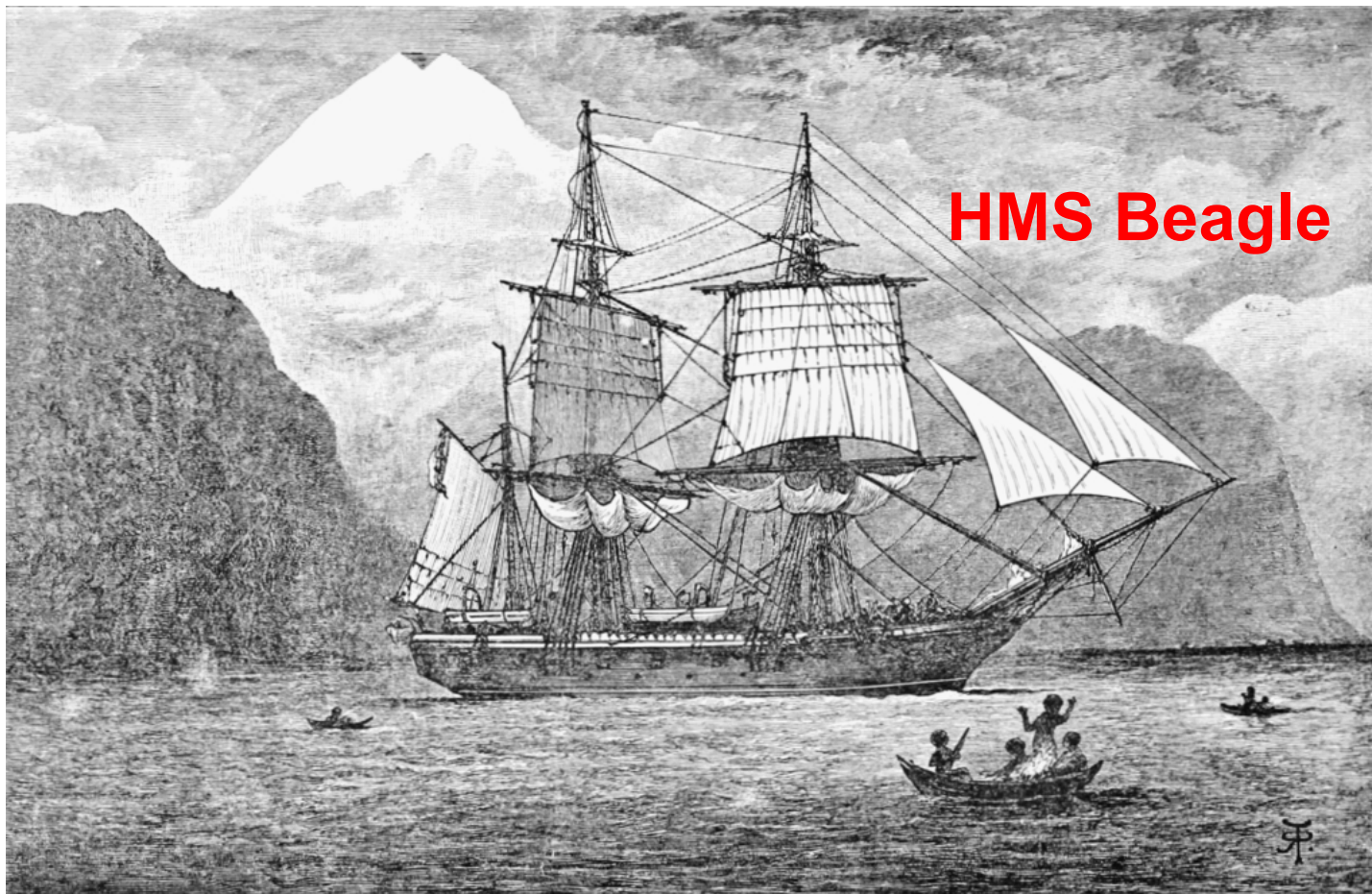


GCF & the BeAGLE Simulation Code

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March 25, 2021

SRC Collaborators

- I. Friscic, D. Higinbotham, F. Hauenstein, O. Hen, C. Hyde, A. Jentsch, D. Nguyen, J. Pybus, A. Schmidt, B. Schmookler, Z. Tu...
- Theory: M. Strickman, R. Venugopalan, C. Weiss

You know GCF! What is BeAGLE?

BeAGLE – Benchmark eA Generator for LEptoproduction

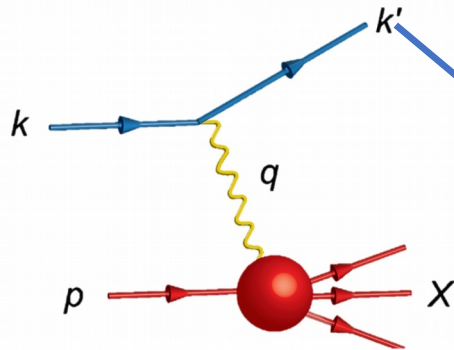
- E.Aschenauer, MDB, W. Chang, A. Jentsch, J.H.Lee, Z. Tu, L.Zheng

Contact: mdbaker @mdbpads.com, @jlab.org, @bnl.gov

- Merger of
 - **Pythia6: hard interaction**
 - MC “Glauber” w/ multinucleon shadowing
 - **DPMJET3-F (DPMJET3+Fluka): nuclear response**
 - **Intranuclear Cascade + Excited nucleus decay**
- Tuned to HERMES & ZEUS & FNAL E665
- Heavily used for EIC IR/Forward Detector Design and studies. See EIC Yellow Report!

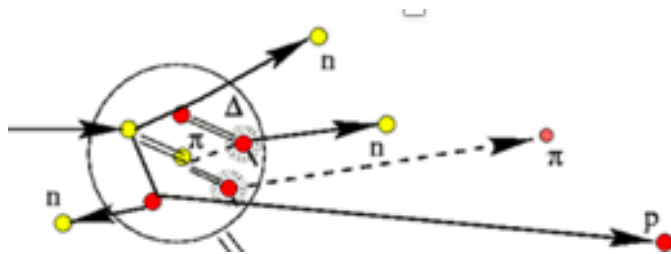
What is BeAGLE?

BeAGLE (**B**enchmark **eA** **G**enerator for **LE**ptoproduction)



Primary interaction treated by **PYTHIA** hard collision.

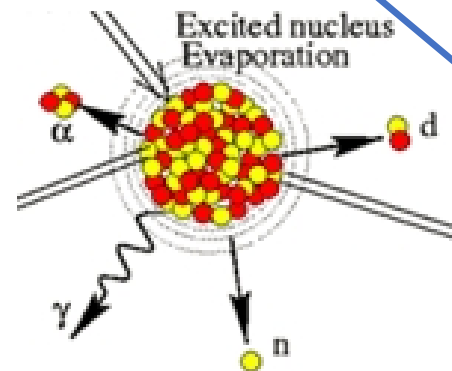
Primary interaction



Intra-nuclear cascade

Nuclear remnant evaporation & breakup

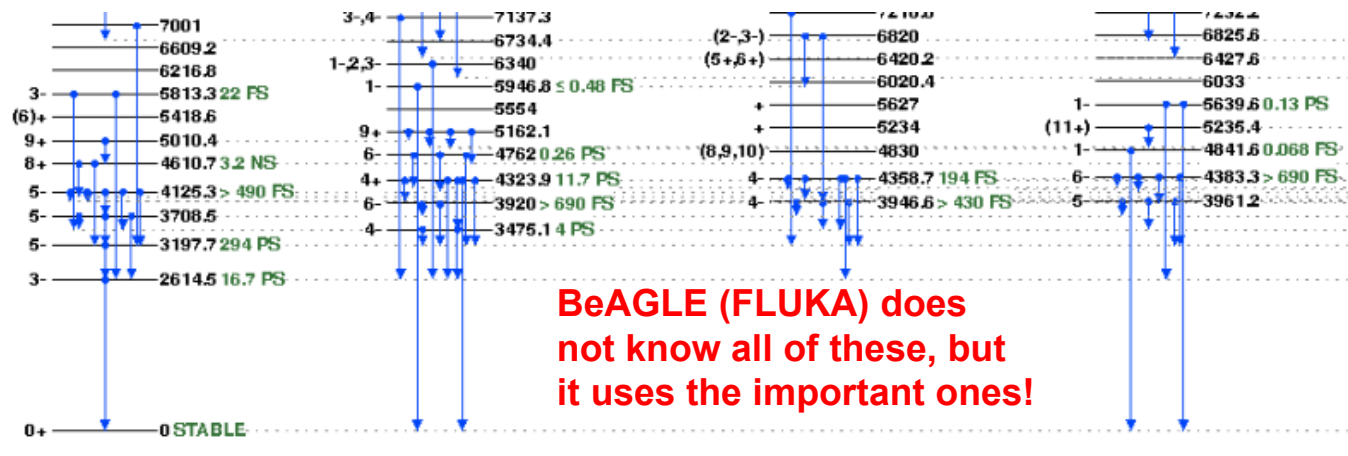
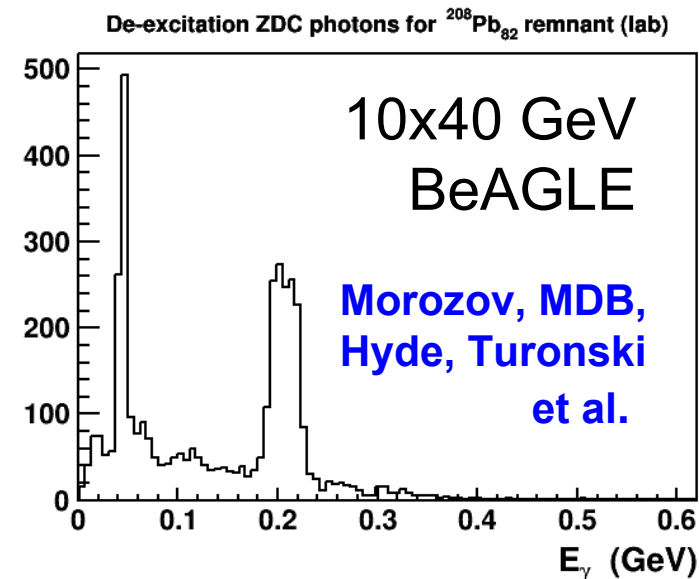
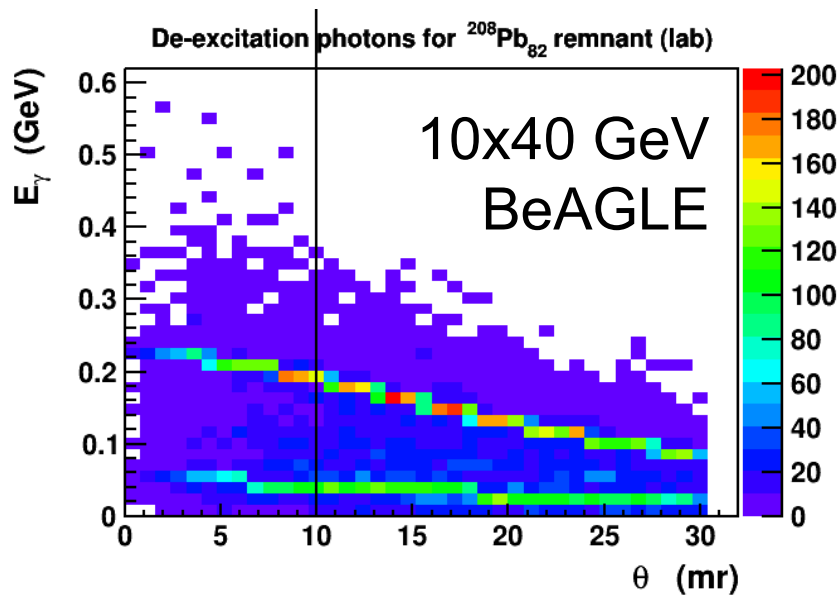
Cascade process handled by **DPMJET**.



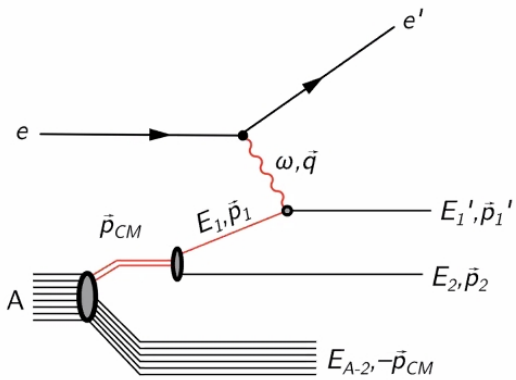
Nuclear remnant evaporation and break up by **FLUKA**.

Simulation challenge in e+A: nuclear detail

One example: de-excitation photons from $^{208}\text{Pb}_{82}$ following $e+\text{Pb} \rightarrow e'+\text{Pb}^*+\text{J}/\psi \rightarrow e'+\text{Pb}+\gamma+\gamma+\gamma+\text{J}/\psi$ in (collider) lab frame

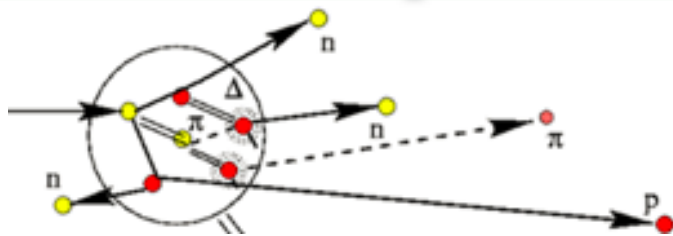


How about GCF (QE) + BeAGLE!



Primary interaction input from **GCF!** for the hard collision.

Primary interaction

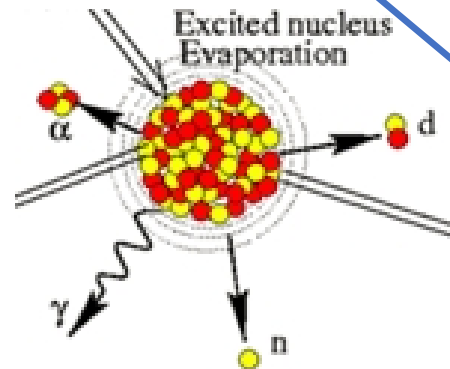


Intra-nuclear cascade

Nuclear remnant evaporation & breakup

Cascade process handled by **DPMJET.**

Nuclear remnant evaporation and break up by **FLUKA.**



GCF (QE event generator) + BeAGLE!

Three levels of nuclear response available.

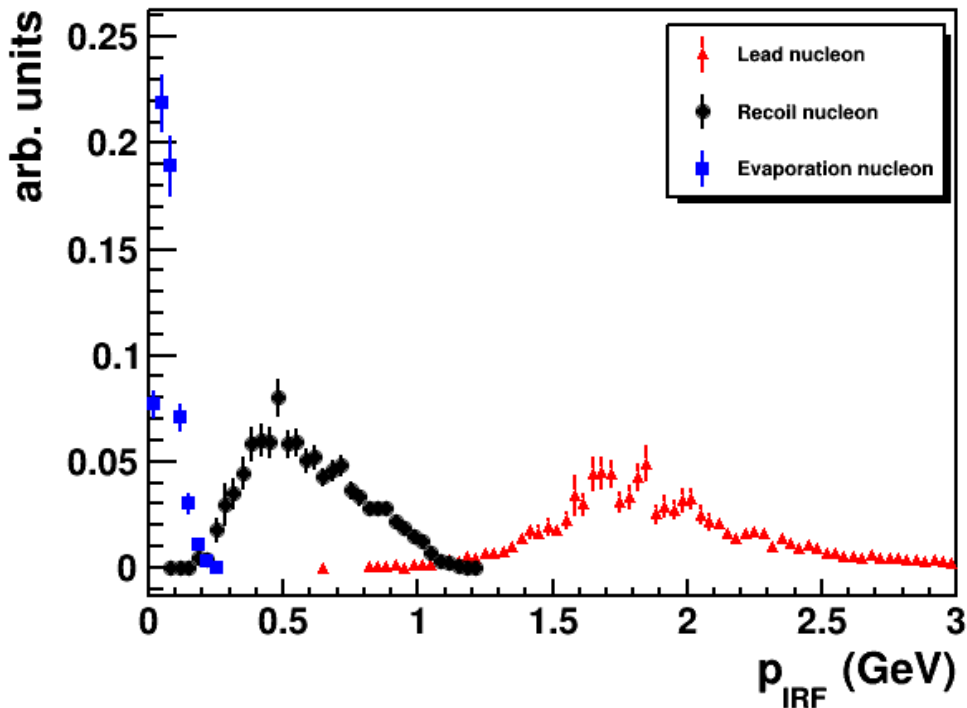
- 1) No response, just pass $N+N+(A-2)^*$ through.
 - Useful for handing GCF to EIC codes
- 2) Pass $N+N$. Fluka decays $(A-2)^*$.
 - **See Florian's talk for quantitative studies.**
- 3) Full DPMJET3-F nuclear response.
 - Really new!
 - Urgent for EIC detectors (ECCE) & 2nd IR.
 - Would like to validate using CLAS/CLAS12.

GCF+BeAGLE(Fluka only)

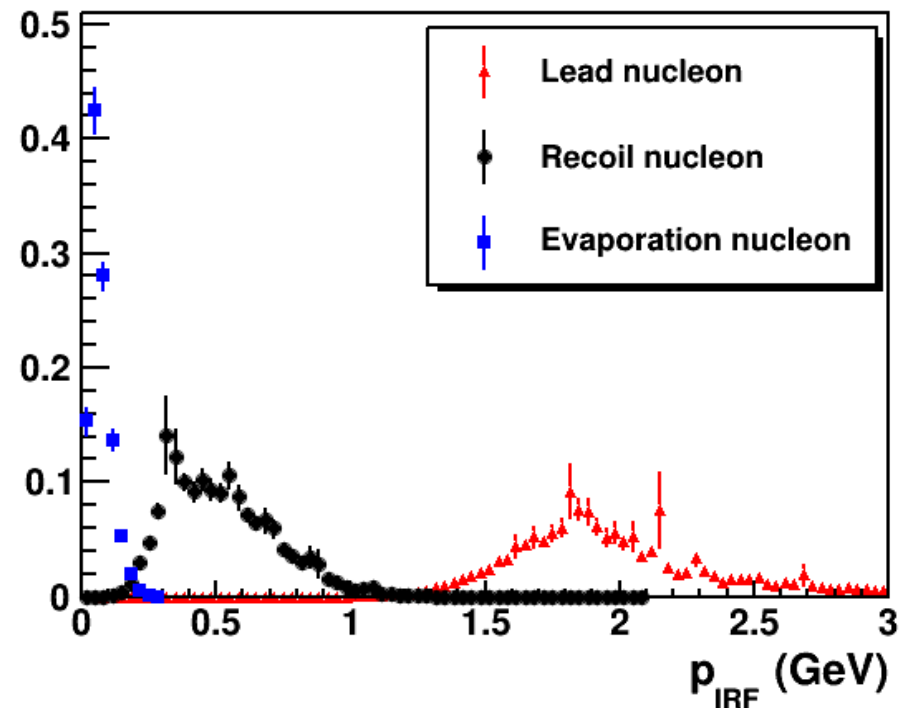
JLAB 5.01 GeV FT e+C
 $Q^2 > 3 \text{ GeV}^2$, $x > 1.2$

EIC 5x50 e+C
 $Q^2 > 3 \text{ GeV}^2$, $x > 1.2$

Nucleons from e+C JLAB 5.01 FT $Q^2 > 3 \text{ GeV}^2$ $x > 1.2$



Nucleons from e+C JLEIC 5x50 $Q^2 > 3 \text{ GeV}^2$ $x > 1.2$



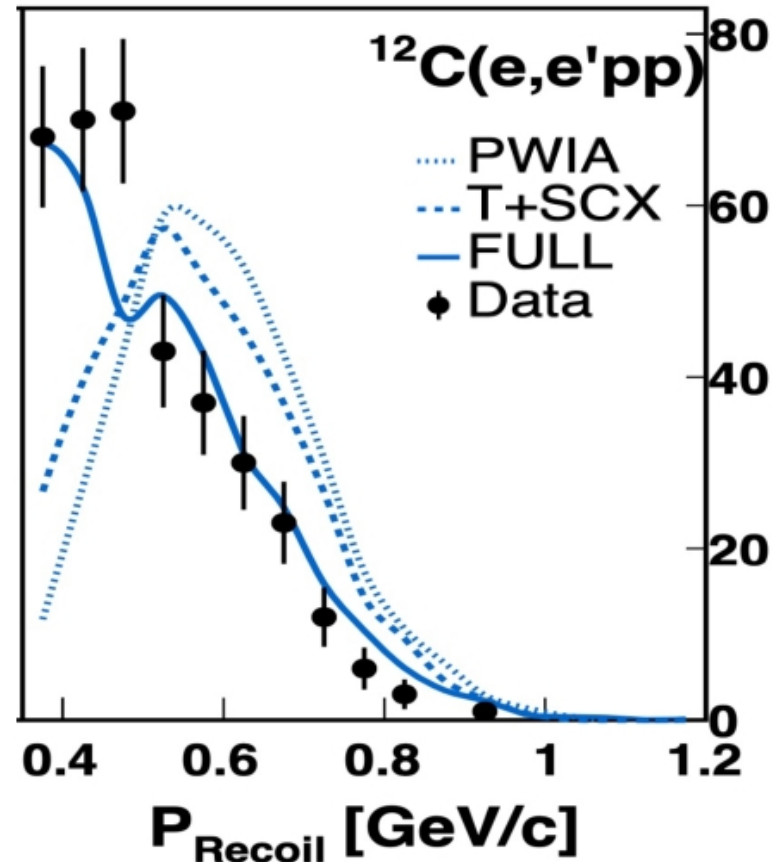
Lead and recoil nucleons are distinct.
Evaporation nucleons should not confuse us.

GCF-QE + BeAGLE

- Intranuclear cascade (in DPMJET) can:
 - 1) Scatter our original pair nucleons
 - 2) Knock out additional nucleons
 - 3) Make it harder to define the "recoil" nucleon
 - e.g. recoil neutron strikes an additional spectator neutron and they scatter in a $2 \rightarrow 2$ process. Do we consider one of the outgoing neutrons a scattered version of the recoil nucleon? Which one?
 - 4) Create pions or other secondary particles...

Expectation from data & Natalie Wright et al.

Plot taken from Or Hen's slides



Transport FSI: Excess nucleons at low end of recoil peak.
Washing out the peak.

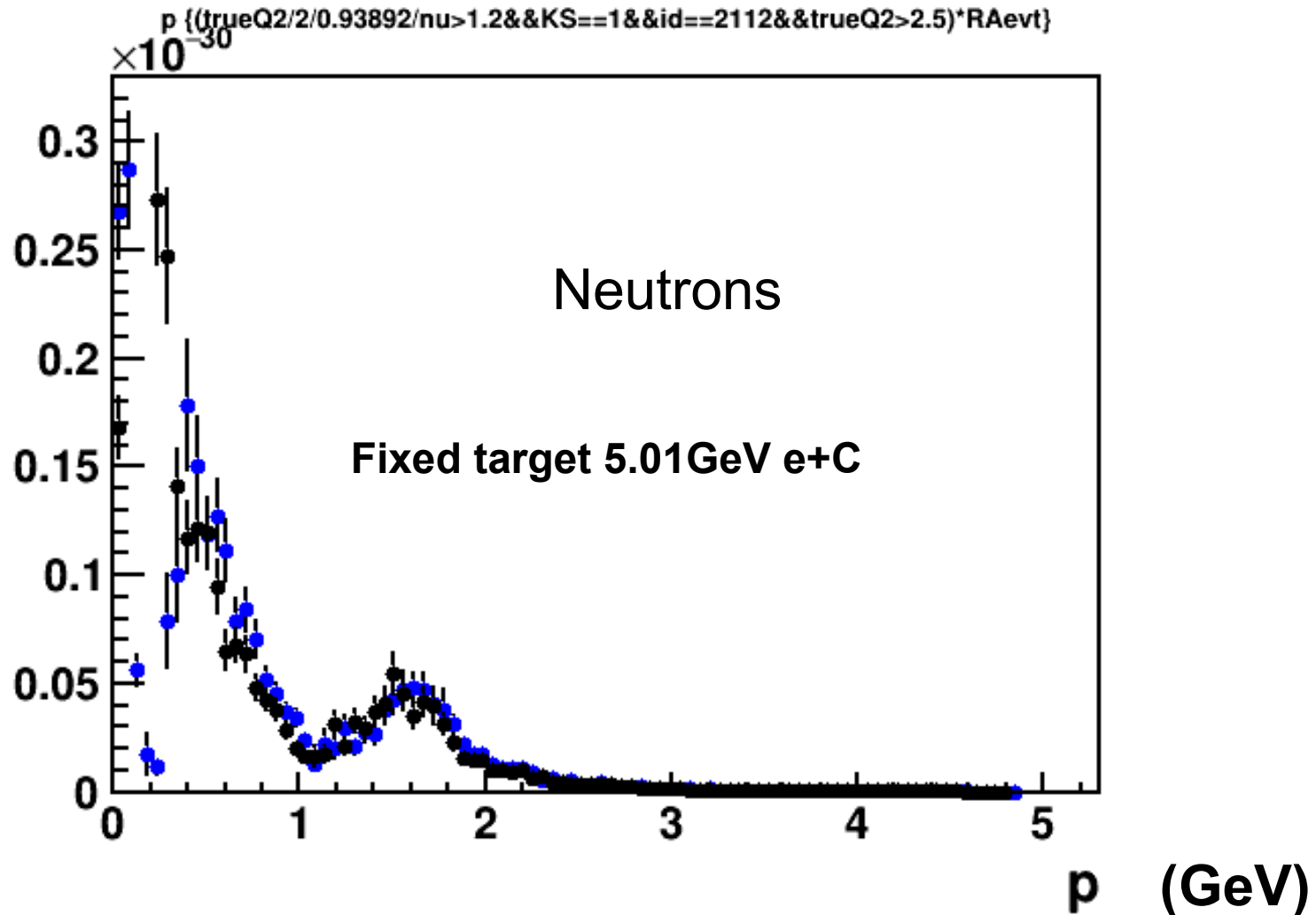
Lead nucleon largely unaffected by this FSI

Blue is no INC

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

Black is full BeAGLE

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



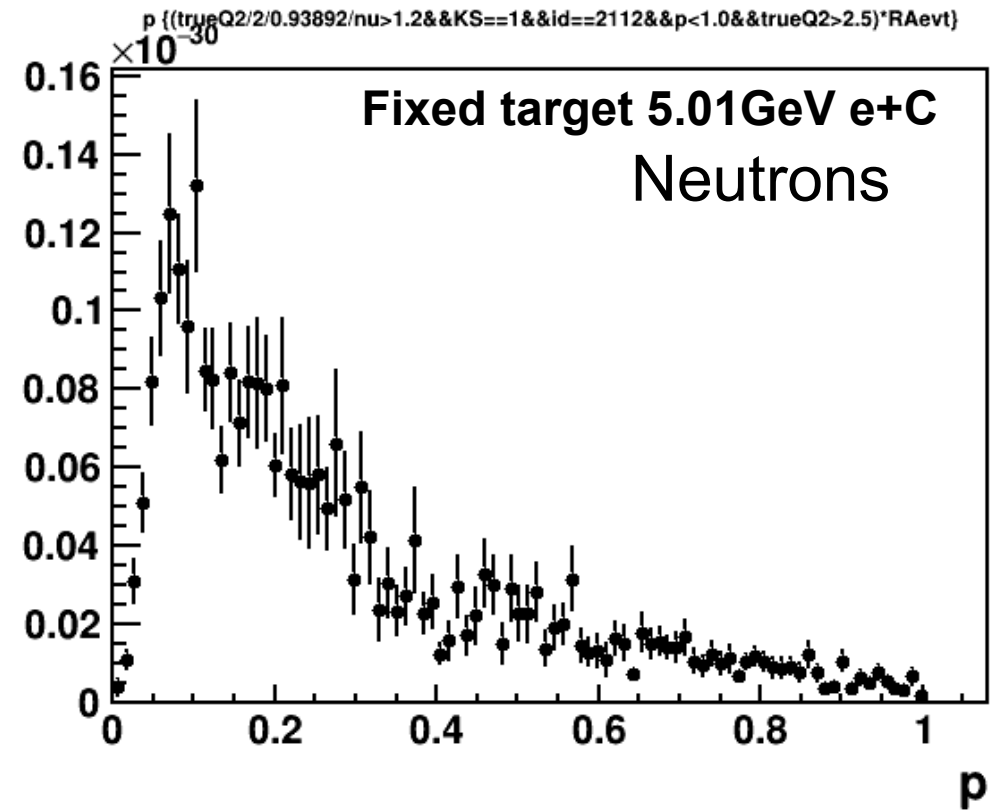
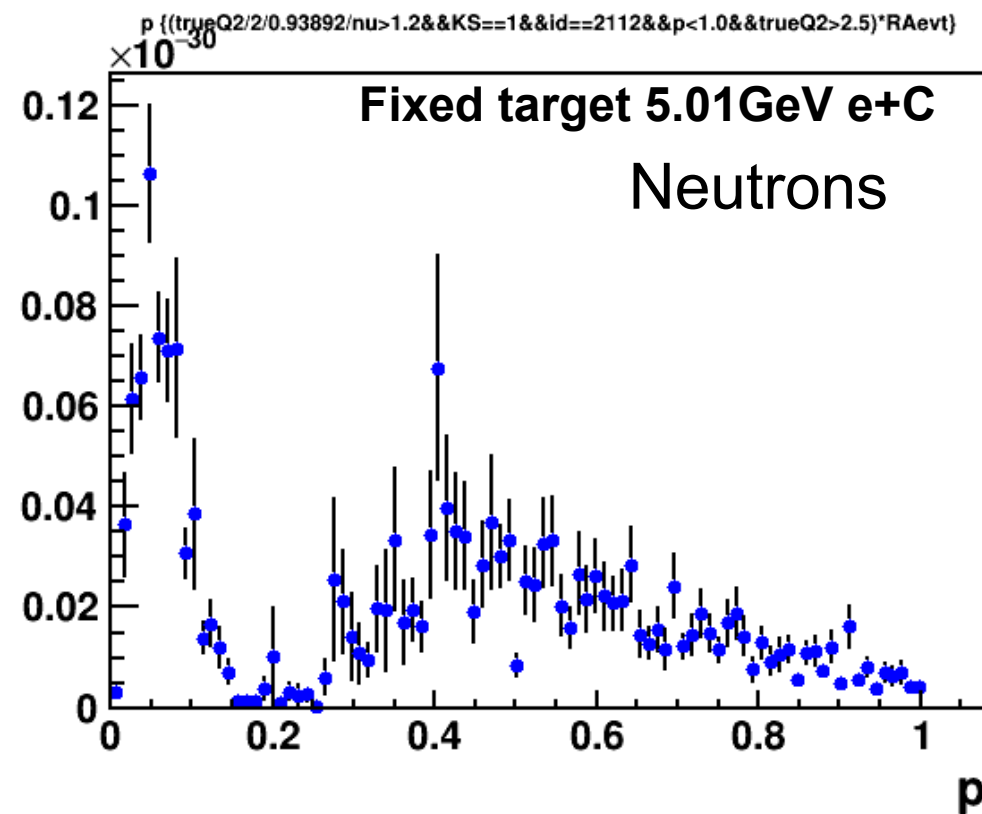
Low momentum excess washes out peak

Blue is no INC

Black is full BeAGLE

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



Correlation plots (e.g. $\phi - \phi_{\text{lead}}$) may be less confusing

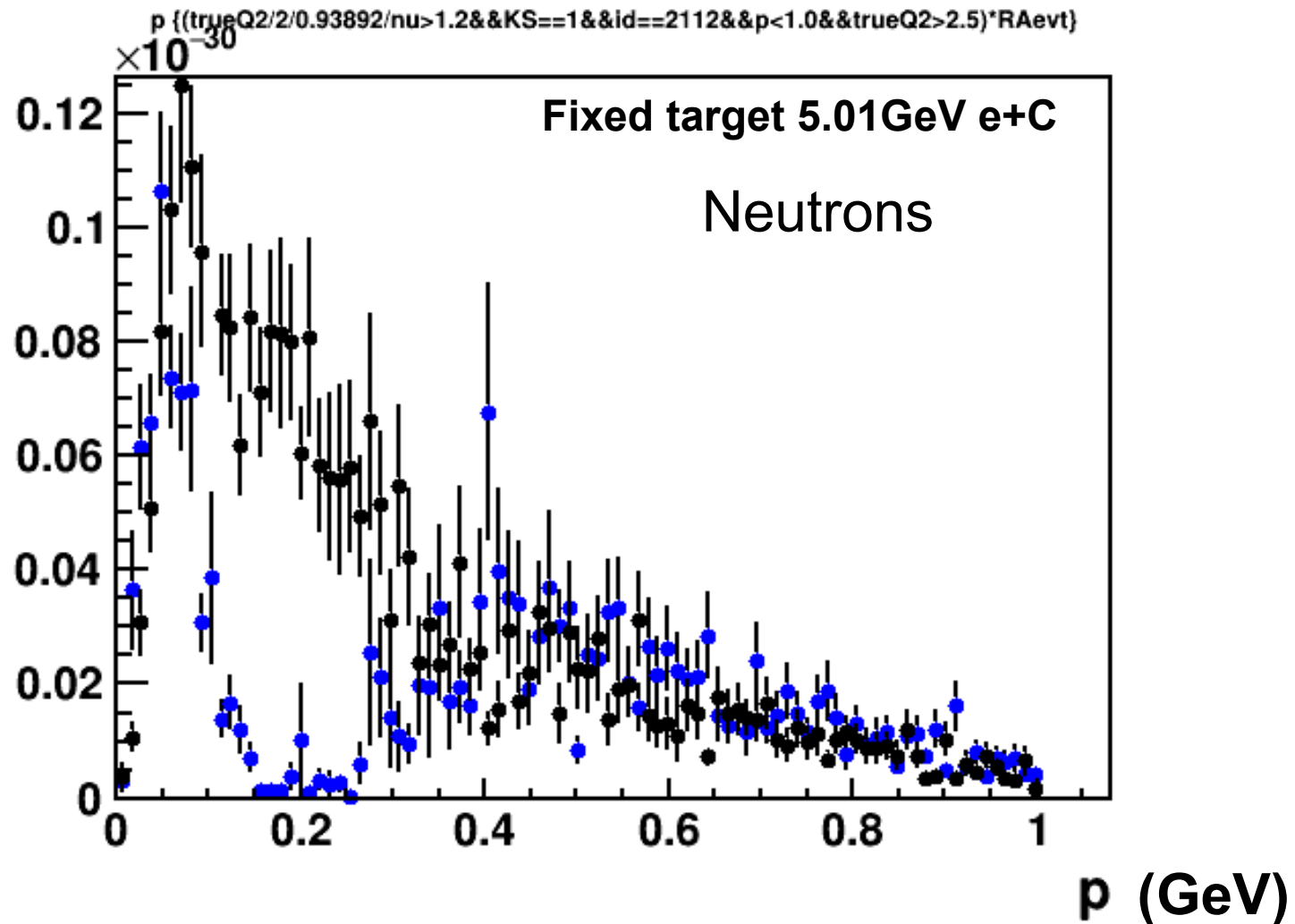
Low momentum excess washes out peak

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$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



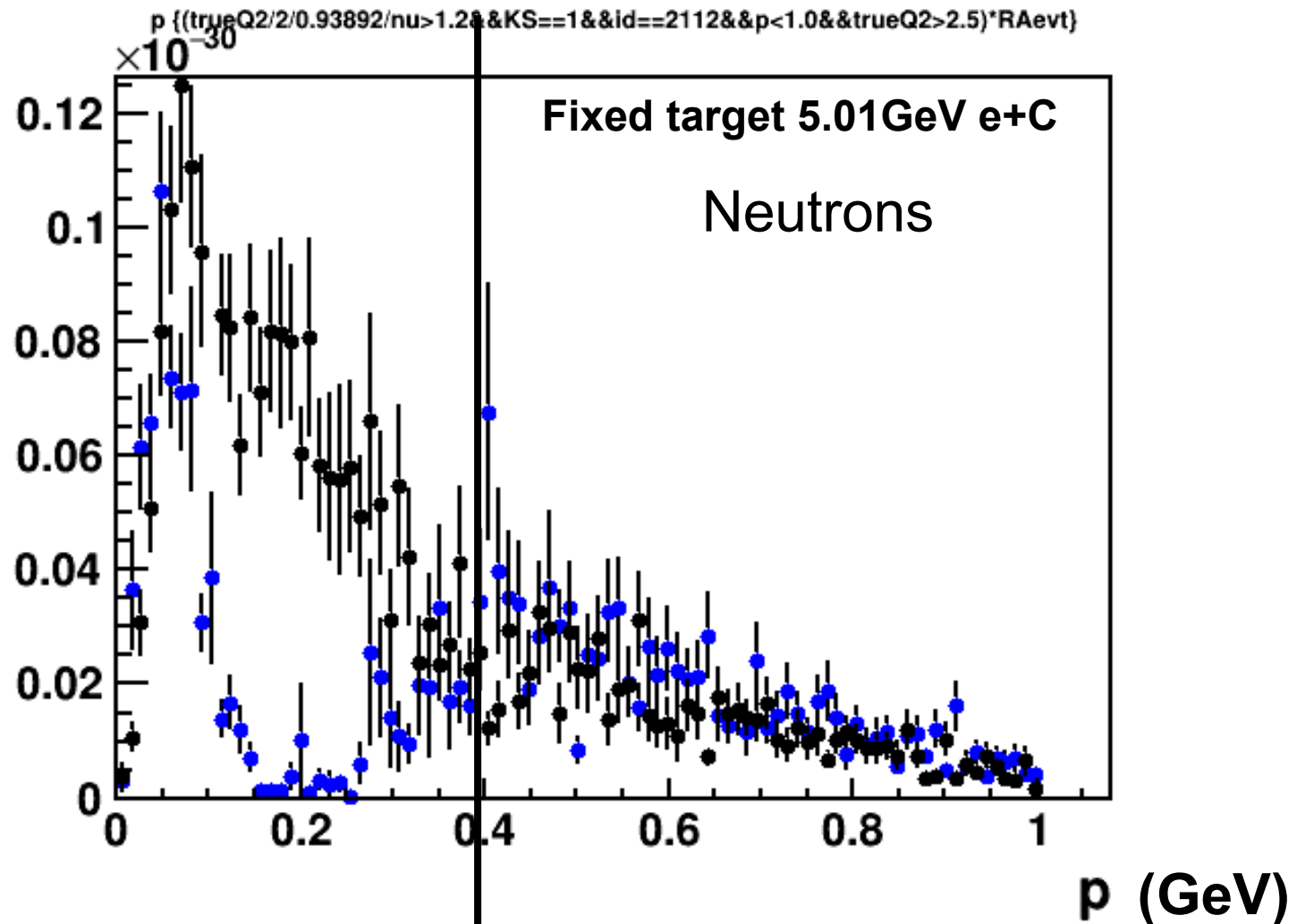
Looks OK for $p > 400$ MeV/c

Blue is no INC

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$

Black is full BeAGLE

$x > 1.2, Q^2 > 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



How about GCF (DIS) + BeAGLE!

Coming soon!

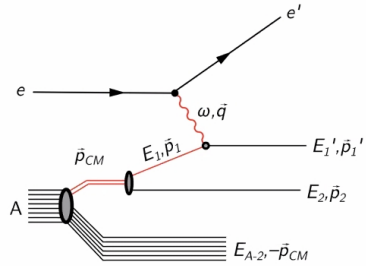
Primary interaction
input from **GCF!** for
the hard collision.

Hadronization handled by **PYTHIA.**

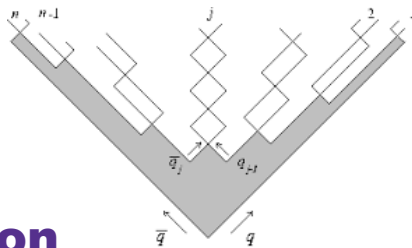
Cascade process
handled by **DPMJET.**

Nuclear remnant
evaporation and
break up by **FLUKA.**

Primary interaction

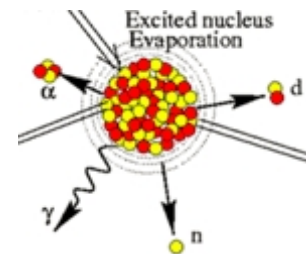
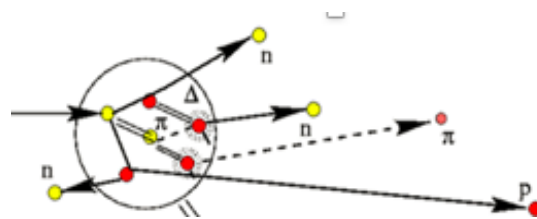


Hadronization



Intra-nuclear cascade

**Nuclear remnant
evaporation & breakup**

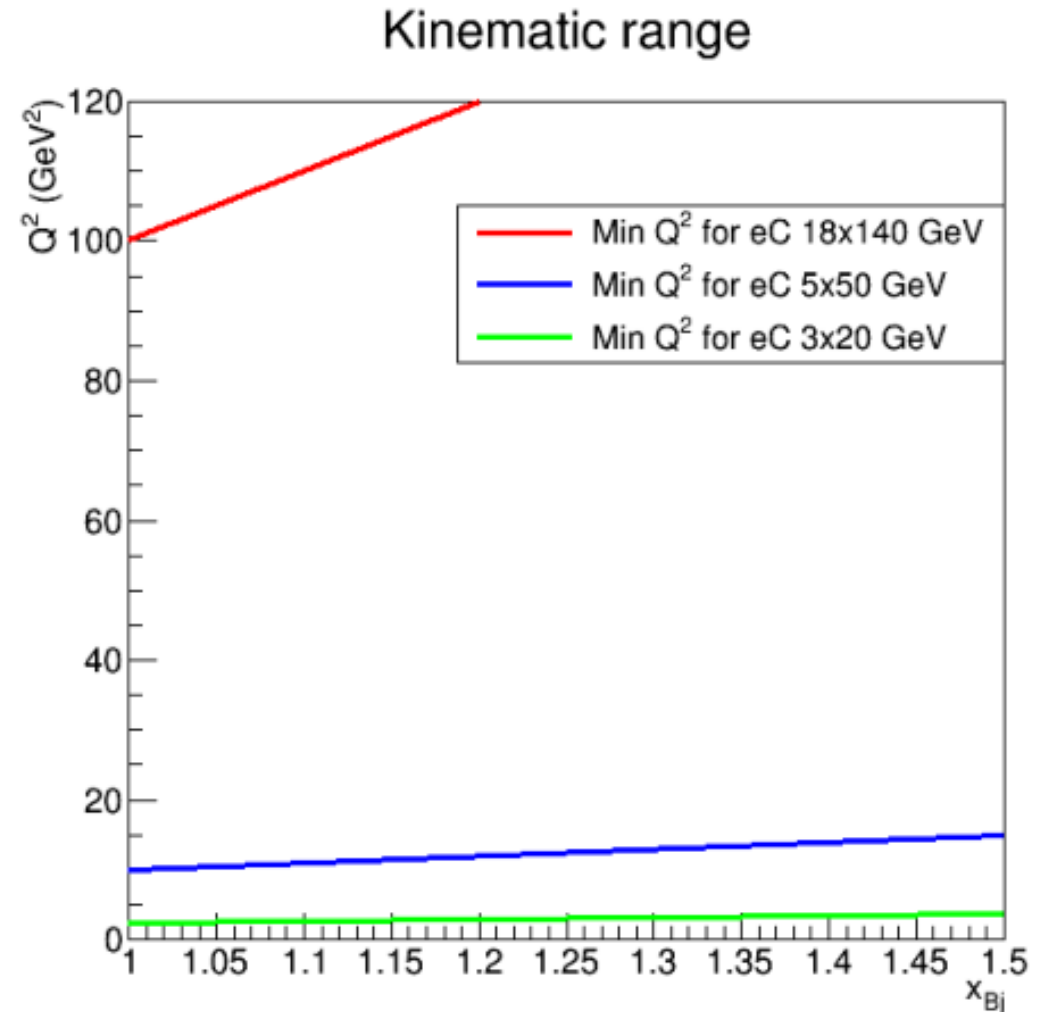


Lepton limitations at the EIC

- Problem
 - Note $x = Q^2/y(s-M^2) = Q^2/4E_e E_p y$, so high x is low y .
 - $\sigma_x/x \sim \sigma_y/y \sim (1/y) \sigma(E_e')/E_e'$ gets ugly fast @ low y !
- Approach:
 - For e+p colliders: mix of leptonic and hadronic information at low y especially.
 - E665 e+A mostly restricted to $y > 0.2$.
 - For collider e+A this is a research project!
 - Nuclear debris & mismatch of meaning ($\Delta \sim k_z/M$)

Kinematic reconstruction → lower s

- $Q^2 = 4E_e E_N xy$
where E_N = ion energy/nucleon
- So $Q^2_{\min} = 4E_e E_N x y_{\min}$
- Optimistically assume $y > 0.01$
- $Q^2 > xE_e E_N / 25$



Outlook

- BeAGLE/GCF-QE (Full) – w/ Florian et al.
 - Compare to CLAS/CLAS12 results?
 - Quantitative quasielastic SRC studies for EIC.
- BeAGLE/GCF-DIS
 - Code still needs debugging (Baker).
 - BeAGLE provides three things in this case:
 - 1) Quarks from GCF hadronized in Pythia6
 - 2) Struck nucleon remnant handled in Pythia6
 - 3) Nuclear response as in BeAGLE/GCF-QE
- Measuring x at the EIC will be tricky.