

Jet physics measurements

SPHENIC

Yeonju Go on behalf of sPHENIX

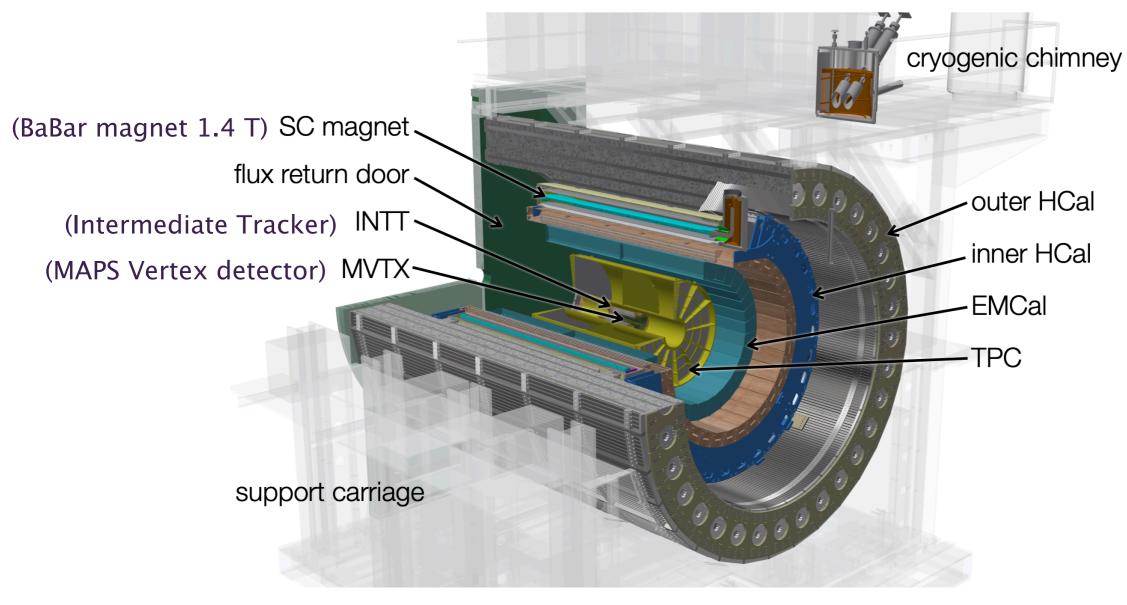
The 9th Workshop of the APS Topical Group on Hadronic Physics 13-16 April 2021, Virtual

University of Colorado Boulder



sPHENIX Detector





- Jet Measurement with sPHENIX detector
 - → Large and hermetic acceptance of EMCal + HCal out to $|\eta| < 1.1$
 - **⇒** Electromagnetic calorimeter: high granularity of $\Delta \eta \propto \Delta \phi \sim 0.025 \propto 0.025$
 - **Hadronic calorimetry**: Δη x Δφ ~ 0.01 x 0.01
 - ➡ High-precision tracking: silicon detectors (INTT + MVTX) + TPC
 - High data readout rate of 15 kHz for all subdetectors

sPHENIX Run Plan

Year	Species	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$	Cryo	Physics	Rec. Lum.	Samp. Lum.
		[GeV]	Weeks	Weeks	z < 10 cm	$ z < 10 { m cm}$
2023	Au+Au	200	24 (28)	9 (13)	3.7 (5.7) nb ^{−1}	4.5 (6.9) nb ⁻¹
2024	$p^{\uparrow}p^{\uparrow}$	200	24 (28)	12 (16)	0.3 (0.4) pb ⁻¹ [5 kHz]	45 (62) pb ⁻¹
					4.5 (6.2) pb ⁻¹ [10%-str]	
2024	p^{\uparrow} +Au	200	_	5	0.003 pb ⁻¹ [5 kHz]	$0.11 \ {\rm pb}^{-1}$
					$0.01 \ { m pb}^{-1} \ [10\%-str]$	
2025	Au+Au	200	24 (28)	20.5 (24.5)	13 (15) nb ⁻¹	21 (25) nb ⁻¹

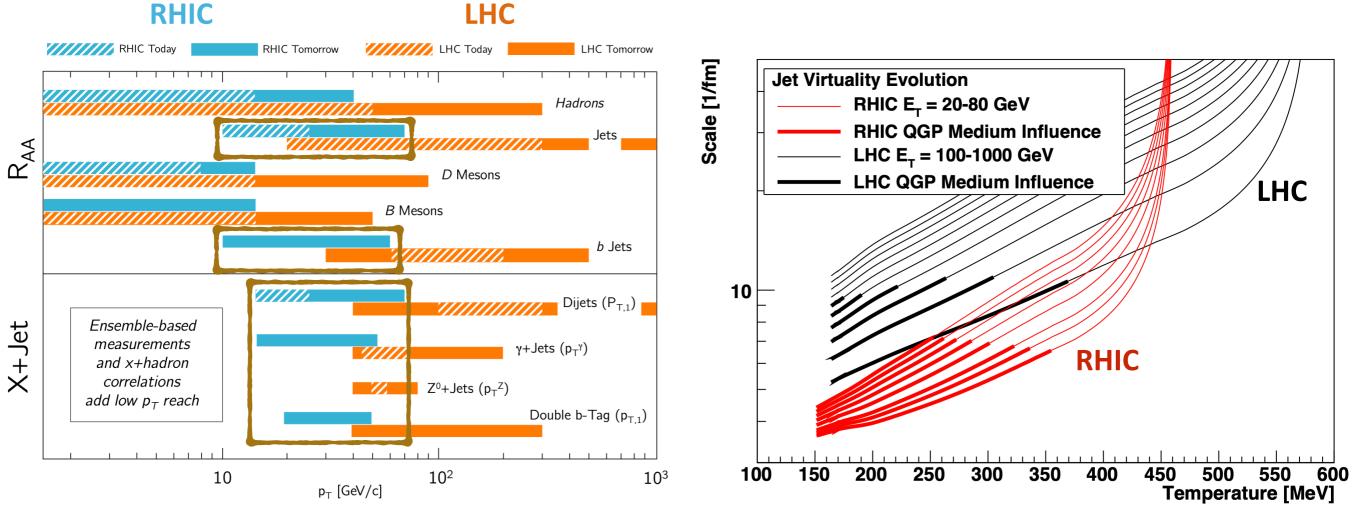
sPHENIX Beam Use Proposal

endorsed by the BNL NPP (Nuclear and Particle Physics) PAC (Physics Advisory Committee)

- Extensive **3-year** data taking staring from **2023**!
 - → Year-1: commissioning, validating calibration and reconstruction
 - → Year-2: p+p and p+Au runs for heavy-ion reference and cold QCD physics
 - → Year-3: very large Au+Au dataset



Jet Kinematic Reach



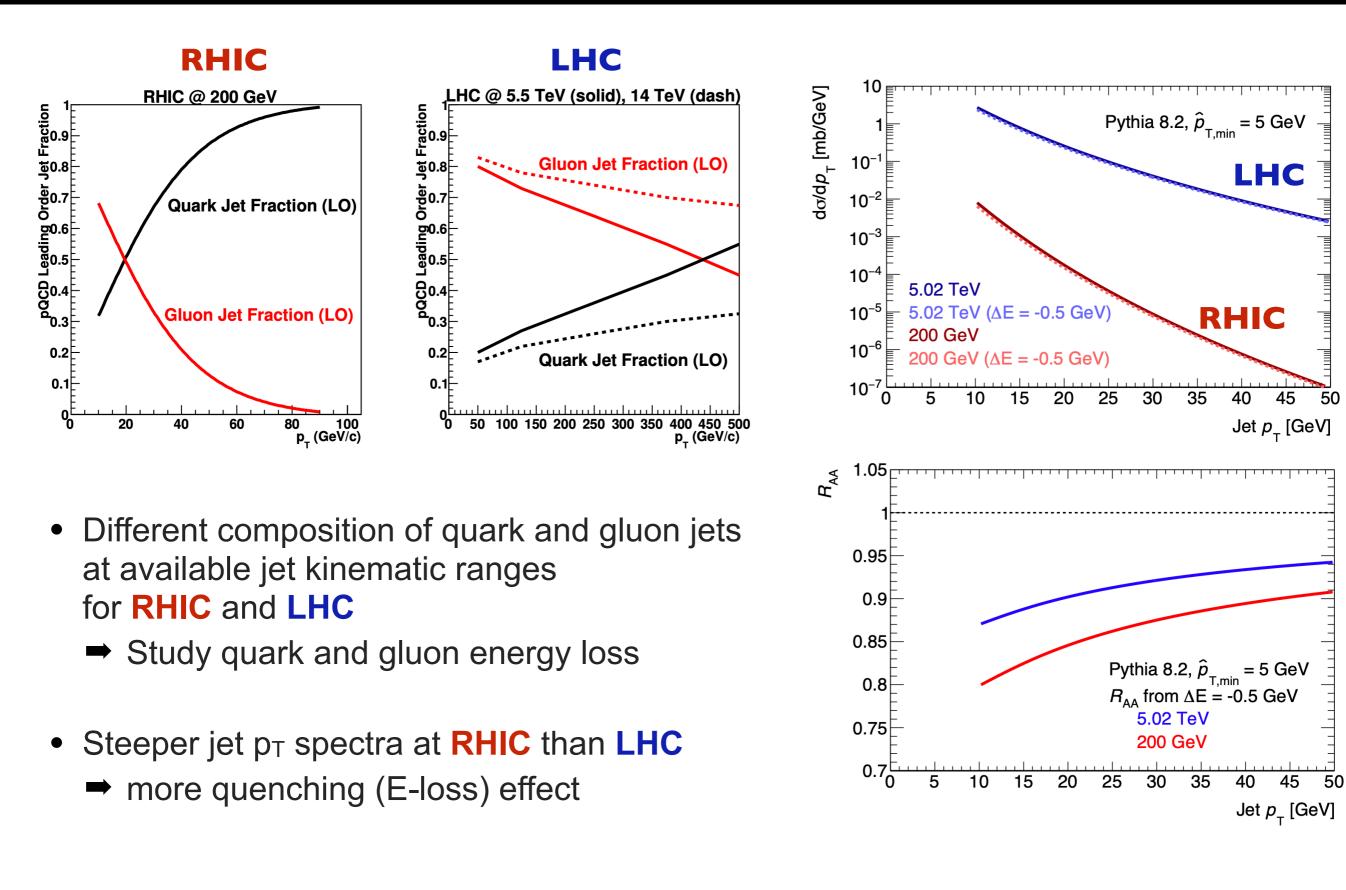
arXiv:1501.06197

SPHEN

- Overlap with LHC kinematic range
 - complementary to the LHC
- Extend measurements to lower jet energy (lower UE)
- Opportunity for new probes (b-jets) and improved impression (photon+jet) at RHIC
- Different initial conditions and evolution for QGP between RHIC and LHC
 - ➡ allows study of scale and temperature dependence

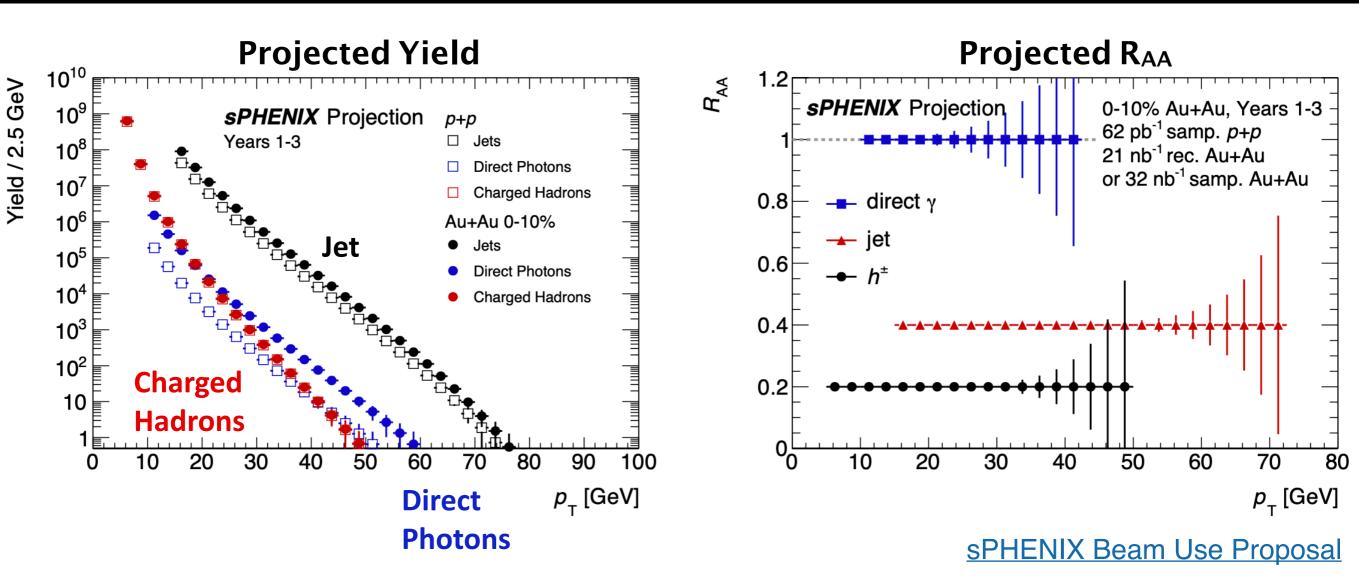
Complementarity with LHC





Final State Probes

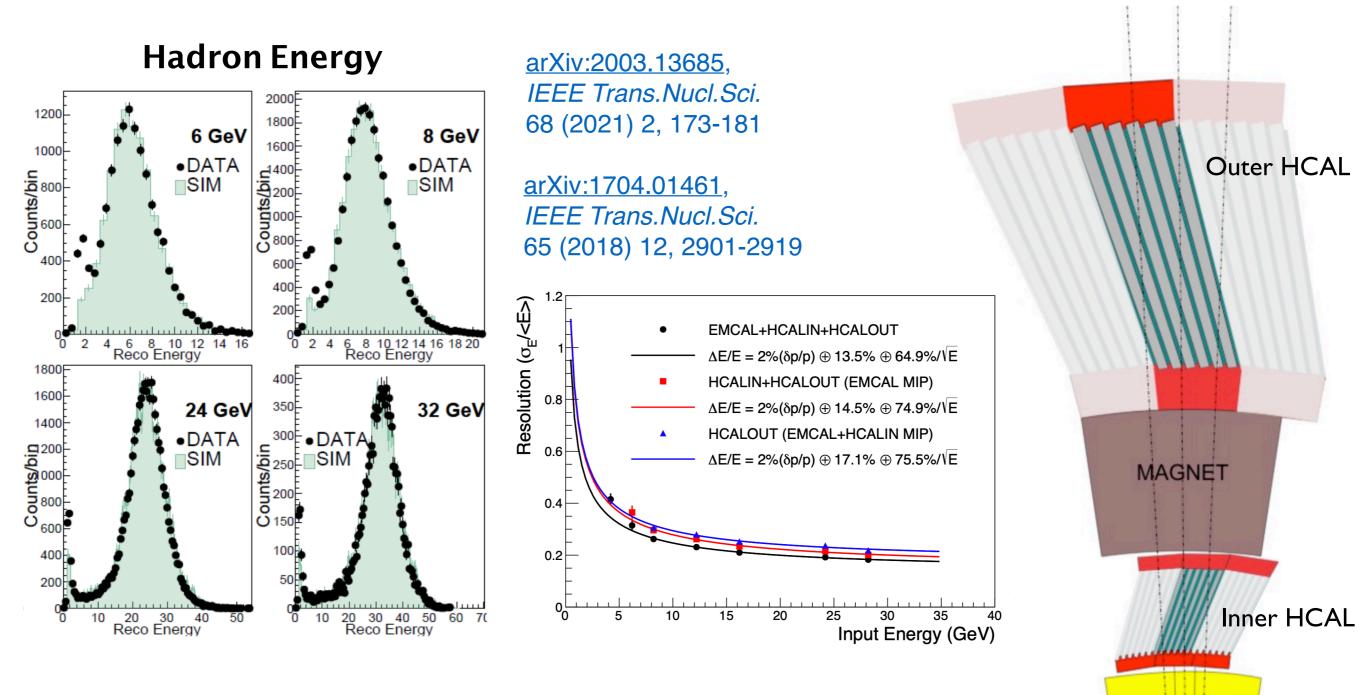




- Statistical projection for final state probes for 2023-2025 data
- Kinematic reach up to 70 GeV for jets, 50 GeV for hadrons and 40 GeV for photons
 - enabled multi-differential inclusive jet, photon+jet, jet+hadron measurements

Calorimeter Energy Scale



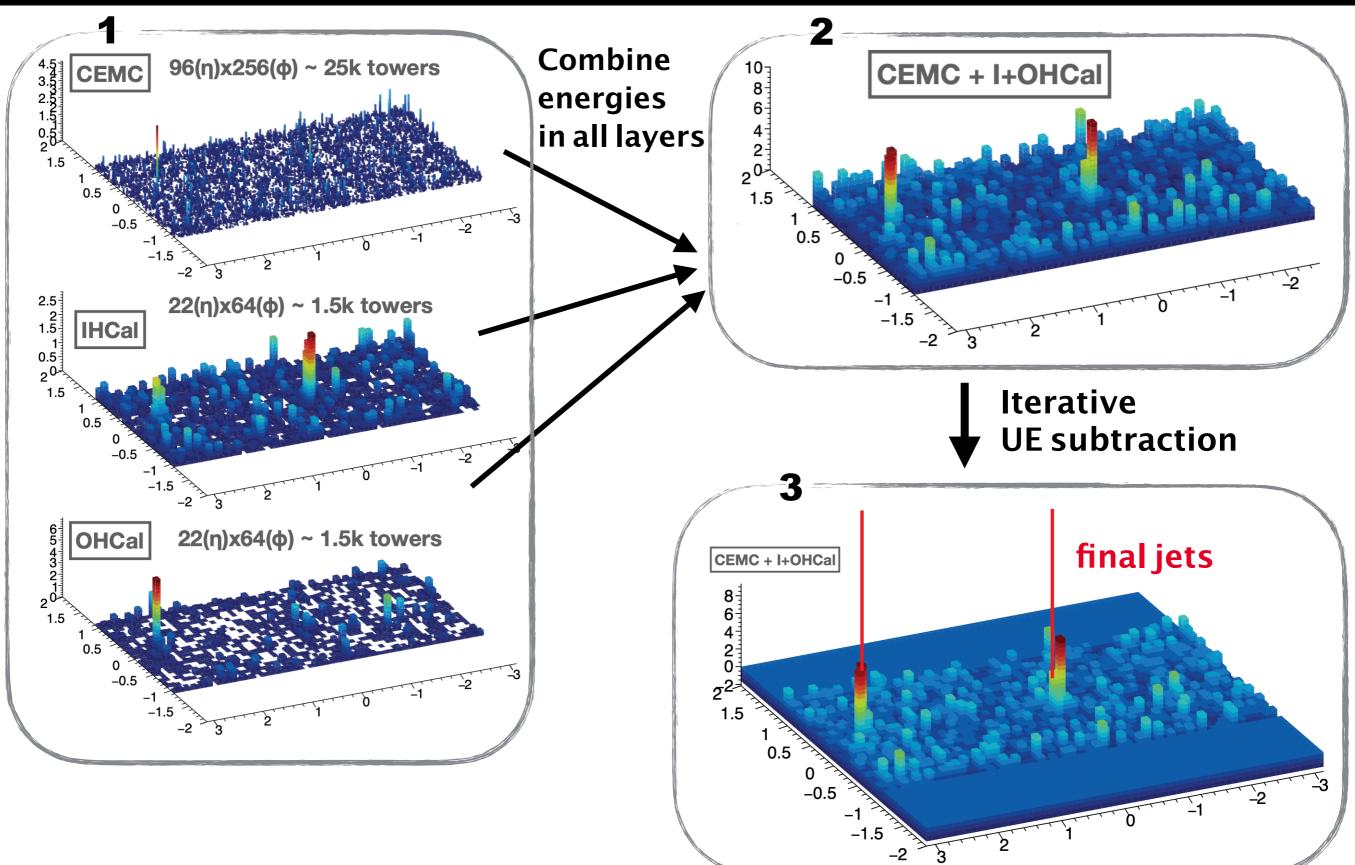


- Beam test performed with the full calorimetry at Fermilab
- Good agreement with the Geant4 simulations

EMCAL

Calorimeter Jet Reconstruction





Calorimeter Jet Performance

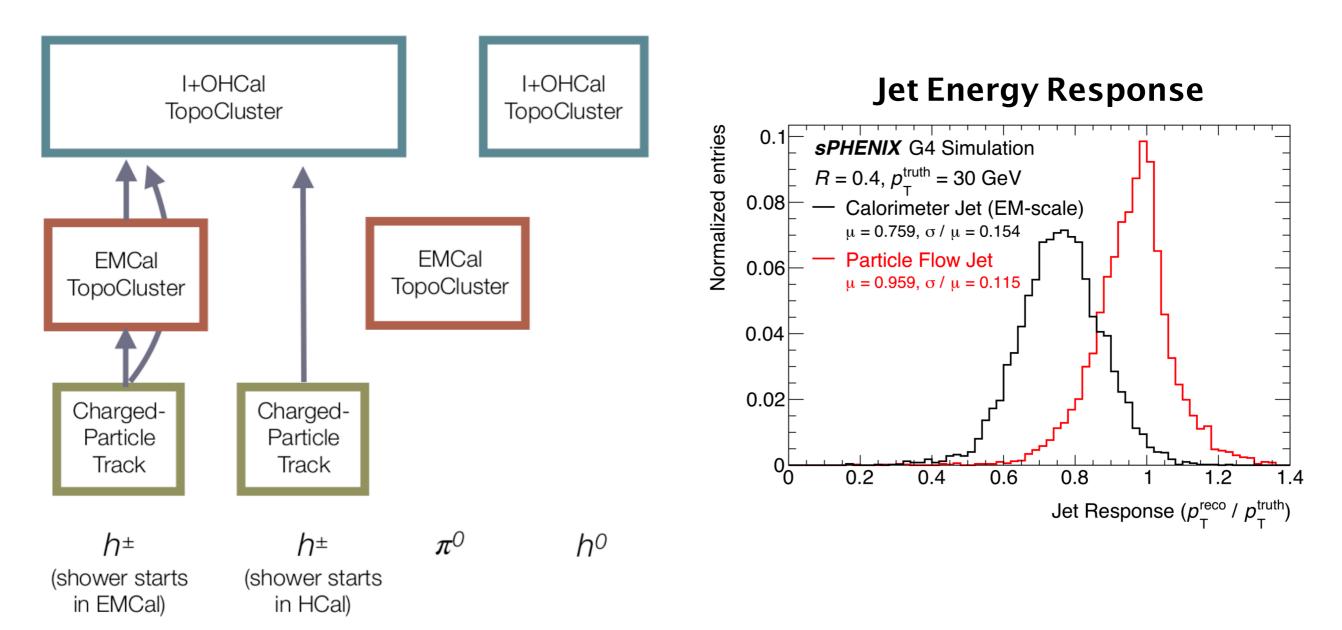


Jet Energy Resolution Jet Energy Scale 0.9 $< p_{T}^{reco}/p_{T}^{truth} > (Before Calibration)$ $\sigma(p_{T}^{reco}/p_{T}^{truth}) / \langle p_{T}^{reco}/p_{T}^{truth} \rangle$ 0.8 Au+Au b=0-4fm Au+Au b=0-4fm p+p p+p 0.85 \square R=0.2 • R=0.2 \square R=0.2 • R=0.2 0.7 \square R=0.4 \square R=0.4 R=0.4 • *R*=0.4 0.8 0.6 0.75 0.5 R = 0.40.7 0.4 0.65 0.3 R = 0.20.6 0.2 0.55 0.1 sPHENIX MIE 2018 0∟ 15 0.5<u></u> 25 55 60 55 60 20 30 35 20 45 50 40 45 25 35 40 50 30 truth p_{τ} [GeV] truth p_{τ} [GeV]

- p_T response at EM scale (before jet-level calibration) is independent of UE level
- Expected ordering in jet radius
- UE fluctuation at low p_T for large R jets
- Hadronic calorimetry offers a much higher jet energy scale than has been available mid-rapidity at RHIC

Particle Flow Jet





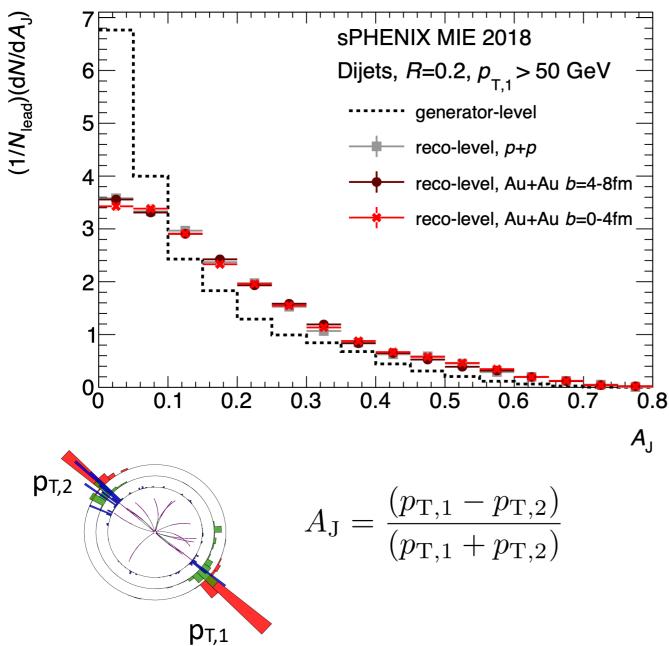
• Particle Flow Jet (PF Jet)

- Use charged-particle track energy whenever matched
- ➡ Combine ideas from ATLAS & CMS experiences
- Excellent energy response for **PF jets** with precision tracking system

Dijet and Jet Structure

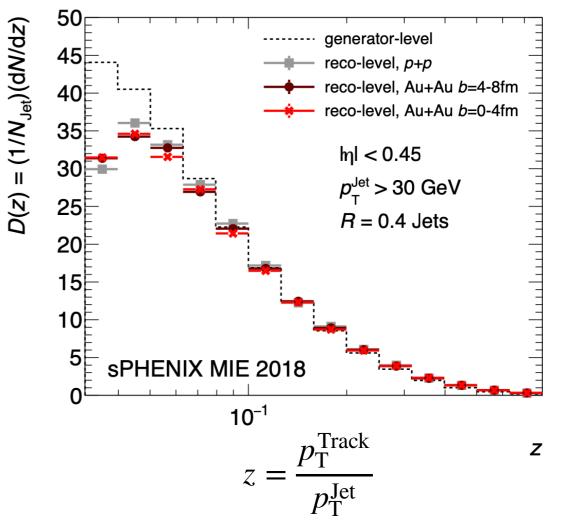


Dijet Momentum Imbalance



• Good first observables to understand jet quenching mechanisms at lower scale than LHC

Fragmentation Function



- Improved jet reconstruction

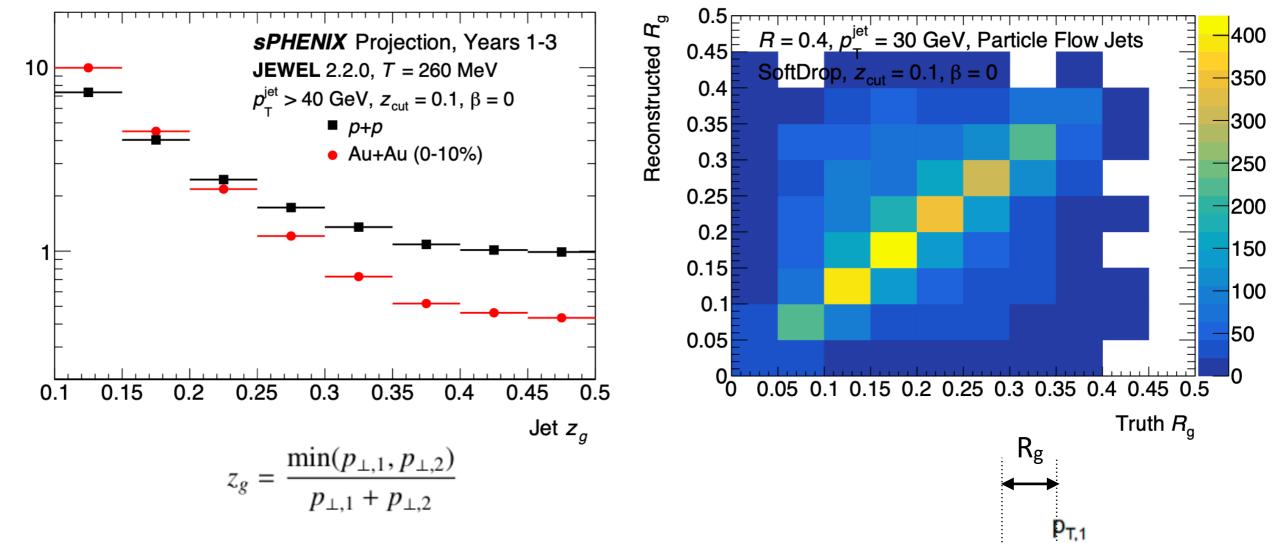
 (i.e. UE subtraction, PF jets) give
 opportunities to better study jet
 tomography in medium
- Remove autocorrelations between calorimeter jet + tracking-based substructure

Jet Substructure



Groomed Momentum Fraction

Groomed Jet Radius



- Jet grooming technique: remove soft components and leave hard substructure in a jet
 - study final state to evolution of parton shower (e.g., "splitting function")

 $1/N_{jet} dN/dz_g$

Jet Flow

0.64

0.63

0.62

projection, Years 1-3

0.4

0.2

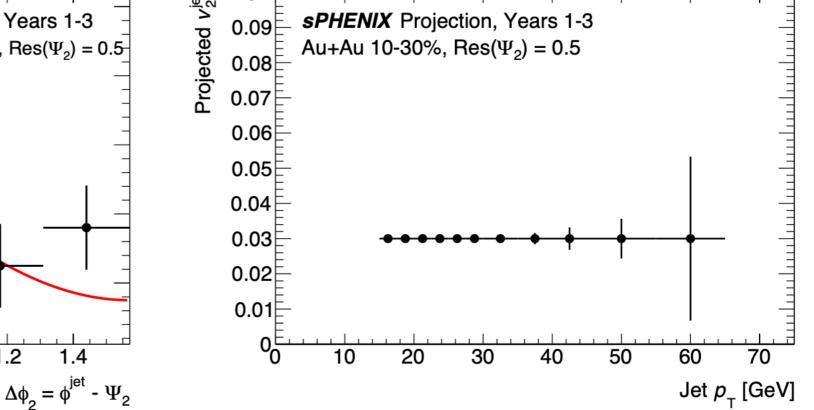
1 + 2 $v_2^{\text{jet}} \operatorname{Res}(\Psi_2) \cos(2 (\phi^{\text{jet}} - \Psi_2))$

0.6



Azimuthal distance from event plane **Elliptic Flow** 0.1 (1/N_{jet}) dN/d $\Delta \phi_2$ Projected v_2^{jet} 0.66 sPHENIX Projection, Years 1-3 0.09 $p_{\tau}^{\text{jet}} > 40 \text{ GeV}, v_2^{\text{jet}} = 3\%, \text{Res}(\Psi_2) = 0.5$ 0.08 Au+Au 10-30% 0.65 0.07

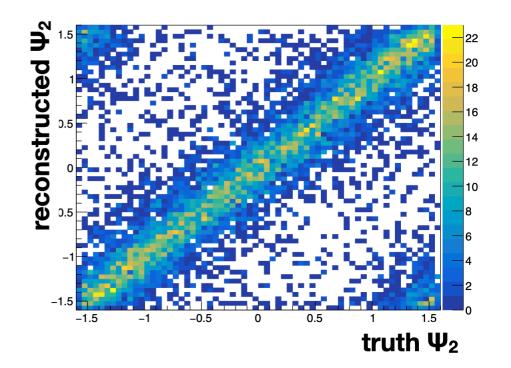
1.2



EPD (Event Plane Detector) allows to measure event plane far from the mid-rapidity jet measurement

0.8

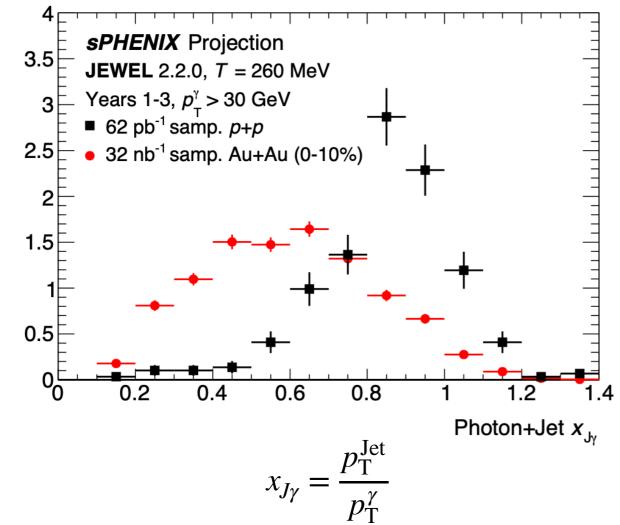
describe suppressed yield and anisotropy together (i.e. the v₂-R_{AA} "puzzle")

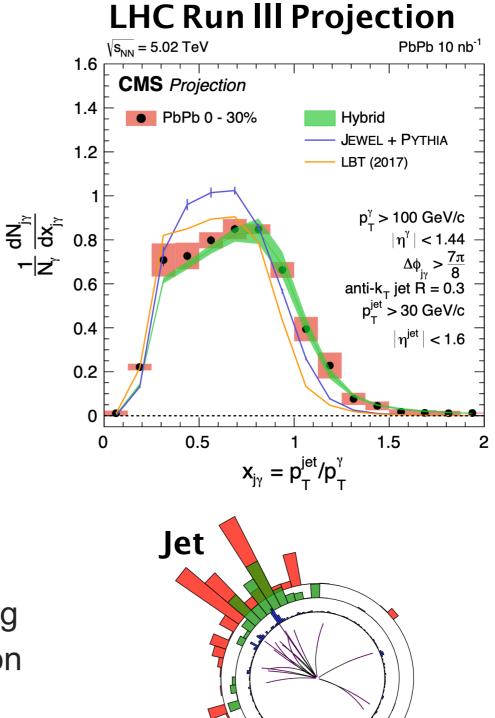


Photon+Jet Correlations









sPHENIX G4 simulation Pythia 8, 35 GeV γ +jet event

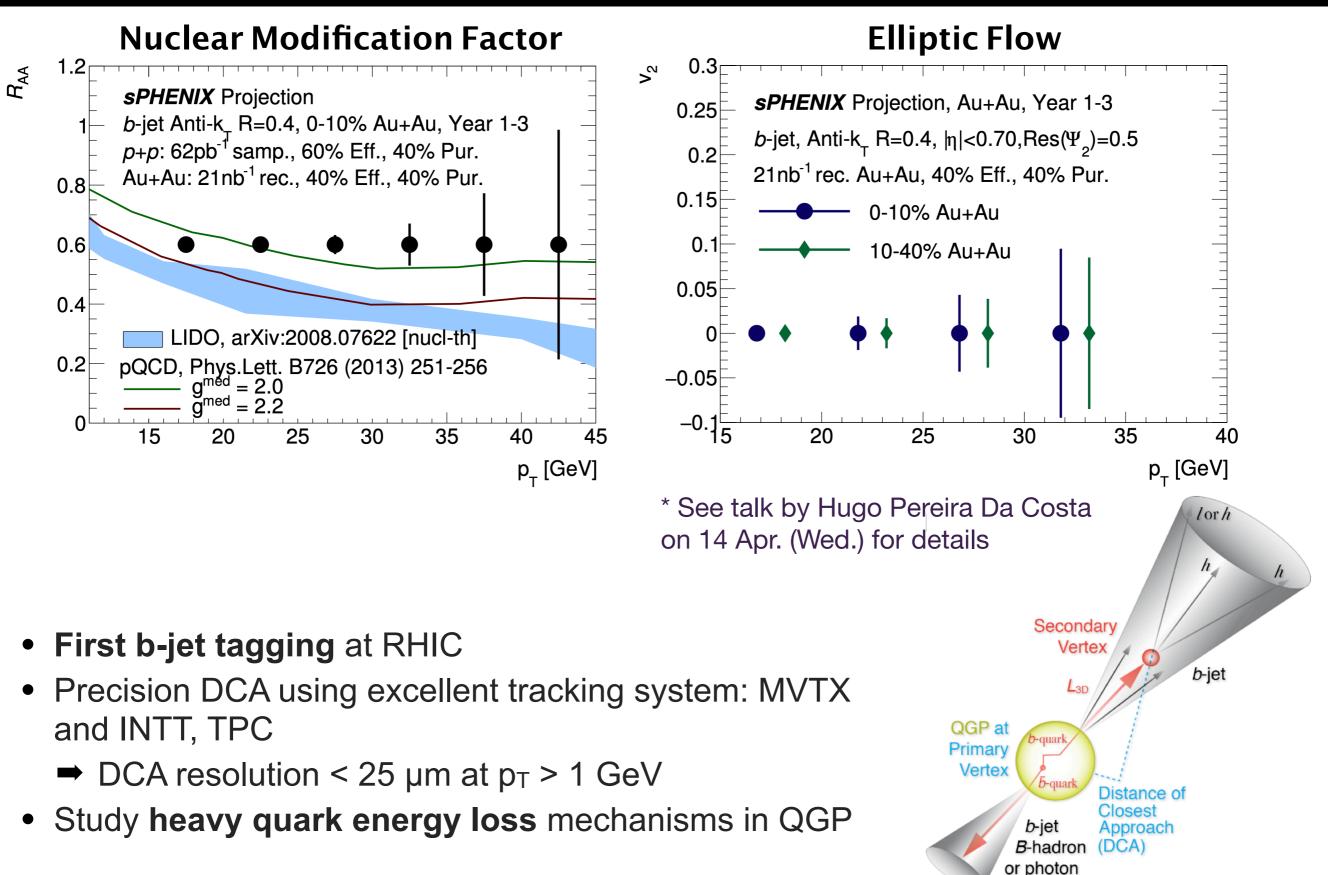
- Photon+jet: powerful tool to study jet quenching
 - Photon provides initial hard-scattered parton energy information of counterpart jet
 - Jets in photon+jet events are dominated by quark jets; flavor-dependent energy loss mechanism
 - ➡ calibrating the calorimeters

1/N_y dN/dx_{Jy}

photon

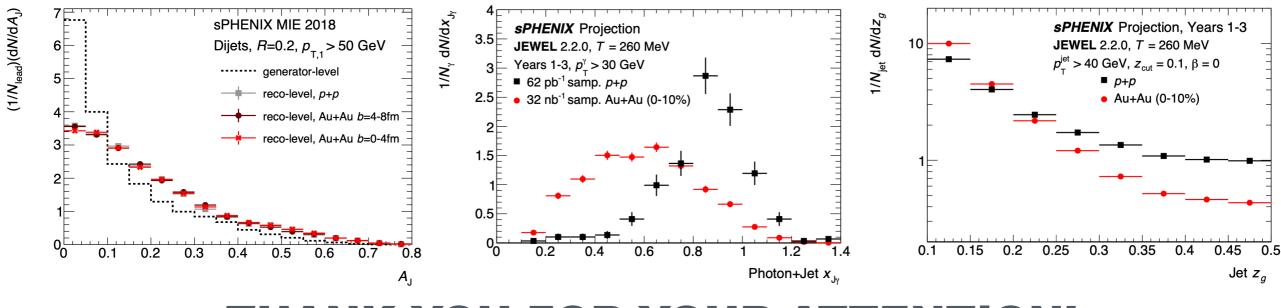
b-Jet





Summary

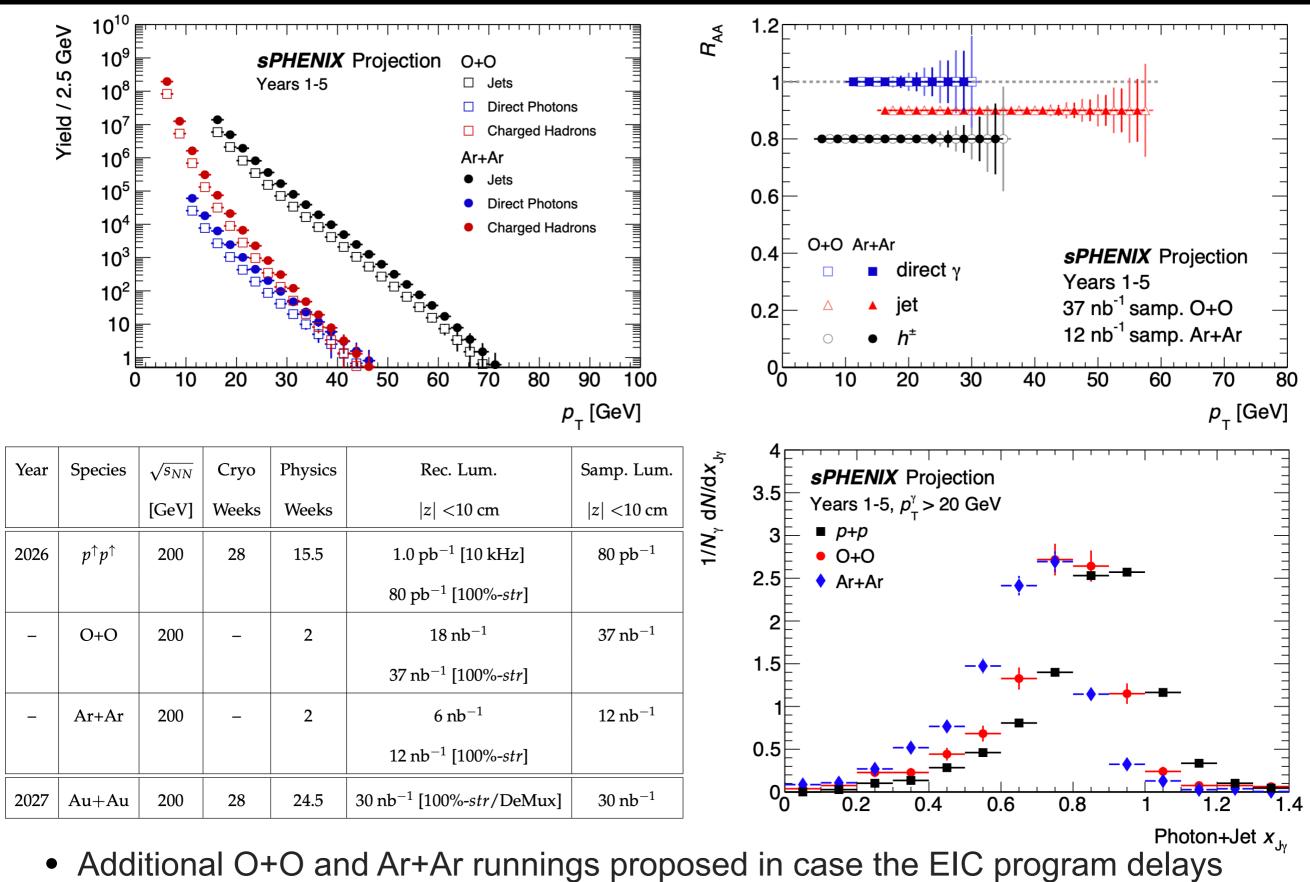
- SPHENIX
- **sPHENIX** will be the first new collider detector at RHIC in over 20 years
 - enable new measurements of the microscopic nature of QGP
 - ➡ large and hermetic electromagnetic and hadronic calorimetry
 - high precision tracking
 - kinematic overlap with LHC and unique opportunities for lower energy
 - complementary to the LHC
- Robust jet measurements are achievable with sPHENIX
 - → jet, dijet, photon-jet, b-jet, fragmentation function, ...
 - performing high precision studies of jet production, jet substructure
 - great opportunities to understand parton energy loss mechanism



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



Jets in O+O and Ar+Ar collisions



SPHENIX