A Semi-Autonomous Mobile Diagnostic for CEBAF Operations

- Goal: develop a remotely controlled, semi-autonomous, mobile diagnostic that can be integrated into accelerator operations
 ✓ note, this project does not use machine learning
- the mobile diagnostic system would provide potential benefit to the Lab by:
 - ✓ reducing accelerator downtime by enabling remote inspection of beamline components and reducing the need for short, controlled accesses to the accelerator tunnel, and reducing the time required to perform standard radiation surveys, while promoting ALARA principles by minimizing personnel to potentially hazardous conditions
 - ✓ reducing machine tuning-time by acquiring dynamic measurements, e.g. beam loss and radiation measurements, under operational conditions at arbitrary locations along the beamline
 - ✓laying a foundation on which to build future R&D collaborative efforts in robotics with CNU
- represents a technology which is transferable to other accelerator facilities

Jefferson Lab

Mobile Observatory

Mobile Observatory Surveys Manhattan Atmosphere

Scientists equipped a pickup truck with a suite of atmospheric research instruments to study microclimates across the Nation's cities.

September 24, 2021

Rather than relying on stationary instruments, researchers at Brookhaven's Center for Multiscale Applied Sensing (CMAS) have integrated sophisticated research tools into a pickup truck, creating a mobile observatory that captures precise, local data on wind, temperature, rain, and clouds across entire cities.





Robots and Accelerators



MARWIN: Localization of an Inspection Robot in a Radiation

exposed Environment Andre Dehne[®], Nantwin Möller, Thorsten Hermes

Object Detection and Recognition for Teleoperation #1 > Teleoperation is strongly increased during the last years at CERN [7]



Telemax robot



Teodor robot



EXTRM robot with single arm (CERN made)





CRANEbot (CERN made)

Jefferson Lab

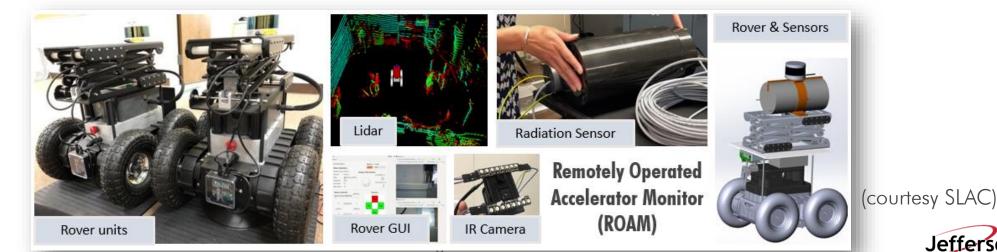




EXTRM robot (CERN made)

CERNbot (CERN made)

(M. Di Castro, EP-DT Technical Seminar)



Tennant

CASSIOPeiA

Particle Accelerators

Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

D. Conner, W. Phelps Christopher Newport University

(TN-20-029)

Sources of Data and Applications

- remote visual beamline inspections
- real-time, localized beam loss information for efficient beam tuning
- optimize diagnostic placement along the accelerator (i.e. BLM)
- mitigate damage from field emitting cavities with the ability to remotely position a radiation sensor near the offending cavity and provide data to operators to take actionable information
- complete regular radiation surveys more efficiently while reducing potential risk to workplace personnel by adhering to the "as low as reasonably achievable" (ALARA) principle





MARWIN at the **XFEL**

