



# WLCG Transition from X.509 to Tokens: Status and Plans

## CHEP 2023

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*On behalf of the*

WLCG Authorisation Working Group



# ... five years ago

- Andrea Ceccanti presented the WLCG's initial plans for token migration

Jul 9 – 13, 2018 Sofia, Bulgaria

## Beyond X.509: Token-based Authentication and Authorization for HEP



Jul 12, 2018, 10:00 AM

30m

Hall 3 (National Palace of Culture)

presentation

Track 3 – Distribute...

Plenary

### Speaker

Andrea Ceccanti

### Description

X.509 certificates and **VOMS** have proved to be a secure and reliable solution for authentication and authorization on the Grid, but also showed usability issues and required the development of ad-hoc services and libraries to support VO-based authorization schemes in Grid middleware and experiment computing frameworks. The need to move beyond X.509 certificates is recognized as an important objective in the **HEP R&D roadmap for software and computing**, to overcome the usability issues of the current AAI and embrace recent advancement in web technologies widely adopted in industry, but also to enable the secure composition of computing and storage resources provisioned across heterogeneous providers (e.g., Grid, private and commercial clouds, HPC centers) in order to meet the computing needs of HL-LHC. A flexible and usable AAI based on modern technologies (such as OpenID Connect, OAuth 2, Json Web Tokens (JWTs)) is a key enabler of such secure composition, and has been a major topic of research of the recently concluded **INDIGO-DataCloud project**.

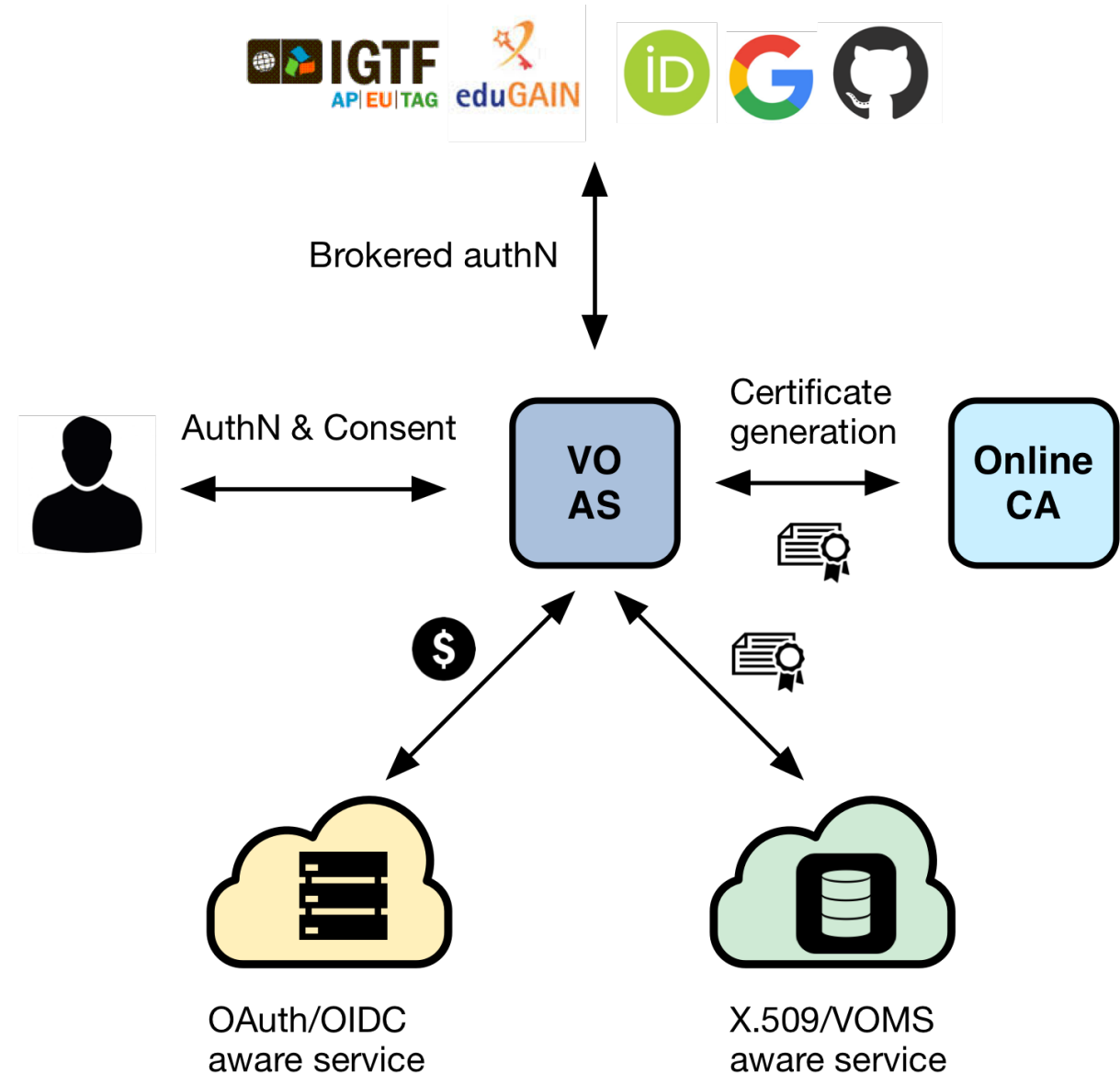
# Motivations for Change

- **Industry Standards**
  - Tokens are widely adopted in industry, leading to software which already supports tokens, and many standard libraries when integration is needed
- **Ease of Use**
  - X.509 certificates are difficult to handle for users, and unfamiliar to those entering
  - Prevalence of Token flows in industry/social applications makes the workflow easier to learn
- **Flexible Authentication**
  - Hard to integrate identity federations with VOMS, where a token infrastructure brings us steps closer towards this
- **Finer Grained Access Control**
  - Tokens provide direct routes for AuthZ relying on user attributes or capabilities
- **Security Benefits**
  - The usage of audiences and scopes allows restricting tokens to specific jobs or services with greater levels of flexibility



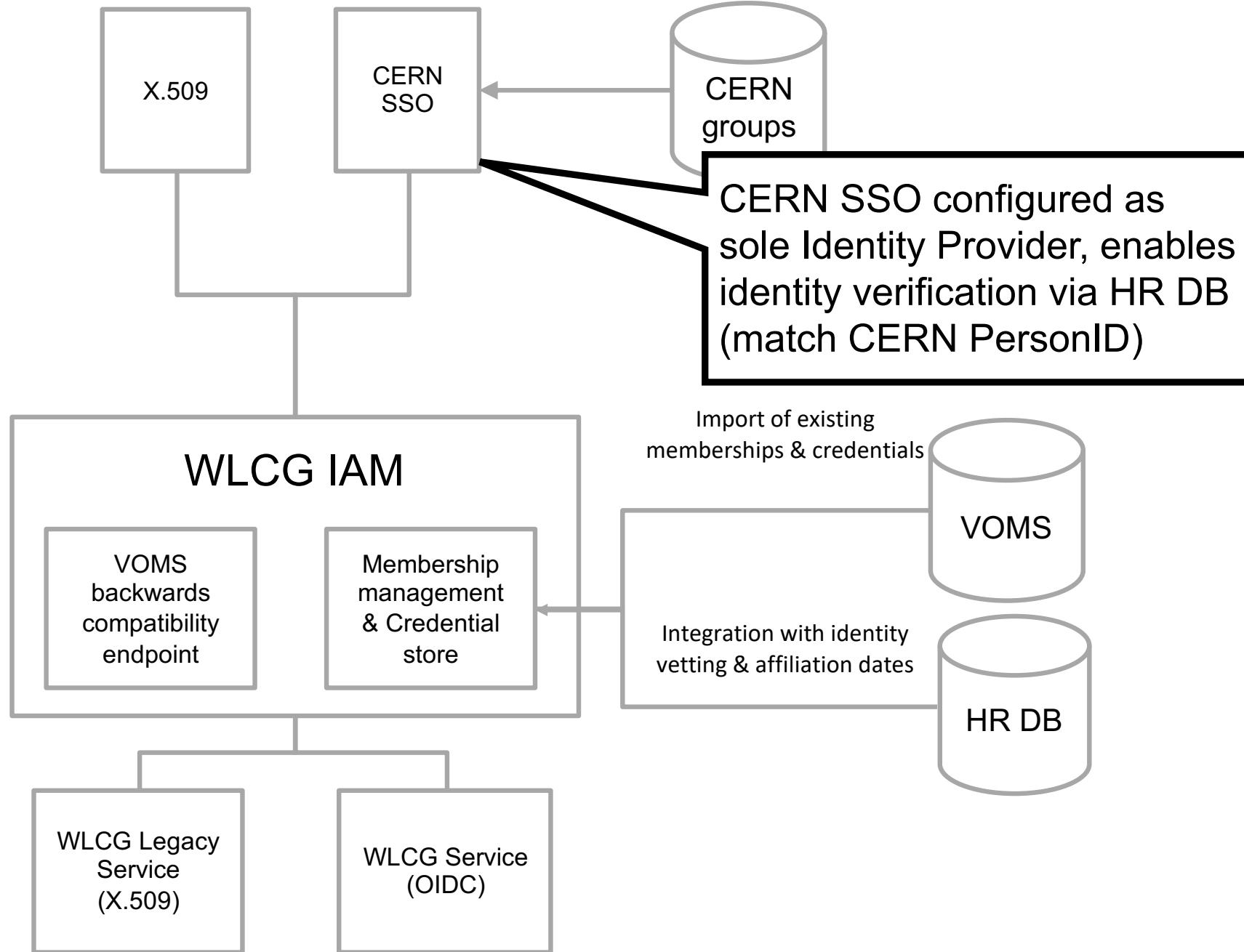
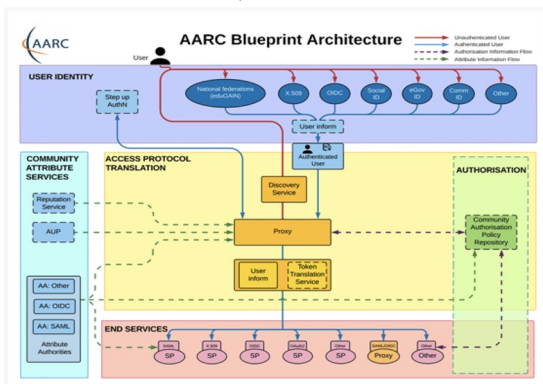
# Token Based AAI for WLCG

- VO Scoped Token issuers, which can:
  - Support multiple authentication mechanisms
    - Currently supporting CERN SSO or X.509
  - Provide users with a persistent VO-Scoped identity
  - Expose identity information, attributes and capabilities to services via JWT tokens and standard OAuth & OpenID Connect protocols
  - Integrate with existing VOMS-aware services
  - Support both Web and non-Web access, delegation, and token renewal
- WLCG uses **INDIGO IAM** as its issuer



# WLCG Token Infrastructure Design

Follows the AARC Blueprint: <https://aarc-community.org/architecture/> but not all AEGIS recommendations



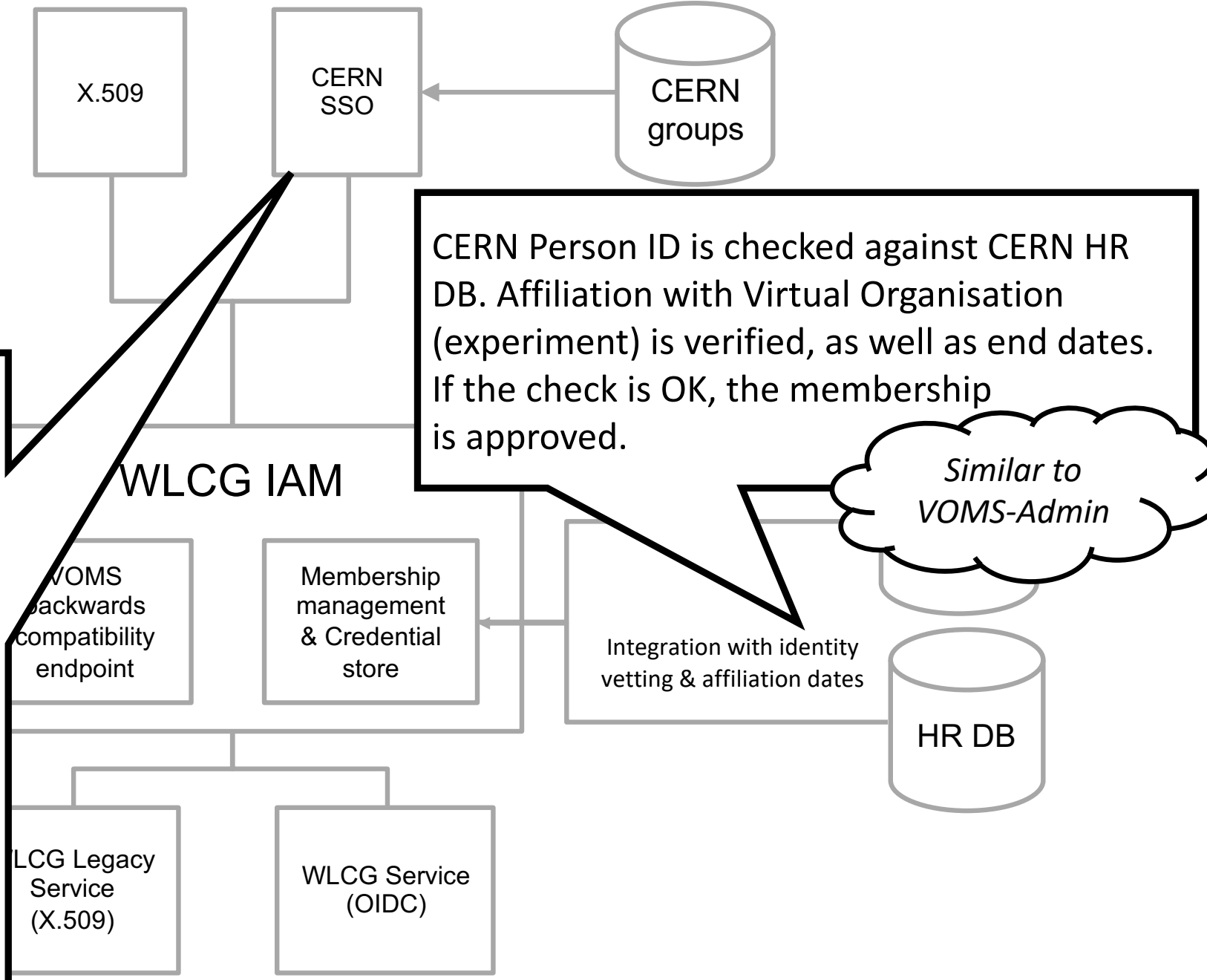
CERN SSO configured as sole Identity Provider, enables identity verification via HR DB (match CERN PersonID)

# WLCG Token Infrastructure Design

CERN SSO releases:

- Name,
- Email,
- CERN Person ID (indicates HR has performed ID check),
- CERN Kerberos Principal
- ...

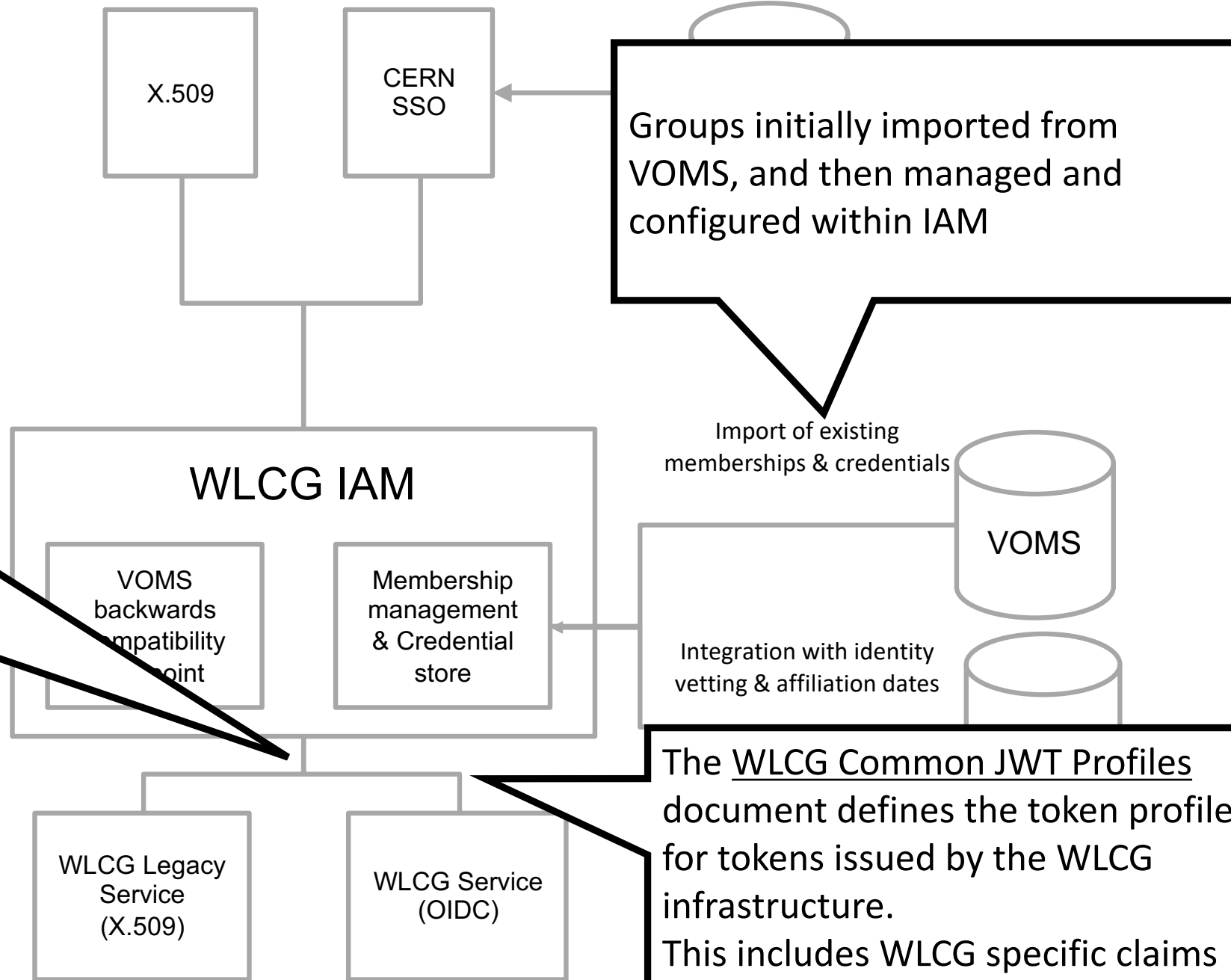
Currently LHC experiment members can have CERN accounts, and so all access is via CERN SSO or Linked X.509, but aim is to work towards removing this need in future



# WLCG Token Infrastructure Design

Outbound communication of user information to end services, which can be used to establish authorization.

VOMS proxies can still be used for as long as they are needed.



# Token uptake in WLCG and beyond

- IAM instances are in production for the four LHC experiments
  - Contents are automatically replicated *from* VOMS-Admin
    - Modulo known issues with workarounds
  - IAM VOMS endpoints have been in production use by ATLAS and CMS for over a year, alongside the legacy VOMS services
- ATLAS **must**, and CMS & SAM ETF **can** use tokens to *submit* pilot jobs to HTCondor CEs
  - These jobs still use X.509 VOMS proxies for **data management**, etc.
  - In particular the CEs on **OSG**, which only support tokens since May 2022
  - Still rely on X.509 for ARC-CEs
- For ALICE, LHCb, Belle-II, ... these matters are currently WIP
- DUNE and Fermilab are progressing with tokens from *CILogon*
  - This supports the WLCG token profile, with DUNE using WLCG tokens
  - Hashicorp *Vault* is used to store refresh tokens, with *htgettoken* as a user interface





# WLCG INDIGO IAM Deployments



Welcome to **ALICE**

Sign in with

CERN SSO

Not a member?

Apply for an account



Welcome to **atlas**

Sign in with

CERN SSO

Not a member?

Apply for an account



Welcome to **cms**

Sign in with

CERN SSO

Not a member?

Apply for an account



Welcome to **lhcb**

Sign in with

CERN SSO

Not a member?

Apply for an account

IAM Dashboard: <https://<experiment>--auth.web.cern.ch>

VOMS endpoint: <https://voms-<experiment>-auth.app.cern.ch>



**WLCG**  
Worldwide LHC Computing Grid

# WLCG INDIGO IAM Deployments

Plus the WLCG Testing Instance,  
which is run by CNAF:  
[wlcg.cloud.cnaf.infn.it](https://wlcg.cloud.cnaf.infn.it)

The image shows a collage of logos for ATLAS, CMS, and LHCb. In the foreground, a WLCG login interface is displayed. The interface includes the WLCG logo (Worldwide LHC Computing Grid) and the text "Welcome to wlcg". Below this, there are input fields for "Username" and "Password", a "Sign in" button, and a link for "Forgot your password?". Below the login fields, there is a section for "Or sign in with" which includes buttons for "Your X.509 certificate" and "CERN SSO". At the bottom of the interface, there are buttons for "CERN SSO", "Not a member?", and "Apply for an account".

IAM Dashboard: <https://<experiment>--auth.web.cern.ch>

VOMS endpoint: <https://voms-<experiment>-auth.app.cern.ch>

# Deployment Technical Details

- Deployed on CERN's **Openshift** infrastructure
- IAM runs in **Docker** containers
- Configuration managed using CERN's **gitlab**
- Logs sent to Elasticsearch
- Deployment managed by **Kubectl**
- Sectigo certificate for IAM dashboard
- CERN Grid Host Certificate for VOMS endpoint
  - CERN's CP/CPS was updated to allow this with EUGridPMA approval



# Token Transition Status

From the [Token Transition Timeline](#):

- M.2 (Dec 2022) DIRAC versions supporting job submission tokens deployed for concerned VOs
  - [LHCb have upgraded to v8.0 and validated job submission to HTCondor and ARC CEs with tokens](#)
  - [Currently planned for Belle-II in summer](#)
- M.3 (Feb 2023) VOMS-Admin is switched off for one or more experiments
  - [Supporting work underway, but pushed back to allow for further IAM development to improve on VO use-cases and concerns](#)
- M.4 (Mar 2023) HTCondor installations at EGI sites have been upgraded to supported versions > 9.0.x
  - [Work in progress, but expected date postponed.](#)
- M.5 (Mar 2023) End of HTCondor support for GSI Auth ([link](#))
  - [Postponed to May](#)
- M.6 (Mar 2023) Some storage endpoints provide support for tokens
  - [Several CMS production storage services already pass token tests](#)
  - [A number of early adopters within ATLAS](#)

*For further details on M.4 and M.5, see the [March GDB update](#) presentation*

# Token Transition Status

From the [Token Transition Timeline](#):

- M.7 (Feb 2024) Rucio / DIRAC / FTS have sufficient token support in released versions to perform DC24 using token authorization.
  - Currently WIP
- M.8 (Mar 2024) Sufficient storage endpoints support tokens to allow DC24 to be done using only tokens.
  - Having WLCG token support ready in time for DC24 is a major current emphasis
- M.9 (Mar 2025) Grid jobs use tokens for reading and stageout.
  - Requiring changes also *inside* the job pilots

# Conclusions and outlook

- Though the token transition timeline has seen some delays, progress has been steady in many areas concerned

The main milestones at this time are about:

- The switch to HTCondor CE versions that no longer support GSI
  - Several scenarios to smooth the transition for legacy use cases
- Integration and deployment ready to run DC24 using tokens only
  - Aim for production-quality infrastructure at the majority of sites (preferably all T0/1 plus the big T2 sites)
- To be continued as we work towards:
  - ***M.10 (Mar 2026) Users no longer need X509 certificates!***
    - There is a longer gap between M.9 (Mar 25) and M.10 (Mar 26), so as to allow the development of scenarios and workflows to ensure a smooth *user* transition

