

Correlations in Partonic and Hadronic Interactions - CPHI-2022

March 10th

Accessing the proton content via TMD gluon distributions

Francesco Giovanni Celiberto

ECT*/FBK Trento & INFN-TIFPA

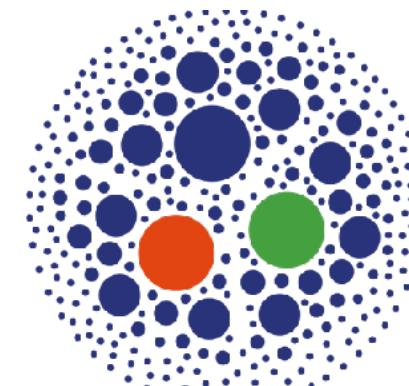
In collaboration with A. Bacchetta, M. Radici, and A. Signori



EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR THEORETICAL STUDIES
IN NUCLEAR PHYSICS AND RELATED AREAS



Trento Institute for
Fundamental Physics
and Applications



HAS QCD

HADRONIC STRUCTURE AND
QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS

An overview on gluon TMDs

Gluon TMDs: gauge links and modified universality

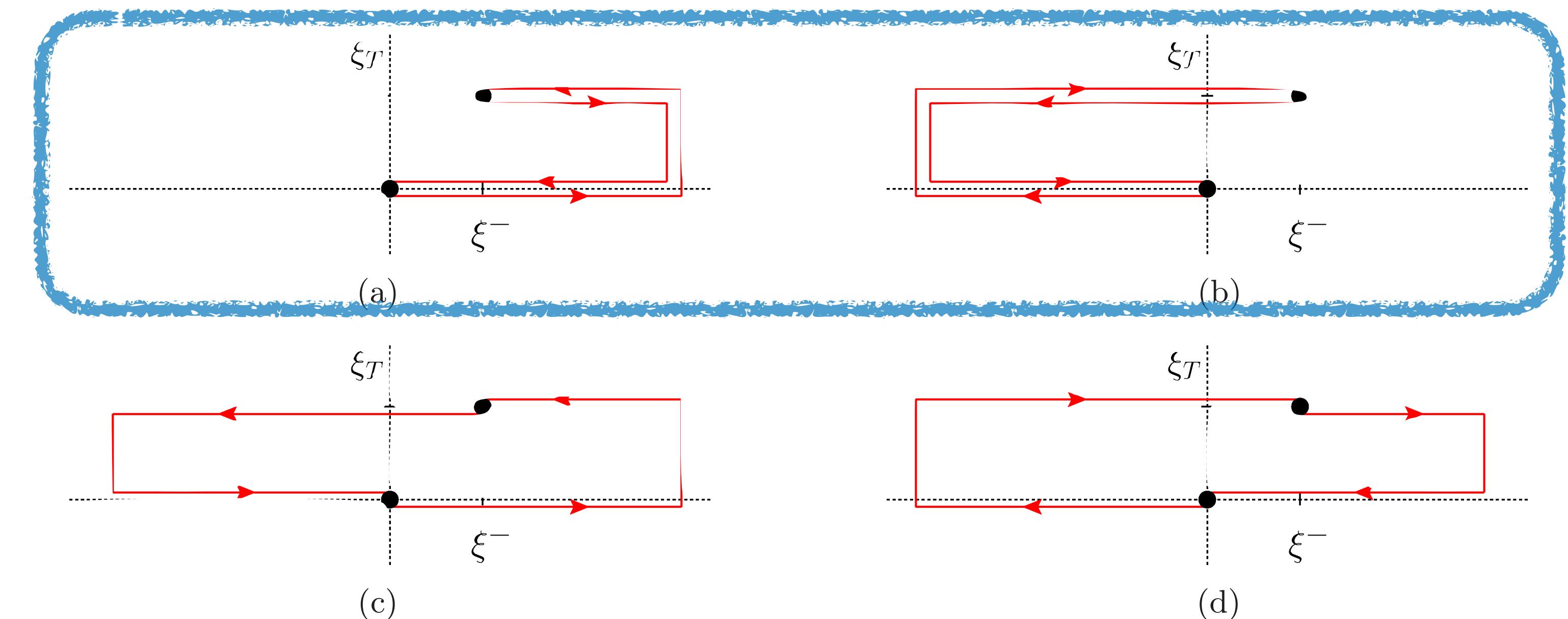
- * **Single-spin asymmetries** → process dependence of TMDs via **gauge links**
- * **Color flow** → integration paths of gauge links calculable
- * Gluon TMDs → more complicated structure with respect to quark **staple links**
- * **Factorization-preserving** processes → two main kinds of **modified universality**
- * Different classes of processes → distinct gluon TMDs, **not related** to each other

Gluon TMDs: gauge links and modified universality

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f-type (WW)

(a) [+ , +] or (b) [- , -]

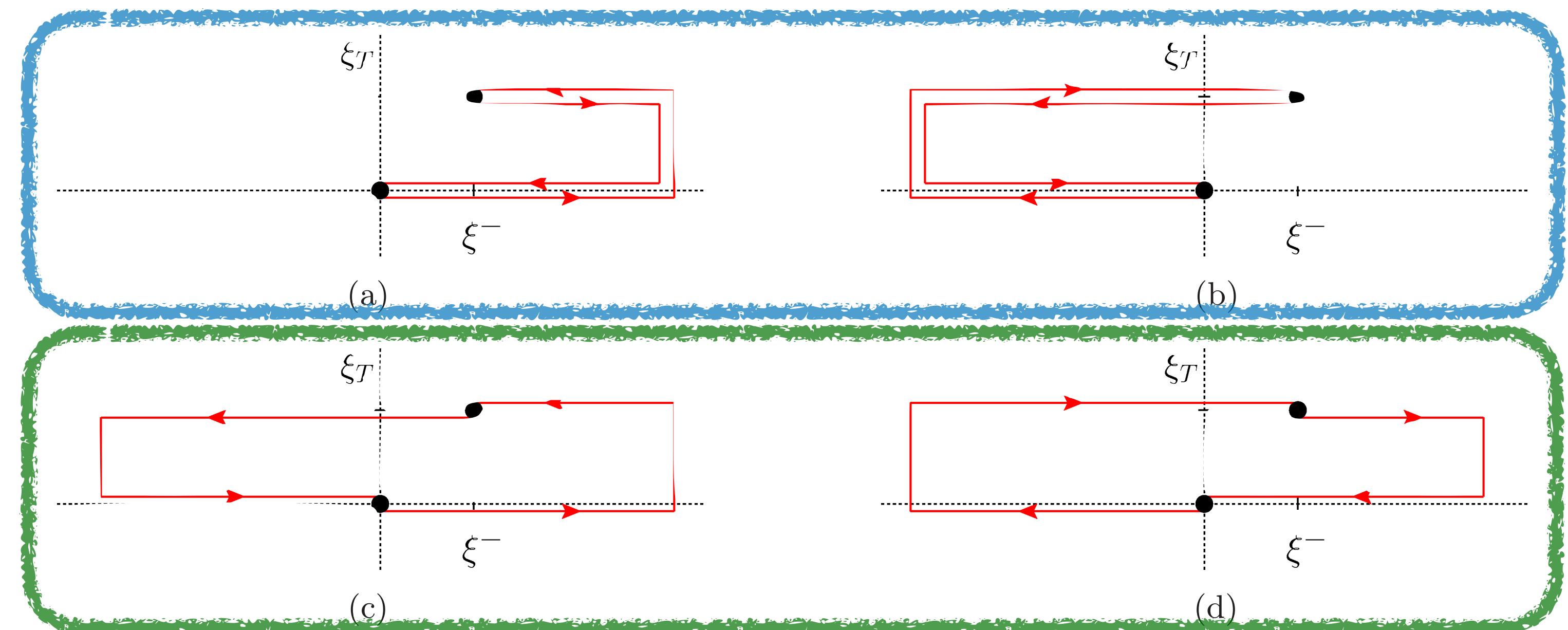


Gluon TMDs: gauge links and modified universality

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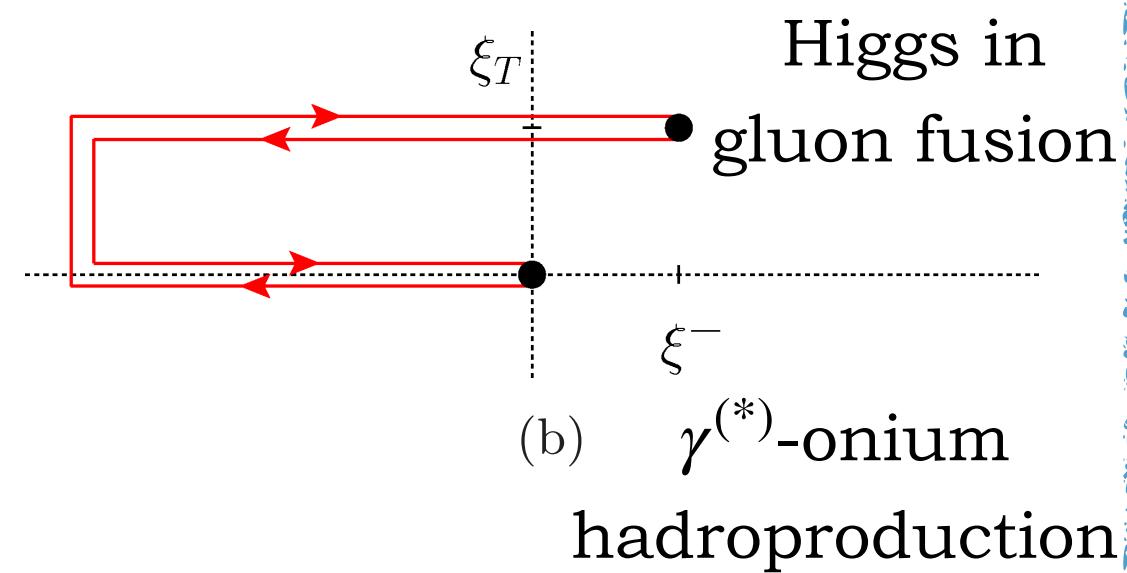
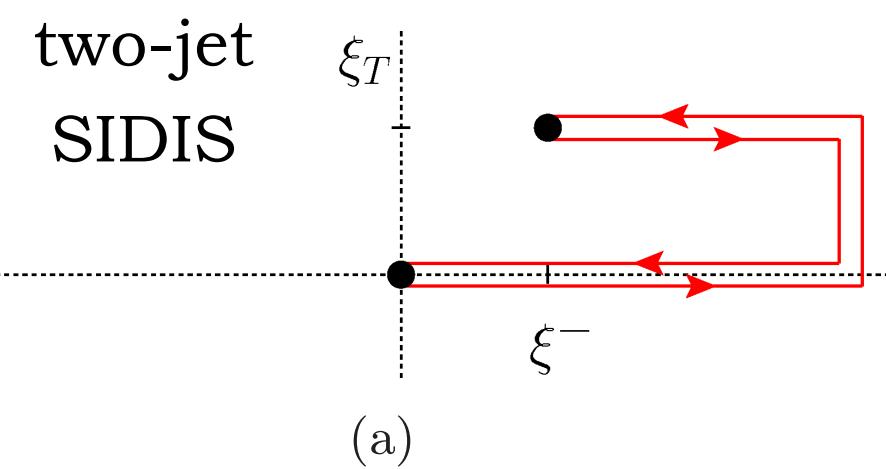
d-type (dipole)

(c) [+ , -] or (d) [- , +]

Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

Weiszäcker-Williams (WW)

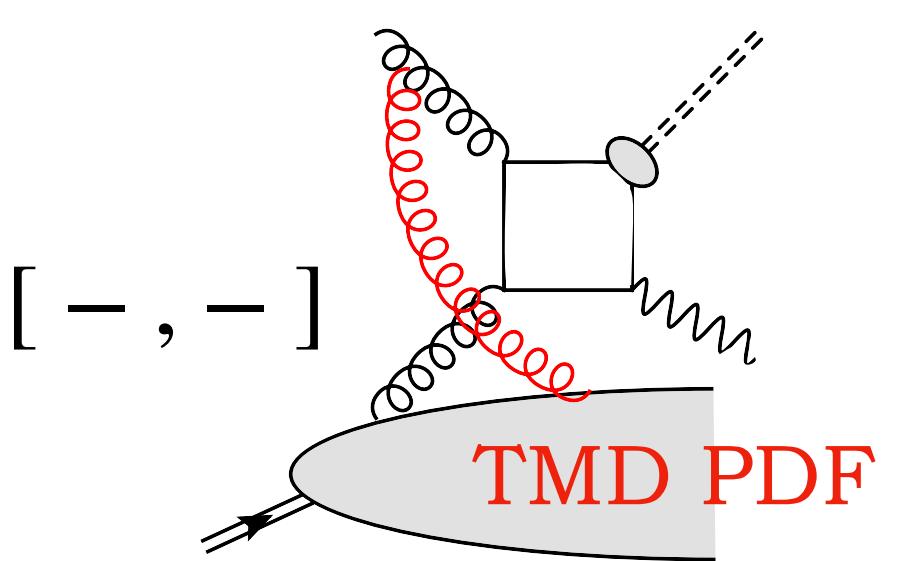
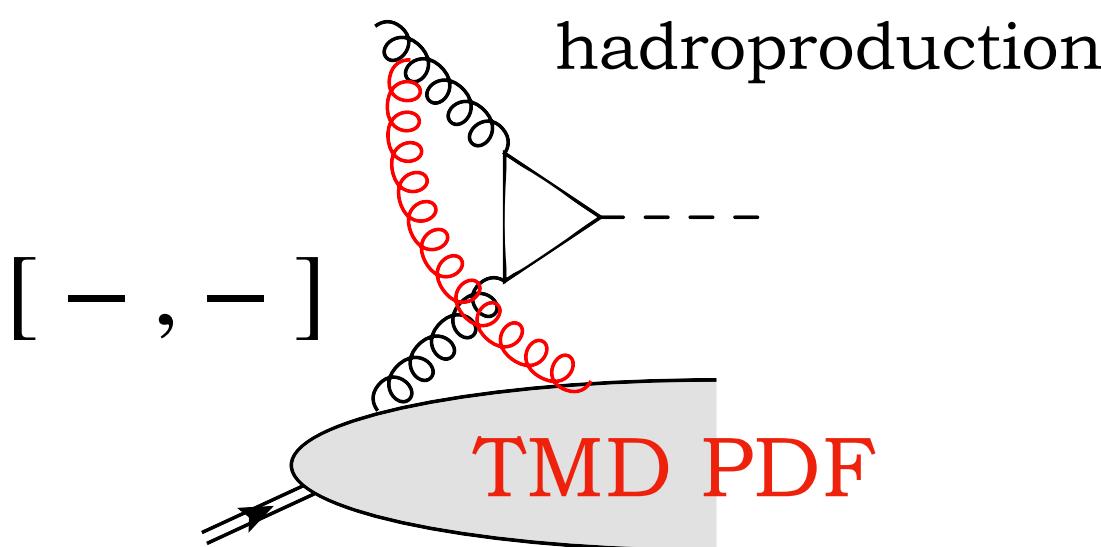
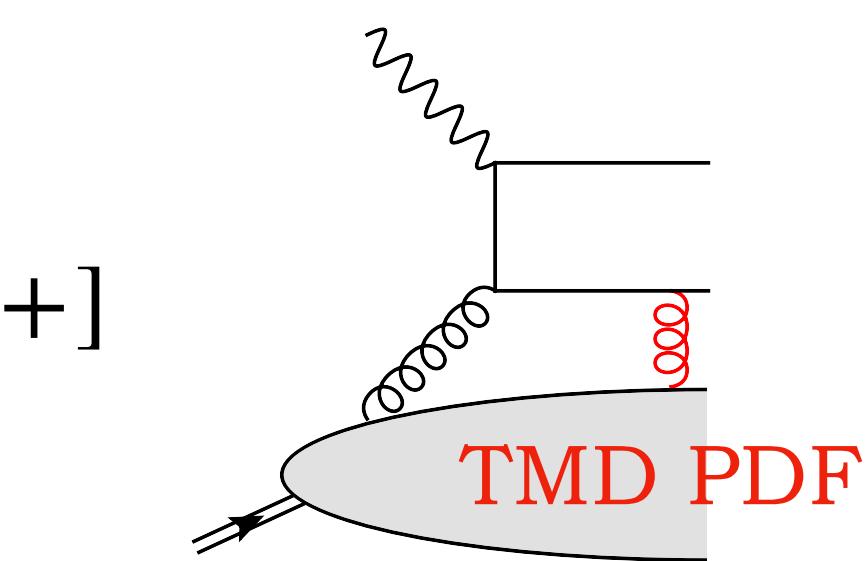
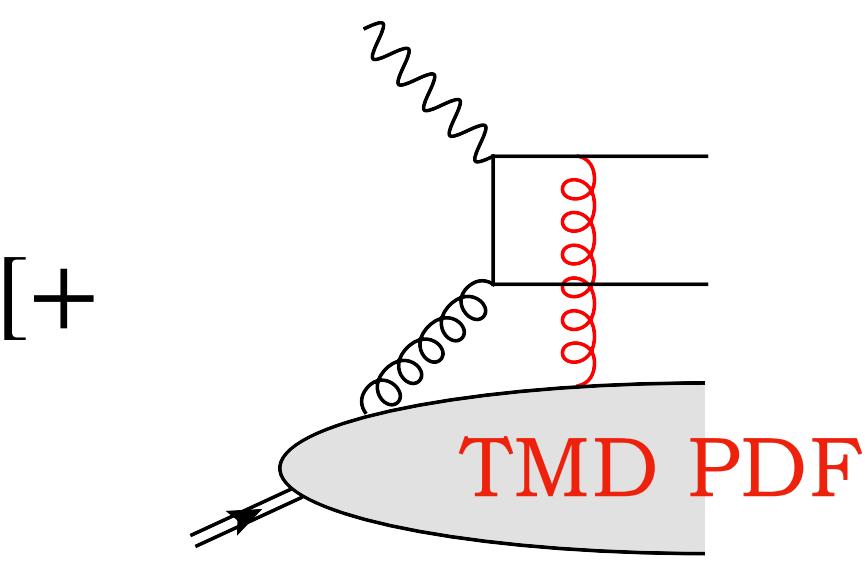
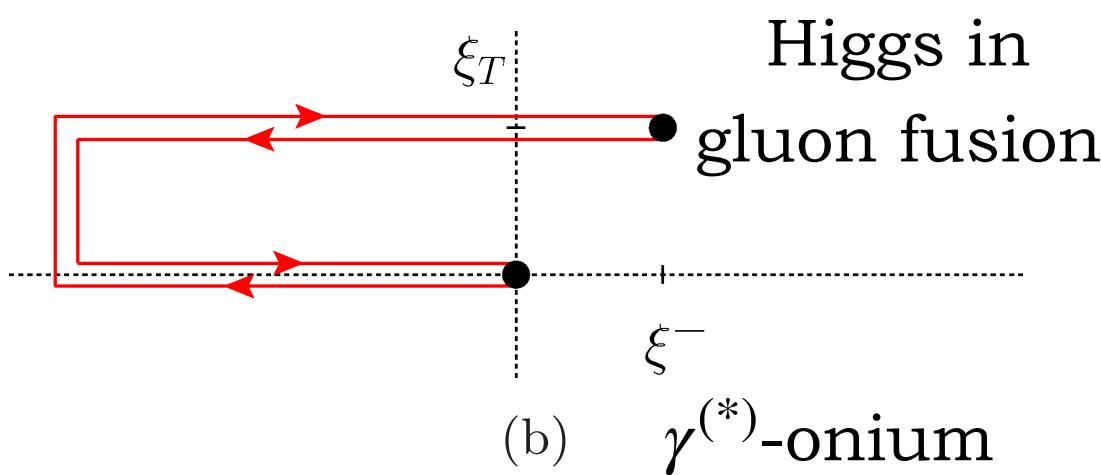
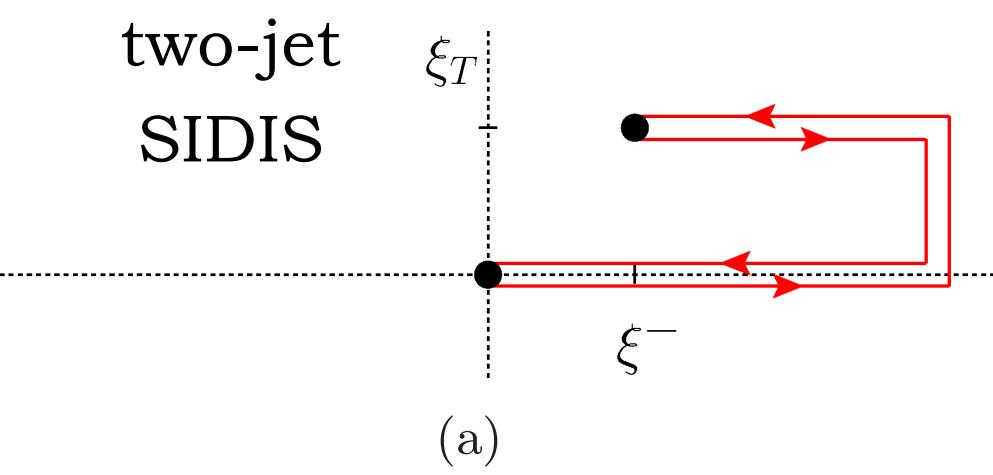
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Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

Weiszäcker-Williams (WW)

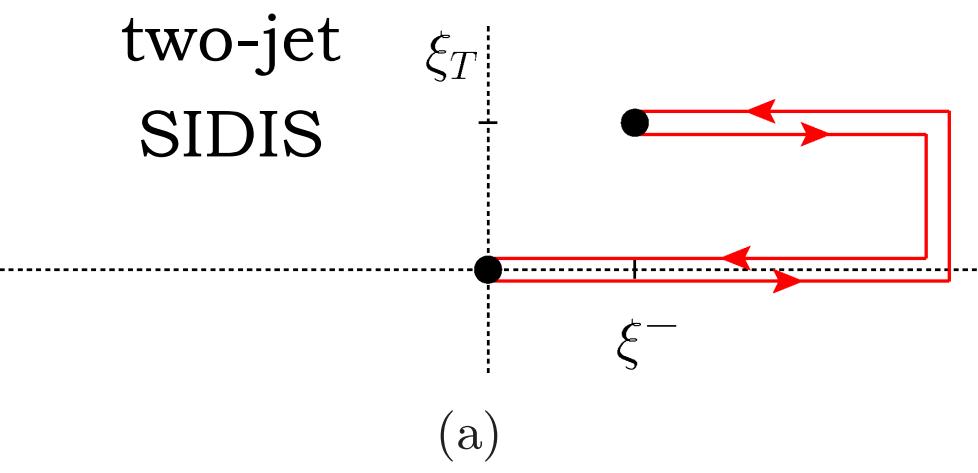
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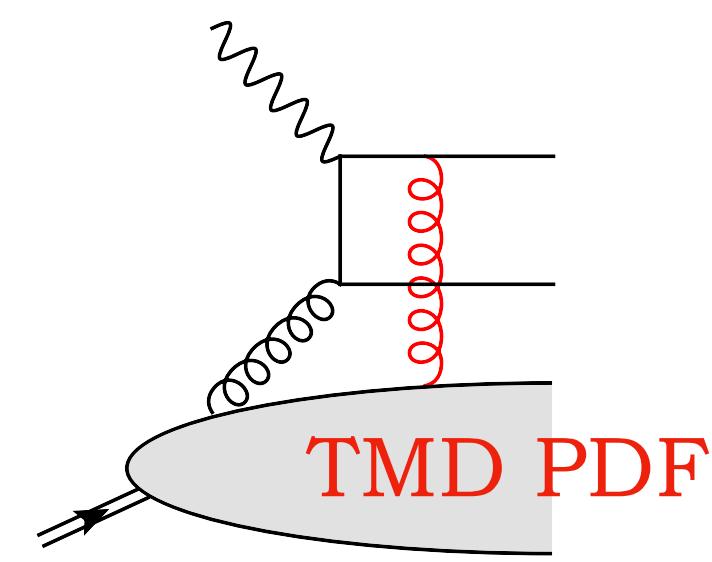
Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

Weiszäcker-Williams (WW)

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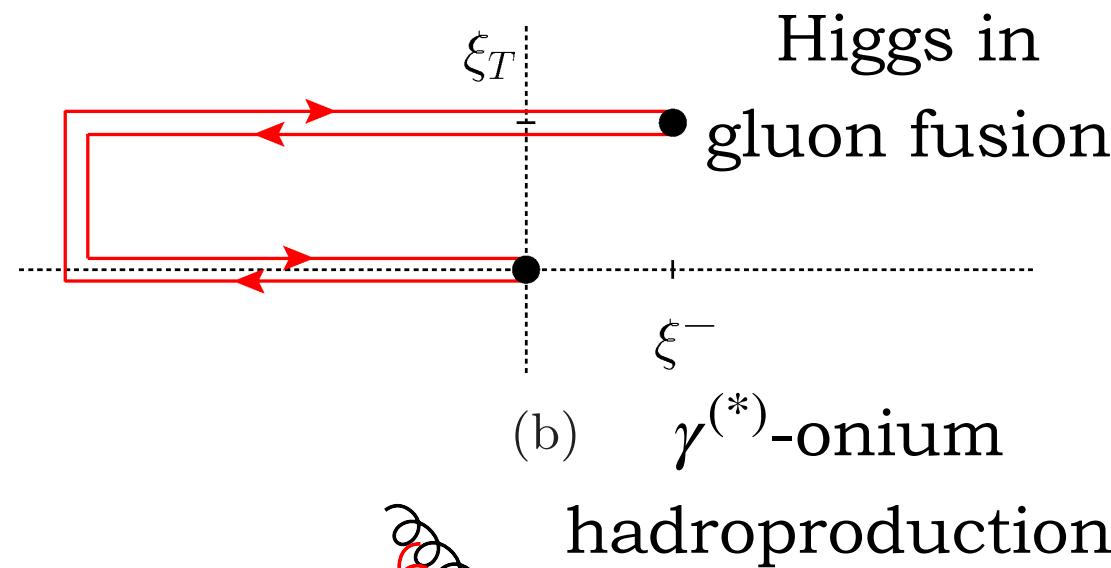
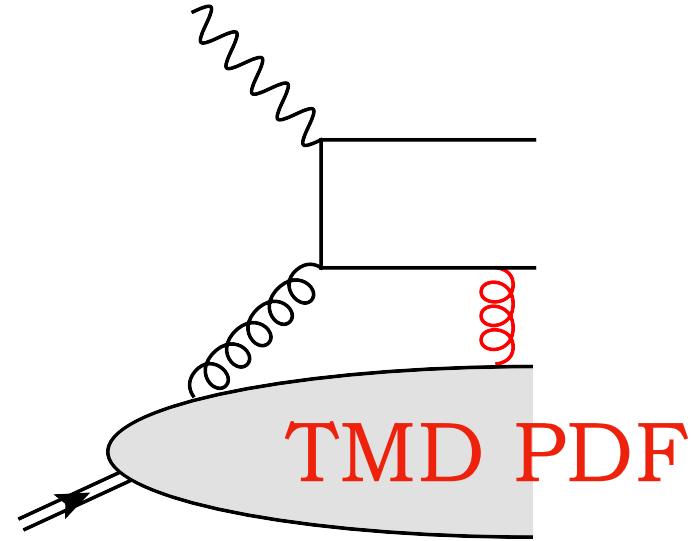


(a)

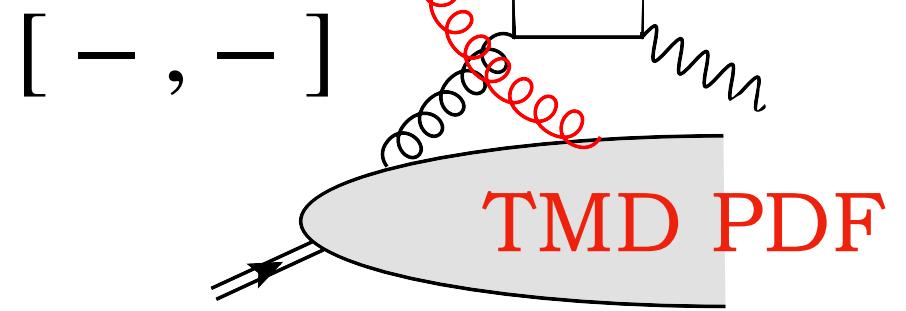
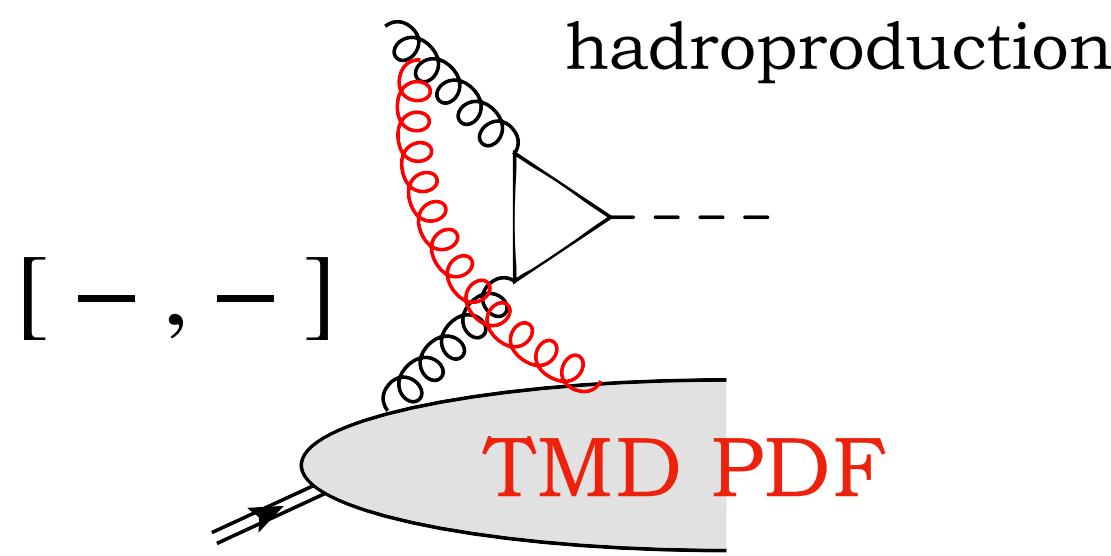


[+]

+[

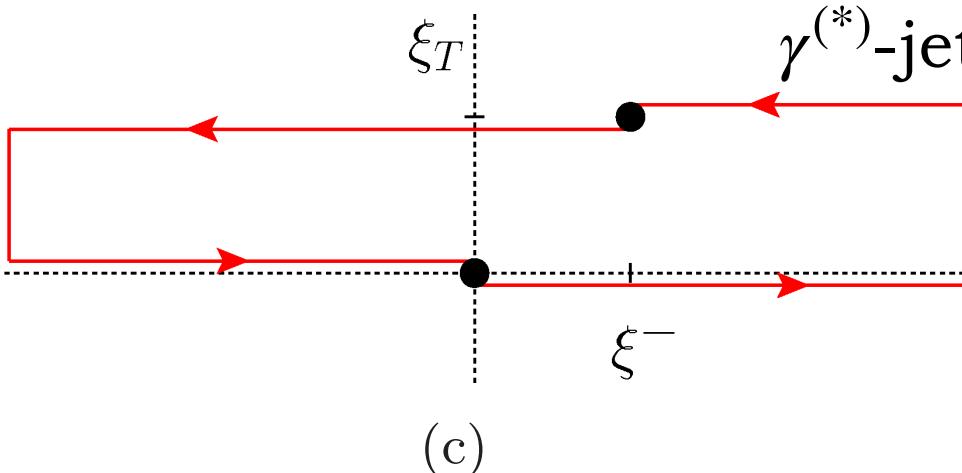


(b) $\gamma^{(*)}$ -onium hadroproduction

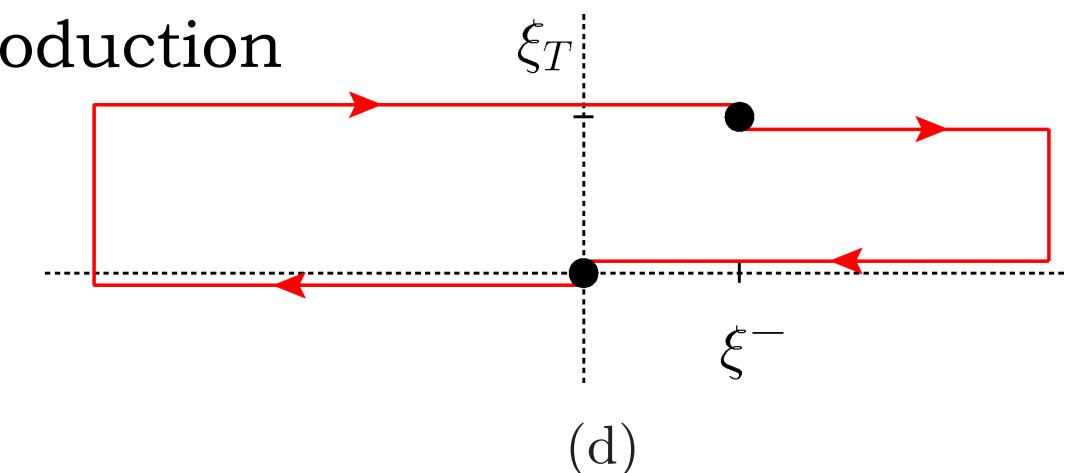


Dipole (DP)

(c) $[+, -]$ or (d) $[-, +]$



(c)

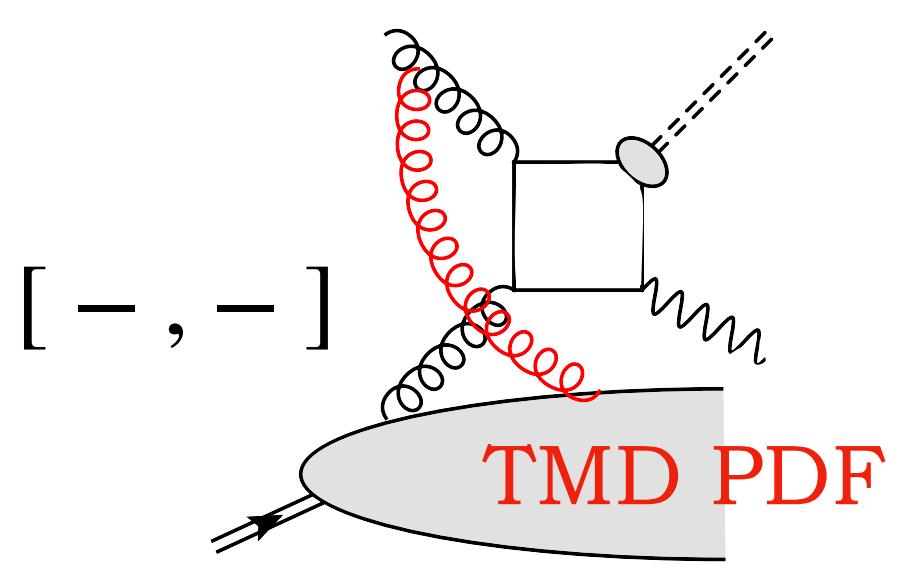
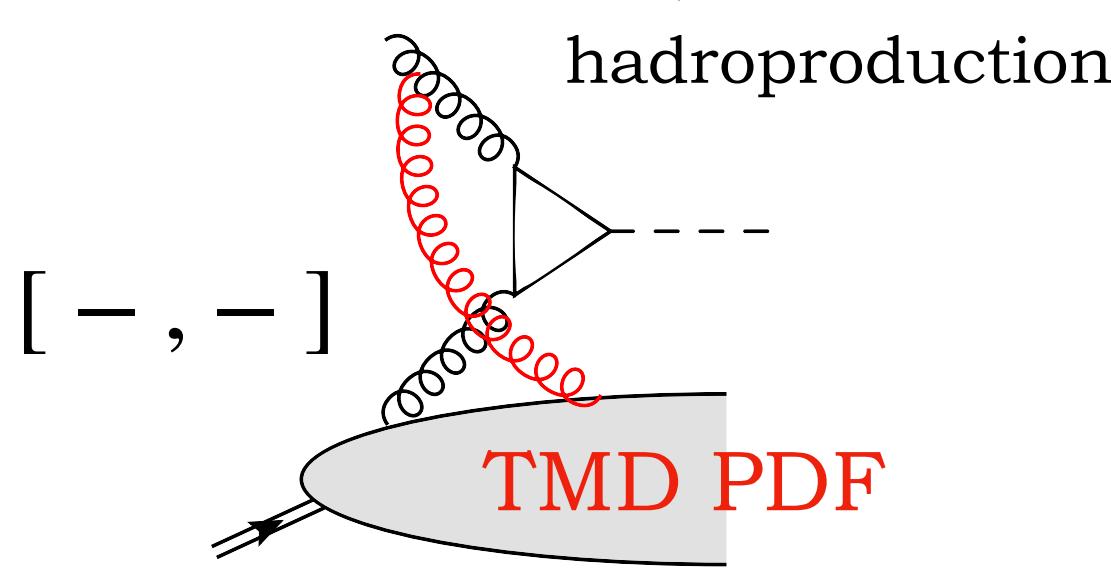
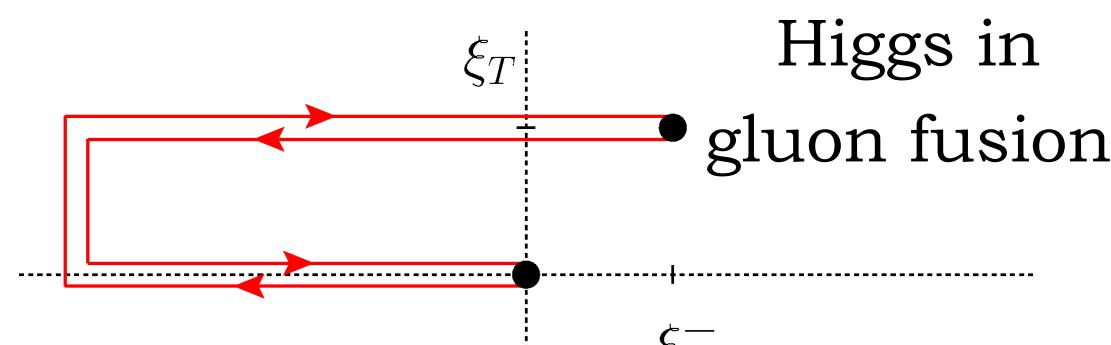
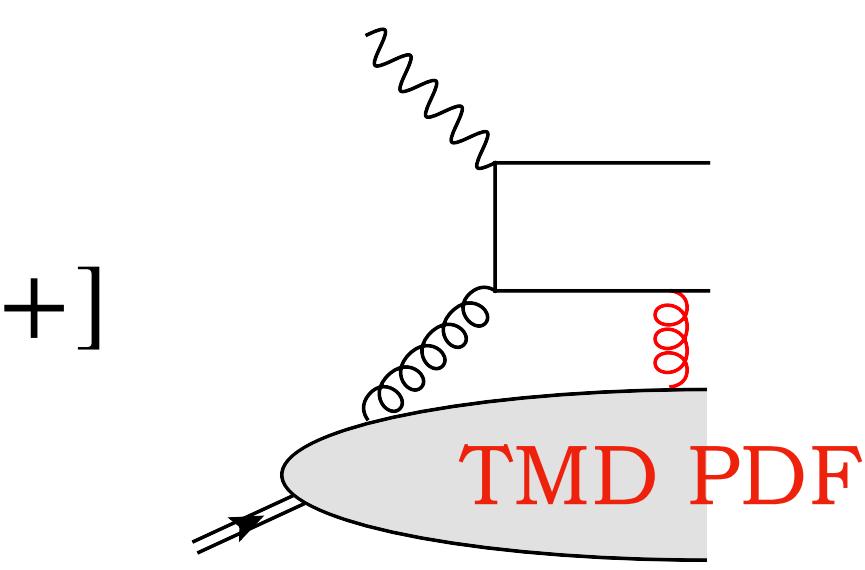
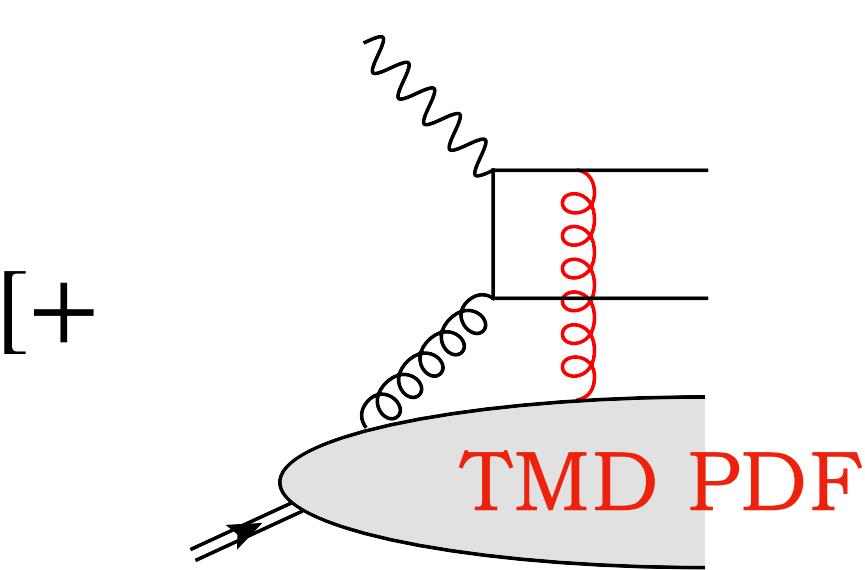
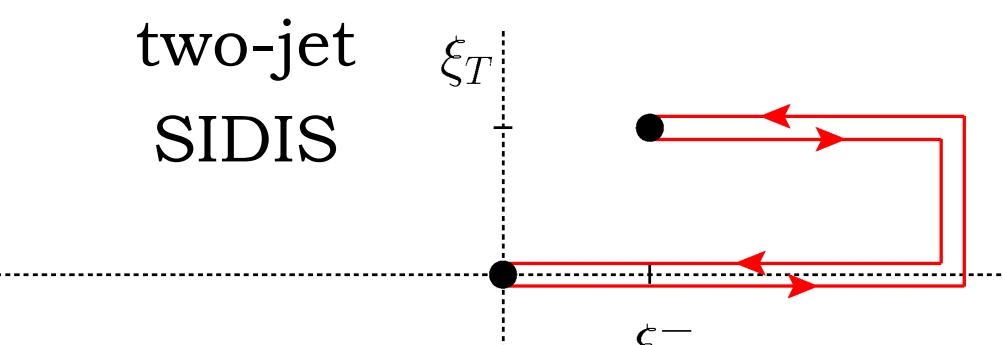


(d)

Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

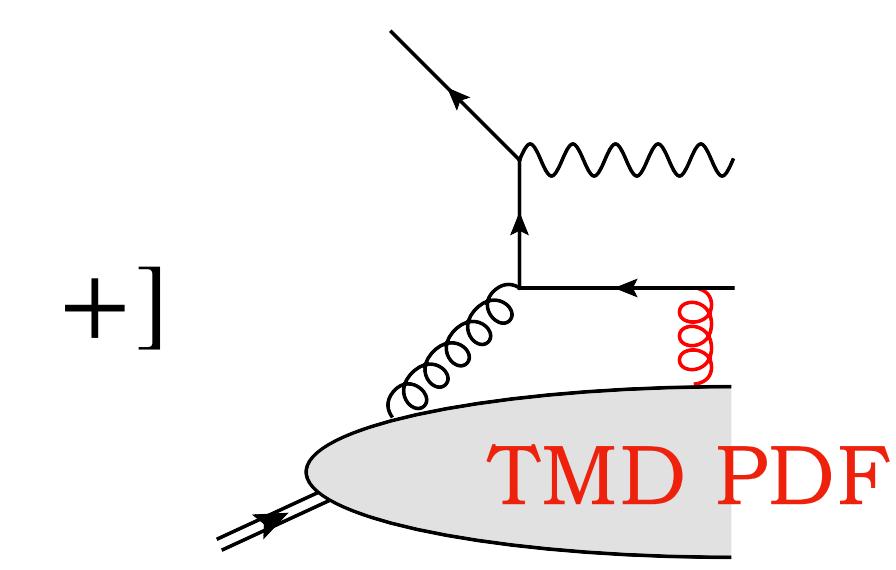
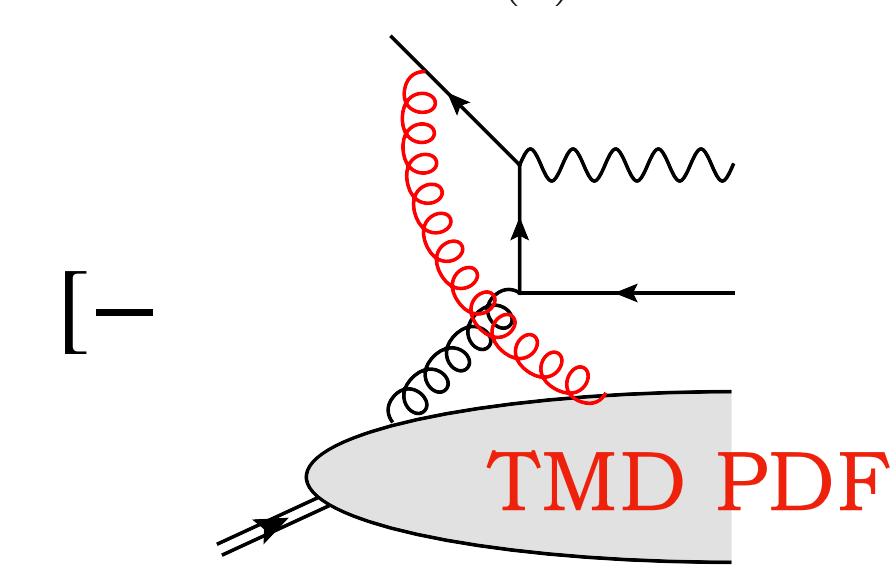
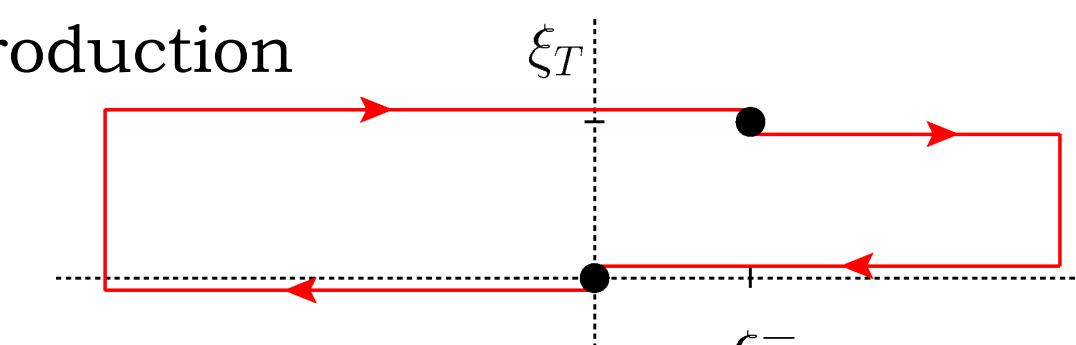
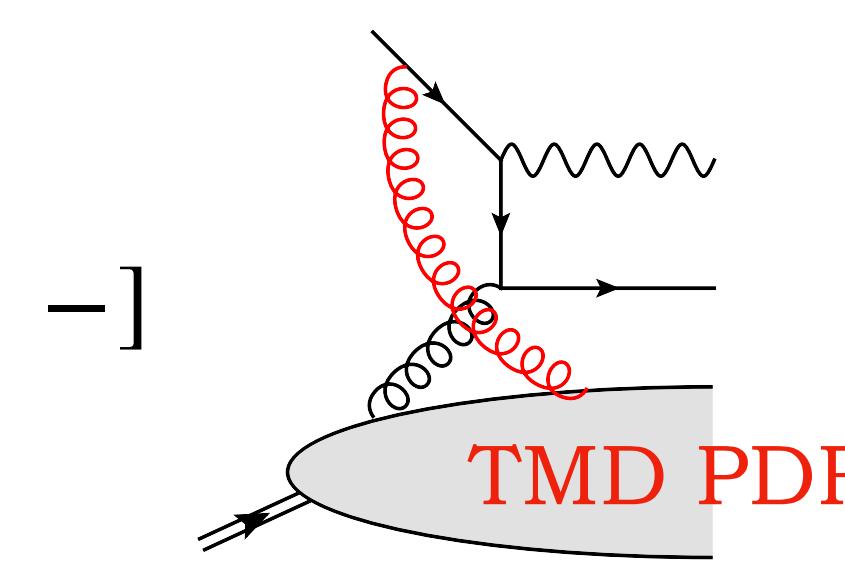
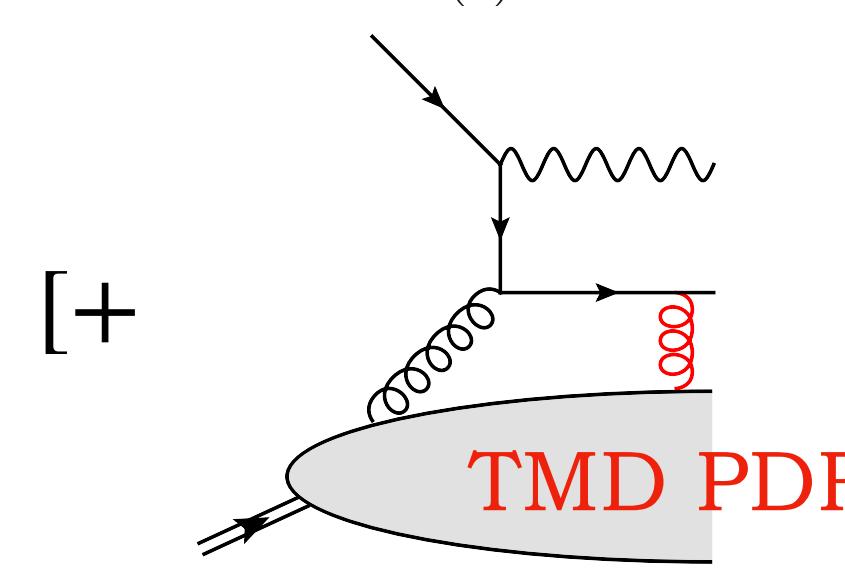
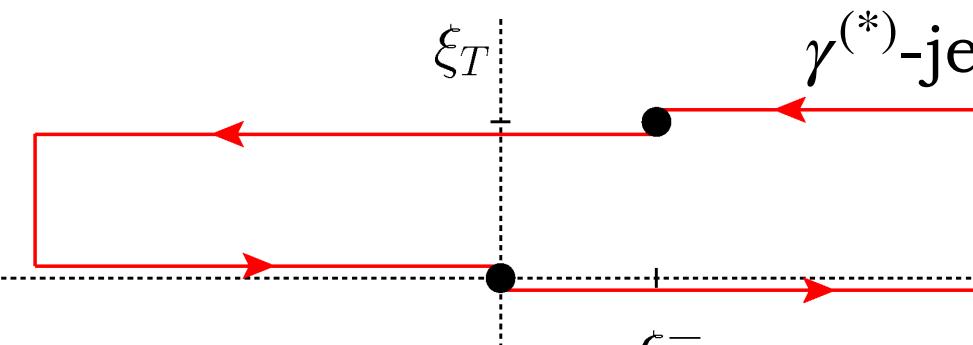
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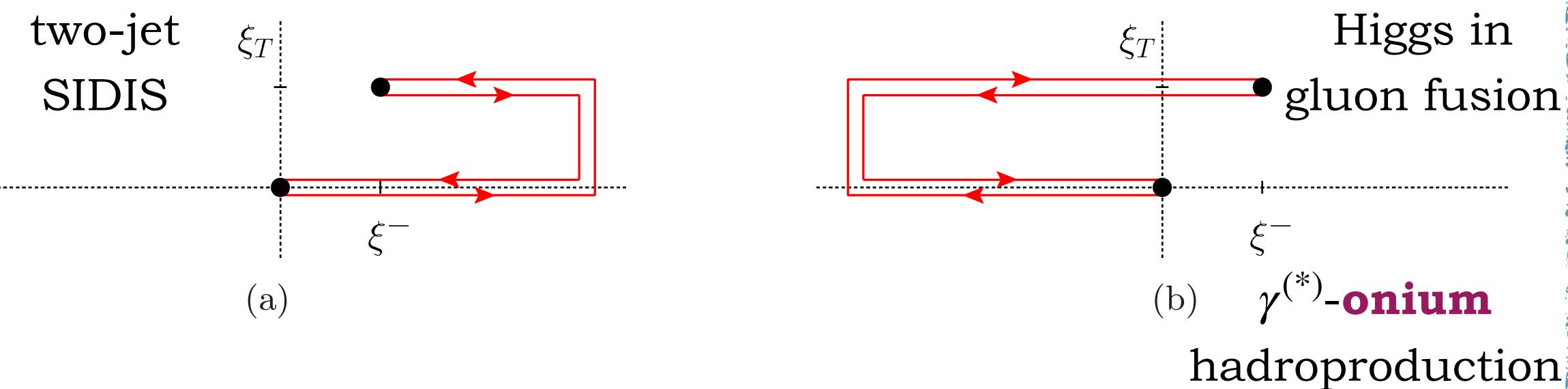
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Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

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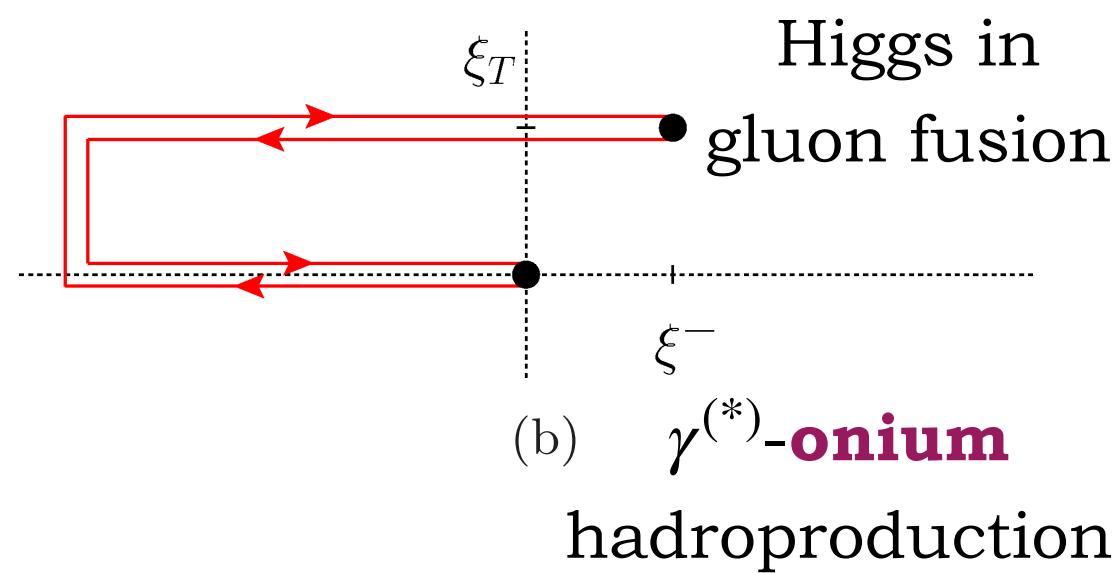
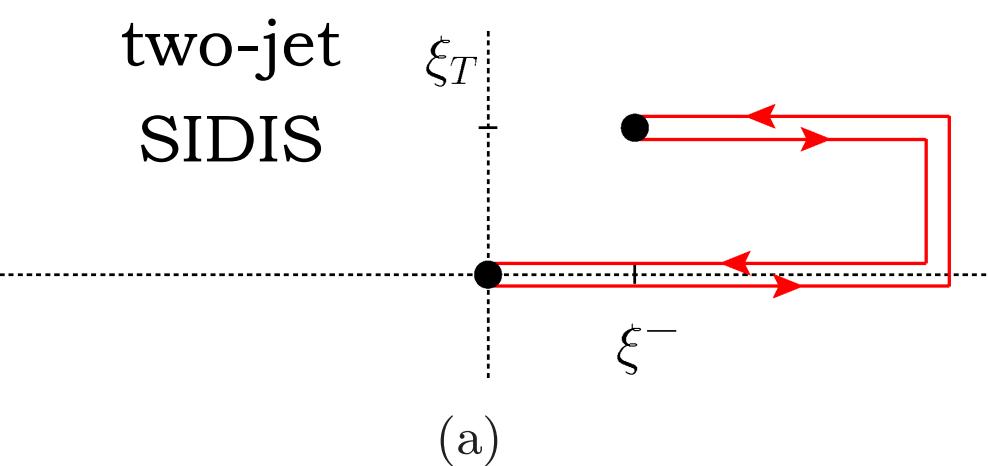


- * Color flow annihilated within final/initial state
- * f -type gluon TMDs $\rightarrow f^{abc}$ color structure
- * Modified universality:
$$f_1^{[+,+]} = f_1^{[-,-]},$$
$$f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} = -f_{1T}^{\perp[-,-]}$$
- * Phenomenology: Higgs, **quarkonia** or $\gamma\gamma$ in pp , two-jet SIDIS, heavy-quark pair SIDIS

Accessing WW and DP gluon TMDs

Weiszäcker-Williams (WW)

(a) [+ , +] or (b) [- , -]



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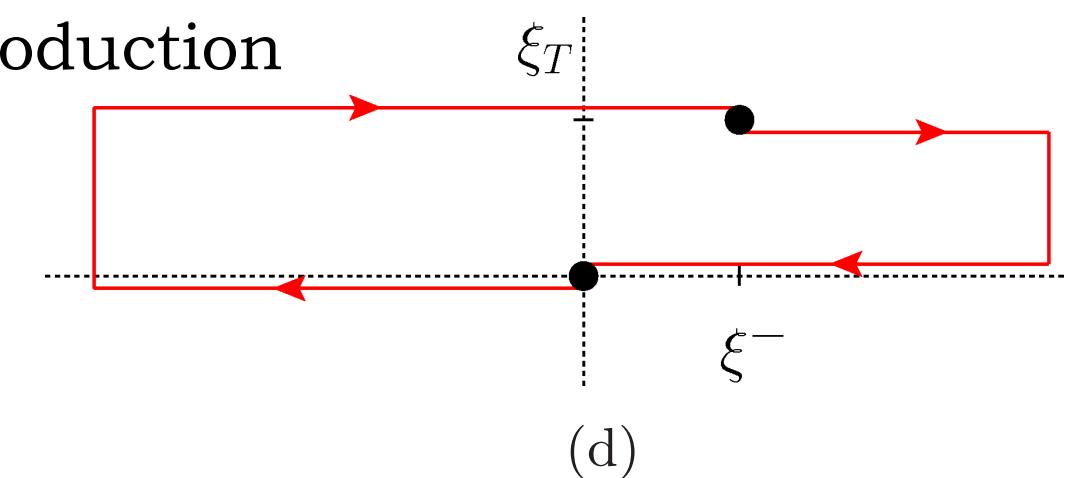
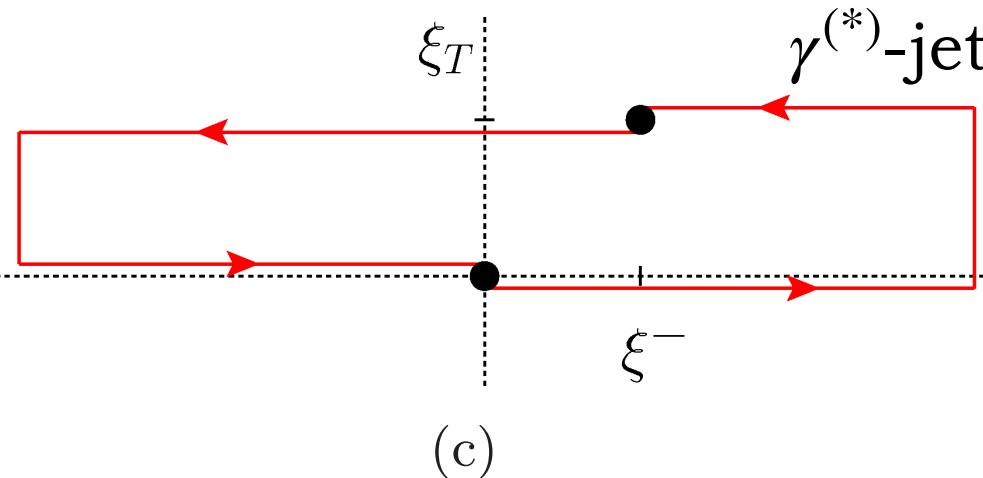
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- * Color flow involving both initial and final states

- * d -type gluon TMDs $\rightarrow d^{abc}$ color structure

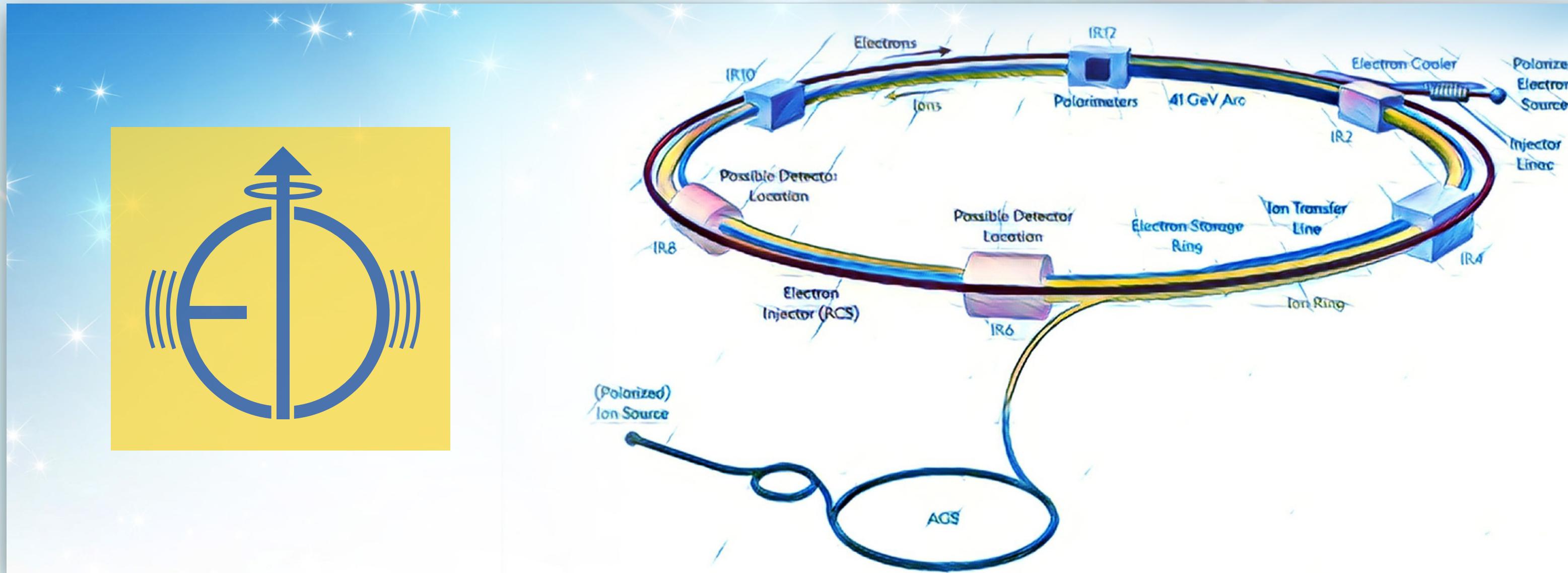
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- * Phenomenology: single hadron or $\gamma^{(*)}$ -jet hadroproduction, SIDIS or Drell-Yan (subleading)

Gauge link \rightarrow two main independent sets of TMDs, **not related** to each other

3D proton tomography at new-generation colliders

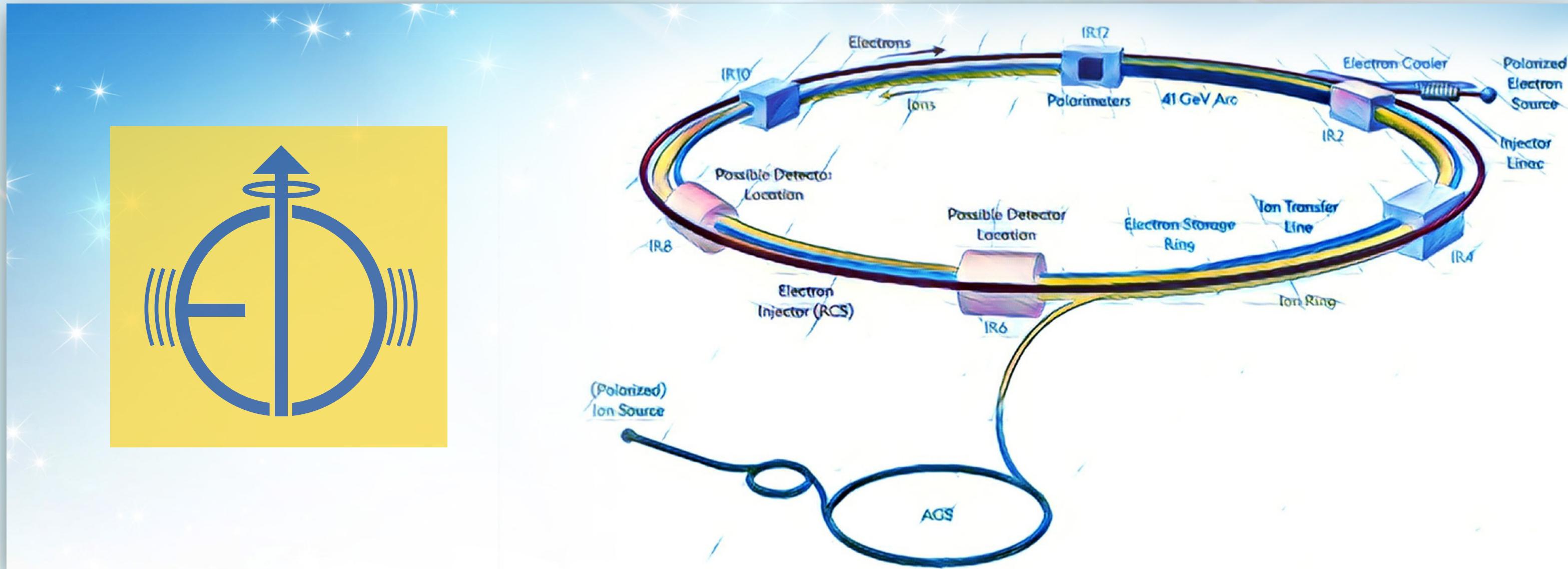


Electron-Ion
Collider

EIC Yellow Report 🔗 [EICUG [arXiv:2103.05419]]

Accessing the gluon content

3D proton tomography at new-generation colliders



Electron-Ion
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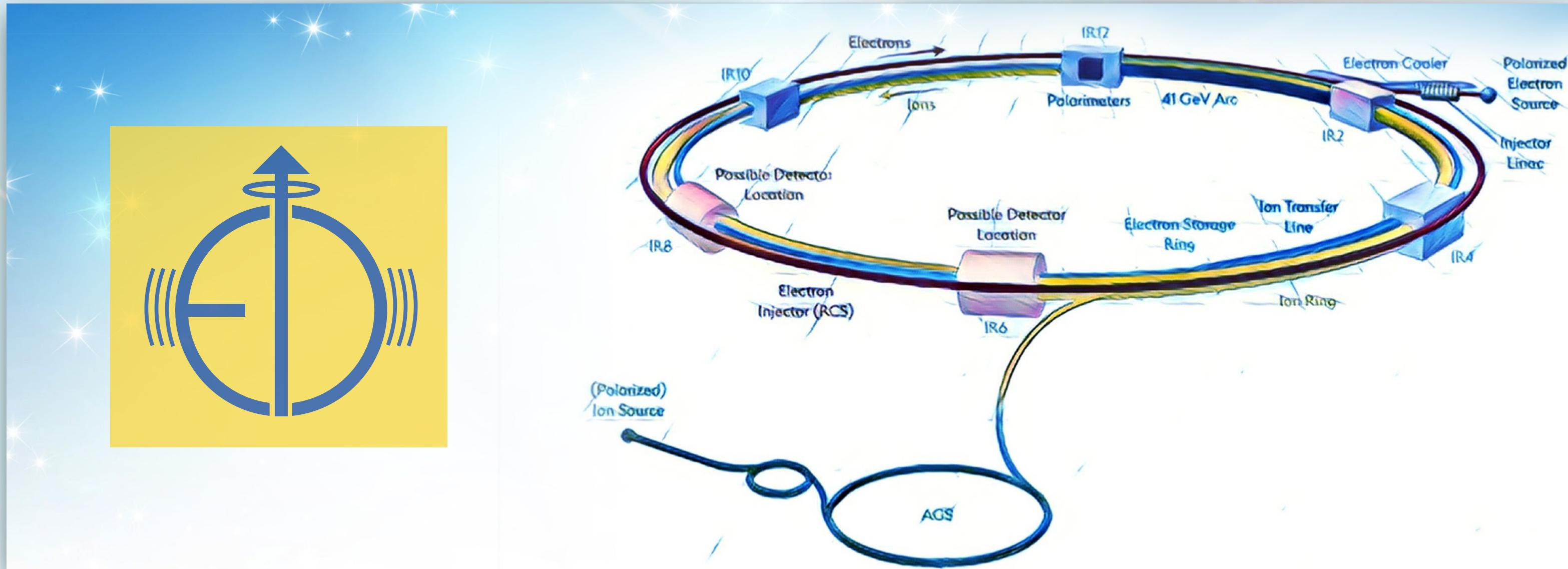
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Accessing the gluon content



Core sector of EIC studies

3D proton tomography at new-generation colliders



Electron-Ion
Collider

NICA-SPD

EIC Yellow Report 🔗 [EICUG [arXiv:2103.05419]]

Gluon content at NICA-SPD 🔗 [NICA [arXiv:2011.15005]]

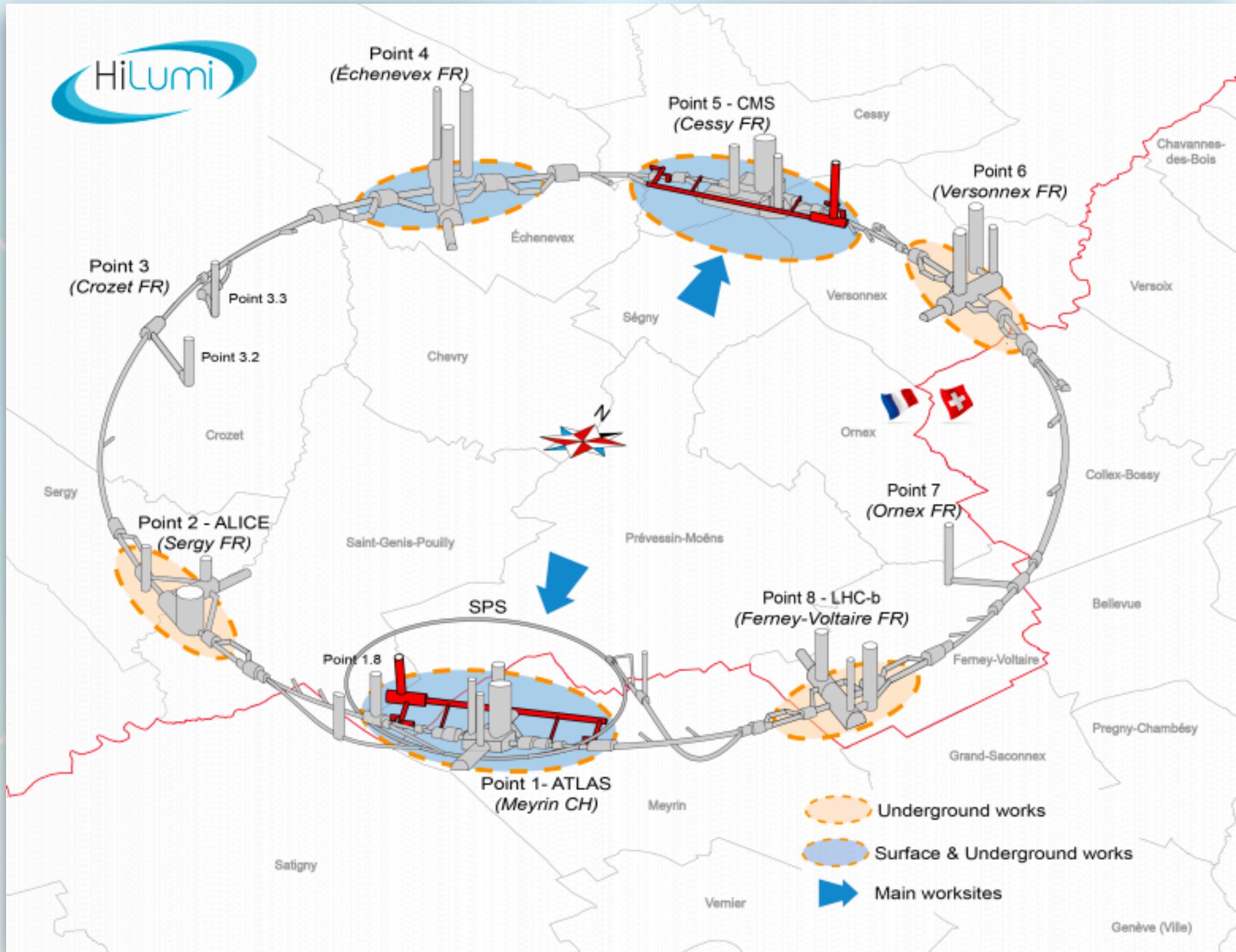
Accessing the gluon content

Core sector of EIC studies

Significance of large- x studies at NICA-SPD



Connections with high-energy physics

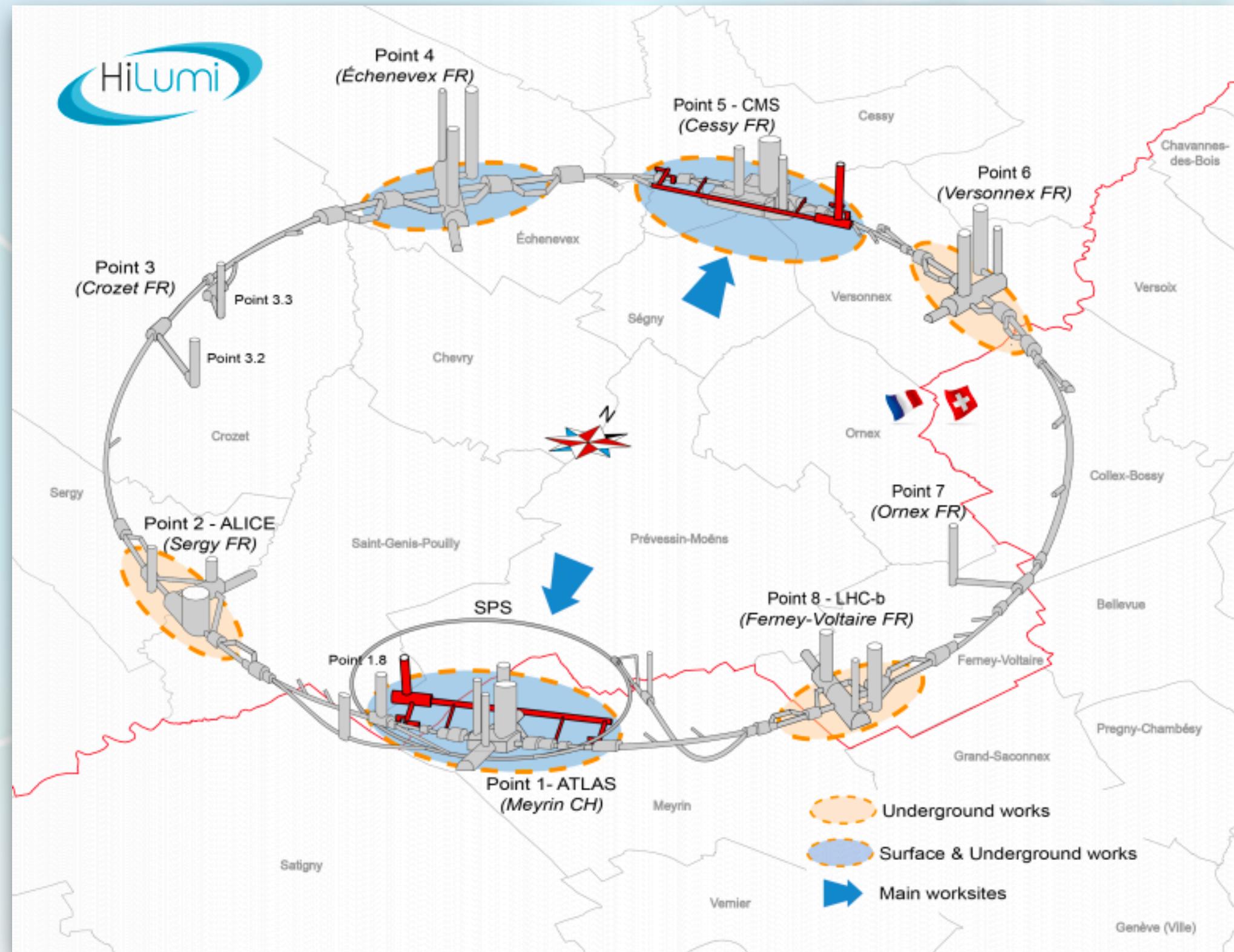


HL-LHC

Quarkonium studies at **HL-LHC** ⚡ [QAT [arXiv:2012.14161]]

Hadronic structure at high energies

Connections with high-energy physics



HL-LHC

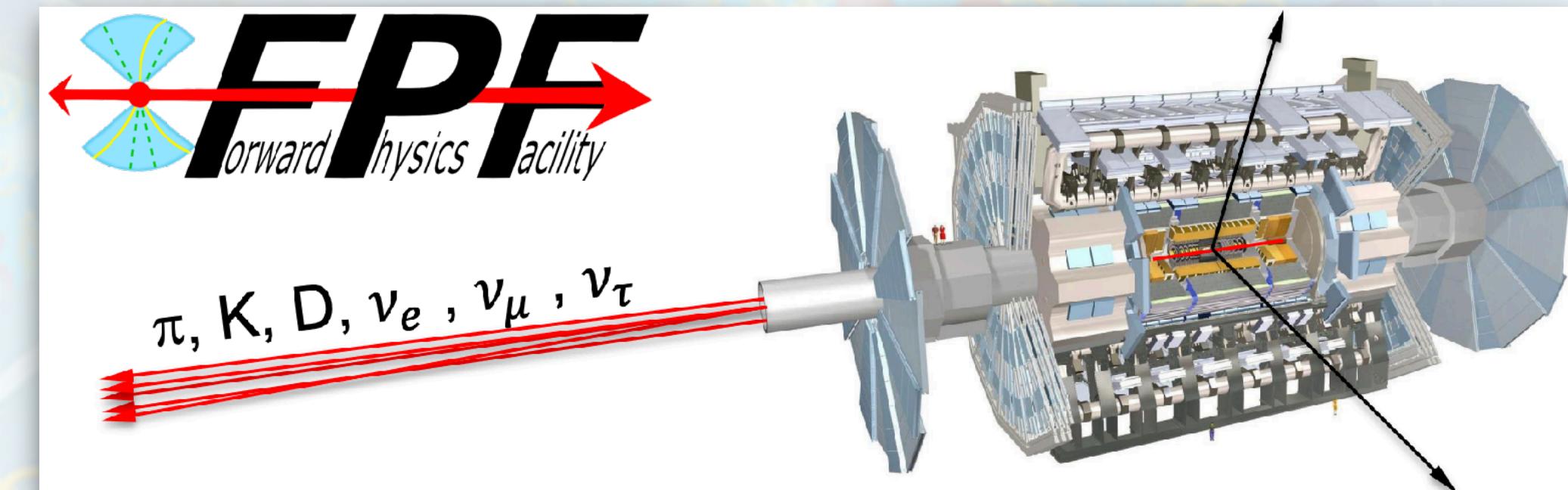
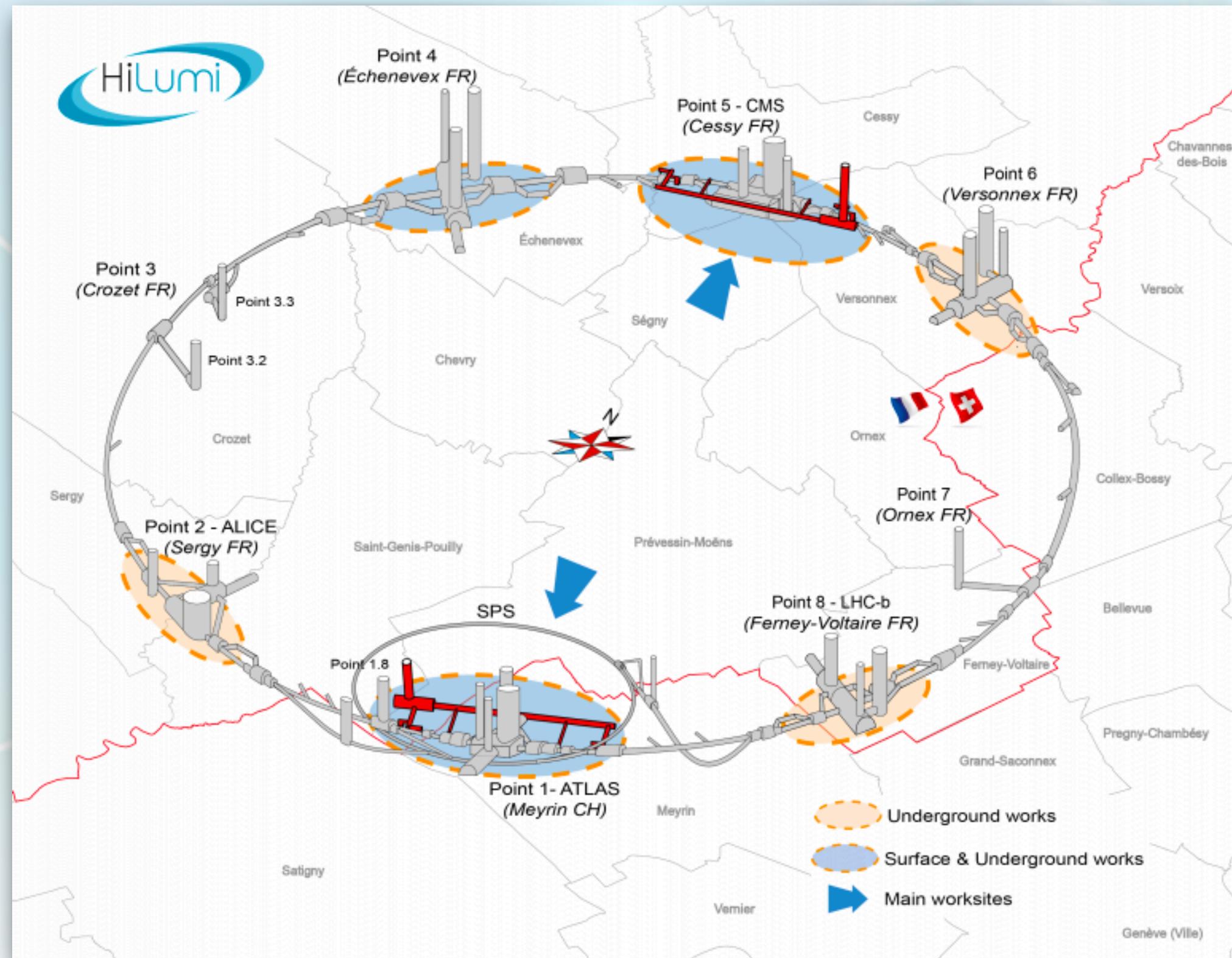
Quarkonium studies at **HL-LHC**  [QAT [arXiv:2012.14161]]

Hadronic structure at high energies



Intrinsic effect of gluon polarization in **unpolarized** pp collisions

Connections with high-energy physics



HL-LHC

Forward Physics Facility

Quarkonium studies at HL-LHC [\[QAT \[arXiv:2012.14161\]\]](#)

The Forward Physics Facility (FPF) [\[FPF \[arXiv:2109.10905\]\]](#)

Hadronic structure at high energies



Intrinsic effect of gluon polarization in **unpolarized** pp collisions



Precision studies of proton structure via **natural stability** of high-energy resummation

Modeling gluon TMDs

T-even and T-odd gluon TMD PDFs at leading-twist

gluon pol.

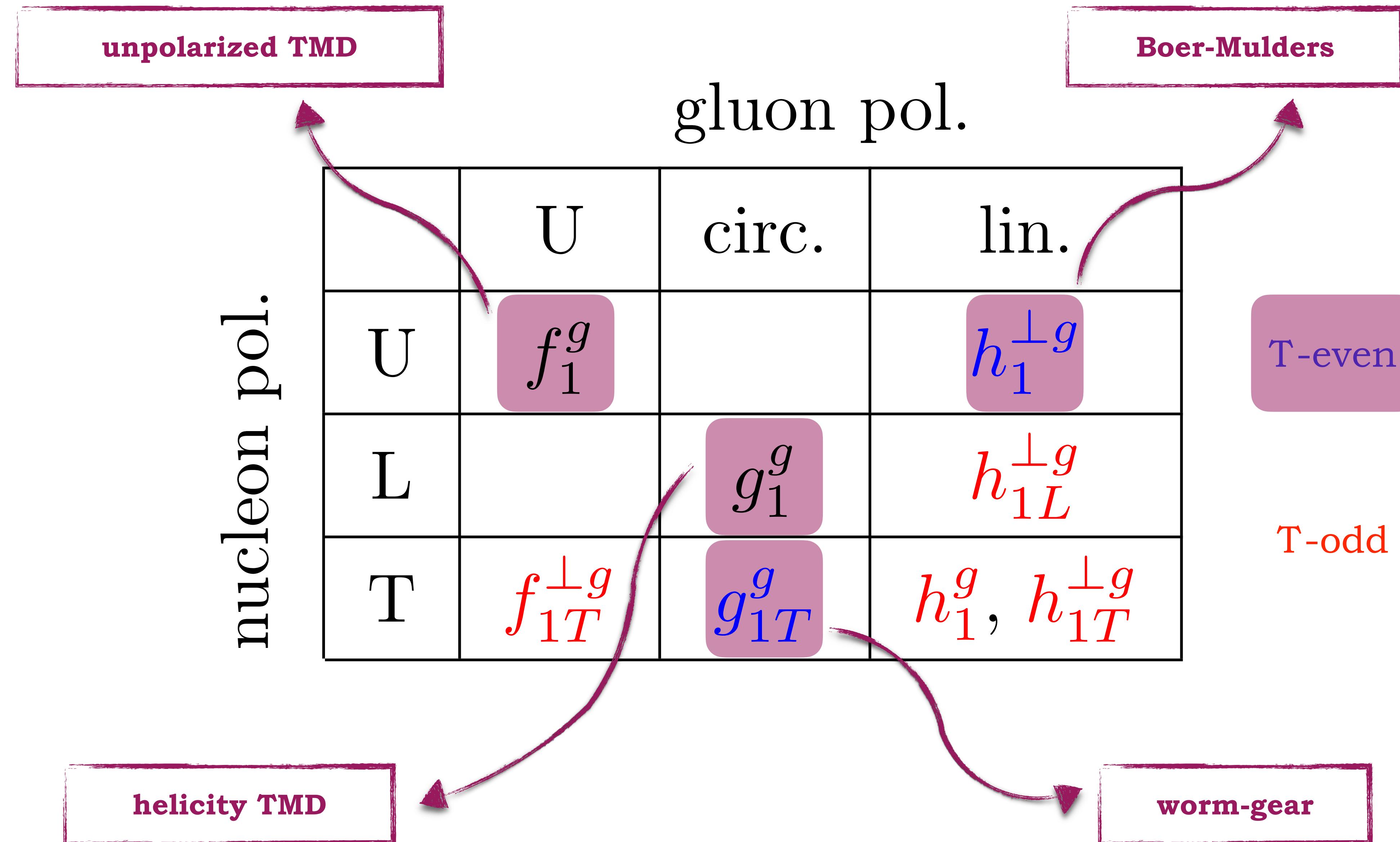
	U	circ.	lin.
U	f_1^g		$h_1^{\perp g}$
L		g_1^g	$h_{1L}^{\perp g}$
T	$f_{1T}^{\perp g}$	g_{1T}^g	$h_1^g, h_{1T}^{\perp g}$

T-even

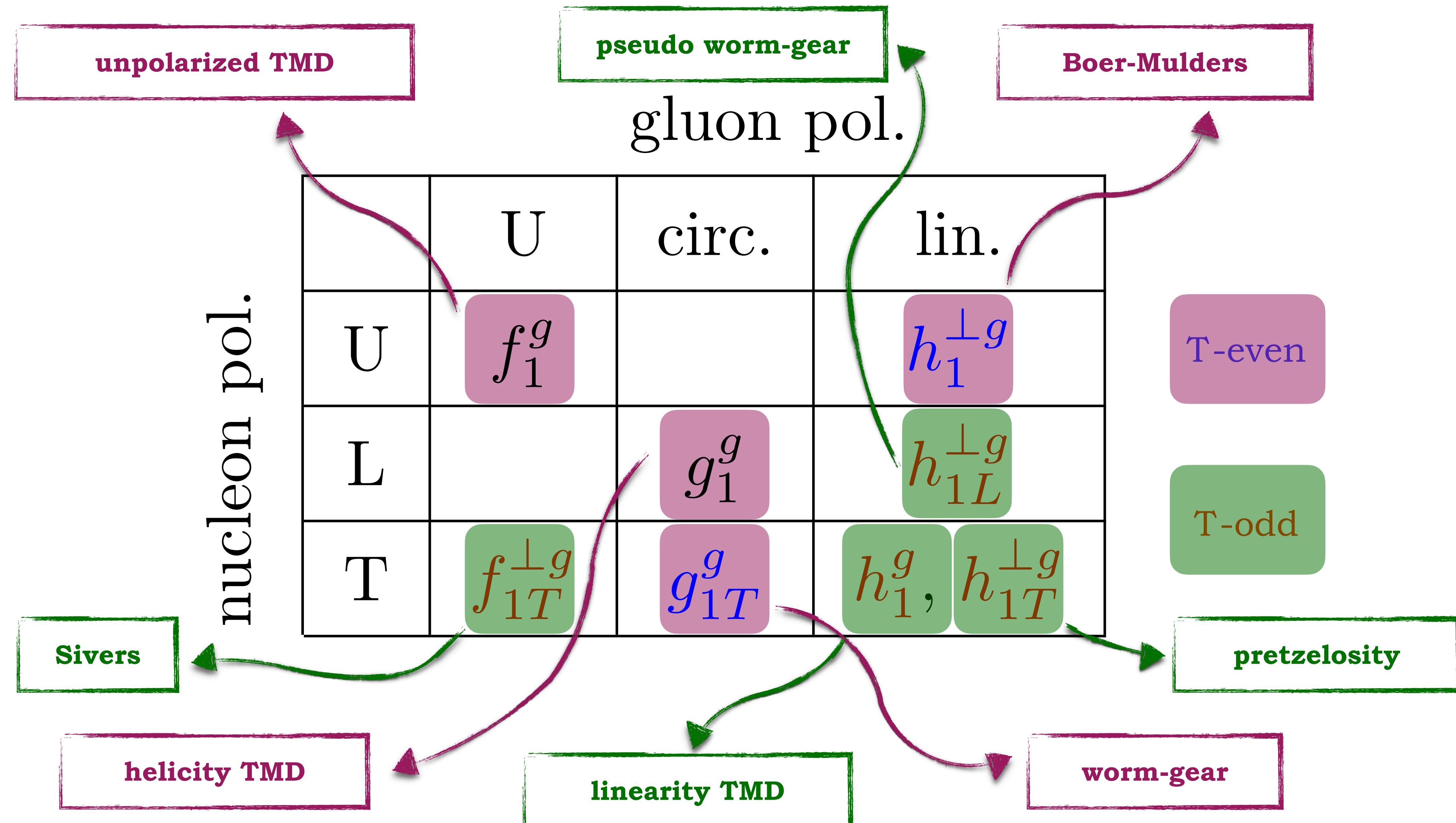
T-odd

nucleon pol.

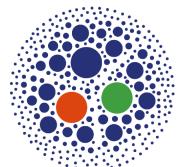
T-even and T-odd gluon TMD PDFs at leading-twist



T-even and T-odd gluon TMD PDFs at leading-twist

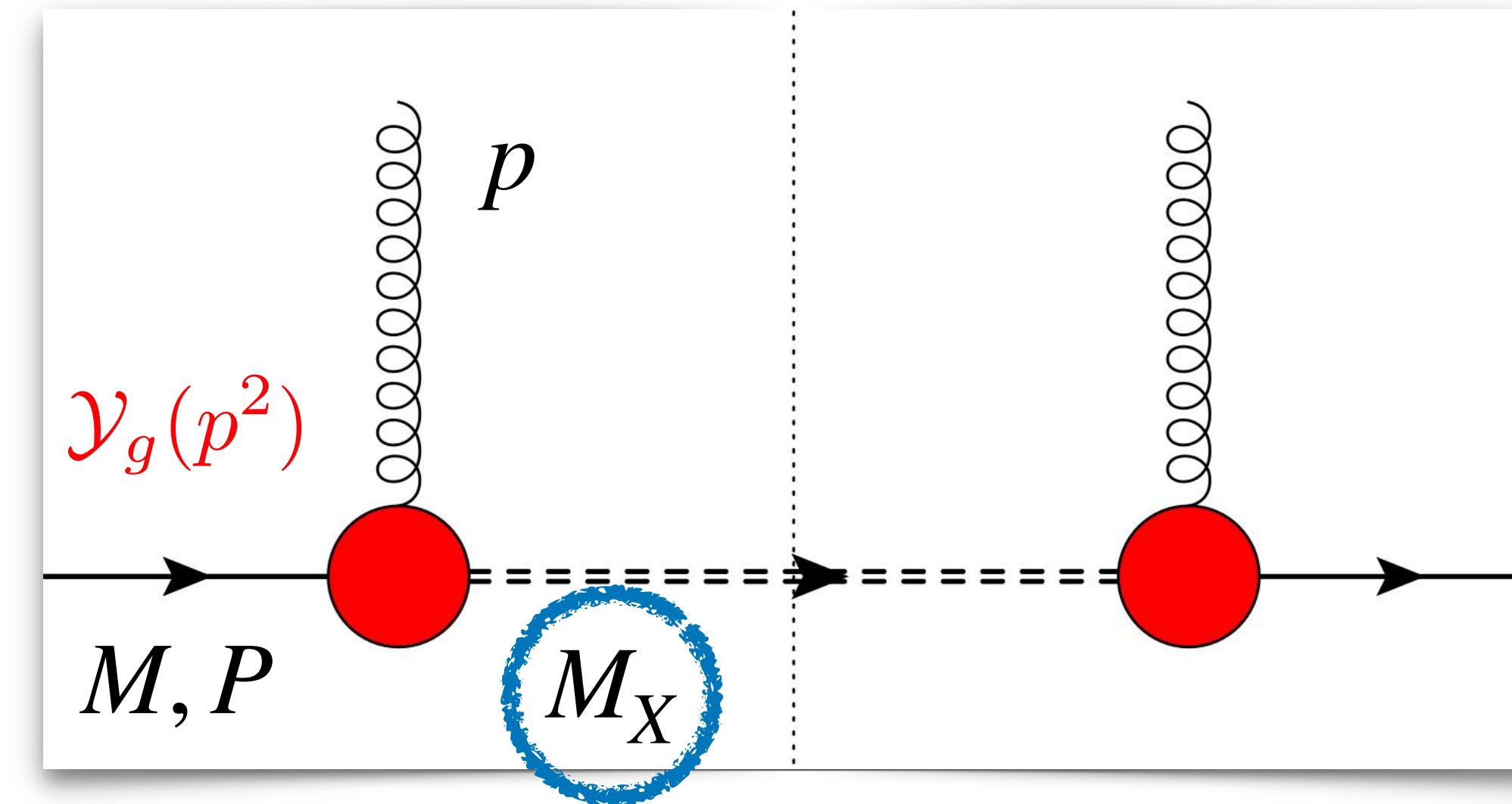


Assumptions of the model

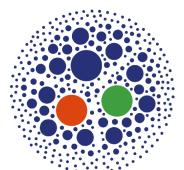


Spin-1/2 spectator

Lowest Fock state:
tri-quark spectator
on-shell and
with mass M_X

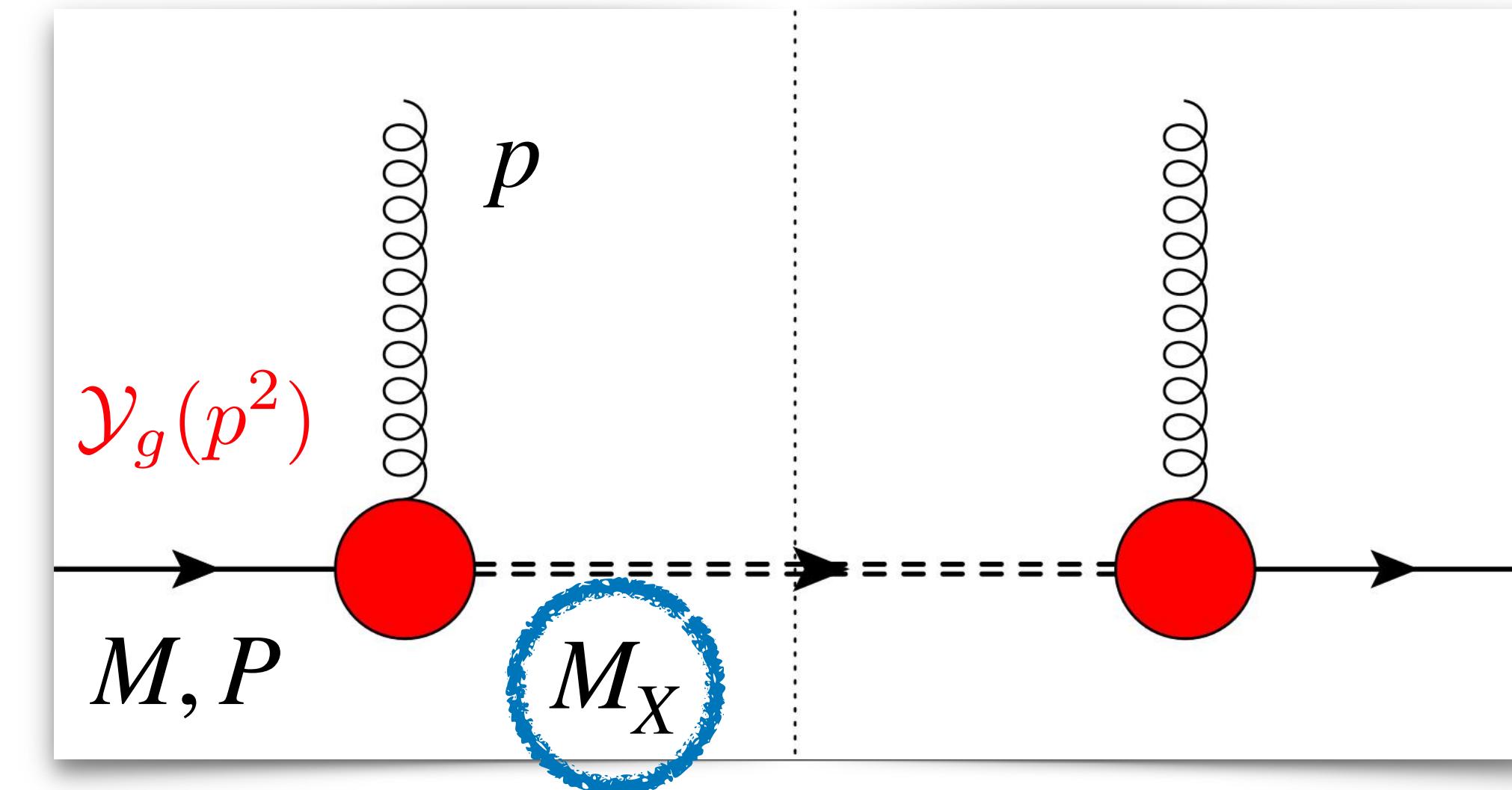


Assumptions of the model



Spin-1/2 spectator

Lowest Fock state:
tri-quark spectator
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Nucleon-gluon-spectator vertex

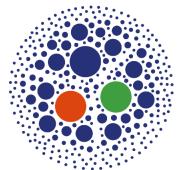
$$\Phi_g = \frac{1}{2(2\pi)^3(1-x)P^+} Tr \left[(\not{P} + M) \frac{1 + \gamma^5 \$}{2} G_{\mu\rho}^*(p) G^{\nu\sigma}(p) \mathcal{Y}_g^{\rho*} \mathcal{Y}_{g\sigma}(\not{P} - \not{p} + M) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{Y}_g^\mu = g_1(p^2) \gamma^\mu + i \frac{g_2(p^2)}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu$$



mimics proton form factors
(conserved EM current
of a free nucleon)

Assumptions of the model



Link with collinear factorization

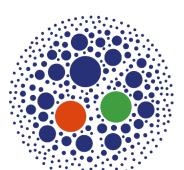
1. p_T -integrated TMDs **have to** reproduce PDFs at the lowest scale (Q_0) *before* evolution
2. TMDs and PDFs *decouple* due to evolution

Assumptions of the model



Link with collinear factorization

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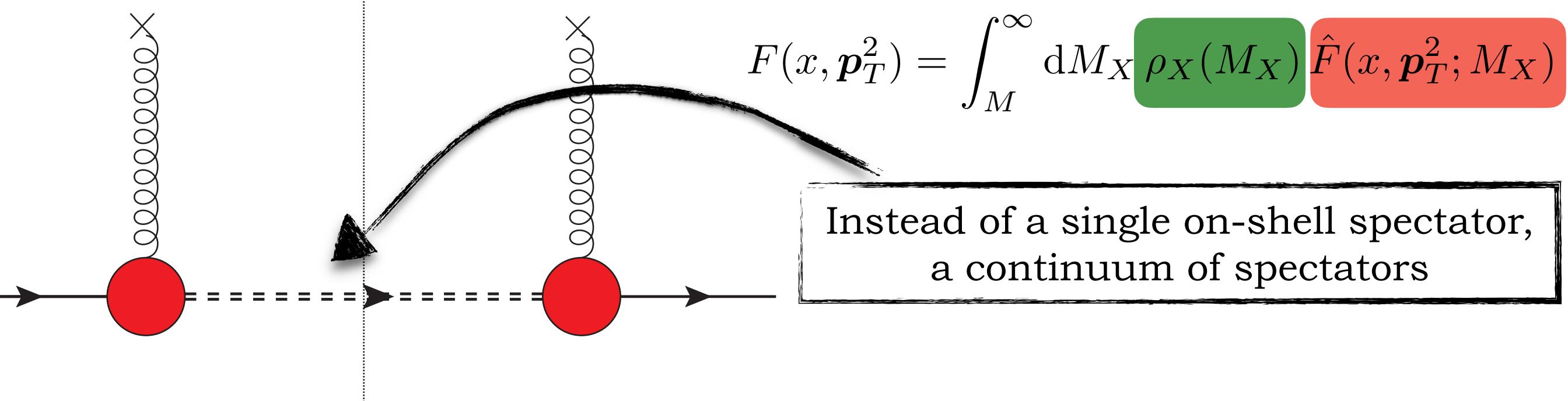
Dipolar form factor(s)

$$g_{1,2}(p^2) = \kappa_{1,2} \frac{p^2}{|p^2 - \Lambda_X^2|^2}$$

1. Cancels singularity of gluon propagator
2. Suppresses effects of high p_T
3. Compensates log divergences arising from p_T -integration
4. Adds three more parameters: $\kappa_{1,2}$ and Λ_X

Our model at a glance

Spectator-system spectral-mass function



Spectral function **learns** small- and moderate- x info
encoded in **NNPDF** collinear parametrizations

(NNPDF3.1sx + NNPDFpol1.1)

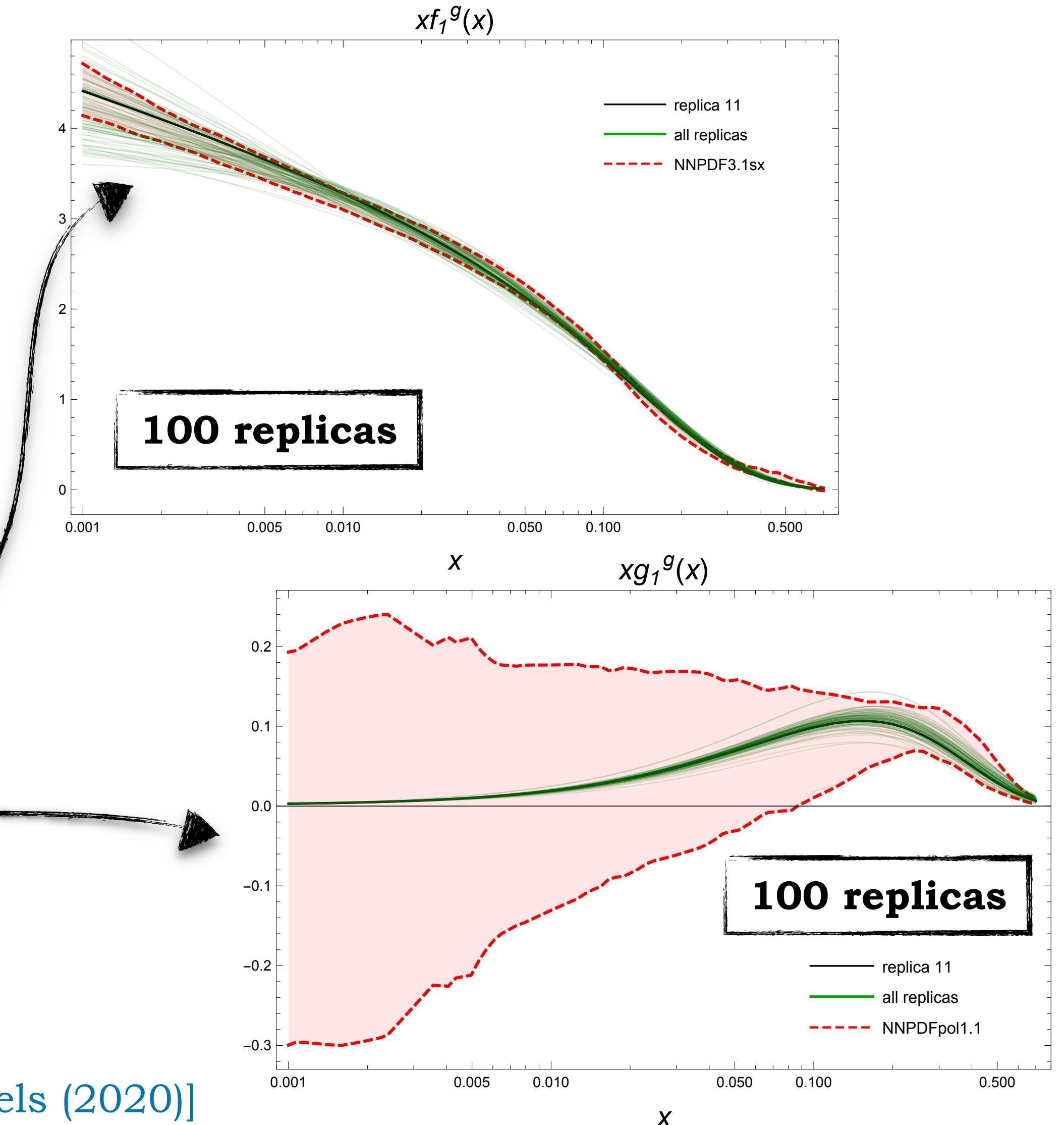
Simultaneous fit of f_1 and g_1 PDFs

Inclusion of small- x resummation effects (**BFKL**)

Calculation of all leading-twist T-even gluon TMDs

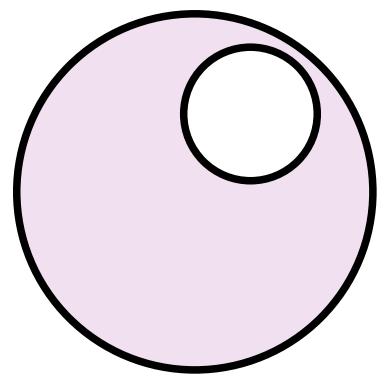
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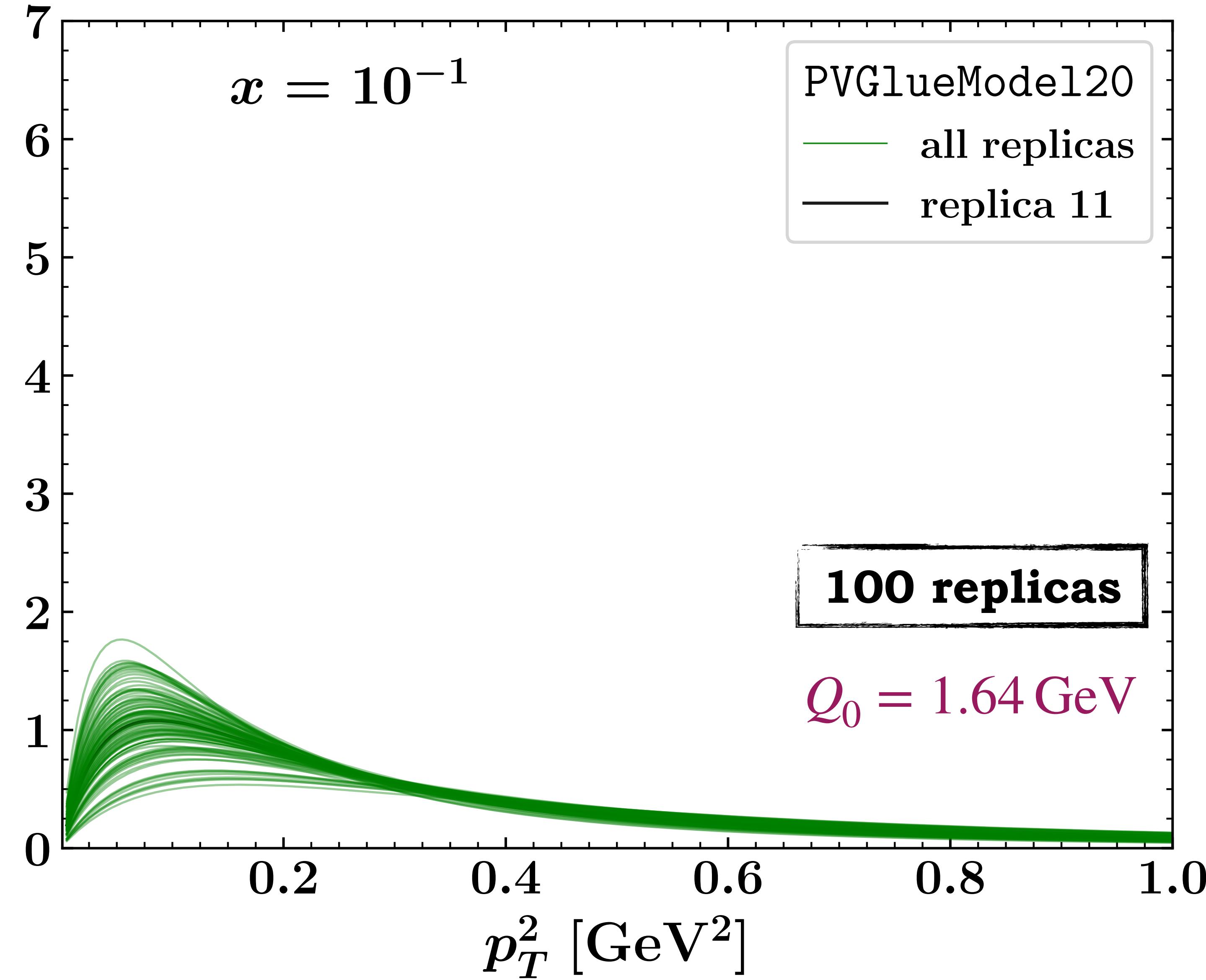


Unpolarized gluon TMD

[A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici, P. Taels (2020)]

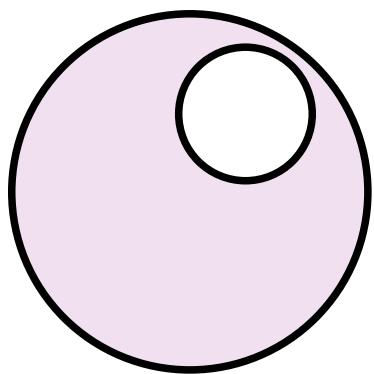


$$xf_1(x, p_T^2)$$

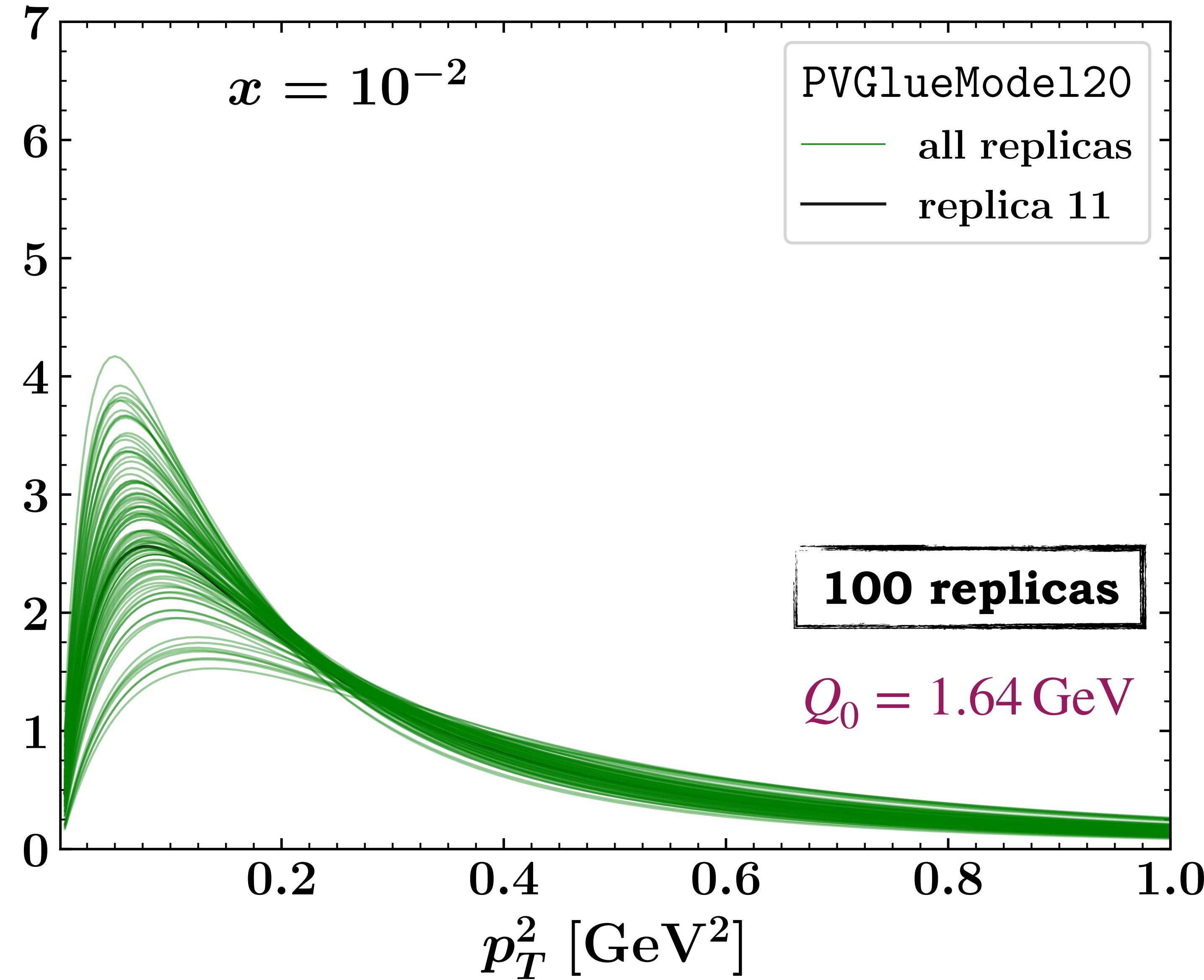


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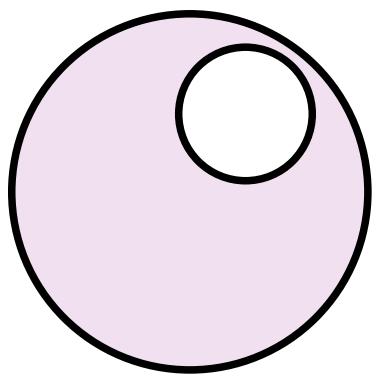


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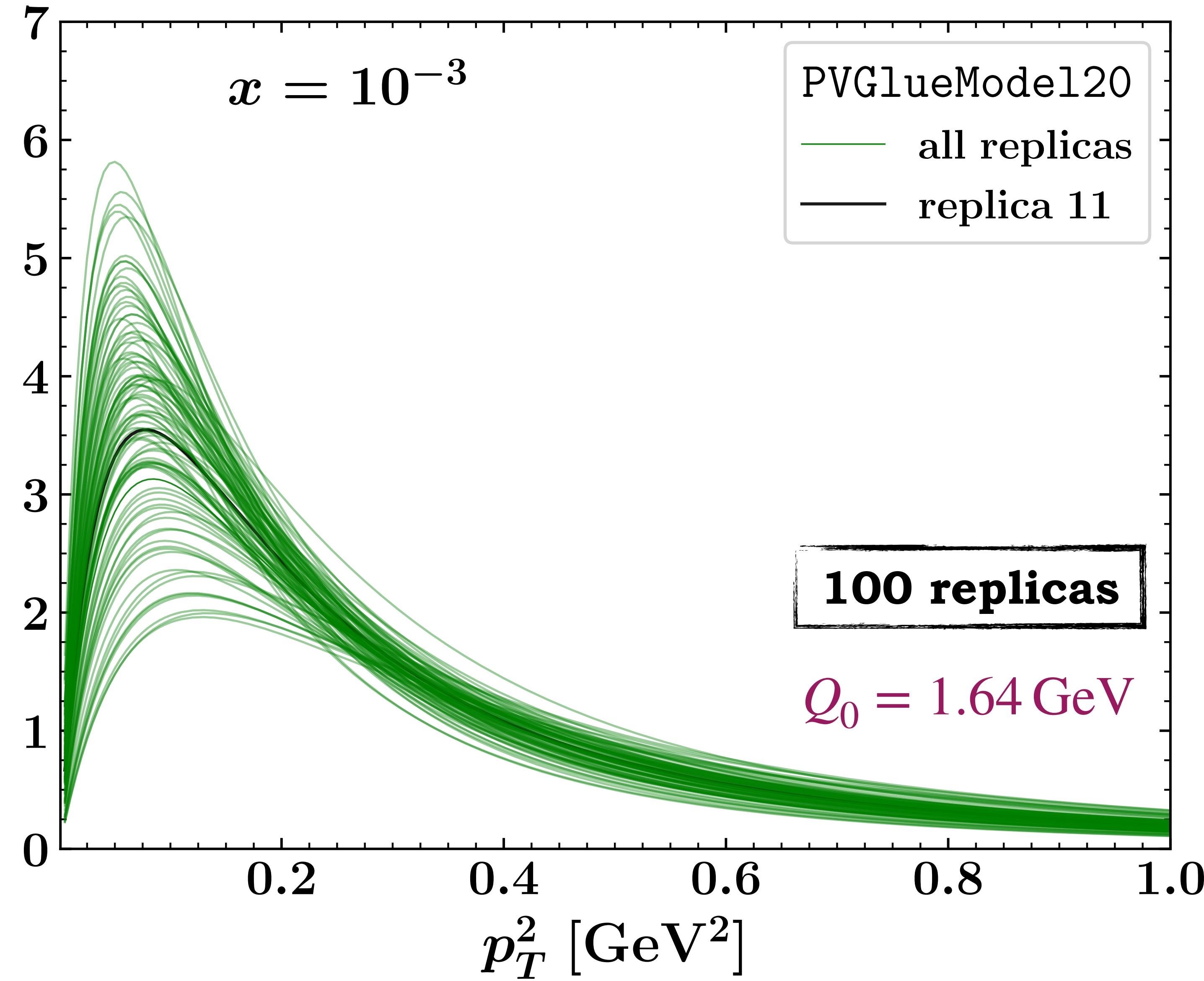


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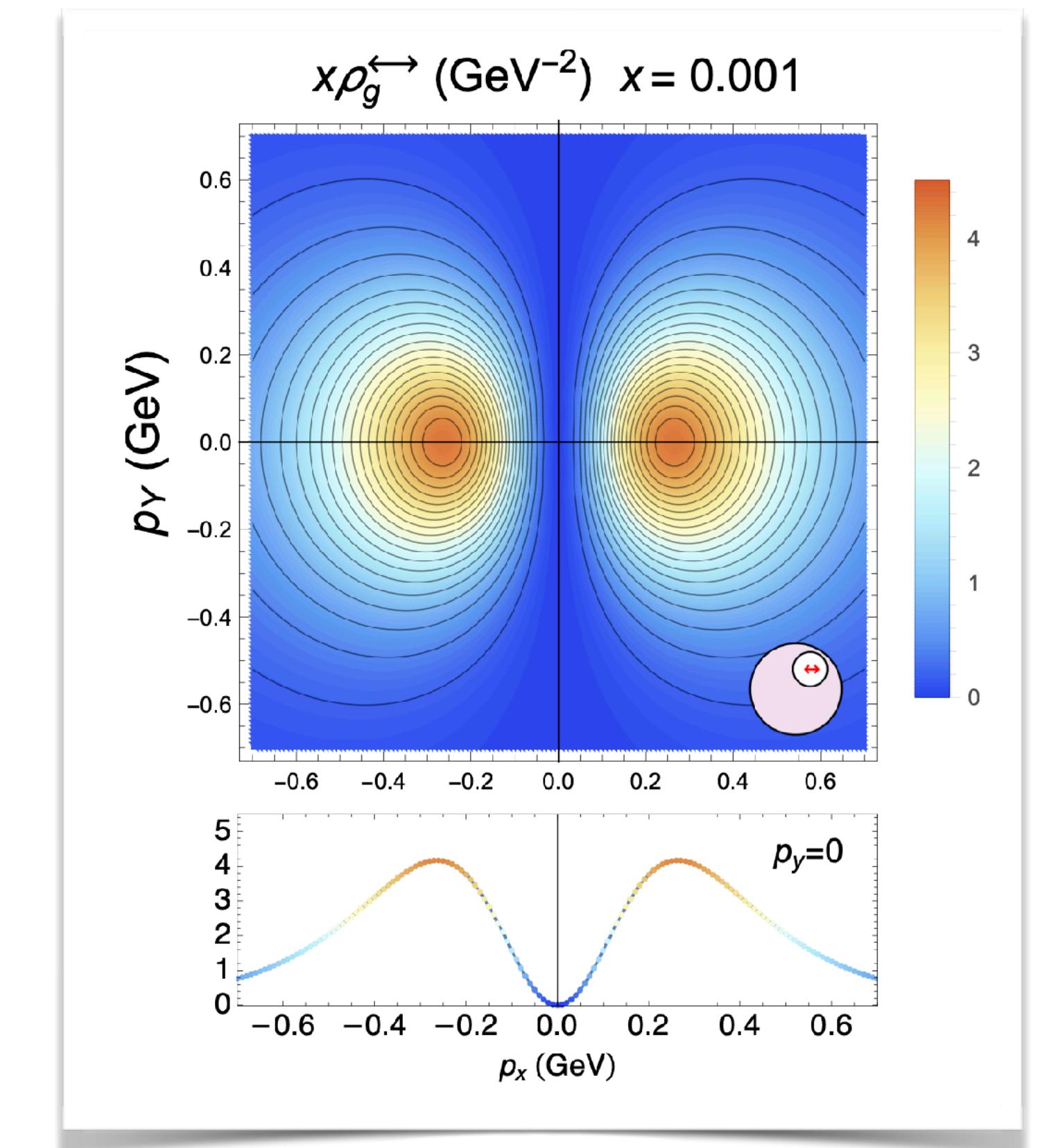
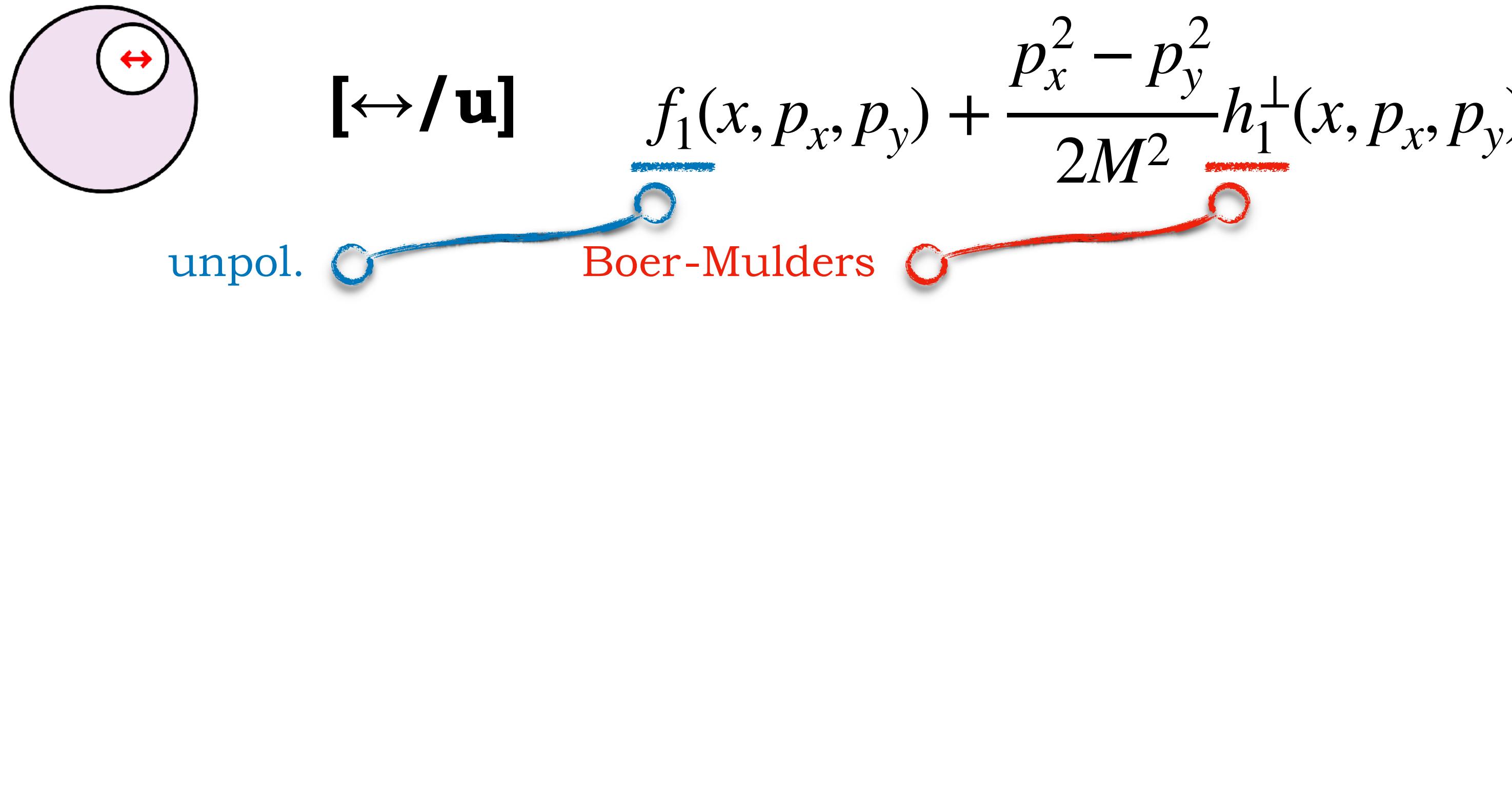
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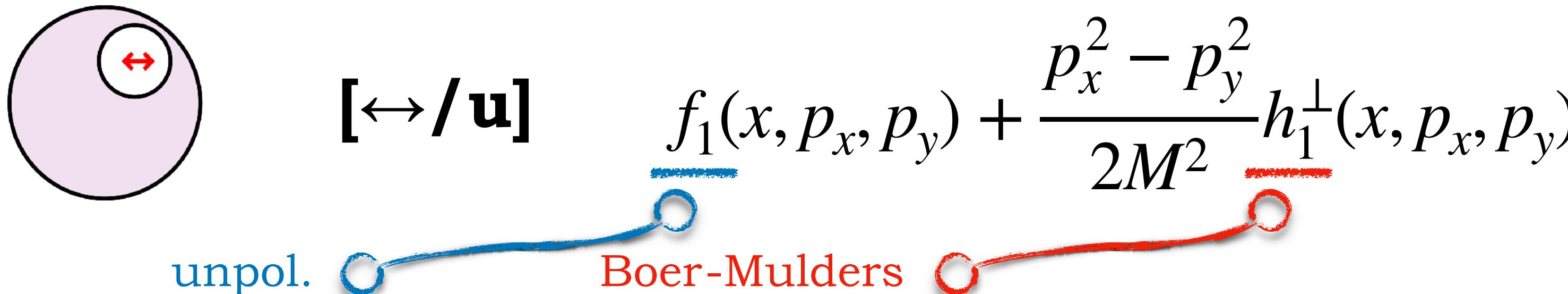
Gluon TMDs in proton collisions

Boer-Mulders effect in unpolarized pp collisions



🔗 [A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici, P. Taels (2020)]

Boer-Mulders effect in unpolarized pp collisions



(Pseudo)scalar p_T -distribution: Higgs, $\eta_{b,c}$

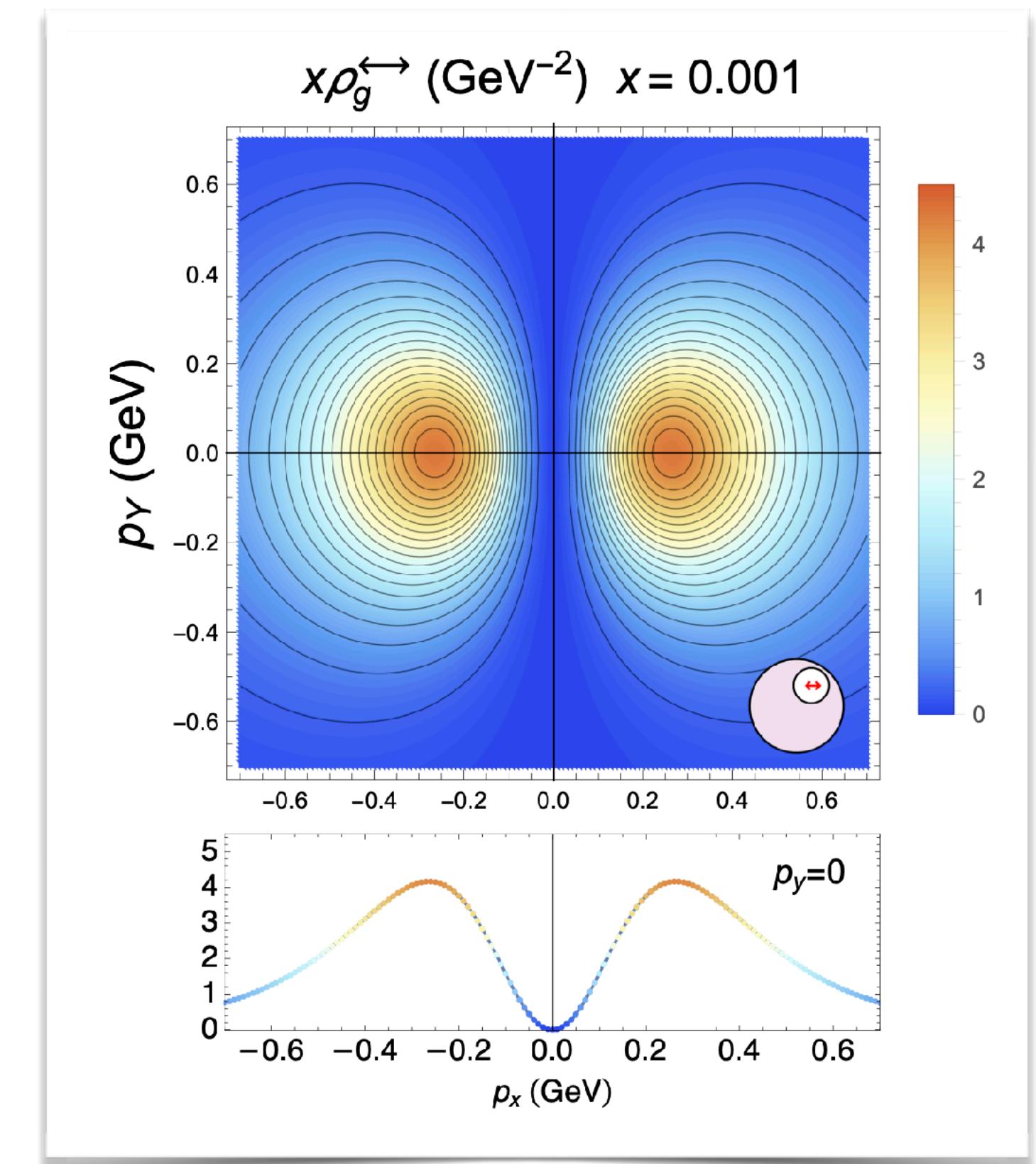
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dq_T} \sim \Phi_A^U \Phi_B^U |\mathcal{M}|^2$$

at low transverse momentum
for (pseudo)scalar state

$$\sim \boxed{\mathcal{C}[f_1^{g/A} f_1^{g/B}]} \pm \boxed{\mathcal{C}[h_1^{\perp g/A} h_1^{\perp g/B}]}$$

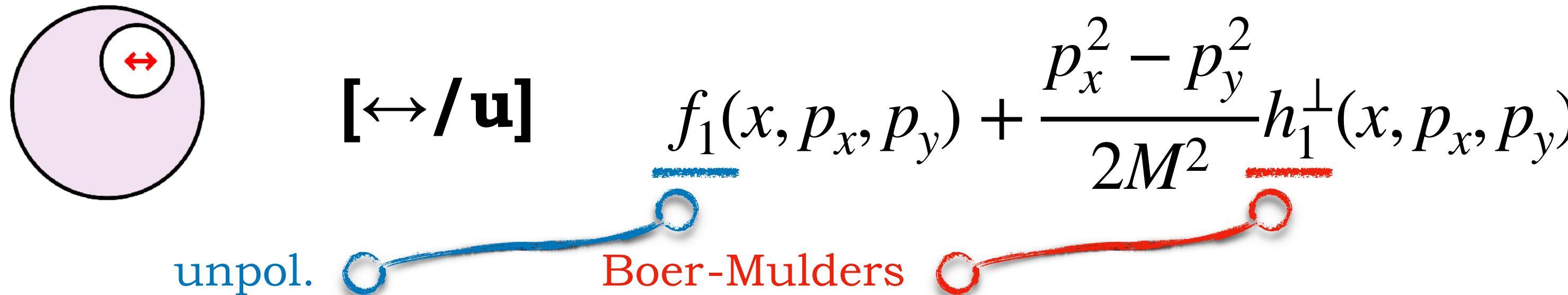
unpolarized gluons **lin. polarized gluons**

 [D. Boer, W.J. den Dunnen, C. Pisano, M. Schlegel, W. Vogelsang (2012)]
 (Higgs+jet angular distributions)  [D. Boer, C. Pisano (2015)]



 A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici, P. Taels (2020)

Boer-Mulders effect in unpolarized pp collisions



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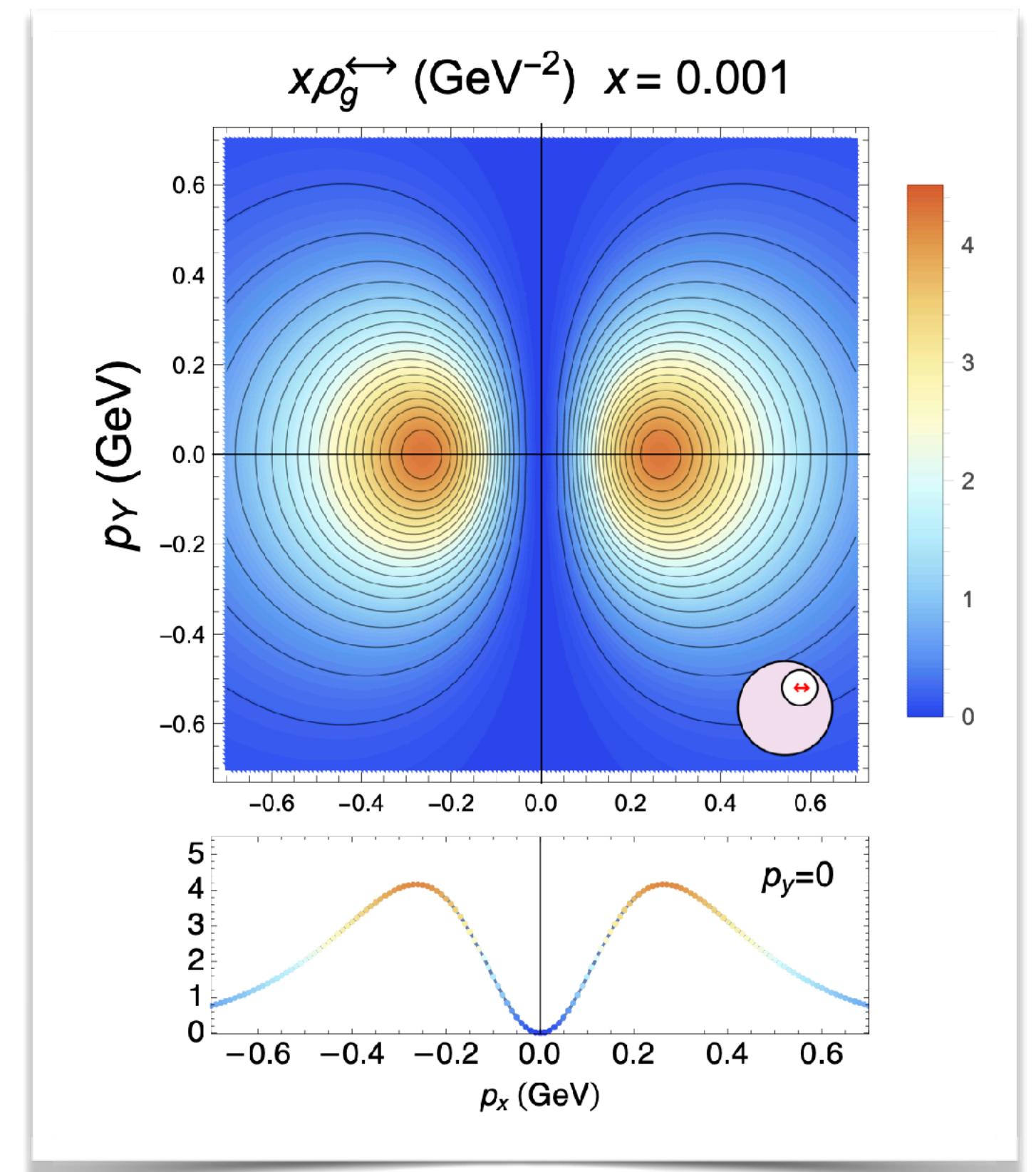
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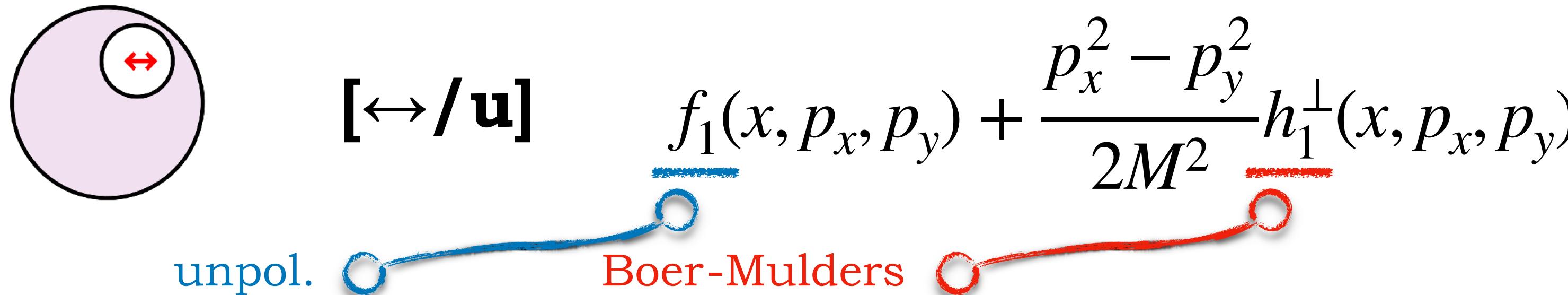
 [A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici, P. Taels (2020)]



Model prediction at low- x

$$\frac{f_1^g(x, p_T^2)}{h_1^{\perp g}(x, p_T^2)} \sim \text{constant} \quad x \rightarrow 0^+$$

Boer-Mulders effect in unpolarized pp collisions



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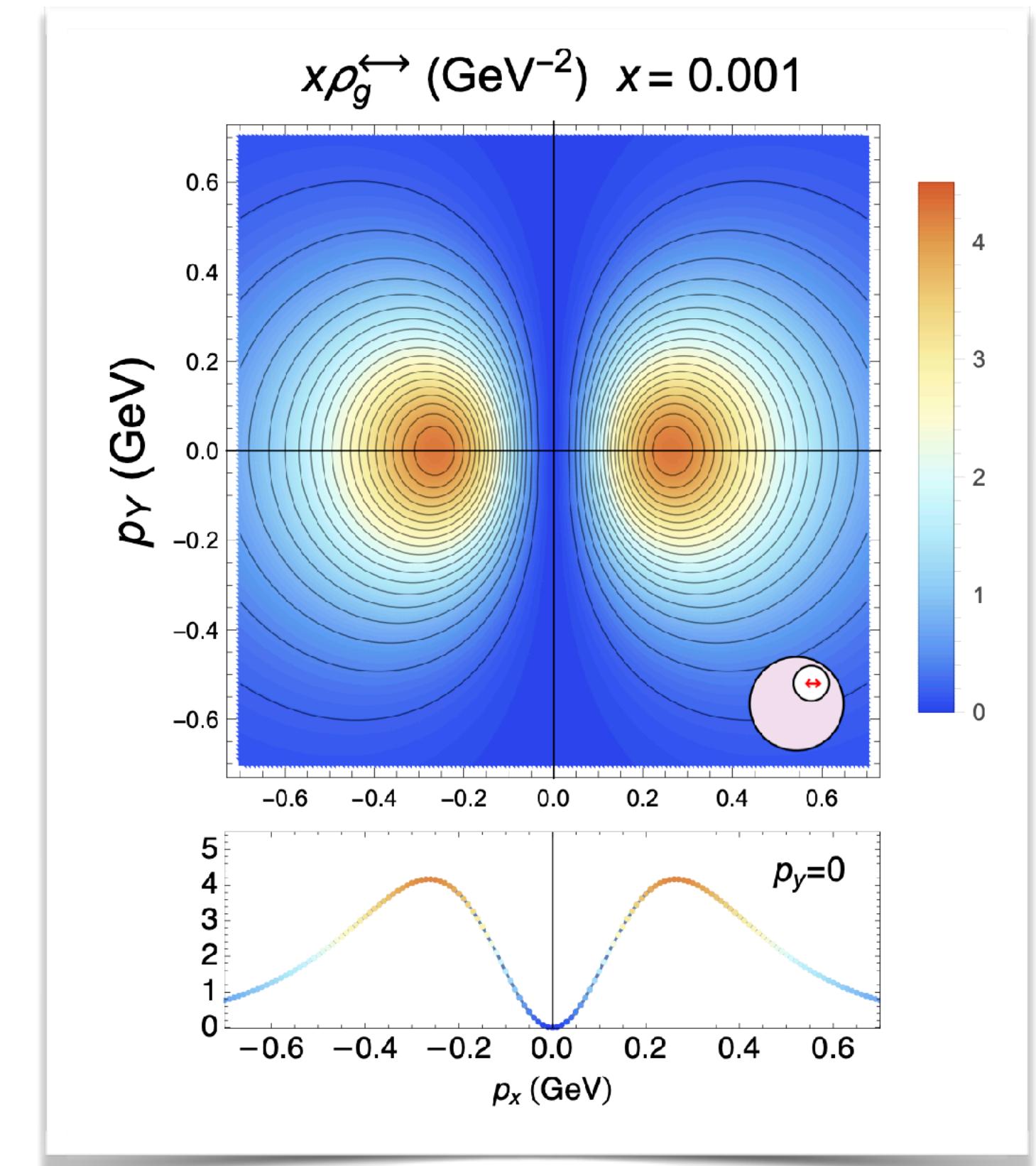
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$$\frac{f_1^g(x, p_T^2)}{h_1^{\perp g}(x, p_T^2)} \sim \text{constant} \quad x \rightarrow 0^+$$

$$f_1^g(x, p_T^2) = h_1^{\perp g}(x, p_T^2) + \text{higher twist}$$

HEF regime (linear low- x evolution)

Anatomy of gluon TMDs

$$F(x, \mathbf{b}; \mu, \zeta) = \sum_j \left(C_j^{(F)} \otimes F^j \right) (x, b_*; \mu_b) e^{S(b_*; \mu_b, \mu, \zeta)} e^{S_{NP}(b)} F_{NP}(x, b)$$

matching coefficients

collinear PDF

nonperturbative Sudakov

nonperturbative TMD function

perturbative expansion
in $\alpha_s(\mu)$

define **logarithmic ordering**

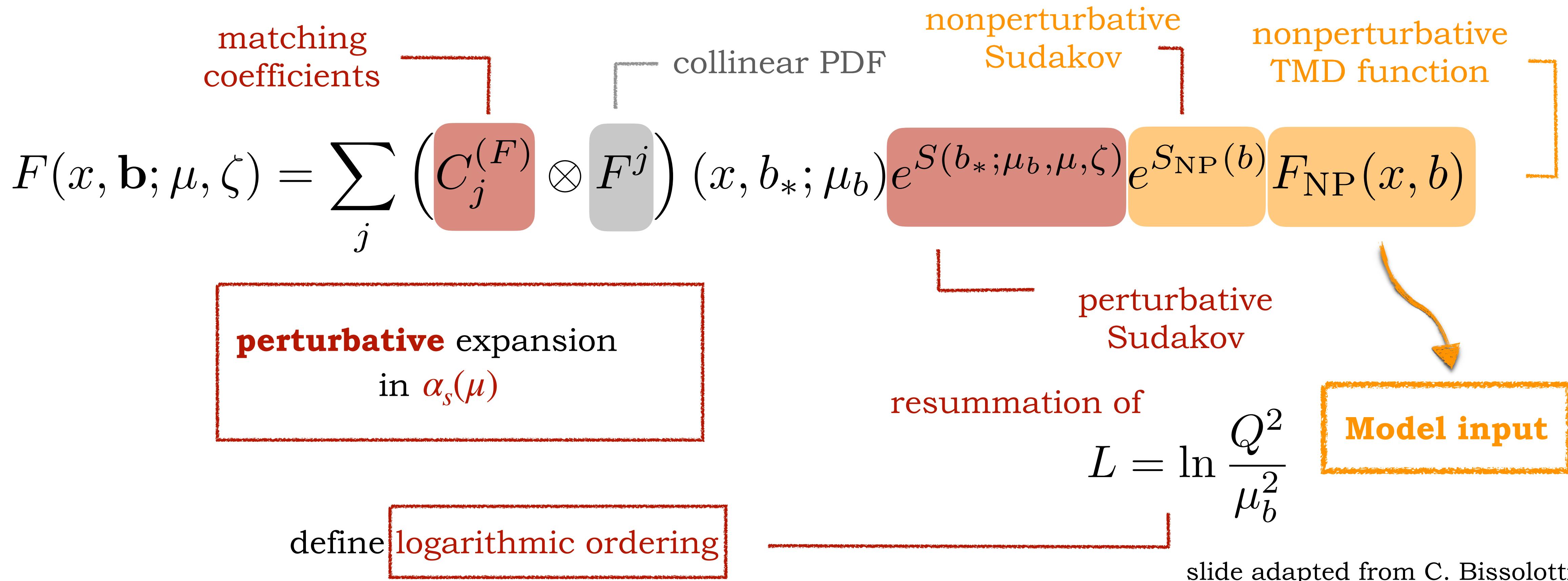
perturbative Sudakov

resummation of

$$L = \ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu_b^2}$$

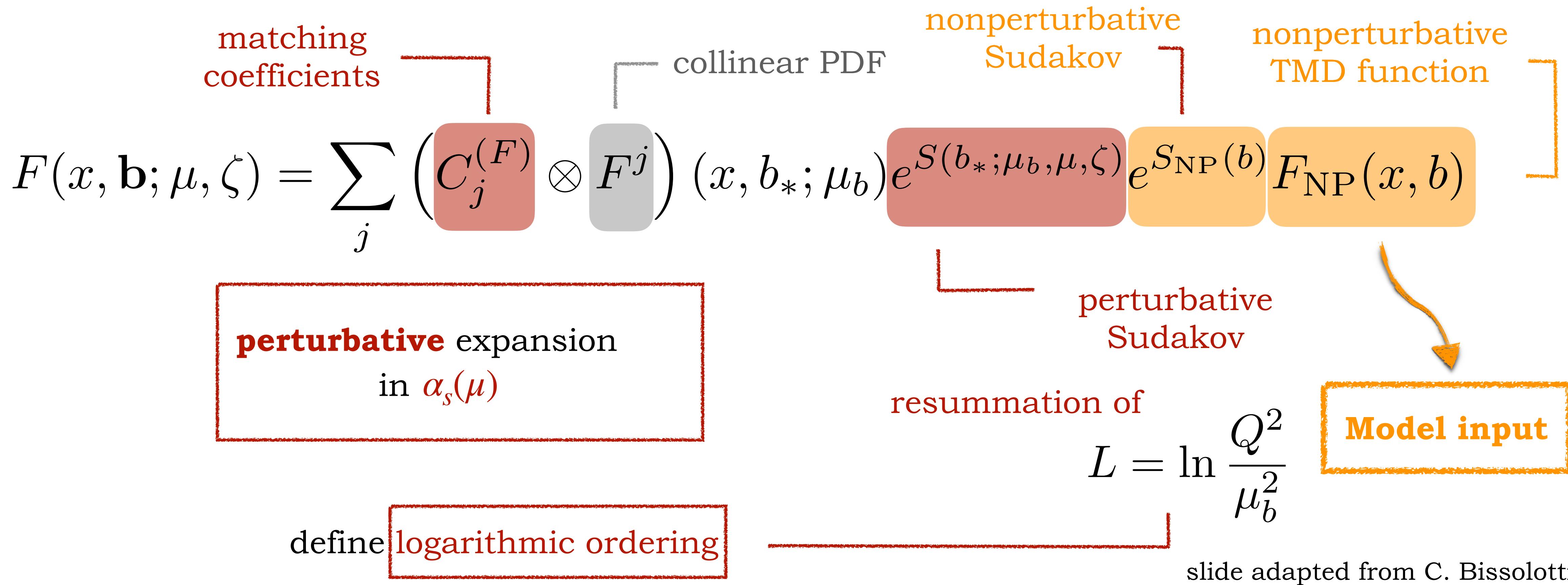
slide adapted from C. Bissolotti

Anatomy of gluon TMDs



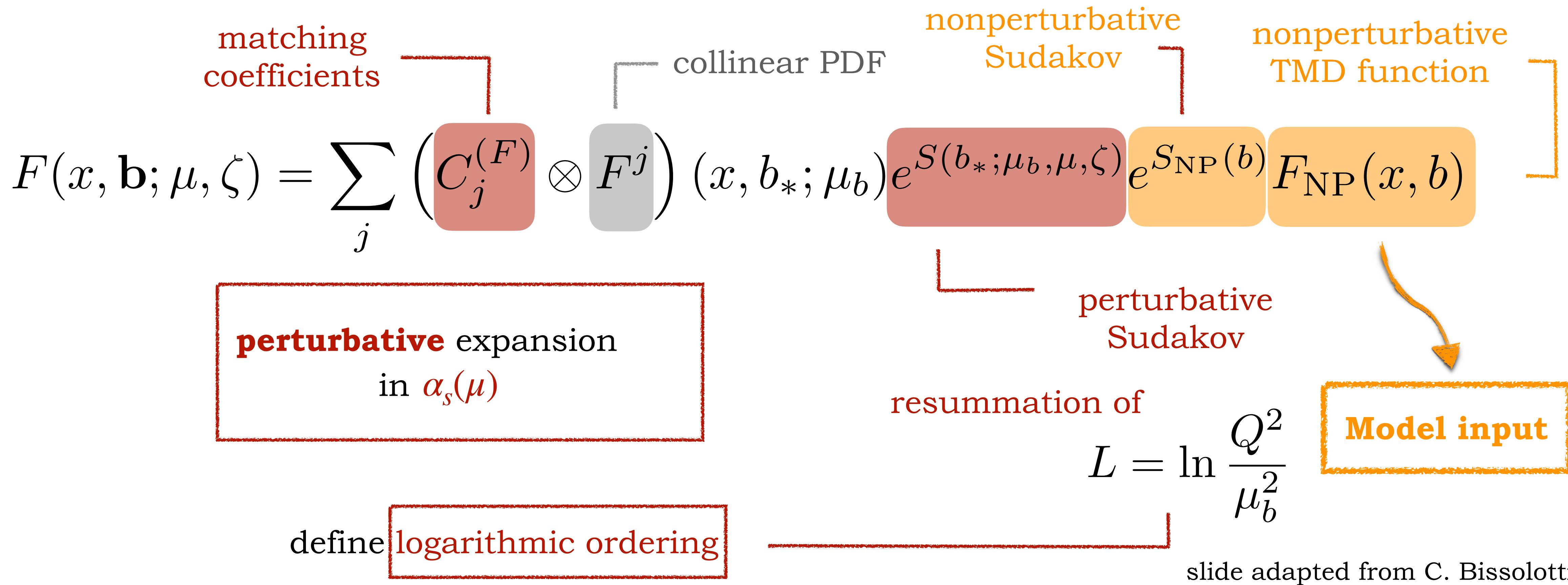
slide adapted from C. Bissolotti

Anatomy of gluon TMDs



$$f_1(x, \mathbf{b}, \mu, \zeta) \rightarrow C_j^{(f_1)} \otimes f_1^j = [1 + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)]_j \otimes f_1^j$$

Anatomy of gluon TMDs



$$f_1(x, \mathbf{b}, \mu, \zeta) \rightarrow C_j^{(f_1)} \otimes f_1^j = [1 + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)]_j \otimes f_1^j$$

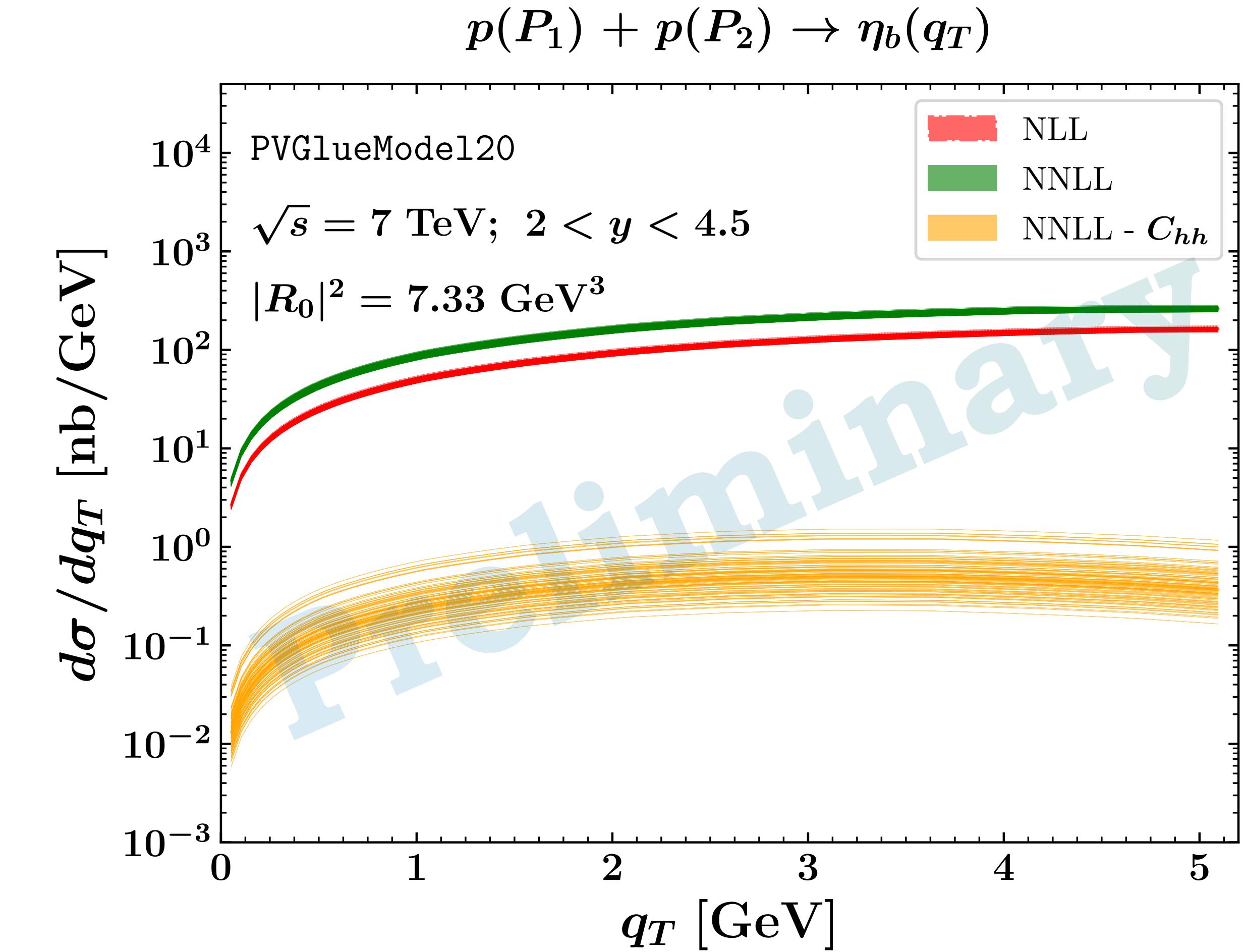
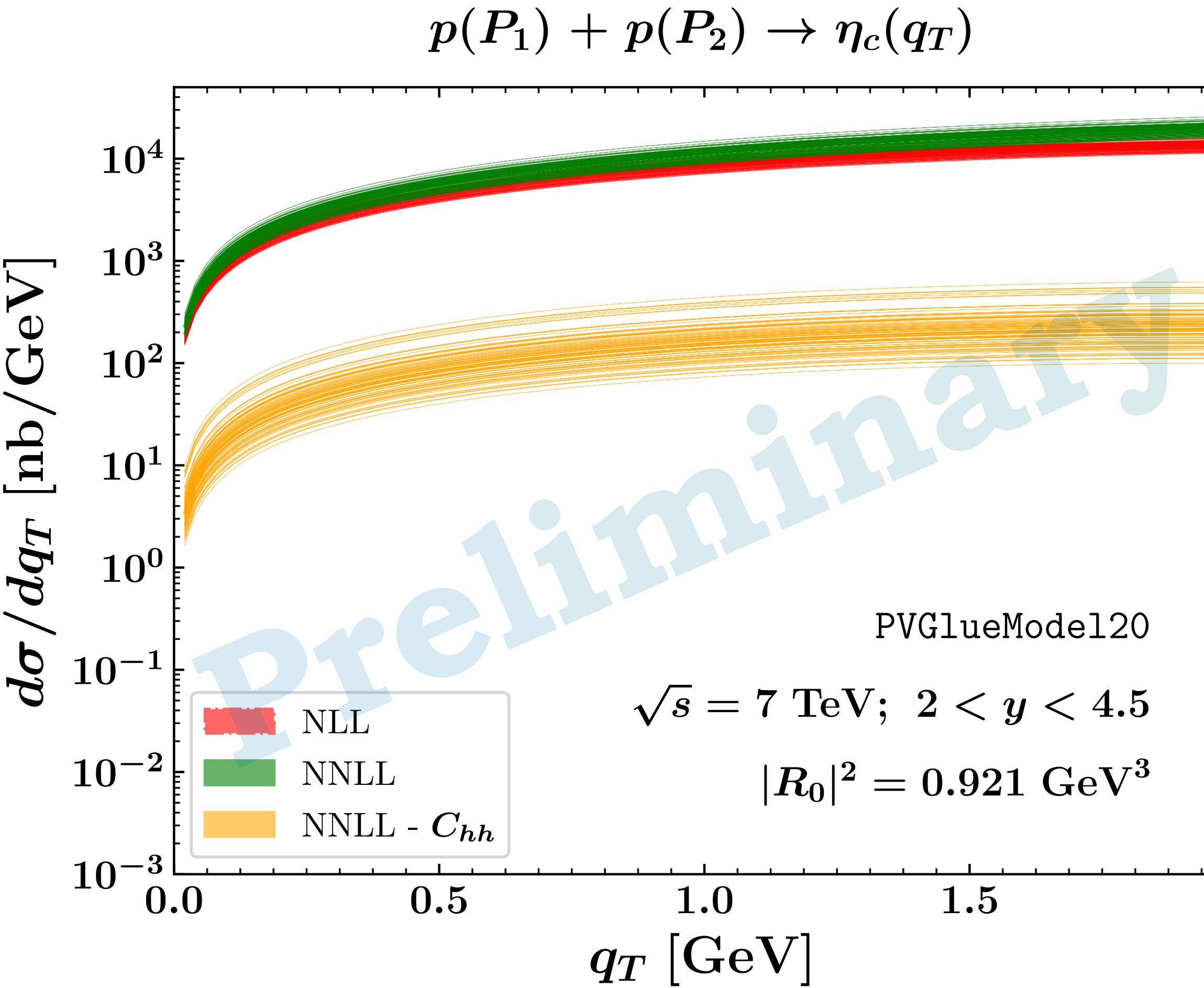
$$h_1^\perp(x, \mathbf{b}, \mu, \zeta) \rightarrow C_j^{(h_1^\perp)} \otimes f_1^j = [\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)]_j \otimes f_1^j$$

Suppression of genuine NP effects! ←

$\eta_{b,c}$ production @ 7TeV LHCb



Perturbative scales fixed, NP-evolution parameters fixed, **TMD 100-replica analysis**



[A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., J.-P. Lansberg, M. Radici, A. Signori (in preparation)]

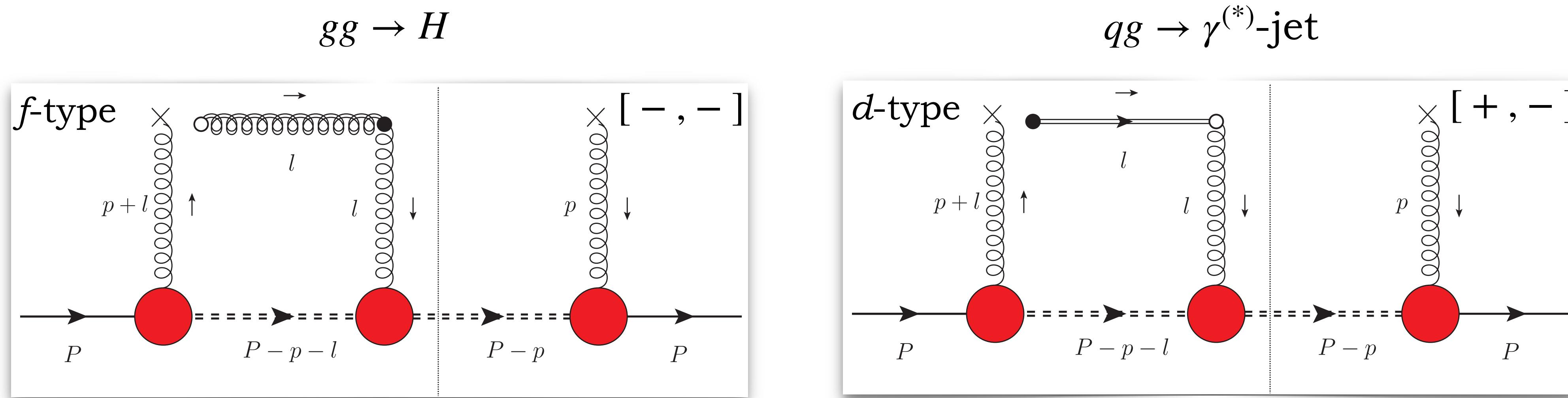
**...towards twist-2
T-odd gluon TMDs**

T-odd gluon TMDs in a spectator model

- No residual gluon-spectator interaction at tree level
- Interference with one-gluon exchange (eikonal)*

T-odd gluon TMDs in a spectator model

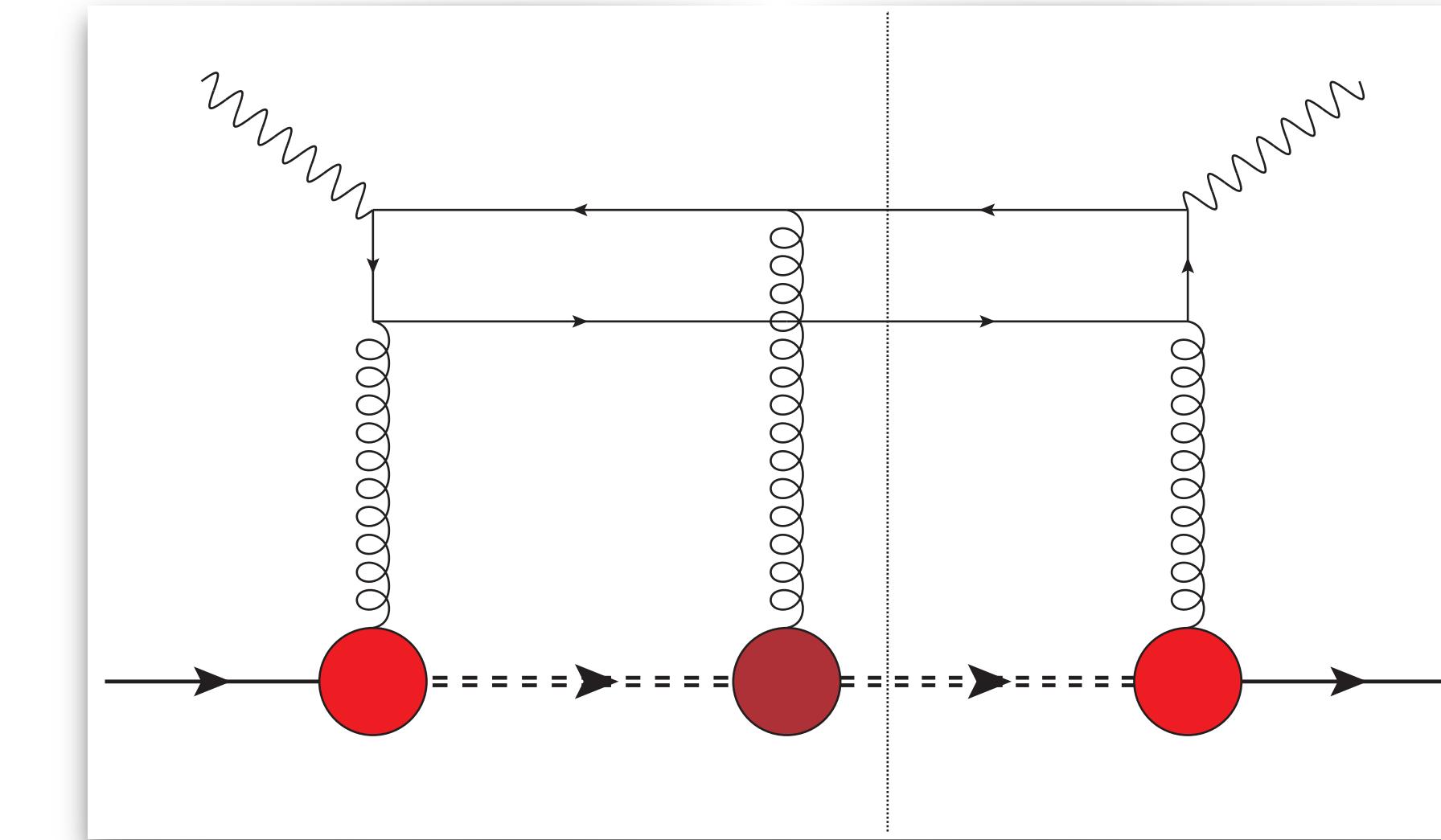
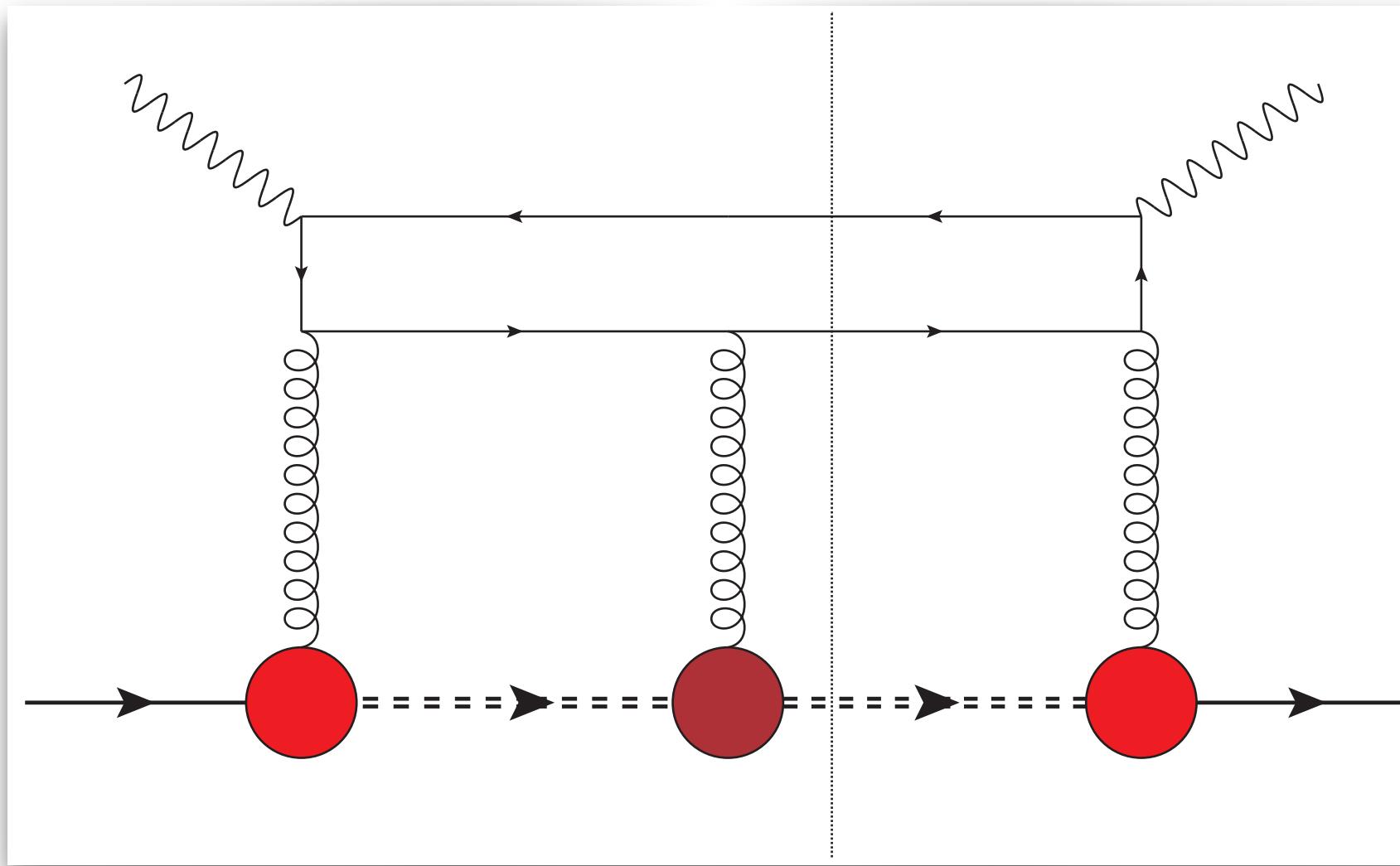
- No residual gluon-spectator interaction at tree level
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- Leading-twist one-gluon-exchange of the gauge-link operator
- Sensitivity to *f*- and *d*-type structures
- Preliminary results for **Sivers** and **linearity** functions (g_1 -vertex)

Analytic structure of T-odd gluon TMDs

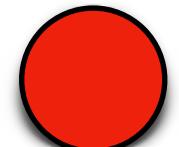
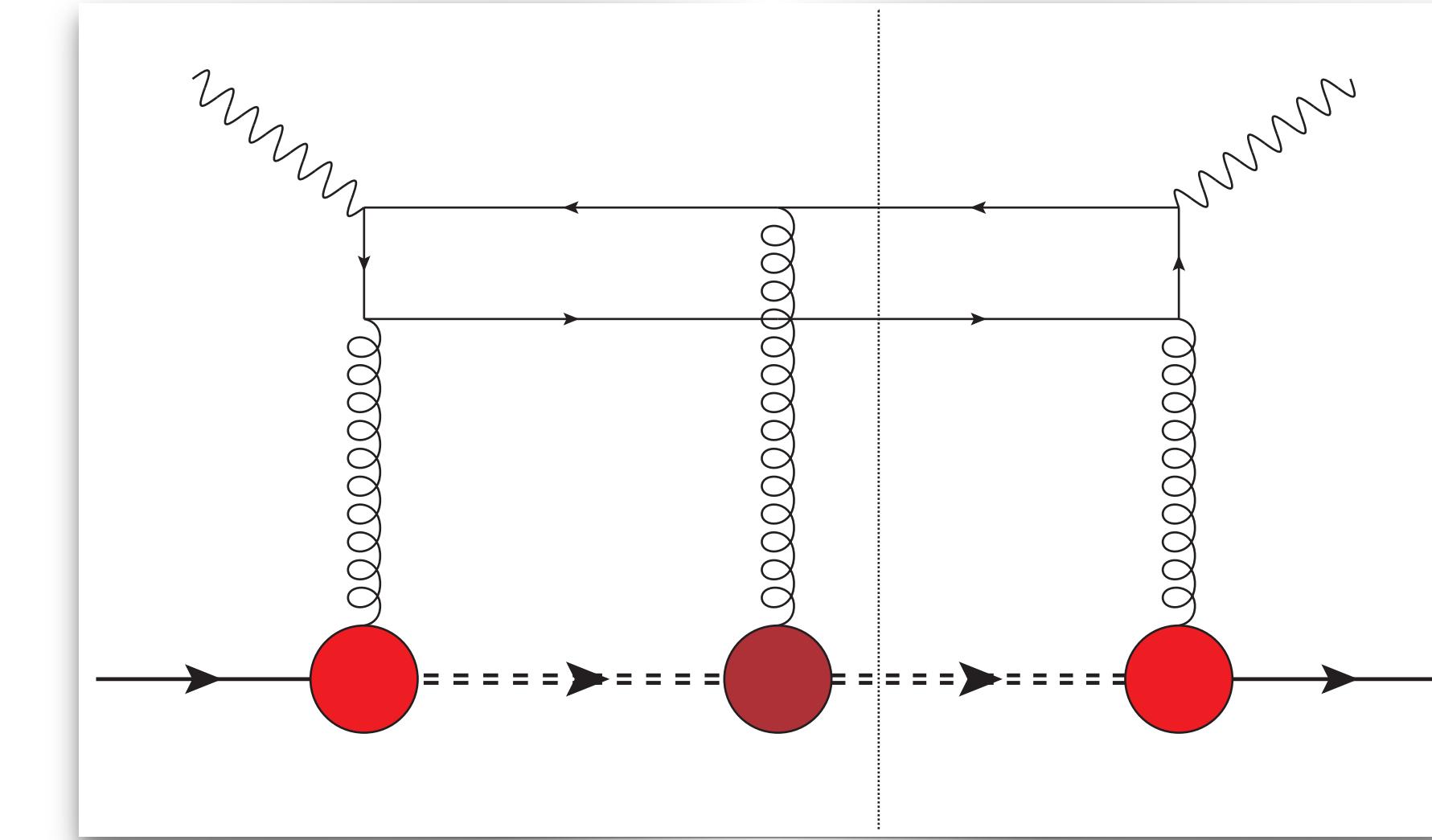
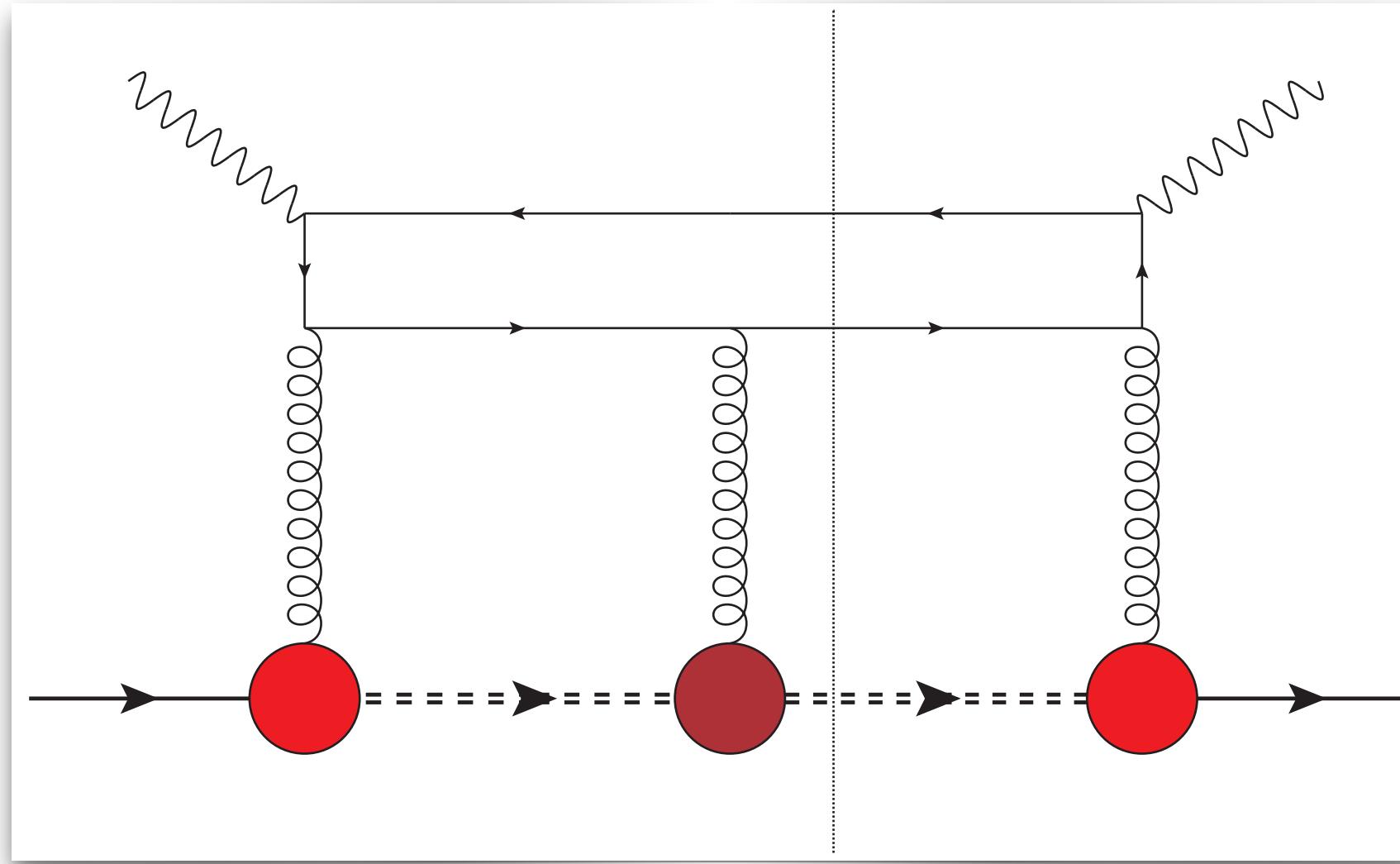
Two-jet SIDIS $\Rightarrow f\text{-type} [+, +]$



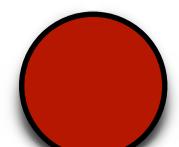
$$\mathcal{Y}_{bc}^\mu(p^2) = \delta_{bc} \left[g_1(p^2) \gamma_\mu + g_2(p^2) \frac{i}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu \right]$$

Analytic structure of T-odd gluon TMDs

Two-jet SIDIS $\Rightarrow f\text{-type} [+, +]$



nucleon-gluon-spectator

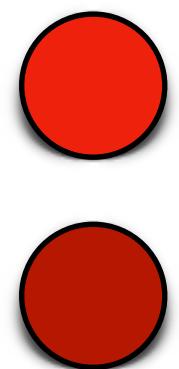
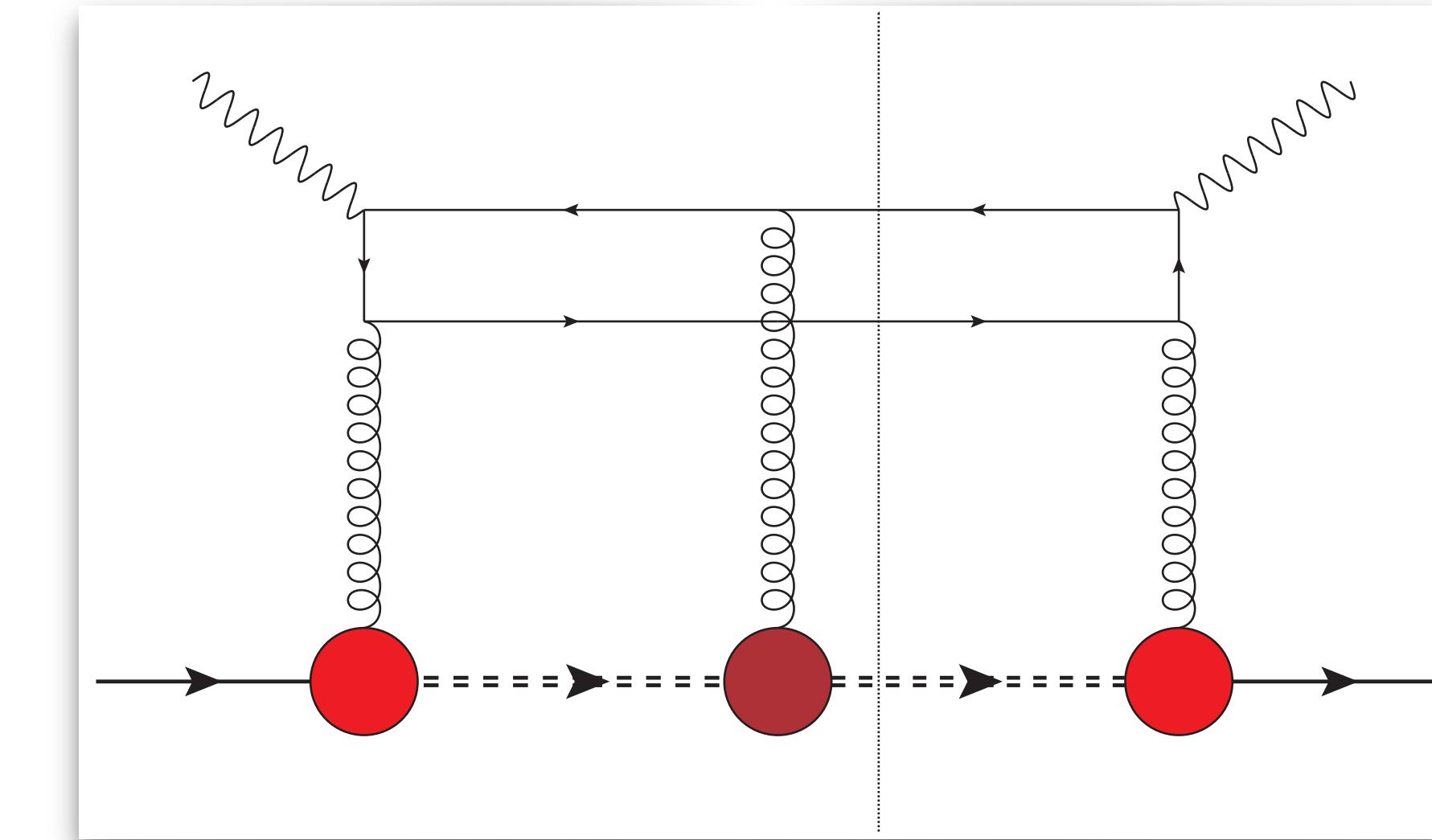
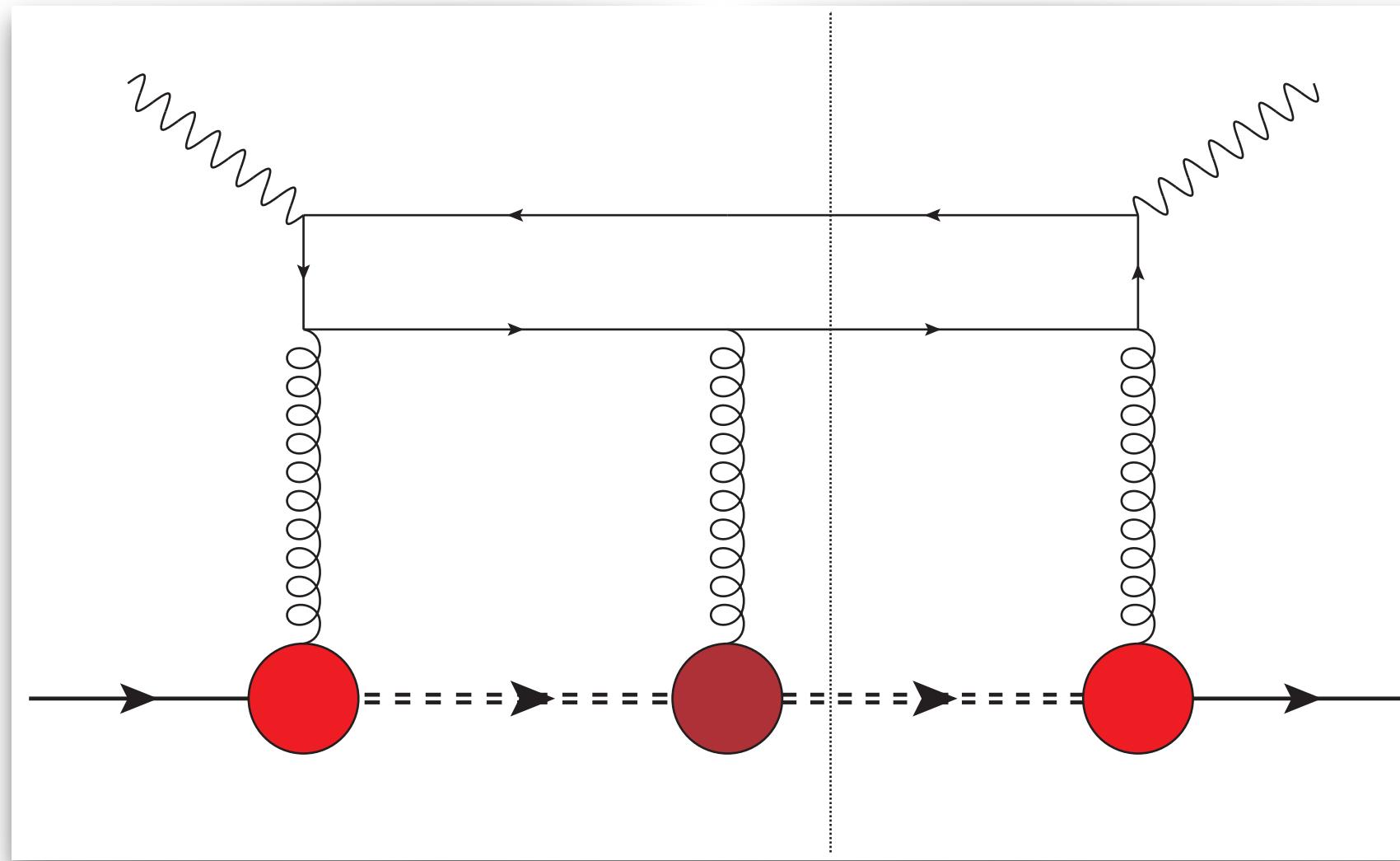


spectator-gluon-spectator

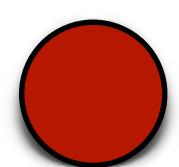
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Analytic structure of T-odd gluon TMDs

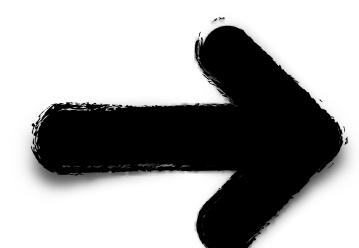
Two-jet SIDIS $\Rightarrow f\text{-type} [+, +]$



nucleon-gluon-spectator



spectator-gluon-spectator



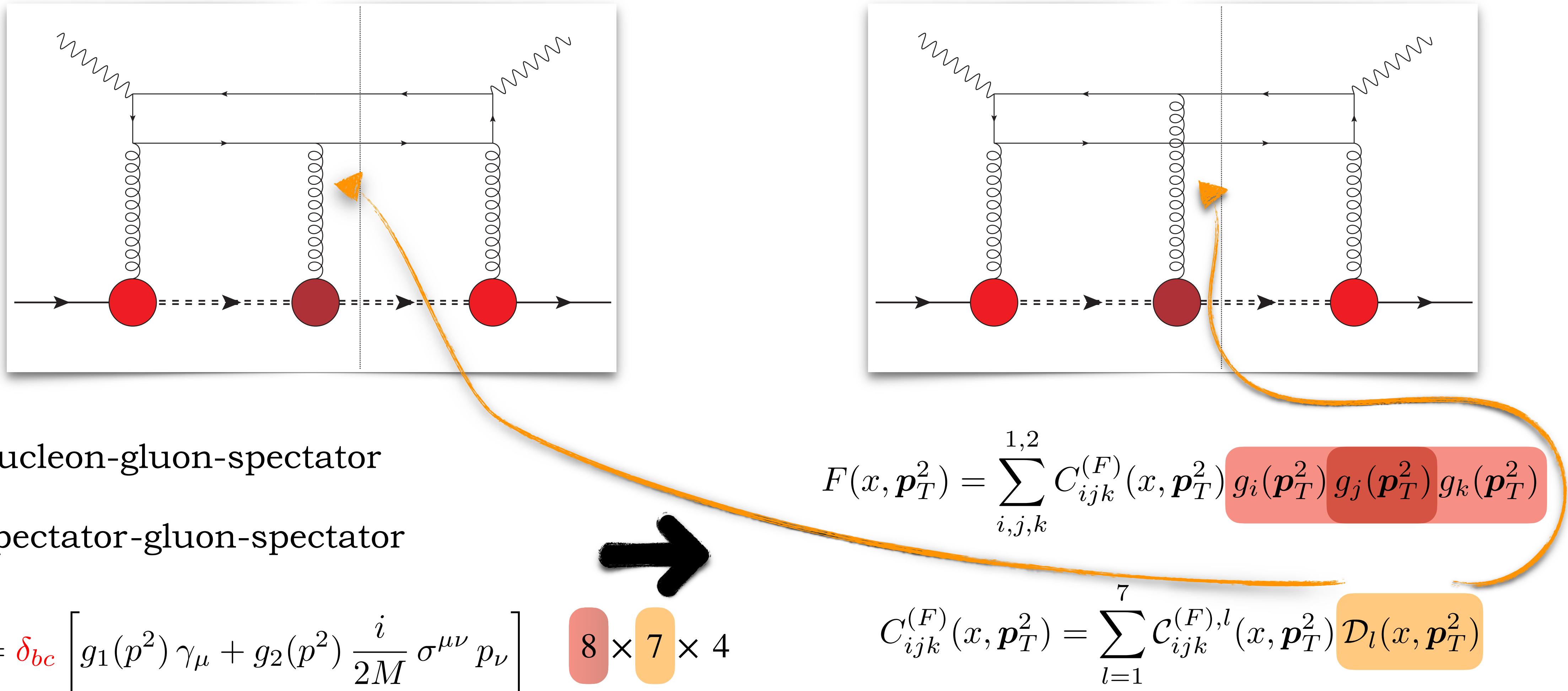
$$\gamma_{bc}^\mu(p^2) = \delta_{bc} \left[g_1(p^2) \gamma_\mu + g_2(p^2) \frac{i}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu \right] \quad 8 \times 7 \times 4$$

$$F(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) = \sum_{i,j,k}^{1,2} C_{ijk}^{(F)}(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) g_i(\mathbf{p}_T^2) g_j(\mathbf{p}_T^2) g_k(\mathbf{p}_T^2)$$

$$C_{ijk}^{(F)}(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) = \sum_{l=1}^7 C_{ijk}^{(F),l}(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) \mathcal{D}_l(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2)$$

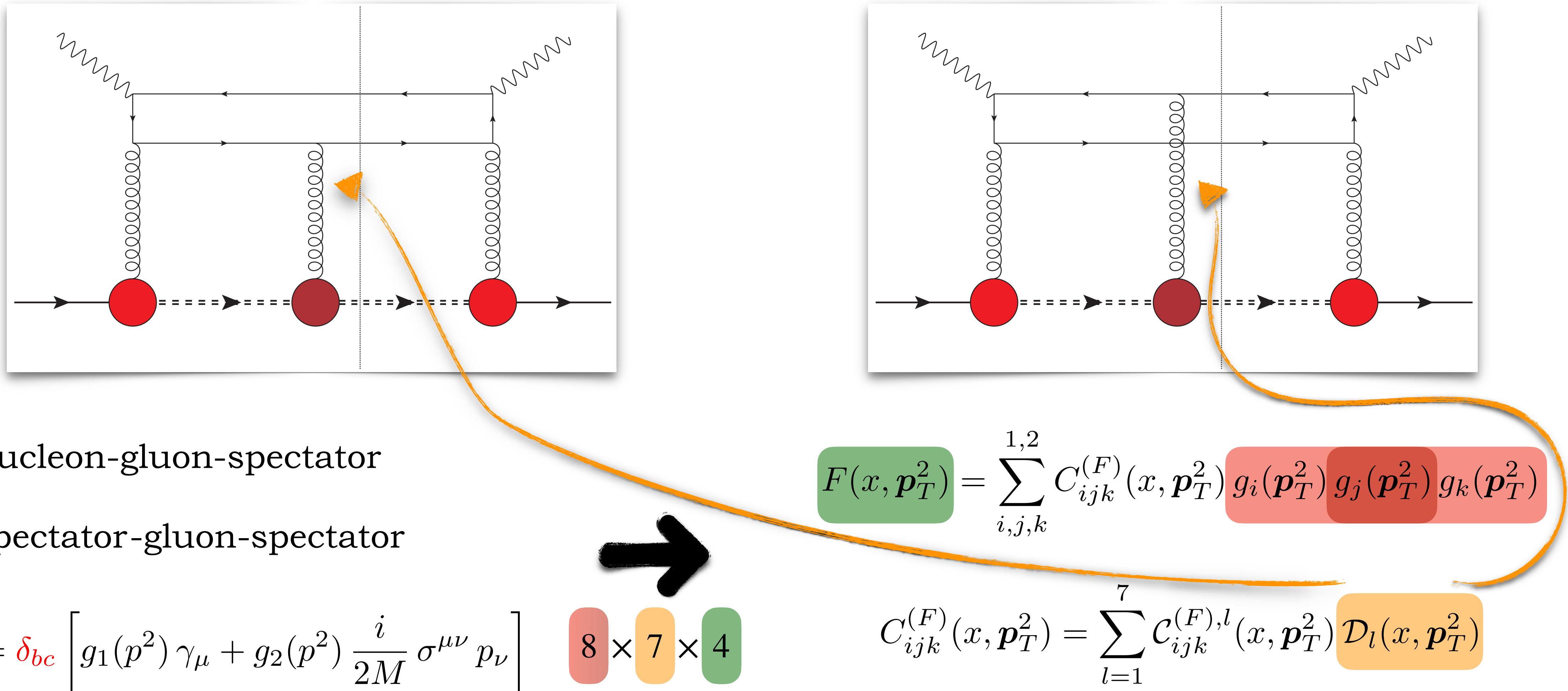
Analytic structure of T-odd gluon TMDs

Two-jet SIDIS $\Rightarrow f\text{-type} [+, +]$



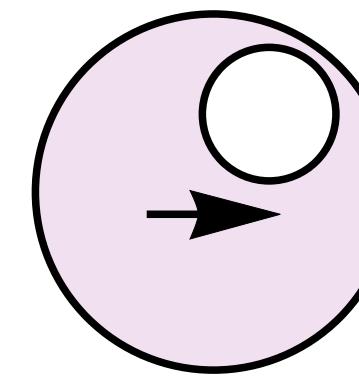
Analytic structure of T-odd gluon TMDs

Two-jet SIDIS $\Rightarrow f\text{-type} [+, +]$

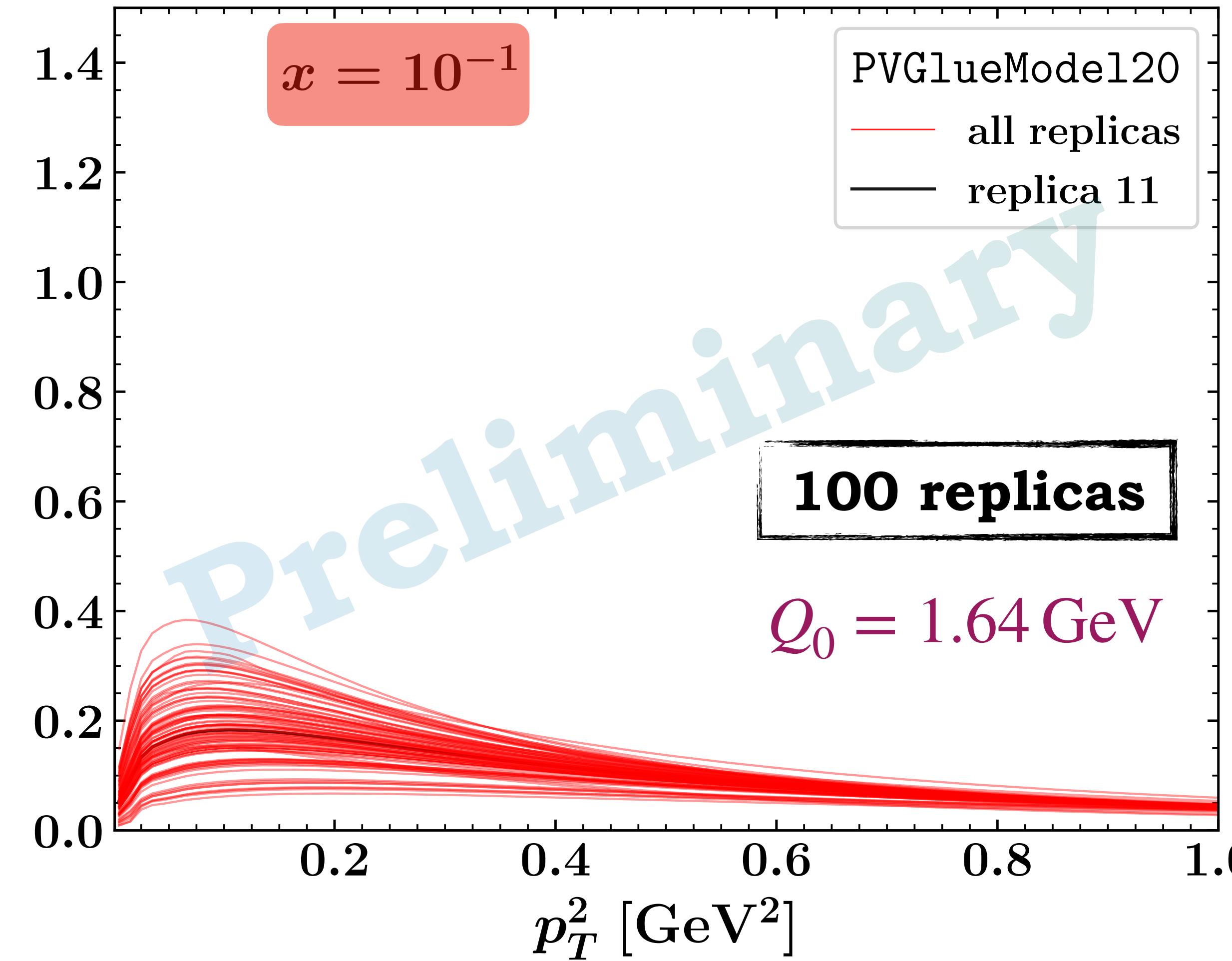


f-type Sivers gluon TMD

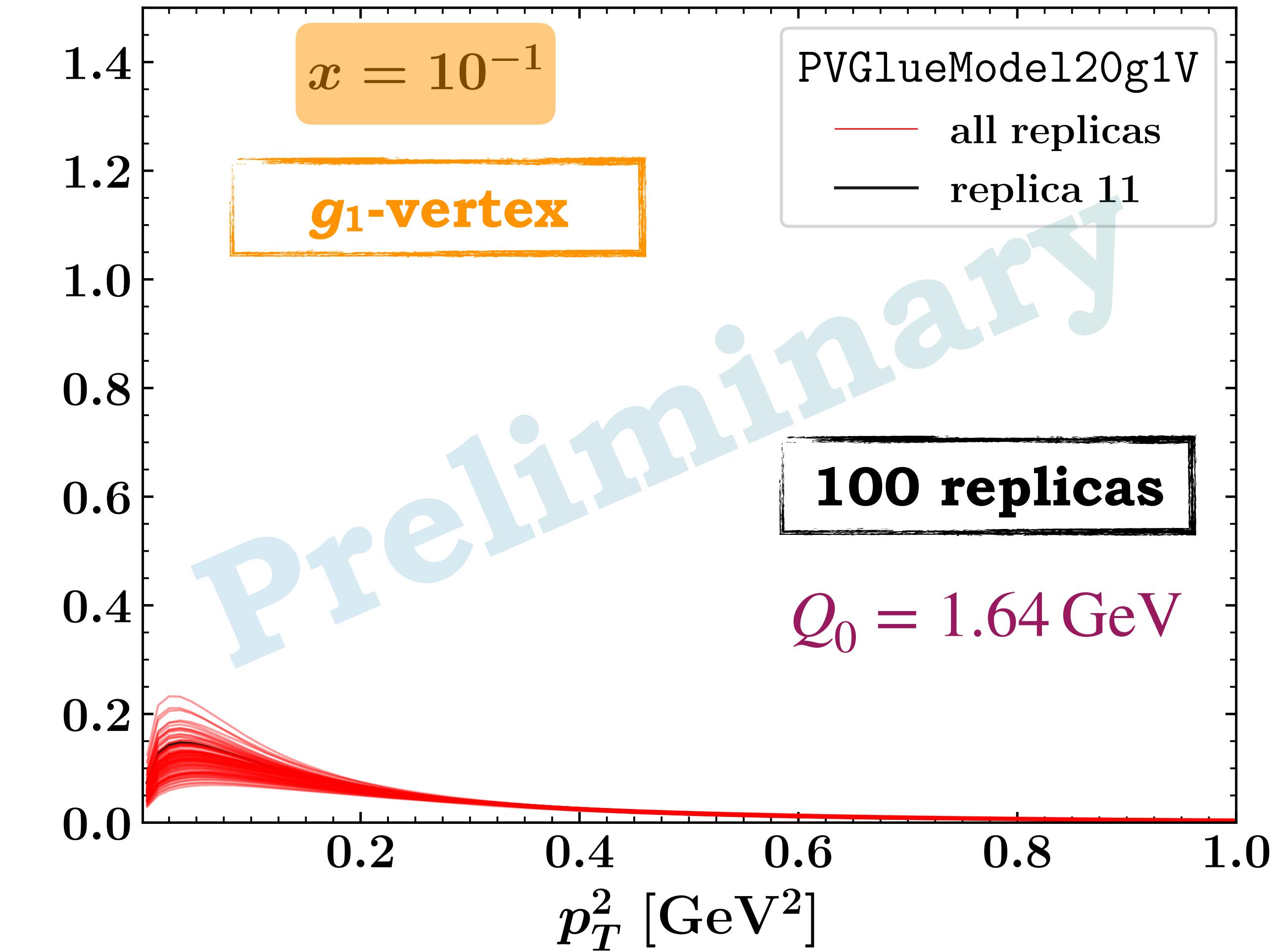
🔗 [A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici (in preparation)]



$$x \frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]}(x, p_T^2)$$

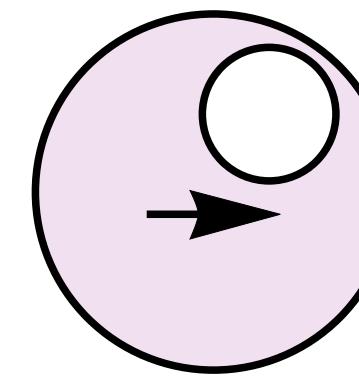


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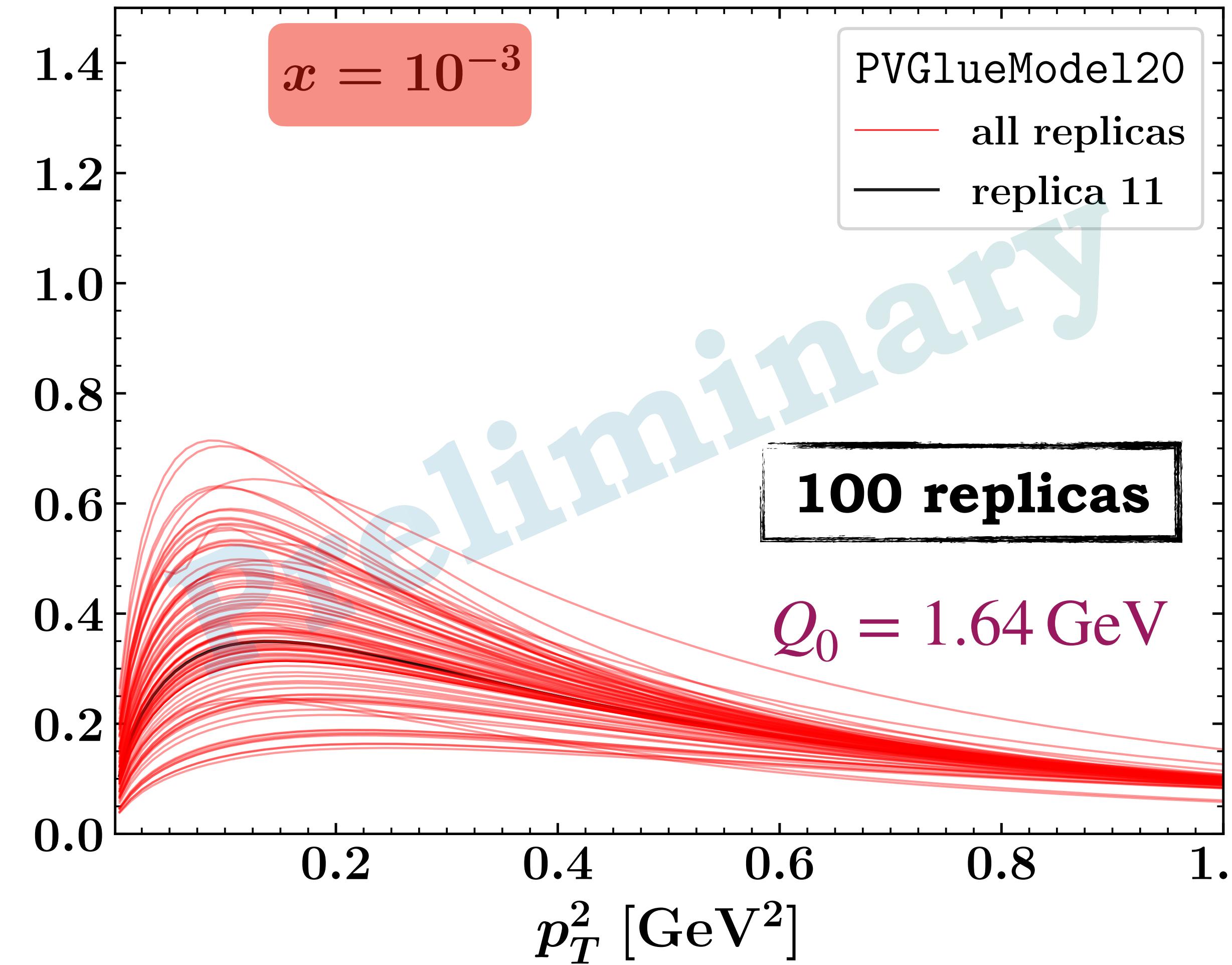


f-type Sivers gluon TMD

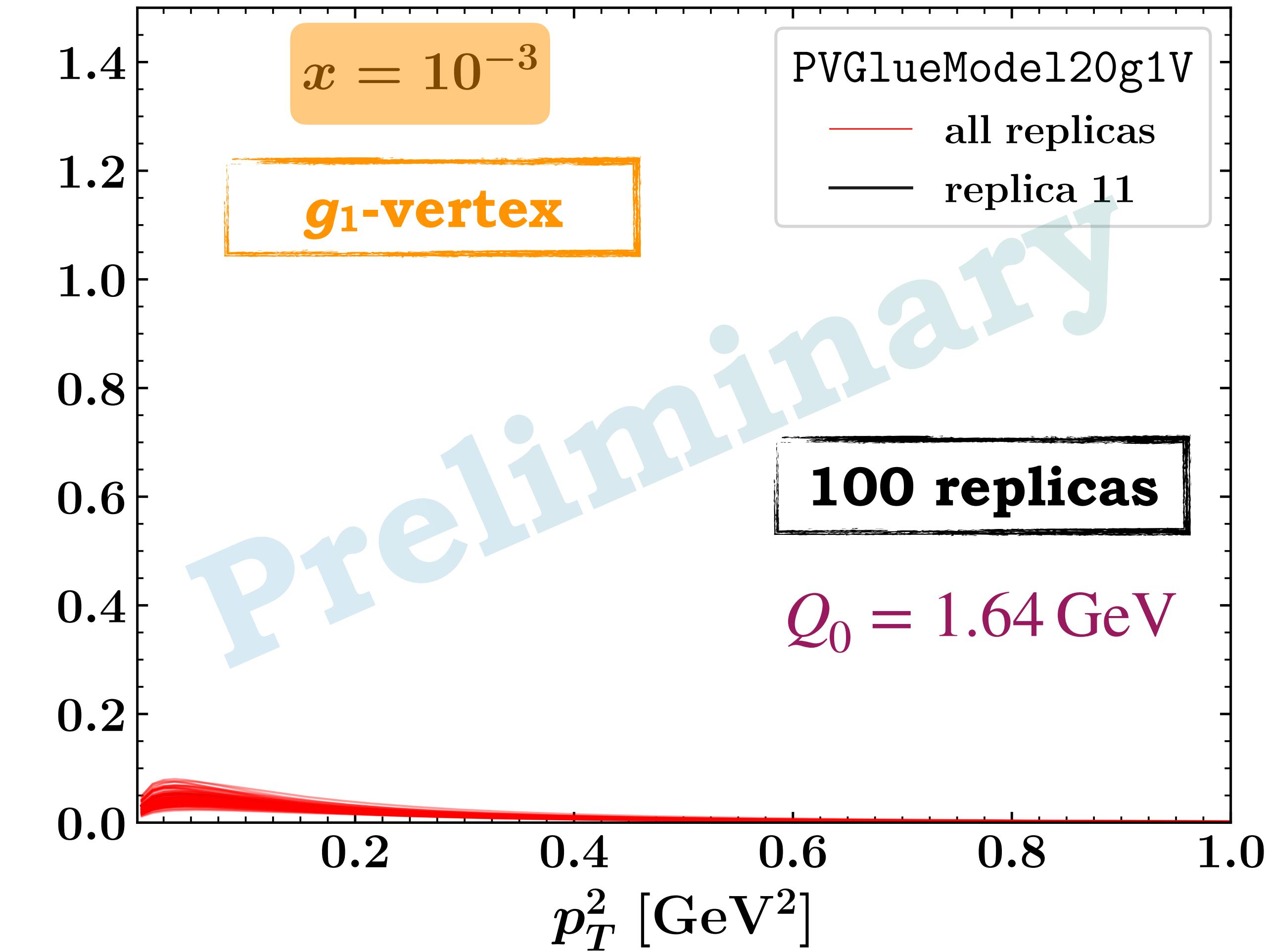
[A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici (in preparation)]



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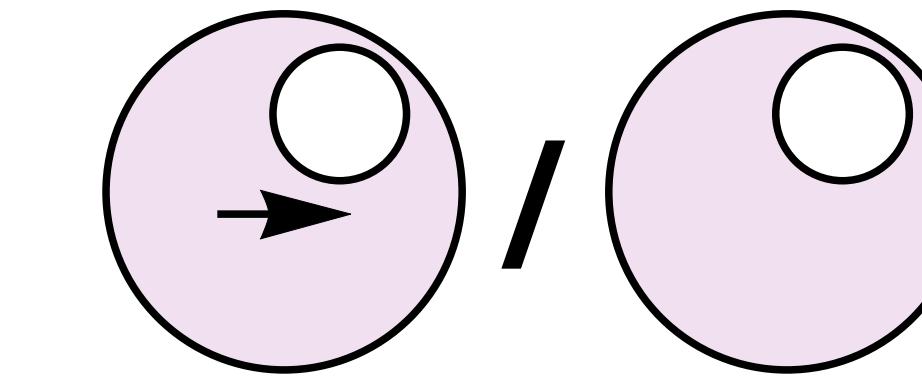


$$x \frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]}(x, p_T^2)$$

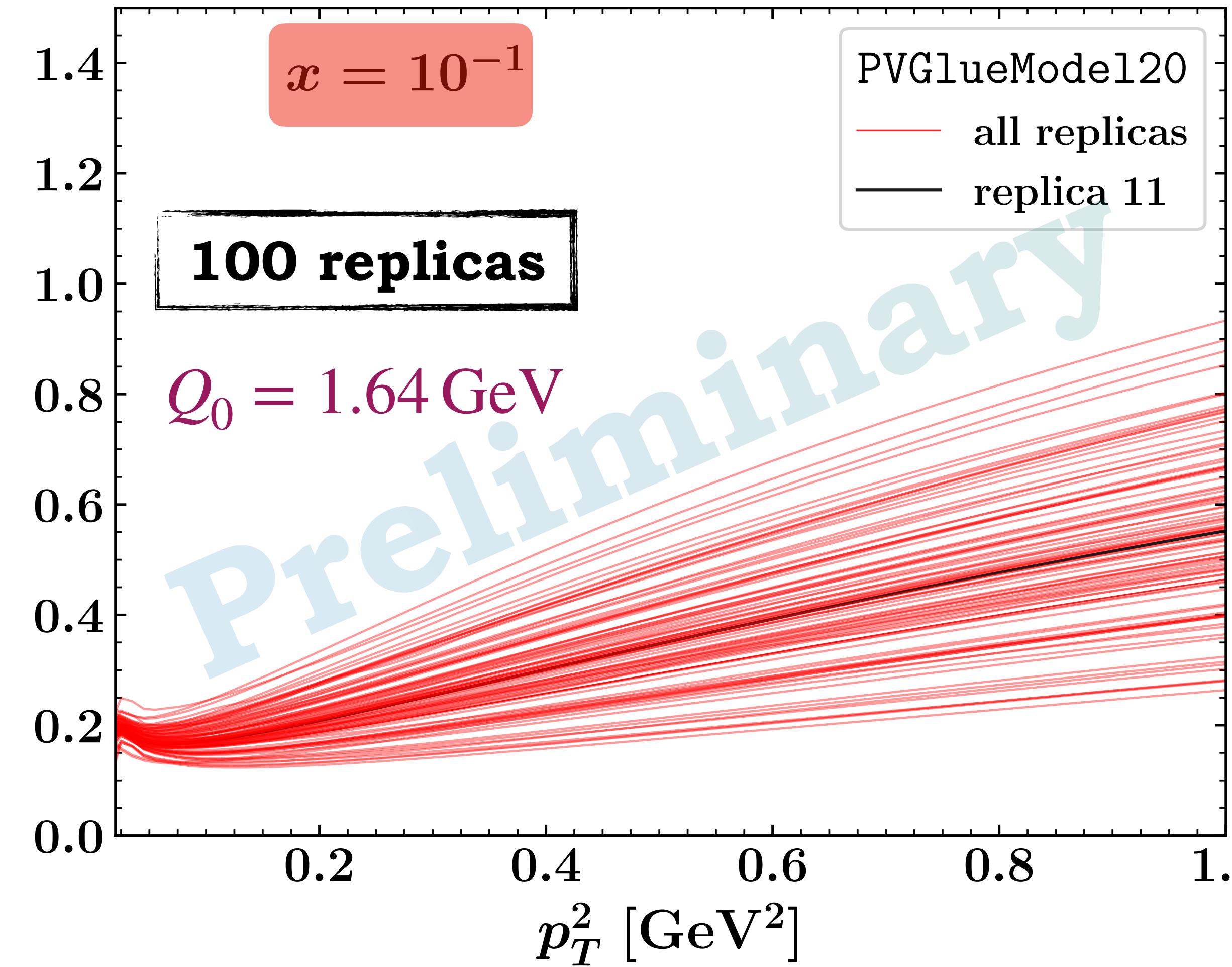


f-type Sivers/unpol.

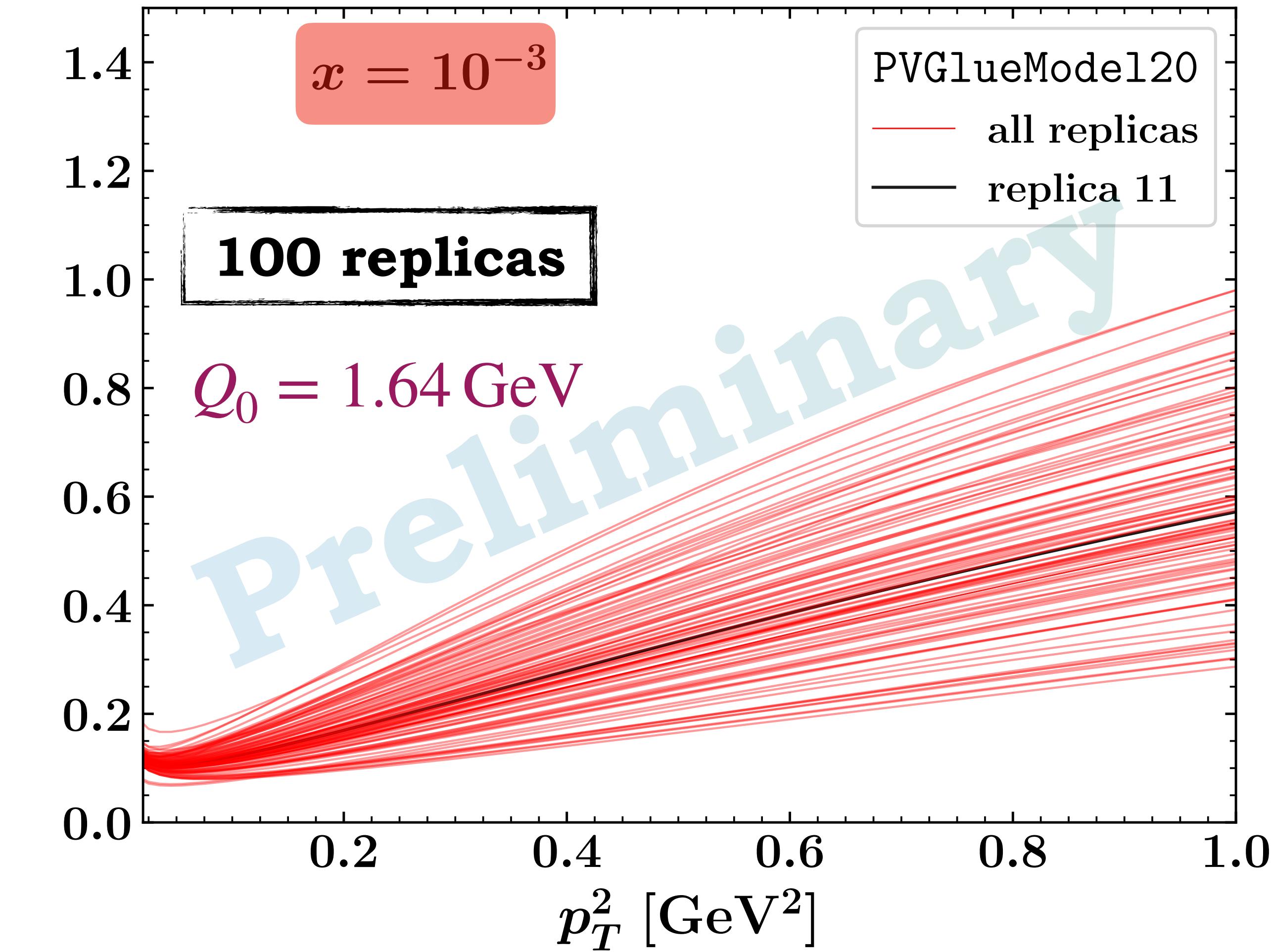
⌚ [A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici (in preparation)]



$$\frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} / f_1$$



$$\frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} / f_1$$



Checkpoints and further steps

- Systematic calculation of all twist-2 T-even gluon TMDs with CSS evolution
- Spectral mass to catch small- and large- x effects
- Simultaneous fit** of f_1 and g_1 PDFs via **replica method**
- Inclusion of standard CSS evolution (investigation on *collinear matching*)

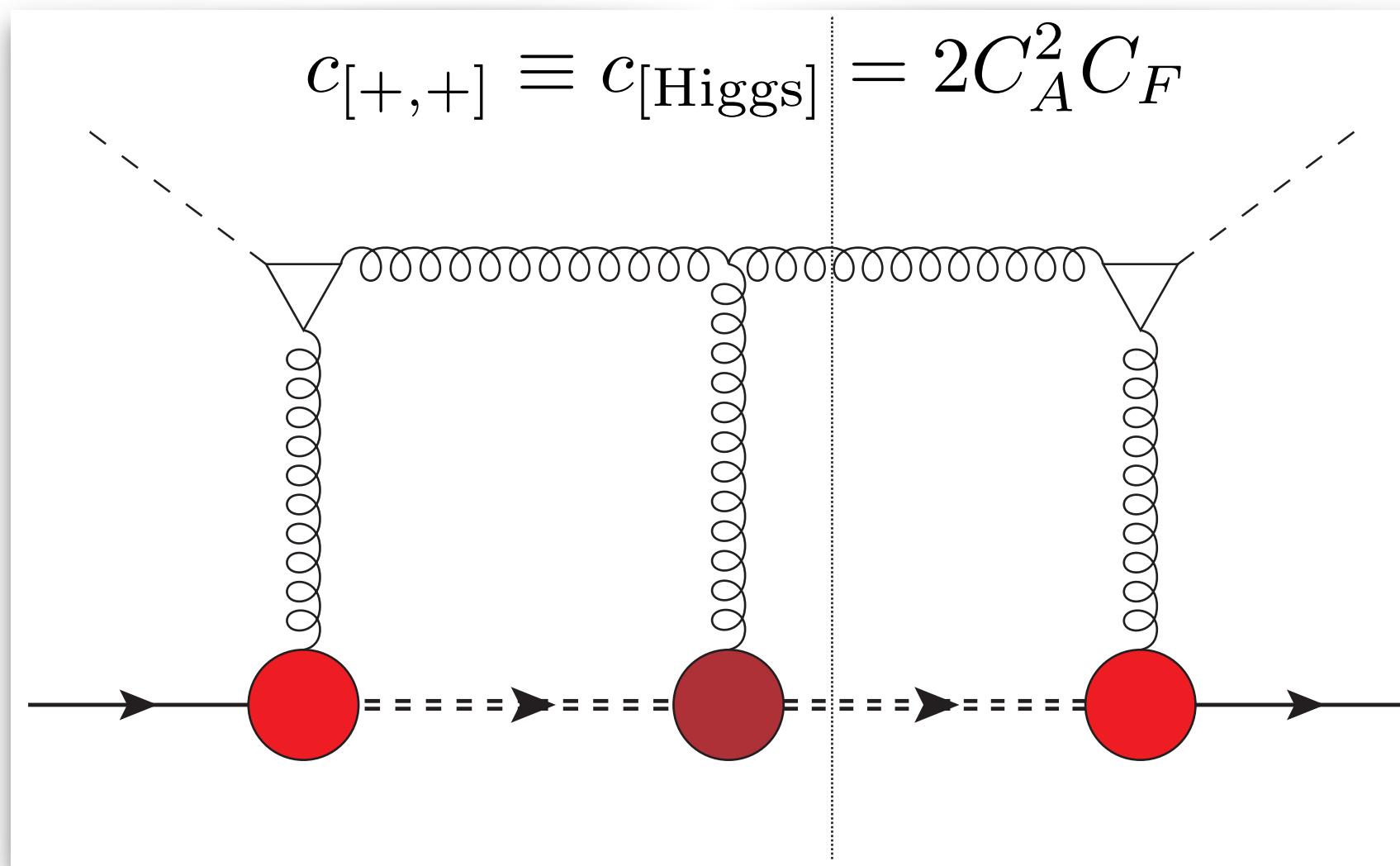
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- Pheno: **spin asymmetries**, **pseudodata** and **impact studies**
- Twist-2 T-odd gluon TMDs (**Sivers**, etc.) almost done!
- Explorative studies on gauge-link sensitivity and factorization

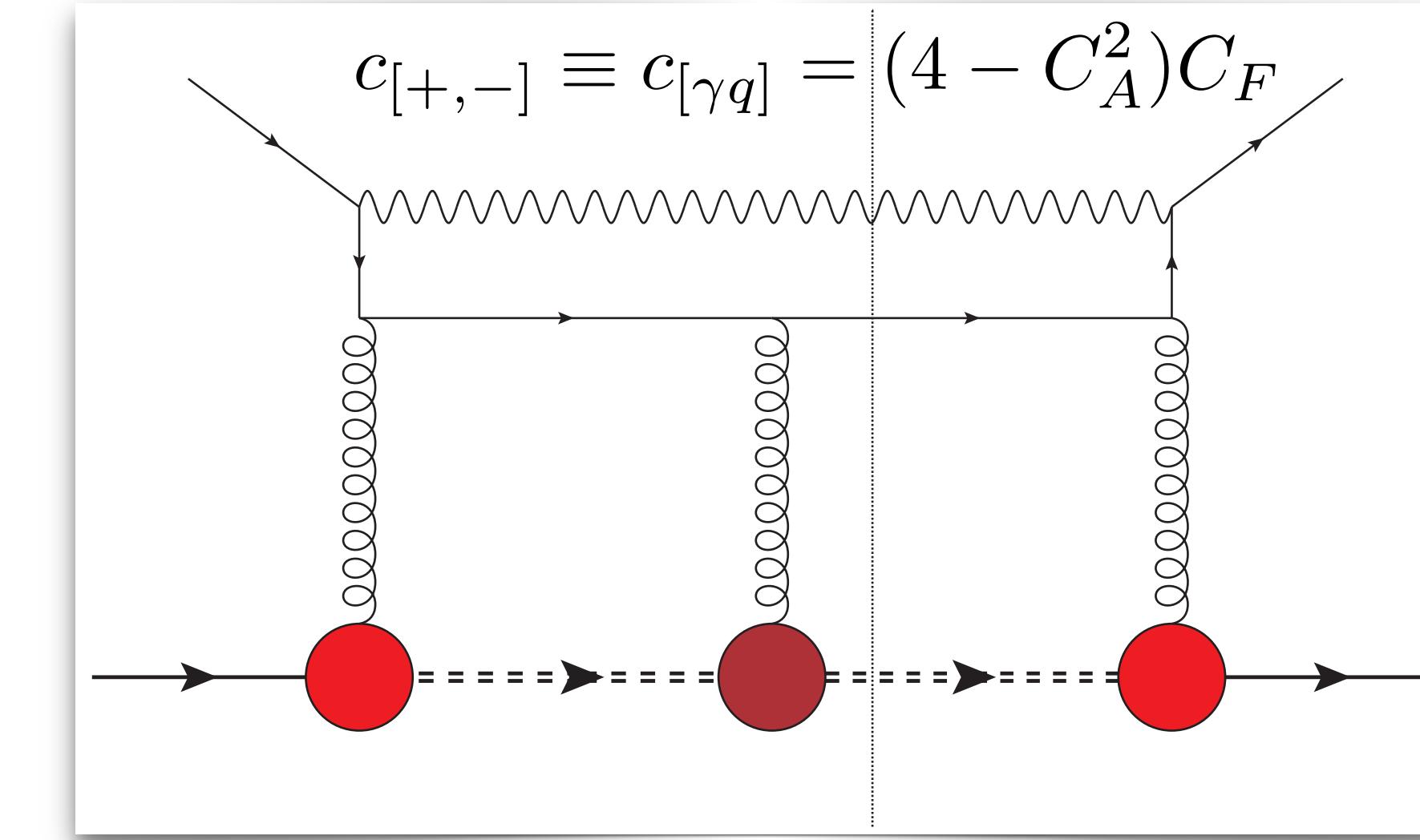
**Backup
slides**

Gauge-link dependence of T-odd gluon TMDs

Higgs-gluon fusion $\Rightarrow f\text{-type } [+ , +]$

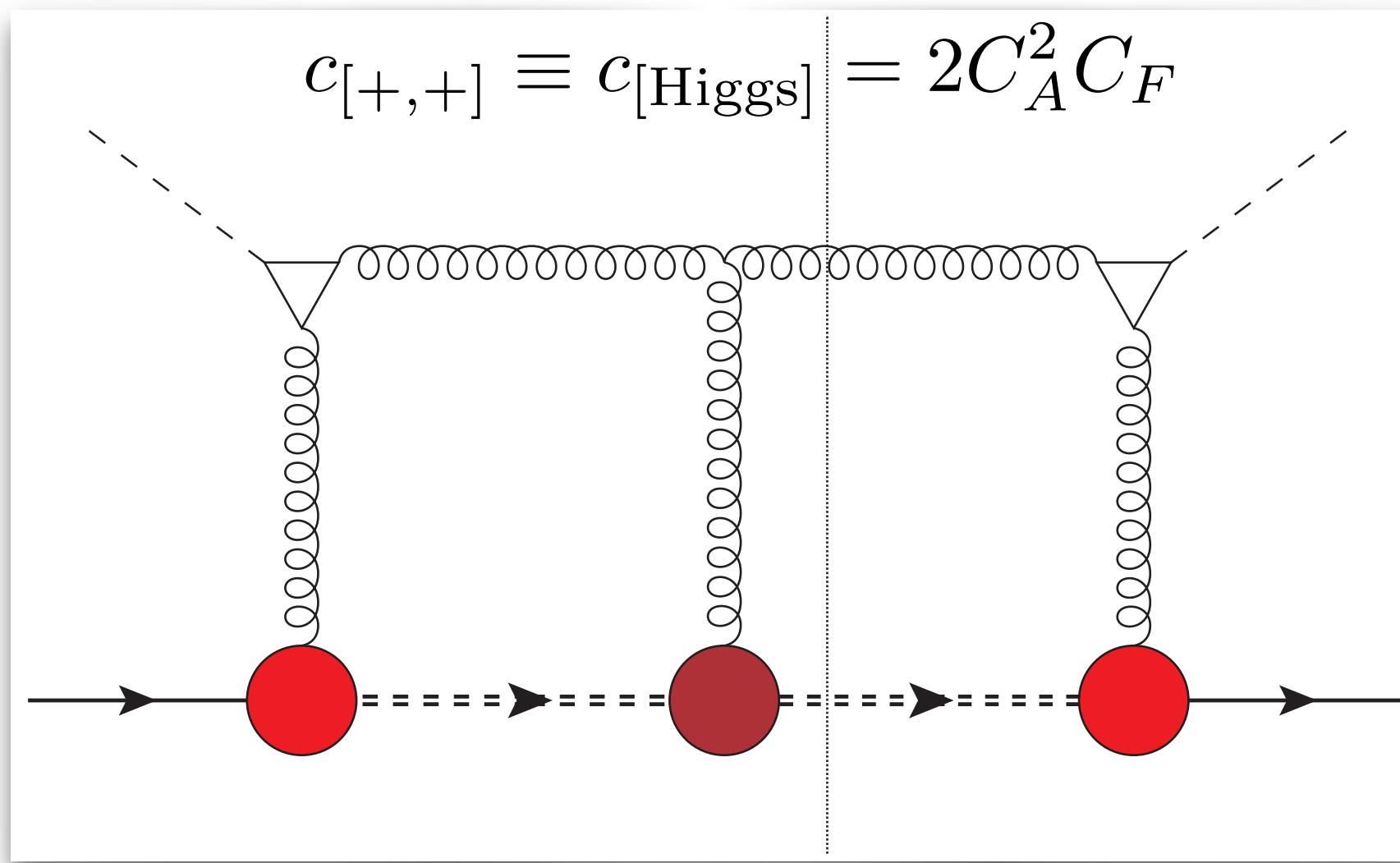


Photon-jet emission $\Rightarrow d\text{-type } [+ , -]$

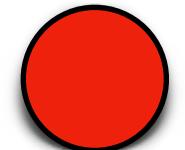
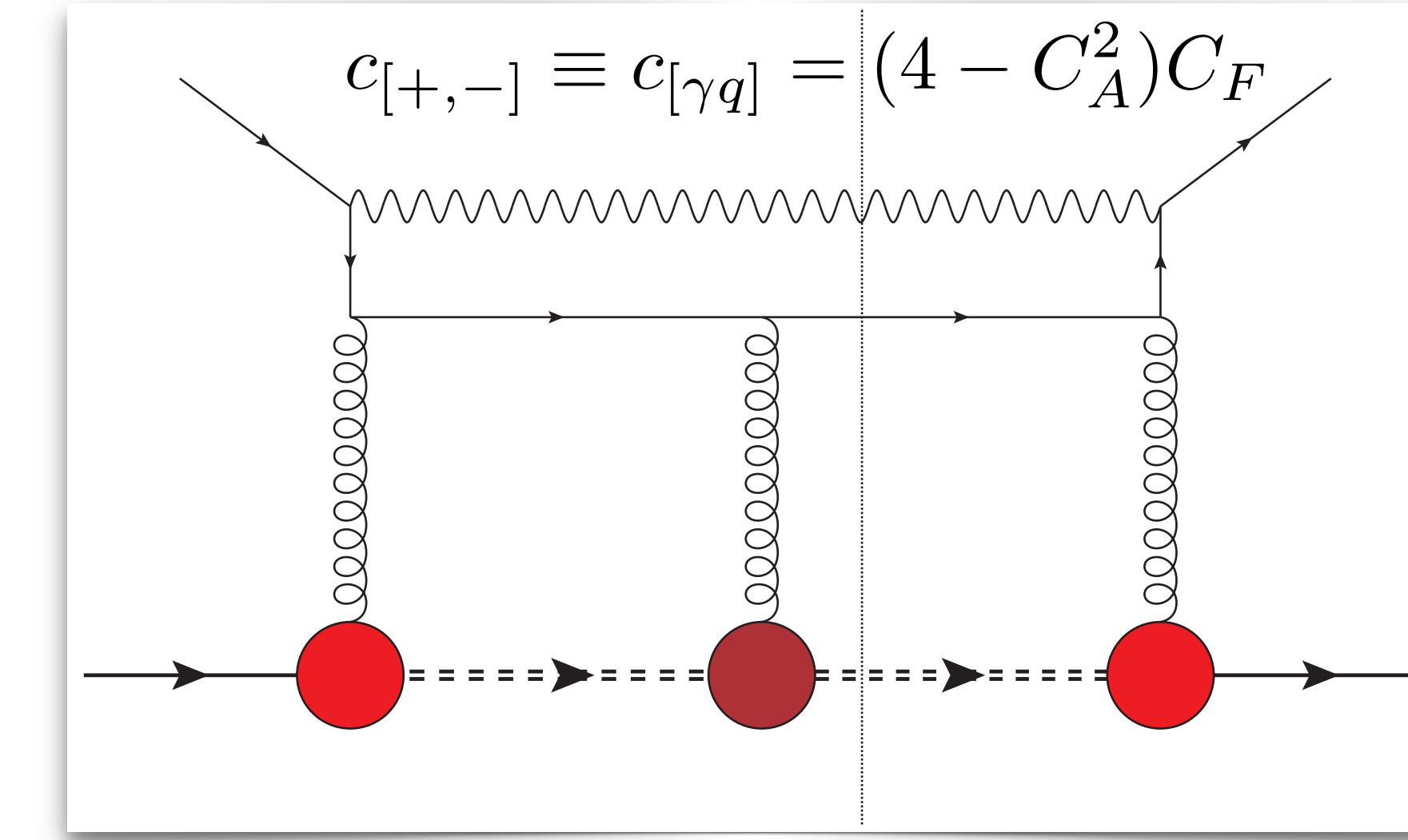


Gauge-link dependence of T-odd gluon TMDs

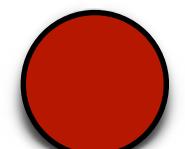
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nucleon-gluon-spectator



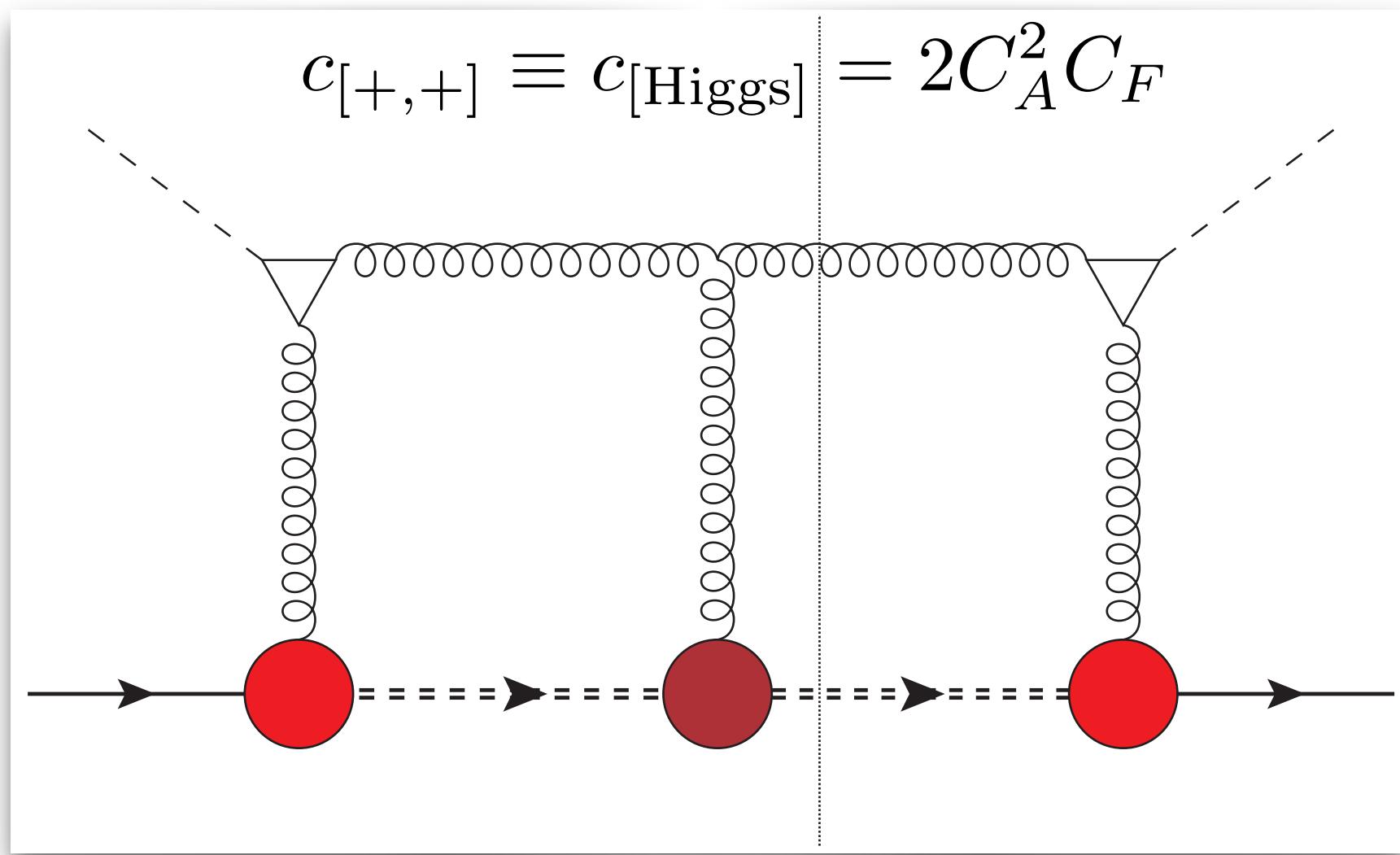
spectator-gluon-spectator

$$\mathcal{Y}_{bc}^\mu(p^2) = \delta_{bc} \left[g_1(p^2) \gamma_\mu + g_2(p^2) \frac{i}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu \right]$$

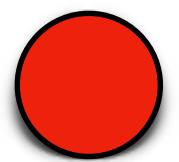
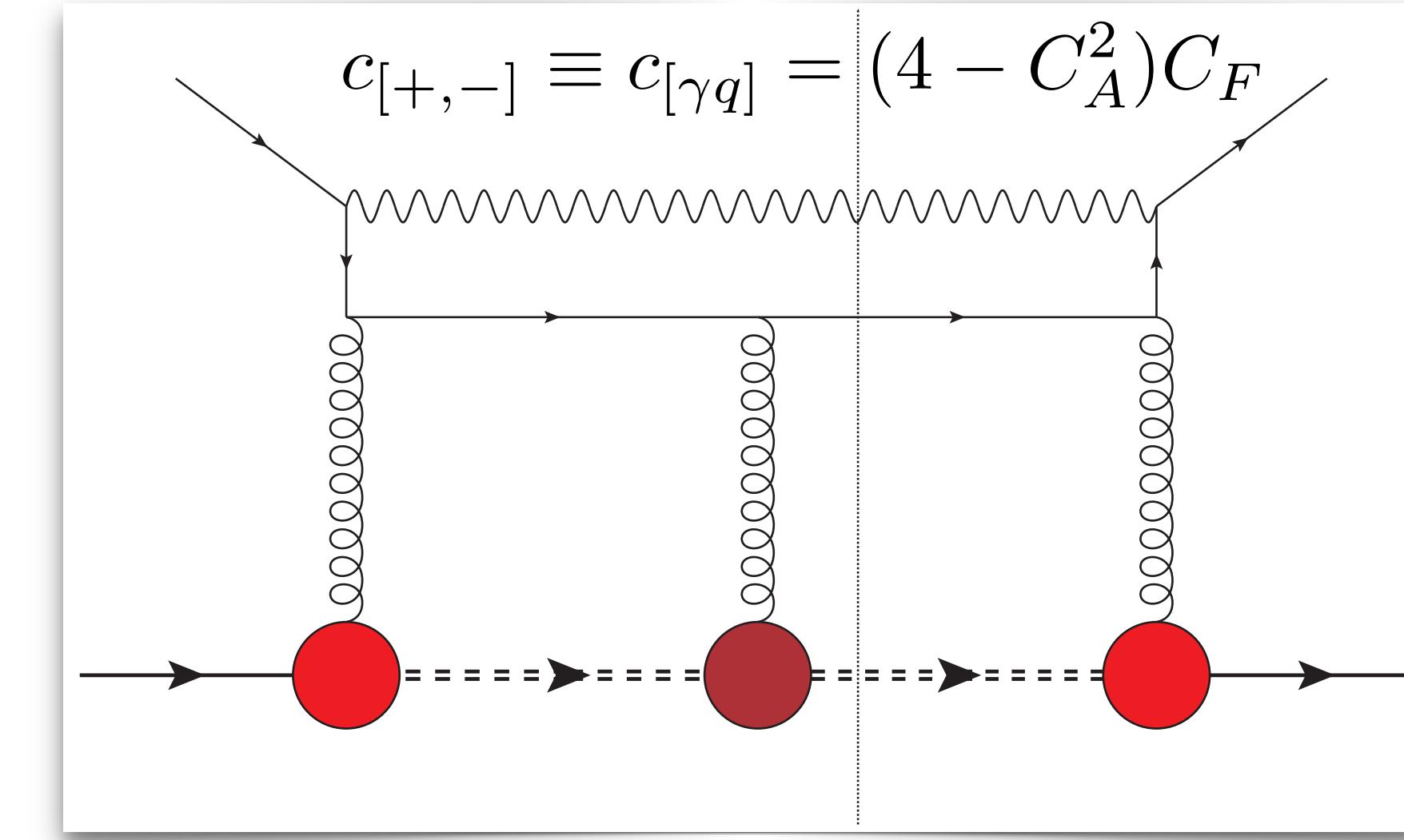
$$\mathcal{X}_{abc}^\mu(p^2) = f^{abc} \left[g_1^f(p^2) \gamma^\mu + g_2^f(p^2) \frac{i}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu \right] - i d^{abc} \left[g_1^d(p^2) \gamma^\mu + g_2^d(p^2) \frac{i}{2M} \sigma^{\mu\nu} p_\nu \right]$$

Gauge-link dependence of T-odd gluon TMDs

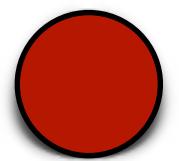
Higgs-gluon fusion $\Rightarrow f\text{-type } [+ , +]$



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nucleon-gluon-spectator



spectator-gluon-spectator

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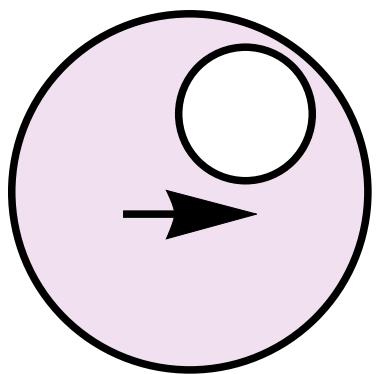
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Assumption: $g_{1,2}^d(p^2) = g_{1,2}^f(p^2) \equiv g_{1,2}(p^2)$

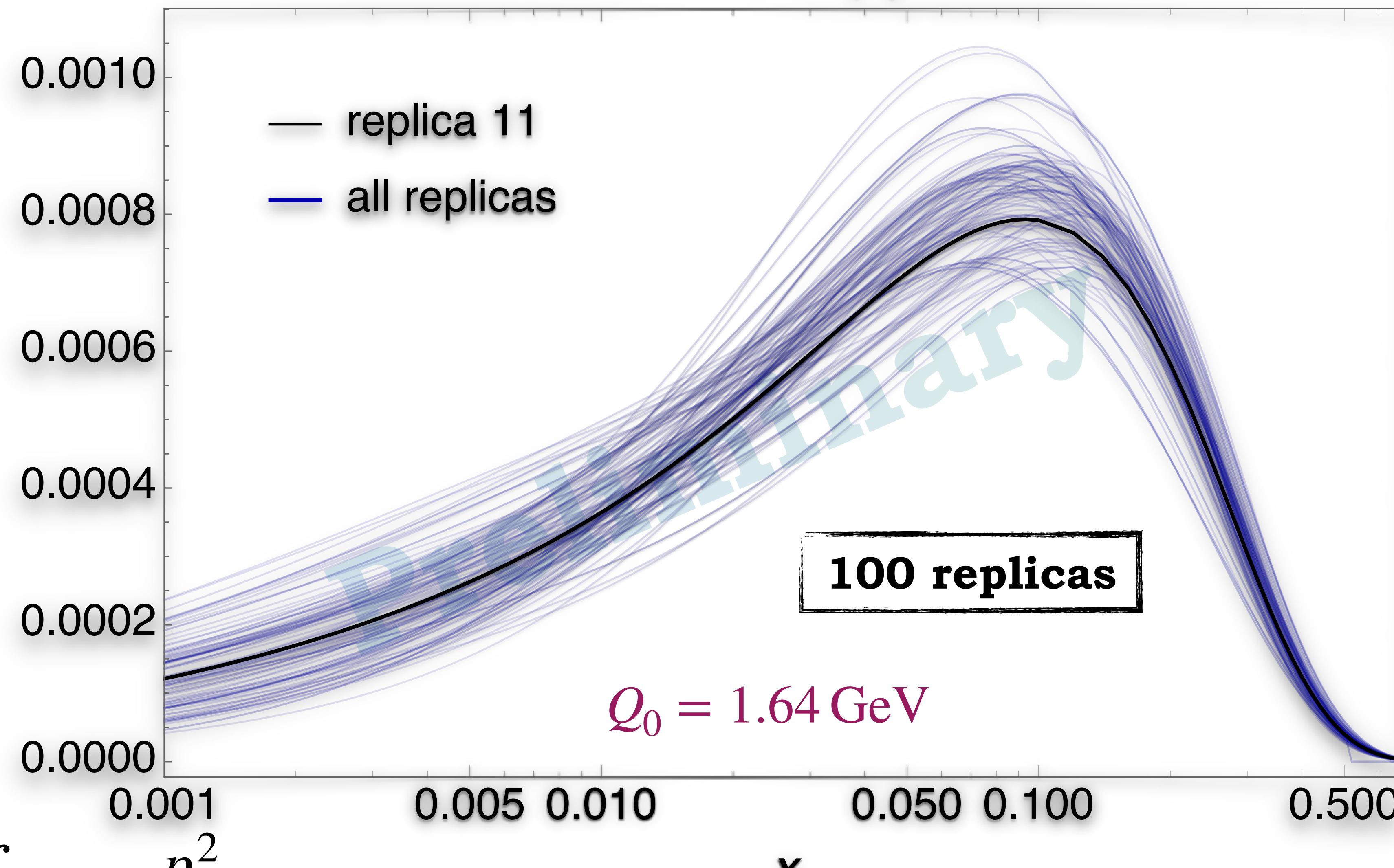
\Leftrightarrow

$$f_{1T}^{\perp[+,-]} = \frac{c_{[+,-]}}{c_{[+,+]}} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} \equiv -\frac{5}{18} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]}$$

f-type Qiu-Sterman twist-3 gluon PDF

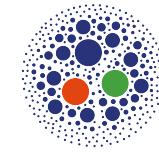


$xf_{1T}^{\perp(f)}(x)$



$$f_{1T}^{\perp(f)}(x) = \int d^2 p_T \frac{p_T^2}{2M^2} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]}(x, p_T^2)$$

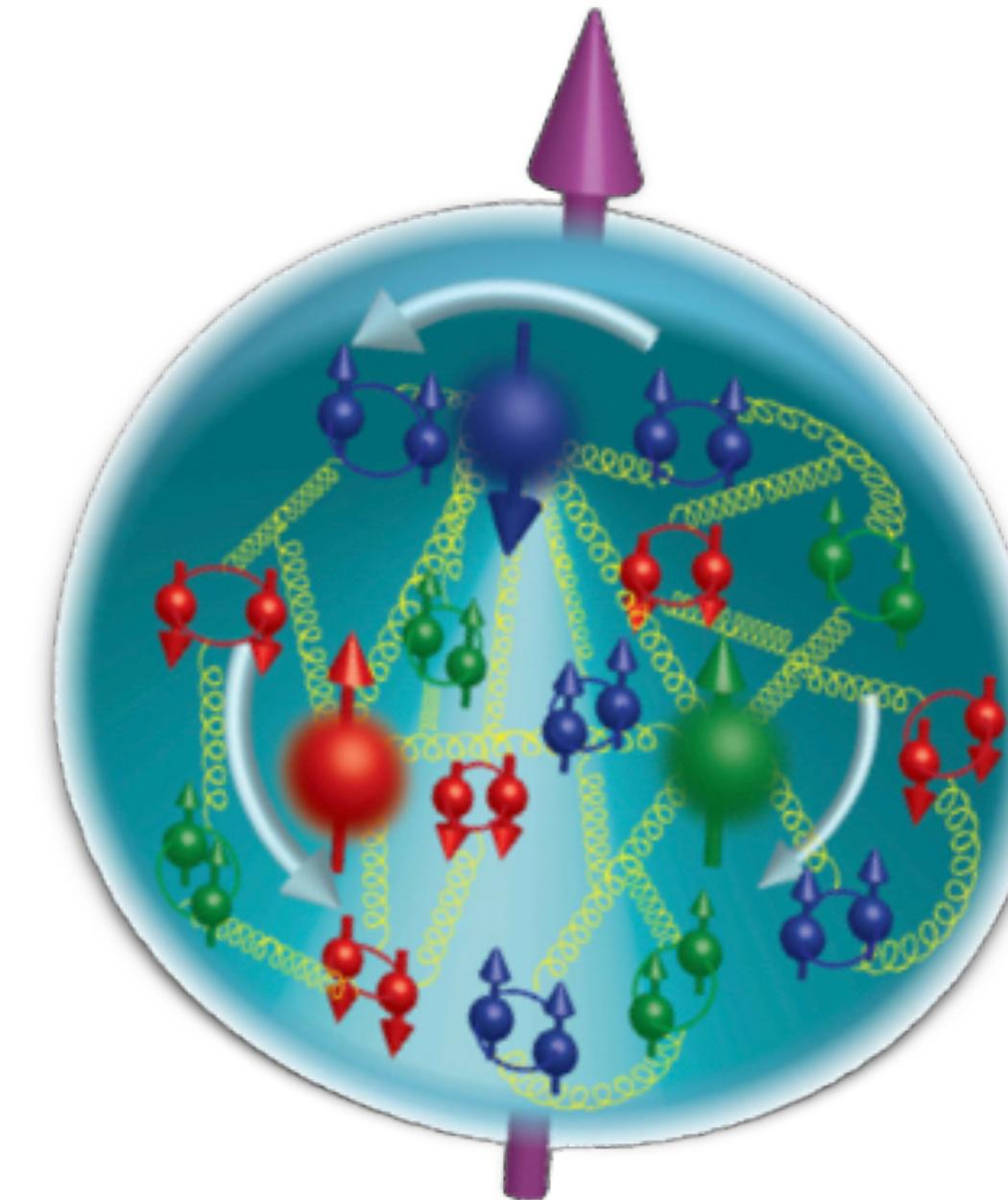
Parton densities: hors d'œuvre



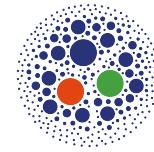
Parton densities → relevant for the search of **New Physics**...

→ ...crucial role in the understanding and exploration of **QCD**

- Describe the internal structure of the nucleon in terms of its elementary constituents (quarks and gluons)
- **Nonperturbative** objects that enter the expression of cross sections
- Can be *extracted* from experiments via *global fits*



Parton densities: hors d'œuvre



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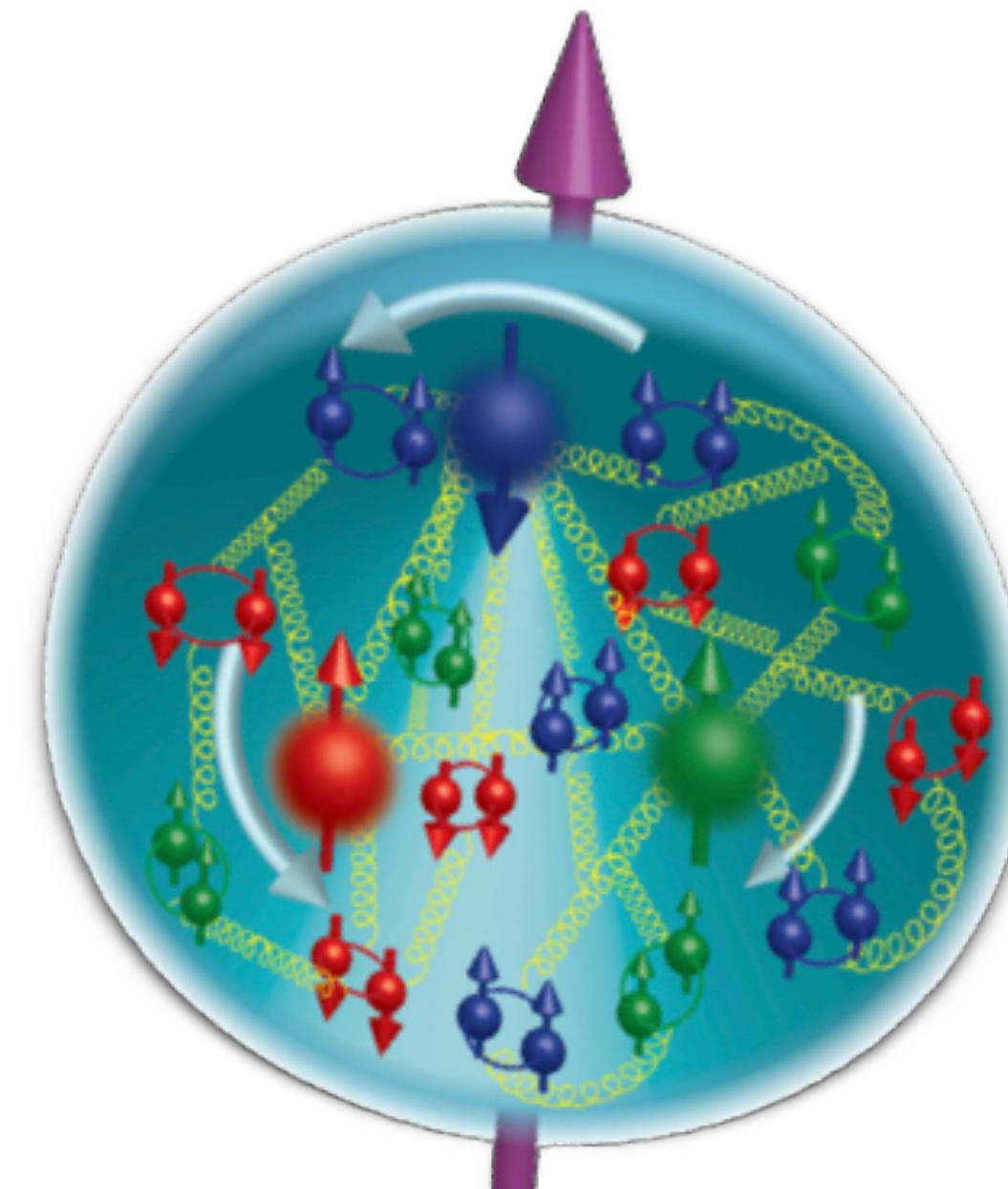
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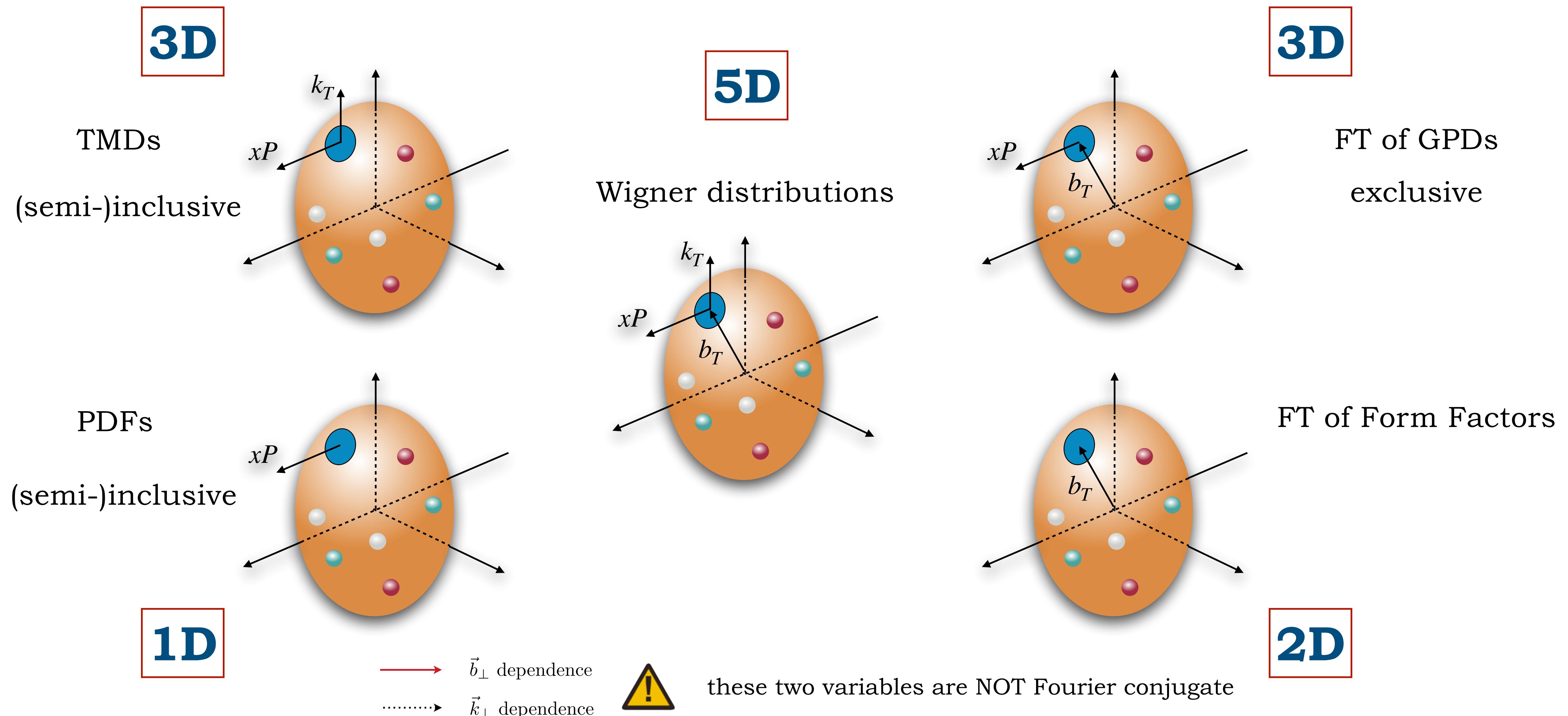


Several types of distributions (1D collinear, **3D TMD**, ...)

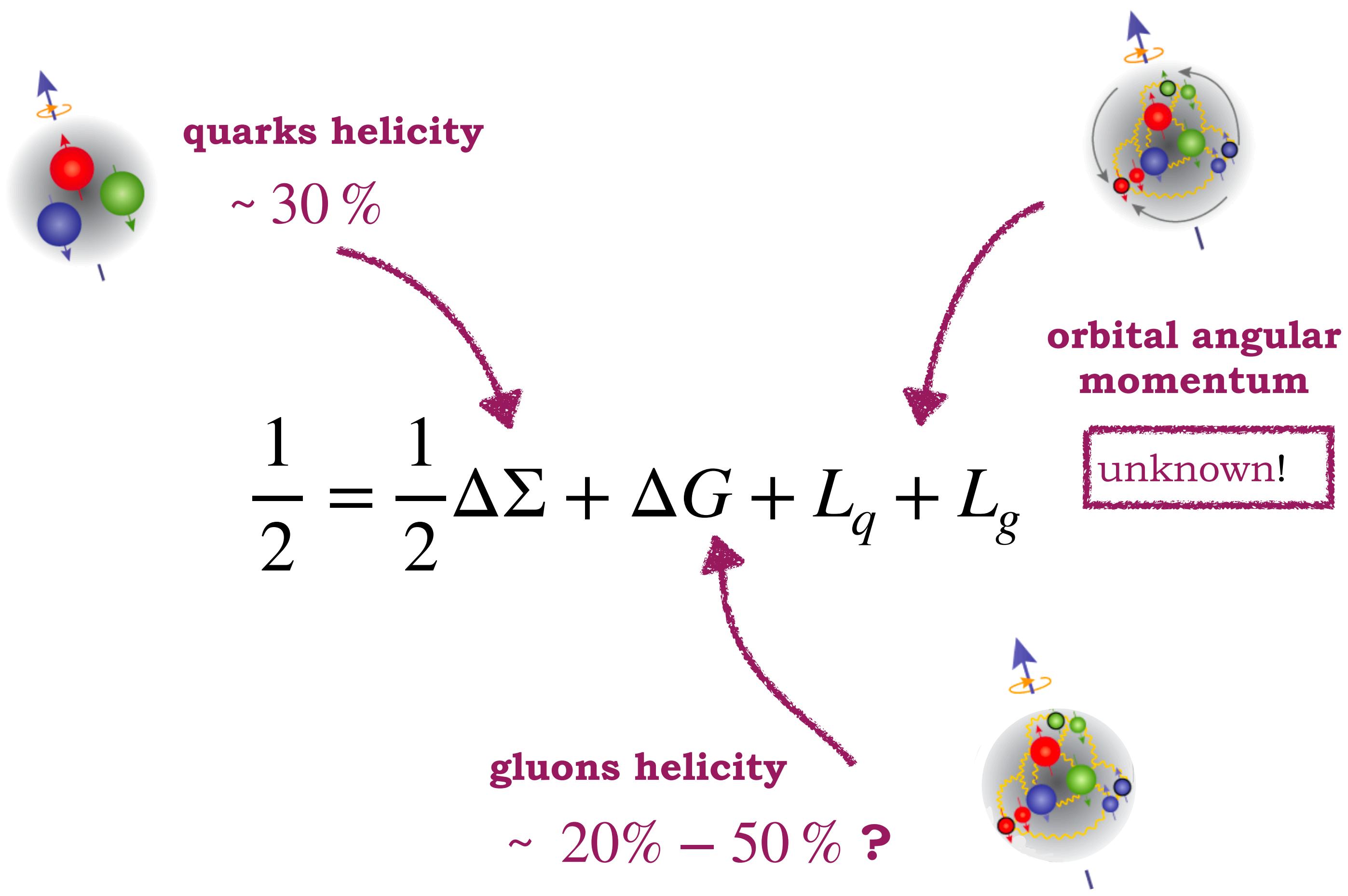
- Respect different **factorization theorems**
- Exhibit peculiar **universality properties**
- Obey distinct **evolution equations**



Parton densities: an incomplete family tree

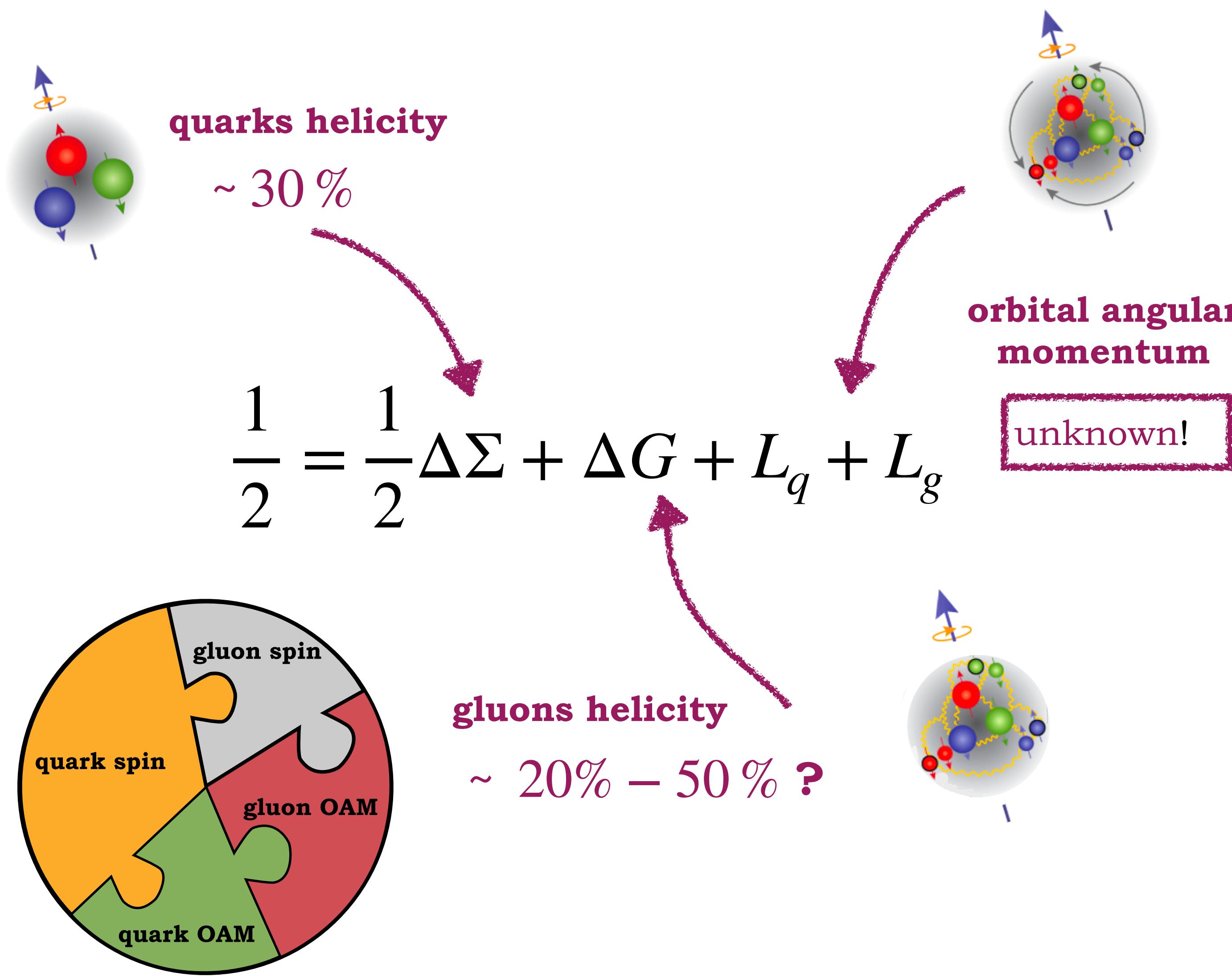


The proton spin crisis



Total spin carried by quarks and gluons does not amount to $1/2$, one needs orbital angular momentum, then a 3D description...

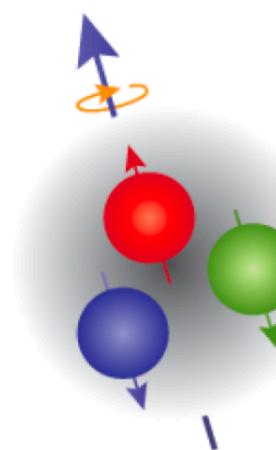
The proton spin crisis



Total spin carried by quarks and gluons does not amount to 1/2, one needs orbital angular momentum, then a 3D description...

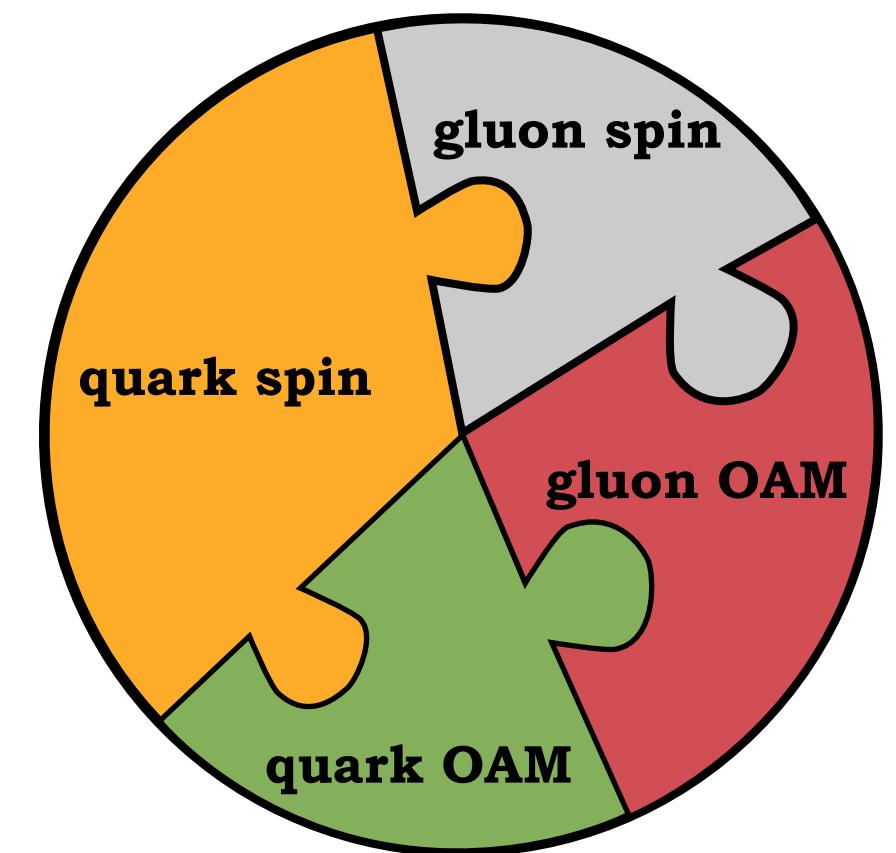
⌚ (proton spin crisis) [EMC Collaboration, CERN (1987)]

The proton spin crisis

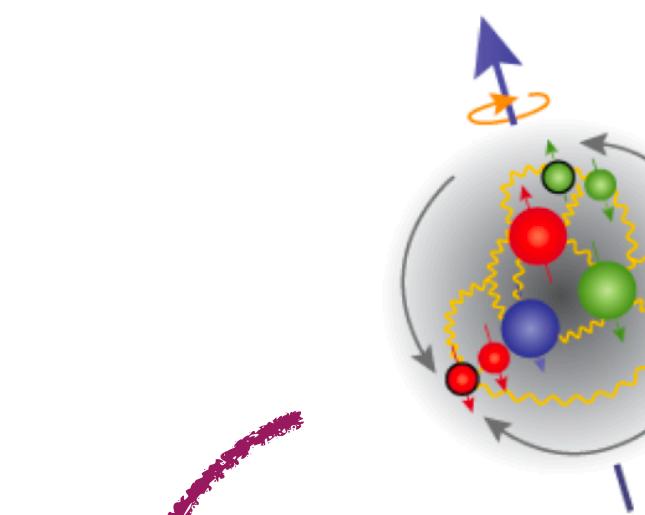
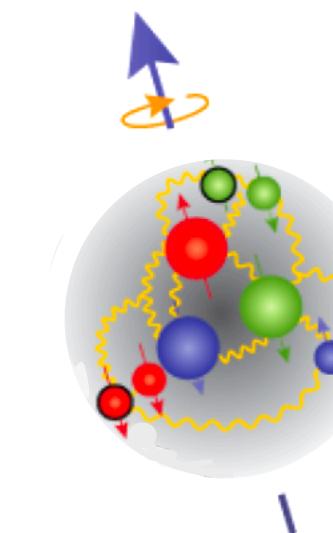


quarks helicity
~ 30 %

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G + L_q + L_g$$



gluons helicity
~ 20% – 50% ?



orbital angular momentum

unknown!

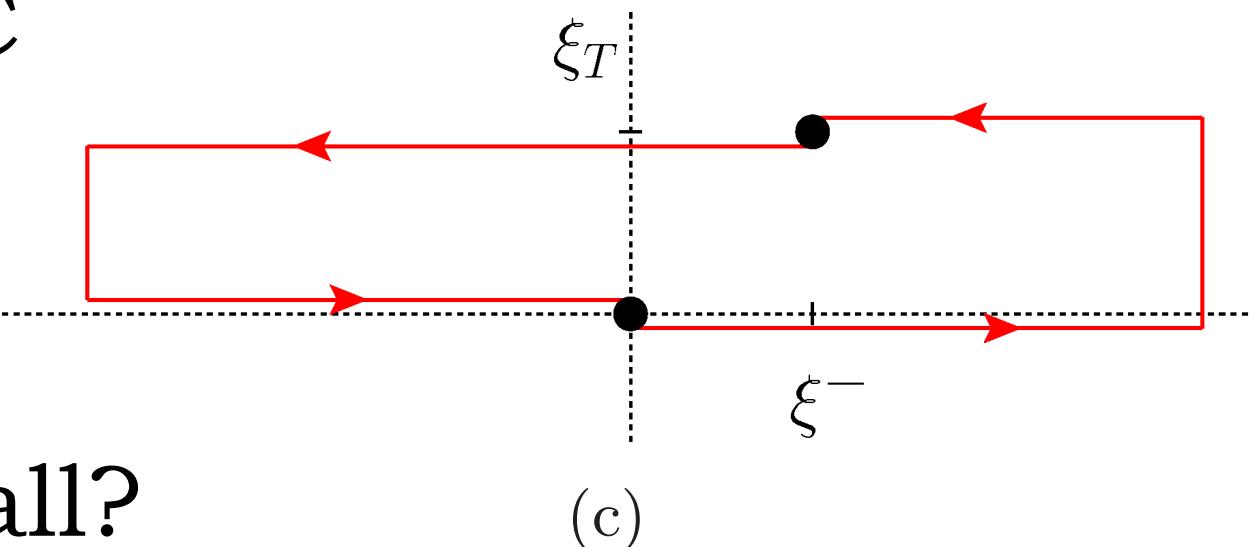
...many other effects in hadronic interactions cannot be understood in the purely collinear approach

Total spin carried by quarks and gluons does not amount to $1/2$, one needs orbital angular momentum, then a 3D description...

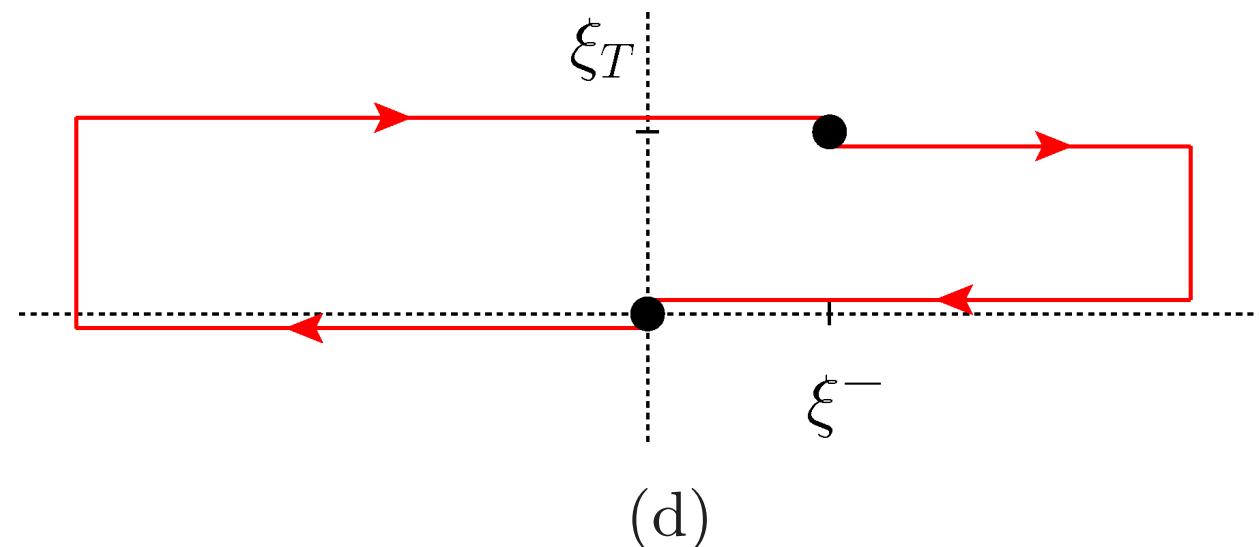
Dihadron hadroproduction and factorization breaking

- * Proof of factorization violation  [T. J. Rogers, P. J. Mulders (2010)]

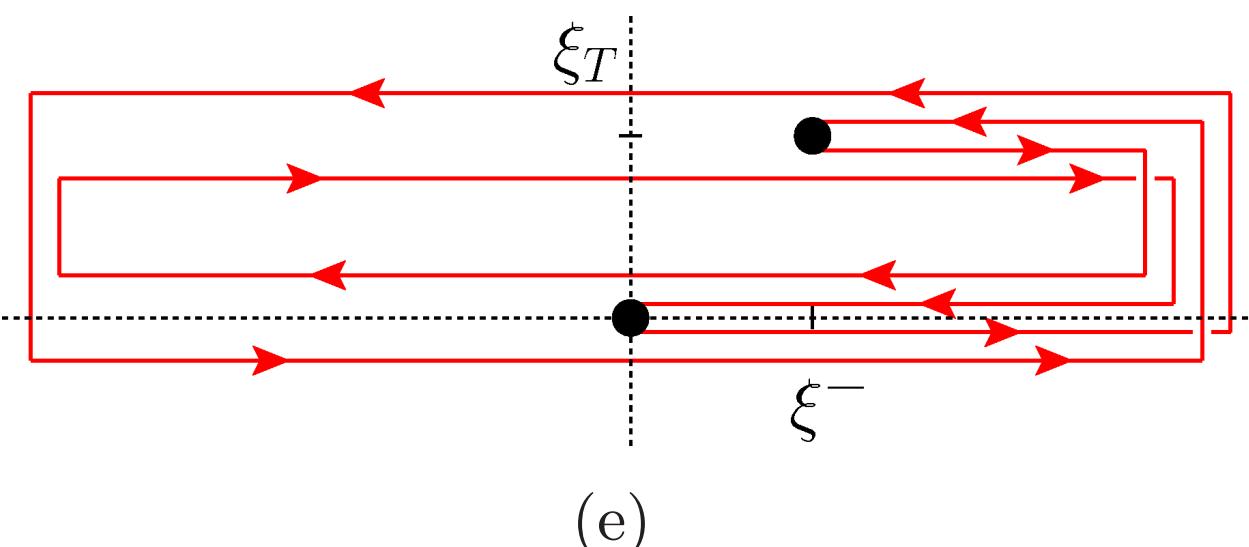
- * Assumed factorization in SCET and CGC



- * Significance of low- x studies

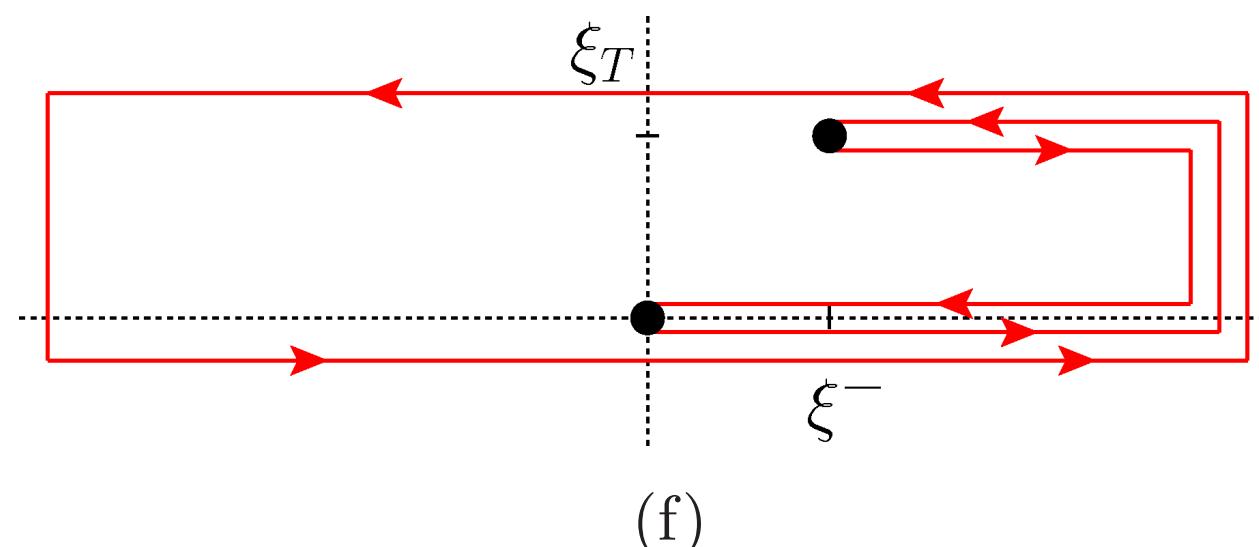


- * Size of factorization-breaking effects small?



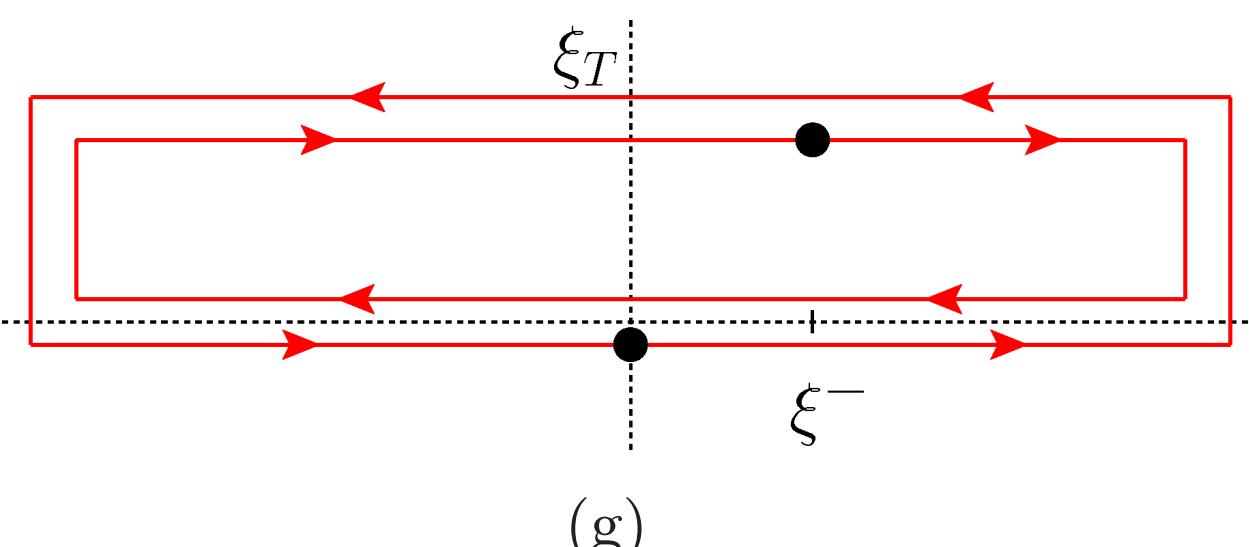
- * DP TMDs:

(c) $[+, -]$ and (d) $[-, +]$

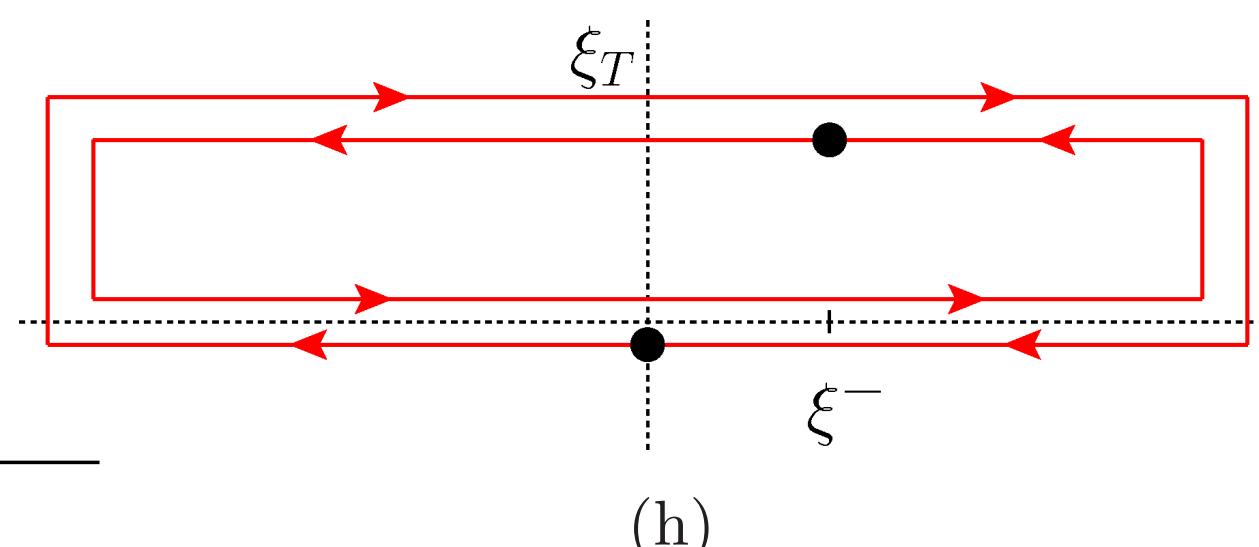
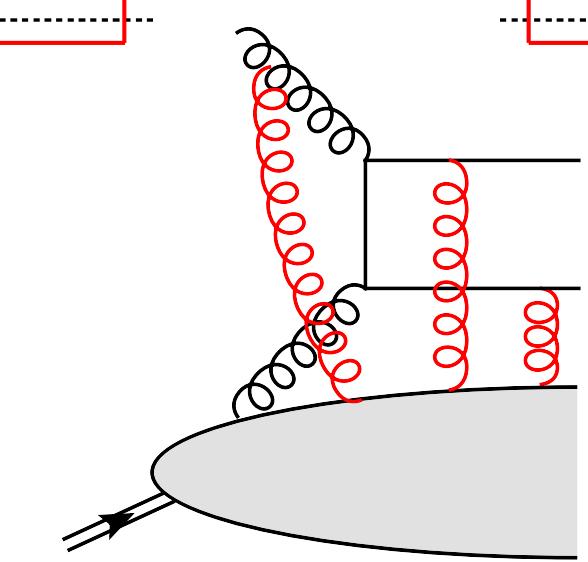


- * Appearance of new gauge **loop links**:

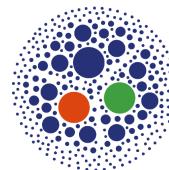
(e) $[+ \square, + \square]$, (f) $[+, + \square]$,



(g) $[\square, \square]$, and (h) $[\square, \square]$



Assumptions of the model



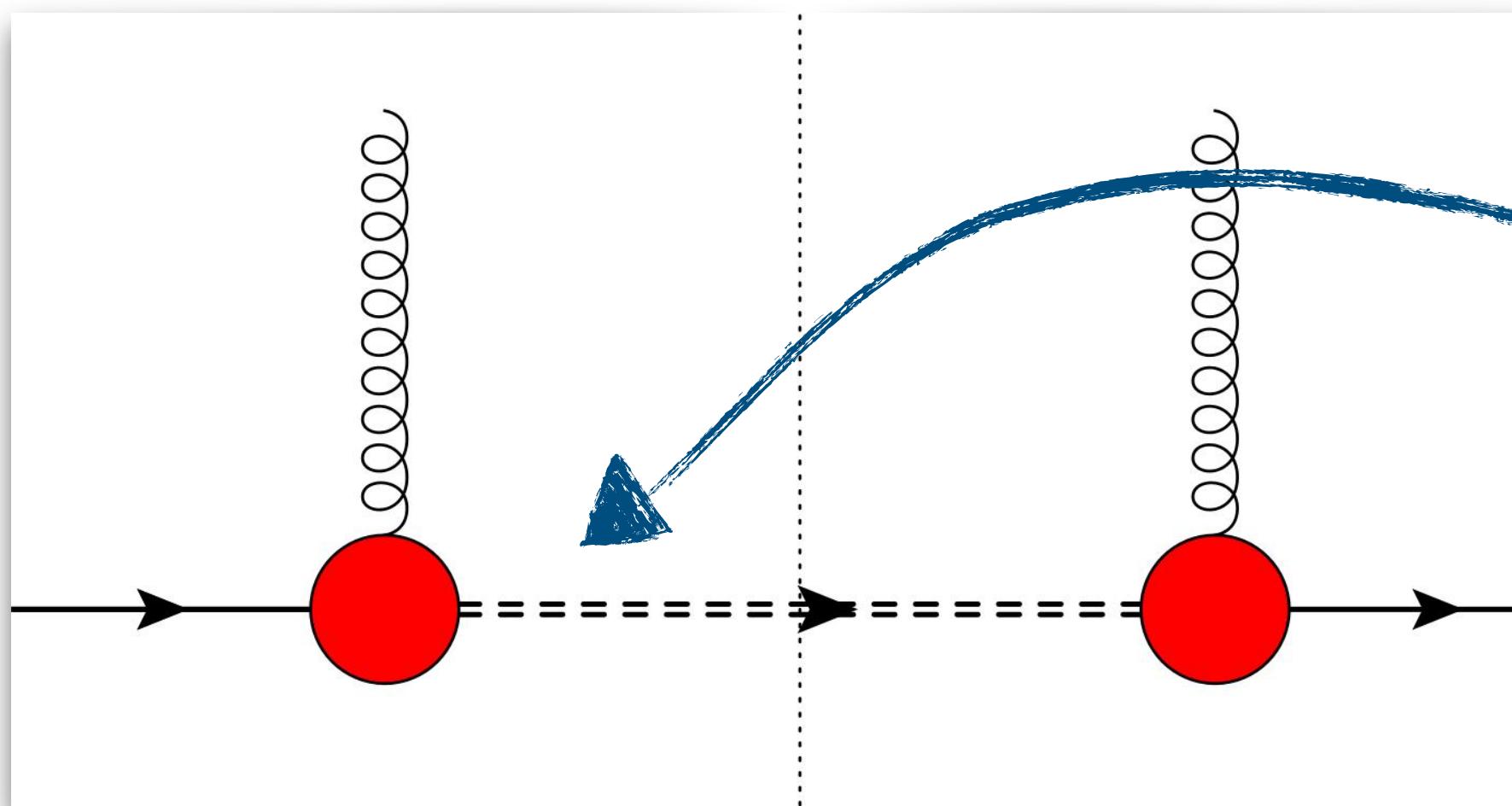
Spectator-system spectral-mass function

$$F(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) = \int_M^\infty dM_X \rho_X(M_X) \hat{F}(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2; M_X)$$

spectral-mass function

spectator-model TMD

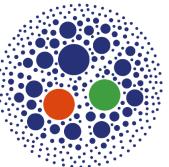
⌚ [Inspired by G.R. Goldstein, J.O.G. Hernandez, S. Liuti (2011)]



$\gamma_g(p^2)$

Instead of a single on-shell spectator, a continuum of spectators

Assumptions of the model



Spectator-system spectral-mass function

$$F(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) = \int_M^\infty dM_X \rho_X(M_X) \hat{F}(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2; M_X)$$

spectral-mass function

spectator-model TMD

∅ [Inspired by G.R. Goldstein, J.O.G. Hernandez, S. Liuti (2011)]

$$\rho_X(M_X; \{X^{(\text{pars})}\} \equiv \{A, B, a, b, C, D, \sigma\}) = \mu^{2a} \left[\frac{A}{B + \mu^{2b}} + \frac{C}{\pi\sigma} e^{-\frac{(M_X - D)^2}{\sigma^2}} \right]$$

low- x (high- μ^2) tail $\propto (a - b)$

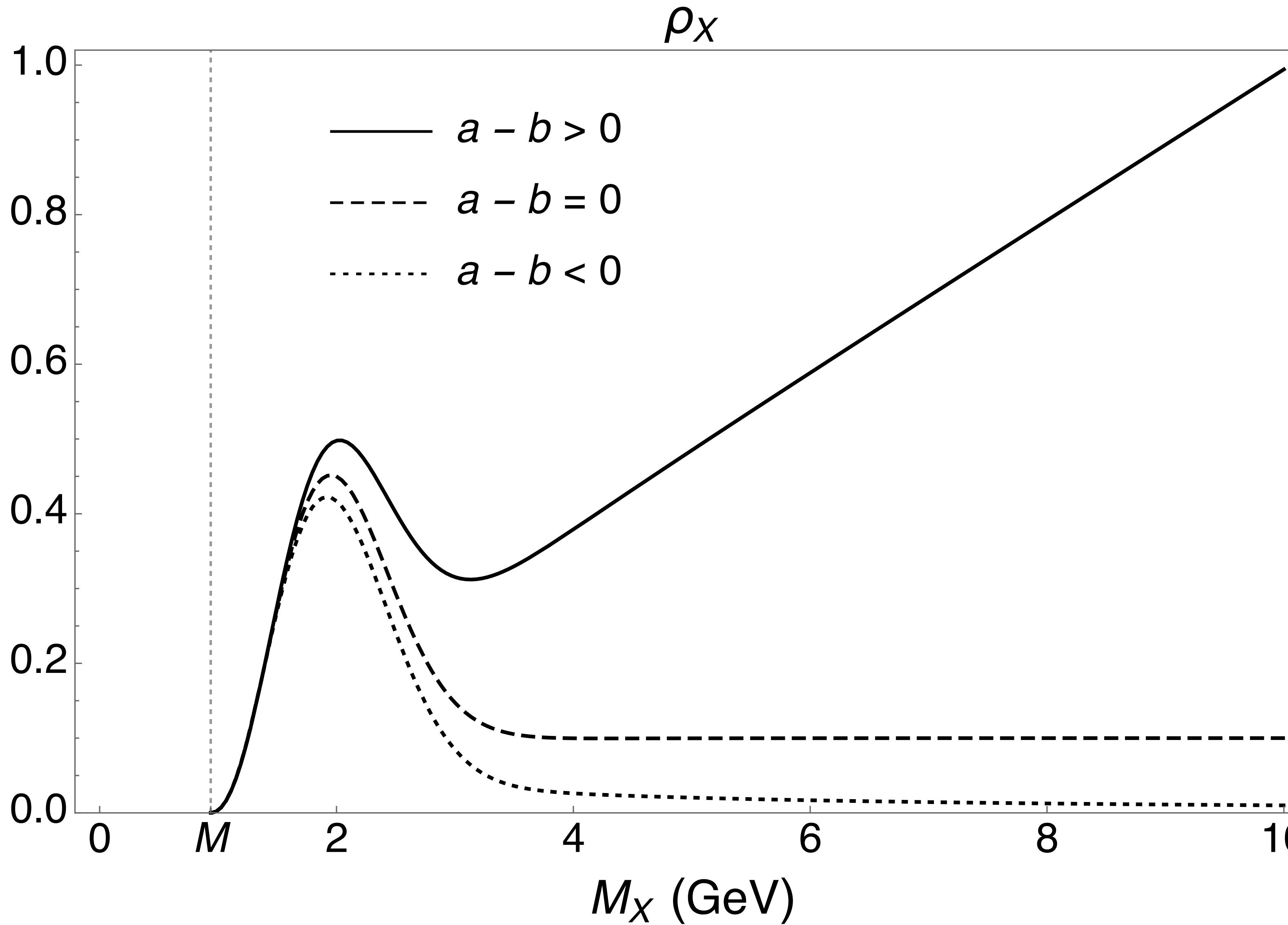
$q\bar{q}$ contributions energetically available at large M_X

$$\mu^2 = M_X^2 - M^2$$

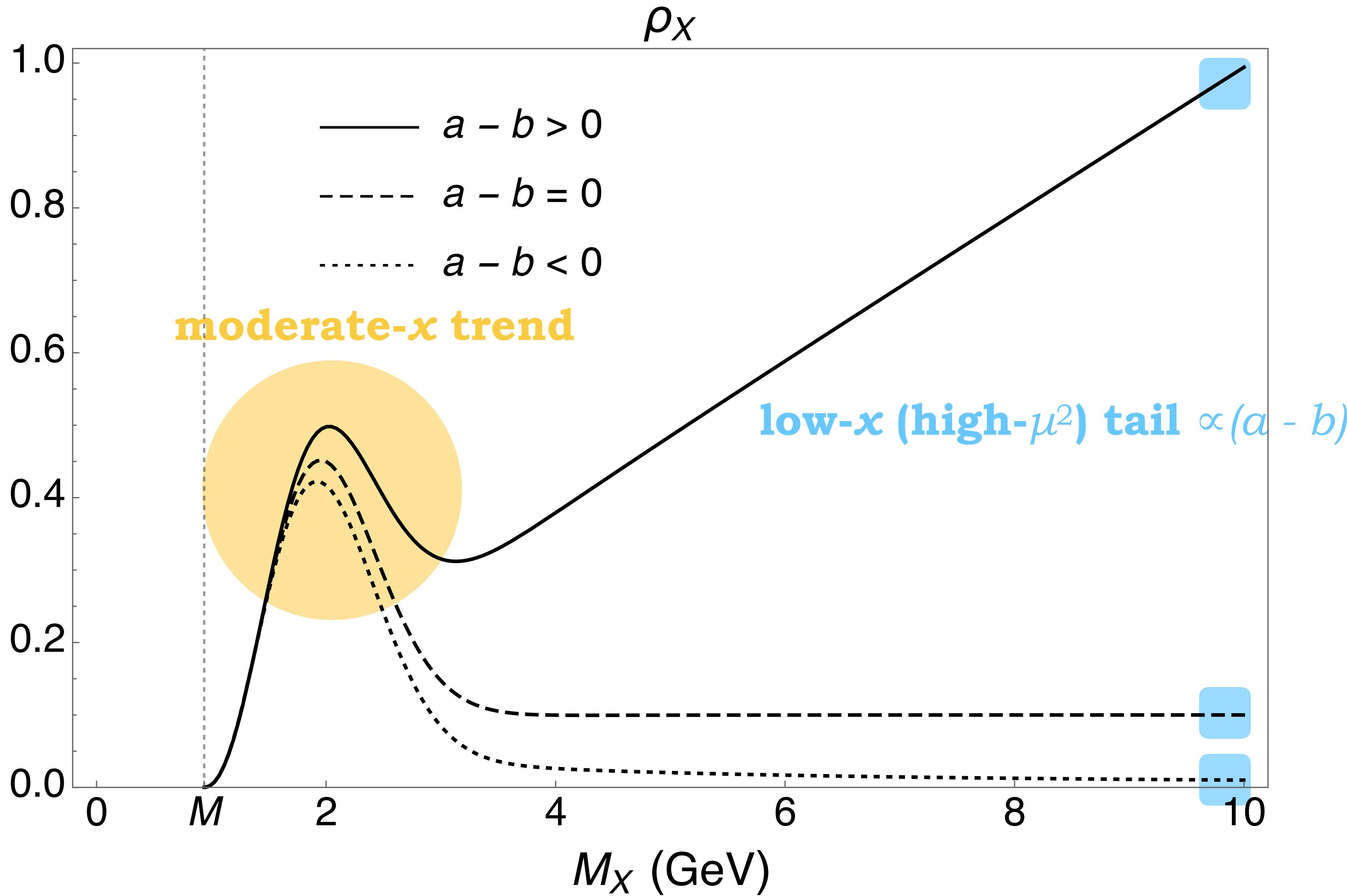
moderate- x trend

pure tri-quark contribution at low M_X

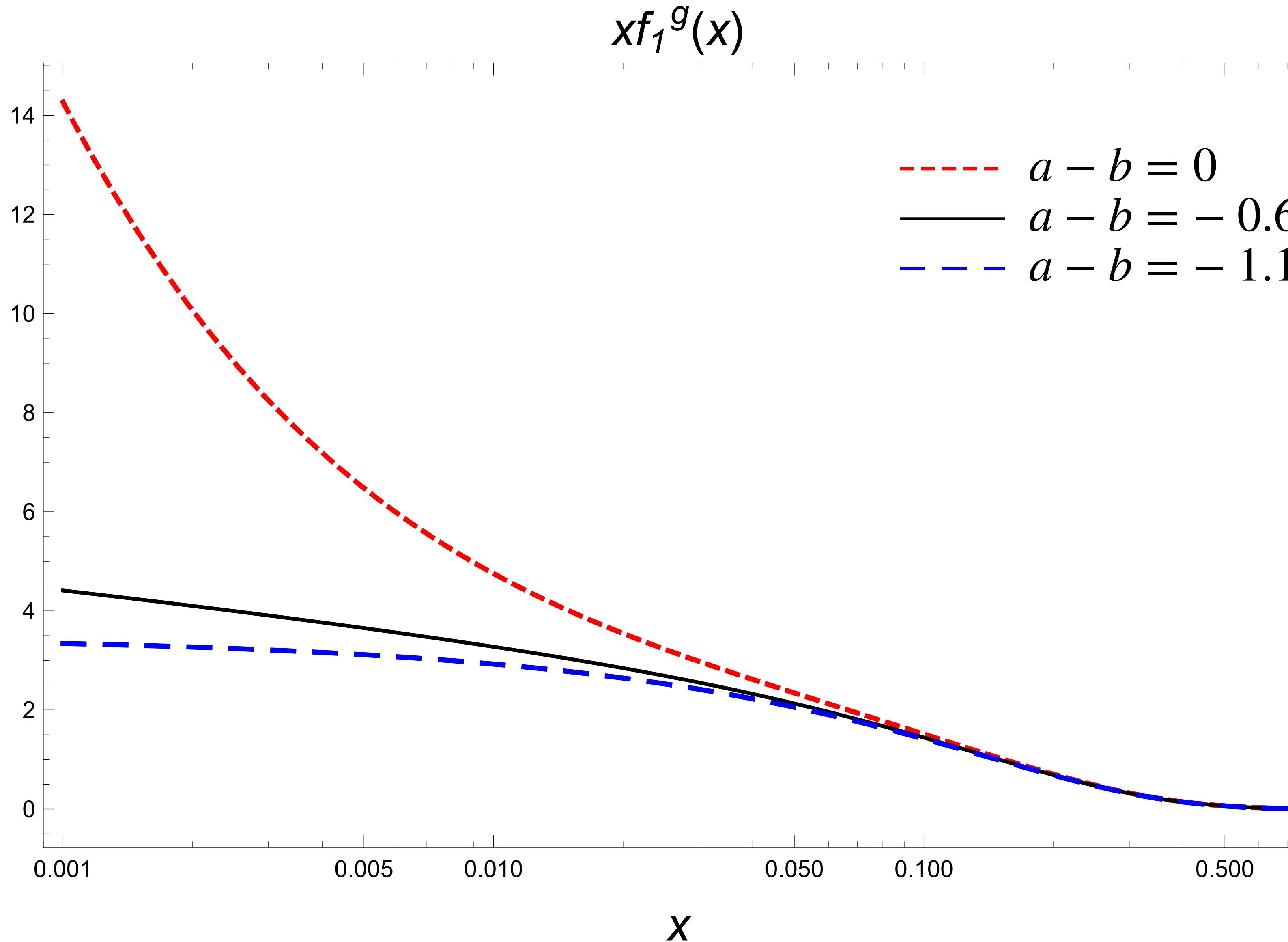
Spectral function vs $(a - b)$



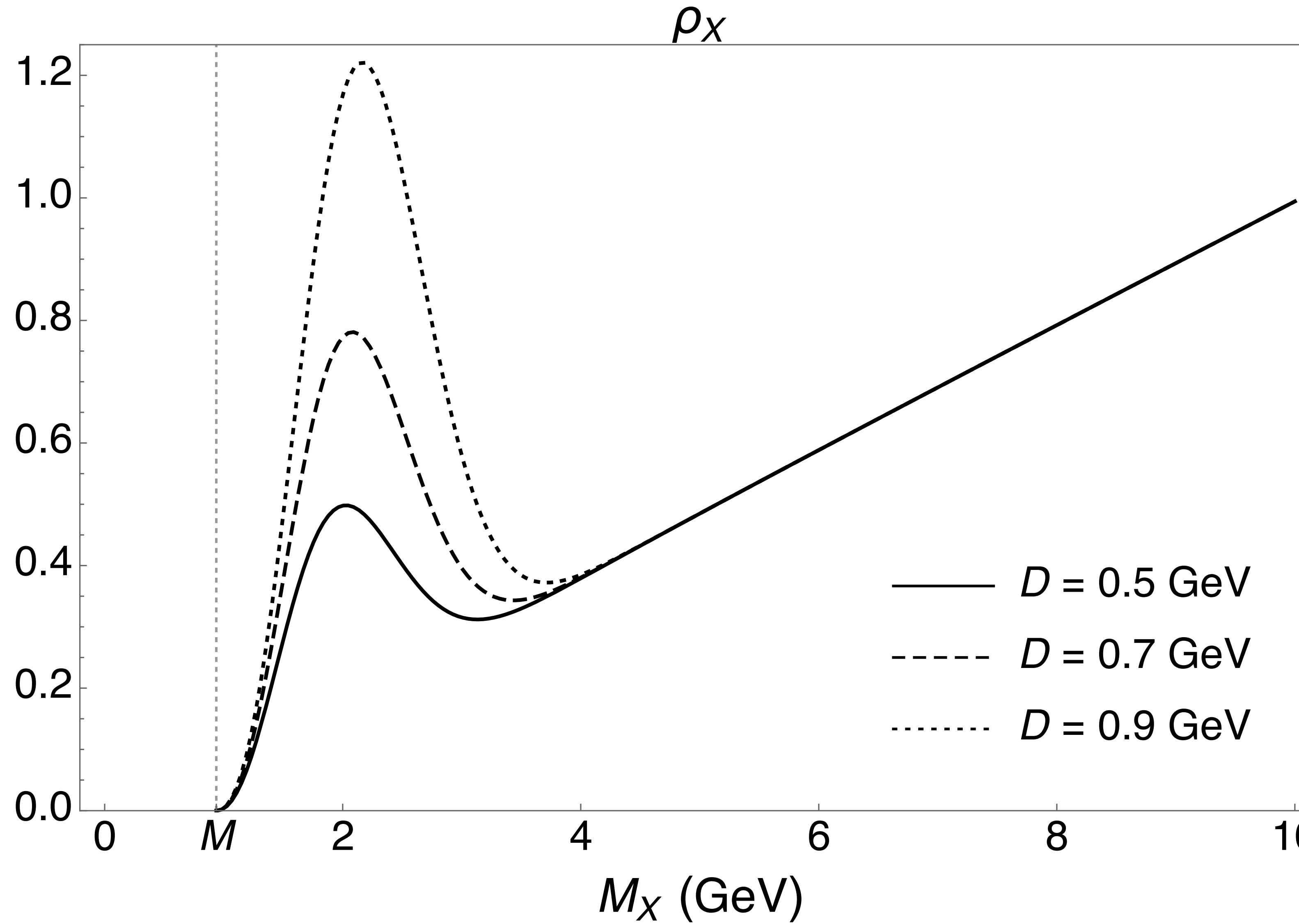
Spectral function vs $(a - b)$



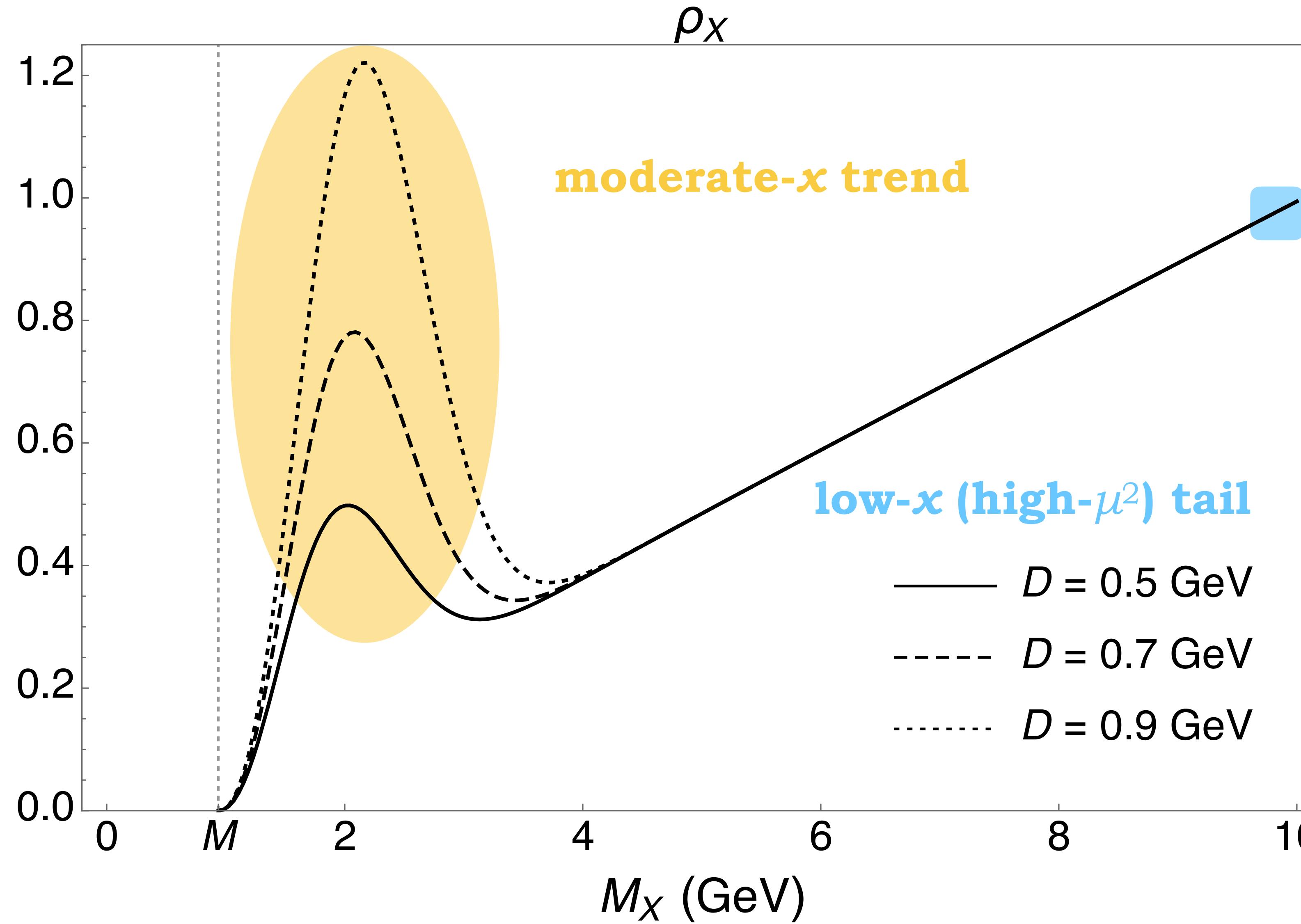
xf_1 collinear PDF vs $(a - b)$



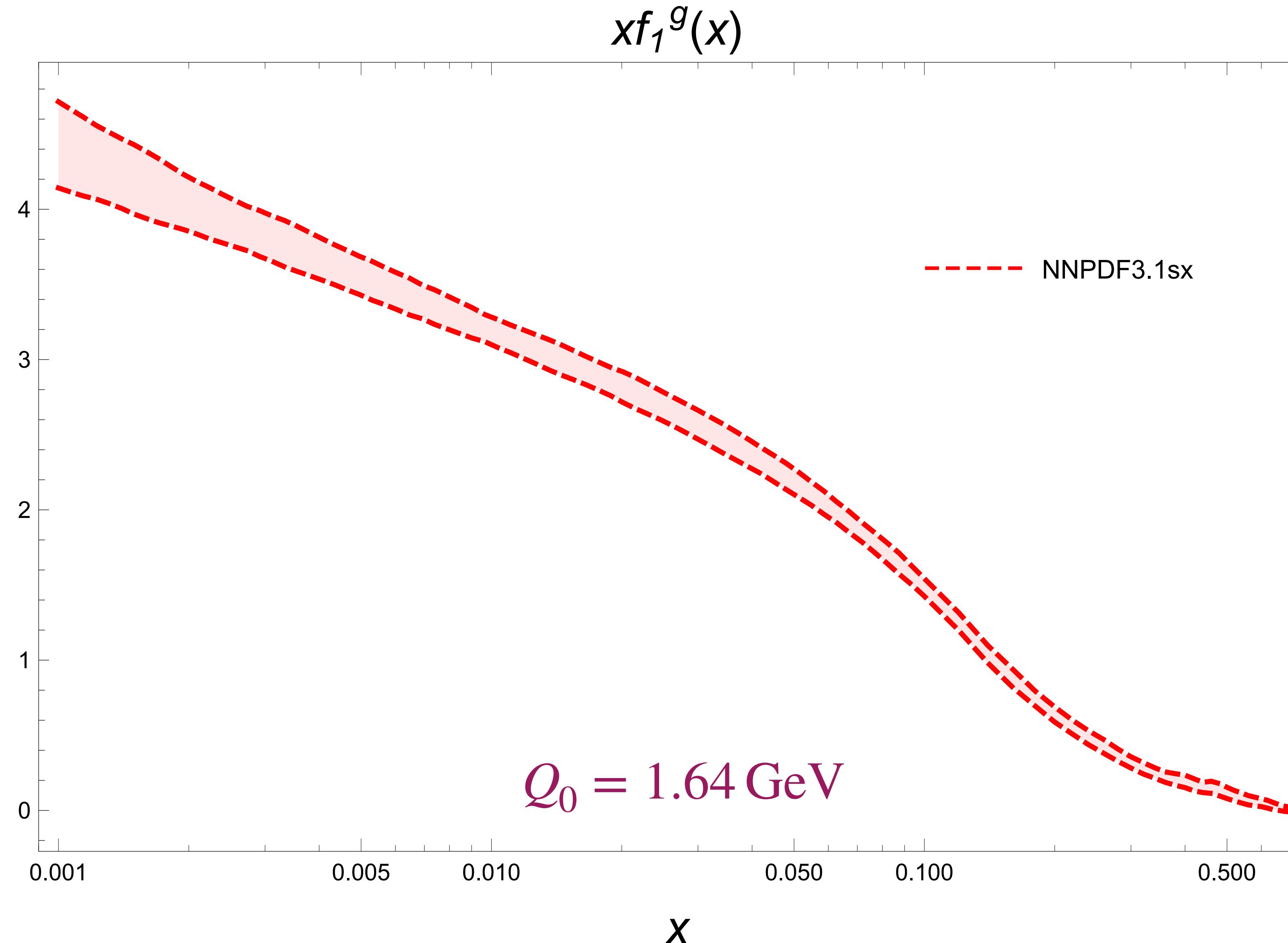
Spectral function vs D



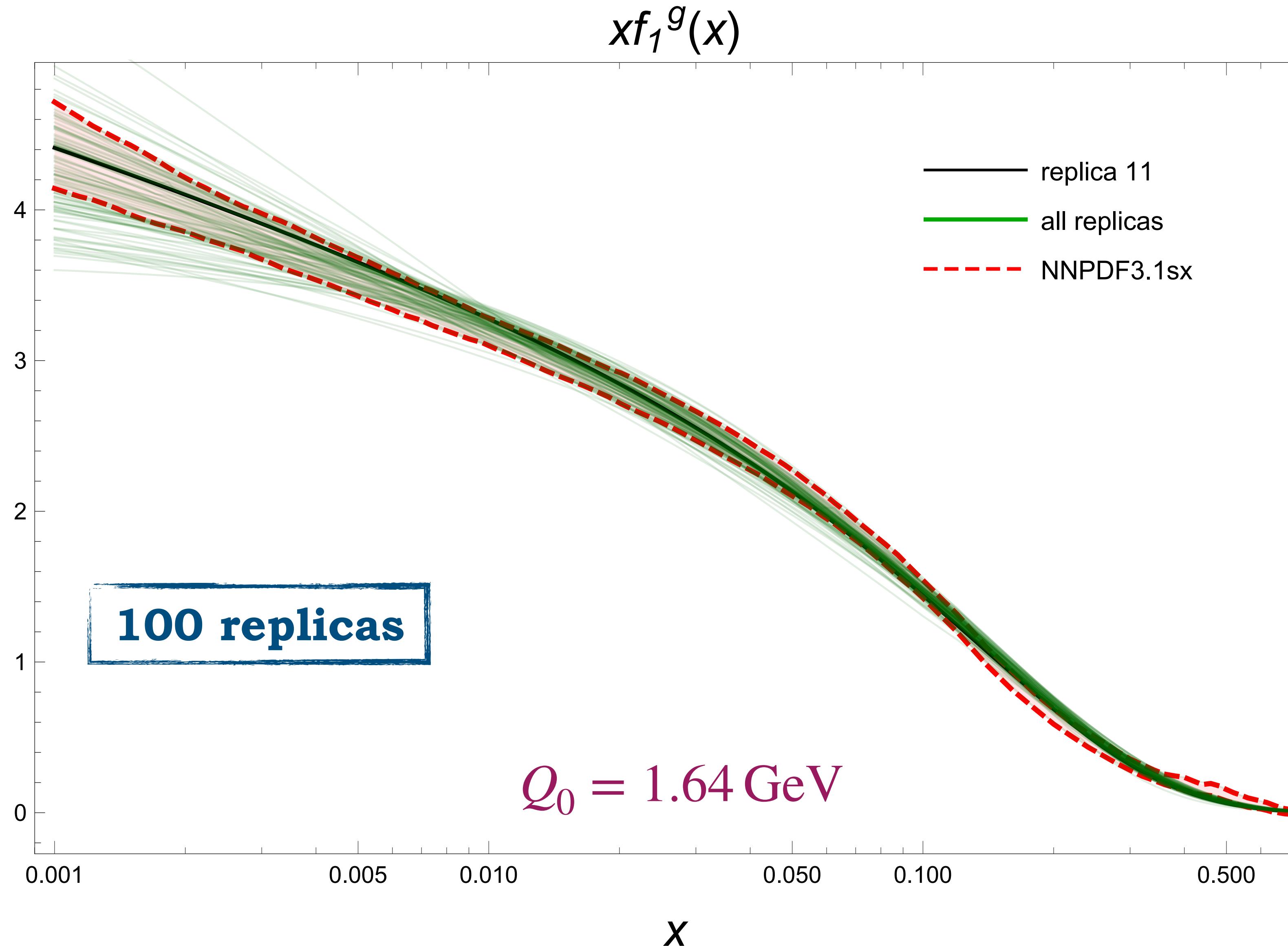
Spectral function vs D



Unpolarized gluon PDF

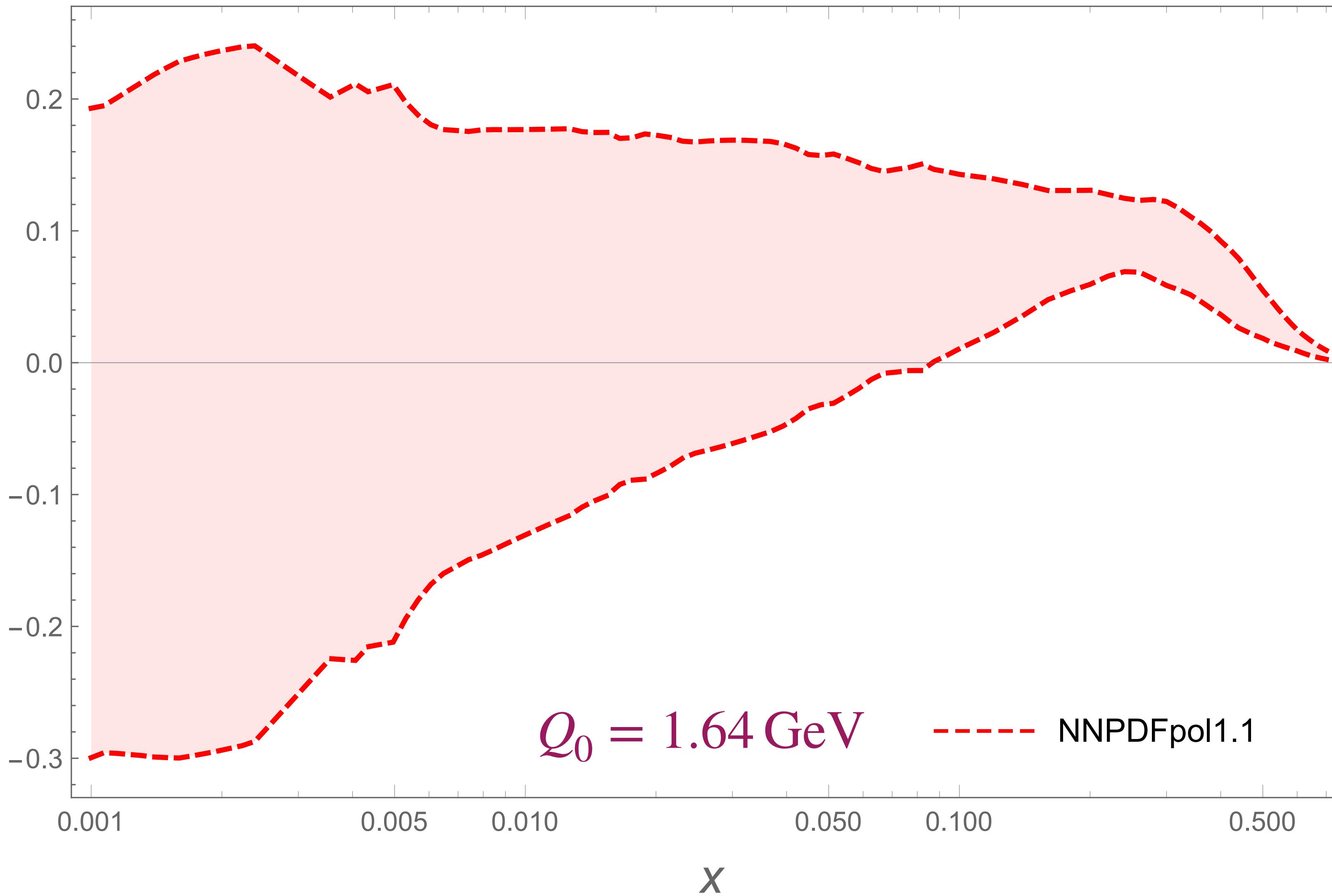


Unpolarized gluon PDF



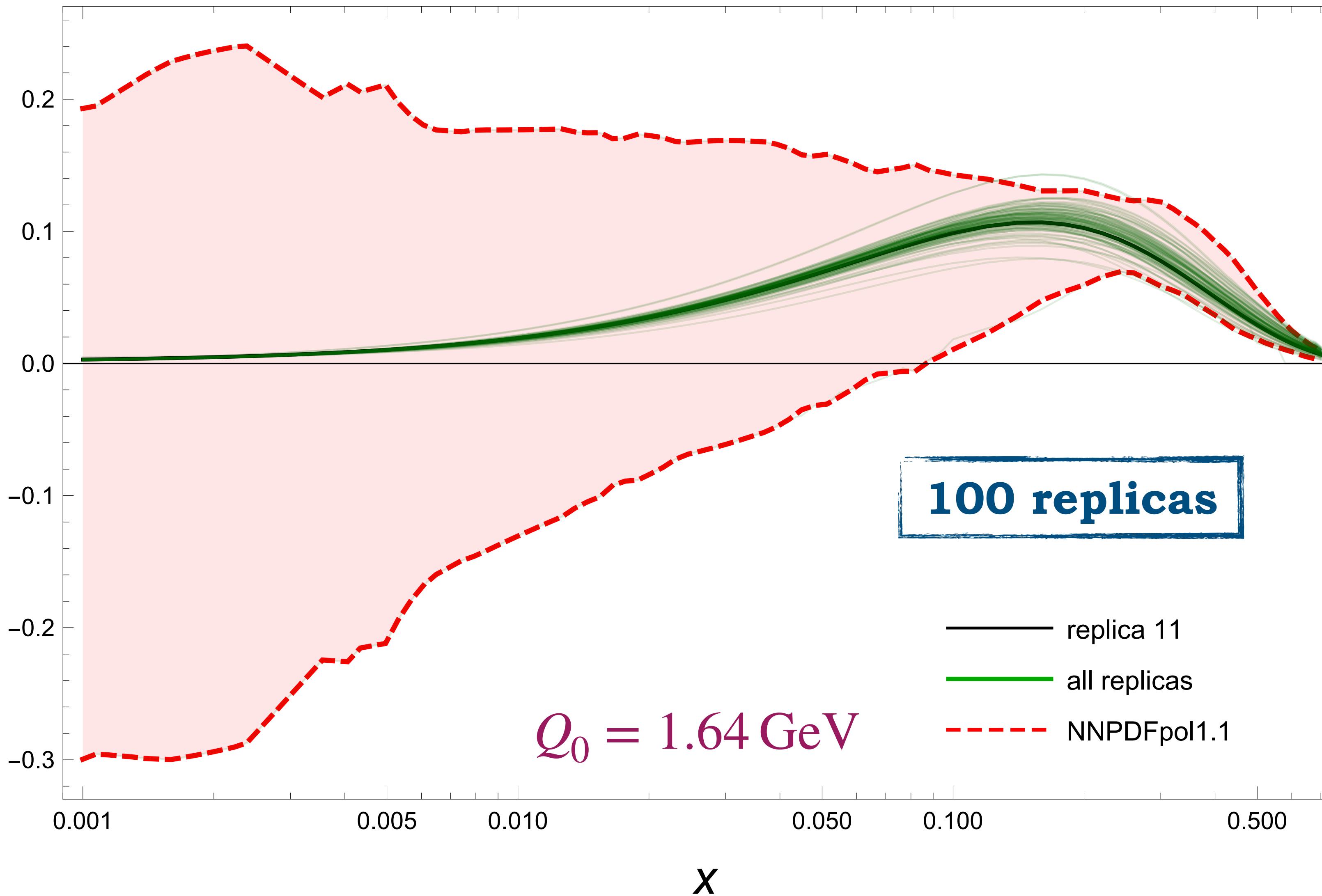
Helicity gluon PDF

$xg_1^g(x)$



Helicity gluon PDF

$xg_1^g(x)$



Fit specifics

$$\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.} = 0.54 \pm 0.38$$

no **overlearning**, just large errors for g_1

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$$\langle x \rangle_g = \int_0^1 dx x f_1^g(x, Q_0)$$

$$S_g = \frac{1}{2} \langle 1 \rangle_{\Delta g} = \int_0^1 dx g_1^g(x, Q_0)$$

Fit specifics

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Our model @ $Q_0 = 1.64$ GeV

$$\langle x \rangle_g = 0.424(9)$$

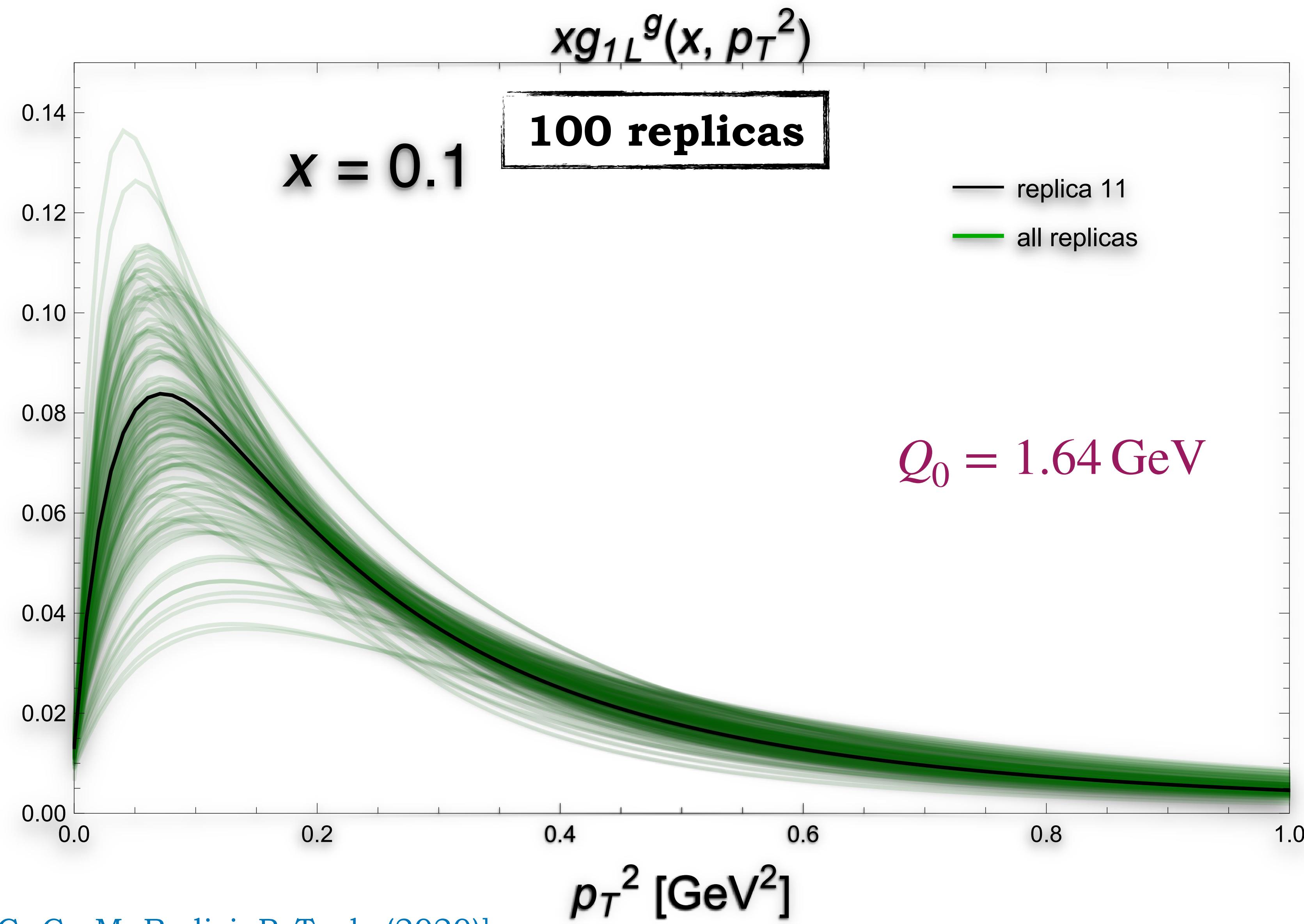
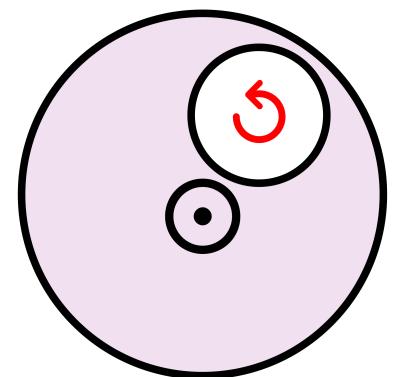
$$\langle S \rangle_g = 0.159(11)$$

Lattice @ $Q_0 = 2$ GeV

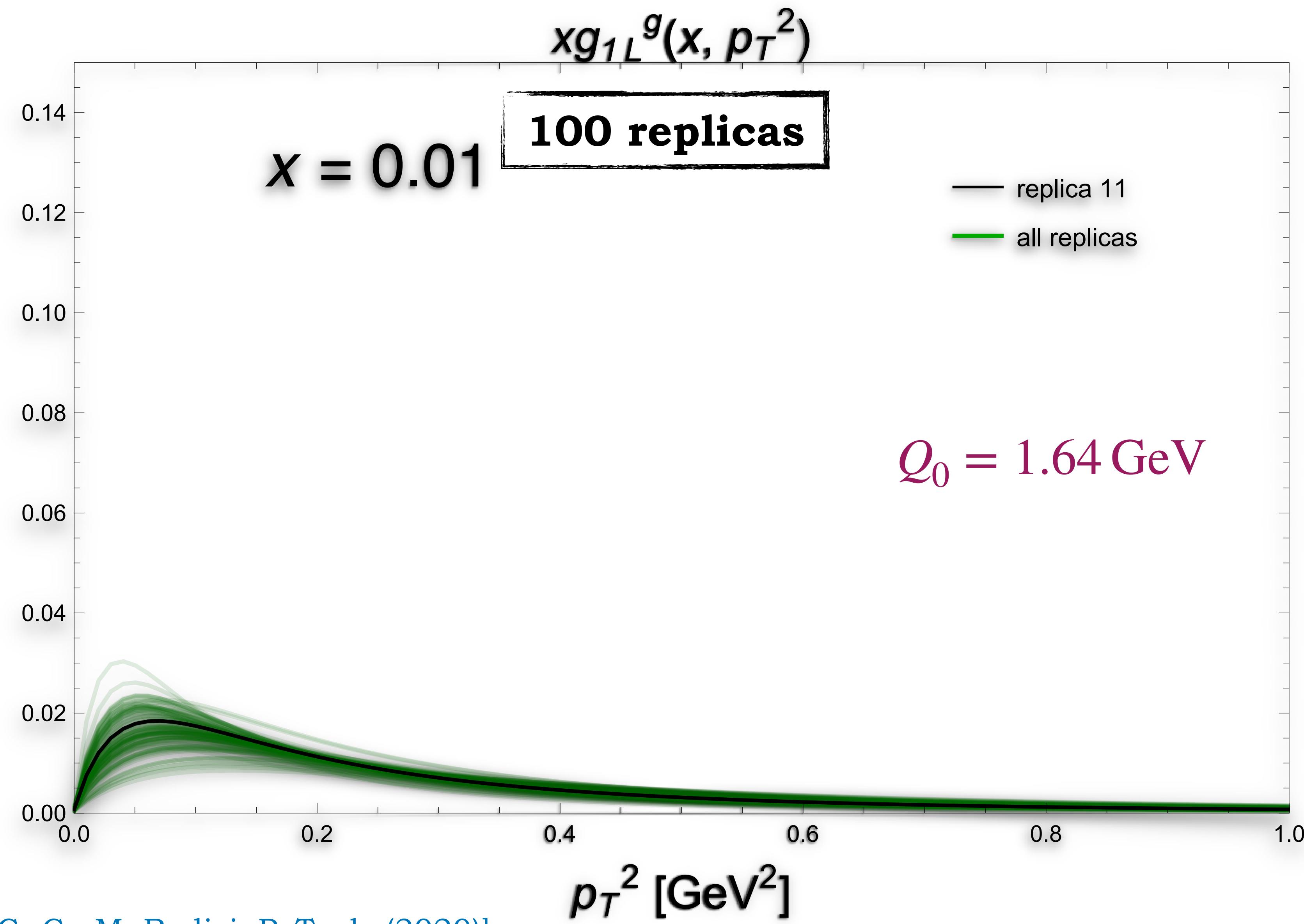
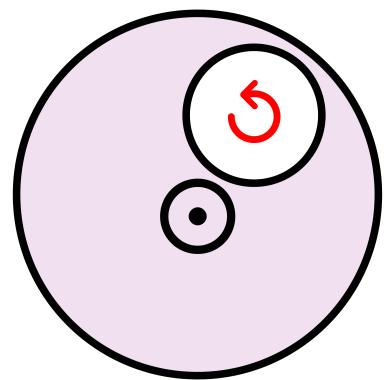
$$\langle x \rangle_g = 0.427(92)$$

$$\langle J \rangle_g = 0.187(46)$$

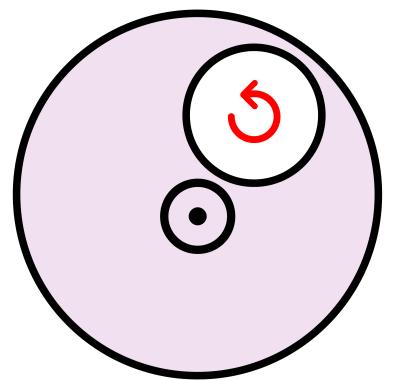
Helicity gluon TMD



Helicity gluon TMD



Helicity gluon TMD



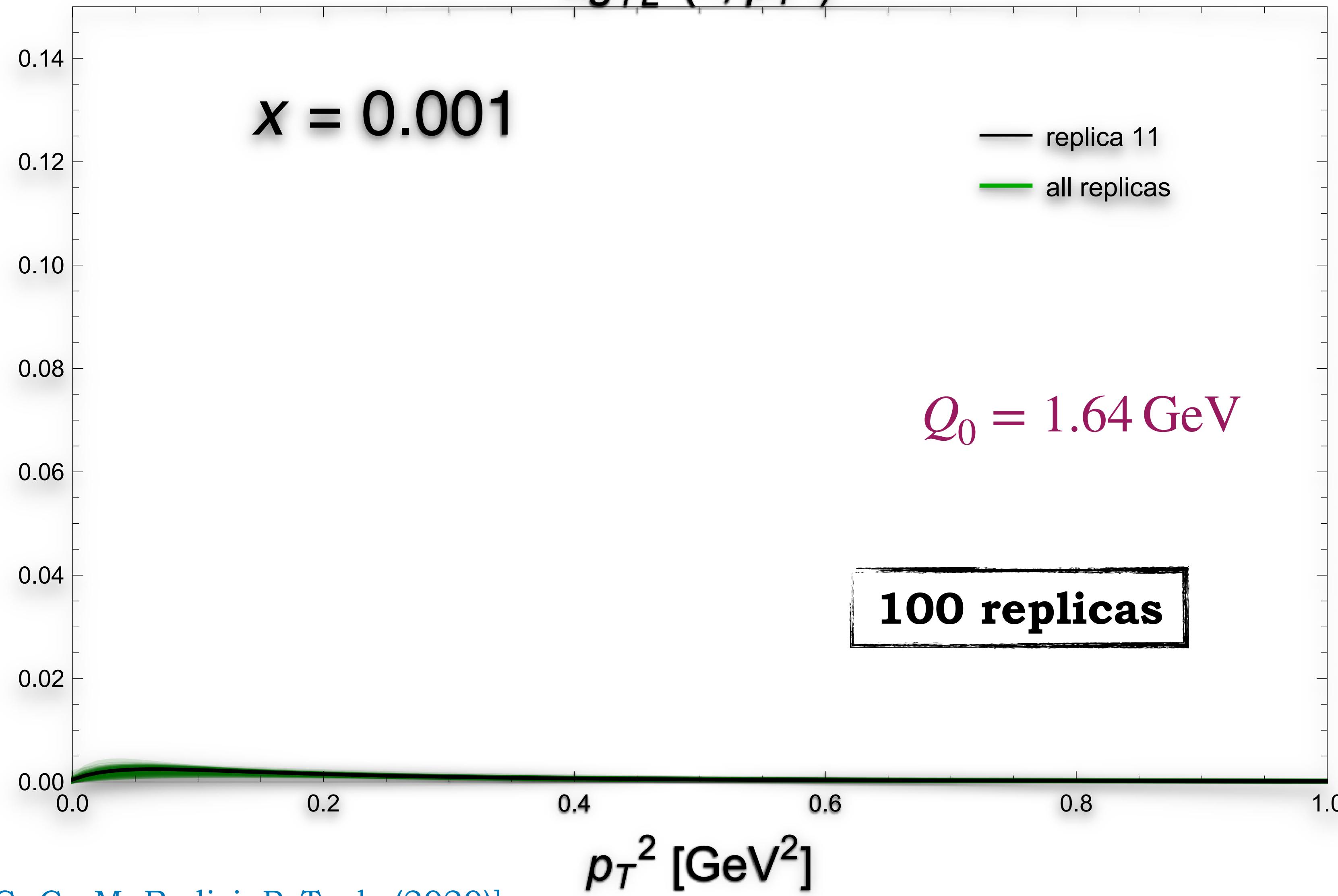
$x g_{1L}^g(x, p_T^2)$

$x = 0.001$

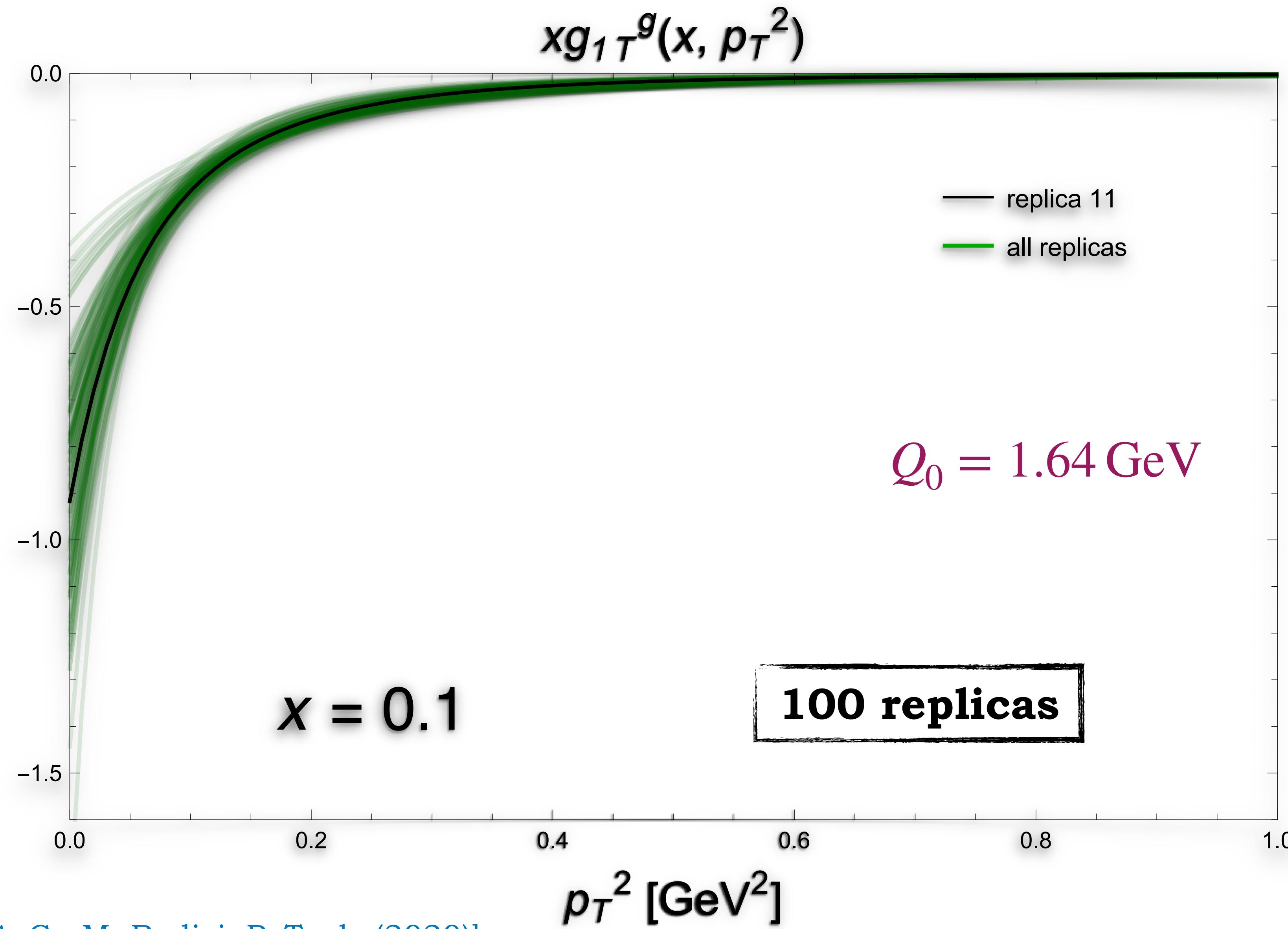
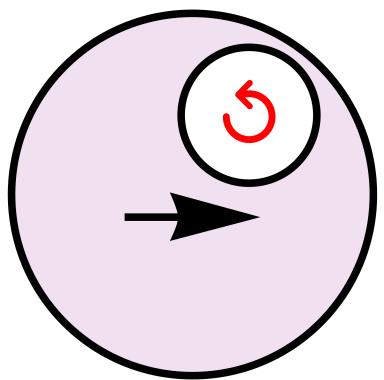
— replica 11
— all replicas

$Q_0 = 1.64 \text{ GeV}$

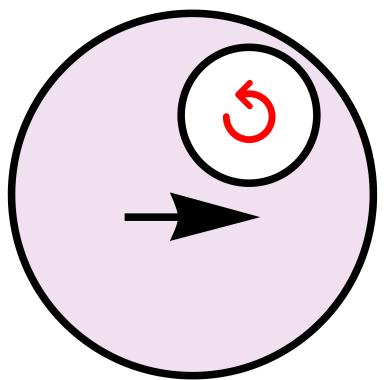
100 replicas



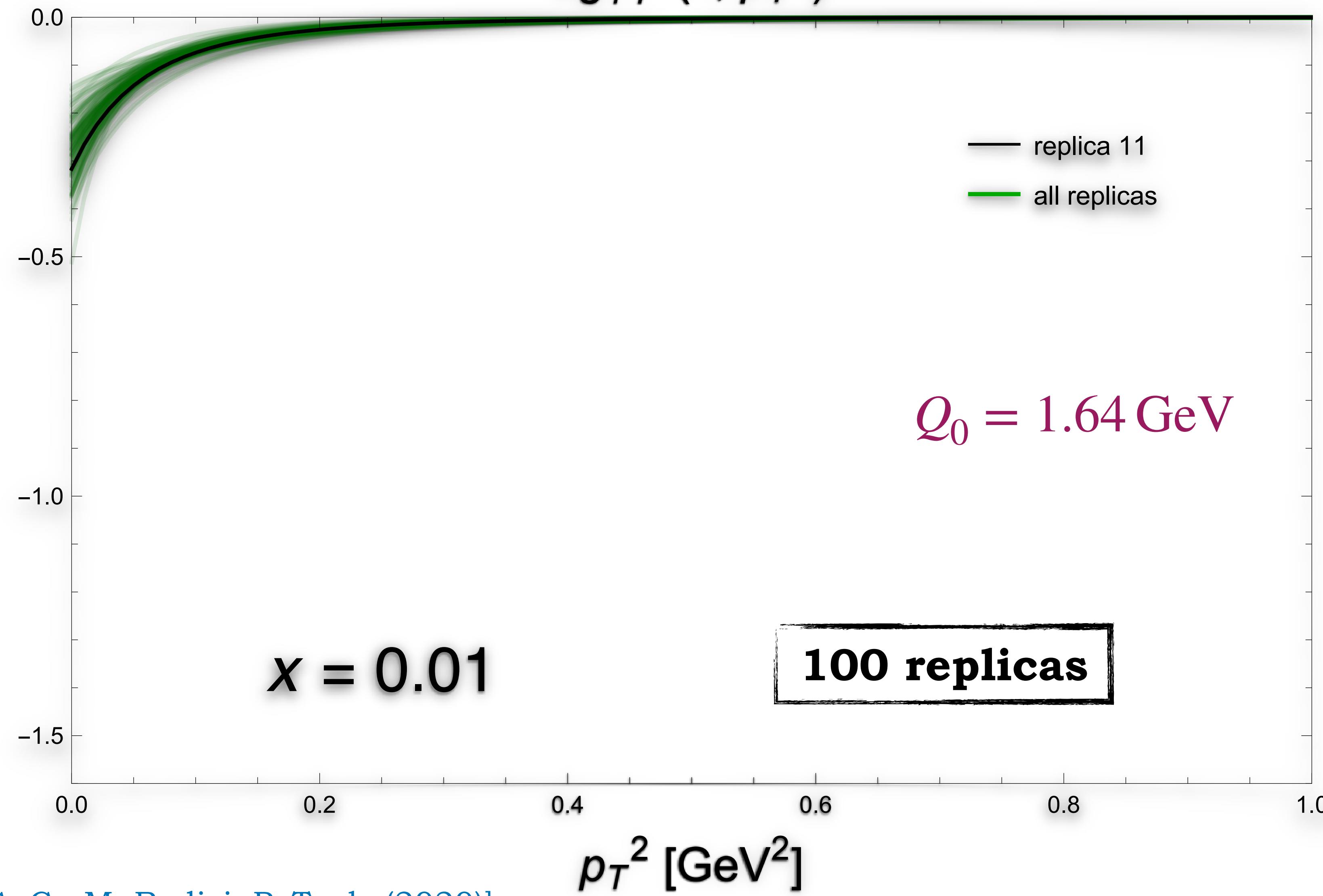
Worm-gear gluon TMD



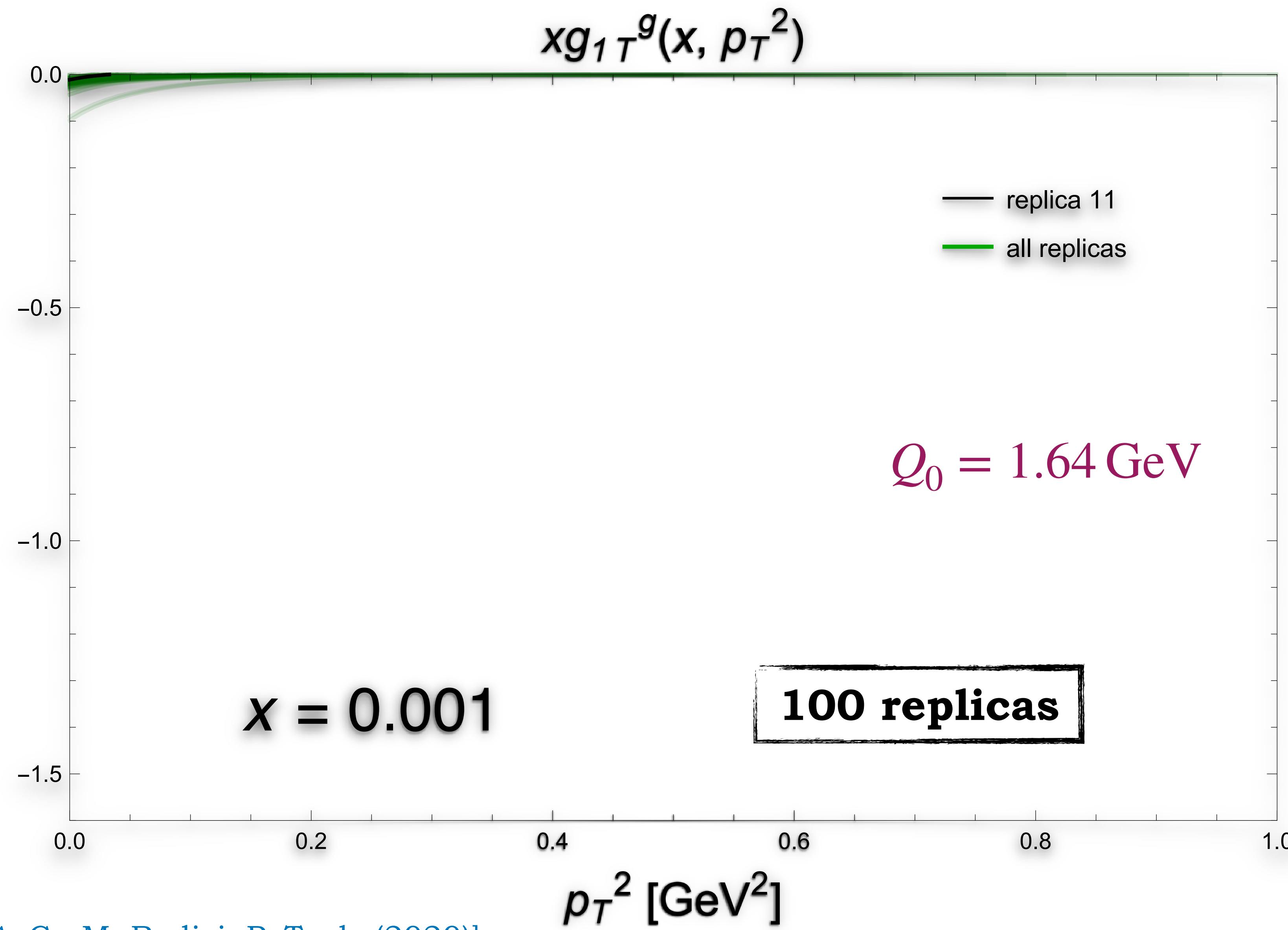
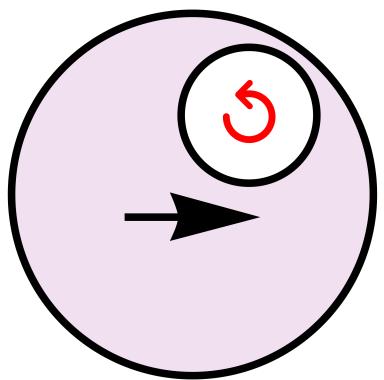
Worm-gear gluon TMD



$$xg_1 \tau^g(x, p_T^2)$$

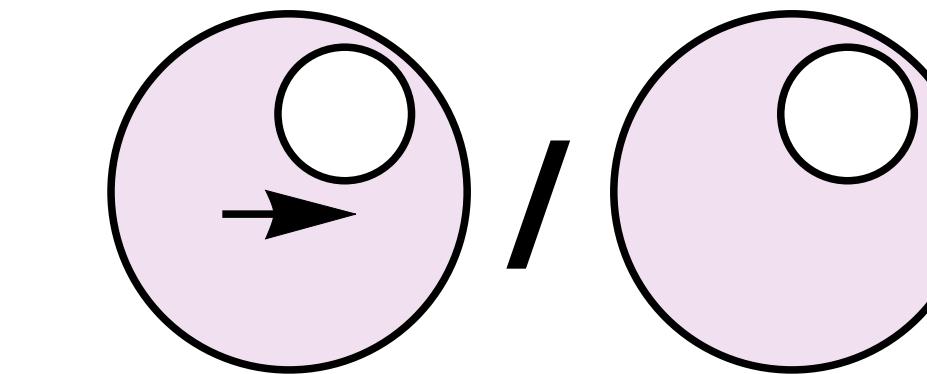


Worm-gear gluon TMD

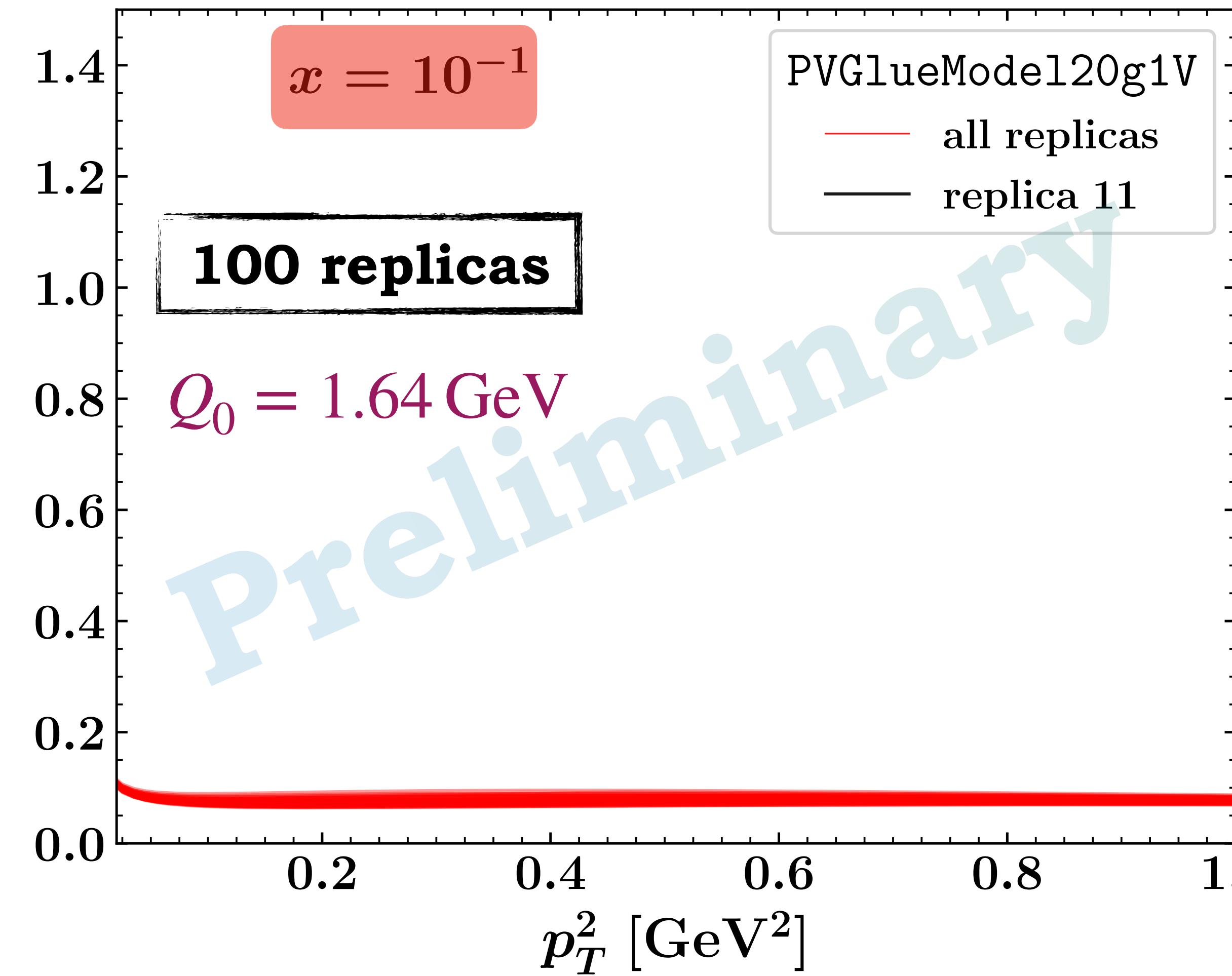


f-type Sivers/unpol.

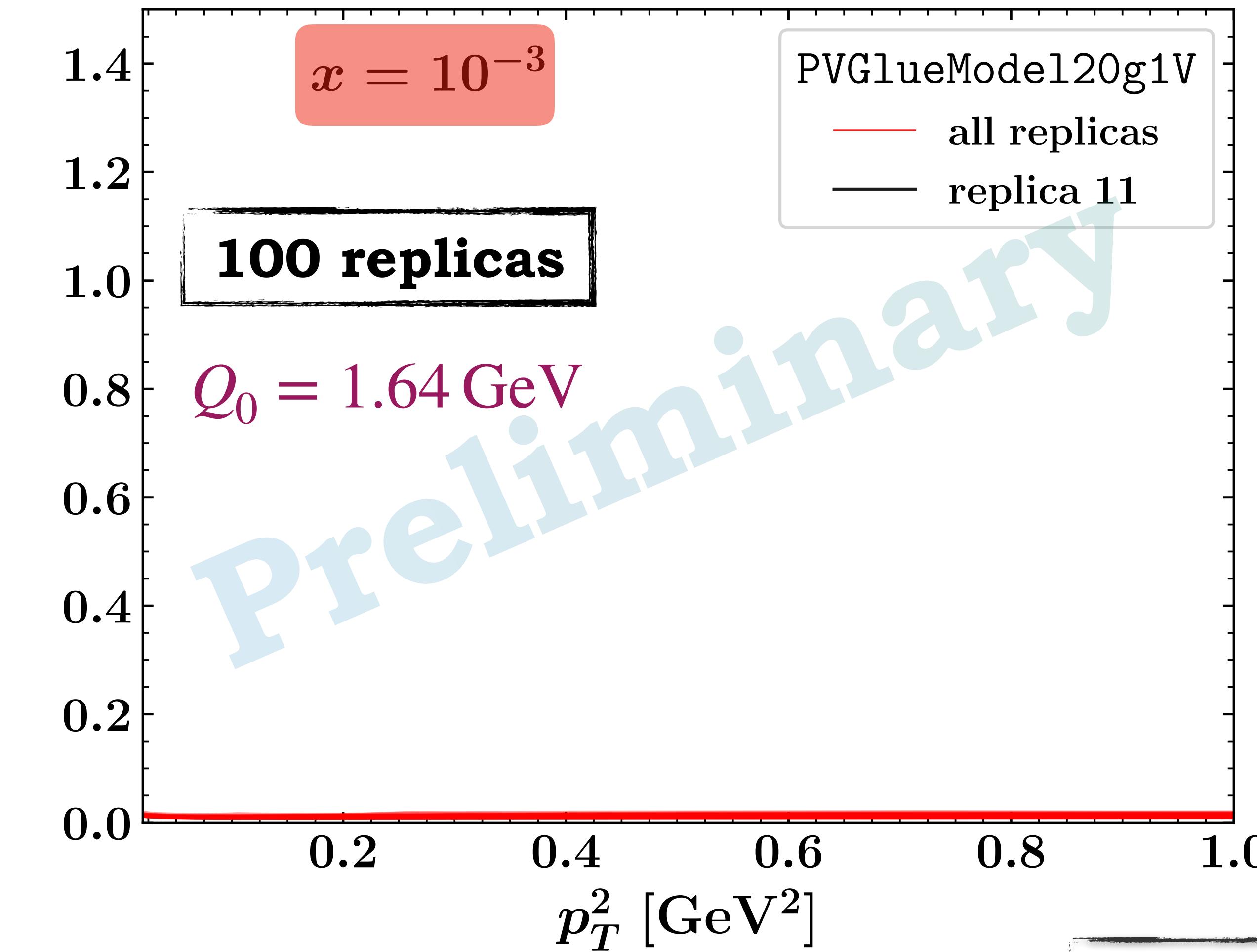
⌚ [A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., M. Radici (in preparation)]



$$\frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} / f_1$$



$$\frac{p_T}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp[+,+]} / f_1$$



Backup

Gluon TMD correlator and T-odd gluon densities

$$\Gamma_U^{ij}(x, \mathbf{k}) = x \left[\delta_T^{ij} f_1(x, \mathbf{k}^2) + \frac{k_T^{ij}}{M^2} h_1^\perp(x, \mathbf{k}^2) \right]$$

$$\Gamma_L^{ij}(x, \mathbf{k}) = x \left[i\epsilon_T^{ij} S_L g_1(x, \mathbf{k}^2) + \frac{\epsilon_T^{\{i} \alpha k_T^{j\}} \alpha S_L}{2M^2} h_{1L}^\perp(x, \mathbf{k}^2) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_T^{ij}(x, \mathbf{k}) = x & \left[\frac{\delta_T^{ij} \epsilon_T^{S_T k_T}}{M} f_{1T}^\perp(x, \mathbf{k}^2) + \frac{i\epsilon_T^{ij} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{S}_T}{M} g_{1T}(x, \mathbf{k}^2) \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{\epsilon_T^{k_T \{i} S_T^{j\}} + \epsilon_T^{S_T \{i} k_T^{j\}}}{4M} h_1(x, \mathbf{k}^2) - \frac{\epsilon_T^{\{i} \alpha k_T^{j\}} \alpha S_T}{2M^3} h_{1T}^\perp(x, \mathbf{k}^2) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Gluon TMD correlator and T-odd gluon densities

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$$\Gamma_L^{ij}(x, k) = x \left[i\epsilon_T^{ij} S_L g_1(x, k^2) + \frac{\epsilon_T^{\{i} k_T^{j\}\alpha} S_L}{2M^2} h_{1L}^\perp(x, k^2) \right]$$
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pseudo worm-gear

linearity TMD

pretzelosity

Gluon TMD correlator and T-odd gluon densities

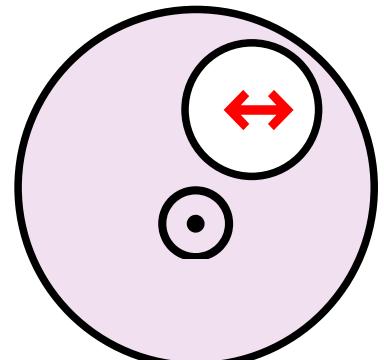
$$\Gamma_U^{ij}(x, k) = x \left[\delta_T^{ij} f_1(x, k^2) + \frac{k_T^{ij}}{M^2} h_1^\perp(x, k^2) \right]$$

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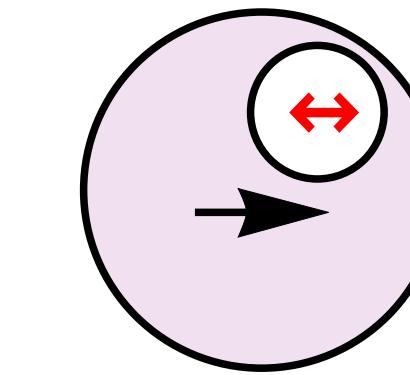
$$\Gamma_T^{ij}(x, k) = x \left[\frac{\delta_T^{ij} \epsilon_T^{S_T k_T}}{M} f_{1T}^\perp(x, k^2) + \frac{i\epsilon_T^{ij} \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{S}_T}{M} g_{1T}(x, k^2) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\epsilon_T^{k_T \{i} S_T^{j\}} + \epsilon_T^{S_T \{i} k_T^{j\}}}{4M} h_1(x, k^2) - \frac{\epsilon_T^{\{i} k_T^{j\alpha} S_T}{\alpha}}{2M^3} h_{1T}^\perp(x, k^2) \right]$$

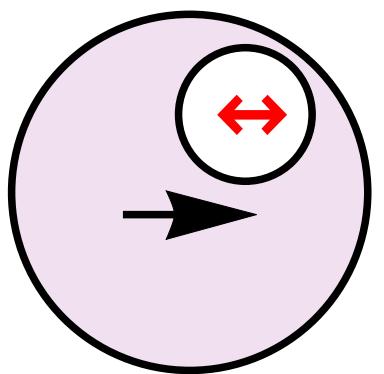
pseudo worm-gear



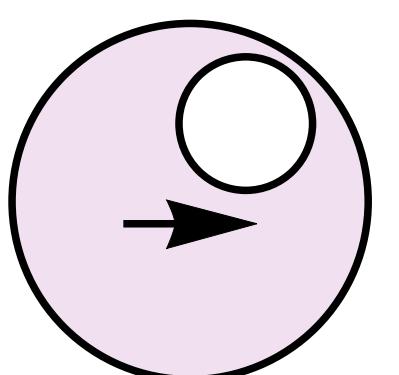
linearity TMD



pretzelosity



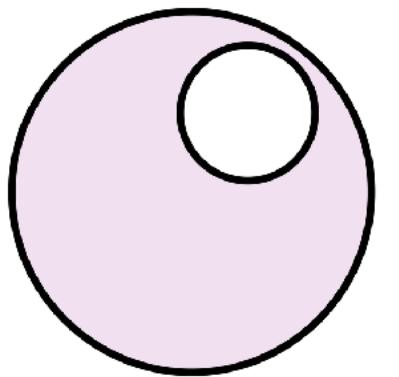
Sivers



$$\frac{\epsilon_T^{S_T k_T}}{M} f_{1T}^\perp(x, k^2) = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{Tij} \Gamma_T^{ij}(x, k)$$

Backup

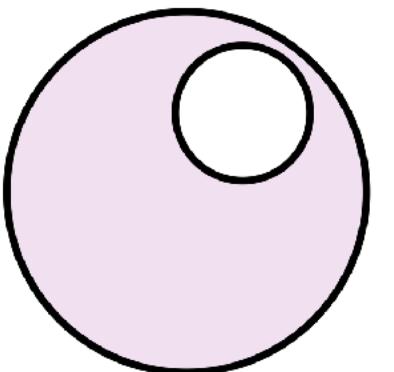
ρ -densities



Unpolarized [u/u]

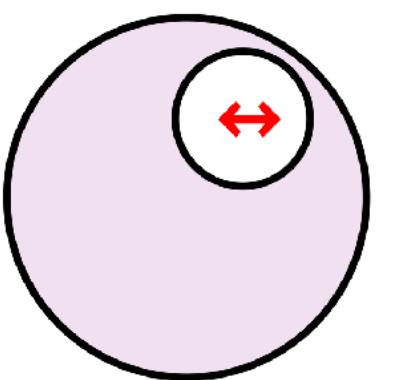
$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y)$$

ρ -densities



Unpolarized [u/u]

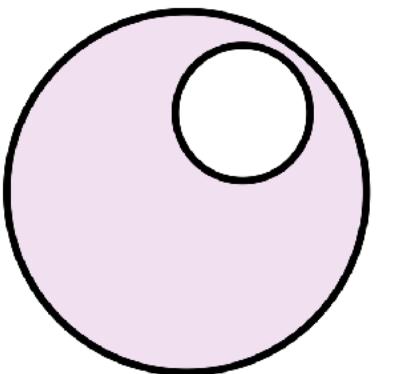
$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y)$$



Boer-Mulders [↔/u]

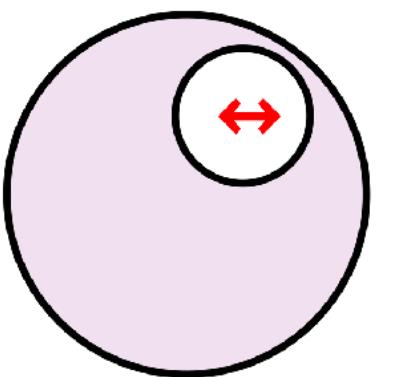
$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y) + \frac{p_x^2 - p_y^2}{2M^2} h_1^\perp(x, p_x, p_y)$$

ρ -densities



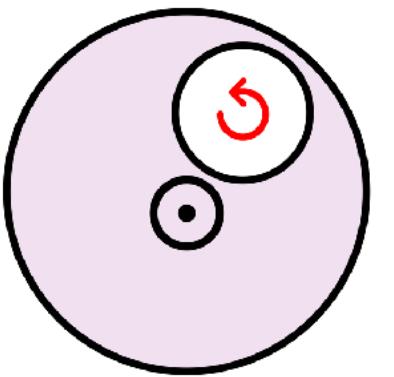
Unpolarized [u/u]

$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y)$$



Boer-Mulders [\leftrightarrow/u]

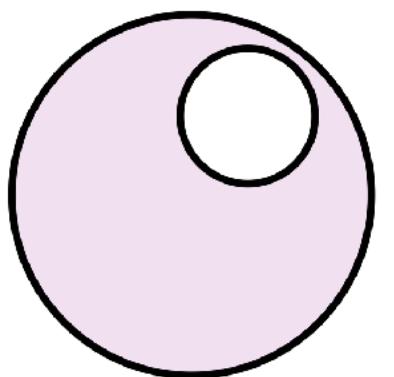
$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y) + \frac{p_x^2 - p_y^2}{2M^2} h_1^\perp(x, p_x, p_y)$$



Helicity [$\cup/+$]

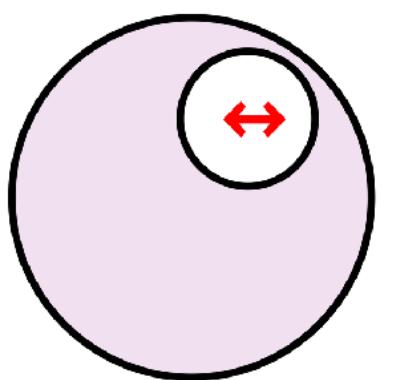
$$\frac{1}{2} \left[f_1(x, p_x, p_y) + g_{1L}(x, p_x, p_y) \right]$$

ρ -densities



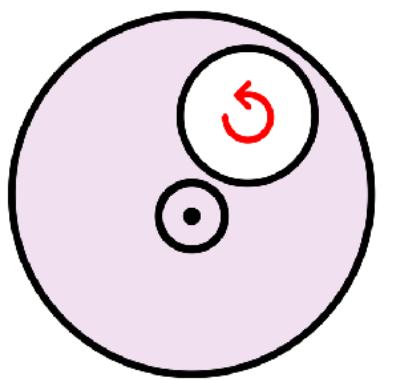
Unpolarized [u/u]

$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y)$$



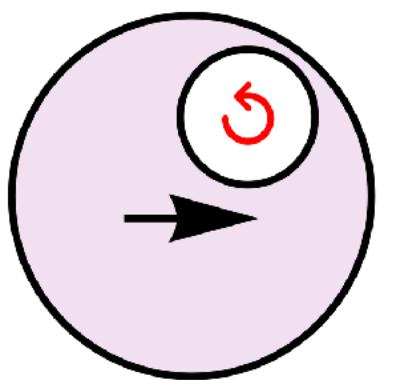
Boer-Mulders [\leftrightarrow/u]

$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y) + \frac{p_x^2 - p_y^2}{2M^2} h_1^\perp(x, p_x, p_y)$$



Helicity [$\cup/+$]

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[f_1(x, p_x, p_y) + g_{1L}(x, p_x, p_y) \right]$$



Worm-gear [\cup/\rightarrow]

$$f_1(x, p_x, p_y) - \frac{p_x}{M} g_{1T}(x, p_x, p_y)$$

$\eta_{b,c}$ production in unpolarized pp collisions

TMD phenomenology: from JLab to the LHC

Andrea Signori

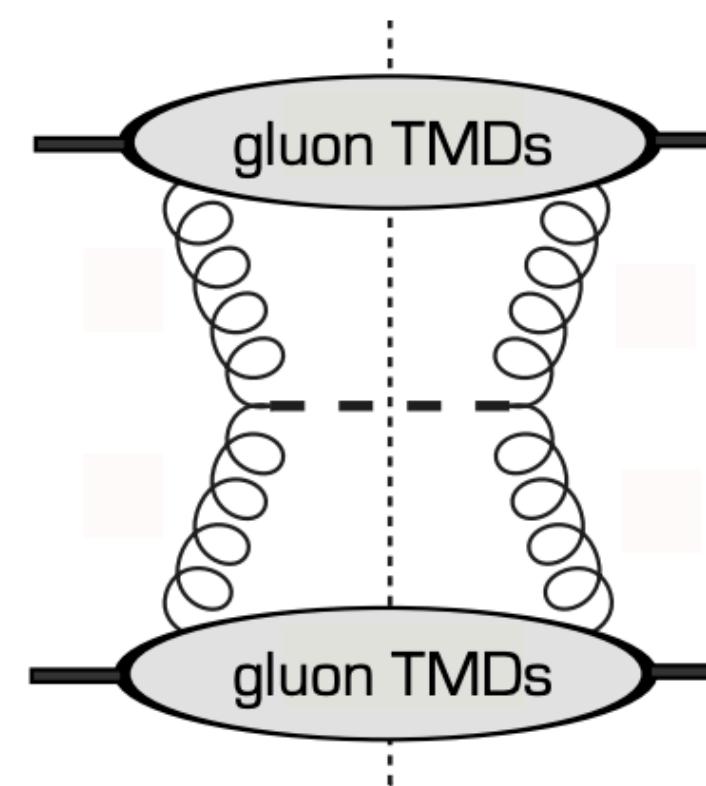
Spatial and momentum tomography of hadrons and nuclei

INT 17-3
Sent: 25/2017

NRQCD

$$\frac{\text{CS}}{\text{CO}} \sim \frac{1}{\nu^4}$$

gluon TMD PDFs



pseudoscalar quarkonium production:

$p\ p \rightarrow \eta_b\ X$ M = 9.39 GeV

$p\ p \rightarrow \eta_c\ X$ M = 2.98 GeV

[see also talk by C. Pisano week 4]

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dg_T} \sim \Phi_A^U \Phi_B^U |\mathcal{M}|^2$$

unpolarized cross section
at low transverse momentum
for (pseudo)scalar state

$$\sim \mathcal{C}[f_1^{g/A} f_1^{g/B}] \pm \mathcal{C}[h_1^{\perp g/A} h_1^{\perp g/B}]$$

unpolarized gluons **lin. polarized gluons**

C_{ff}

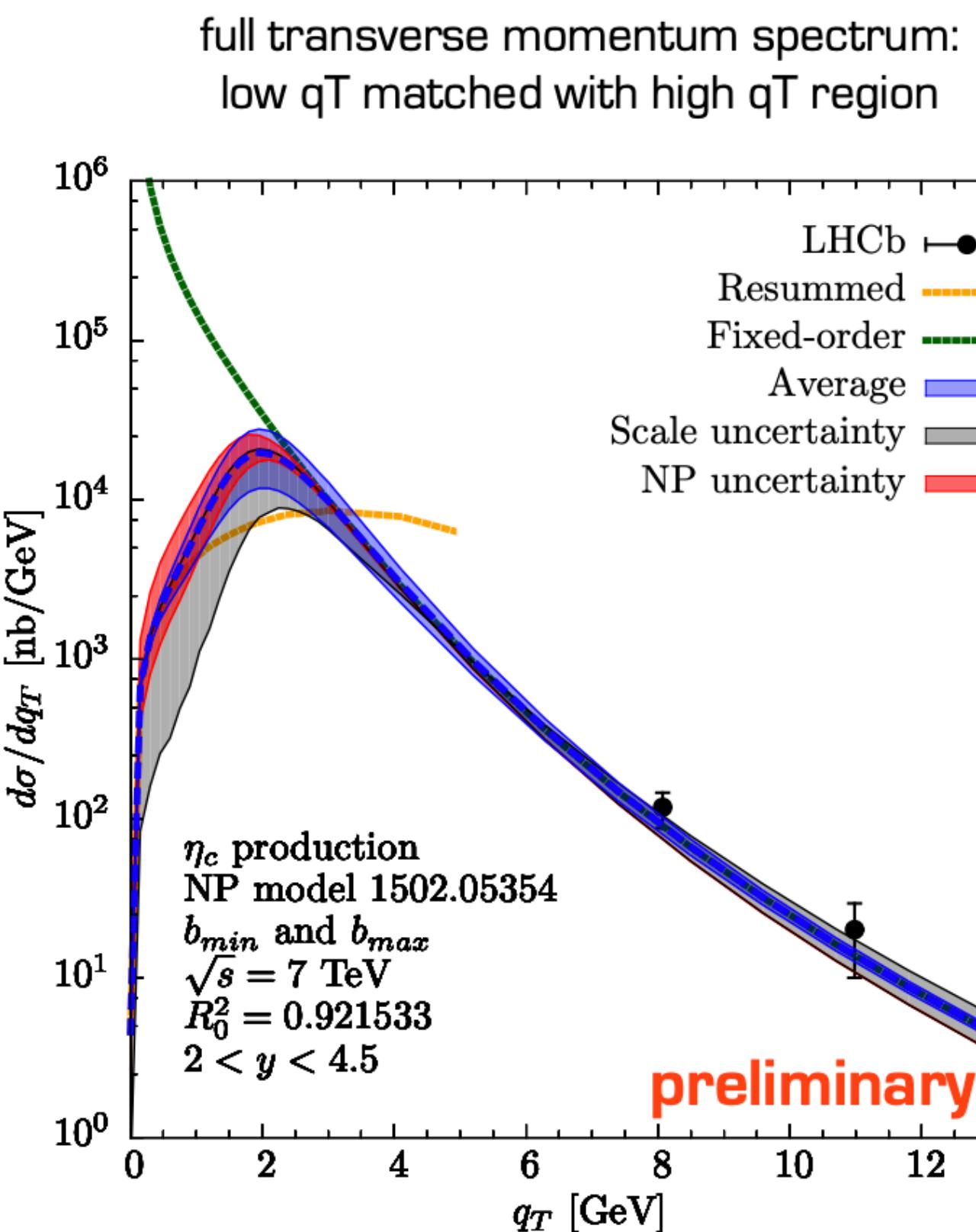
2

Chh



η_c production @ 7TeV LHC

η_c production at LHC



blue band: uncertainty from matching

grey band: scale uncertainty

red band: nonpert. uncertainty

$$S_{NP}(\bar{b}_T) = - \left[\frac{a_1}{2} + \frac{a_2}{2} \ln Q^2 \right] \bar{b}_T^2$$

$a_i = 0.5$ GeV 2 , var. 50%, envelope

both for unpolarized and
linearly polarized distributions

the formalism is in good shape!
we need the data at low qT

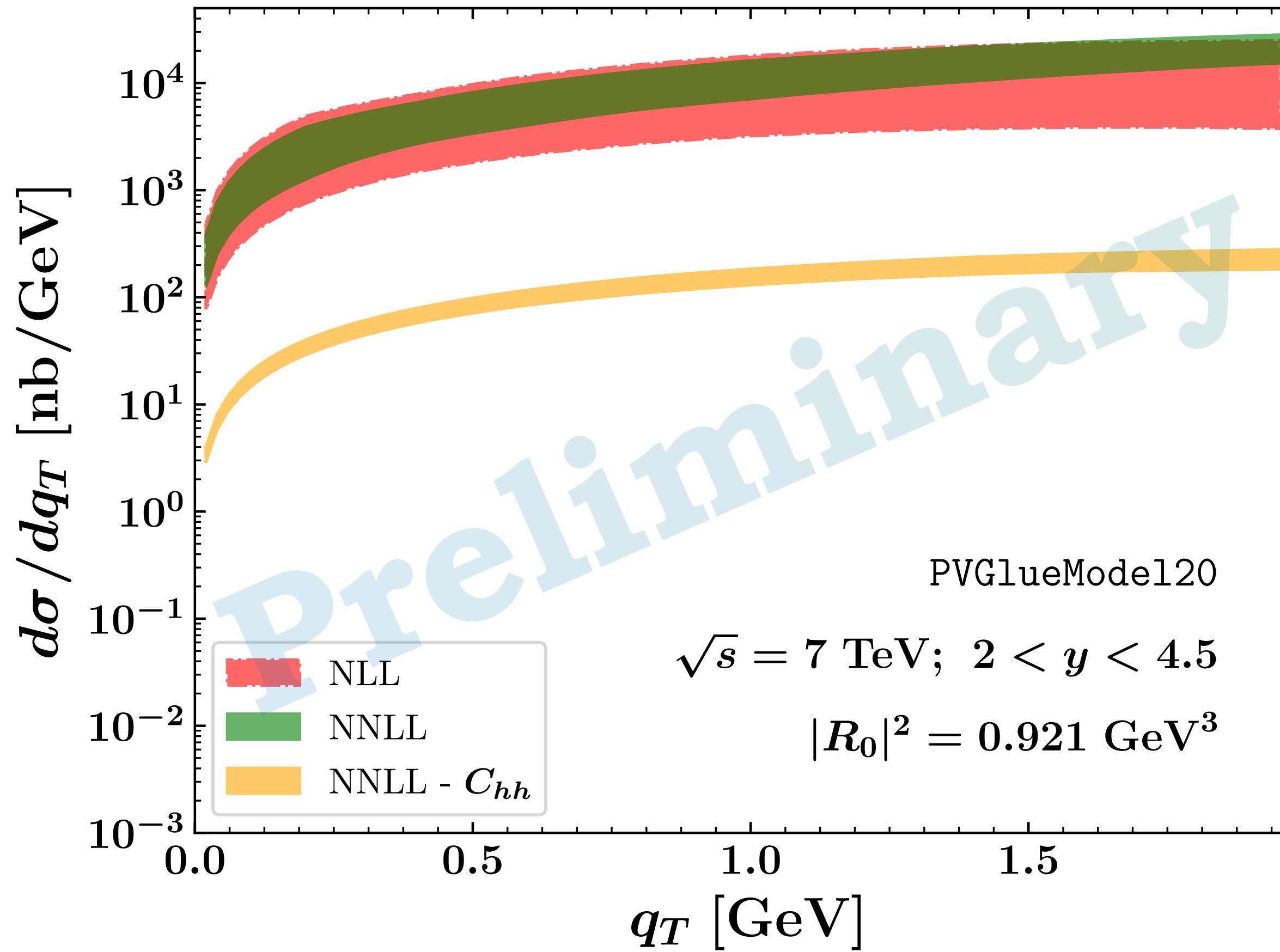
Jefferson Lab

$\eta_{b,c}$ production @ 7TeV LHCb

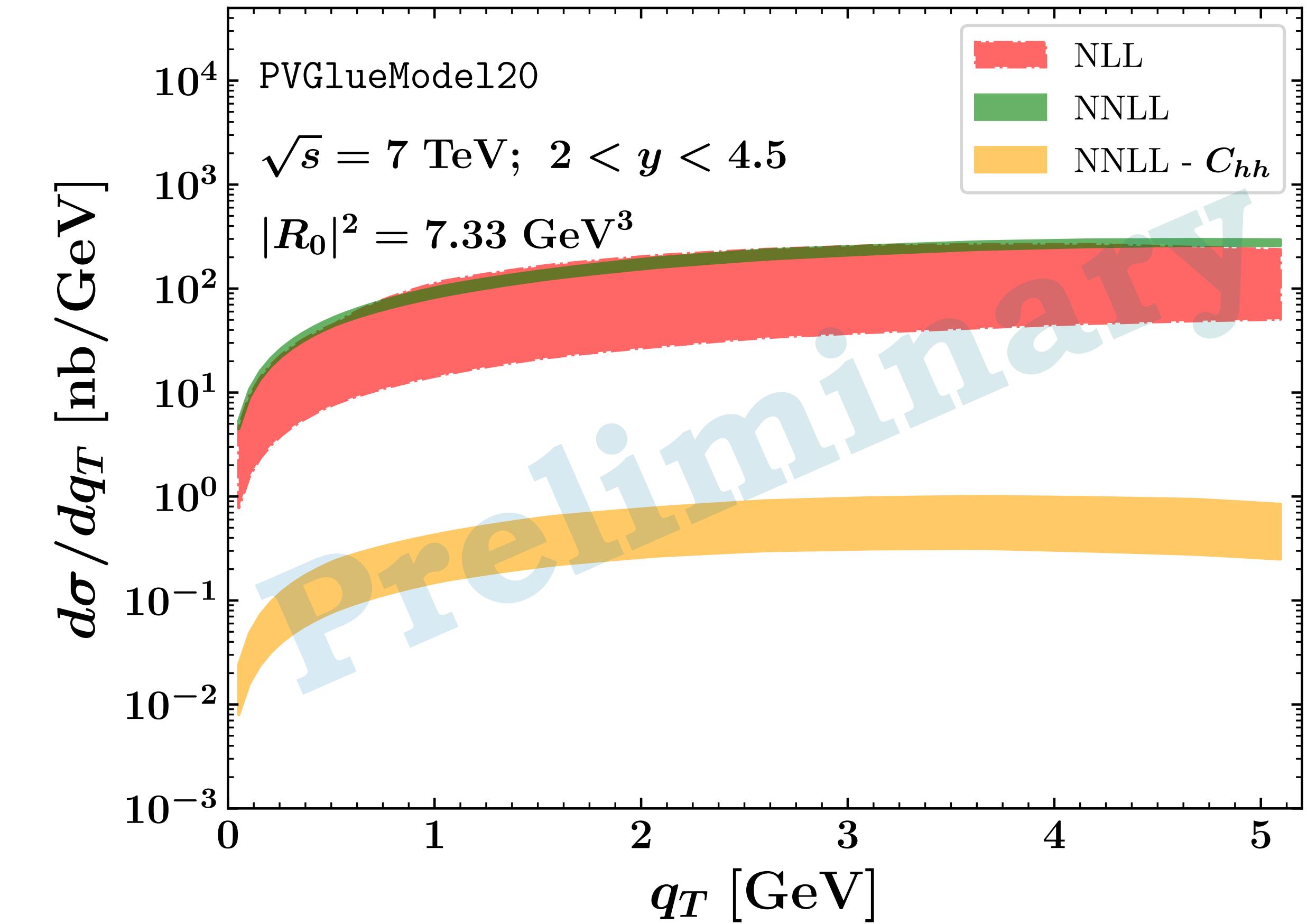


Perturbative-scale variation, NP-evolution parameters fixed, TMD central replica

$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_c(q_T)$$



$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_b(q_T)$$



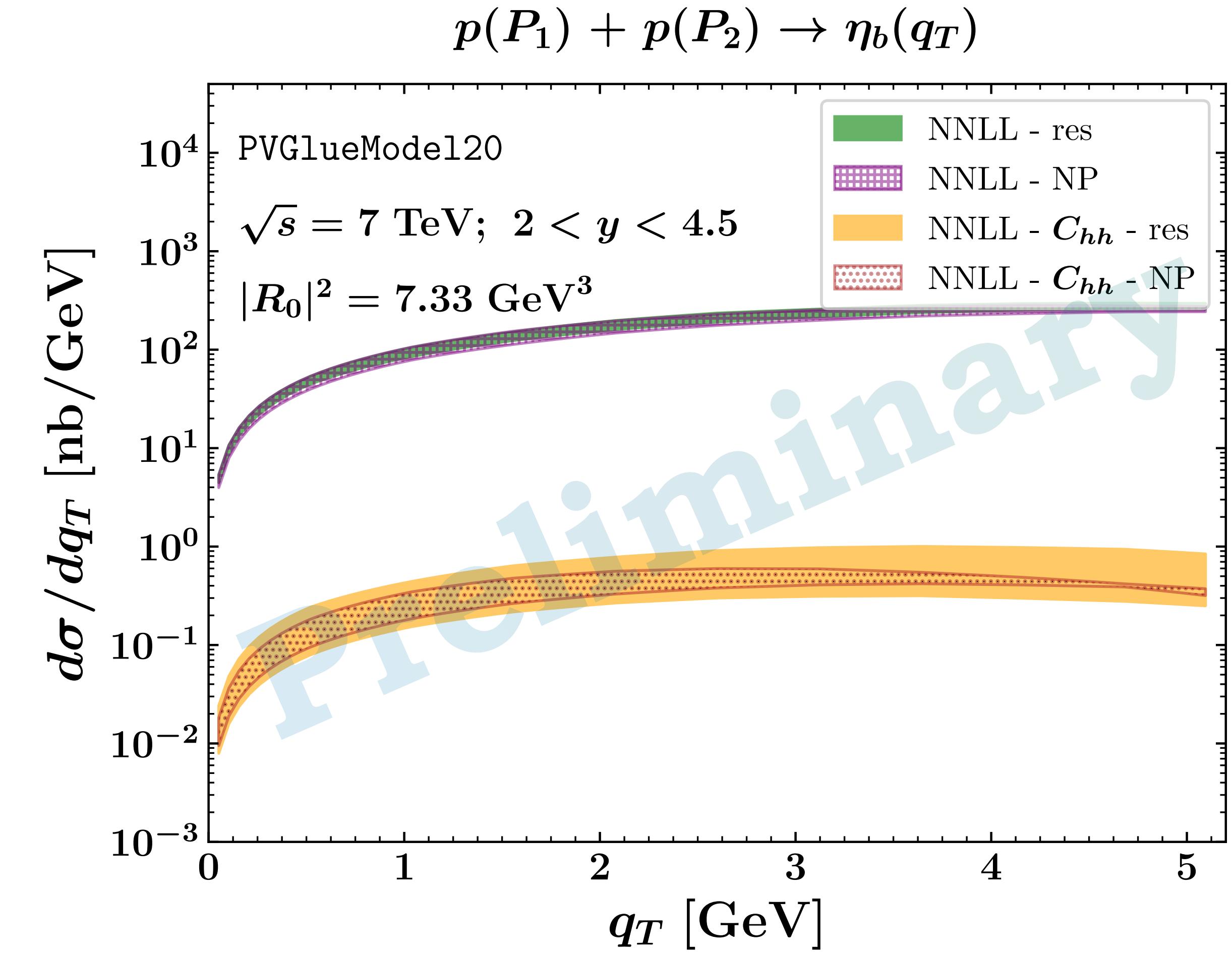
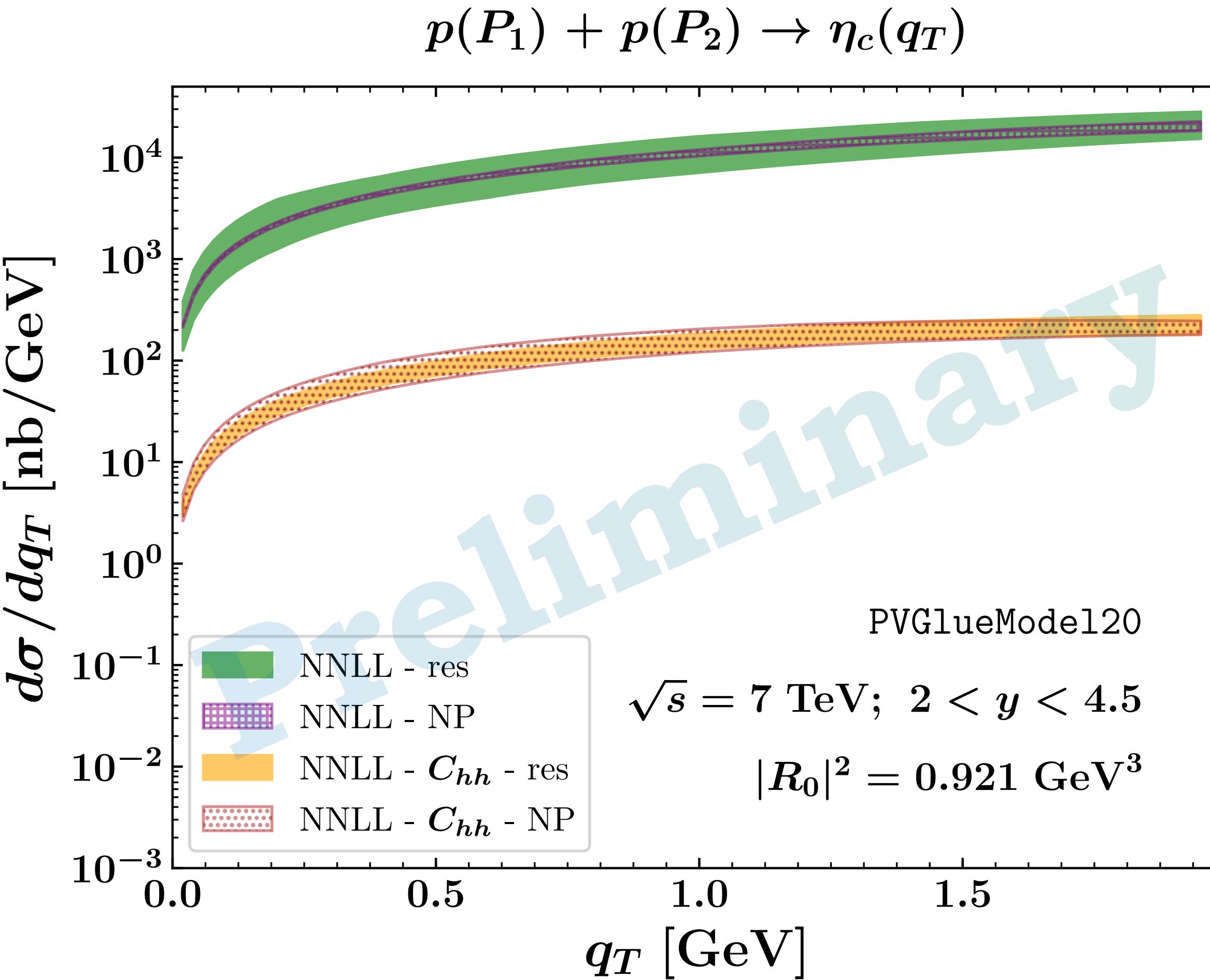
[A. Bacchetta, F.G. C., J.-P. Lansberg, M. Radici, A. Signori (in preparation)]

Backup

$\eta_{b,c}$ production @ 7TeV LHCb



Perturbative scales fixed, **NP-evolution parameter** variation, TMD central replica

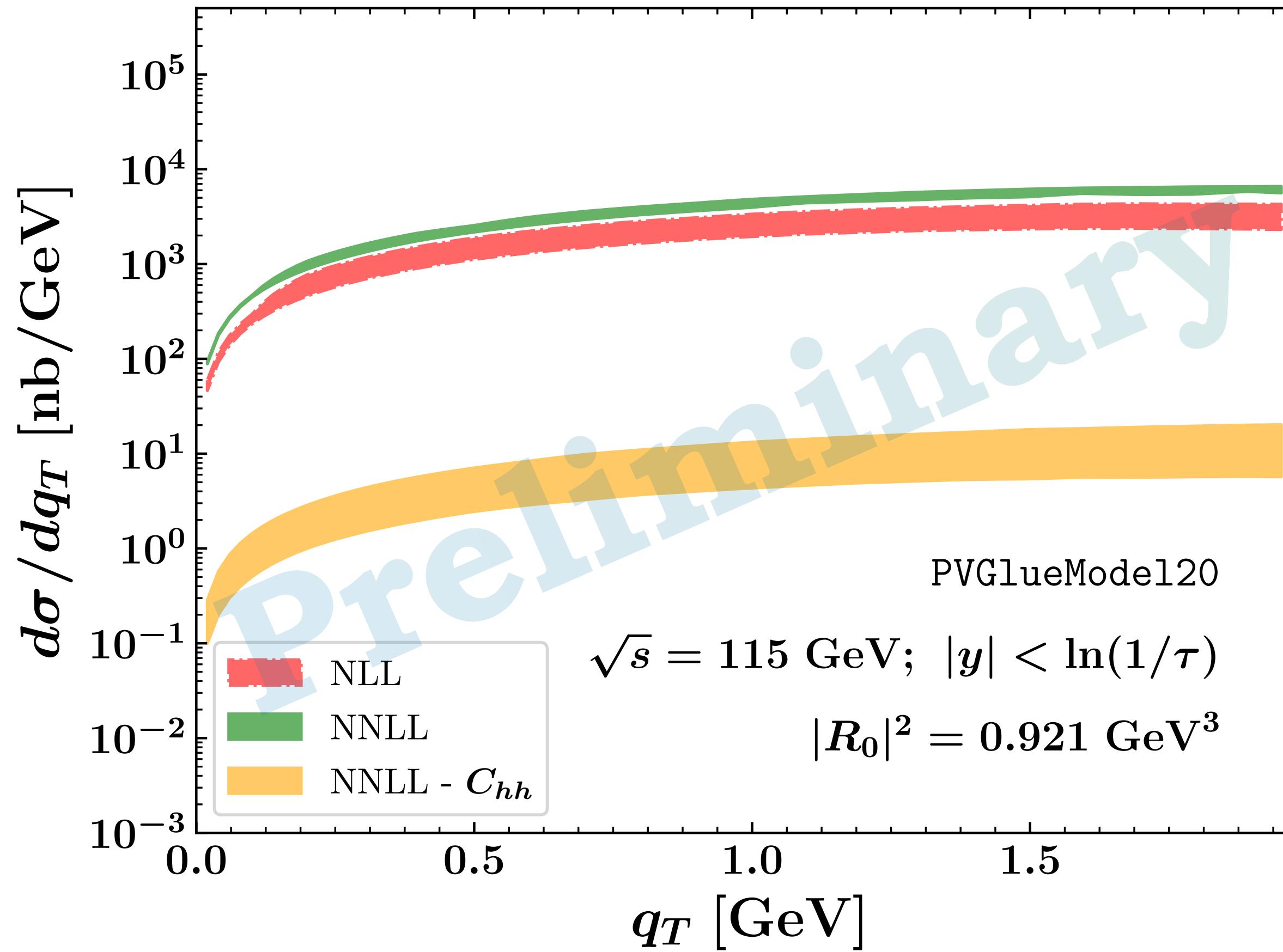


$\eta_{b,c}$ production @ 115GeV After@LHC

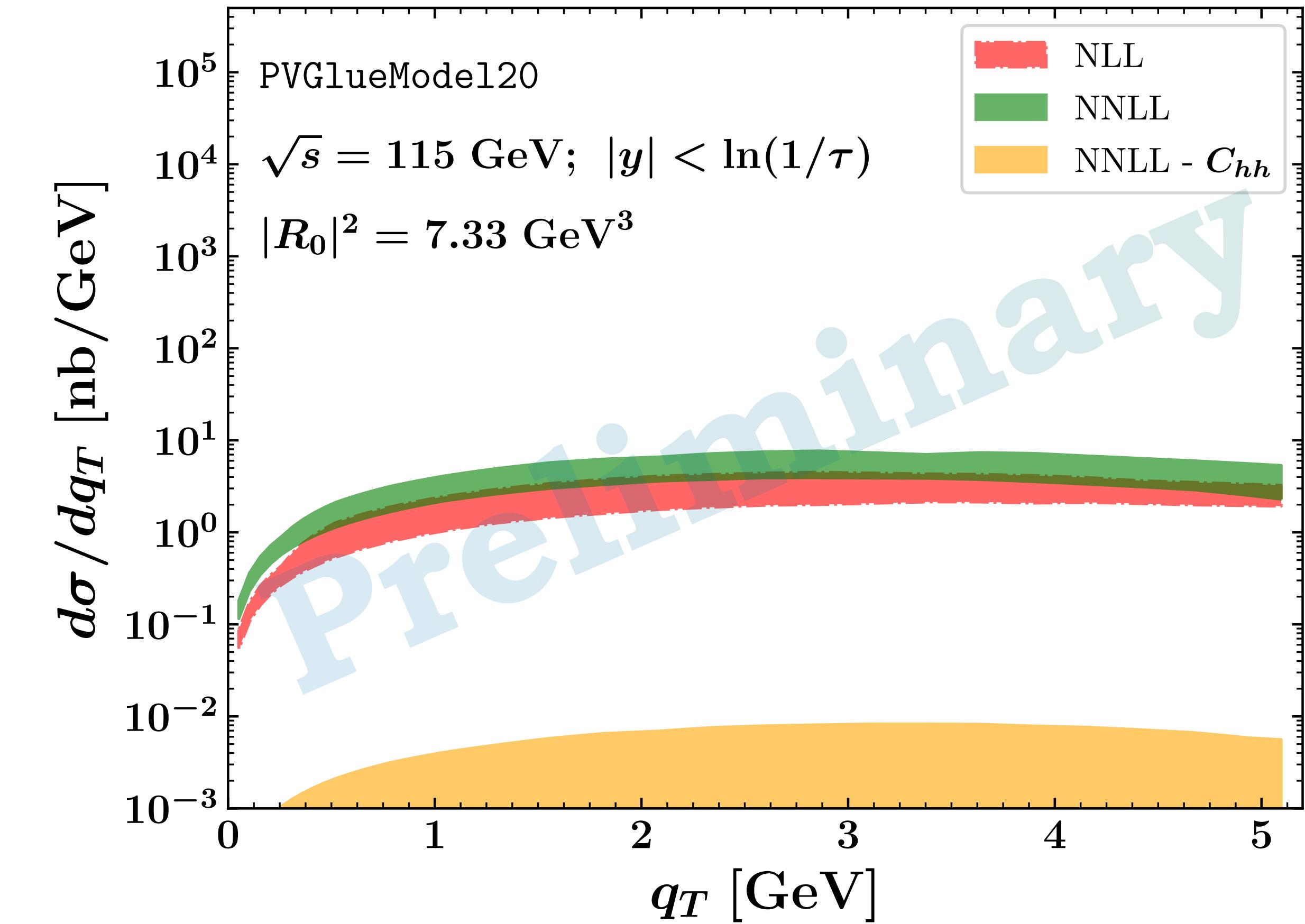


Perturbative-scale variation, NP-evolution parameters fixed, TMD central replica

$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_c(q_T)$$



$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_b(q_T)$$

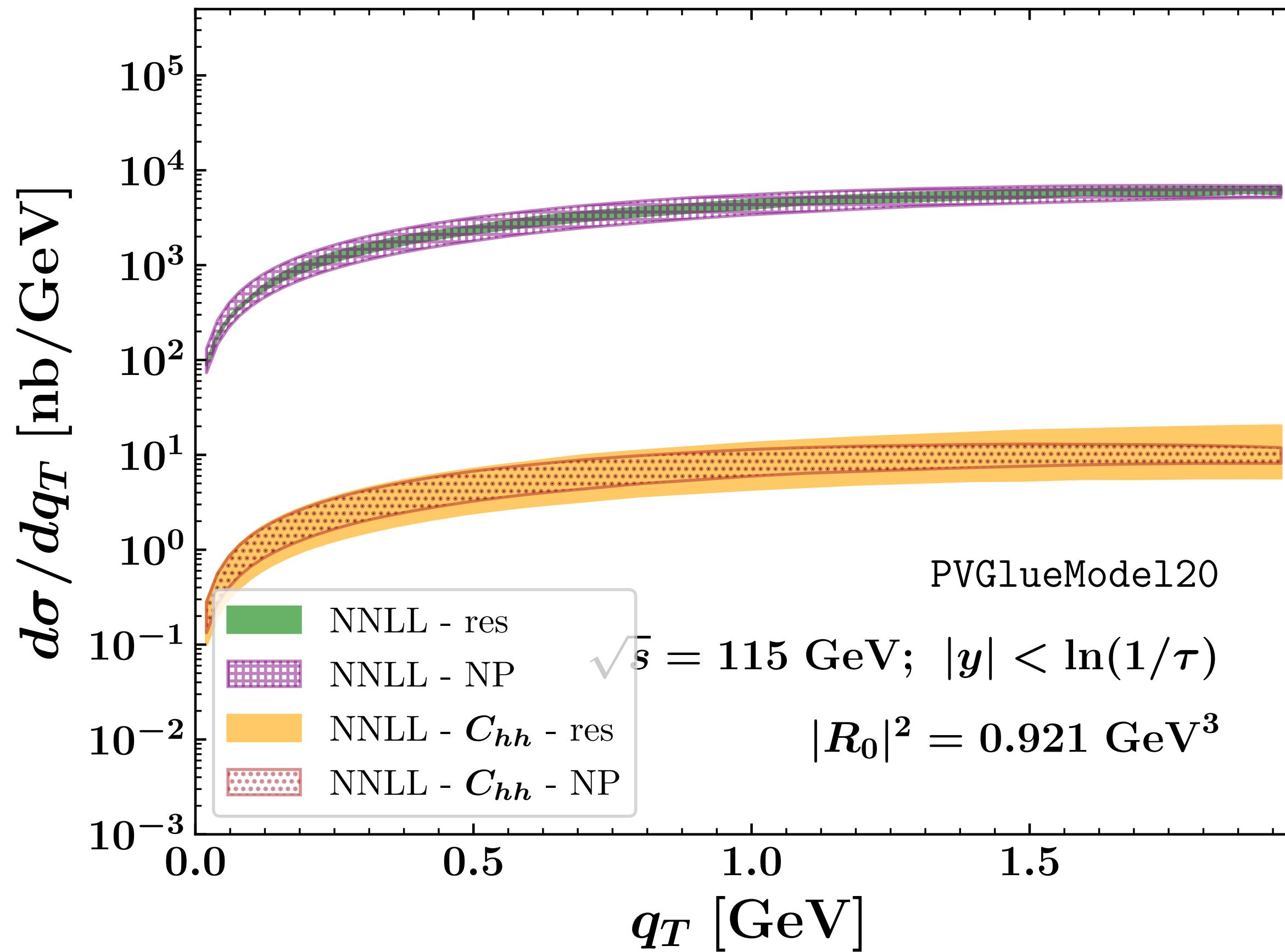


$\eta_{b,c}$ production @ 115GeV After @LHC



Perturbative scales fixed, **NP-evolution parameter** variation, TMD central replica

$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_c(q_T)$$



$$p(P_1) + p(P_2) \rightarrow \eta_b(q_T)$$

