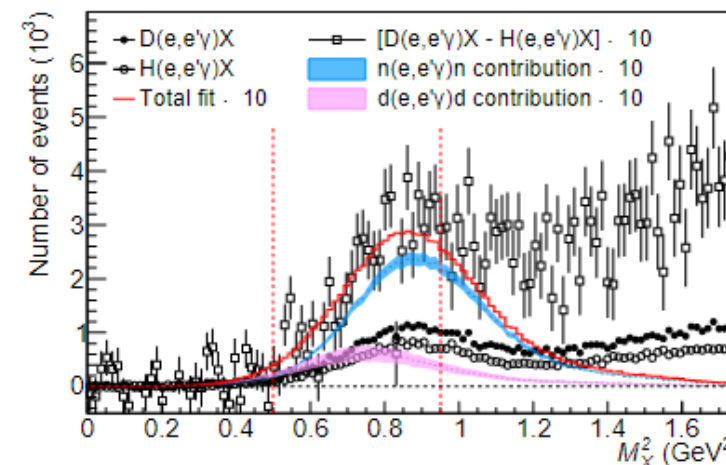
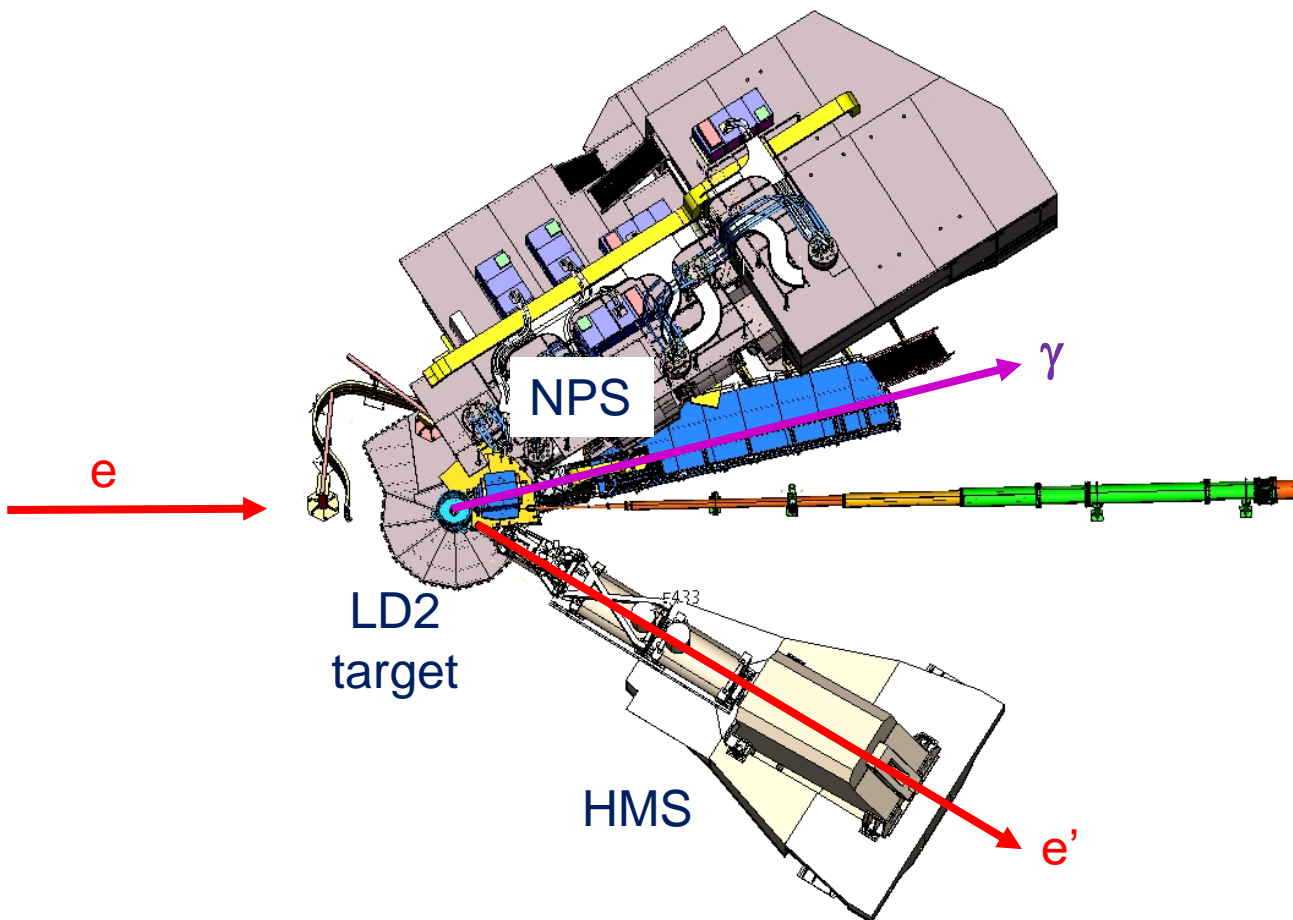
Analysis technique (impulse approximation):

$$D(e, e' \gamma) X = \underbrace{d(e, e' \gamma) d + n(e, e' \gamma) n}_{\text{Separated by missing mass}} + \boxed{p(e, e' \gamma) p}$$

Separated by missing mass

 ($\Delta M_X^2 = t(1 - M_N/M_d) \approx t/2$)

Subtracted using interleaved data on LH2 (approved experiment E12-13-010)

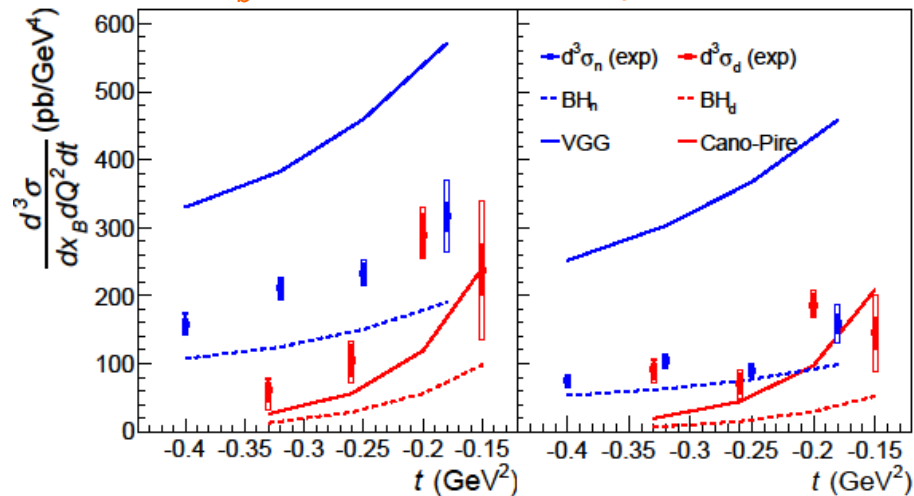


Results from 6 GeV experiment E08-025

Cross section measurements from E08-205

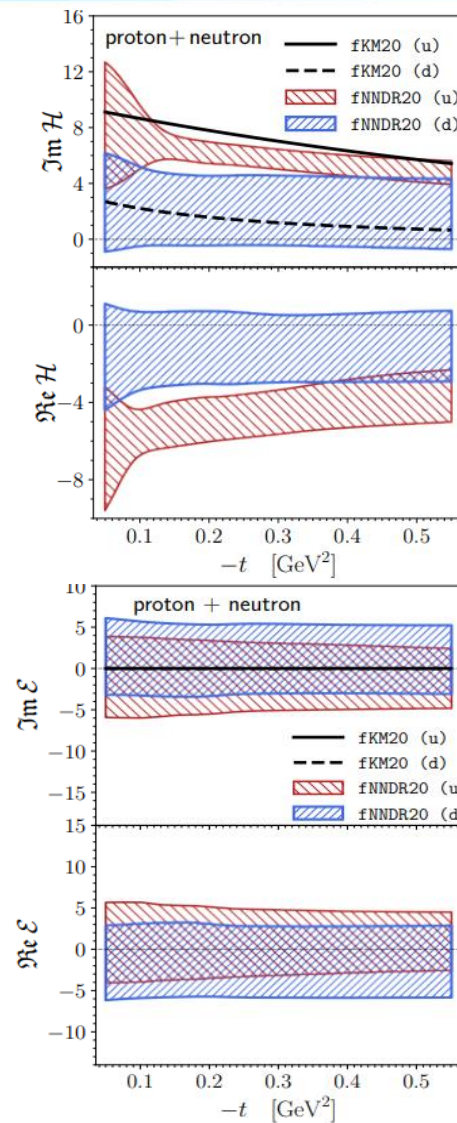
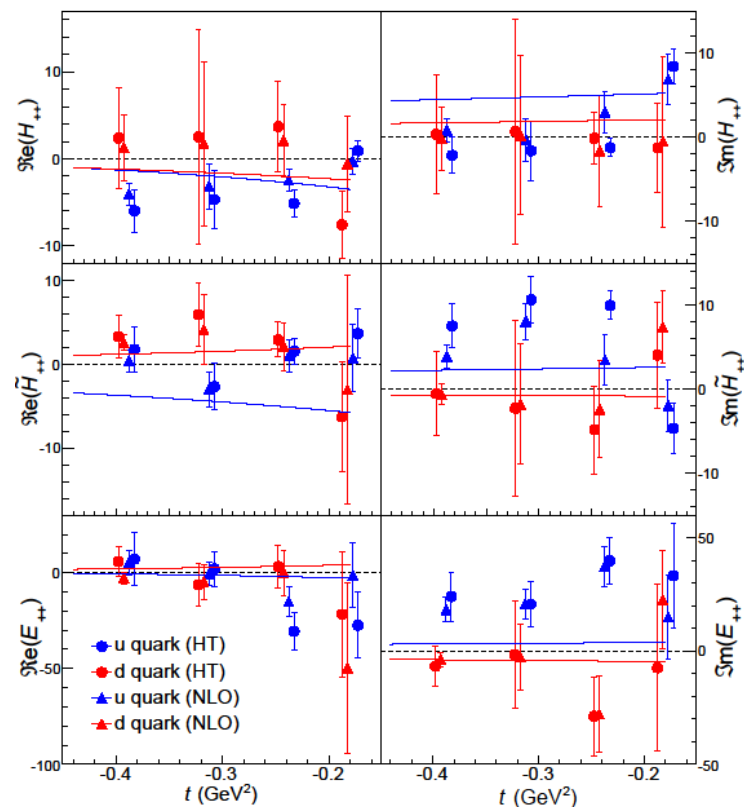
$E_b = 4.45$ GeV

$E_b = 5.55$ GeV



Benali et al, Nature Phys. 16, 191 (2020)

Flavor separation of Compton Form Factors



M. Čuić et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020)

Access in **helicity-dependent cross-section**

$$\mathcal{T}^{DVCS} = \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi + i\epsilon} + \dots = \underbrace{\mathcal{P} \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{H(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi}}_{\text{Access in helicity-independent cross section}} \overbrace{i\pi H(x = \xi, \xi, t)}^{\text{Access in helicity-dependent cross-section}} + \dots$$

Access in **helicity-independent cross section**

Approved proton DVCS E12-13-010

x_B	0.2				0.36						0.5			0.6				
Q^2 (GeV) ²	2.0		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.5		3.4		4.8		5.1		6.0	
E_b (GeV)	6.6	8.8	11		6.6	8.8	11	8.8	11		8.8	11		6.6	8.8	11		
k' (GeV)	1.3	3.5	5.7	3.0	2.2	4.4	6.6	2.9	5.1	2.9	5.2	7.4	5.9	2.1	4.3	6.5	5.7	
θ_{Calo} (deg)	6.3	9.2	10.6	6.3	11.7	14.7	16.2	10.3	12.4	7.9	20.2	21.7	16.6	13.8	17.8	19.8	17.2	
D_{Calo} (m)	6	4		6	3			4	3	4	3							
I_{beam} (μA)	11	5	50	11	28			50	28	50	28							
$\sigma_{M_X^2}$ (GeV ²)	0.17		0.22		0.13	0.12	0.15		0.19		0.09	0.11		0.09				
$-t_{\text{min}}$ (GeV ²)	0.04				0.16			0.17			0.37	0.39		0.65		0.67		
$-t_{\text{min}}/(2\sigma_{M_X^2})$	0.1				0.6			0.55		0.4		2	1.7		3.6		3.7	
LH ₂ Days	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	5	3	2	5	5	1	5	10	
LD ₂ Days					1	2	1	1	3	5	3	2	5	5	1	5	10	
This Proposal: 44 days on LD ₂																		

Typical 6 GeV
kinematics

Previous 6 GeV experiment:

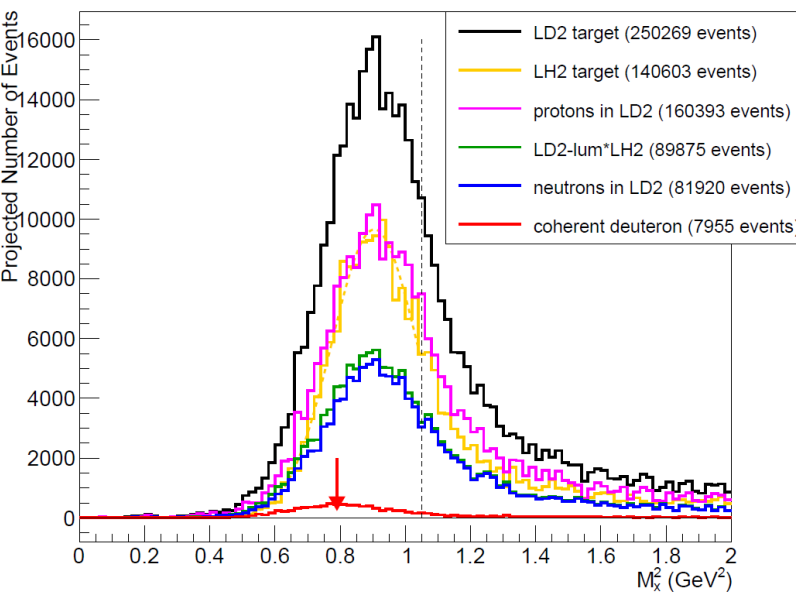
$$\sigma_{M_X^2} = 0.23 \text{ GeV}^2 \ \& \ -t_{\text{min}}/(2 \sigma_{M_X^2}) = 0.35$$

~ ×2–12 better nDVCS & dDVCS
separation than previous 6 GeV experiment

- 12 GeV → higher x_B → higher t_{min}
- NPS: higher energy resolution → smaller ($\sim \frac{1}{2}$) $\sigma_{M_X^2}$

- Full Geant4 simulation of pDVCS, nDVCS and pDVCS through experimental setup
- pDVCS and nDVCS weighted by DVCS cross section model KM15 by Kumericki & Mueller [1512.09014]
- dDVCS model by W. Cosyn & B. Pire [PRD98 (2018)], with GPDs from Kroll-Goloskokov [Eur.Phys. J A (2014)]

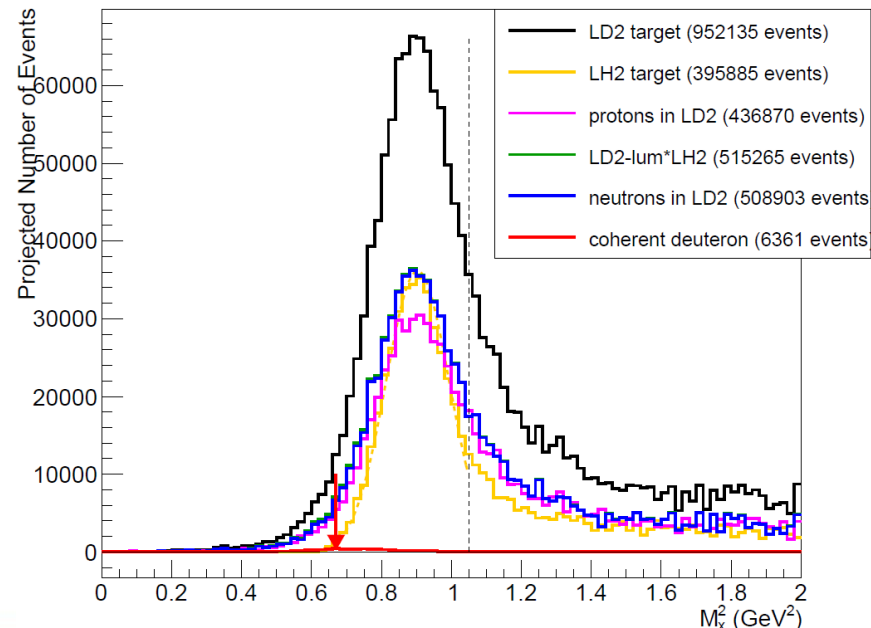
$x_B=0.36$ $Q^2=3.00 \text{ GeV}^2$ $k=6.60 \text{ GeV}$ $t<-0.16 \text{ GeV}^2$ (integrated over t and ϕ)



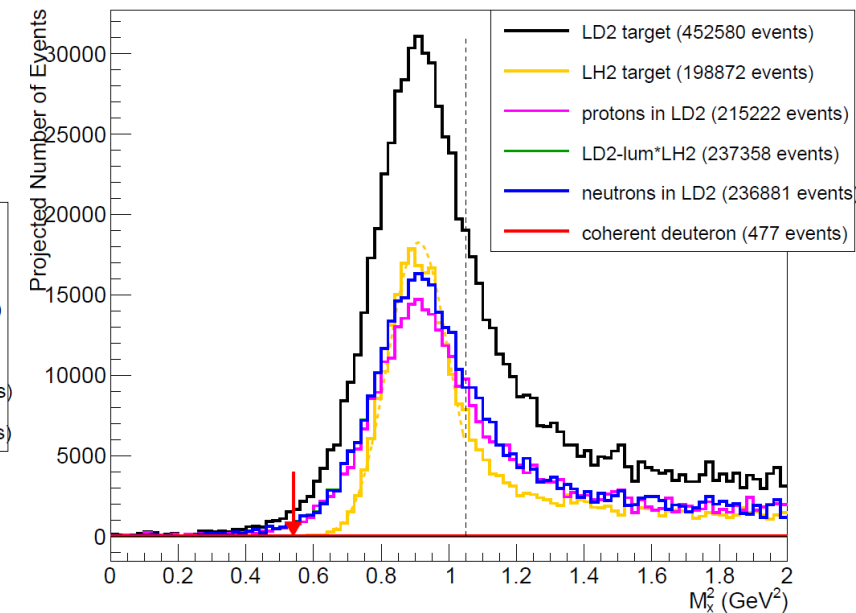
$x_B \sim 0.36$

$x_B \sim 0.50$

$x_B=0.50$ $Q^2=3.40 \text{ GeV}^2$ $k=8.80 \text{ GeV}$ $t<-0.37 \text{ GeV}^2$ (integrated over t and ϕ)

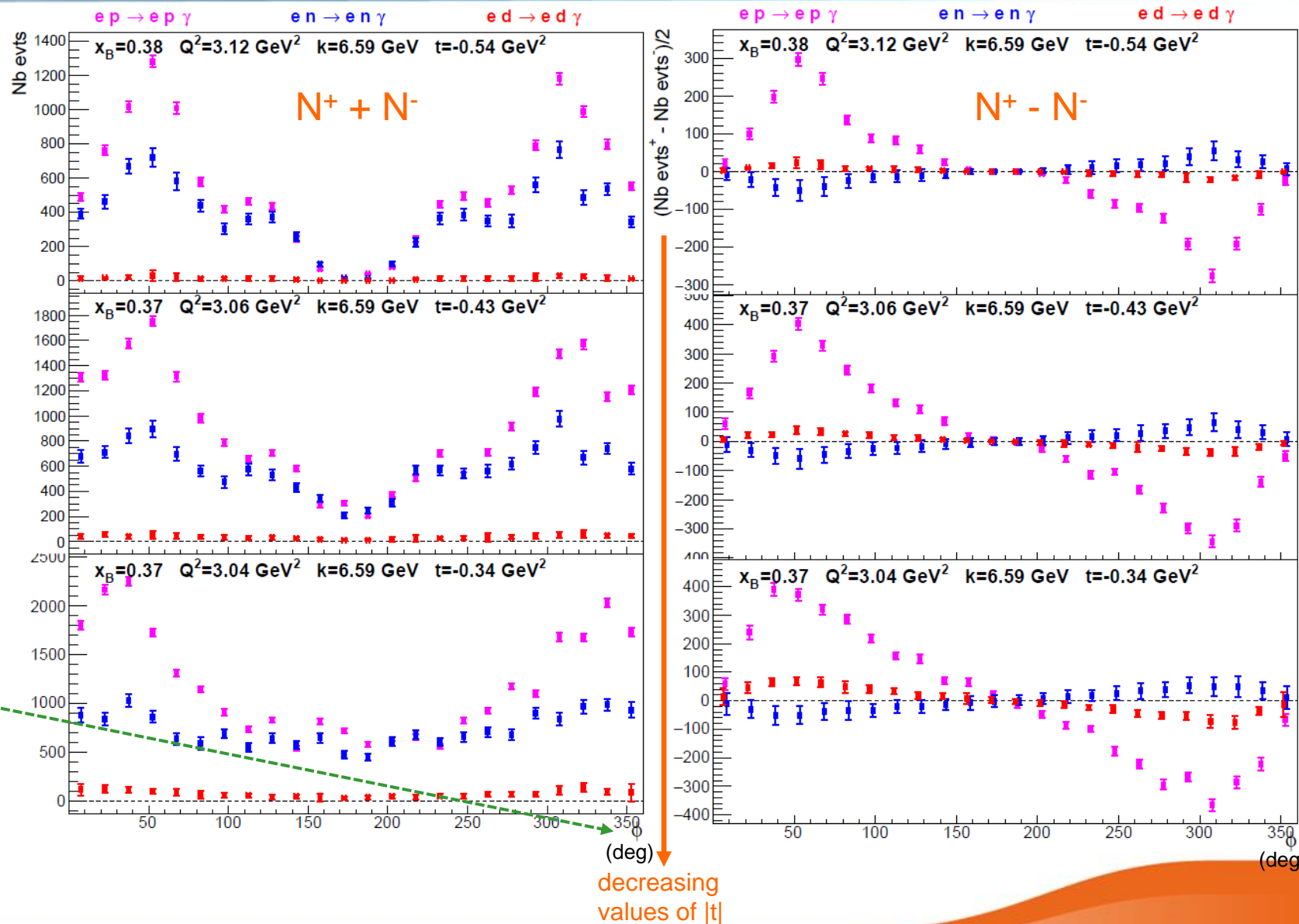
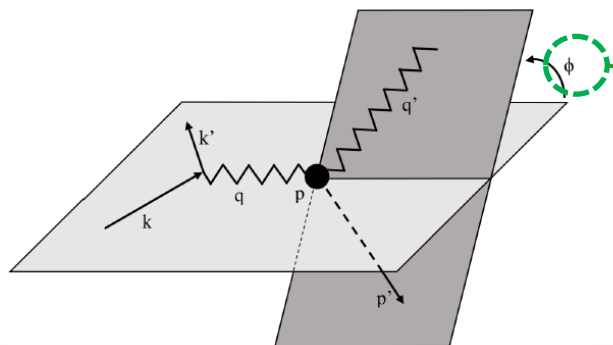


$x_B=0.60$ $Q^2=5.10 \text{ GeV}^2$ $k=11.00 \text{ GeV}$ $t<-0.65 \text{ GeV}^2$ (integrated over t and ϕ)



$x_B \sim 0.60$

- Beam time request such as to match the beam time of the proton data (to statistically optimize the subtraction of the incoherent proton channel)
- Proton beam time request (E12-13-010) was driven by helicity-dependent cross sections, and such that systematic and statistical uncertainties are comparable (3-4%)



Models

- KM15: K. Kumericki, D. Mueller [1512.09014 & PRL125 (2020)]
- UVA: B. Kriesten, S. Liuti et al. [PRD 101 (2020)]
- VGG: M. Vanderghueagen, P. Guichon, M.Guidal [PRD60 (1999)]
- CCP: Cano, Cosyn, Pire [PRD98 (2018) & Eur.Phys.J.A 19 (2004)]

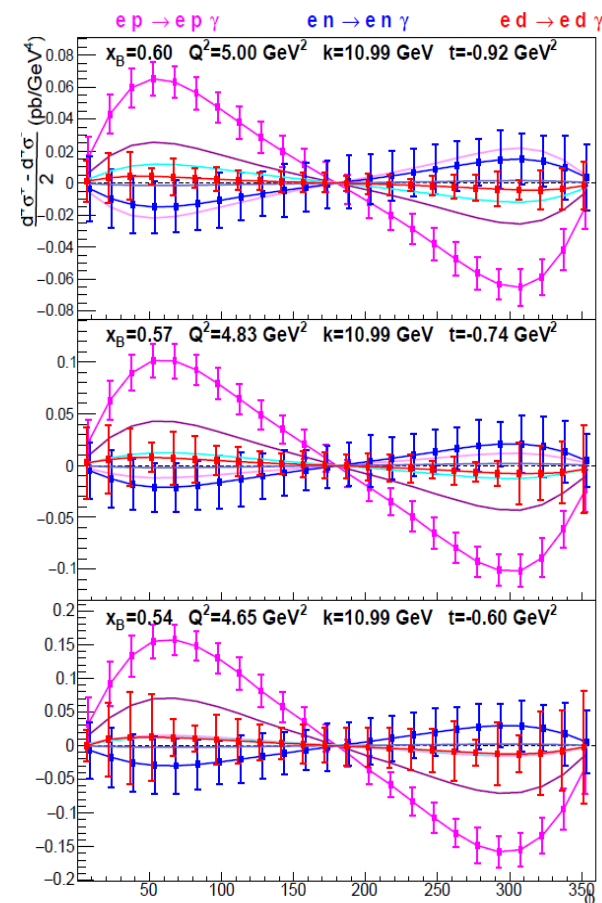
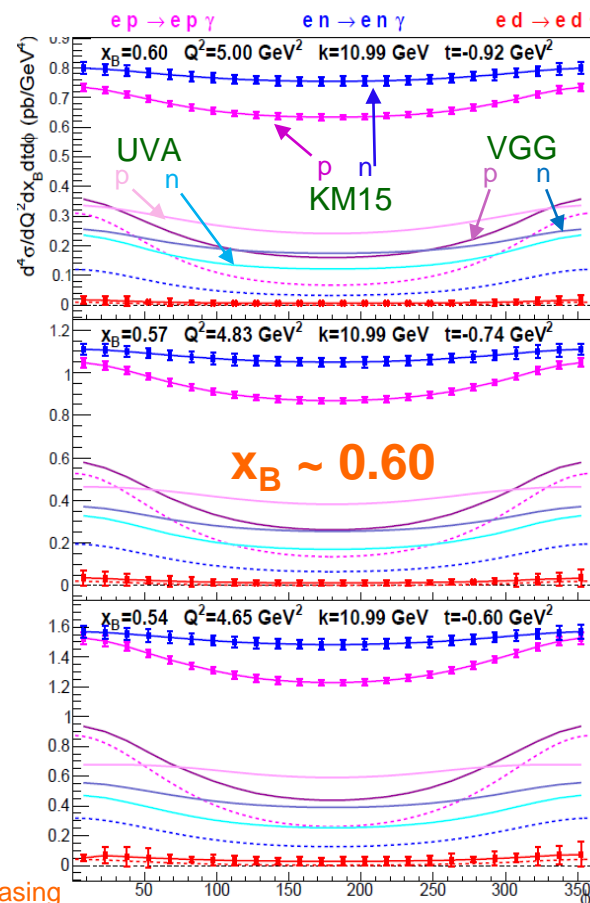
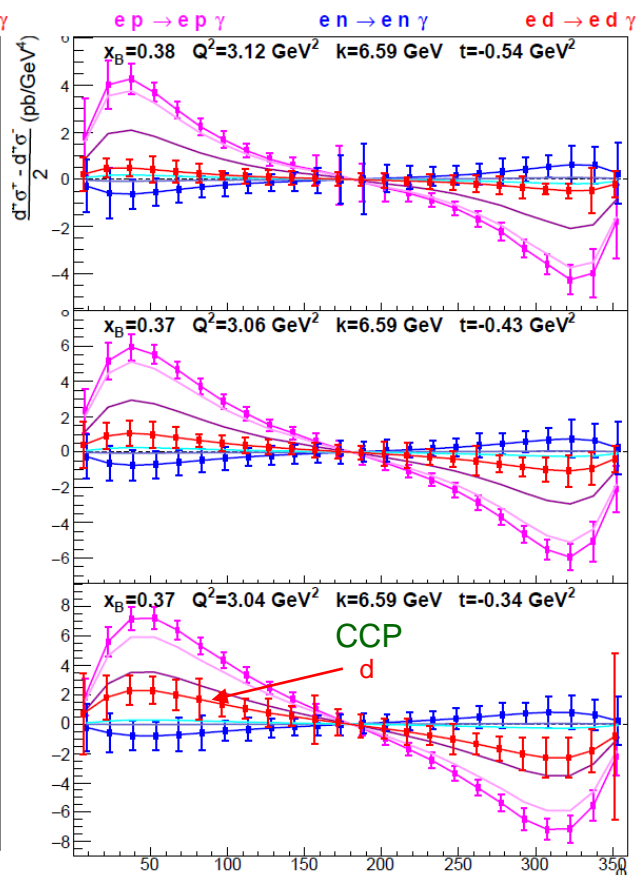
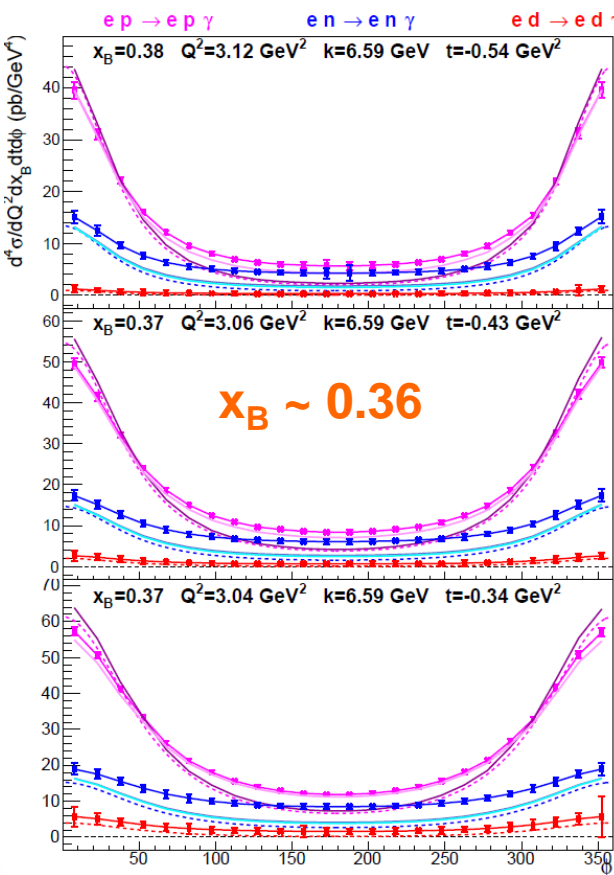
proton, neutron DVCS

coherent deuteron DVCS

More kinematic bins in backup slides

$$\frac{d^4\sigma}{dQ^2 dx_B dt d\phi}$$

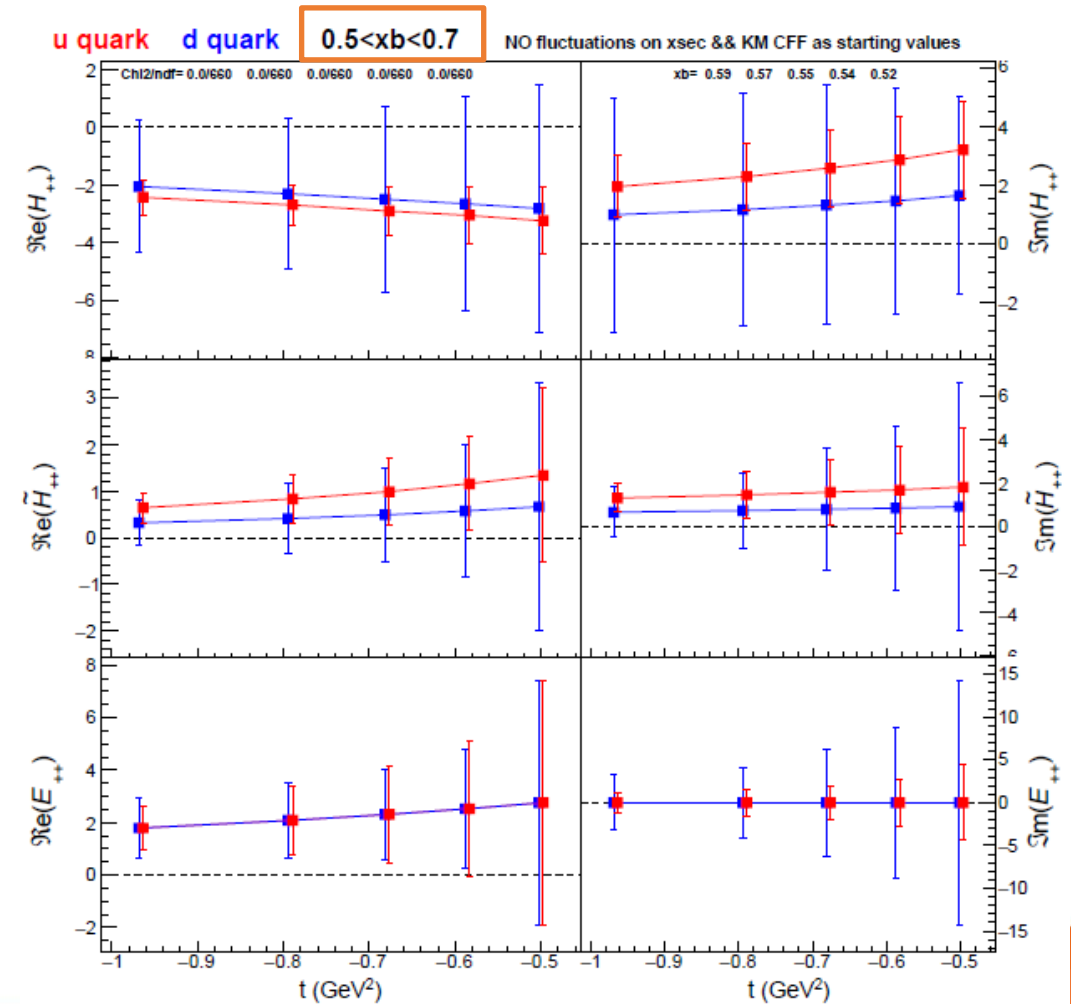
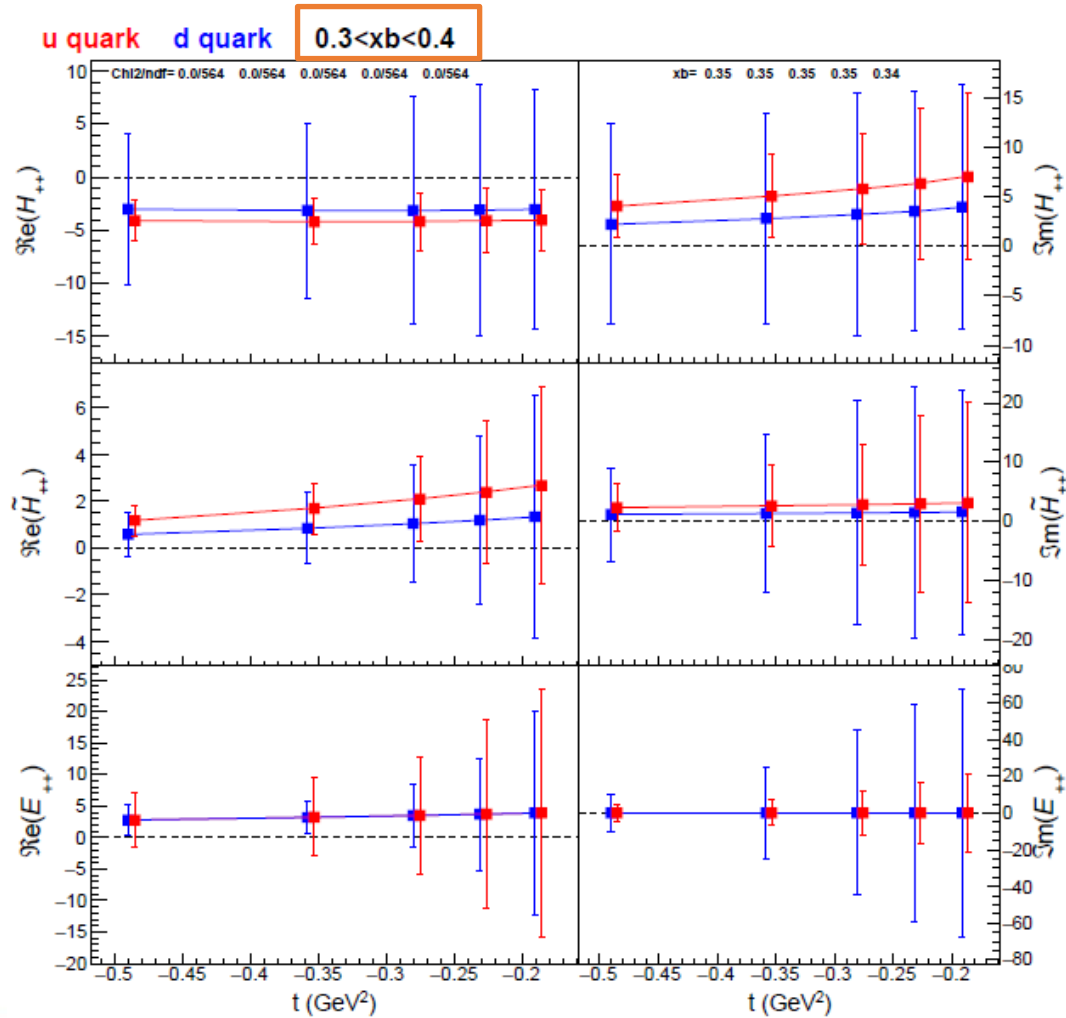
$$\frac{d^4\sigma^+ - d^4\sigma^-}{dQ^2 dx_B dt d\phi}$$



decreasing values of |t|

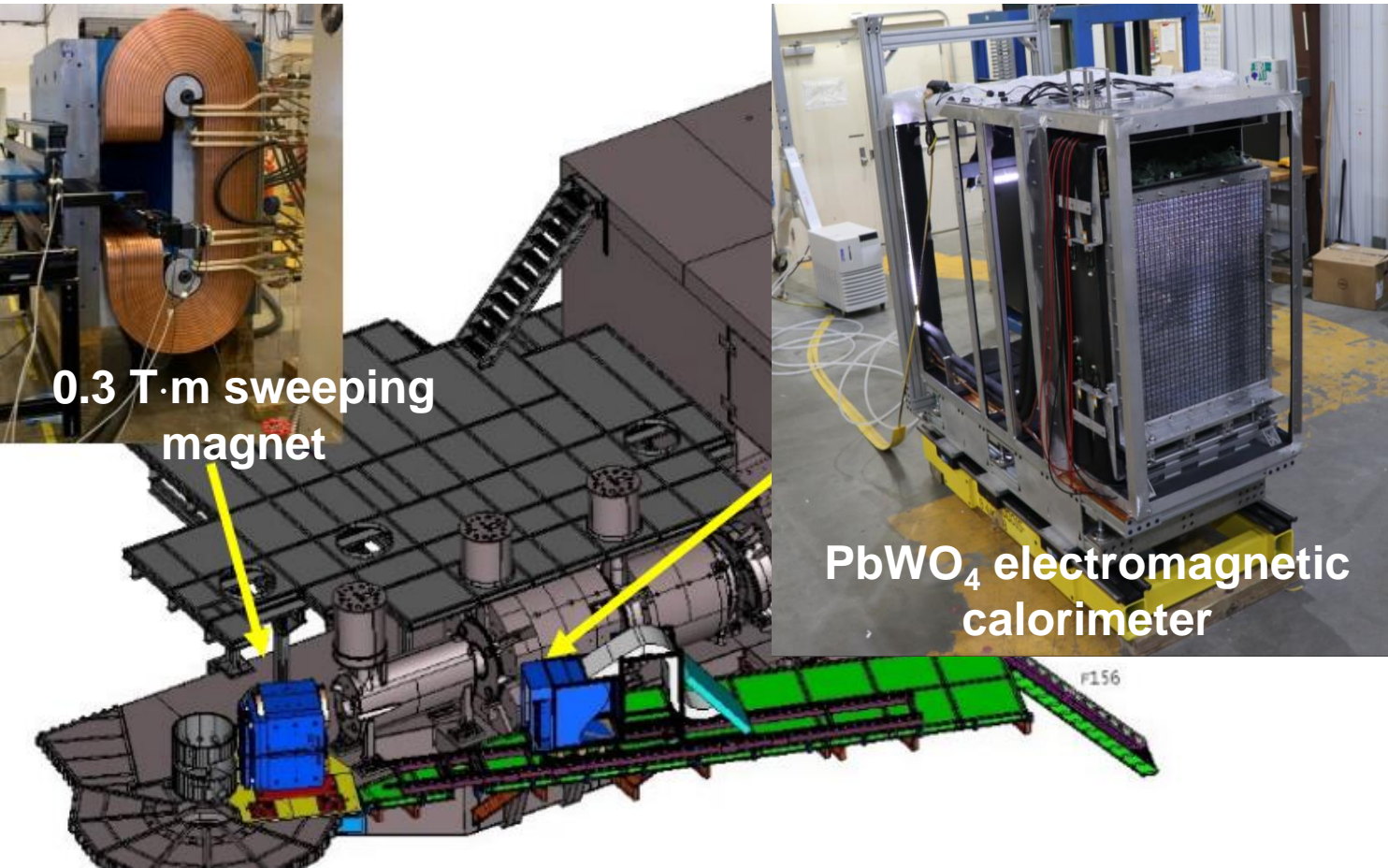
Dotted lines: Bethe-Heitler (p, n, d)

- Simultaneous fit of E12-13-010 (proton) and PR12-22-006 (neutron) projected data
- Real and imaginary parts of CFFs H , \tilde{H} and E (u & d) as free parameters (nDVCS not sensitive to \tilde{E})



Experimental Hall C	FY-2022	FY-2023	FY-2024
SHMS/HMS Cryo-target (PionFF, CaFe, $x > 1$ & EMC Effect, D(e,e'p))	[Yellow bar spanning FY-2022 and FY-2023]		
NPS - DVCS scaling & SIDIS Cross Sections		[Yellow bar in FY-2023]	[Yellow bar in FY-2024]
NPS - Wide-Angle Compton Scattering: Cross Sections and Polarization			[Yellow bar in FY-2024]

[JLab experiment schedule \(6/10/2022\)](#)



- **NPS (Neutral Particle Spectrometer)** experiment readiness review passed on 2019
- Equipment (calorimeter and sweeping magnet) ready and being tested
- Installation in Hall C during **Spring 2023**
- NPS run (E12-13-010) scheduled from **July 17 (2023) to Feb 15 (2024)**

	Experiment	PAC	Goal	Results
6 GeV	E00-110	PAC18	1 st dedicated DVCS experiment at JLab	PRL97 (2006) , PRC83 (2011) , PRC92 (2015)
	E03-106	PAC24	1 st neutron DVCS experiment	PRL99 (2007)
	E07-007	PAC31	DVCS Rosenbluth-like separation (proton)	PRL117 (2016) , Nature Commun. 8 (2017)
	E08-025	PAC33	DVCS Rosenbluth-like separation (neutron)	PRL118 (2017) , Nature Physics 16 (2020)
12 GeV	E12-06-114	PAC30+38+41+47	1 st 12 GeV experiment	PRL127 (2021) , PRL128 (2022)
	E12-13-010	PAC40	DVCS Rosenbluth-like separation (proton)	<i>Scheduled 2023-2024</i>

- We propose to measure the DVCS cross section off quasi-free neutrons with an LD2 target & NPS in Hall C
- Accurate cross section measurements off neutron are a necessary complement to the approved proton DVCS program at JLab12
- Essential measurements for probing the flavor dependence of GPDs
- 12GeV kinematics and NPS will significantly improve initial results at 6 GeV
- *Interleaved measurements with approved LH2 experiment (E12-13-010) will reduce systematics uncertainties*
- Exclusive π^0 electroproduction cross section off the neutron will also be measured

Beam time request: 44 days

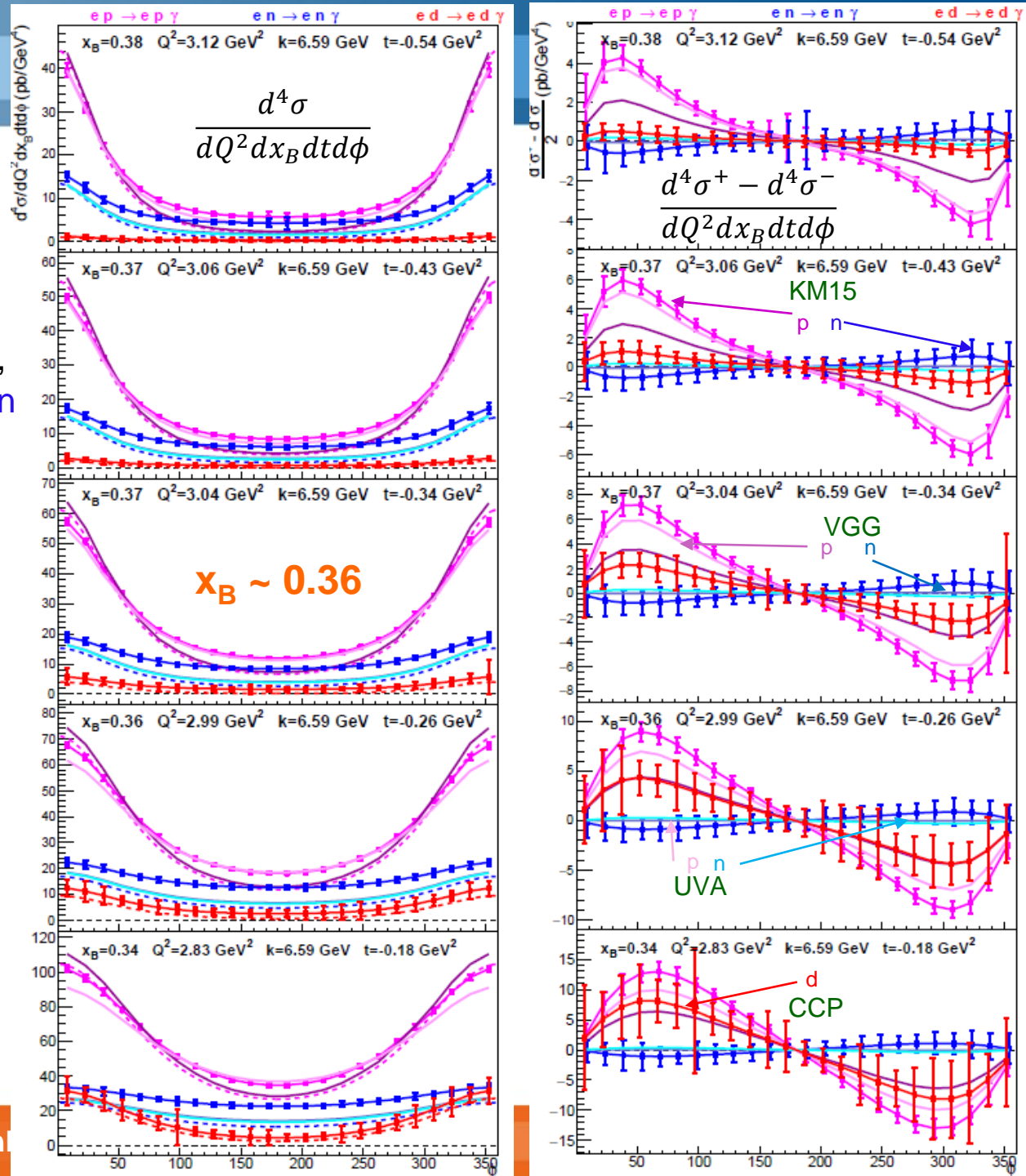
Back-up

X-section projections

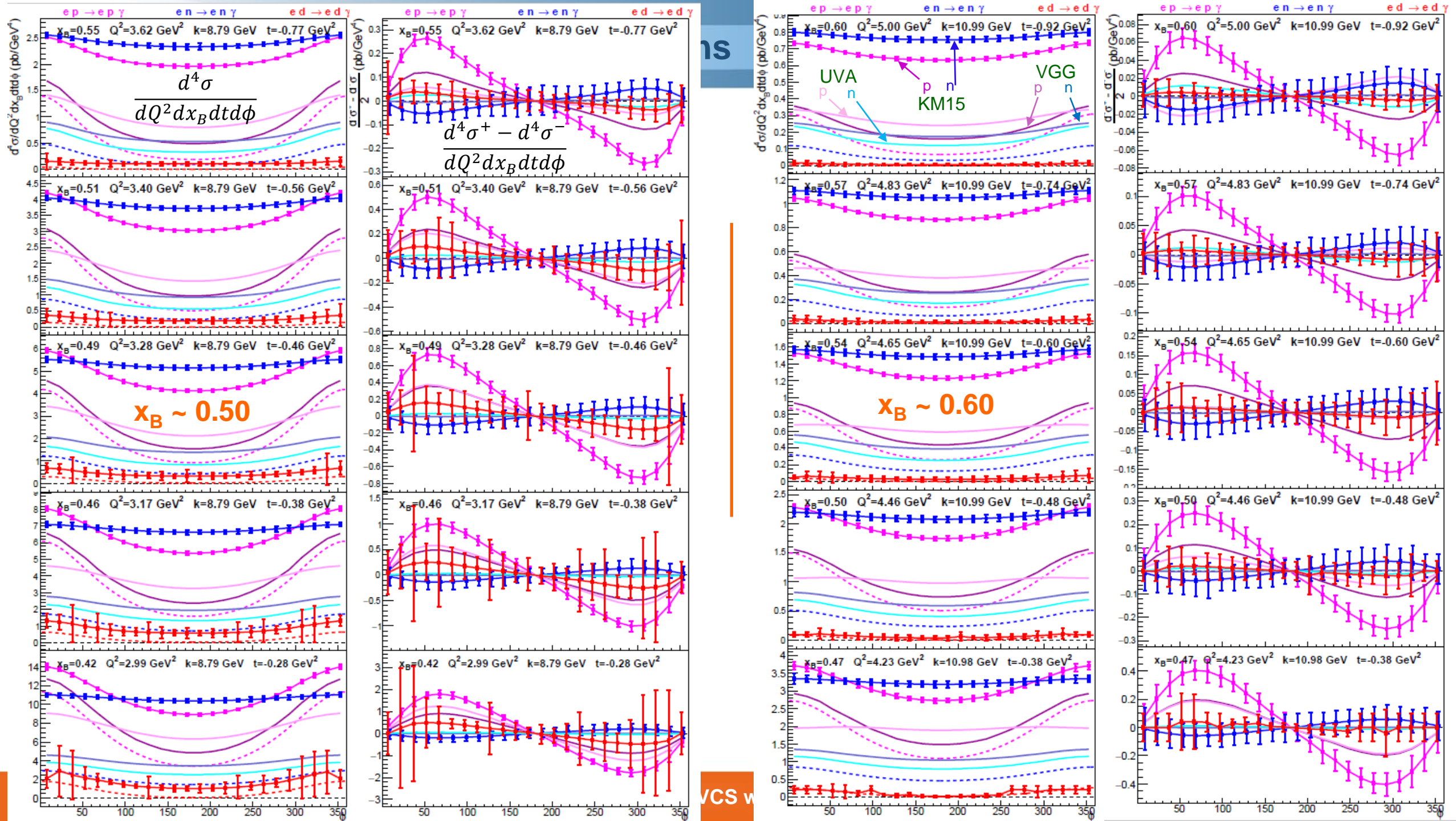
- KM15: K. Kumericki, D. Mueller [1512.09014 & PRL125 (2020)]
- UVA: B. Kriesten, S. Liuti et al. [PRD 101 (2020)]
- VGG: M. Vanderghueagen, P. Guichon, M. Guidal [PRD60 (1999)]
- CCP: Cano, Cosyn, Pire [PRD98 (2018) & Eur.Phys.J.A 19 (2004)]

proton,
 neutron
 DVCS

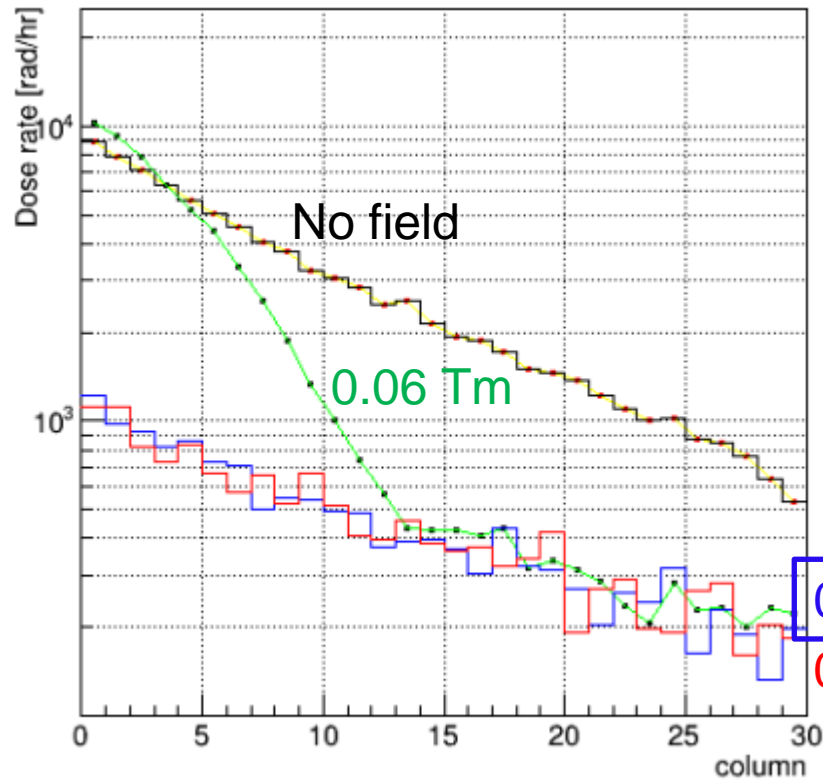
coherent deuteron DVCS



Dotted lines: Bethe-Heitler (p, n, d)



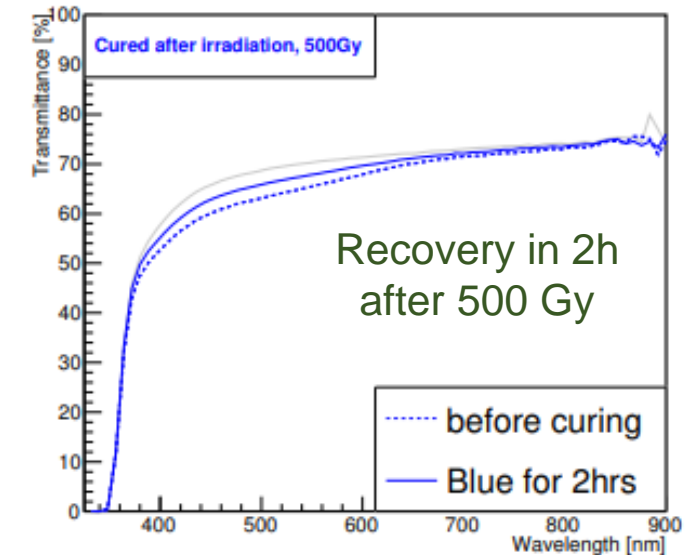
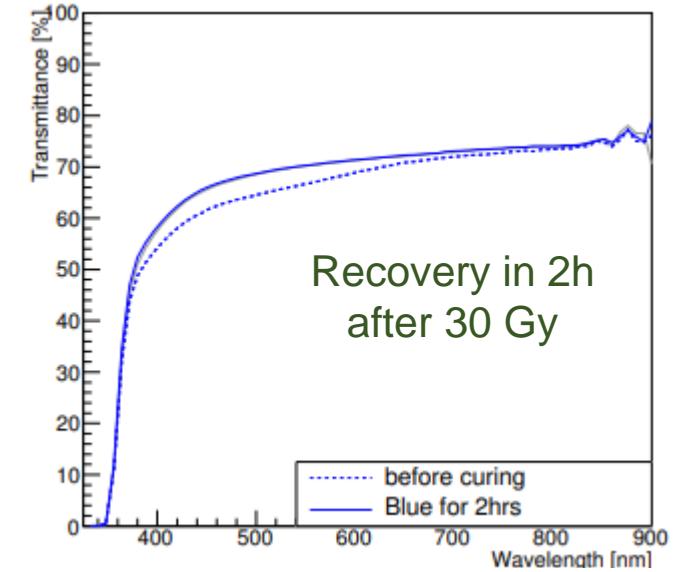
Dose rate in rad/h (0.01 Gy/h) as a function of calorimeter column wrt the beamline in the highest radiation setting

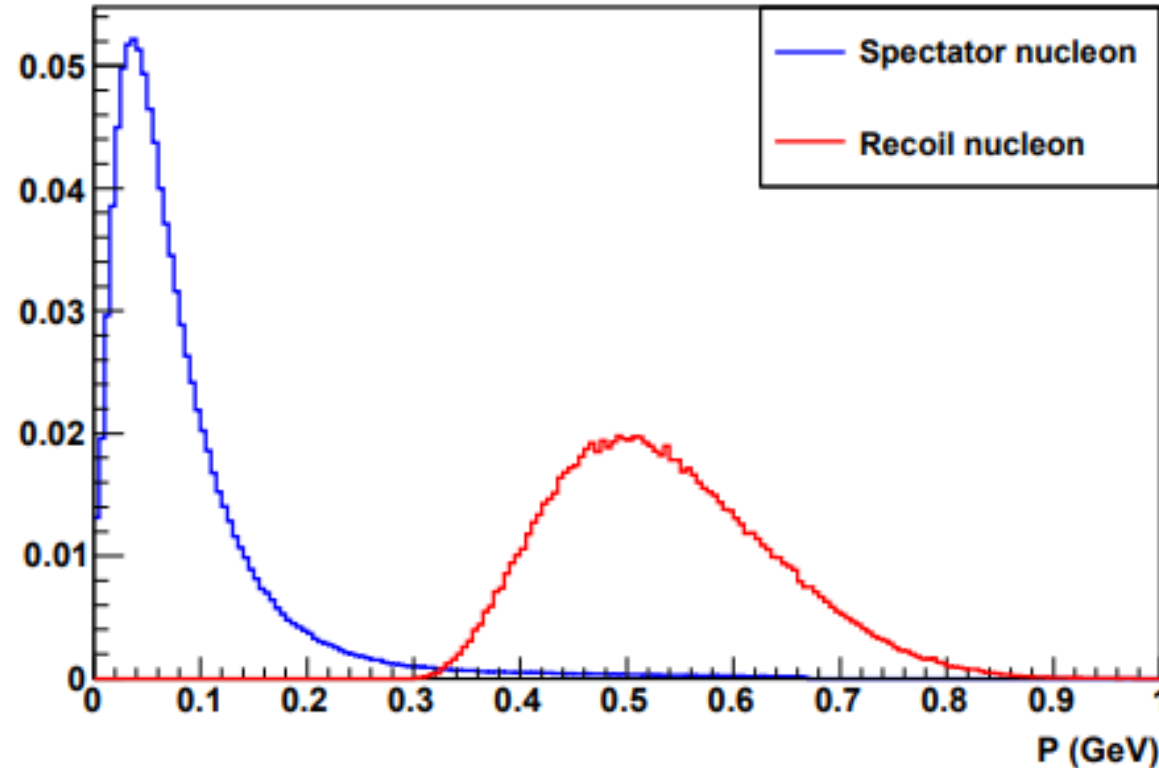


Max. rate: 10 Gy/h

0.3 T.m
 0.6 T.m

Anticipated field in sweeping magnet

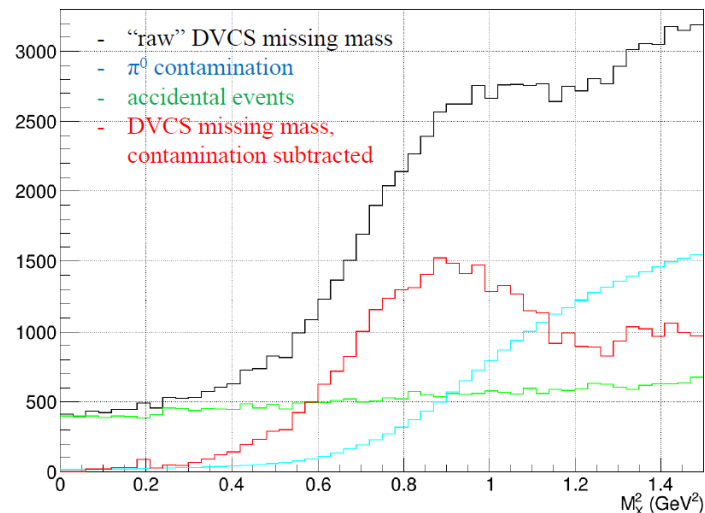
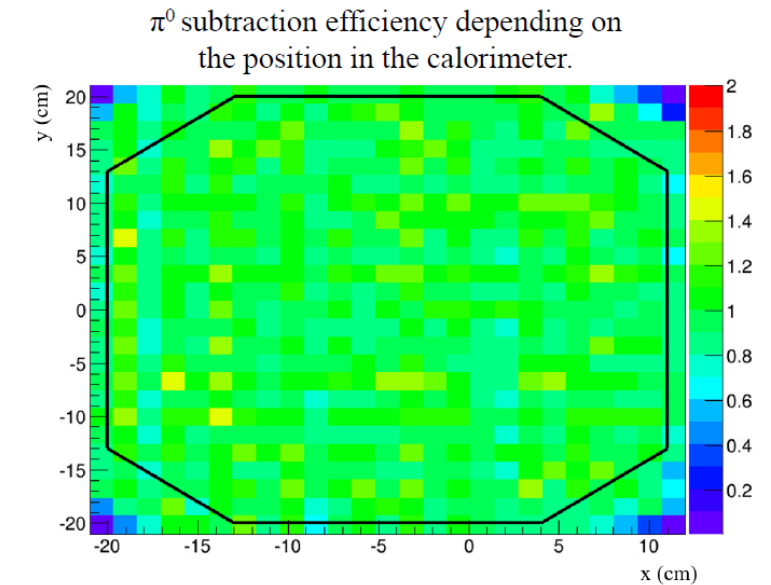
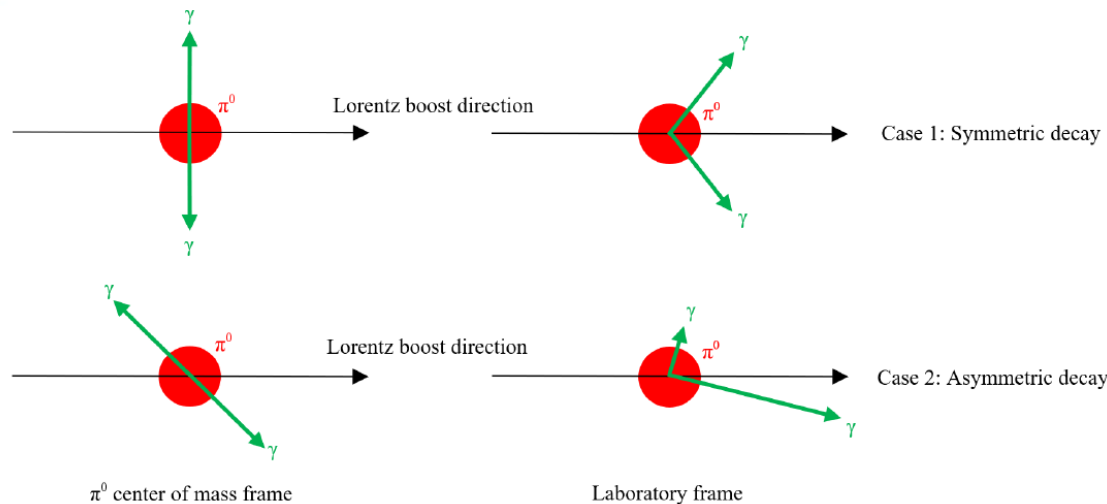




Momentum distribution of spectator proton (blue) in the deuteron (Fermi momentum distribution) and the n-DVCS recoil neutron (red) in the proposed kinematics ($x_B=0.36$ setting).
Overlap is less than 3%.

Source	pt-to-pt (%)	scale (%)
Acceptance	0.4	1.0
Electron ID	< 0.1	< 0.1
Efficiency	0.5	1.0
Electron tracking efficiency	0.1	0.5
Integrated luminosity	0.5	2.0
Target thickness	0.2	0.5
Kinematics	0.4	< 0.1
Exclusivity	1.0	2.0
π^0 subtraction (for DVCS)	0.5	1.0
Radiative corrections	1.2	2.0
Total	1.8–1.9	3.8–3.9

Estimated systematic uncertainties for the proposed experiment based on previous Hall C and Hall A experiments

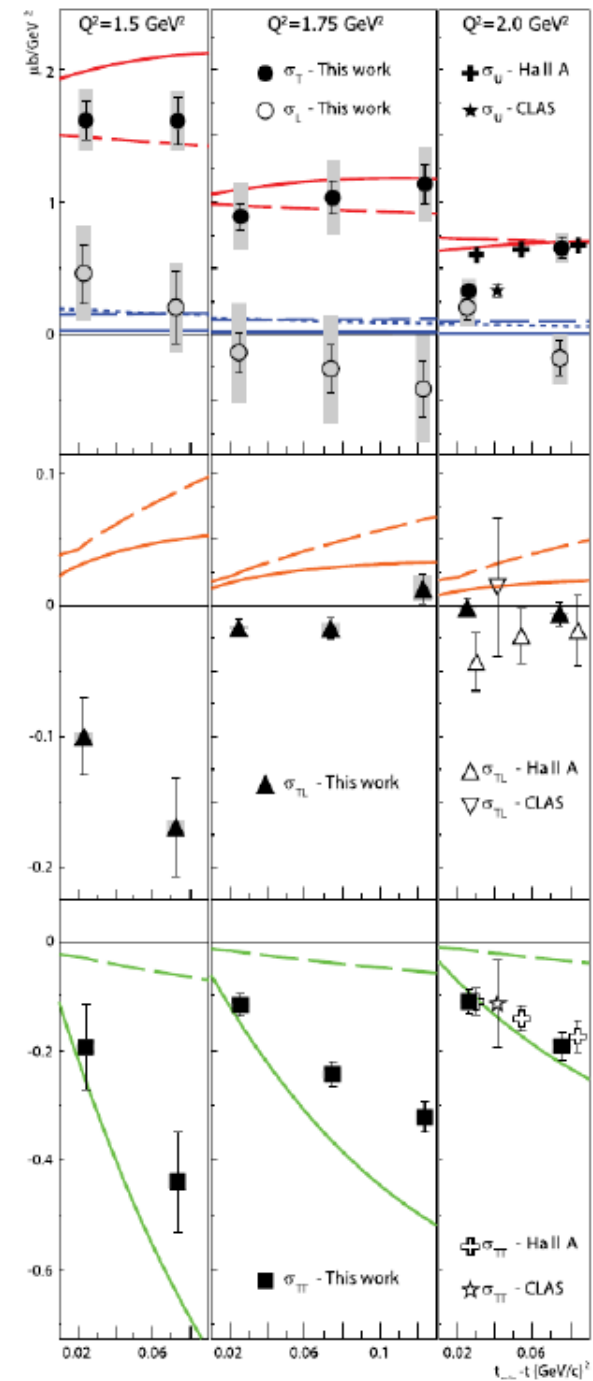
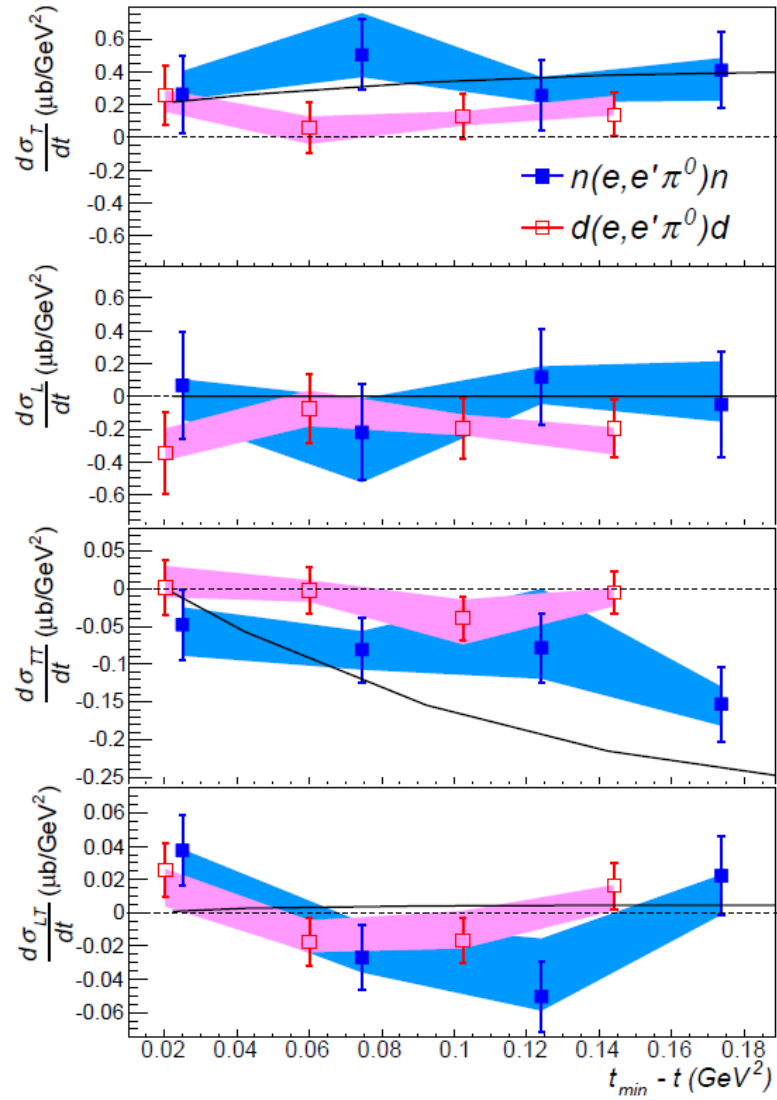


• π^0 contamination subtraction method:

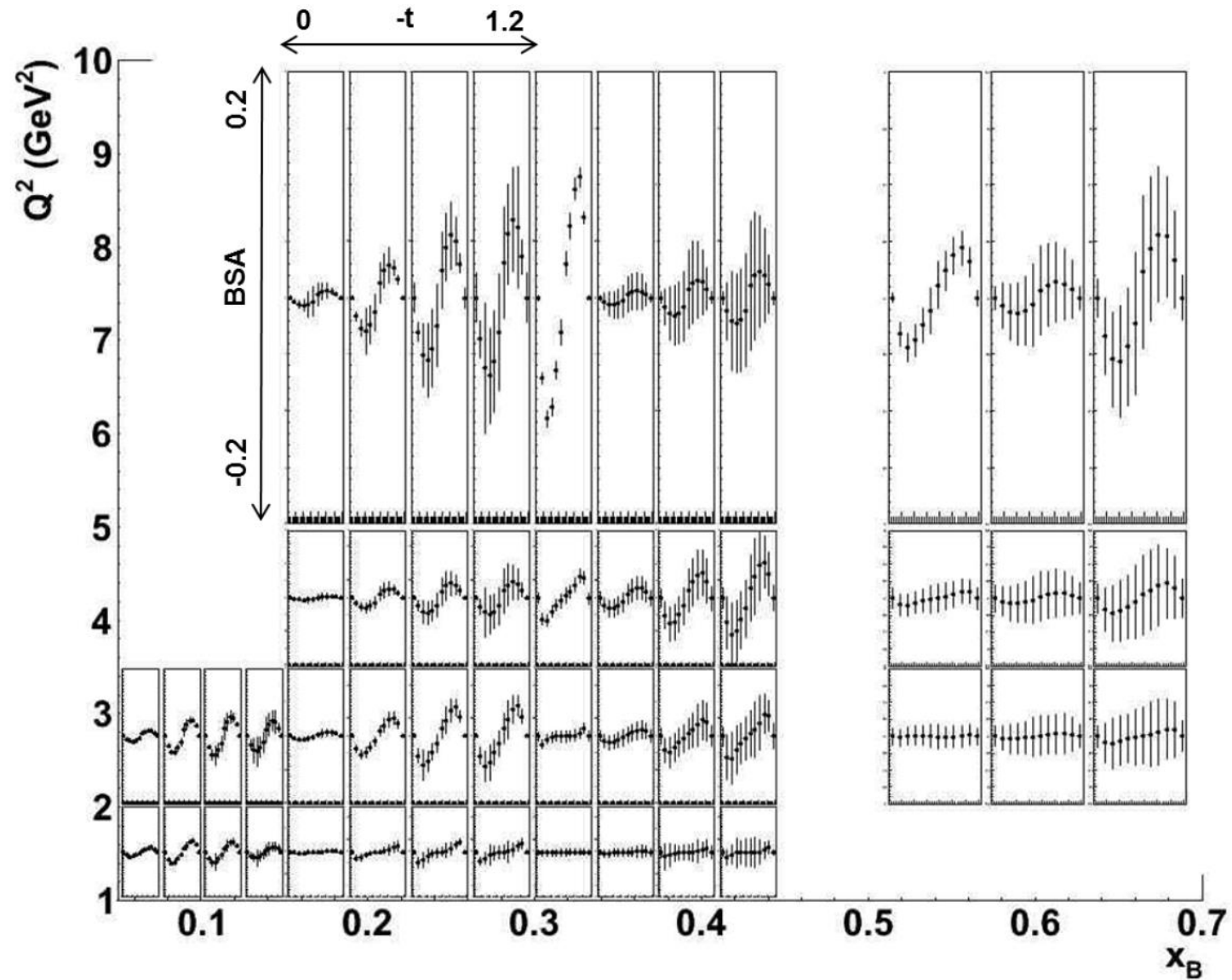
- **Identify π^0 in data:**
 - 2 photons.
 - Avoid calorimeter edges (energy leaks).
 - Invariant mass compatible with π^0 .
- For each π^0 : MC simulation $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
- **Subtract from DVCS data:**
 - Normalized MC events with only 1 photon detected.

→ Advantage: $ep \rightarrow e'p'\pi^0$ cross section taken into account by using π^0 data.

Exclusive π^0 electroproduction

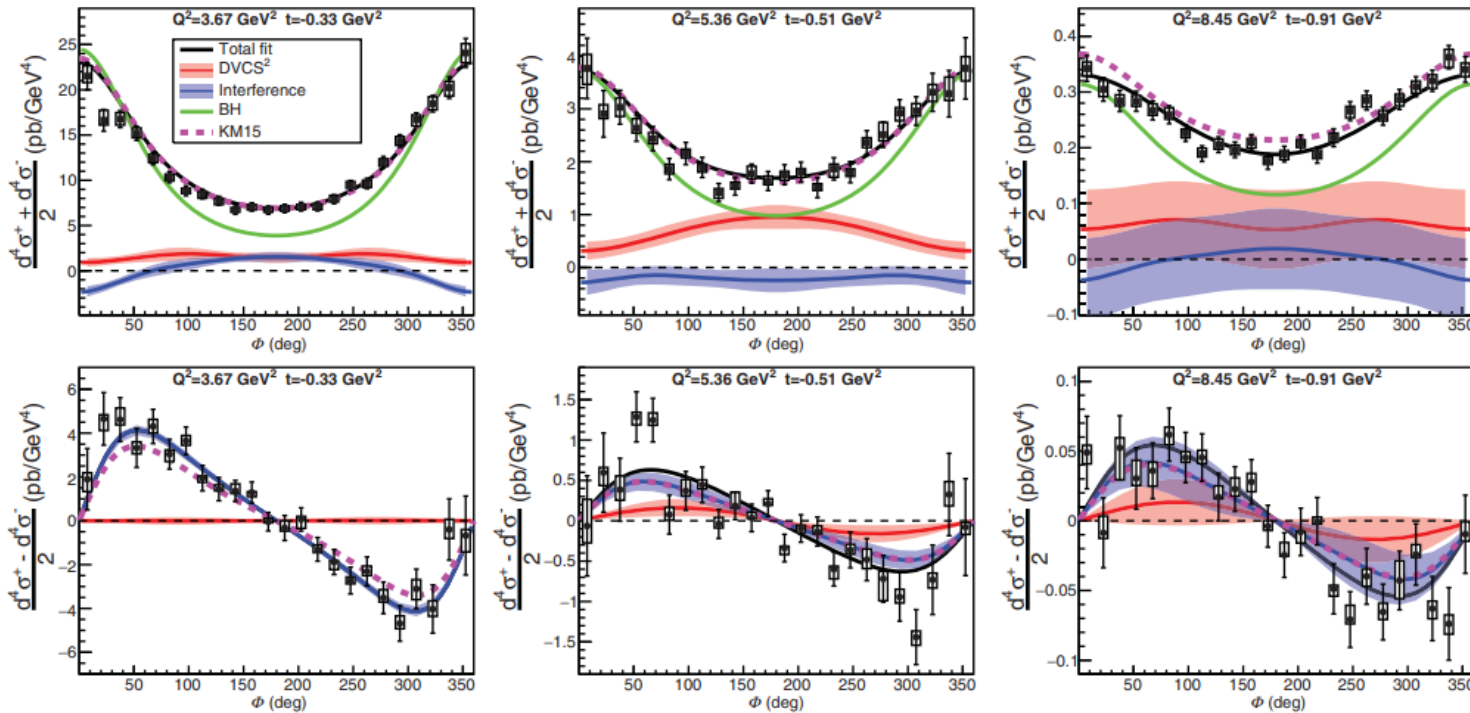


Beam spin asymmetries



Constraints in all 4 CFFs (Re & Im parts)

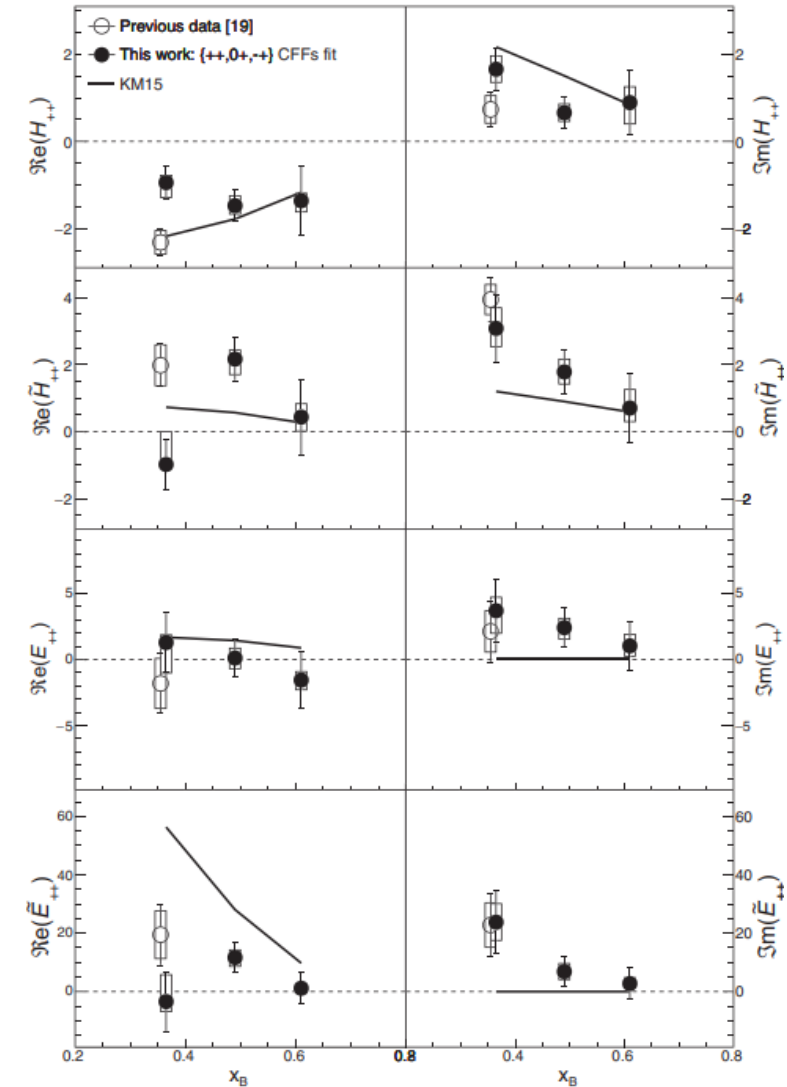
High precision
helicity-dependent & helicity-independent cross sections



$x_B \sim 0.36$

$x_B \sim 0.50$

$x_B \sim 0.60$



Phys. Rev. Lett. 128 (2022)

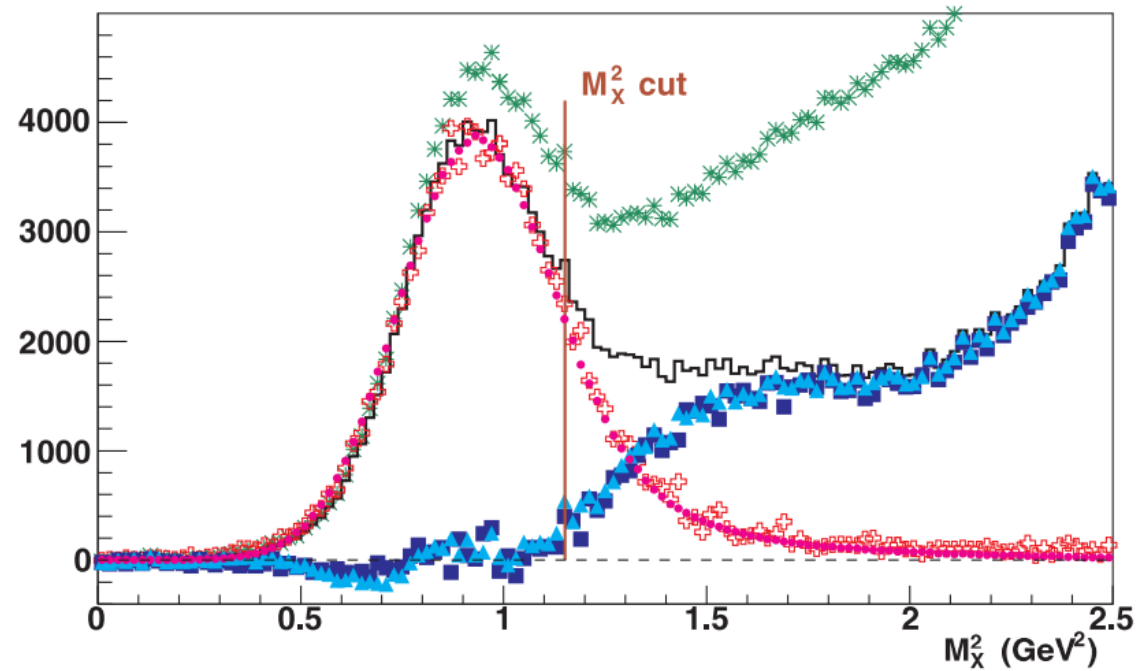
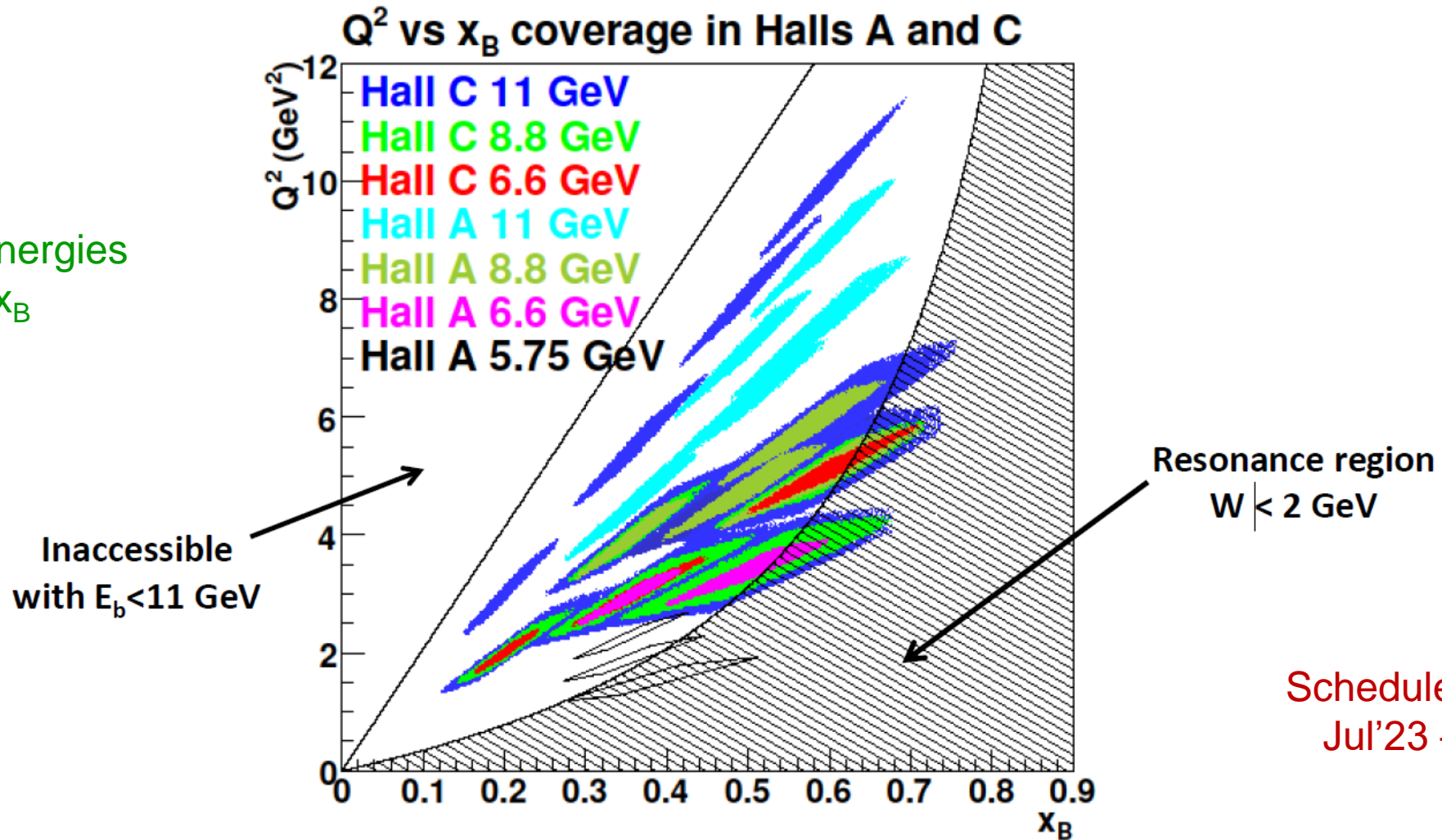


FIG. 2: (color online). Missing mass squared for $H(e, e'\gamma)X$ events (stars) at $Q^2 = 2.3 \text{ GeV}^2$ and $-t \in [0.12, 0.4] \text{ GeV}^2$, integrated over the azimuthal angle of the photon $\phi_{\gamma\gamma}$. The solid histogram shows the data once the $H(e, e'\gamma)\gamma X'$ events have been subtracted. The other histograms are described in the text.

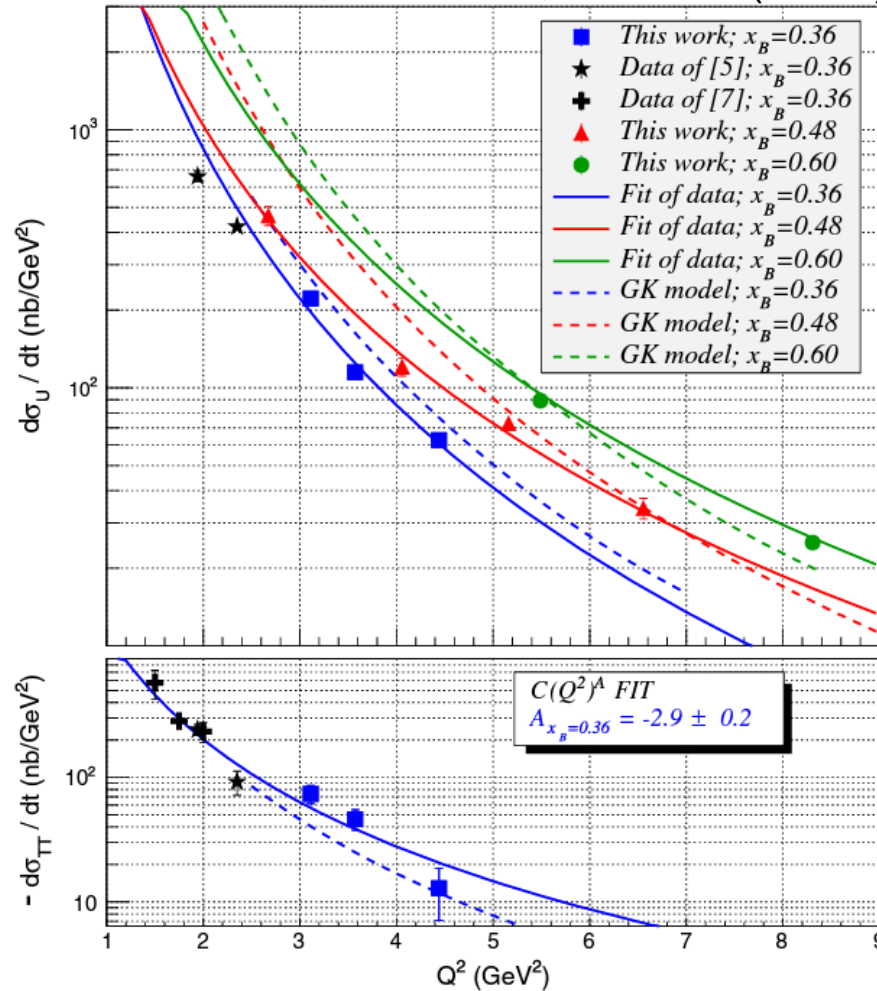
PRL97 (2006)

Different beam energies
 at fixed Q^2, x_B

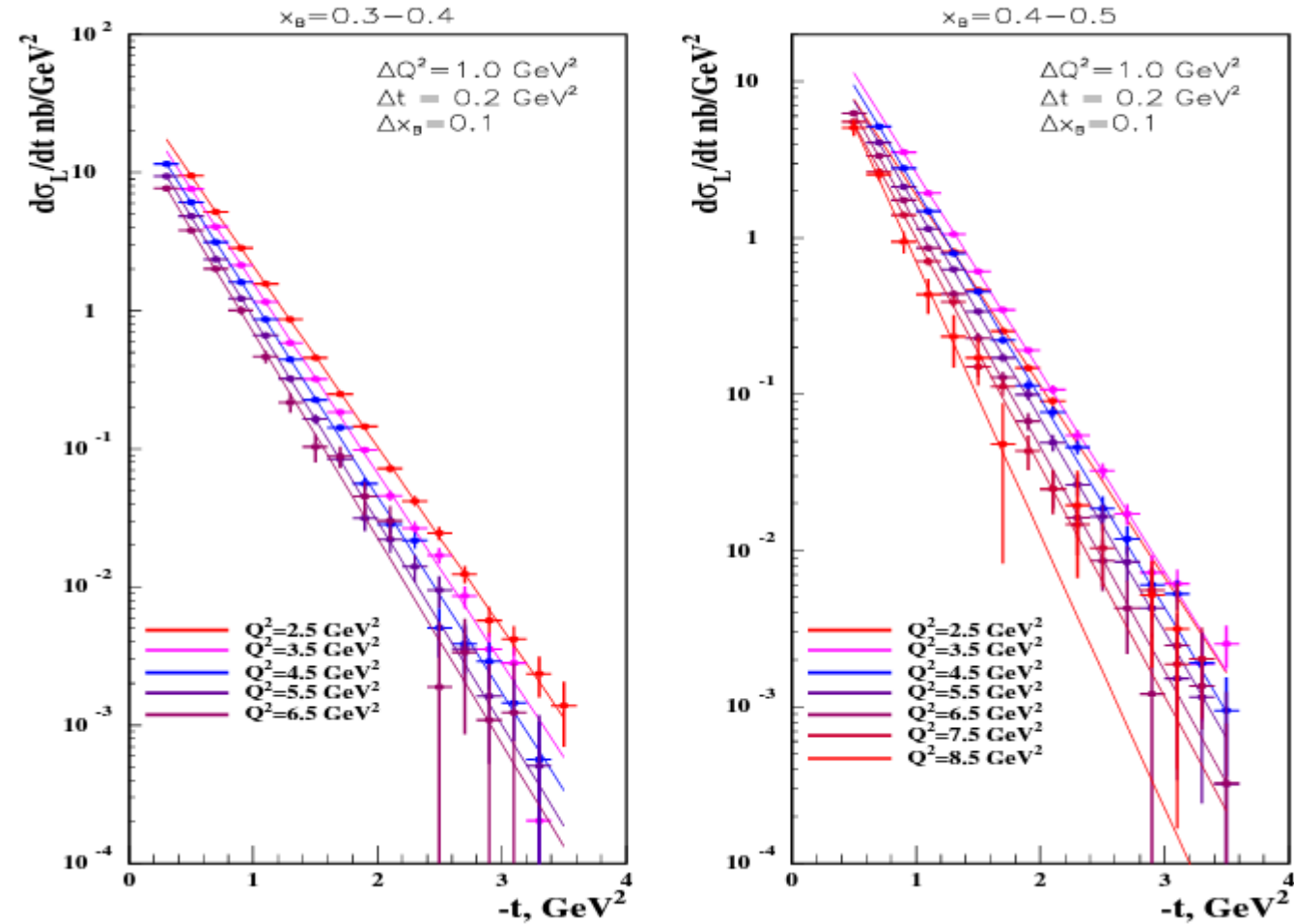


Scheduled to run in
 Jul'23 – Feb'24

Hall A π^0 , PRL 127, 152301 (2021)



CLAS12 $d\sigma_L/dt (\gamma^* p \rightarrow p\phi)$



Measurement	Hall	Notes
DVCS	A,B,C	B includes long. & trans. target
nDVCS	B	Unp. & long. pol. target
DVCS w/ e+	B, C	
TCS	A (Solid), B, C	
Excl. π^0	A,B,C	
Excl. π^-	A (Solid), (B)	
Excl. ϕ, η	B	
L/T separation (K, π^+)	C	
WACS (γ, π^0)	A, C	
Backwards π^0	C	