

A Future Muon-Ion Collider at Brookhaven National Laboratory

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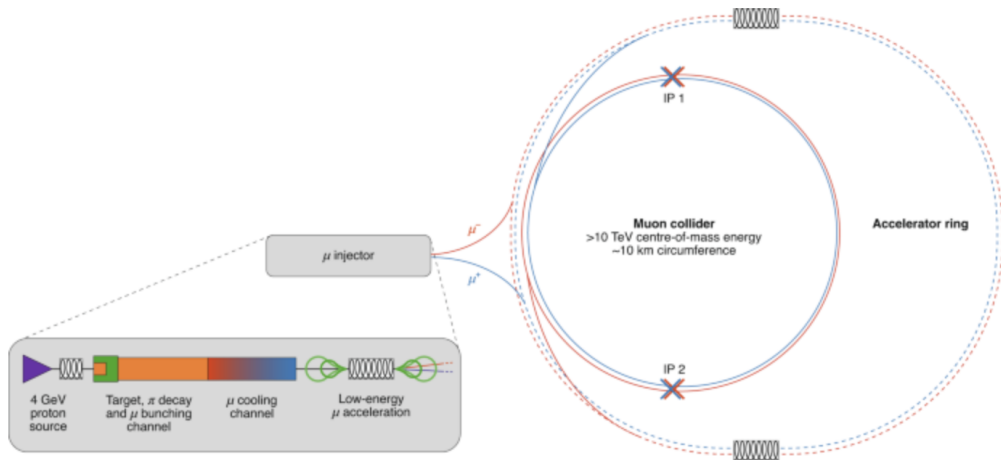
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A Future Muon Collider

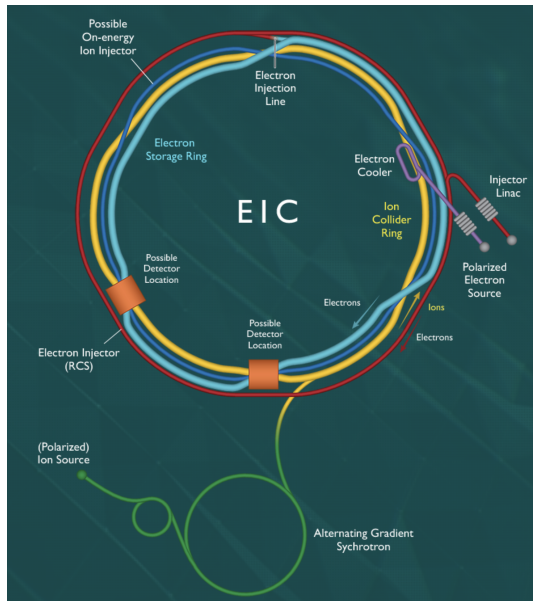


<https://muoncollider.web.cern.ch/node/25>

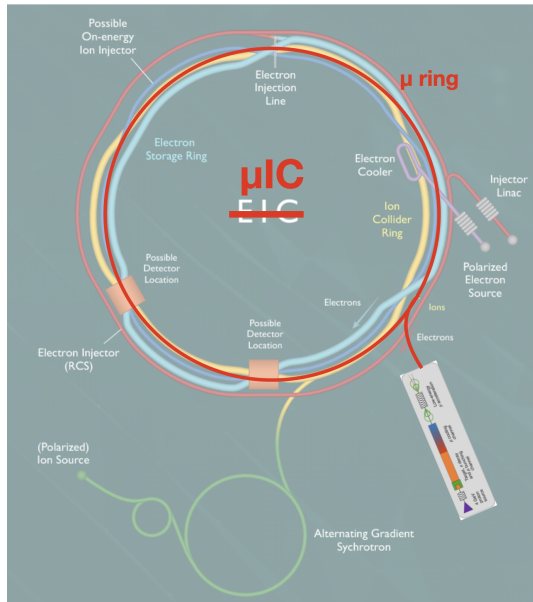
A Future Muon Collider

- A future muon collider has strong interest in the community
- Wide physics reach at $\sqrt{s} = 10$ TeV and beyond
- Several papers submitted as part of SNOWMASS process
- Significant R&D work necessary to prove feasibility
- MICE project at Rutherford lab demonstrated 6D cooling
- There is a rich physics program possible along the way to realizing a muon collider!

The EIC

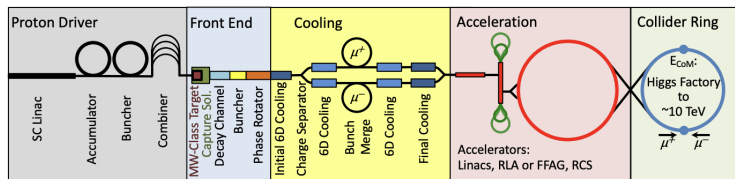


A μ IC!



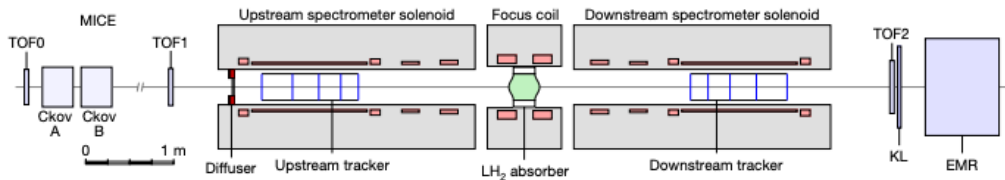
Muon Generation

- Proton driven scheme
 - Proton on high Z target, produce π 's which decay to μ 's
 - μ 's have wide emittance, need to be cooled
 - Aim for a 200 GeV μ beam
 - Access to μ^+ and μ^-
 - Spin polarized



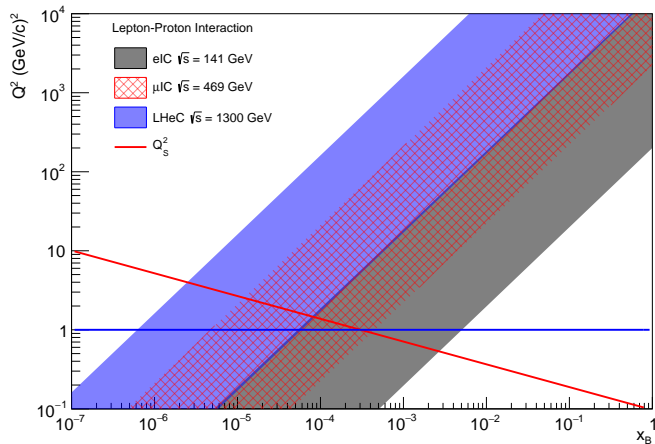
<https://muoncollider.web.cern.ch/node/25>

Muon Cooling



Nature 578, 53–59 (2020). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-1958-9>

Physics Reach

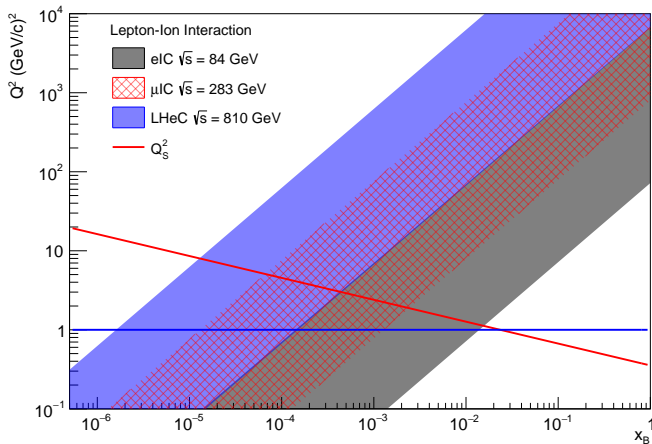


Kinematic Reach of μ IC for μp collisions.

LHeC: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2007.14491.pdf>

EIC: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2103.05419.pdf>

Physics Reach



Kinematic Reach of μ IC for μ Au collisions.

LHeC: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2007.14491.pdf>

EIC: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2103.05419.pdf>

Muon Decay

- μ lifetime is 2.2×10^{-6} s
- At a beam energy of 18 GeV, this is extended to 3.6×10^{-4} s
- 33 laps around the RHIC ring in 1 lifetime (370 laps at 200 GeV beam)
 - Point in favor for a separate ring?
- Luminosity and storage are a problem
- Electrons from decay go almost in beam direction, are uniformly distributed, have unknown energy, and scatter with beam hadrons
 - Vertical chicane helps here, but detailed study needed for these kinematics

Luminosity in Proton Driven Scheme

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mu p} = \frac{N^\mu N^p \min[f_c^\mu, f_c^p]}{4\pi \max[\sigma_x^\mu, \sigma_x^p] \max[\sigma_y^\mu, \sigma_y^p]} H_{hg} \quad (1)$$

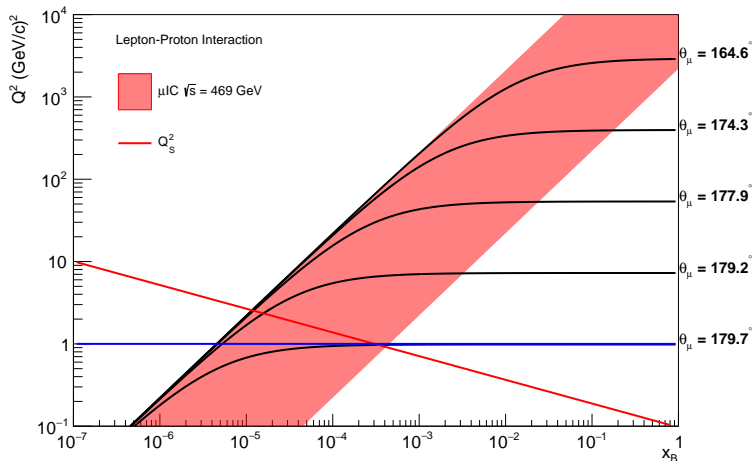
$$\sigma_{x,y} = \sqrt{\beta * \varepsilon / \gamma} \quad (2)$$

$$f_c^\mu = N_{\text{laps}} * f_{\text{rep}} \quad (3)$$

	proton driven muon production	proton
E (GeV)	200	275
$N^{\mu,p}$ (10^{11})	30	3
γ	2000	275
ε (μm)	140 (25)	0.2
β (cm)	1.3 (1)	5
$\sigma_{x,y}$ (μm)	30 (10)	6
Number of laps	680	∞
f_c^μ (s^{-1})	10,350	N/A
$\mathcal{L}_{\mu p}$ ($\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$)	8×10^{31} (5×10^{32})	

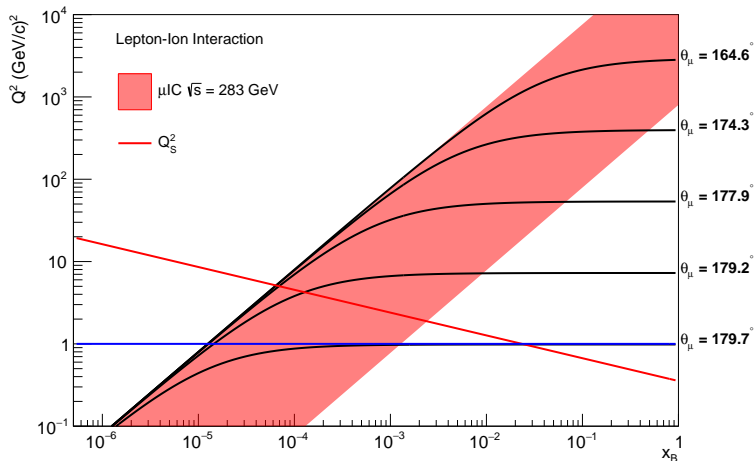
Luminosity of μp collisions

Physics Reach



- Kinematic Reach of μIC for μp collisions
- $E_\mu = 200 \text{ GeV}$, $E_p = 275 \text{ GeV}$

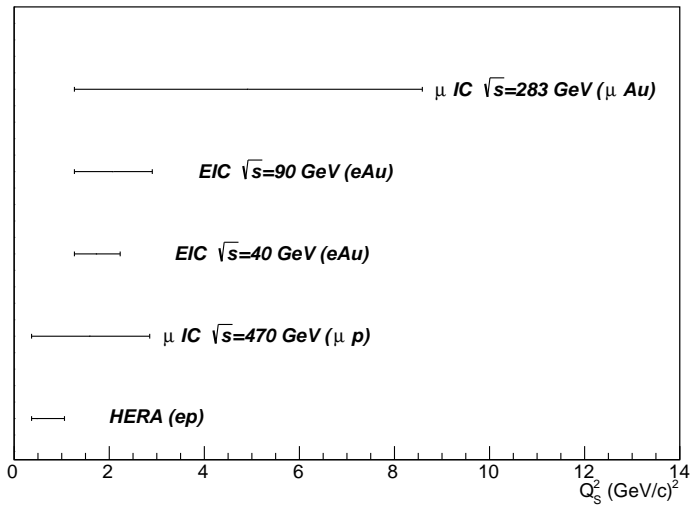
Physics Reach



- Kinematic Reach of μIC for μAu collisions
- $E_\mu = 200 \text{ GeV}$, $E_{\text{Au}} = 110 \text{ GeV/nucleon}$

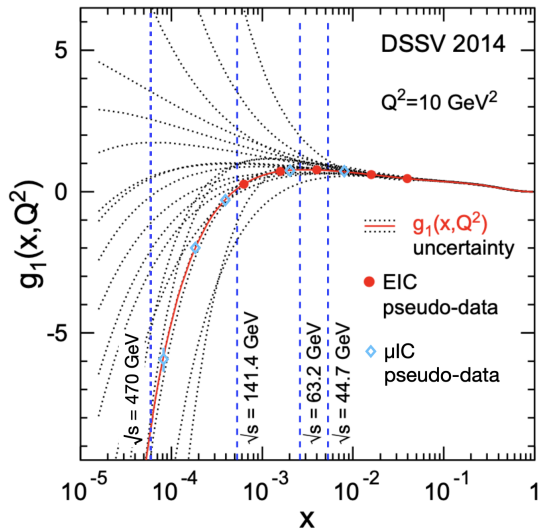
Saturation Scale

$$x \leq 0.01$$



Saturation scale in the GBW model

g_1



- Extraction of g_1 from DSSV collaboration
- EIC pseudo-data 10 fb^{-1} sampled luminosity, μIC pseudo-data from 0.9 fb^{-1}
- Figure reproduced from: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.01527>

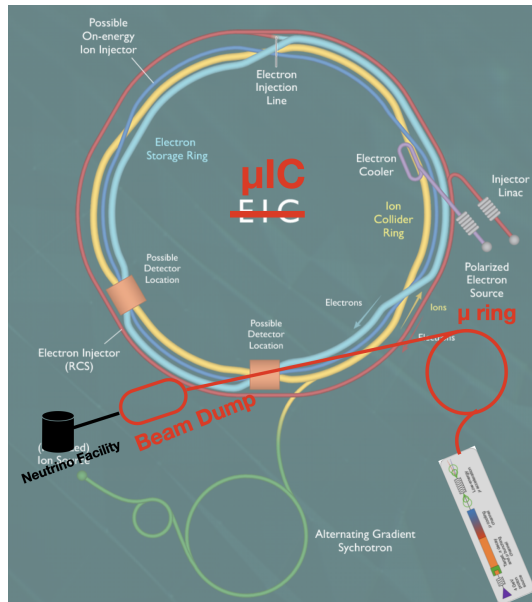
Summary

- Muon collider collaborations have clearly demonstrated need for future collider
- R&D on a high-energy, high-intensity source of muons is desirable
- EIC design underway via CD process
- Possible synergy between nuclear and particle physics community at the site of the future EIC
- Rich physics program with μIC

Thank you!

Any Questions?

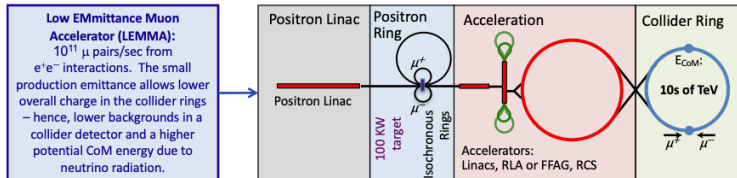
A μ IC v2!



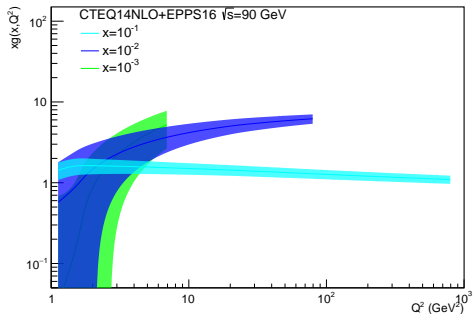
*Not to scale

Muon Generation

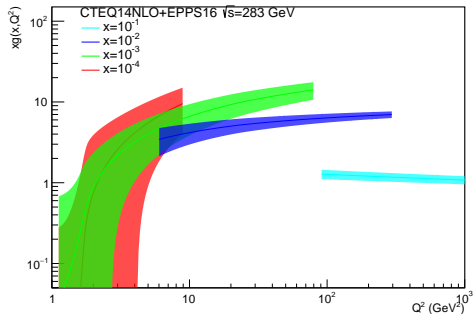
- e^+e^- annihilation scheme (LEMMA)
 - Muons produced at high energy
 - Low emittance, no cooling needed
 - Requires 45 GeV positron beam on electron target
 - Target heating and luminosity difficulties



Measuring the Gluon PDF in Ions



EIC coverage for xg



μ IC coverage for xg