

Run Group-M Update

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Run Group-M

- RGM is made up of two proposals will investigate two important physics processes:
- Short Range Correlations E12-17-006A
- Electrons for Neutrinos E12-17-006

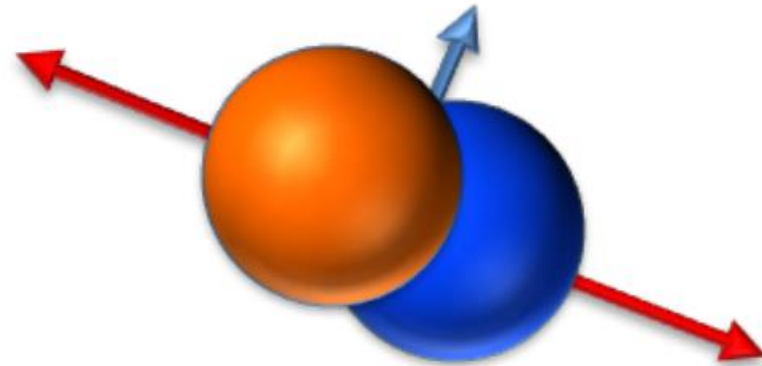
Short Range Correlations (SRCs)

Short range, short lived,
highly correlated pairs

r-space

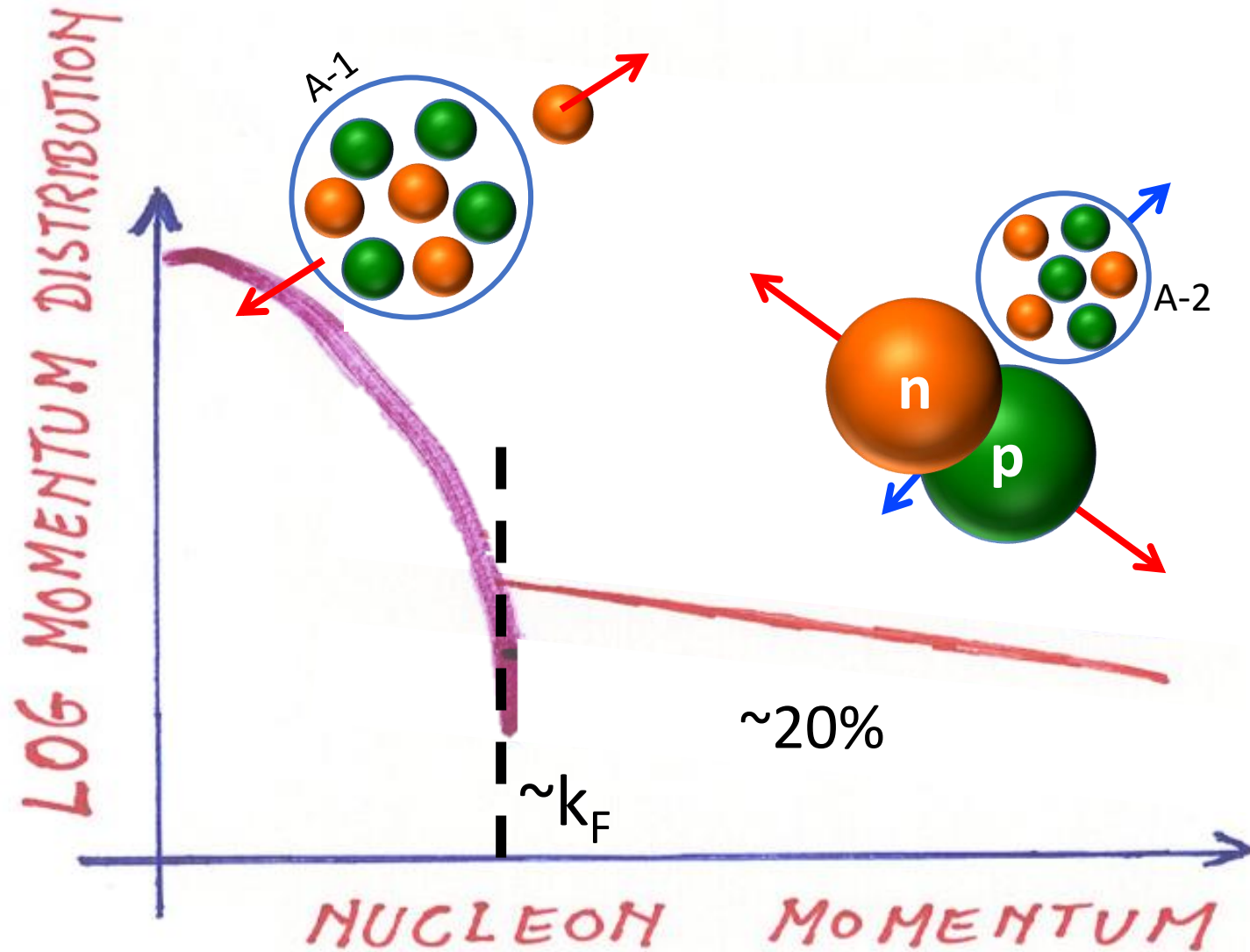


High **relative** momentum
Low **center of mass** momentum

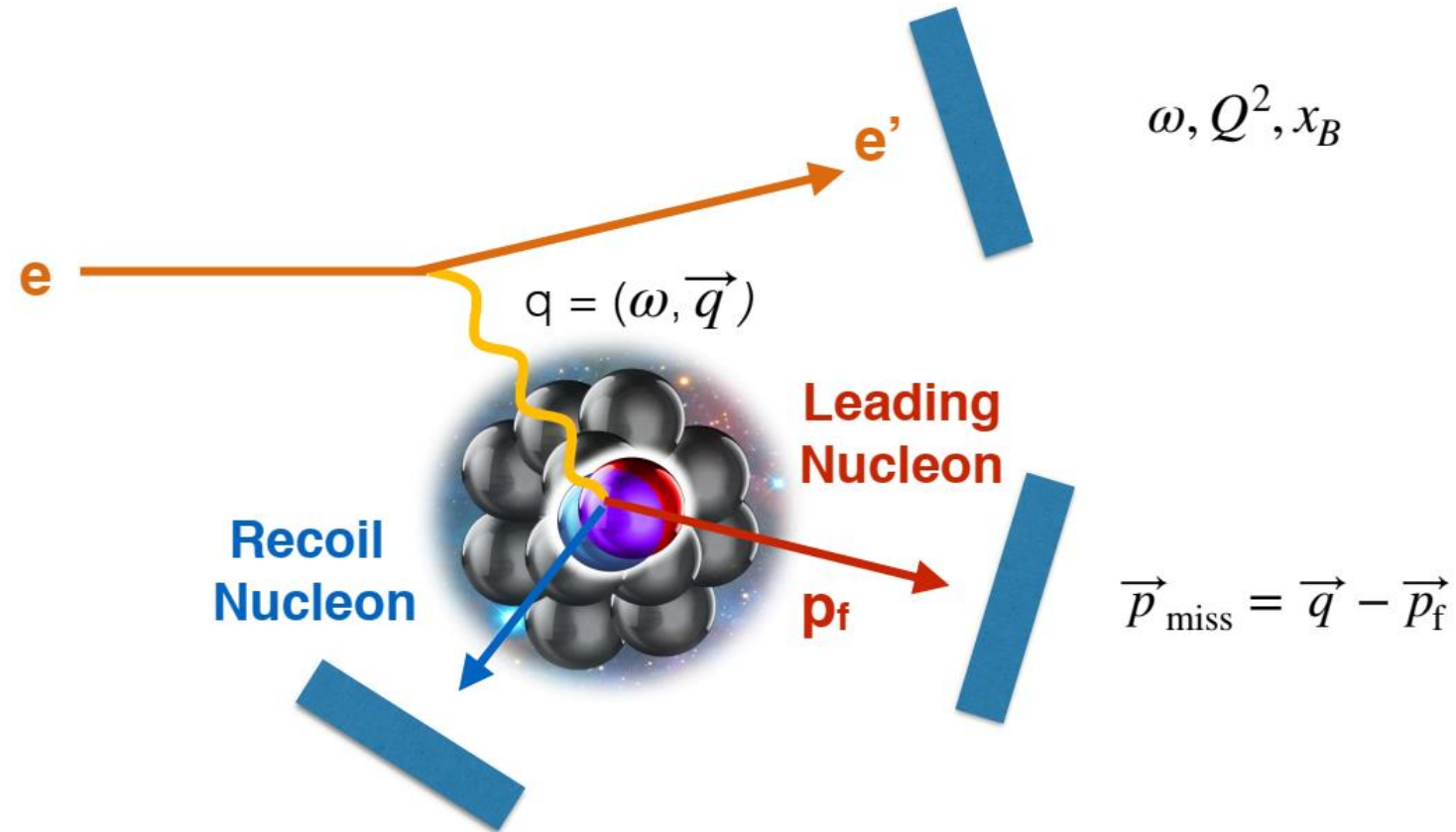


k-space

High momentum tail

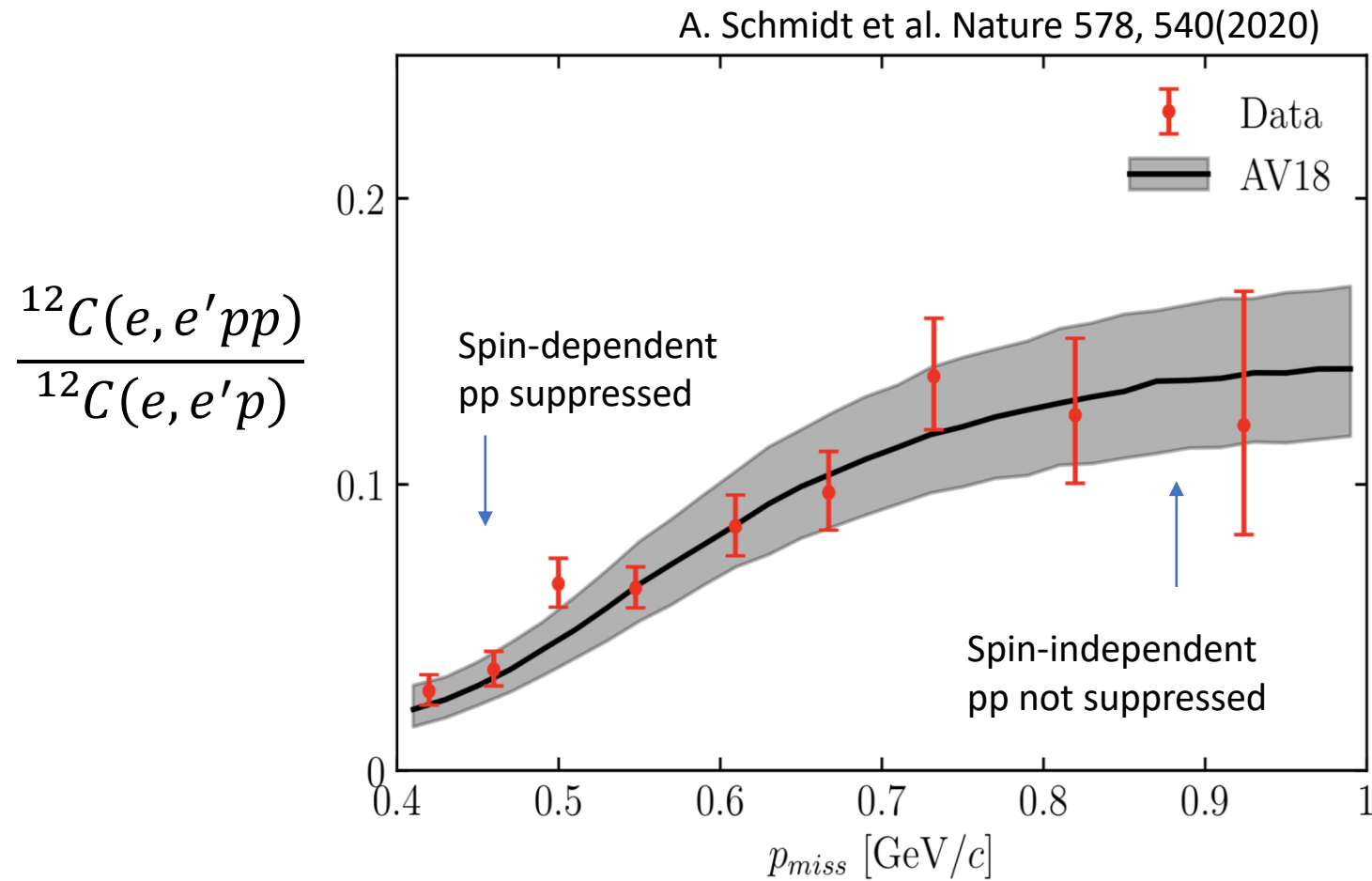


Electron scattering off an SRC pair



- (e,e') inclusive
- (e,e'N)
- (e,e'NN)

SRC Program Previous Success



SRC Program Previous Success

- Tremendous success of the CLAS6 data mining SRC program with few signal counts (Science, Nature, etc.)
- With increased luminosity and CLAS12 we are expecting 10 -40x more data
- Over a wider range of nuclei
- Explore more observables and mass and isospin scaling

2018-20 SRC CLAS Publications:

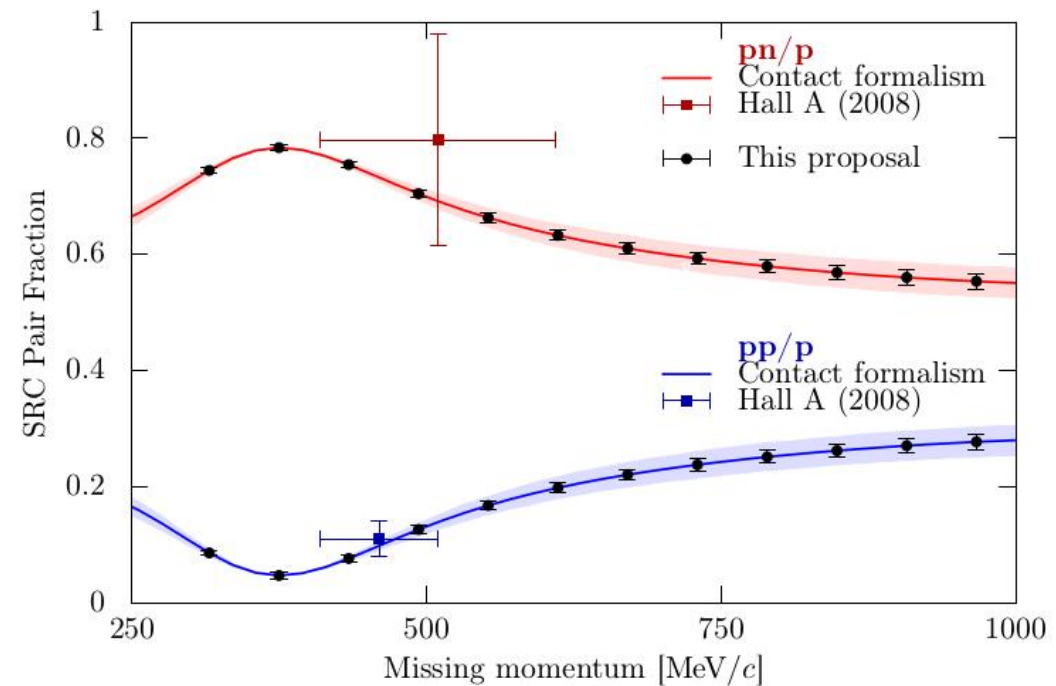
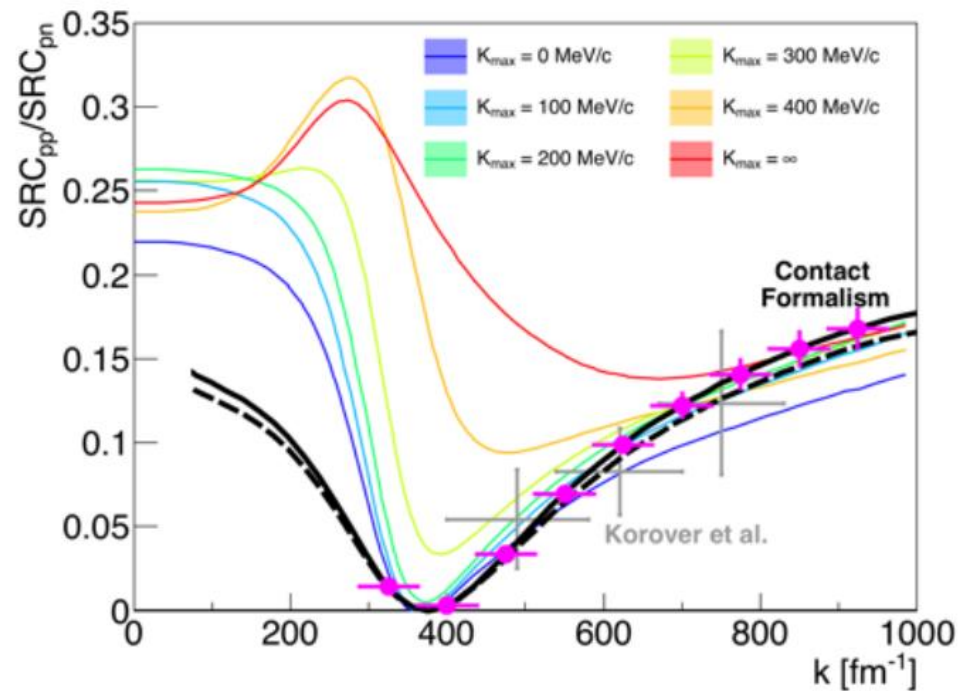
- Nature 578, 540 (2020)
- Nature 566, 354 (2019)
- Nature 560, 617 (2018)
- PRL 122, 172502 (2019)
- PRL 121, 092501 (2018)
- Phys. Lett. B 797, 134792 (2019)

Follow up Theory Publications

- Phys. Lett. B 805, 135429 (2020)
- Phys. Lett. B 791, 242 (2019)
- Phys. Lett. B 785, 304 (2018)
- Phys. Lett. B 780, 211 (2018)

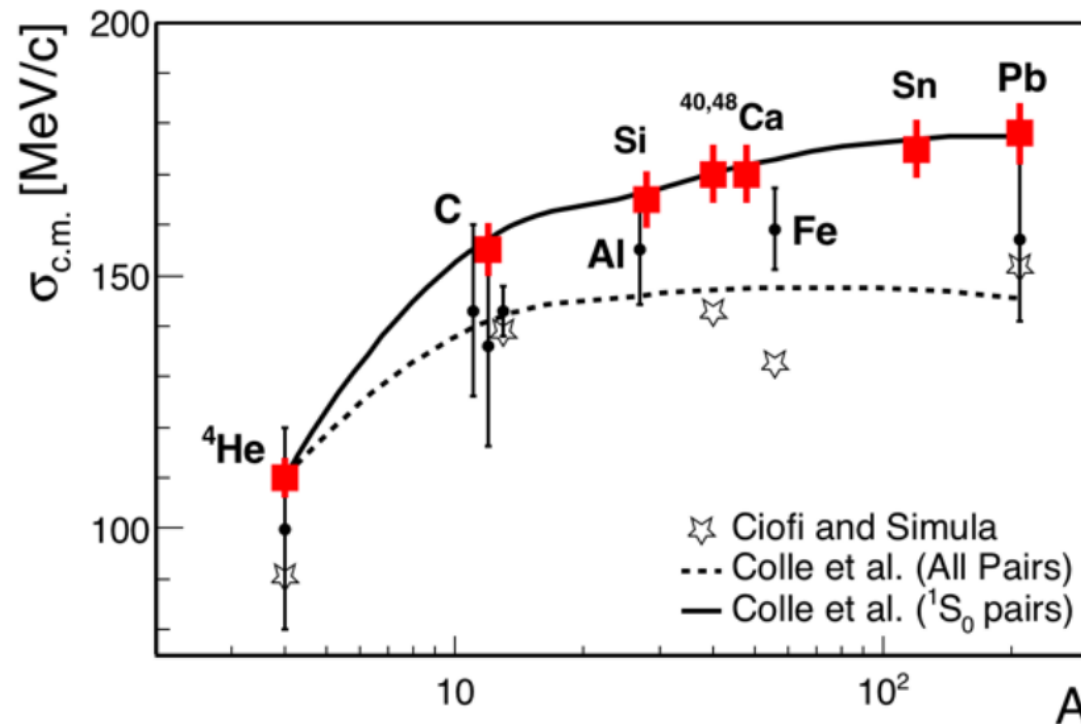
Goals of RGM

- Constrain NN interaction and nuclear wave function



Goals of RGM

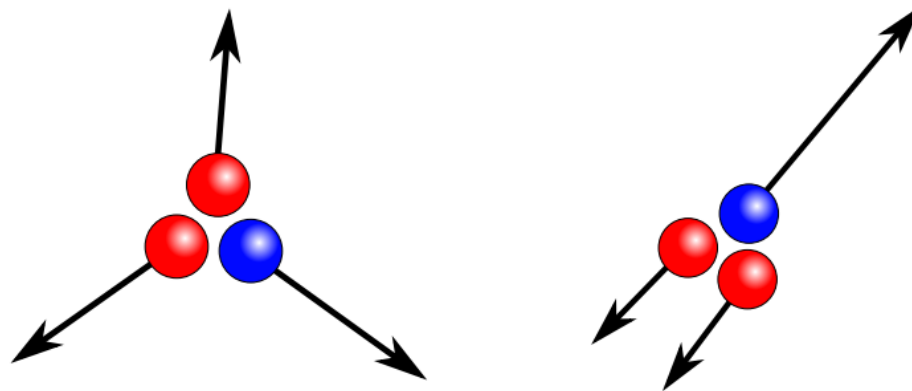
- Constrain NN interaction and nuclear wave function
- SRC formation processes



Goals of RGM

- NN interaction and nuclear wave function
- SRC formation processes
- 3N SRC pair observation

1st Observation & A-dependence

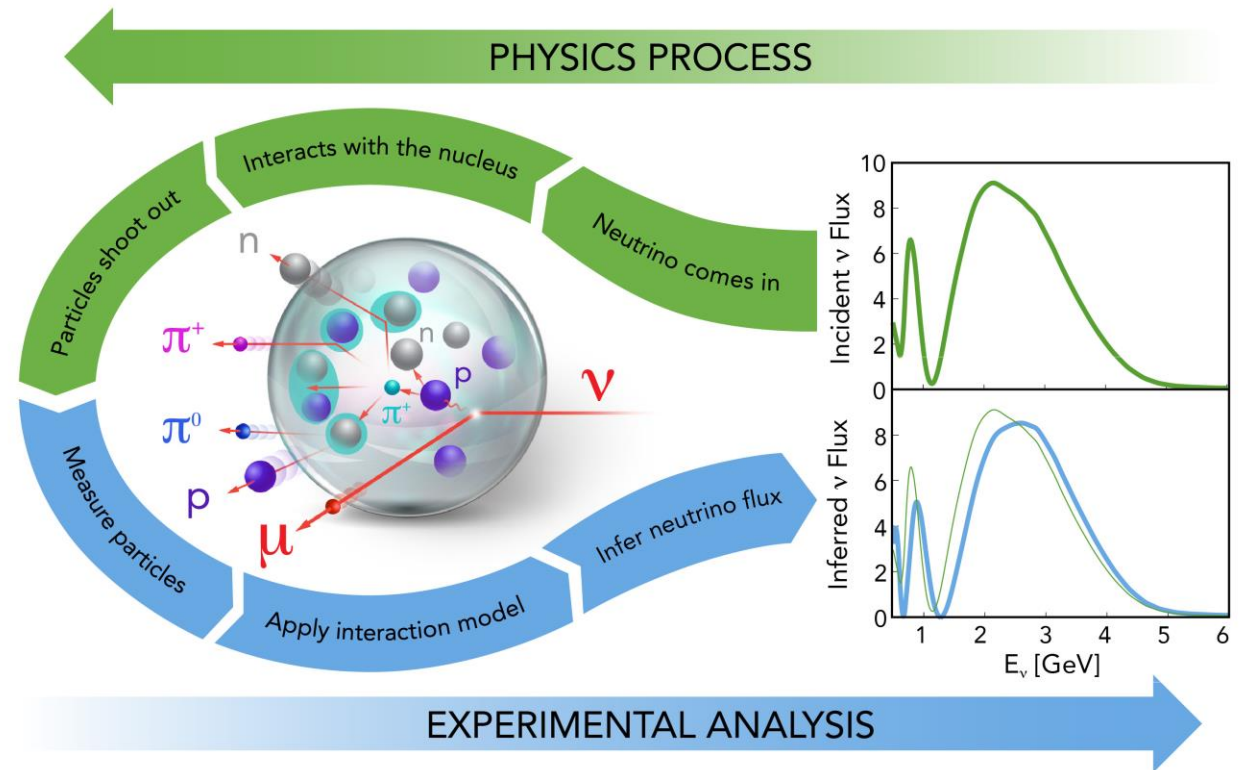


Goals of RGM

- NN interaction and nuclear wave function
- SRC formation processes
- 3N SRC pair observation
- Reaction mechanisms

Electrons for Neutrinos - $e4\nu$

- Neutrino oscillation experiments requires reconstruction of incident neutrino energy
- Requires well understood models for neutrino interaction
- Electrons and neutrinos interact with nuclei in similar ways
- Test energy reconstruction over wide range of nuclei relevant to these experiments



RGM Status

- Beam energies 2, 4, 6 GeV
- 30 PAC days scheduled October
- Standard CLAS12 configuration
 - Forward Tagger off (extra shielding)
 - LTCC empty
 - vacuum pipe downstream of target to reduce backgrounds
 - BAND (Backward Angle Neutron Detector)
- Detailed run plan draft
 - <https://bit.ly/3gZXpmE>

Run Plan			
	Beam Energy	Target	PAC Days
outbending	2	C	1
	2	Ar	1
inbending	4	H	1
	4	C	1
	4	Ar	1
	6	H	1
inbending	6	<i>d</i>	4
	6	⁴ He	4
	6	Sn	2.5
	6	Ar	1.5
	6	⁴⁰ Ca	3
	6	⁴⁸ Ca	3
	6	C	3
	Overhead + empty		3
	Total		30

RGM Targets

- Liquid targets H,D,He,Ar
- Solid targets: C, Sn, Ca
- Target assembly
- Acceptance matching of C, Sn solid targets to liquid targets

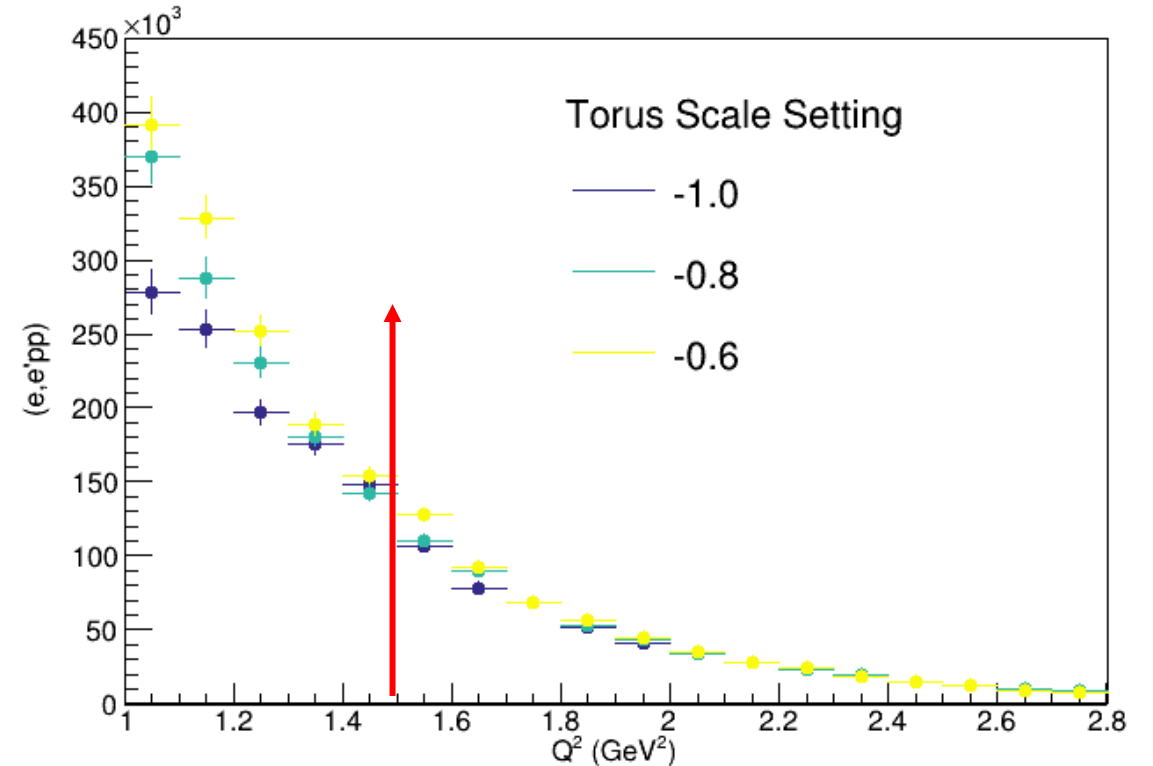
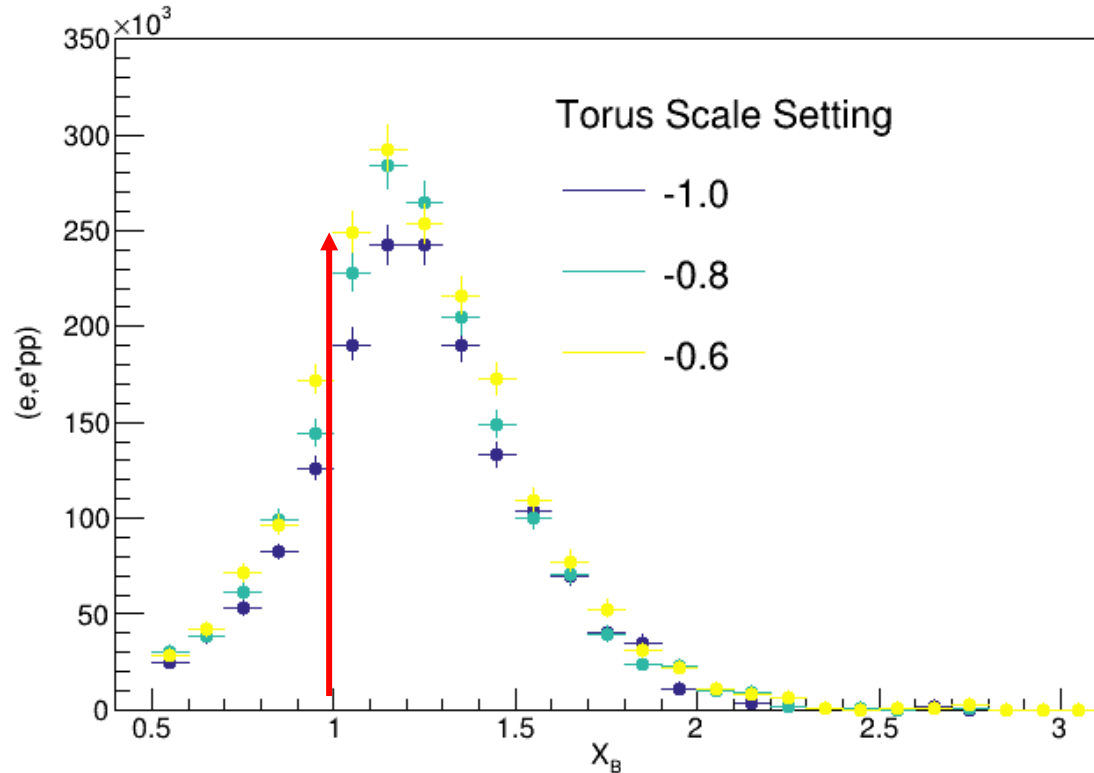
Prior goals (March)

- Data analysis of Deuterium data from RGB
- Developing online monitoring scripts
- Practicing calibration and cooking procedures
- Simulate lower torus field settings in lower beams
 - Lower torus field or not?
- Simulate electron threshold settings
- Cook small set of Engineering runs from RGA which are relevant to RGM (lower beam energies, solenoid, and toroidal fields combinations)

Completed since last update

- Finished MC simulations for torus settings & electron thresholds
- Final stages of calibrating and a final cook for Engineering Runs
- Solid targets ordered, testing, and are being assembled
- Liquid target cells tested and ready to run

Torus Simulations (6 GeV in-bending)

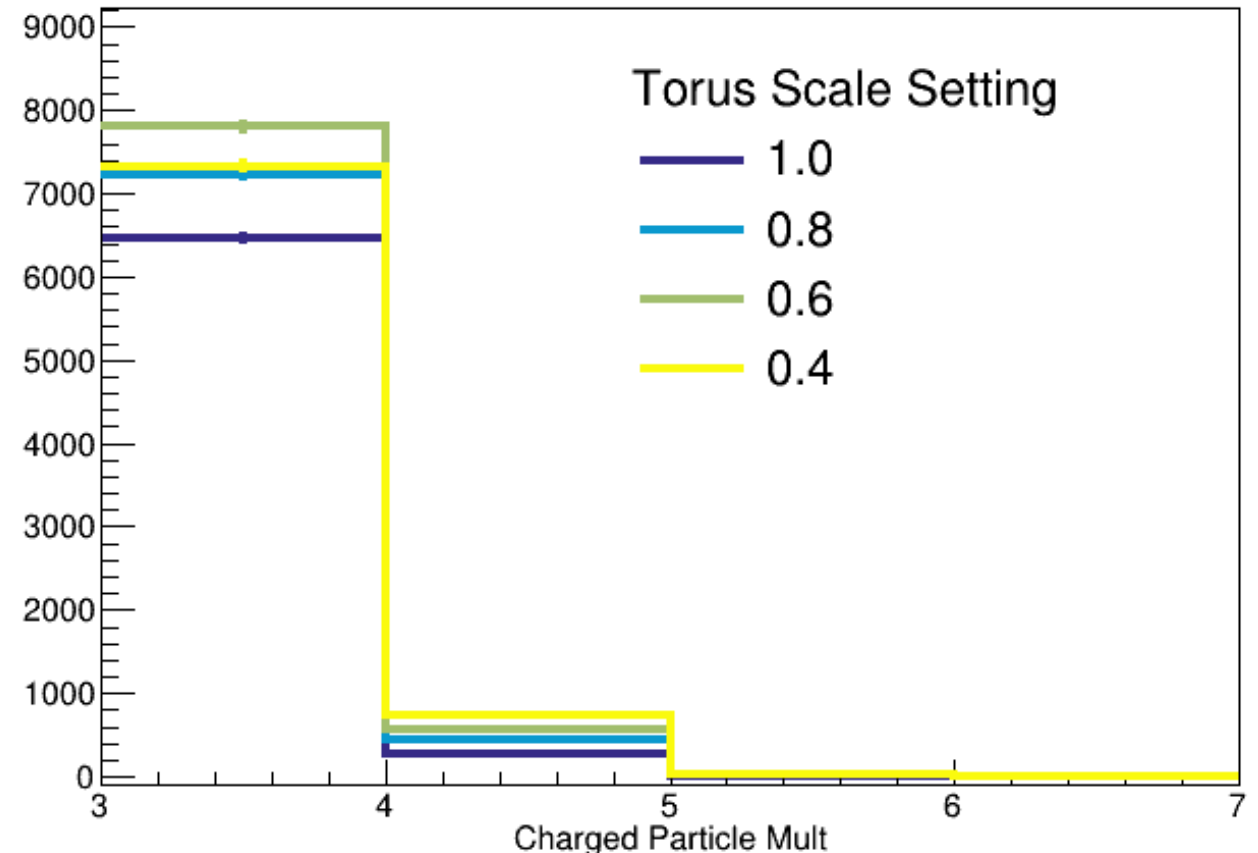


Lowering torus field will:

- Worsen resolution
- Deviate from prior CLAS12 experience
- Provide very little to no increase within the cuts we are taking
- Conclusion: Keep full in-bending. Similar story at 4 GeV staying with previous CLAS12 experience

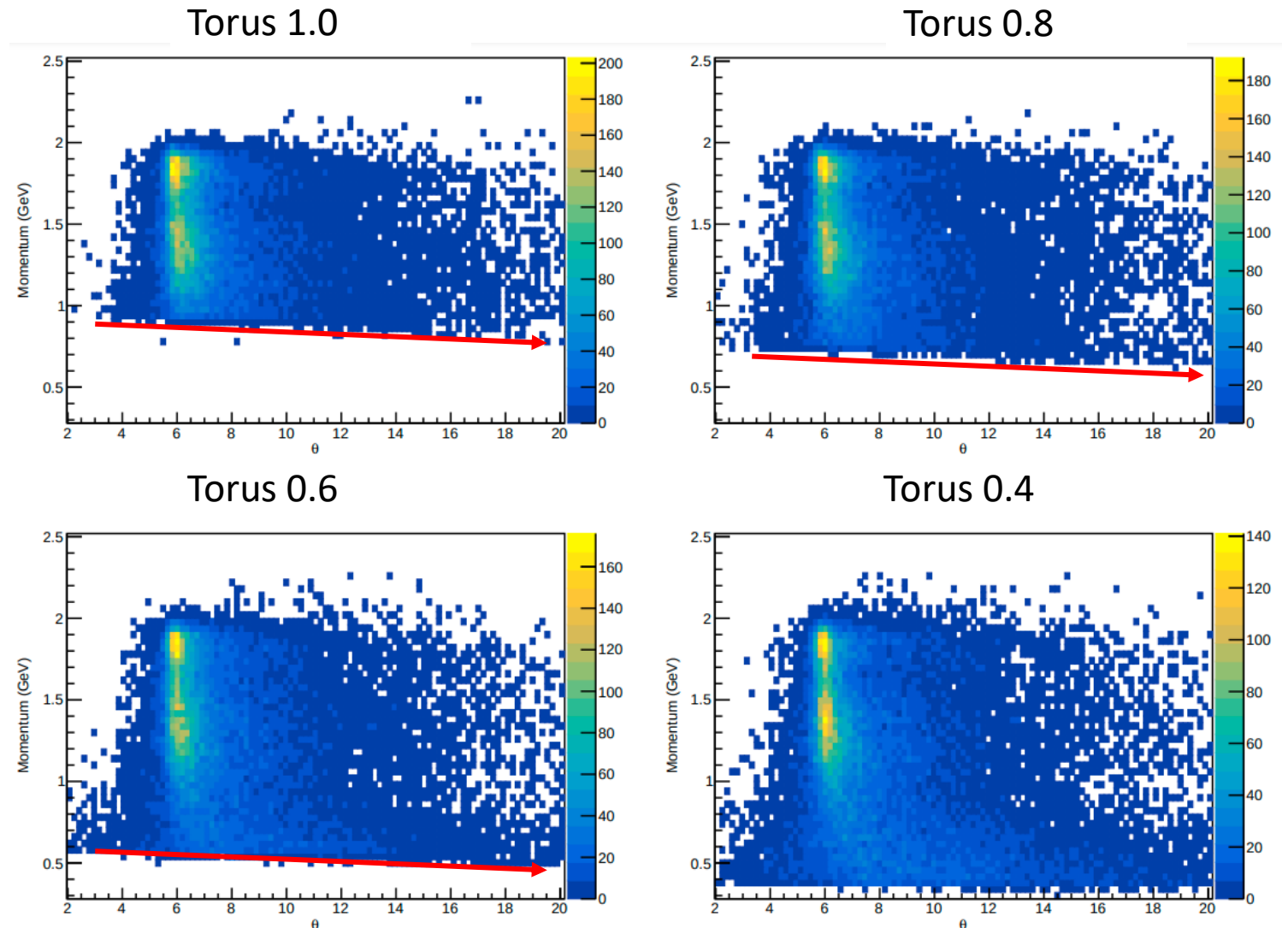
Torus Simulations (2 GeV out-bending)

- 2 GeV is relevant to $e4\nu$ (neutrinos) experiment
- Here we want to maximize the charged particle multiplicity > 2
 - Orders of magnitude higher counts $Mc = 2$
- Maximum between 0.6 and 0.4
- Conclusion: 0.5 out-bending at 2 GeV; also consistent with previous CLAS12 settings



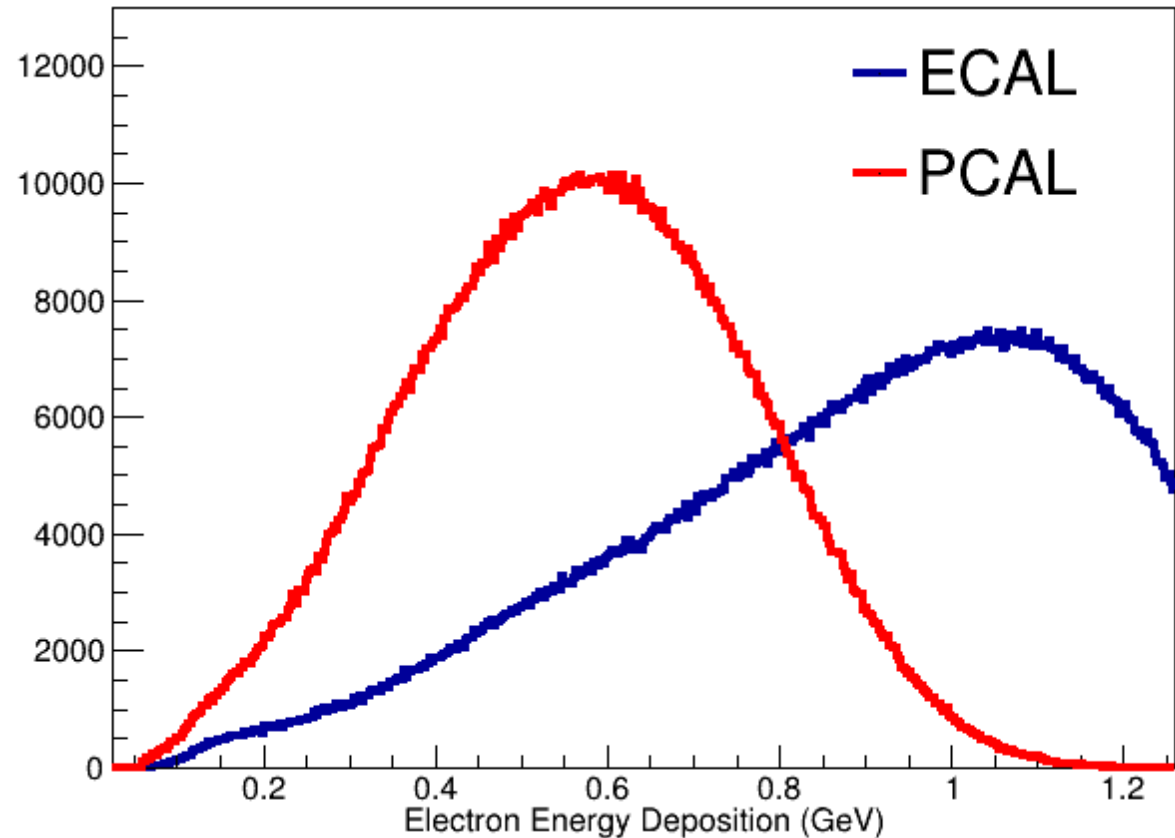
Electron Acceptance Simulations (2 GeV out-bending)

- Minimum electron momentum accepted depends on the torus strength
- Conclusion: Torus strength of 0.5 out-bending gives sufficiently low electron momenta



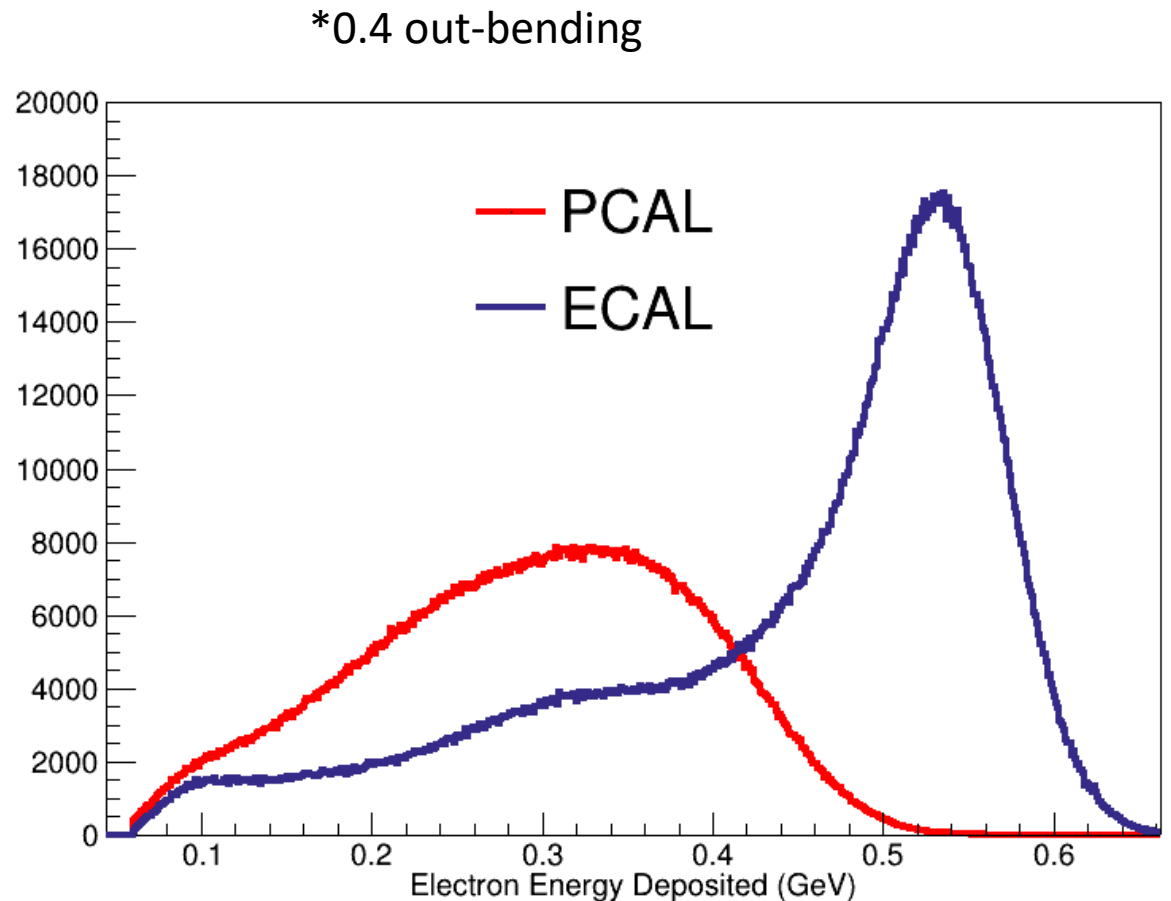
Electron threshold settings (6 GeV)

- Relevant threshold quantities:
 - $ECAL = E_{IN} + E_{OUT} + PCAL$
 - PCAL
- Typical CLAS12 thresholds:
 - ECAL ~ 100 MeV
 - PCAL ~ 60 MeV
- Consistent with our simulations
- Increasing threshold does not negatively affect physics signal



Electron threshold settings (2 GeV)

- Relevant threshold quantities:
 - $ECAL = E_{IN} + E_{OUT} + PCAL$
 - PCAL
- Typical CLAS12 thresholds:
 - ECAL ~ 100 MeV
 - PCAL ~ 60 MeV
- Consistent with our simulations
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Current ongoing preparations

- Developed semi-online physics monitoring code CLAS12root
- Combined with typical monitoring plots used to monitor CLAS12 this will ensure we see the expected counts in our physics channels of interest
 - Not expecting any neutron analysis to be semi-online
- BAND installation will be in July
- Ongoing analysis to understand CLAS12 resolutions
- Solid targets should be finished by end of July

RGM calibrations

- Chef and Analysis coordinator involved in CALCOM
- Set of Engineering data calibrated and cooked for Beam offset, FTOF, DC
- HTCC, FT, FTOF, CND remaining calibrations
- Cooking and calibrating this data set has provided a critical preparation for the real online production calibrations and cooking

Looking ahead

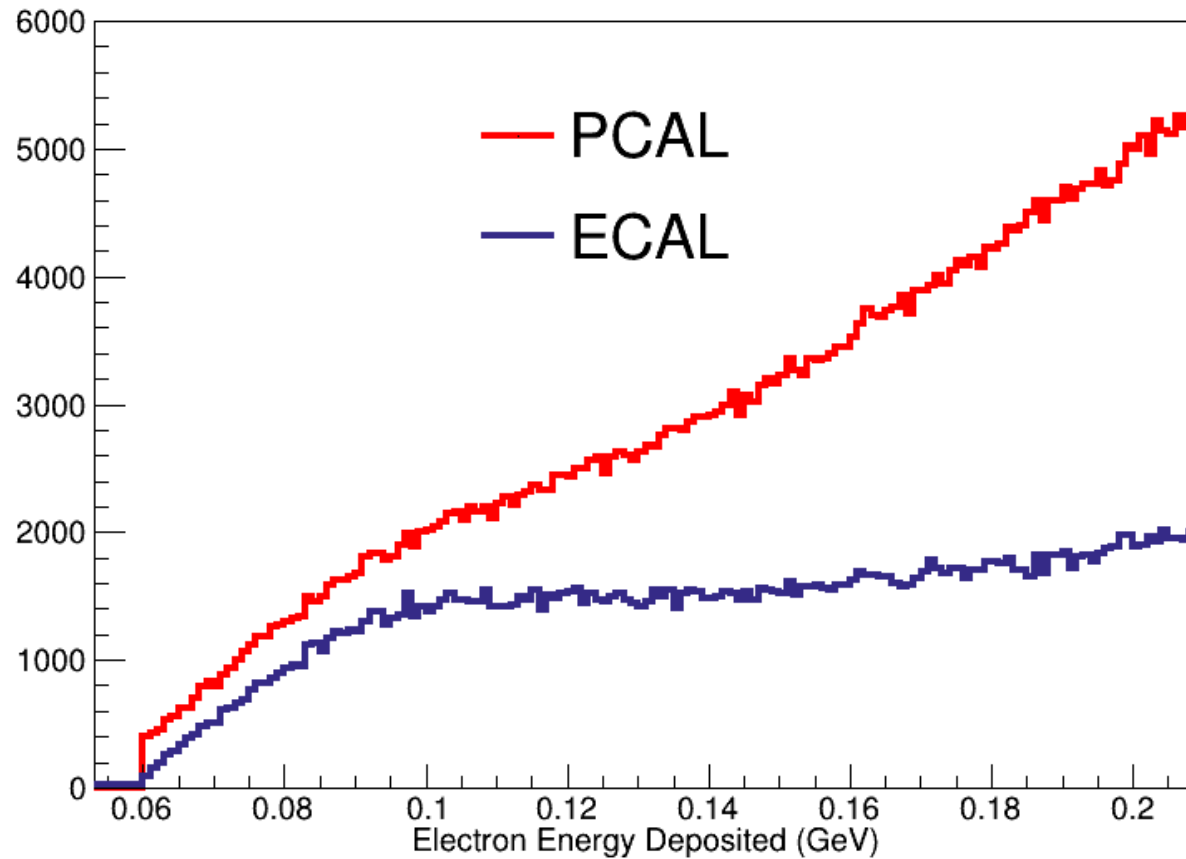
- Install BAND
- Mature online monitoring analysis
- Collect all monitoring scripts and practice/train
- Preparation for data taking and lab access

RGM Targets

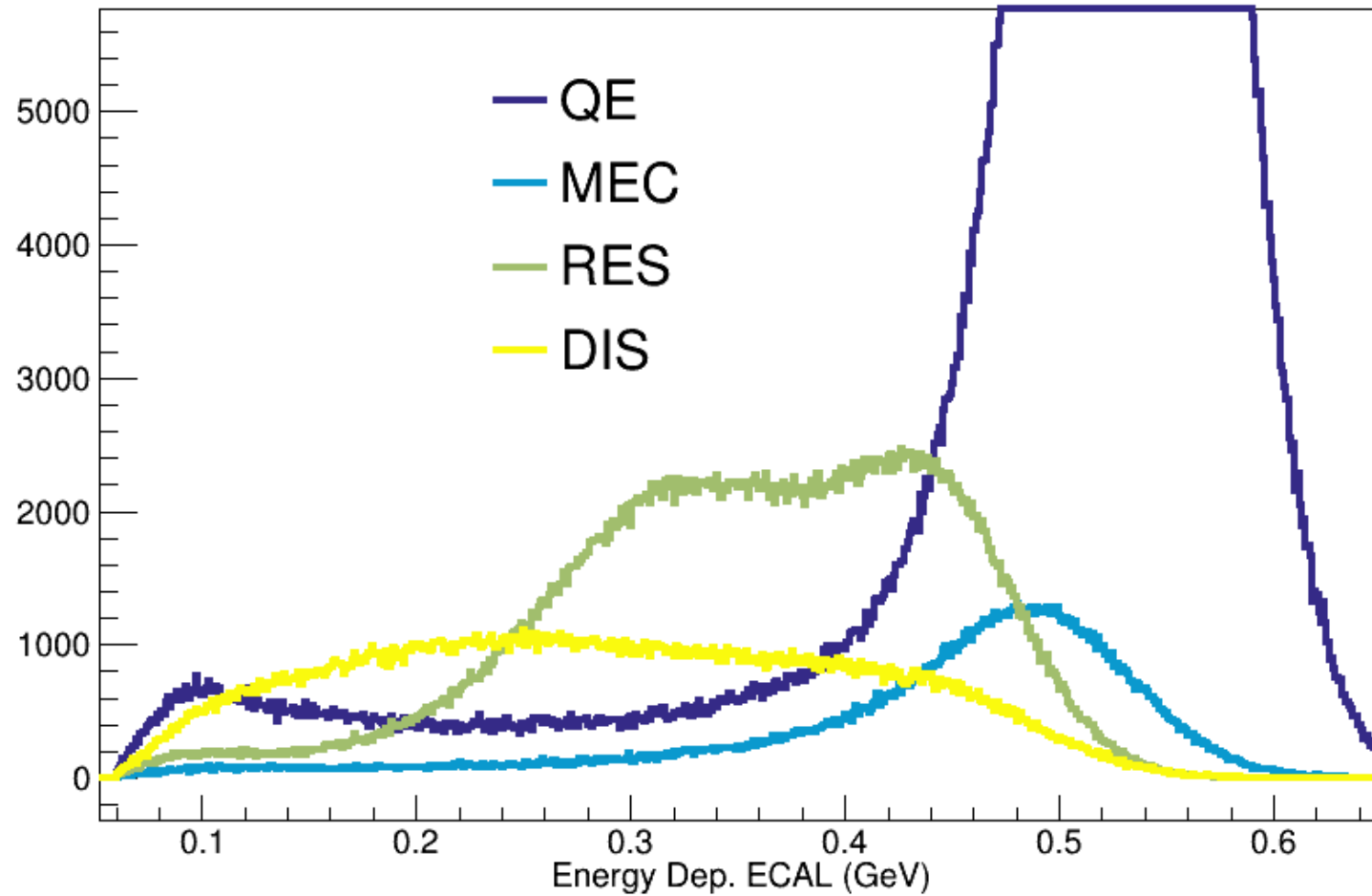
Liquid Targets	Target Thickness (cm)
D	5
He	5
H	5
Ar	0.5

Nuclear Targets	Areal Density (mg cm ⁻²)	Target Thickness (mm)
⁴⁰ Ca		
⁴⁸ Ca		
C	400	1.8
¹²⁰ Sn	200	0.3
C (multi-foil)	100	0.5
¹²⁰ Sn (multi-foil)	50	0.07

2 GeV (out-bending) Zoom

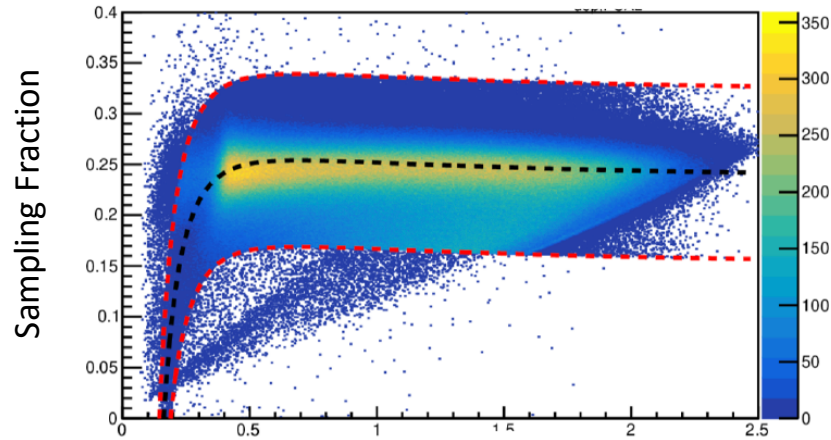


2 GeV (out-bending)

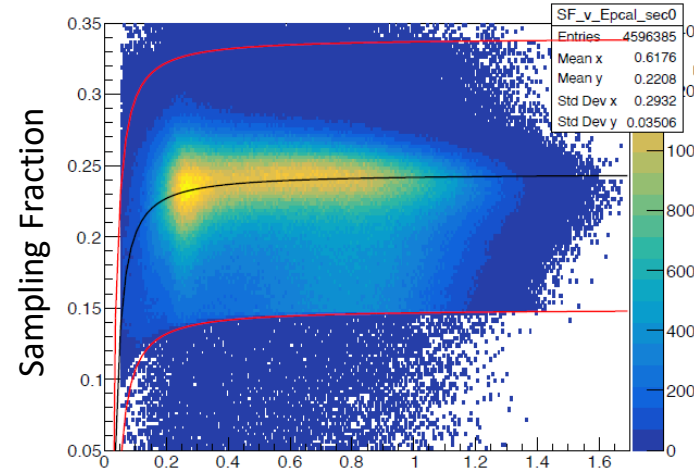


Training Personnel in CLAS12 Analysis

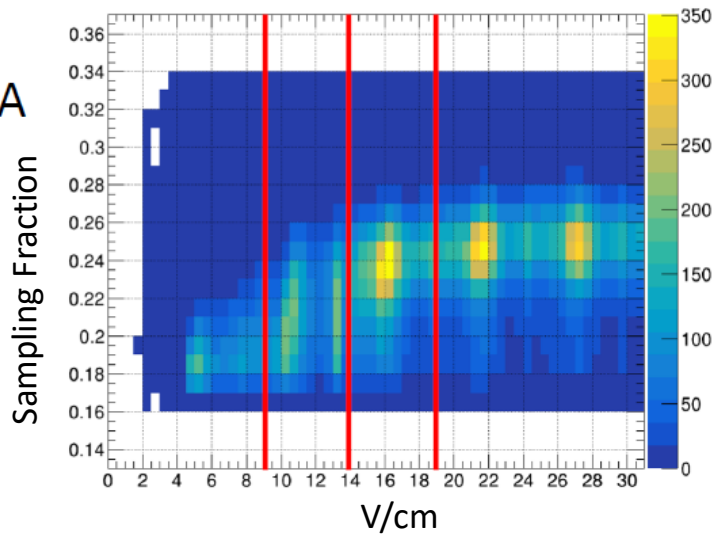
RGA



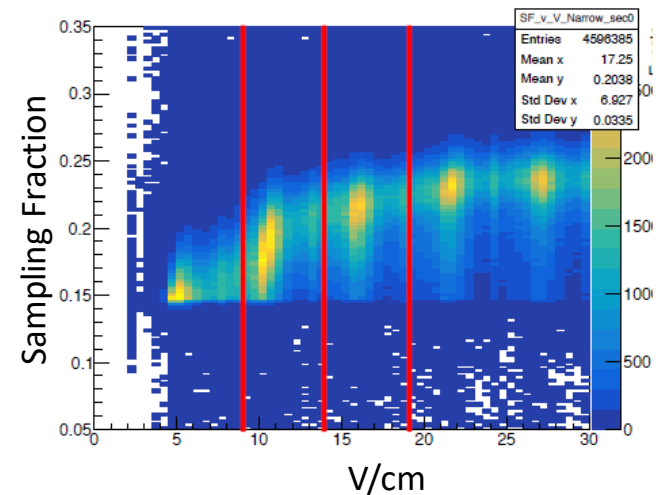
RGB



RGA

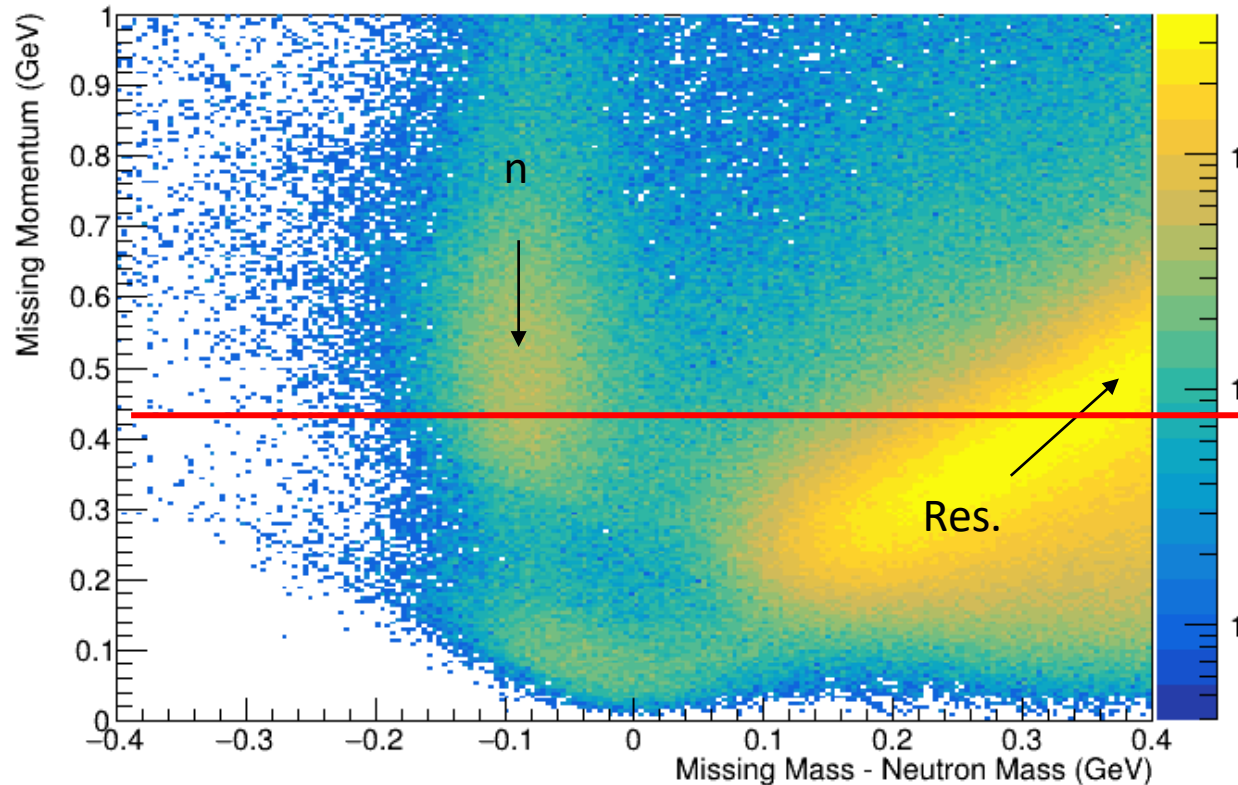


RGB

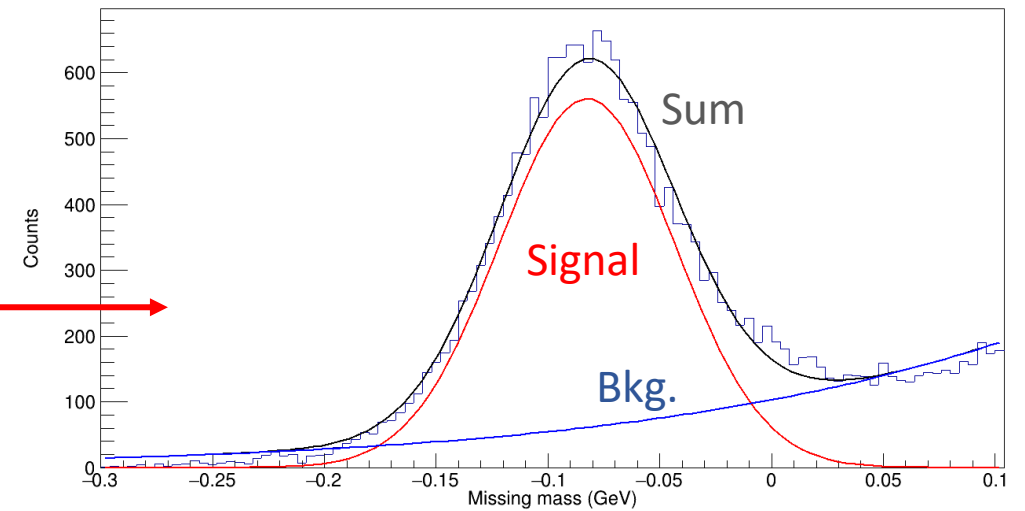


4-GeV Deuterium RGB (e,e'p)n

Protons going in Forward Detector

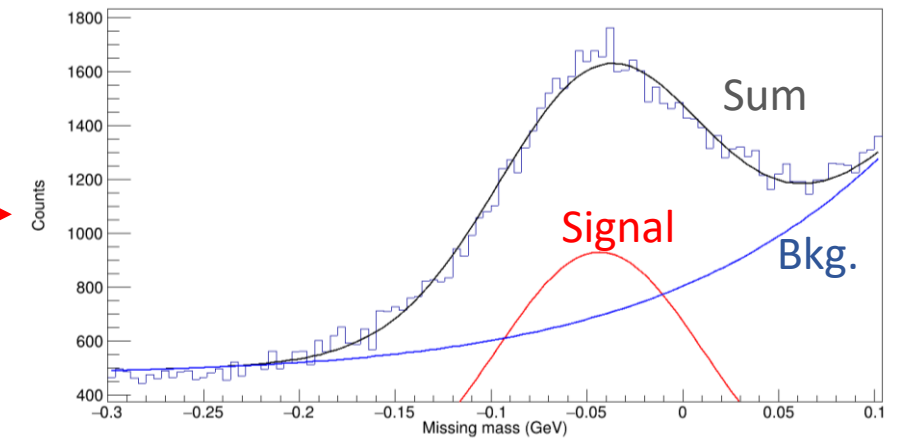
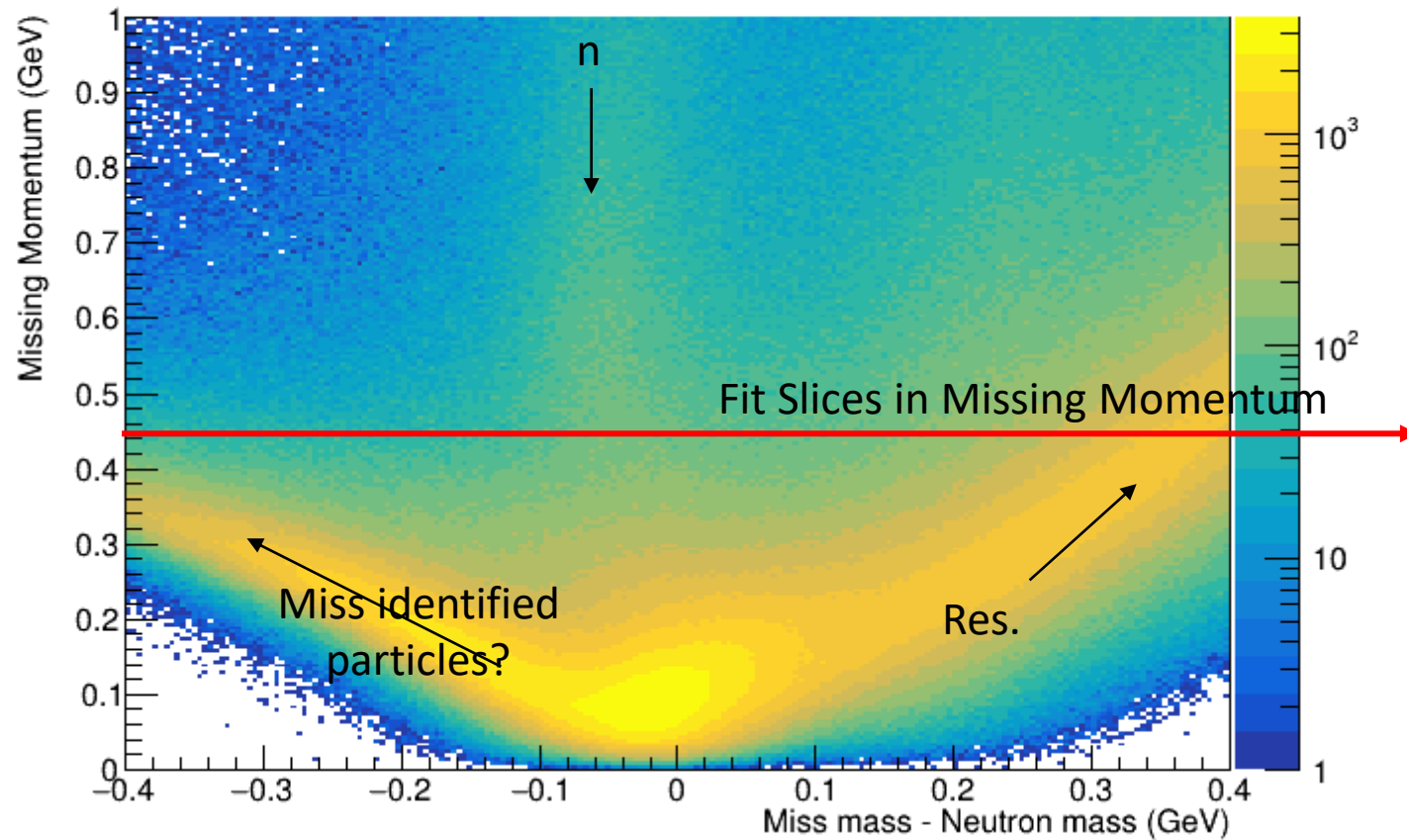


Fit Slices in Missing Momentum



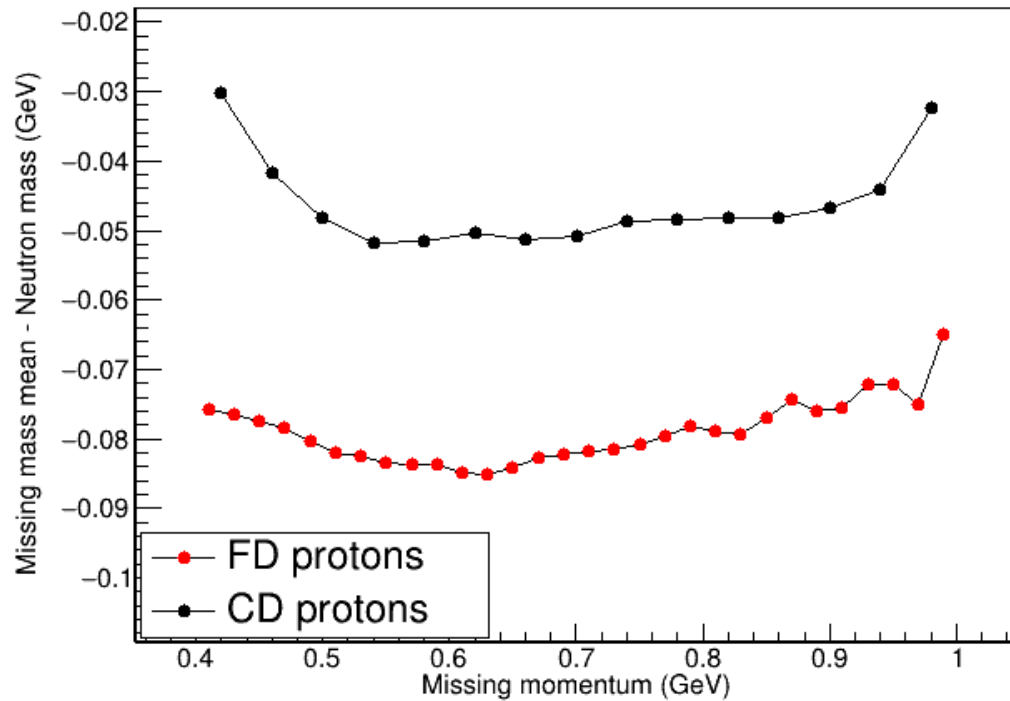
4-GeV Deuterium RGB (e,e'p)n

Protons going in Central Detector

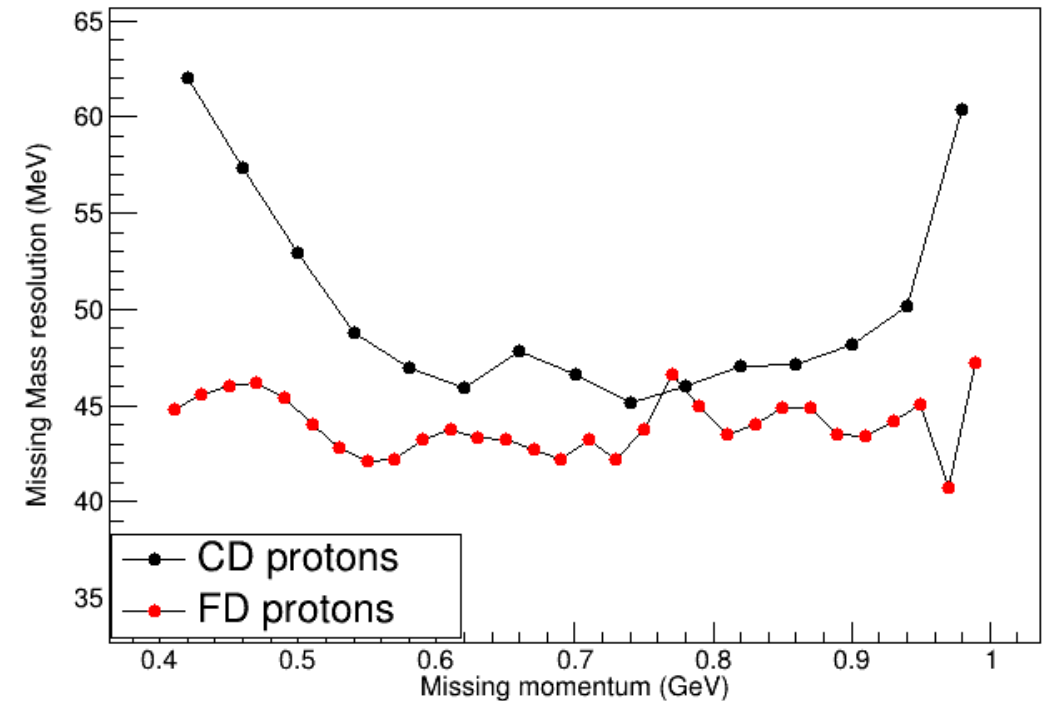


Missing Mass Resolution

Missing Mass Mean



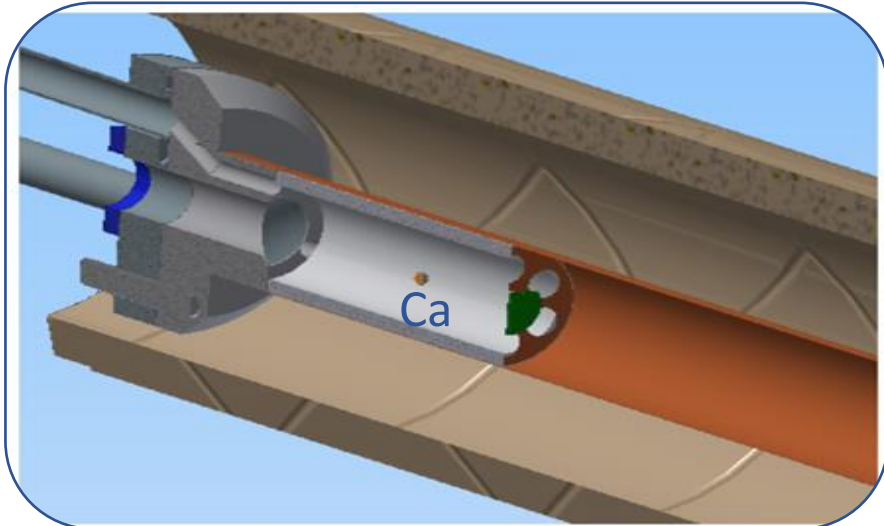
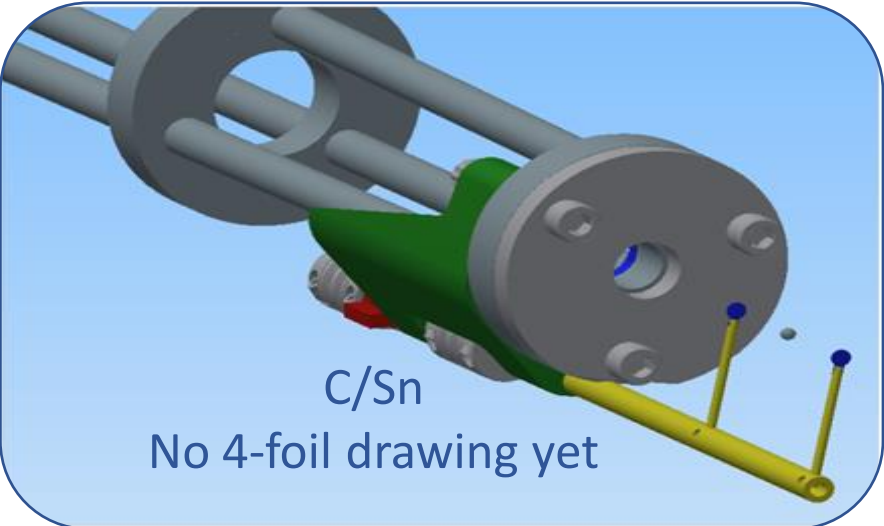
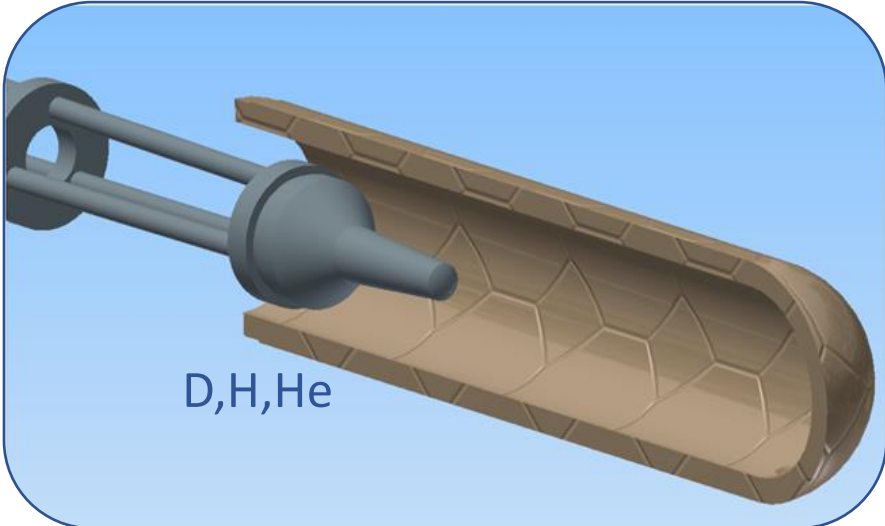
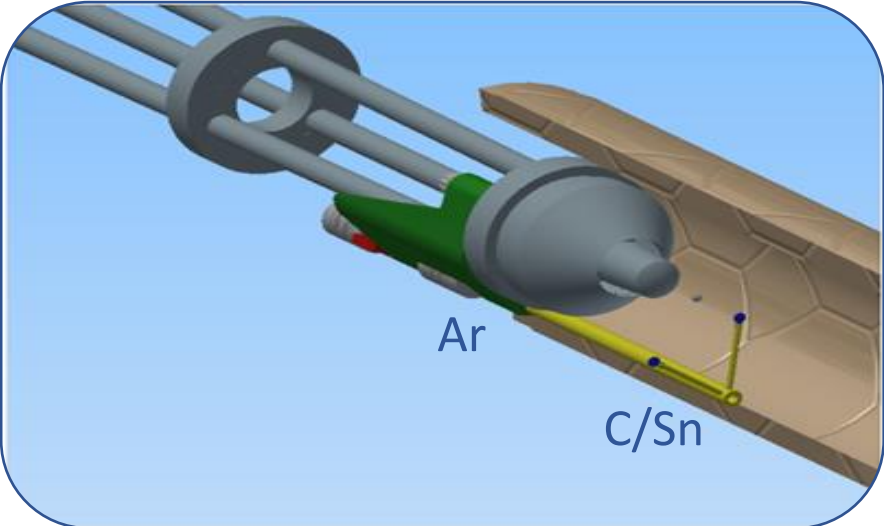
Missing Mass Resolution (1σ)



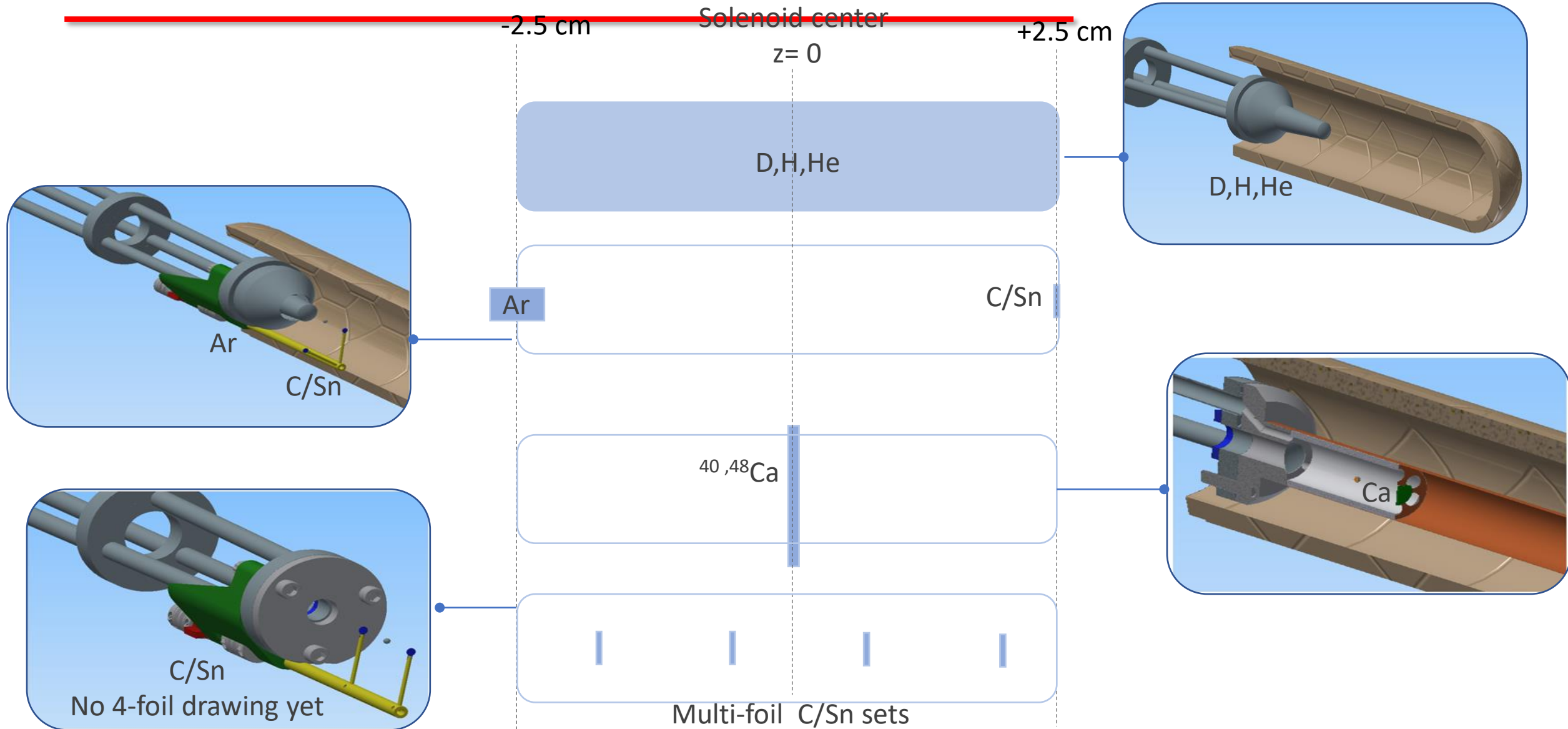
RGM related links

- RGM Weekly meeting
 - https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Run_Group_M
- RGM Wiki
 - https://wiki.jlab.org/clas12-run/index.php/Run_Group_M
- RGM Task Force (Monthly)
 - [https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Template:Hall-B_Run_Group_Task_Forces : RG-M](https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Template:Hall-B_Run_Group_Task_Forces:_RG-M)

RGM Targets



RGM Targets



RGM Targets

- Carbon and Sn targets will have a multi-foil construction
 - approximates the liquid target acceptance
- Target change estimates
 - Empty to Liquid ~ 8 hrs.
 - Liquid \leftrightarrow solid target ~ 22 hours
 - Solid \rightarrow solid target ~ 12 hours