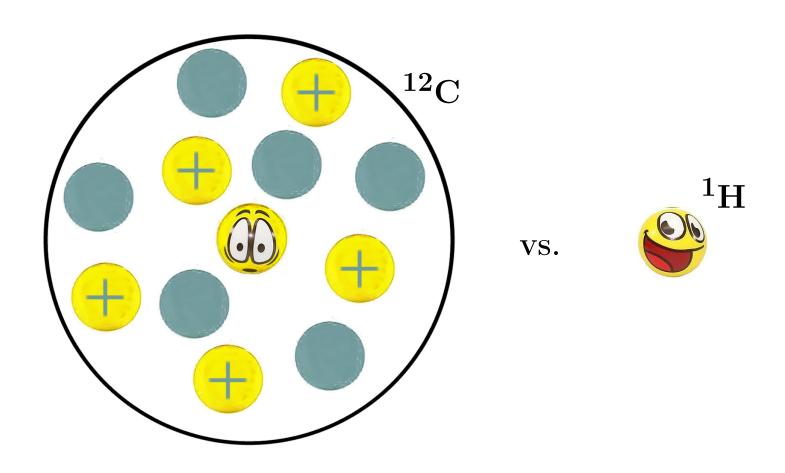


Exploring proton in-medium modifications through polarization-transfer measurements

Tim Kolar
Frontiers and Careers in Nuclear
and Hadronic Physics
MIT, 8/6/22

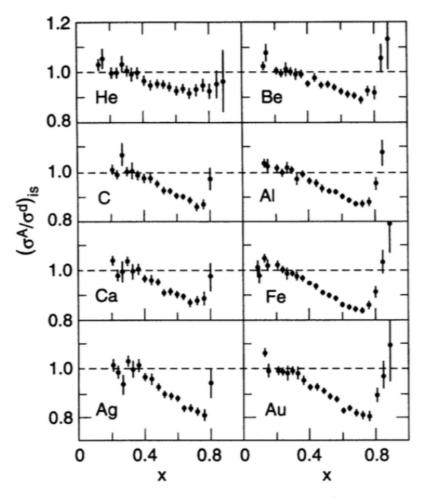
Motivation

• Does the proton change when embedded in nucleus?



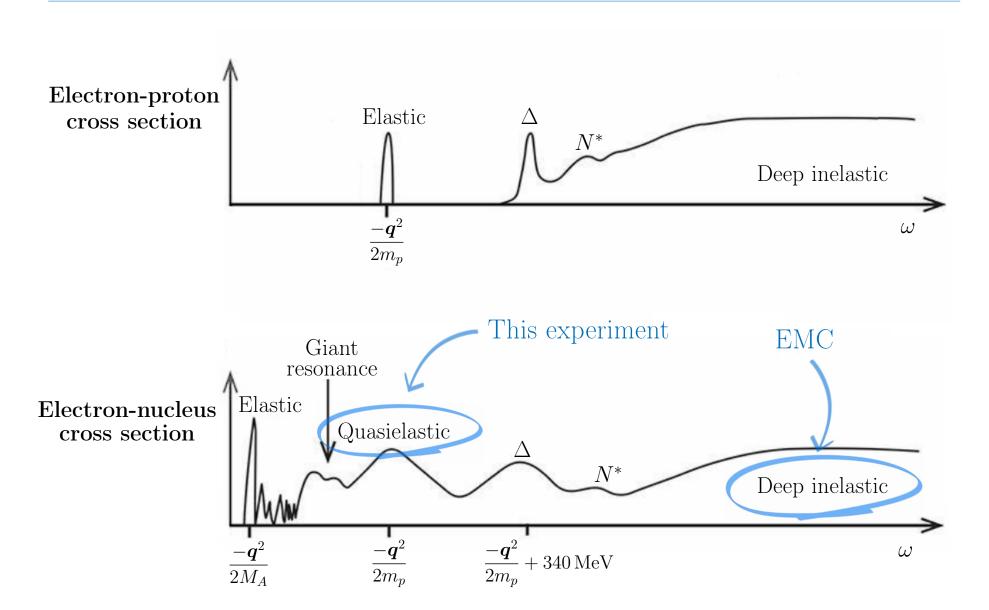
Motivation

• EMC effect: nucleus does have an affect on proton partonic structure



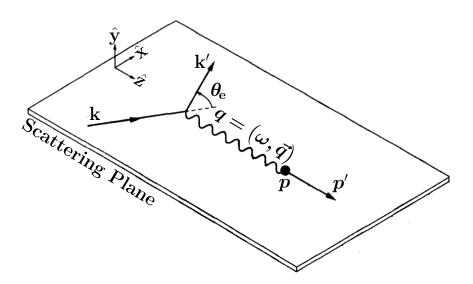
The per-nucleon cross-section ratio of various nuclei to deuterium as measured at SLAC (Gomez et al., 1994)

Quasi-elastic scattering



Polarization transfer in $A(\vec{e}, e'\vec{p})$ reaction

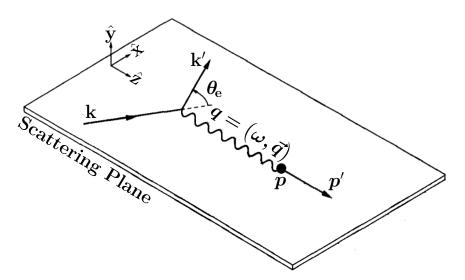
$$A = 1 \rightarrow \bullet^{\mathbf{1H}}$$
 ... elastic



$$\left(\frac{P_x'}{P_z'}\right)_{\rm H} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{\tau(1+\varepsilon)} \frac{G_E}{G_M}$$
proton EM form factors

Polarization transfer in $A(\vec{e}, e'\vec{p})$ reaction

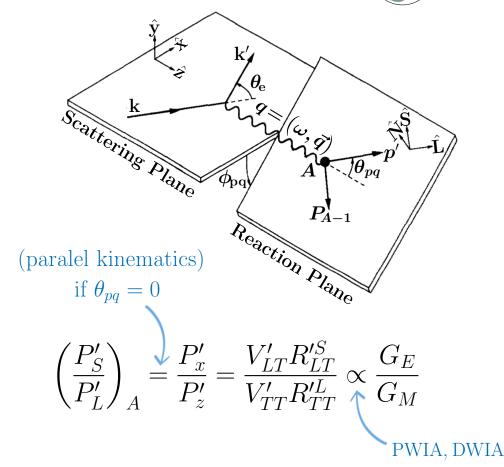
$$A = 1 \rightarrow \bullet^{\mathbf{1H}}$$
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$$\left(\frac{P_x'}{P_z'}\right)_{\rm H} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{\tau(1+\varepsilon)} \frac{G_E}{G_M}$$
 proton EM form factors

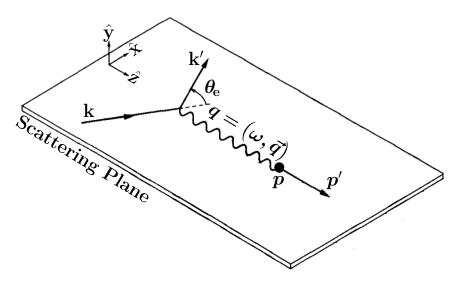
quasi-elastic ... $A > 1 \rightarrow \text{ e.g.}$





Polarization transfer in $A(\vec{e}, e'\vec{p})$ reaction

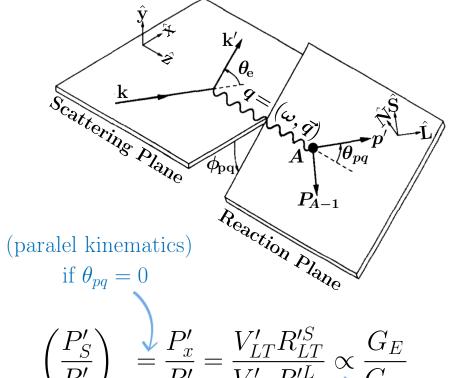
$$A = 1 \rightarrow \bullet^{\mathbf{1H}}$$
 ... elastic



$$\left(\frac{P_x'}{P_z'}\right)_{\rm H} = \frac{2\varepsilon}{\tau(1+\varepsilon)} \frac{G_E}{G_M}$$
proton EM form factors

quasi-elastic ... $A > 1 \rightarrow \text{e.g.}$





$$\left(\frac{P_S'}{P_L'}\right)_A = \frac{P_x'}{P_z'} = \frac{V_{LT}' R_{LT}'^S}{V_{TT}' R_{TT}'^L} \propto \frac{G_E}{G_M}$$
PWI

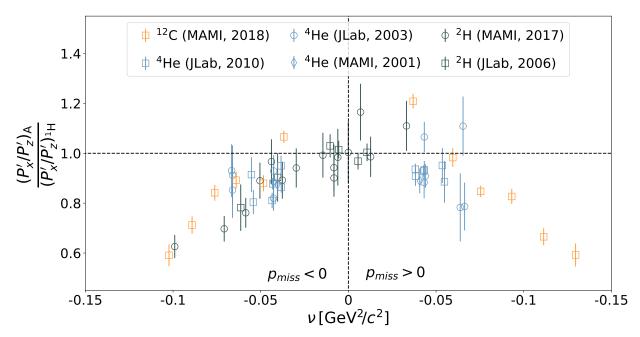
$$\frac{(P'_x/P'_z)_{\text{A}}}{(P'_x/P'_z)_{\text{H}}} \propto \frac{(G_E/G_M)_{\text{A}}}{(G_E/G_M)_{\text{H}}}$$

Polarization transfer experiments



o Virtuality:
$$\nu = (m_p^2)_{emb} - m_p^2 = (M_A - \sqrt{M_{A-1}^{*2} + \vec{p}_{miss}^2})^2 - \vec{p}_{miss}^2 - m_p^2$$

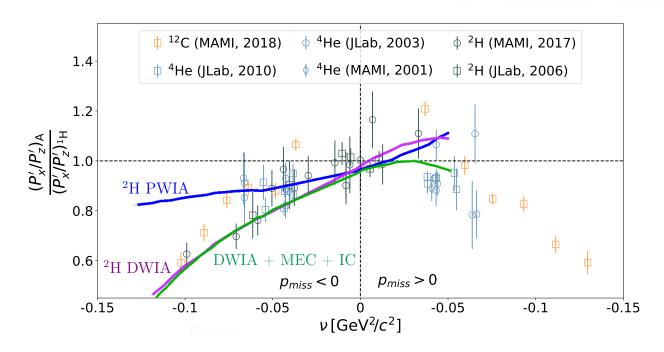
$$M_{A-1}^* = \sqrt{(\omega - T_{p'} + M_{A-1})^2 - \vec{p}_{miss}^2}$$



• Universal behaviour for different nuclei

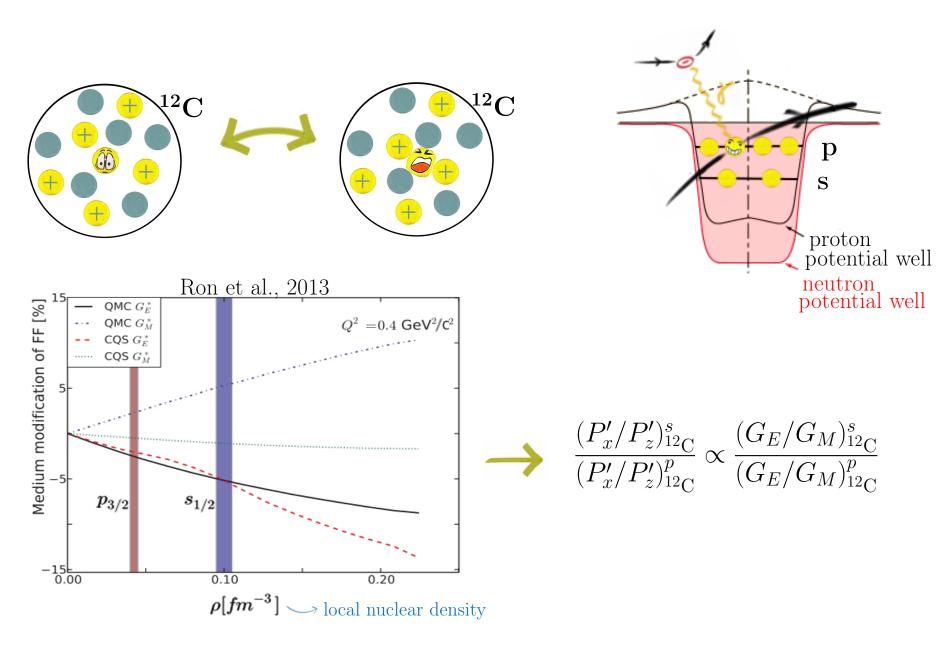
Polarization transfer experiments





- o Universal behaviour for different nuclei
- Dominated by other nuclear medium effects, such as final-state interactions (FSI), meson-exchange currents (MEC) and isobar currents (IC)
 - \rightarrow need to be accounted for with theoretical calculations

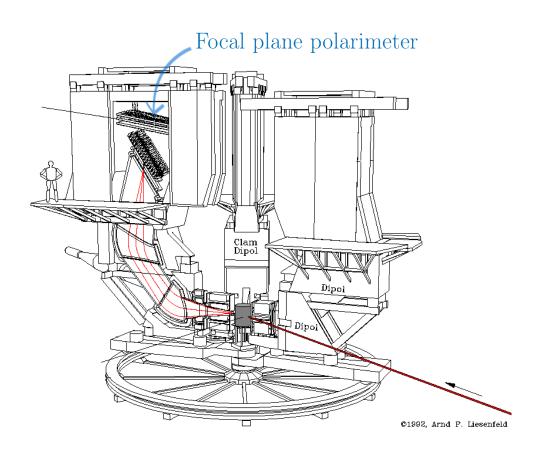
Different Approach

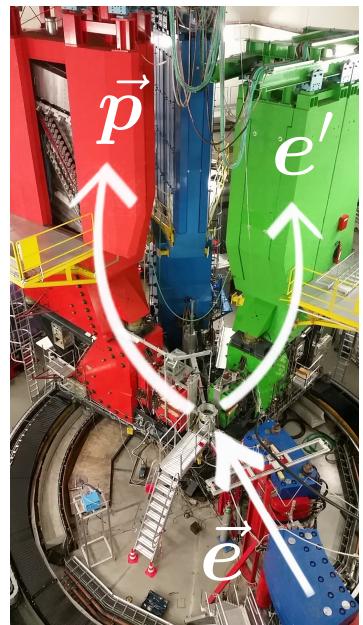


Experimental setup in A-Hall at Mainz

\circ A1-Hall

3 magnetic spectrometers



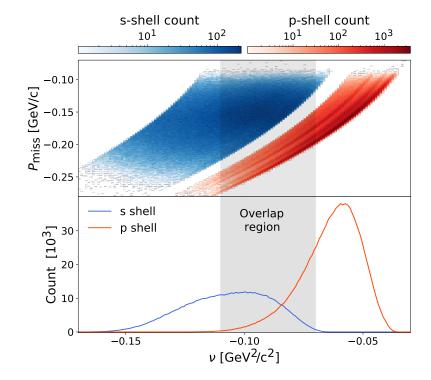


The Experiment - kinematics

• Central kinematics:

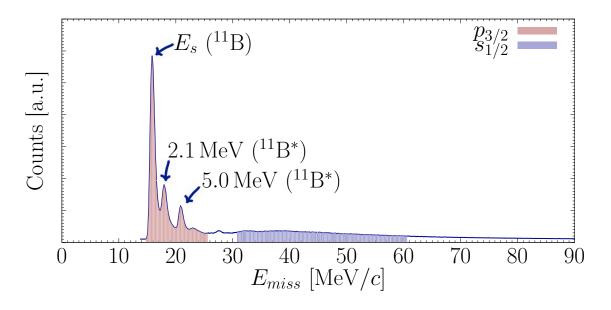
E_{beam}	[MeV]	600
Q^2	$\left[\mathrm{GeV}^2/c^2\right]$	0.175
p_e	$[\mathrm{MeV}/c]$	368
$ heta_e$	[0]	-52.9
p_p	$[\mathrm{MeV}/c]$	665
$egin{array}{c} p_p \ heta_p \end{array}$	$[\circ]$	37.8
$p_{ m miss}$	[MeV/c]	-270 to -100
ν	$[\mathrm{MeV}^2/c^2]$	-160 to -40

 \circ Covered p_{miss} - ν phase space:



The Experiment

 \circ Separation of protons ejected from s and p shell



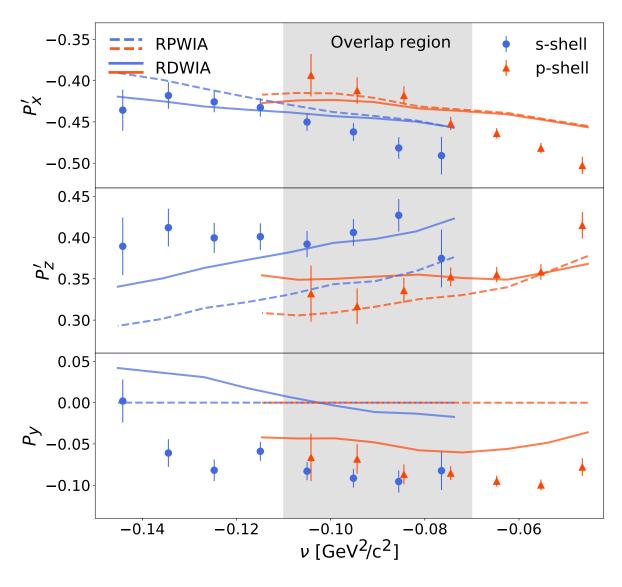
Limits were based on previously measured spectral functions for ¹²C (Dutta, 2003)

$$p_{3/2}$$
 shell: $14 \le E_{miss} \le 25 \,\mathrm{MeV}$

$$s_{1/2}$$
 shell: $30 \le E_{miss} \le 60 \,\mathrm{MeV}$

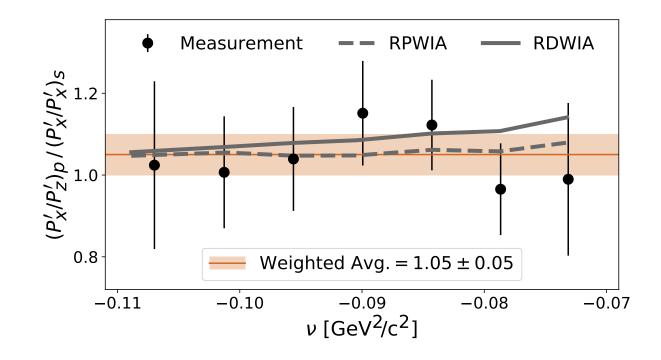
The Experiment - Results

• Individual polarization components



The Experiment - Results

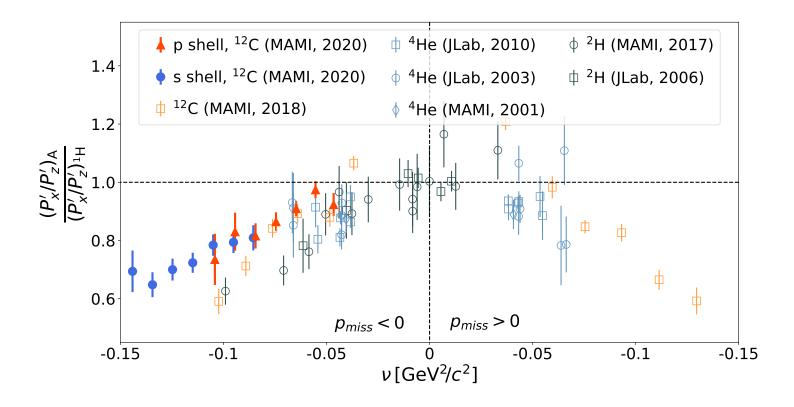
• Polarization double ratio - comparison between the two ¹²C shells in the virtuality overlap region



- \rightarrow Forming polarization double ratio $\frac{(P_x'/P_z')_{12_{\rm C}}^s}{(P_x'/P_z')_{12_{\rm C}}^p}$ reduces FSI contribution
- \rightarrow Based on the s- and p- shell comparison there is no density-dependent modification of protons with the same virtuality

The Experiment - Results

• Polarization double ratio - comparison with a free proton



 \to Observed universality of $\frac{(P_x/P_z)_A}{(P_x/P_z)_H}$ when examined as function of virtuality is perserved

Conclusions

- We presented a novel method for exploration of in-medium effects with polarization transfer method
- Theoretical input remains mandatory
- For protons of the same virtuality we did not observe any density-dependent modifications
- \circ Preserved universality of $\frac{(P_x/P_z)_A}{(P_x/P_z)_H}$ when examined as function of virtuality
- Similar experiment with ⁴⁰Ca target ran earlier this year at MAMI (currently ongoing analysis)

Thank you!

