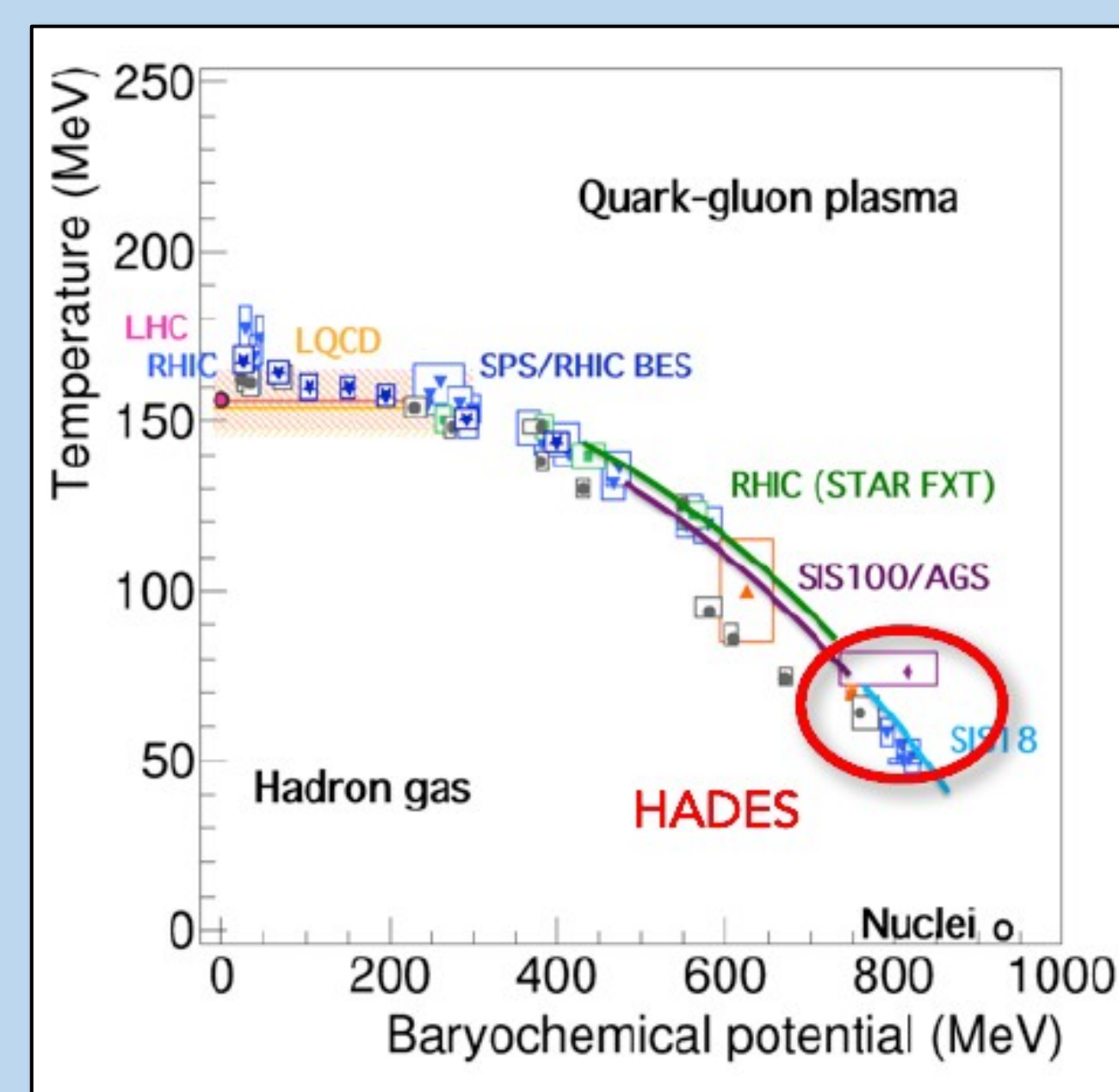
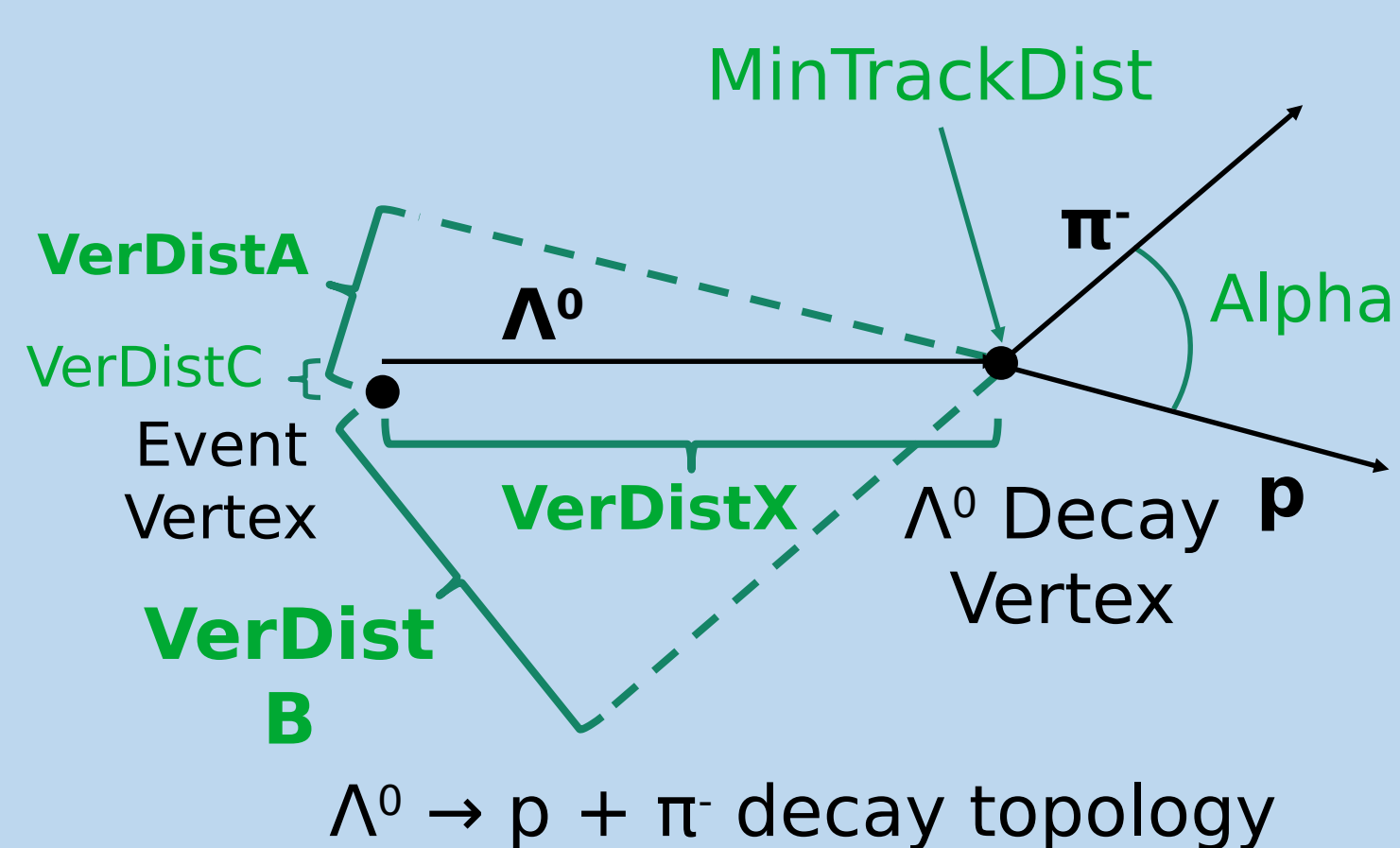


## Motivation

- High baryochemical potential at freeze out
- Weakly decaying strange particles ( $\Lambda^0$ ,  $K$ ,  $\Xi^-$ , ...)
- Identification via decay topology quantities:

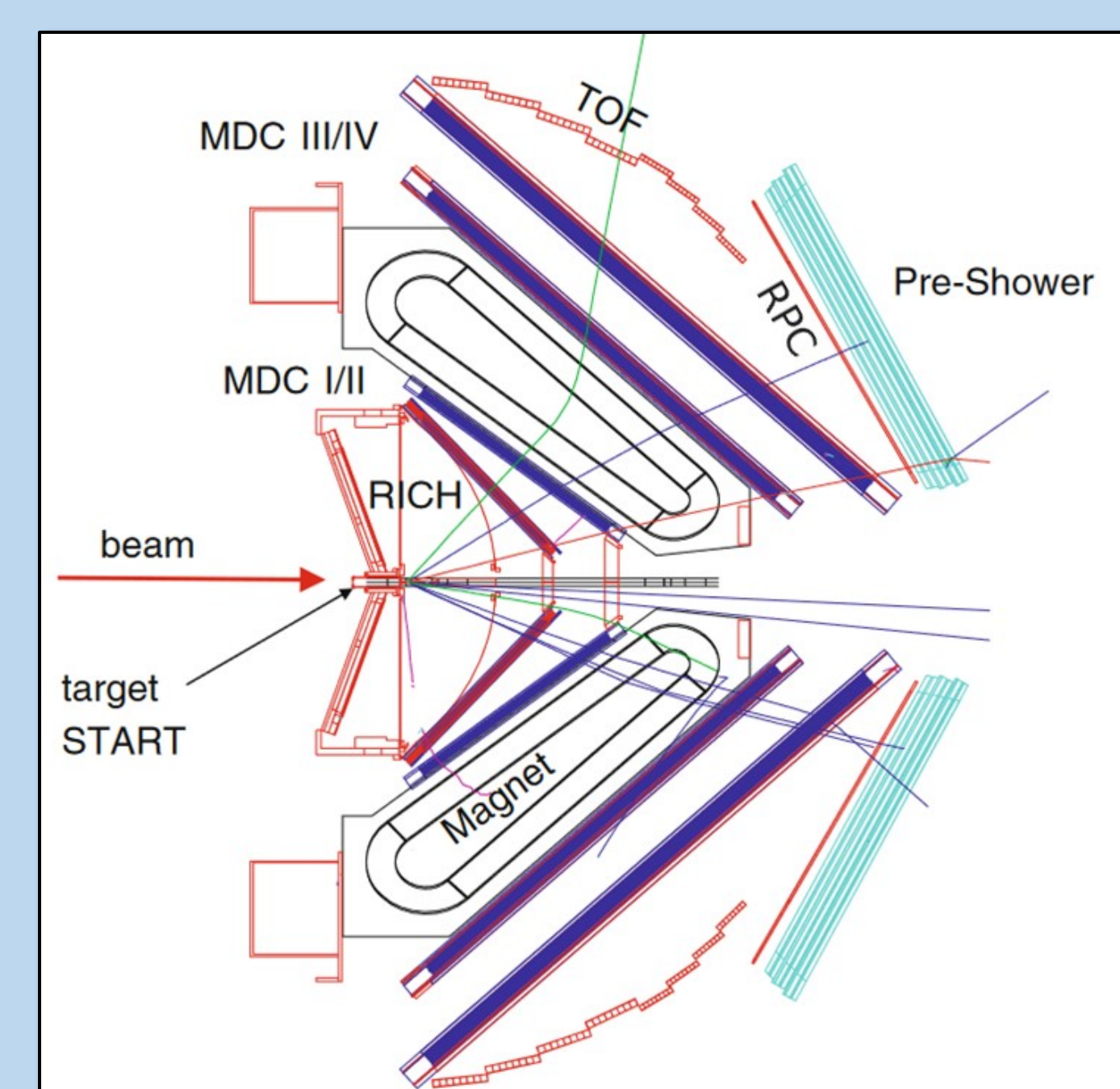


- Particle covariance matrices calculated event-by-event have never been applied for reconstruction before



## HADES

- **Fixed target** experiment at **GSI Helmholtzzentrum** für Schwerionenforschung in Darmstadt, Germany
- High acceptance for detection of **leptons** and **hadrons**
- Tracking with **Mini Drift Chambers (MDC)**



Schematic setup of HADES

## KF Particle Package

- Software package for **fast reconstruction** of short lived particles  
<https://github.com/sgorbuno/KFParticle.git> & <https://doi.org/10.21248/gups.71330>
- Significant performance improvement due to consistent use of **SIMD data types**
- Enhanced **reconstruction** performance in contrast to classical vector ansatz due to application of **covariance matrices**

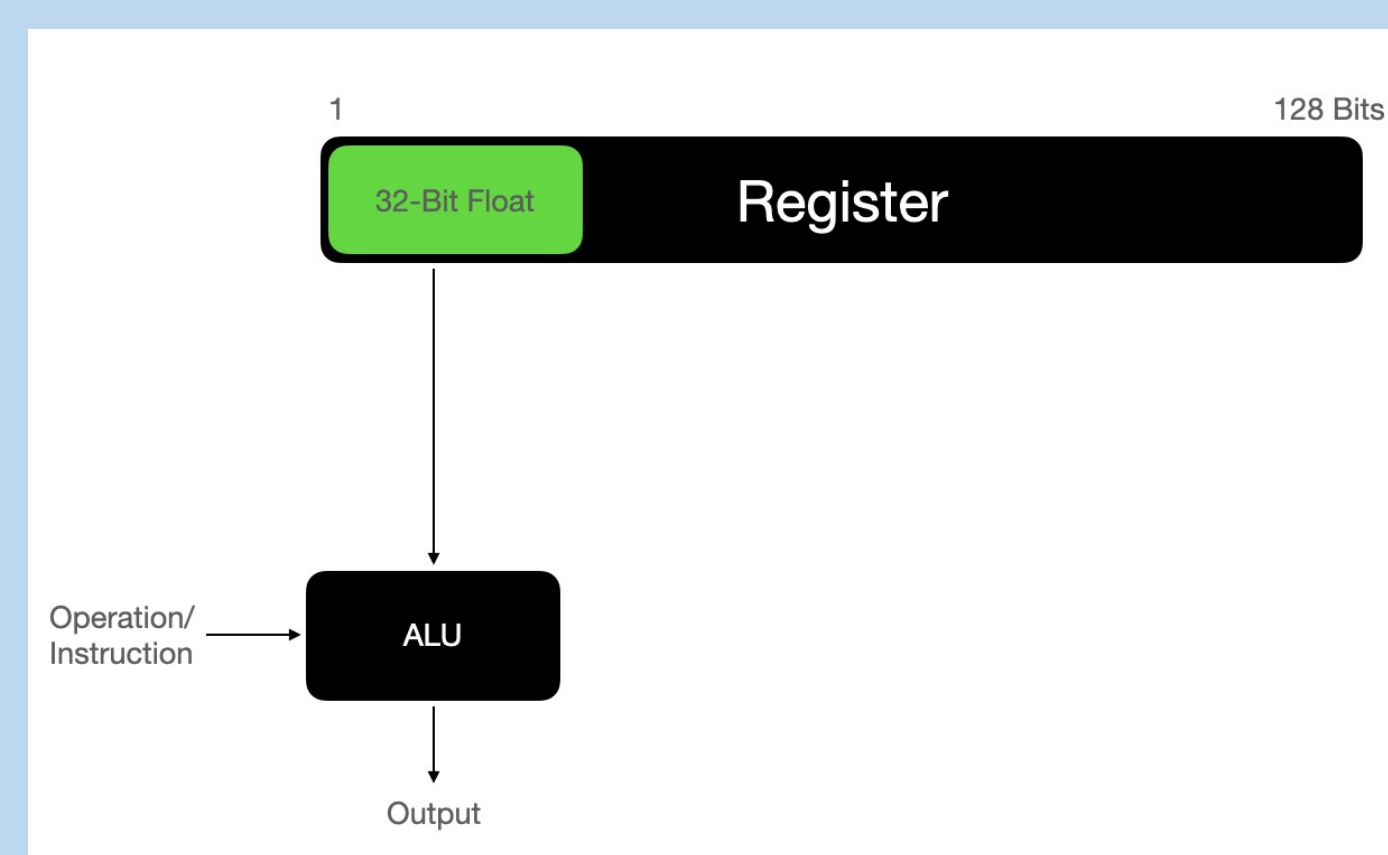


Illustration of the SISD workflow

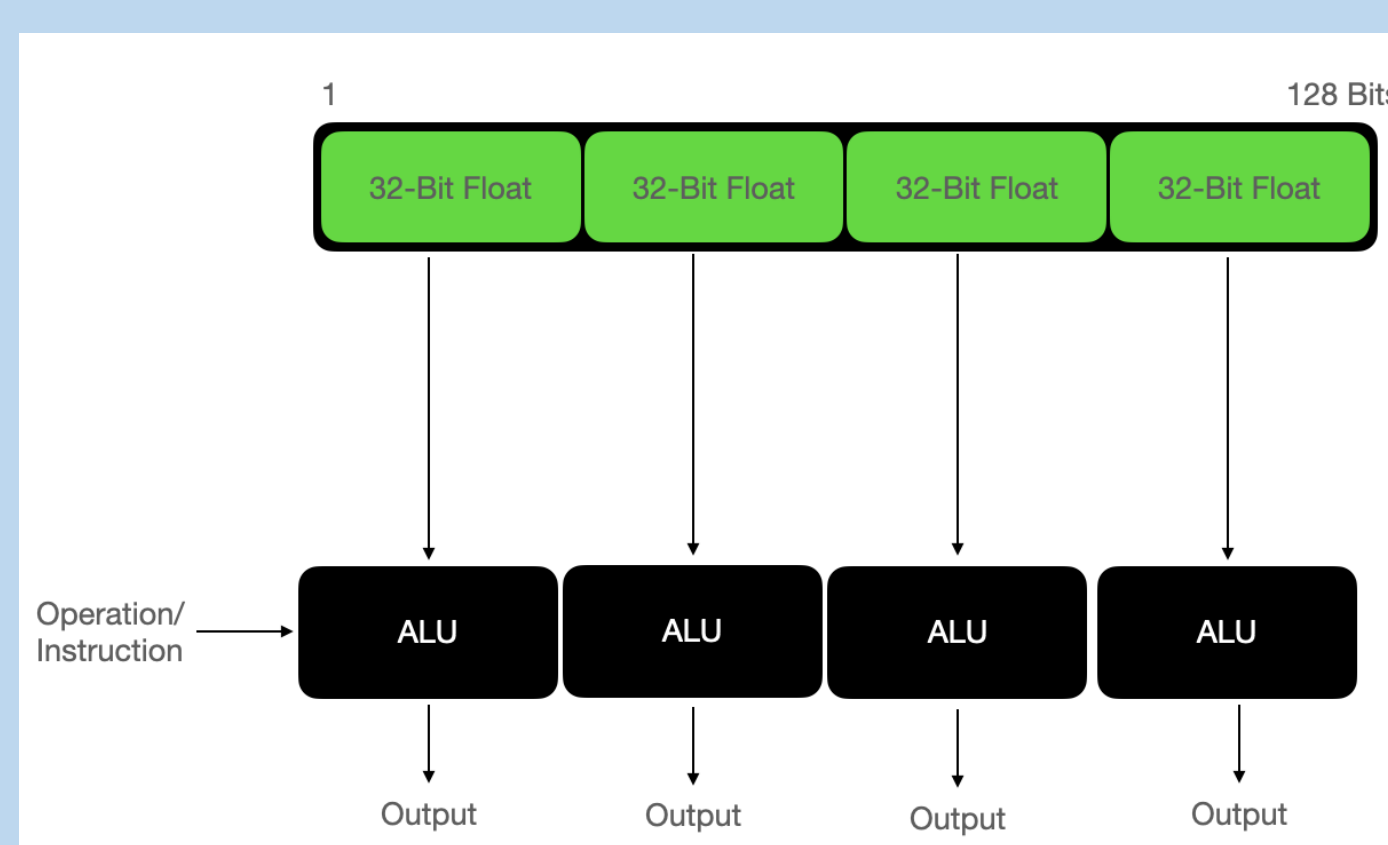
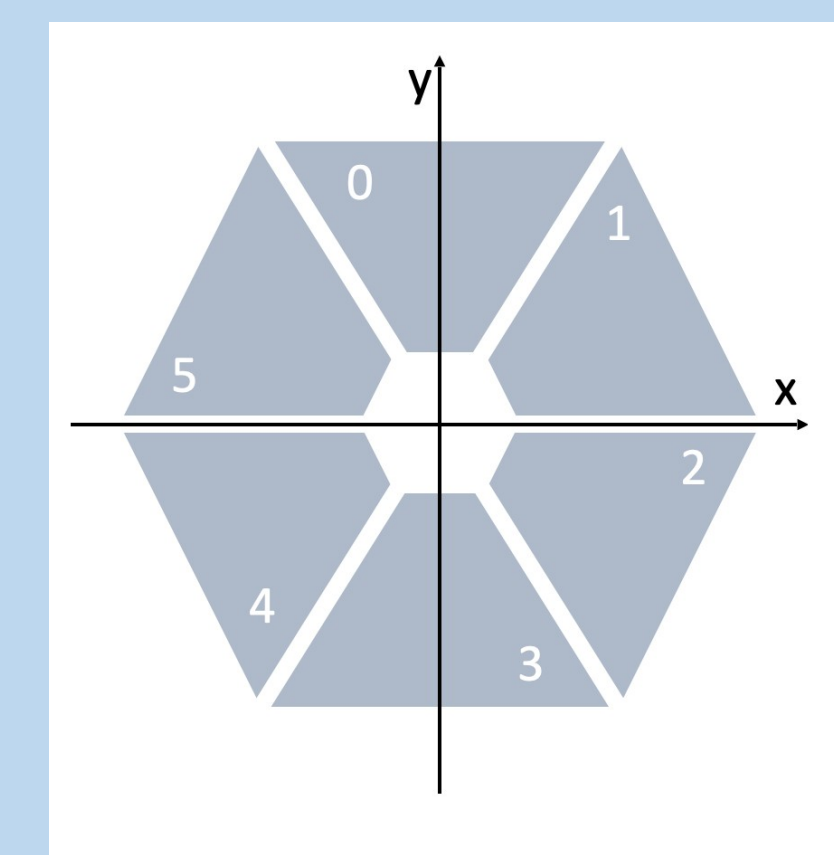


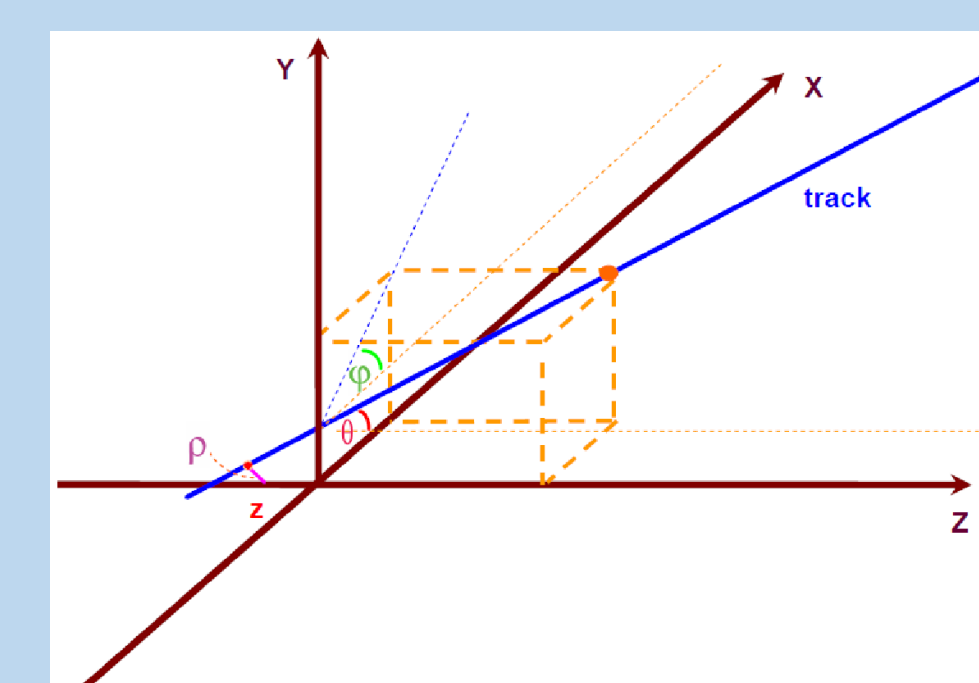
Illustration of the SIMD workflow

## Sim Data Integration

- Sim data Ag+Ag at 1.58 GeV
- $\sim 93 \times 10^6$  events enriched with one Lambda/event
- **Interface** to transform HADES data from **specific coordinate systems** into lab. system with 6-d state vector
- Preselection with **topology quantities**

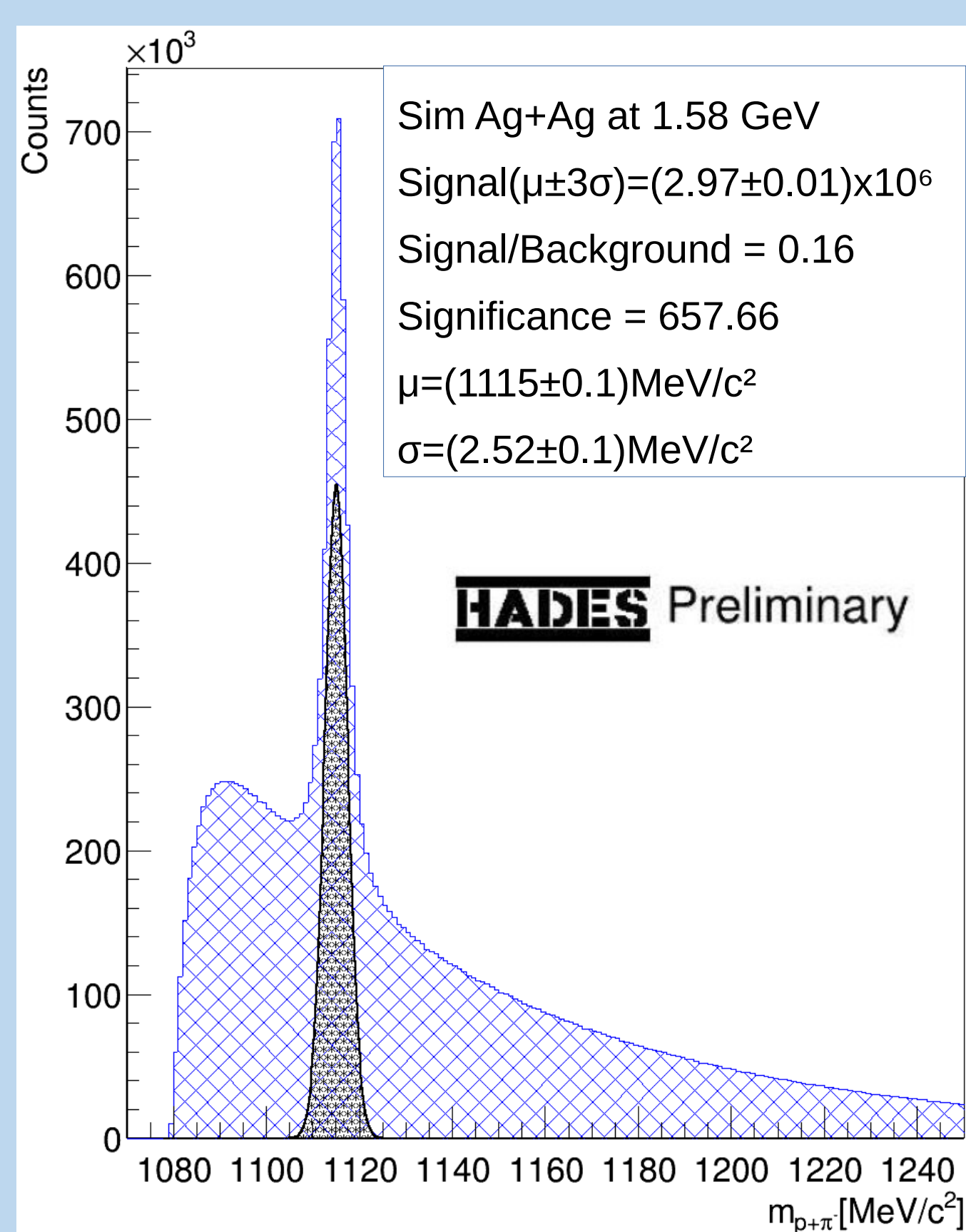


HADES sector coordinate system

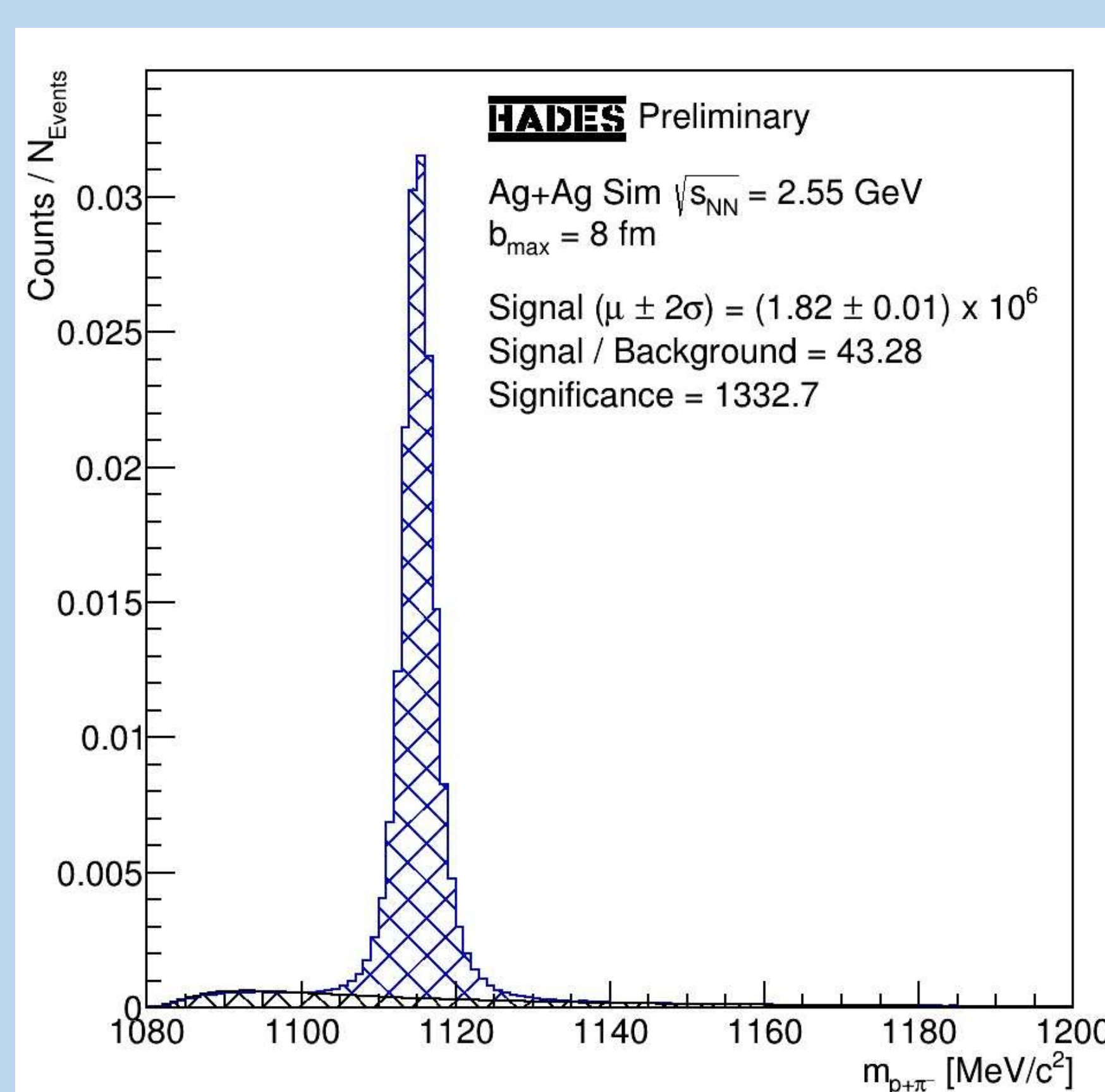


HADES track parametrisation

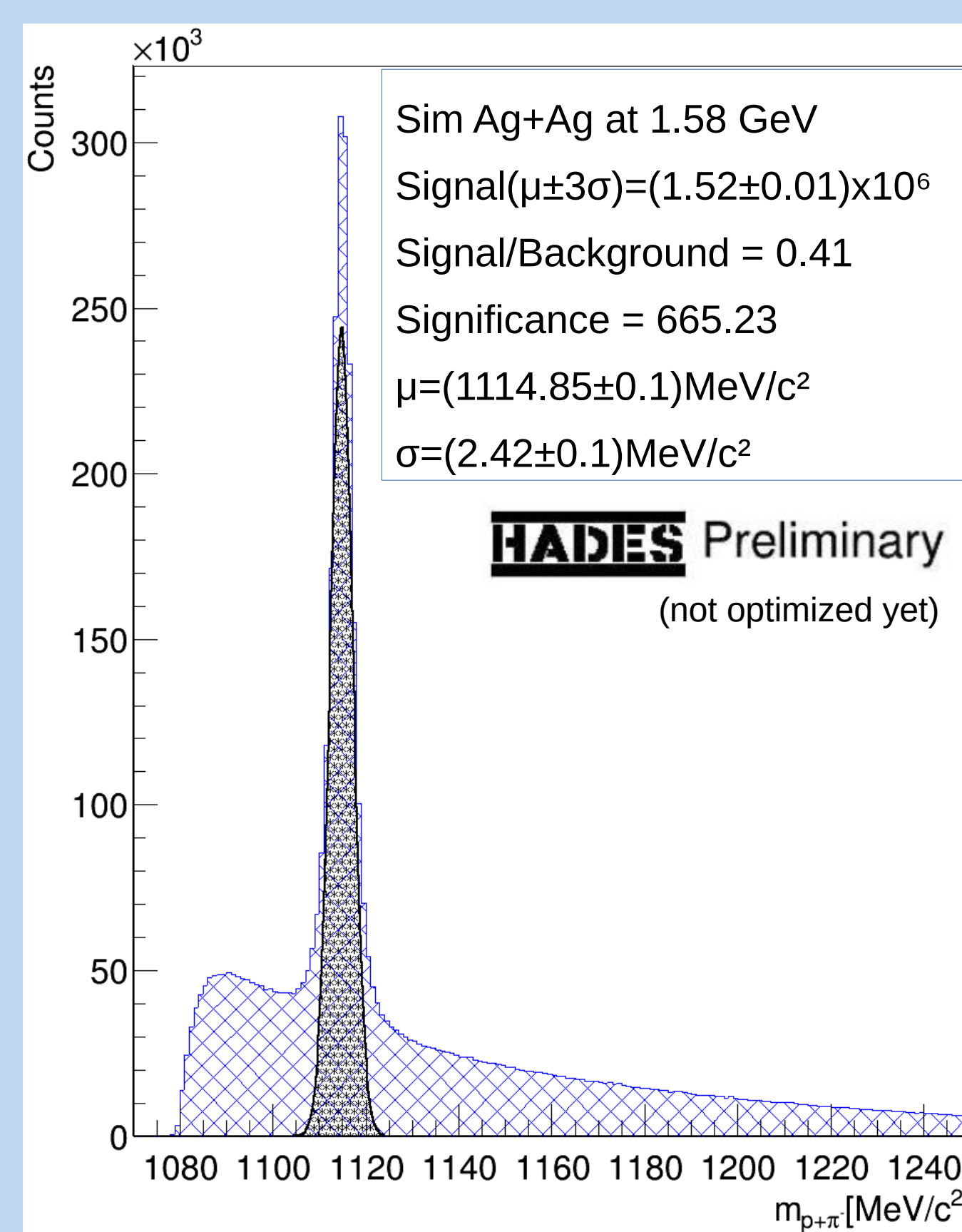
## Results



Classical vector Ansatz with topology cuts



MVA Ansatz (DOI: 10.21248/gups.68651 )



KF Particle Ansatz

### Further optimization:

- Add **full material budget** to Kalman Filter procedure to gain more realistic errors
- Parameter **optimization** of the KF Particle package
- Apply the fully optimized ansatz to **measured Ag+Ag data**