Generative Models for Fast Simulation of Electromagnetic and Hadronic Showers in Highly Granular Calorimeters

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Outline

- Introduction
- Previous Work
- Hadron Generation and Reconstruction
- Angular and Energy Conditioning
- CaloCloud diffusion model
- Summary and Outlook





Introduction

High Fidelity Shower Simulation with ML

- calorimeter shower (full) simulation is computationally very expensive -> need for fast simulation
- generative ML models offer prospect of high fidelity simulation at significant speed up:
 - more sustainable computing
- DESY-UHH group addressing this issue by investigating generative ML architectures in context of **ILD** detector:
 - high granularity sandwich calorimeters:
 - ECal: Si-W 5mm x 5mm
 - HCal: Sci-Fe 30mm x 30 mm





Previous Work

presented at vCHEP 2021

- achieved high fidelity generation of photon and pion showers with BIB-AE architecture (and post processing)
 - 90 deg impact angle, fixed position in calorimeter
 - fixed regular 3D grid geometry (O(10-100k) voxels)



BIB-AE: Bounded Information Bottleneck Auto-Encoder

also comparison to GAN and WGAN ...



Getting High: High Fidelity Simulation of High Granularity Calorimeters with High Speed, E. Buhmann et al., <u>arXiv: 2005.05334</u>, Comput Softw Big Sci 5, 13 (2021)



Hadrons, Better, Faster, Stronger E. Buhmann, S. Diefenbacher, E. Eren, F. Gaede et al, Published in: Mach.Learn.Sci.Tech. 3 (2022) 2, 025014, arXiv:2112.09709

Our work plan

towards application in realistic detector simulation (of ILD)





- angular conditioning
- performance after reconstruction
- continue to investigate other promising ML architectures

-> this talk

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see also: T.Buss: "<u>Generating Accurate Showers</u> in Highly Granular Calorimeters Using <u>Normalizing Flows</u>" track 9, May 11, 2023, 2:15 PM



Benchmarking of Generative Fast Simulation







- most important quantities for calorimeter performance: linearity and resolution
 - comparison with Geant4 after generation/simulation and after full reconstruction with PandoraPFA
- achieve reasonably good performance for both yet WGAN better models resolution after reconstruction ! further tuning need for realistic application

DESY. Frank Gaede, CHEP 2023, 8.05.23



for photon showers in ILD ECal

- extend **BIB-AE-**PP architecture to condition on
- incident energy and polar angle
 - large training sample 500 k showers
 - uniform in [10-100 GeV, 30-90 deg]
 - test/validation samples at dedicated energies and angles







for photon showers in ILD ECal - angles

• **sim** level PCA angle reconstruction

- **rec** level PCA angle reconstruction
 - after full
 PandoraPFA reco



New Angles on Fast Calorimeter Shower Simulation,

S.Diefenbacher, P.McKeown et al arXiv: 2303.18150, submitted to MLST

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.0

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.0

normalized

normalized



DESY.

for photon showers in ILD ECal - energies

• **sim** level **visible** energy

- rec level calibrated energy
 - after full
 PandoraPFA reco



New Angles on Fast Calorimeter Shower Simulation,



S.Diefenbacher, P.McKeown et al arXiv: 2303.18150, submitted to MLST



example distributions after full reconstruction



best (left) and worst (right) test point - based on JSD -> excellent physics fidelity

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40 degree, 20 GeV Photons

10

0

20

40

60

radius [mm]

15

layer

20

40 degree, 20 GeV Photons

-- BIB-AE PP

Reco Level

80

100

120

— Geant4

25

30

- Geant4

-- · BIB-AE PP

Reco Level

New Angles on Fast Calorimeter Shower

arXiv: 2303.18150, submitted to MLST

S.Diefenbacher, P.McKeown et al

Simulation.

from regular grids to point clouds

- regular grid models like WGAN or BIB-AE show very high physics fidelity - yet they have two problems:
 - low occupancy -> lots of superfluous compute
 - projecting energy back into realistic detector cells causes artefacts
- are point clouds a "way out" ?



S.Luo, W.Hu: Diffusion Probabilistic Models for 3D Point Cloud Generation, arXiv:2103.01458



- recently many publications using point clouds and diffusion models
- can we adapt this to our HEP calorimeter use case - using much higher granularity provided by individual Geant4 steps ?





preprocessing for training data



- using all Geant4 steps directly turns out to be prohibitive wrt. compute time
 - 40k Geant4 steps at 90 GeV
- apply preprocessing step:
 - project Geant4 steps into ultra-high granularity grid 36 times more granular than ILD Ecal
 - reduction by factor ~7:
 - up to 6000 space points
- use again photon sample in ILD Ecal
 - 10-100 GeV, 90 deg impact



model architecture



- training of PointWise Net with EPiC Encoder (e-Print: <u>2301.08128</u>)
- inference uses two additional flows for number of space points, calibration and latent space







performance



- observe overall very good physics fidelity on photon sample
- first successful application of diffusion models to (high granular) calorimeter simulation using point clouds

preprint will be available soon...

Hardware	Simulator	Time / Shower [ms]	Speed-up
CPU	Geant4	4082 ± 170	×1
	CaloClouds	3509 ± 220	×1.2
GPU	CALOCLOUDS	38 ± 3	$\times 107$

improvement of timing focus of future work



Summary and Outlook



- great progress in work towards applying generative ML in full physics simulation of ILD
- using **BIB-AE** with fixed 3d grid data layout:
 - first generation of pion showers in high granular calorimeter incl. full reconstruction with PandoraPFA
 - energy and angular conditioning for EM showers with high fidelity incl. full reconstruction with PandoraPFA
- **CaloCloud**: first application of **diffusion** model for EM shower generation in highly granular calorimeter using ultra-high granularity point clouds up to **6000** space points

Outlook:

- continue to improve models wrt. performance and speed and extend functionality
 - include ML models in full ddsim/DDG4 simulation and study w/ physics benchmarks
 - investigate methods to speed up CaloCloud diffusion model

• ...



Additional Material

Effects of pre-clustering to ultra-high granularity in CaloCloud



relative difference per cell < 2% in core of shower

40

20 30 X [mm]

10



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example:

Geant4 90 Gev shower in layer 21 with full round-trip pre-clustering and back-projection

x4 grid

0.08

0.06

-0.04

-0.02

 $\pm_{0.00}$

50

Timing of generative ML Methods



Hardware	Simulator	Time / Shower [ms]	Speed-up
CPU	Geant4	2684 ± 125	×1
	WGAN BIB-AE	47.923 ± 0.089 350.824 ± 0.574	$\times 56 \times 8$
GPU	WGAN BIB-AE	$egin{array}{c} 0.264 \pm 0.002 \\ 2.051 \pm 0.005 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \times 10167 \\ \times 1309 \end{array}$

BIB-AE/WGAN, pion showers 10-90 GeV uniform

Hardware	Simulator	Time / Shower [ms]	Speed-up
CPU	Geant4	4417 ± 83	×1
	BIB-AE	362 ± 2	$\times 12$
GPU	BIB-AE	4.32 ± 0.09	×1022

BIB-AE, photon showers 10-90 GeV - 30-90 deg uniform

Hardware	Simulator	Time / Shower [ms]	Speed-up
CPU	Geant4	4082 ± 170	×1
	CALOCLOUDS	3509 ± 220	$\times 1.2$
GPU	CALOCLOUDS	38 ± 3	×107

CaloCloud, photon showers 10-90 GeV uniform