

CLAS Collaboration Meeting
Nov 10-13, 2020

Status of Hall B

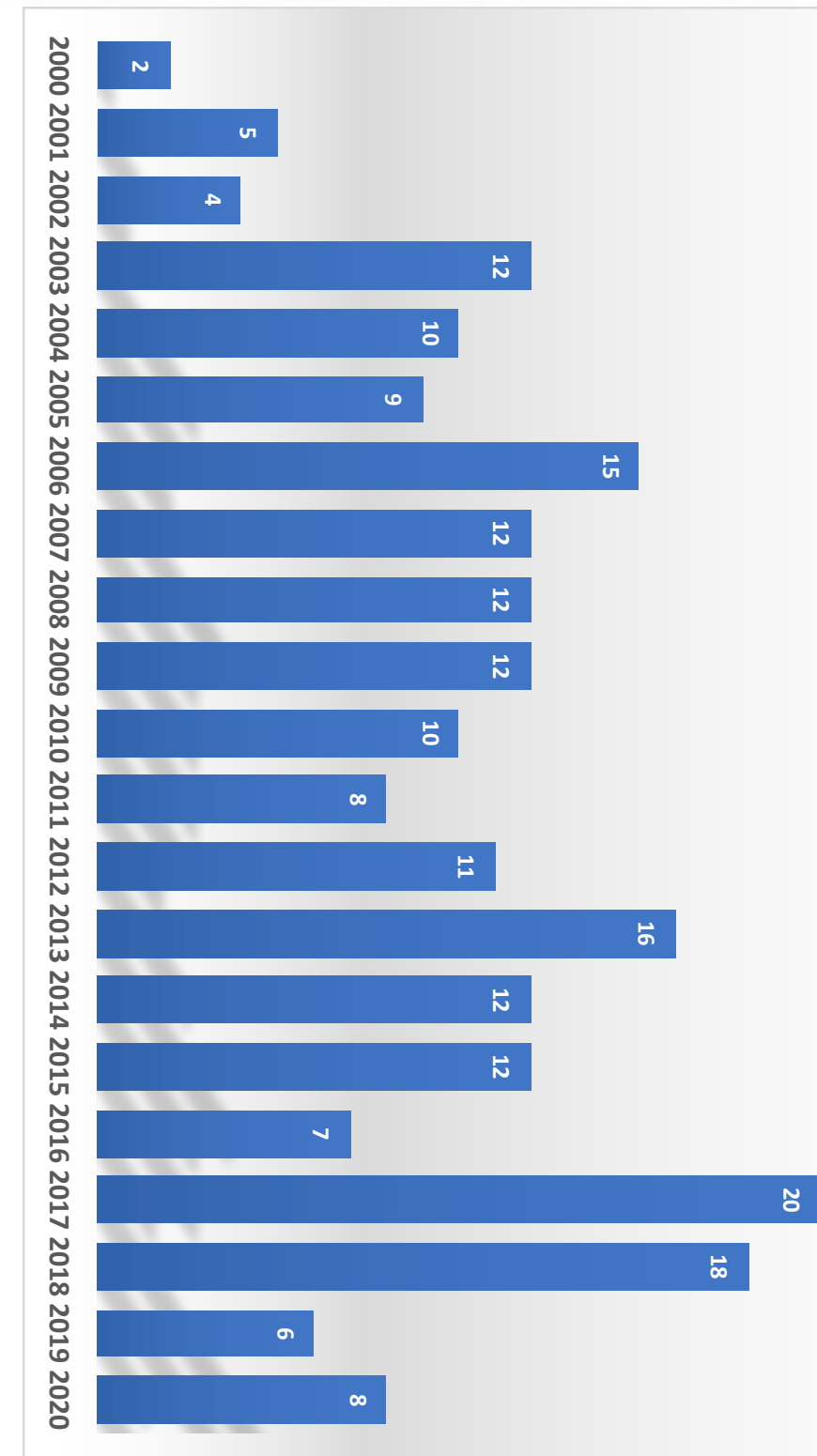
Marco Battaglieri
Jefferson Lab

Refereed Physics Publications

Hall B

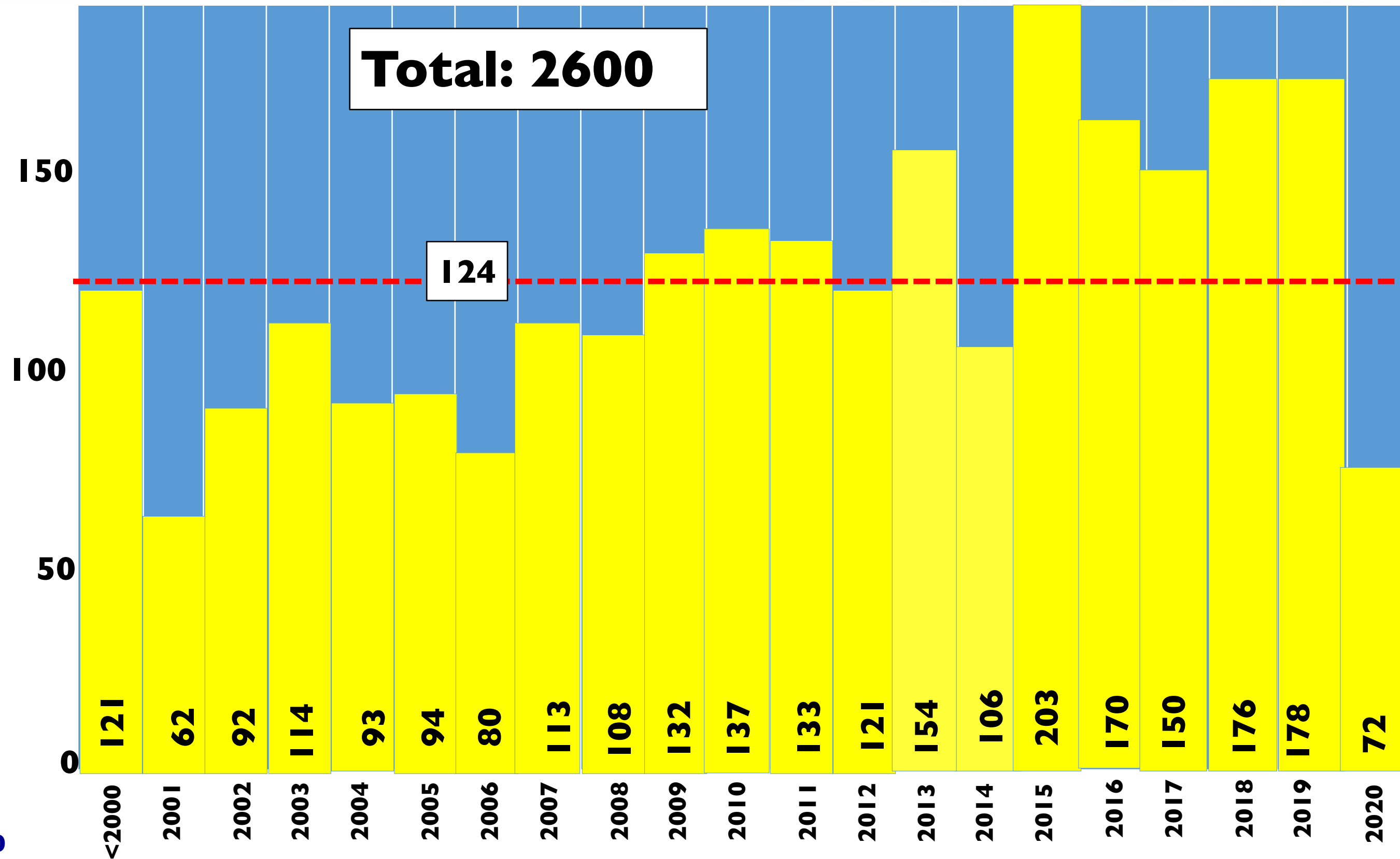
	Spectroscopy	Hard Scattering	Nuclear	ALL
2000		1	1	2
2001	2	3		5
2002	3		1	4
2003	7	4	1	12
2004	3	3	4	10
2005	7	3	2	9
2006	8	4	3	15
2007	7	2	3	12
2008	4	6	2	12
2009	8	7	4	12
2010	4	2	4	10
2011	3	1	4	8
2012	6	3	2	11
2013	8	6	2	16
2014	5	6	1	12
2015	4	5	3	12
2016	7			7
2017	12	7	1	20
2018	10	6	2	18
2019	1	2	3	6
2020	5	1	2	8
SUM	114	62	45	221

+ 1 CLAS paper submitted to Nature
 + 5 CLAS papers under internal review
 + 2 CLAS12 papers under internal review



updated 11/09/2020

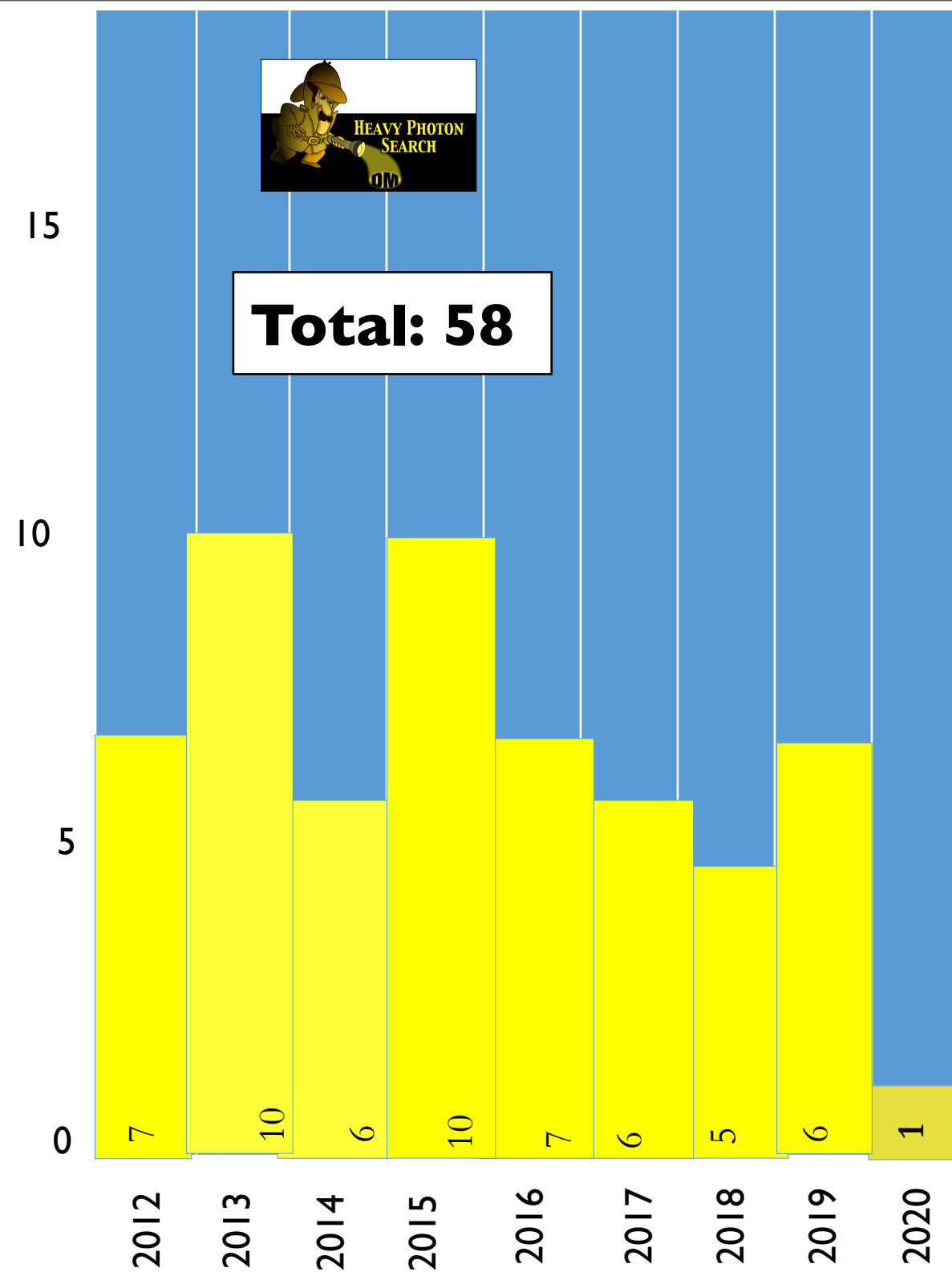
Conference Presentations



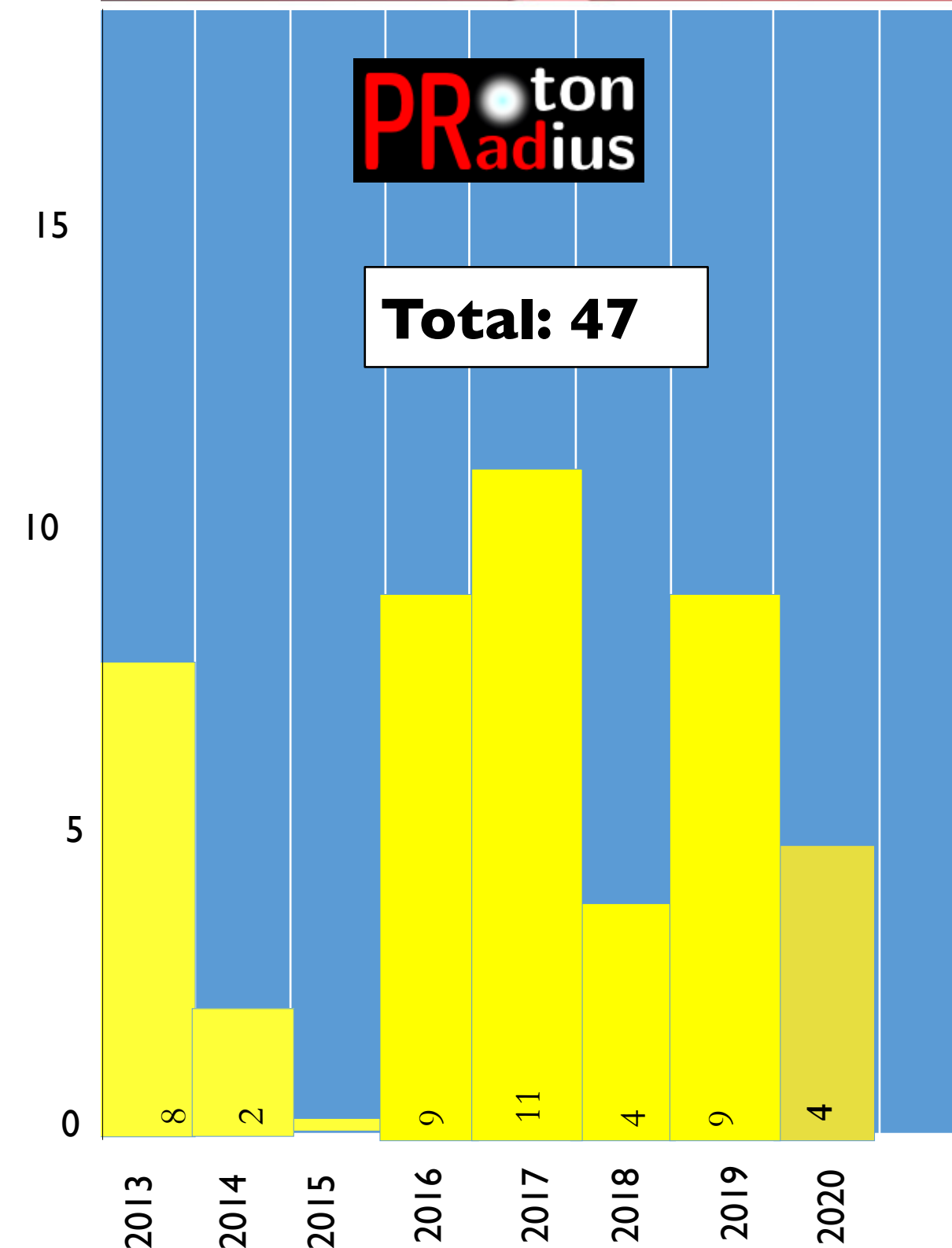
Source: CSC
updated Nov 9 2020

Conference Presentations

Hall B



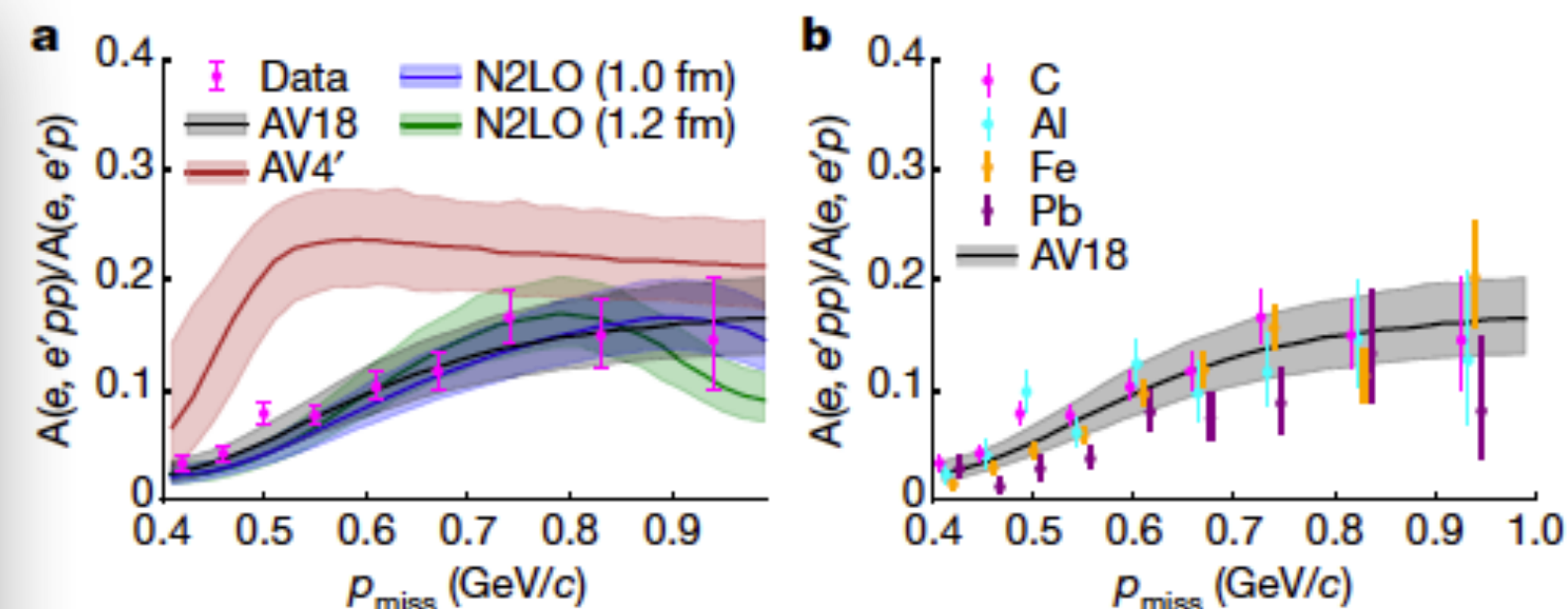
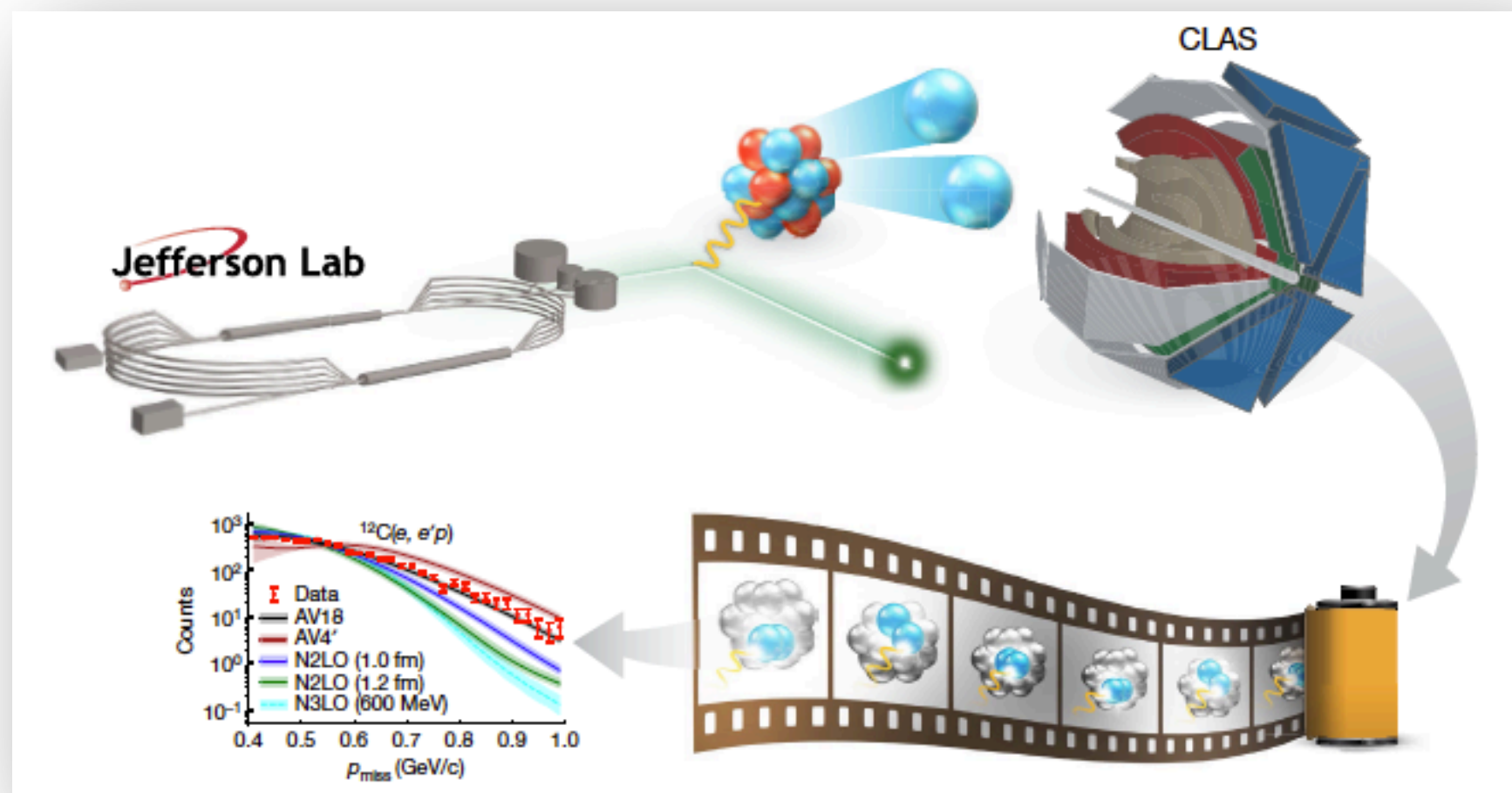
Source: HPS & PRAD wiki



updated Nov 9 2020

Hall B highlights

- **CLAS I 2 physics runs:**
 - RG-A (13 proposals, 139 PAC days)
 - RG-K (3 proposals, 100 PAC days)
 - RG-B (7 proposals, 90 PAC days)
 - ✓ RG-F (BONUS, 42 PAC days)
- **Continued flow of results from Hall B (CLAS+PRAD+HPS+PRIMEX..)**
 - > 230 physics papers in peer reviewed journals (> 14,000 citations)
 - 5 papers in **Nature**, 1 paper in **Science** (+ one submitted)
 - ~2,600 conference talks (~1,650 invited)
- **Specialized Hall B experiments**
 - PRAD experiment – results published in **Nature**
 - PRIMEX - results published in **Science**
 - Heavy Photon Search -Calibrations of 2019 data ongoing



Nature **volume 578**, pages 540-544 (2020)

Article

Probing the core of the strong nuclear interaction

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2021-6>

Received: 21 August 2019

Accepted: 10 January 2020

Published online: 26 February 2020

 Check for updates

A. Schmidt^{1,2}, J. R. Pybus¹, R. Weiss³, E. P. Segarra¹, A. Hrnjic¹, A. Denniston¹, O. Hen^{1,2}, E. Piasetzky⁴, L. B. Weinstein⁵, N. Barnea³, M. Strikman⁶, A. Laktionov⁷, D. Higinbotham⁸ & The CLAS Collaboration*

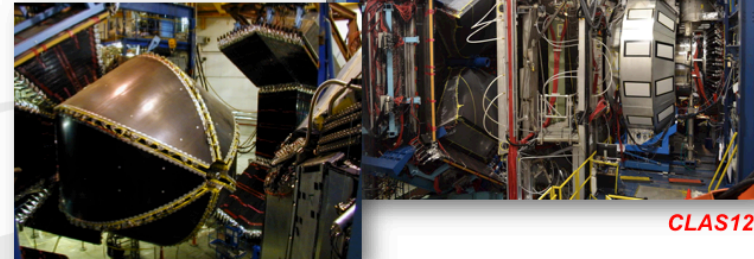
The strong nuclear interaction between nucleons (protons and neutrons) is the effective force that holds the atomic nucleus together. This force stems from fundamental interactions between quarks and gluons (the constituents of nucleons) that are described by the equations of quantum chromodynamics. However, as these

- CLAS6 data mining activity
- Electron-nucleus scattering to test nuclear interaction
- Short range correlations up to 400 MeV/c (relative p)
- Transition from spin-dependent tensor force to spin-independent scalar force
- Access to nuclear force in extreme conditions (neutron stars)

CLAS12 preliminary results @ DNP

Hall B

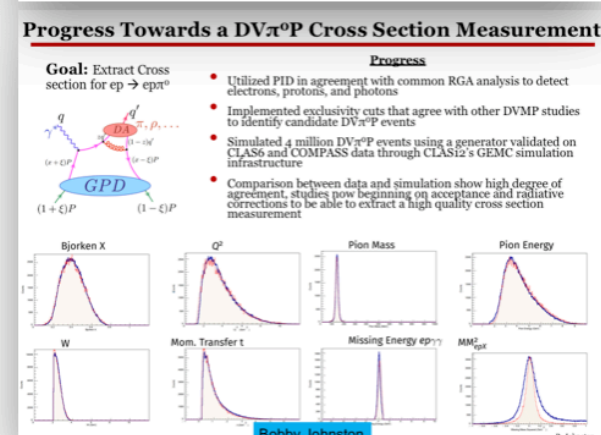
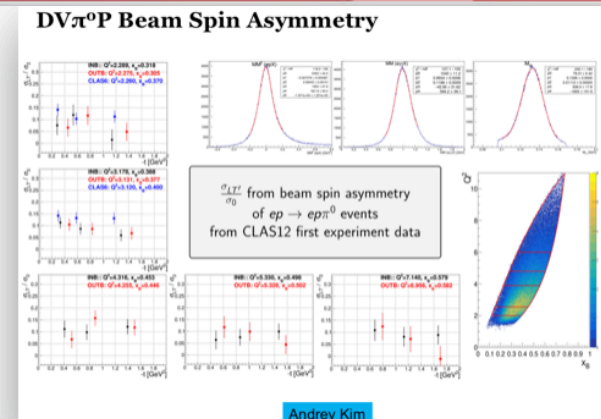
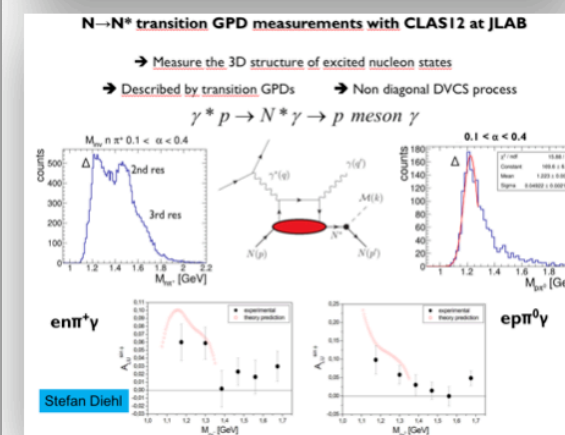
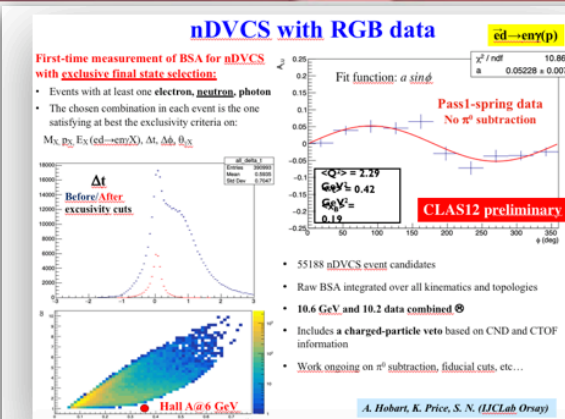
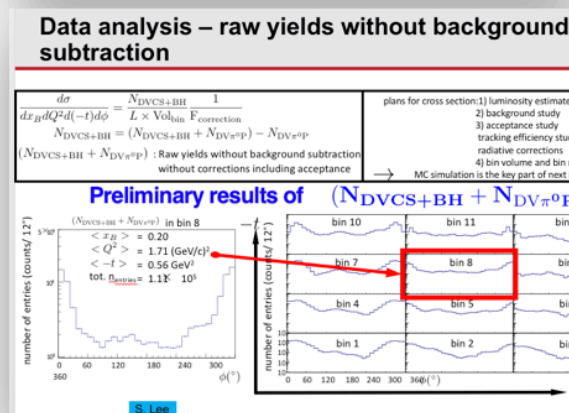
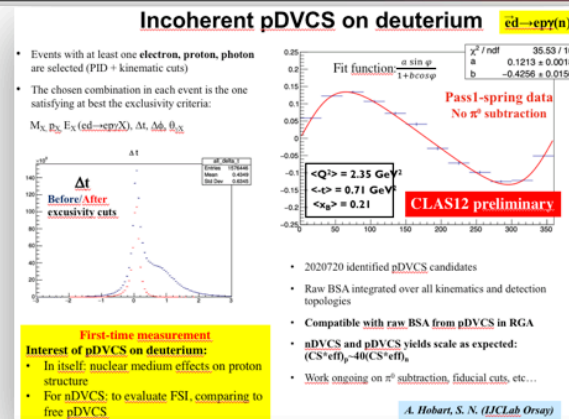
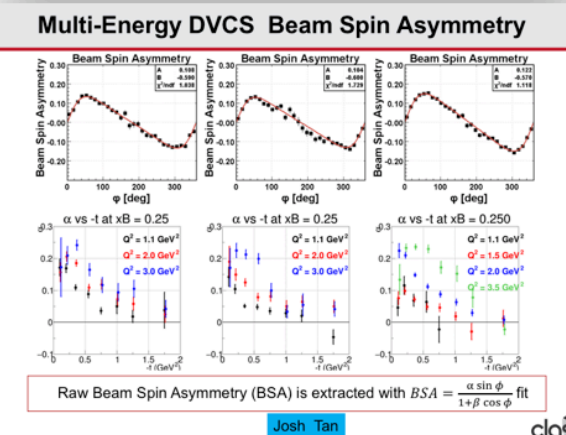
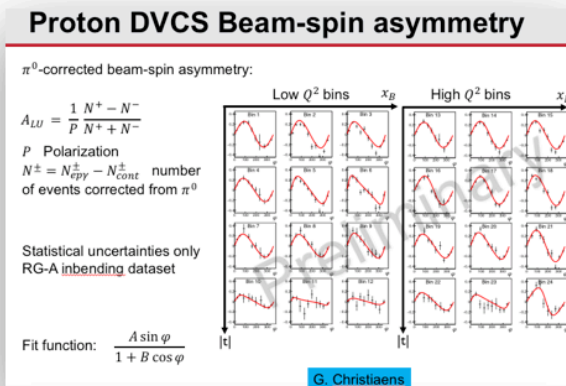
CLAS



CLAS12

CLAS Collaboration Presentations

Latifa Elouadrhiri
for the CLAS Collaboration
Hall-B TF Meeting Sunday, October 25, 2020



Mini-Symposium: Electromagnetic Form Factors of N*'s, Sessions DQ, EQ, and FQ, October 30, 2020

Goals: Facilitate joint efforts between experiment, phenomenology and theory on exploration of the spectrum and structure of the ground and excited states of the nucleons from the CLAS and CLAS12 data in order to get insight into strong interaction dynamics which underlie the baryon generation from quarks and gluons.

Organizers: K. Hicks, Ohio U., V.I. Mokeev, Jefferson Lab

Invited review talks:

- Studies of Excited Nucleon Structure with CLAS and CLAS12
Prof. K. Joo, University of Connecticut, USA
- Ground and excited nucleon structure within continuum QCD approaches
Prof. J. Segovia, Pablo de Olavide University, Seville, Spain

Novel direction:

- Exploring the Emergence of Deformation Dominance in Nuclear Structure from Strong QCD
Prof. J.P. Draayer, Louisiana State University, USA

and 18 contributed talks

The CLAS/CLAS12 experiments were designed to perform complementary measurements with different beam energies different targets and different combination of polarizations to study:

- protons and neutrons structure for both the ground and excited states, 3D imaging and mechanical structure of the nucleon with the core mission to understand the manner in which the constituents of protons are held together by the strong force and the emergence of the dominant part of hadron mass.
- quark confinement and the role of the glue in meson and baryon spectroscopy
- strong interaction in nuclei – evolution of quark hadronization, nuclear transparency of hadrons

... and many more:

- SIDID single π^+ BSA (S.Diehl)
- Di-hadron SIDIS (T.Hayward)
- SIDIS pion multiplicity (G.Angelini)
- BAND physics program (C.Fogler)
- BSA in resonance region (V.Klimenko, E.Isupov)
- Resonance electrocoupling (K.Neupane)
- Include cross section (N.Markov)
- RG-F (BONUS) report E.Christy)

Credit:L.Elouadrhiri

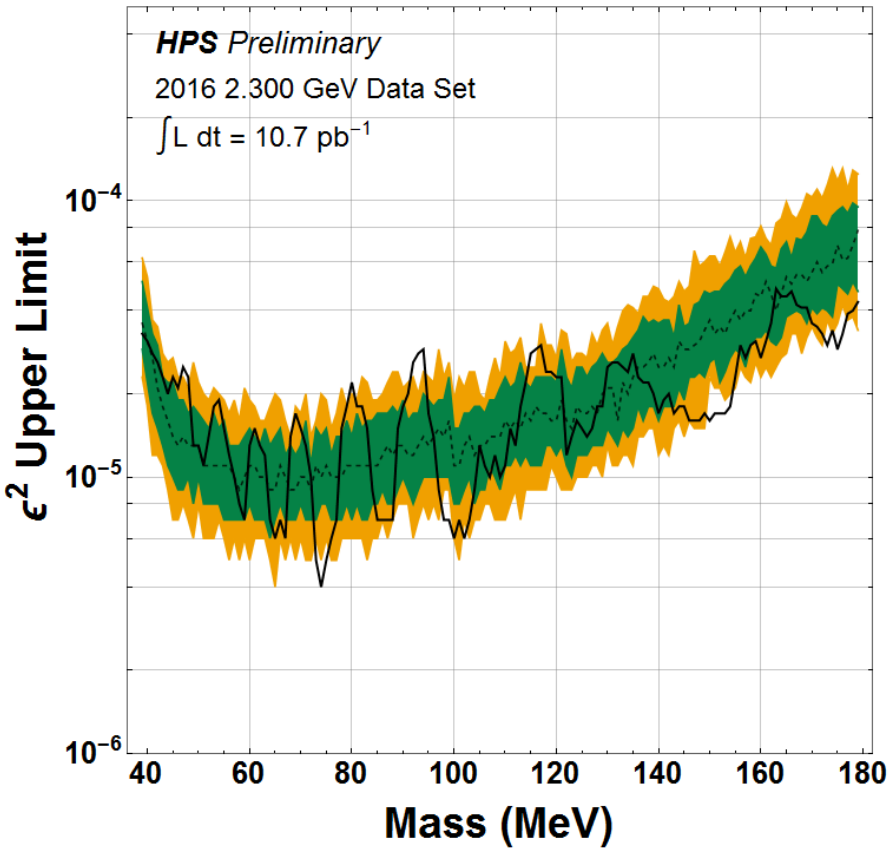


Heavy Photon Search

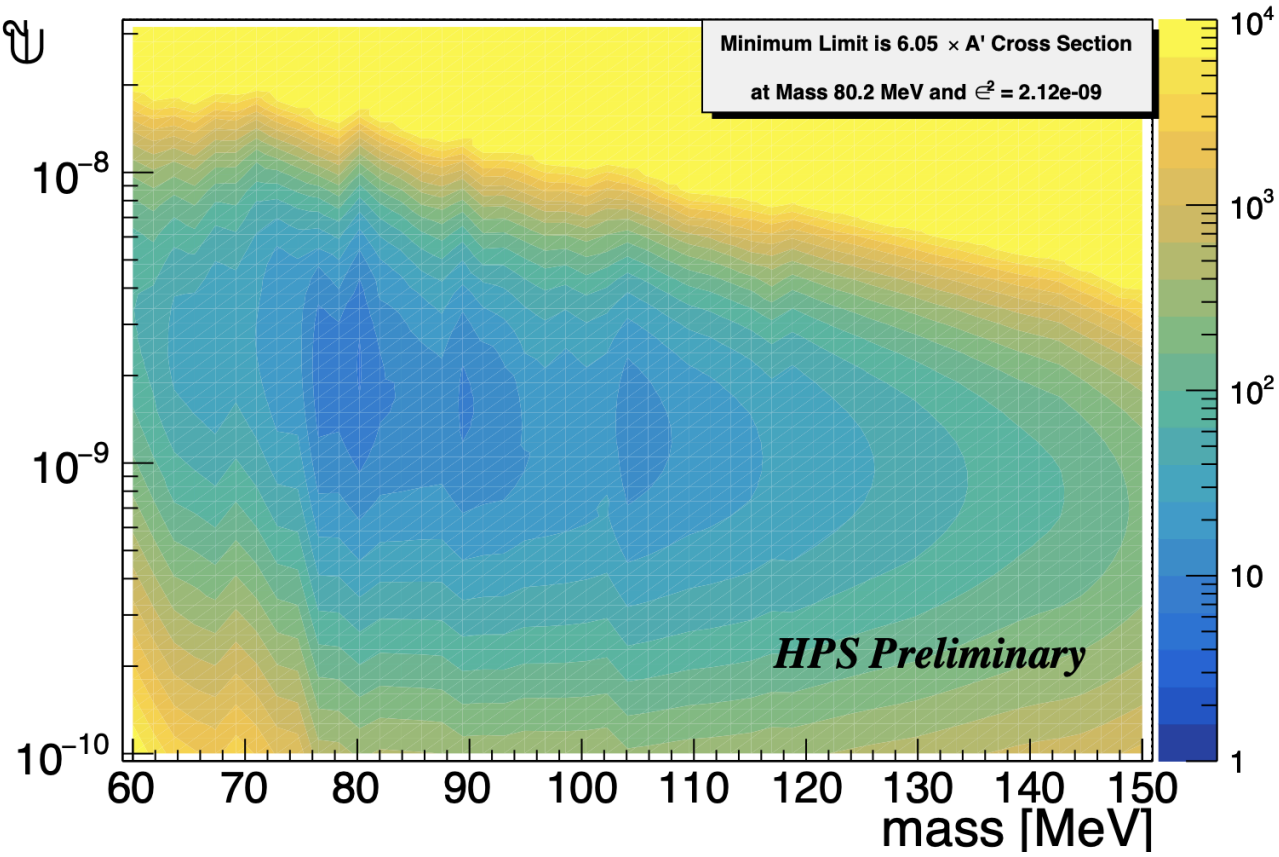
Hall B

- HPS successfully defended remaining beamtime at the PAC48 jeopardy hearing. The PAC endorsed the HPS run plan and recommended maintaining the remaining time allocation (135 days) as well as the experiment grade A
- The review of the resonance search analysis completed, started drafting the paper. The second stage of the displaced vertex analysis is in progress.
- Continue calibration of 2019 data and preparations for 2021 run .
- Updates will be presented at the collaboration meeting, November 18-20
https://www.jlab.org/conference/HPS_NOV2020

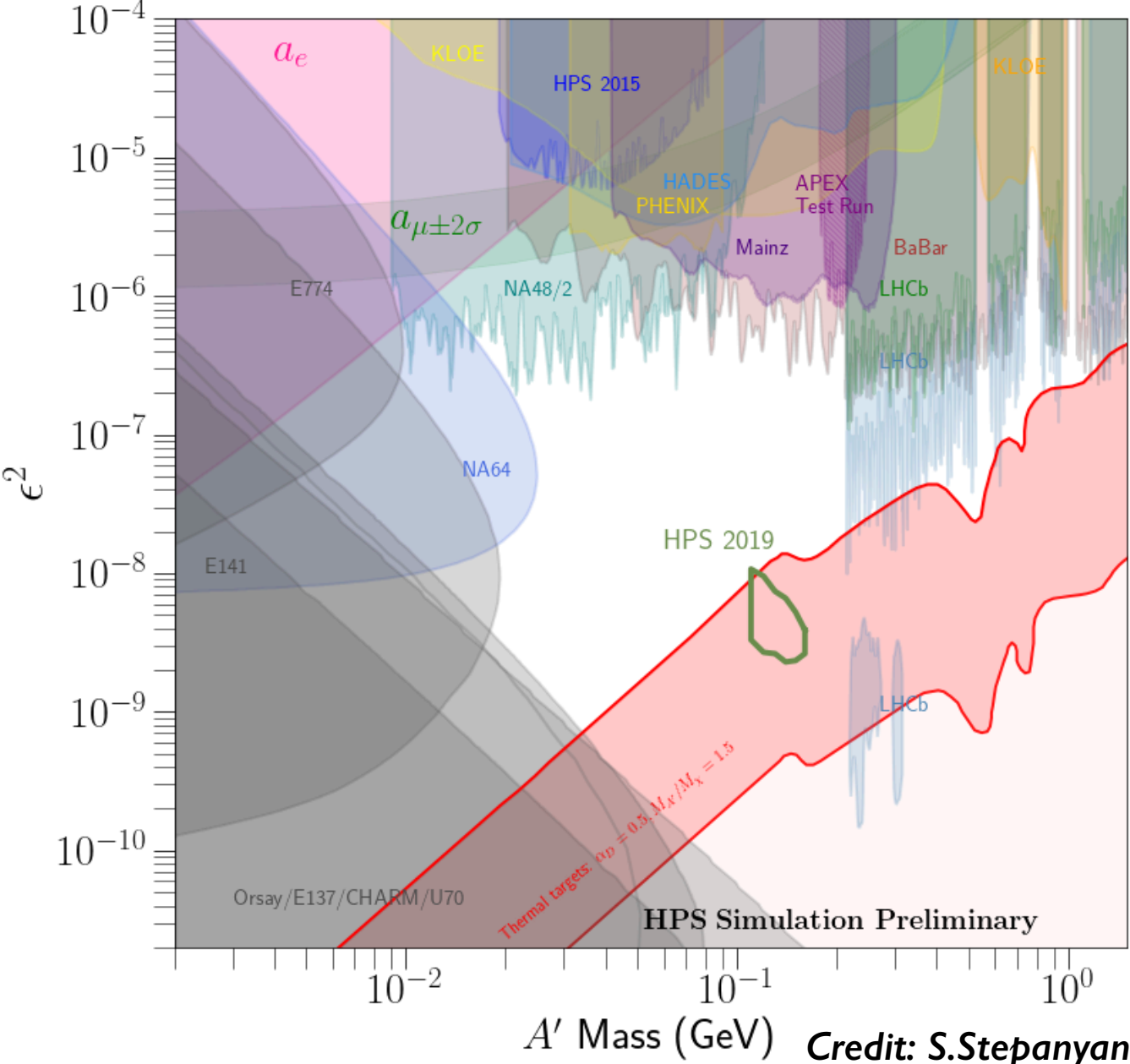
Resonance search method

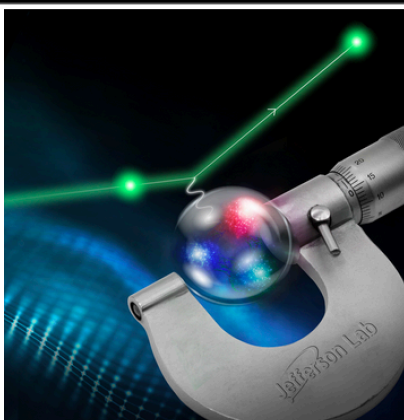


Displaced vertex analysis, OIM



Projected reach for 2019 data





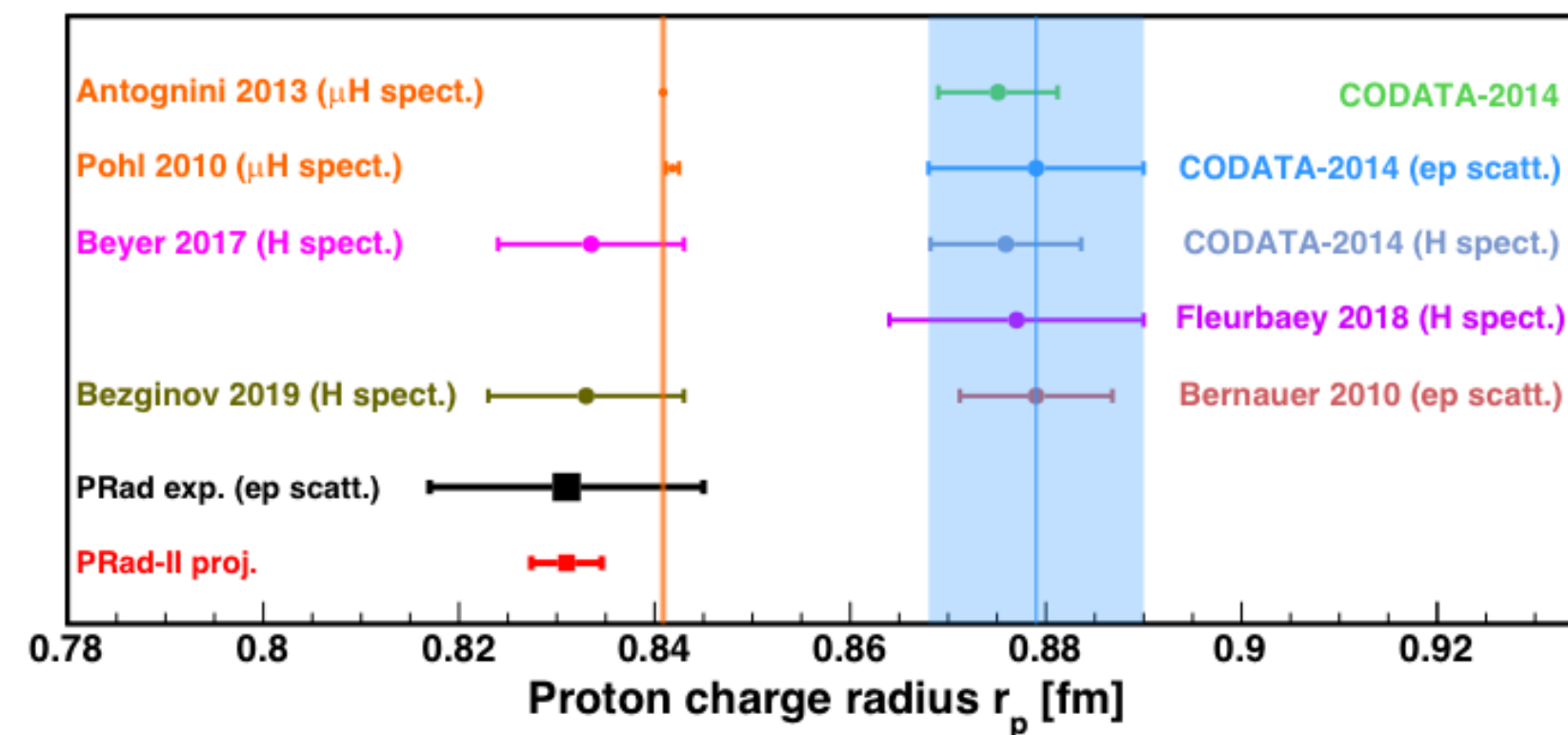
Two new proposal for PAC48

- PRad-II: a new and upgraded version of PRad-I. Awarded by PAC48 with A grade (40 PAC days)
- DRad: deuteron charge radius from elastic electron-deuteron scattering (Deferred by PAC48)

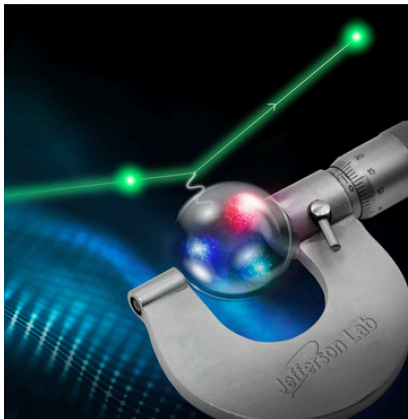
PRad-II preparation

- Adding tracking capability (second plane of GEM/ μ Rwell detectors)
 - (a) preparing a μ Rwell prototype detector for summer beam tests
 - (b) preparing full funding proposal for GEM (or μ Rwell detectors)
- Small-size scintillator detectors just downstream the target to veto Moller electrons to reach the 10^{-5} GeV² Q² range
 - work in progress with JLab Target Group to finalize the pre-engineering drawings
- Adding new ‘beam halo blacker’ just before the Tagger
 - could be a copy of the existing ‘collimator’ downstream the Tagger.
 - work needed for engineering drawings, manufacturing and construction.
- HyCal upgrade to all PbWO₄ crystals, essential for ep-inelastic background suppression at relatively higher Q² range (10⁻² GeV²) and uniformity over full acceptance
 - needs 2,300 new crystal detectors. Currently working on two directions:
 - (a) looking for used crystal detectors from other experiments (PANDA, CMS, ...)
 - (b) include it (\$4.0 M) in full funding proposal, in prep. (as NSF Mid-scale RI-I, ...)
- DAQ/electronics upgrade to fADC based electronics:
 - (a) borrow from Jlab/Hall B
 - (b) include it (\$3.2 M) in the full funding proposal, in preparation

Collecting sizeable more statistics with an upgraded detector
 PRad-II expects 3.8 times improvement in total uncertainty
 $\delta R_p = \pm 0.43\%$



Credit: A.Gasparyan



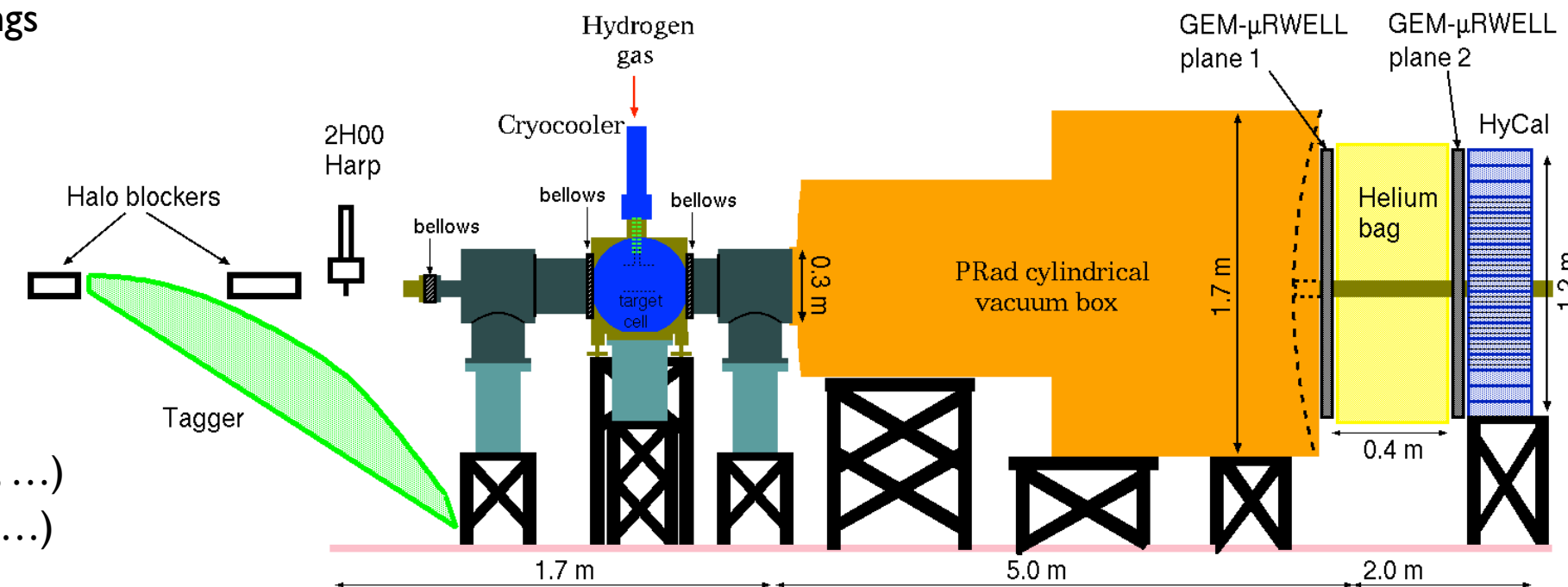
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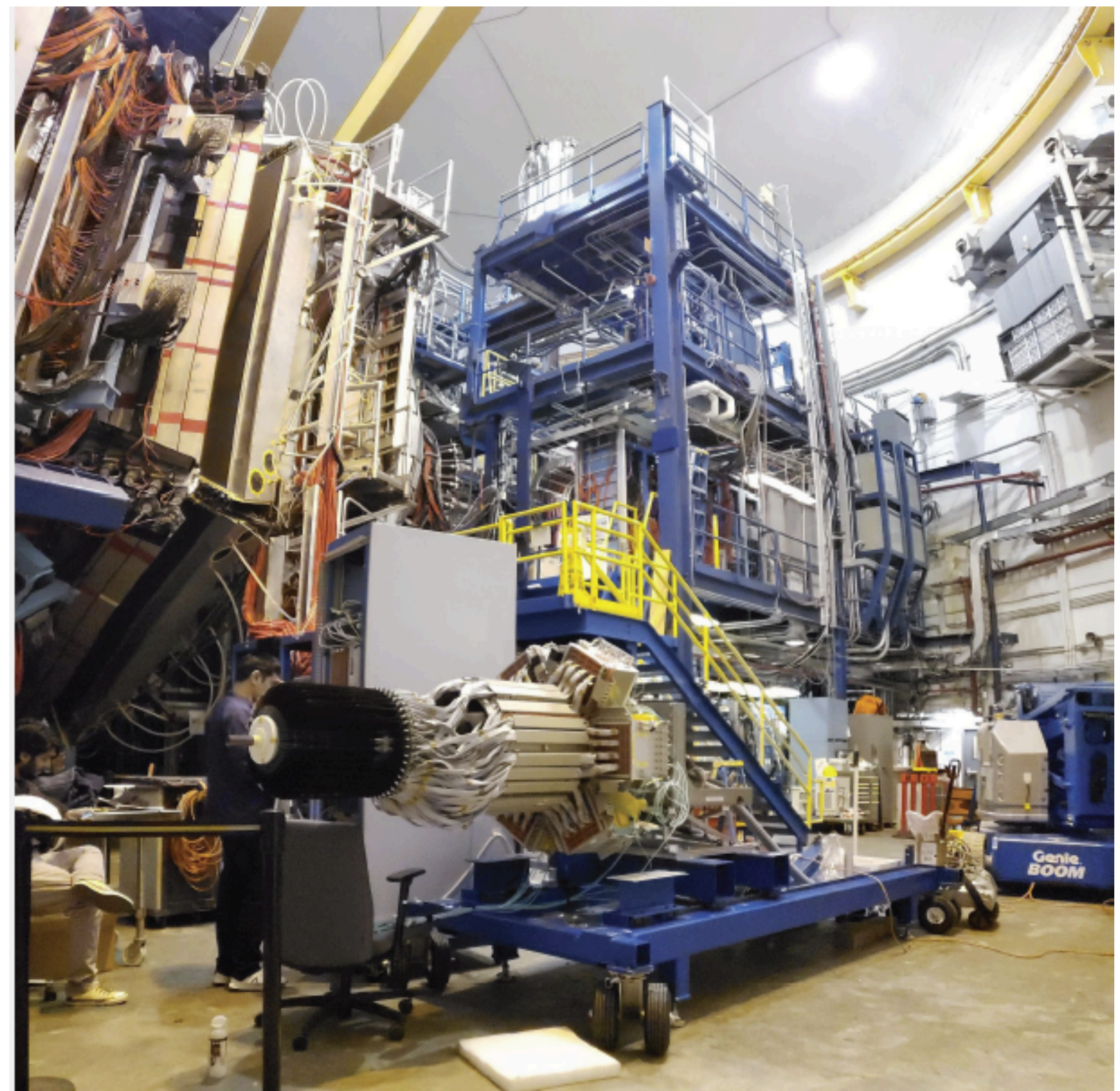
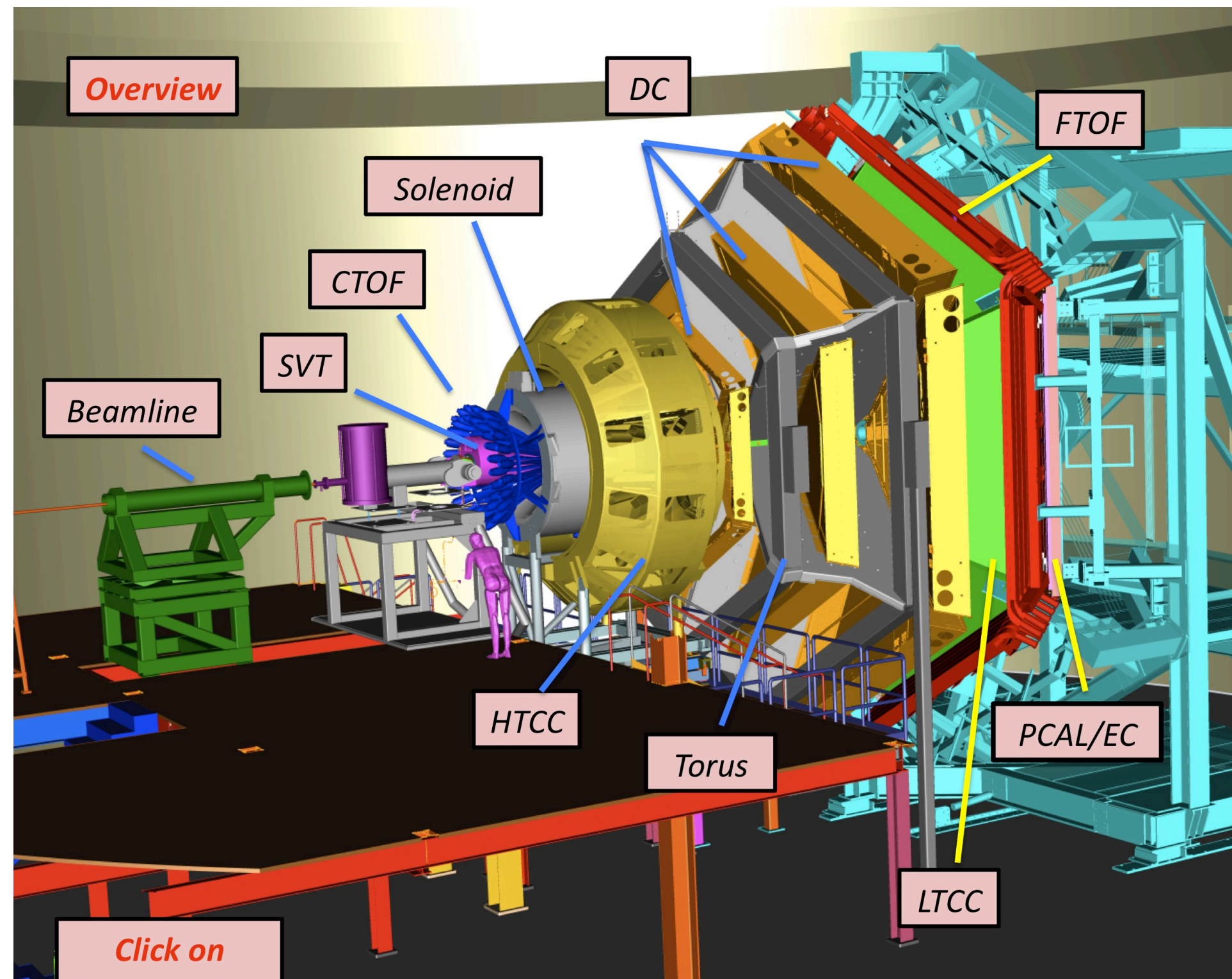
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 - (a) borrow from Jlab/Hall B
 - (b) include it (\$3.2 M) in the full funding proposal, in preparation. times more statistics

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 PRad-II expects 3.8 times improvement in total uncertainty
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Credit: A.Gasparyan



– Run Group A:

- 13 experiments
- 10.2-10.6 GeV polarized electrons
- Liquid-hydrogen target
- ~300 mC, ~50% of approved beam time

– Run Group K:

- 3 experiments
- 6.5, 7.5 GeV polarized electrons
- Liquid-hydrogen target
- ~45 mC, ~12% of approved beam time

– Run Group B:

- 7 experiments
- 10.2-10.5 GeV polarized electrons
- Liquid-deuterium target
- ~155 mC, ~43% of approved beam time

– Run Group F (BONUS):

- 7 experiments
- 10.2 GeV polarized electrons (+2.2 GeV for calibration)
- Gas-deuterium target +RTPC
- ~92% of approved beam time (Run concluded!)

CLAS12 data taking

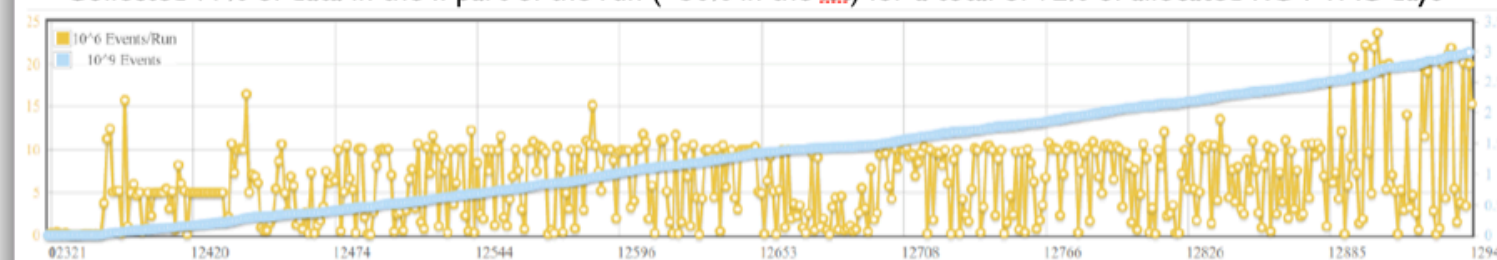
- from Feb 2017 (KPP) to Summer 2020 (physics runs)

– Nuclear targets test (special run):

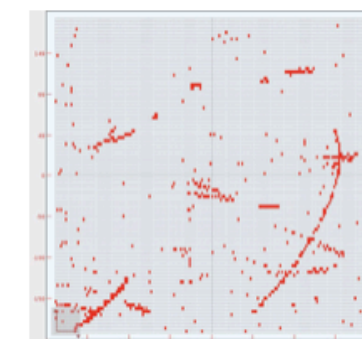
- 10.2 GeV electrons
- LD2, LHe and Pb targets
- 100% of scheduled time

Hall-B operations

- Monday Sept 21st ended the RG-F physics run
- Generous effort of JLab staff members and local insts (ODU, HU, CNU, RichmndU) to cover shifts for a successful run
- Good feedback by virtual shifts, plans to adopt them on regular base in the future
- Collected 77% of data in the II part of the run (+50% in the 1st) for a total of 92% of allocated RG-F PAC days



- Beside production runs on D2, regular calibration runs on different targets (empty, H2, He4) + Moeller measurement + dedicated run at low energy at the beginning of the run
- Dedicated equipment (BONUS RTPC)
- Decommissioning started, RTPC to EEL building (?), will be stored at ODU/HU



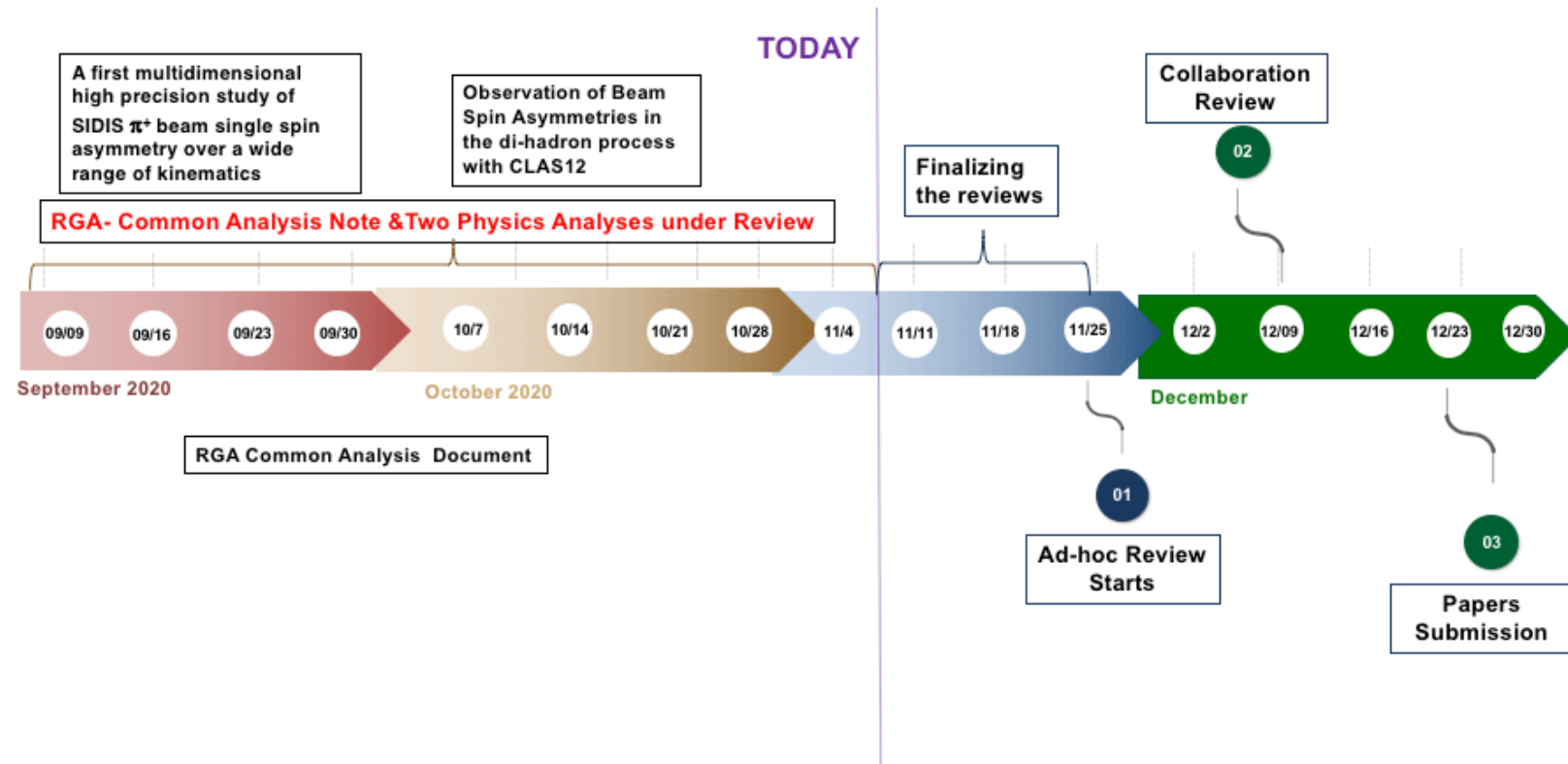
	Calibration status	Cooking status	Timeline for completion
– Run Group A: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 13 experiments • 10.2-10.6 GeV polarized electrons • Liquid-hydrogen target • ~300 mC, ~50% of approved beam time 	In progress	37% done	Restart cooking at the end of November
– Run Group K: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3 experiments • 6.5, 7.5 GeV polarized electrons • Liquid-hydrogen target • ~45 mC, ~12% of approved beam time 	Completed	Fully cooked	-
– Run Group B: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7 experiments • 10.2-10.5 GeV polarized electrons • Liquid-deuterium target • ~155 mC, ~43% of approved beam time 	In progress	40% cooked	Restart cooking now
– Run Group F (BONUS): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7 experiments • 10.2 GeV polarized electrons (+2.2 GeV for calibration) • Gas-deuterium target +RTPC • ~92% of approved beam time 	In progress	-	Start cooking in as soon as calibrations are ready

Pass2 preparation
in progress

Toward the first CLAS12 publication (and beyond ...)

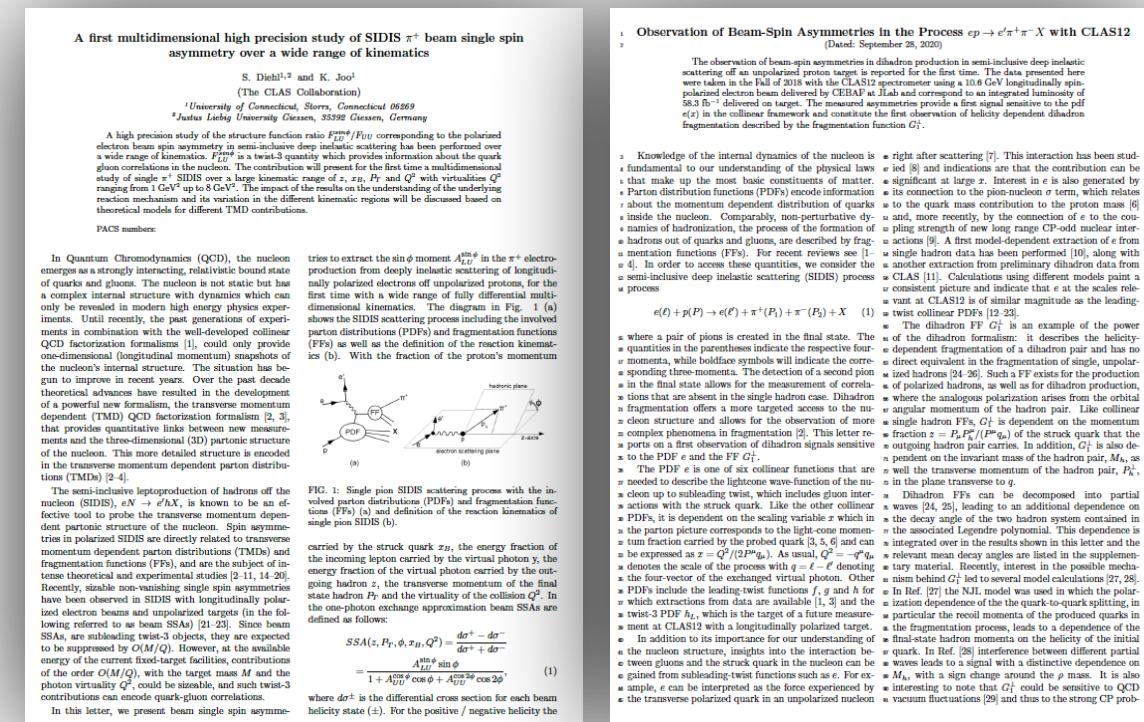
- Initial focus on Transverse Momentum Distribution (TMDs) by SIDID
- Single hadron (S.Diehl) and di-hadron (C.Dilks) analyses well advanced
- After the DNP many analysis are ready for the publication stage (documentation, draft, review ...)

RGA – Path towards the first publications - Milestones



CLAS12 first publication status

- Two PRLs draft ready
- RGA general Analysis note ready and under review
- 2 analysis-specific note under review
- Next step: CLAS Coll. wide review and submission to the journal!



What's missing?

- Full cross section: appointed a TF to assess efficiency systematics (N.Markov)
- Full statistics cooking (eg TCS or J/Psi): completion of RGA and RGB Pass1 in progress
- RG-F data calibration and cooking in progress
- Physics program on (heavy) nuclei: run in 2021 (RGM: SRC and e- for neutrinos)
- Spectroscopic program (MesonEx and VeryStrange): waiting for Pass2 cooking to include full alignment of the CLAS12-CD (appointed a TF for Pass2 cooking needs)

Credit: S.Diehl, C.Dielks, Latifa E., V.Ziegler

CLAS12

- demonstrated to exceed the expected performance
- Room for improvement for alignment, calibrations and efficiency

Data reconstruction

- Started massive cooking of 2y of data
- So far:
 - 13.5B triggers
 - 0.3PB raw → 40TB DST → 25TB skimmed
 - 4M core/hrs processing time
 - 600k jobs processed by JLab farm (SWIF) with 6 corrupted files ...

IT resources

- Docker containers for RecSW distribution
- Off-site resources: OSG + INFN + UK for CLAS12 simulations

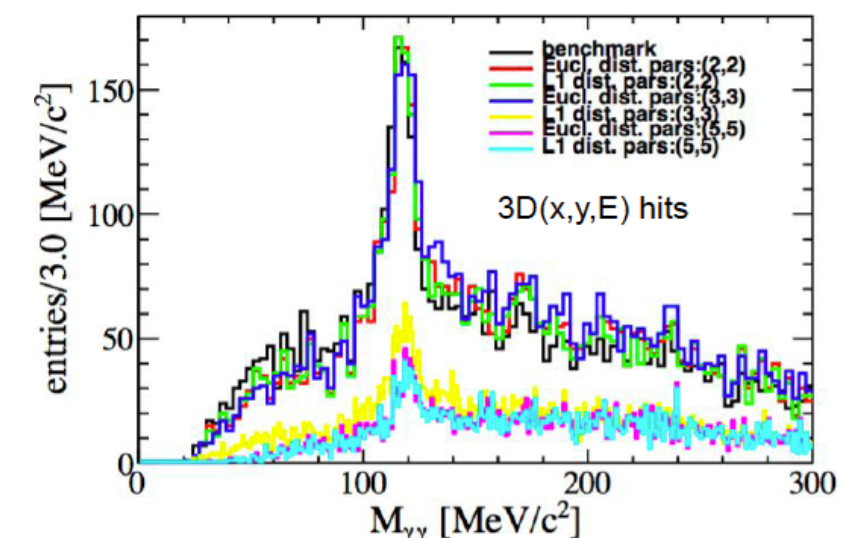
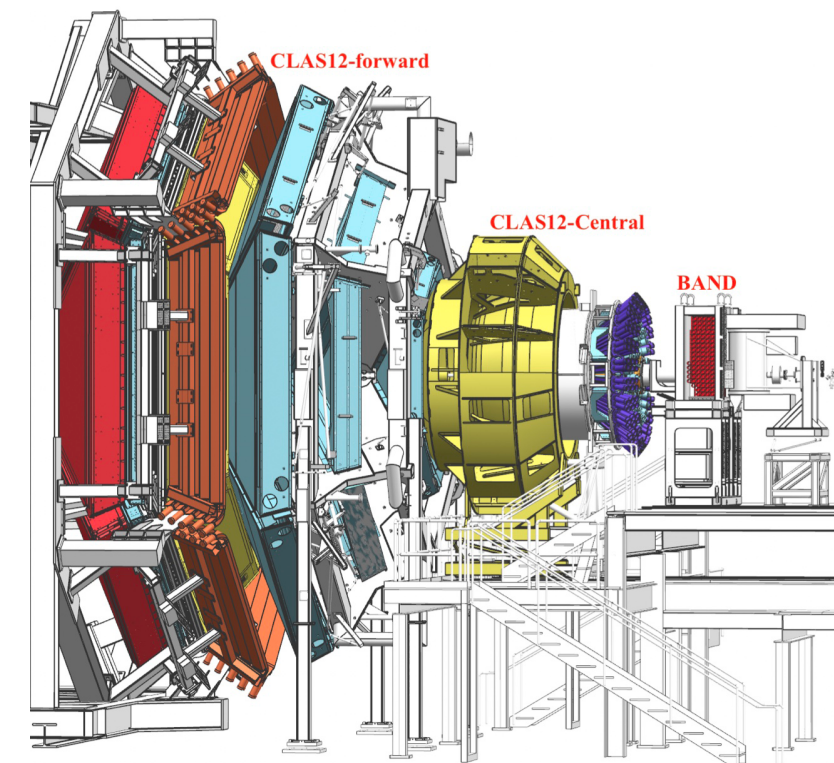
Machine Learning for CLAS12

- Tracking: speed (6x)
- Clustering
- RecSW handles both conventional and AI algorithms (validation)
- Expected improvement in efficiency and resolution
- Future: on-line reconstruction

Review outcome

- Status of HDice tests (mid October 2020)
- Alternative options for a transverse pol target (Mid Jan 2021)

Credit: V.Ziegler



Double cluster π^0 mass as obtained by an unsupervised hierarchical clustering algorithm implemented in JANA framework by C.Fanelli

Future plans

- High Luminosity upgrade: staged approach (TF), requires higher granularity tracker (GEM?)
- Streaming RO: first test in Feb performed using the FT-Cal, application of AI algorithms

New proposals

Proposal ID	Hall	Title	Days	PAC
Letters of Intent				
LOI12-20-001	B	Measurement of the Neutral Pion Transition Form Factor and Search for the Dark Omega Vector Boson	30	
New Proposals				
PR12-20-002	B	A Program of Spin-Dependent Electron Scattering from a Polarized He-3 Target in CLAS12	30	A- C1
PR12-20-004	B	PRad-II: A New Upgraded High Precision Measurement of the Proton Charge Radius	40	A C1
	B	Precision measurements of A=3 nuclei in Hall B	60	A- Approved
PR12-20-006	B	Precision Deuteron Charge Radius Measurement with Elastic Electron-Deuteron Scattering	40	deferred
PR12-20-009	B	Beam charge asymmetries for Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering on the proton at CLAS12	100	C2
		New beam time requested for Hall-B proposal	270	270
Run Group				
E12-06-106A	B	Nuclear TMDs in CLAS12	0	0
E12-09-007A	B	Studies of Dihadron Electroproduction in DIS with Longitudinally Polarized Hydrogen and Deuterium	0	0
E12-09-117A	B	Dihadron measurements in electron-nucleus scattering with CLAS12	0	0

- 1 approved experiment: Tritium target
- 2 C1 approved experiments: polarized He3 and PRad-II
- 1 C2 approved experiment: DVCS with a positron beam
- 1 deferred exp: DRad
- All 3 RG addition endorsed

Jeopardy

Experiment	Keywords	Recommendation
E12-12-002	GlueX II and Eta Factory	maintain status
E12-13-008	Pion polarizability	maintain status
RG A	Polarized e- on unpolarized H	maintain status
RG B	Deuterium target	maintain status
RG C	Longitudinally polarized target	approve for 120 days, then return to PAC
RG D	Color transparency	approve 30 days
RG E	Quark propagation	maintain status (see report)
RG G	EMC Effect in Nuclei	new grade A- (previously B+)
RG H	Transversely polarized target	maintain status
RG I	Heavy Photon Search	maintain status
RG K	Low-energy runs	maintain status

- RGA/RGK: control of systematic error and assessment
- RGB: highlight DVCS
- RGC: 120 days effect to the global landscape (return to PAC)
- RGD: 30 days low physics impact (more time after results)
- RGE: recommendation to have the 6 GeV data published!
- RGG: A- (from B+), important, high potential adding spin info
- RGH: comments on a transverse target
- RGI: competition with LHCb but still valid

- In support of CLAS12 run group (all transverse experiments designated as **High Impact** for Hall B)
- challenge: trans. holding fields bend electrons into the detector !
- mitigation: small $B \cdot dL \Leftrightarrow$ frozen-spin HD

HDice target tests at
UITF necessary to
check depolarisation
effects

Work plan

- Run 0: booster at 0.5 MeV, 1 MeV, and 10 MeV
- Run 1: commissioning (beam line) ~19 days
- Run 2: run on UNpolarized HD ~17 days
- Run 3: run on Polarized HD ~28 days

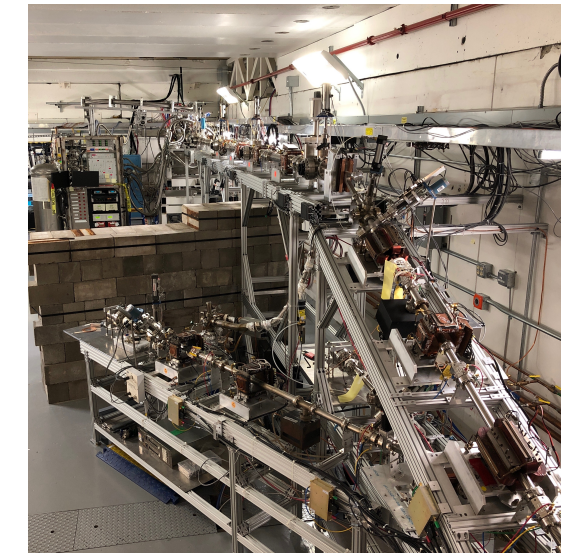
Run 0

- Jul 22: UITF granted formal beam authorization for MeV beam to the cave-1 dump;
- July 31: 200 keV beam through BOOSTER to Faraday cup
- Aug 1-5: RF group works on BOOSTER; Klystron now delivering power to 2-cell buncher
- Aug 7: power to 7-cell; accelerate beam to **2.1 MeV**
- Aug 11-14 : accelerate beam to **4 MeV, 5.1 MeV, 7.2 MeV** 10 uA CW
- Aug 18 : accelerate beam to **8 MeV**
- Aug 19 : CTF liquefier issue; forced to stop and warm to 80K, END of Run 0

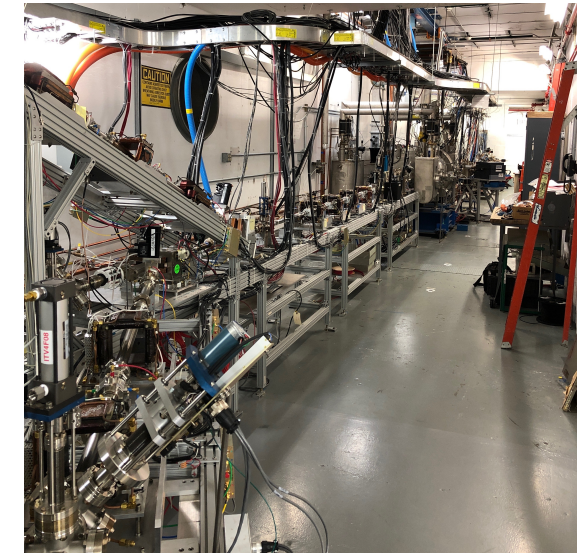
	ϵ_x ($\times 10^{-8}$ m-rad)	β (m)	ϵ_y ($\times 10^{-8}$ m-rad)	β (m)
measured:	3.291 ± 0.009	183 ± 5	$2.343 \pm 4 \times 10^{-5}$	$17 \pm 3 \times 10^{-4}$
design:	4.015	2.5	2.555	75.4
\Leftrightarrow high- quality beam !				



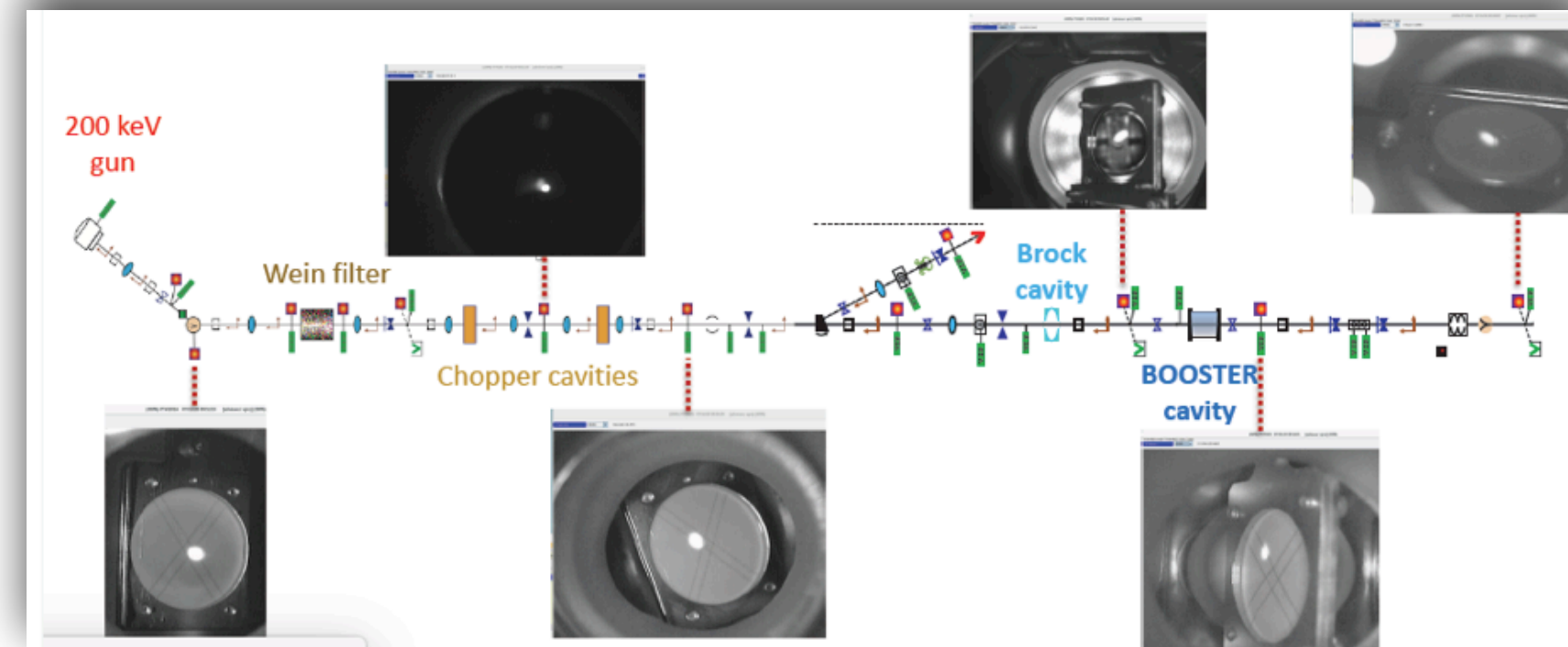
HDice In-Beam Cryostat



cave-2 elevated beam line



cave-1 with BOOSTER



Credit: A.Sandorfy

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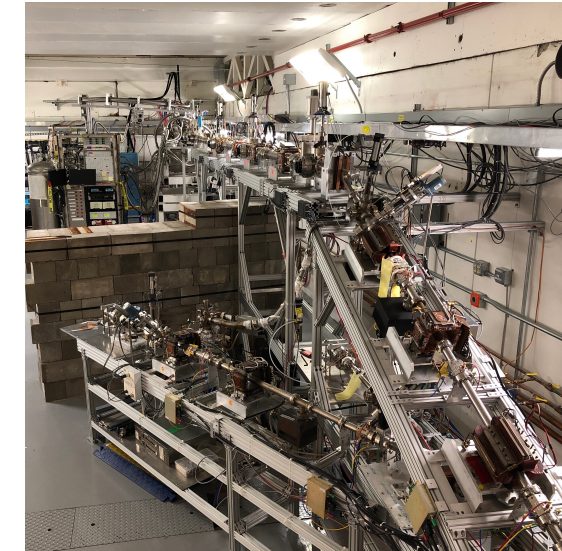
Run I

- Aug 28: **DOE granted UITF approval for OPERATIONS** (beam in Cave-2/HDice)
- Sept 1: **9.5 MeV** beam established
- Sept 4: raster tests converged (amplitude: spiral 150-350 kHz)
- Sept 11: first beam to the chicane
- Sept 20 IBC cooled at 60 mK with copper target; beam up to 25 nA CW, all magnets on
- Sept 28 Beam characteristics:

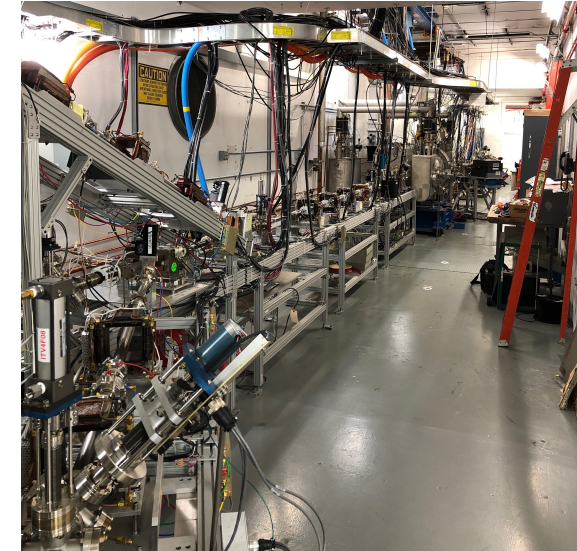
- ★ 9.5 MeV/c beam through the IBC to the dump
- ★ beam orbit centered on the axes of the 2 IBC solenoids and dump



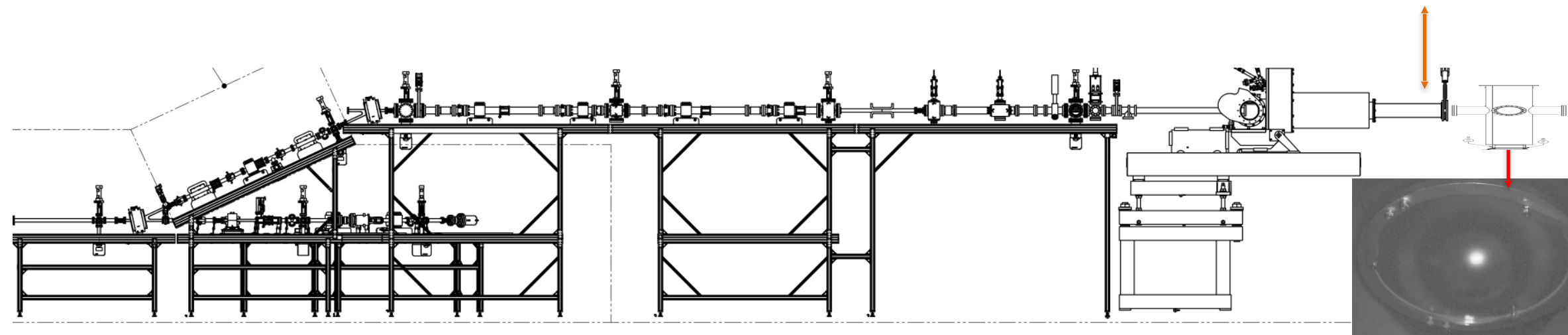
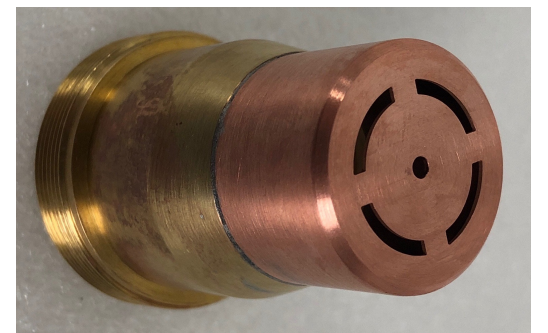
HDice In-Beam Cryostat



cave-2 elevated beam line



cave-1 with BOOSTER



Credit: A.Sandorfy

- In support of CLAS12 run group (all transverse experiments designated as **High Impact** for Hall B)
- challenge: trans. holding fields bend electrons into the detector !
- mitigation: small $B \cdot dL \Leftrightarrow$ frozen-spin HD

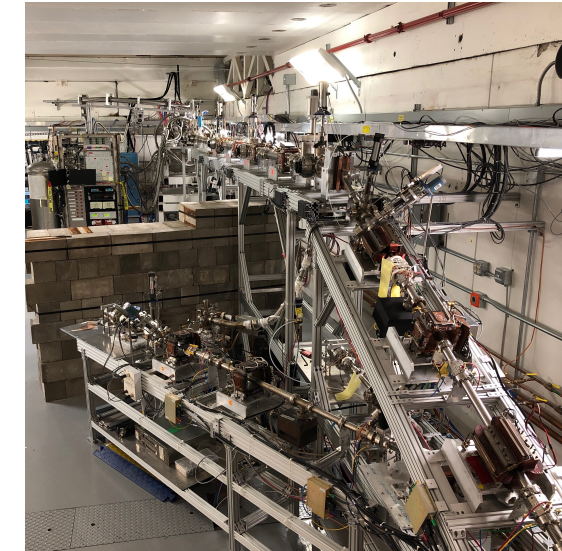
HDice target tests at
UITF necessary to
check depolarisation
effects

Work plan

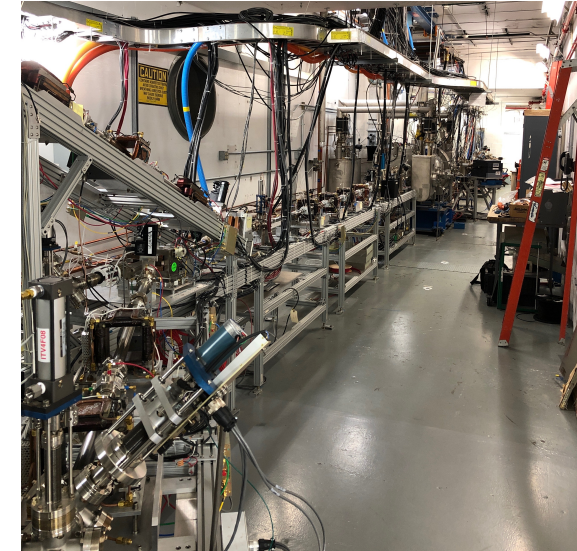
- Run 0: booster at 0.5 MeV, 1 MeV, and 10 MeV
- Run 1: commissioning (beam line) ~19 days
- Run 2: run on UNpolarized HD ~17 days
- Run 3: run on Polarized HD ~28 days



HDice In-Beam Cryostat



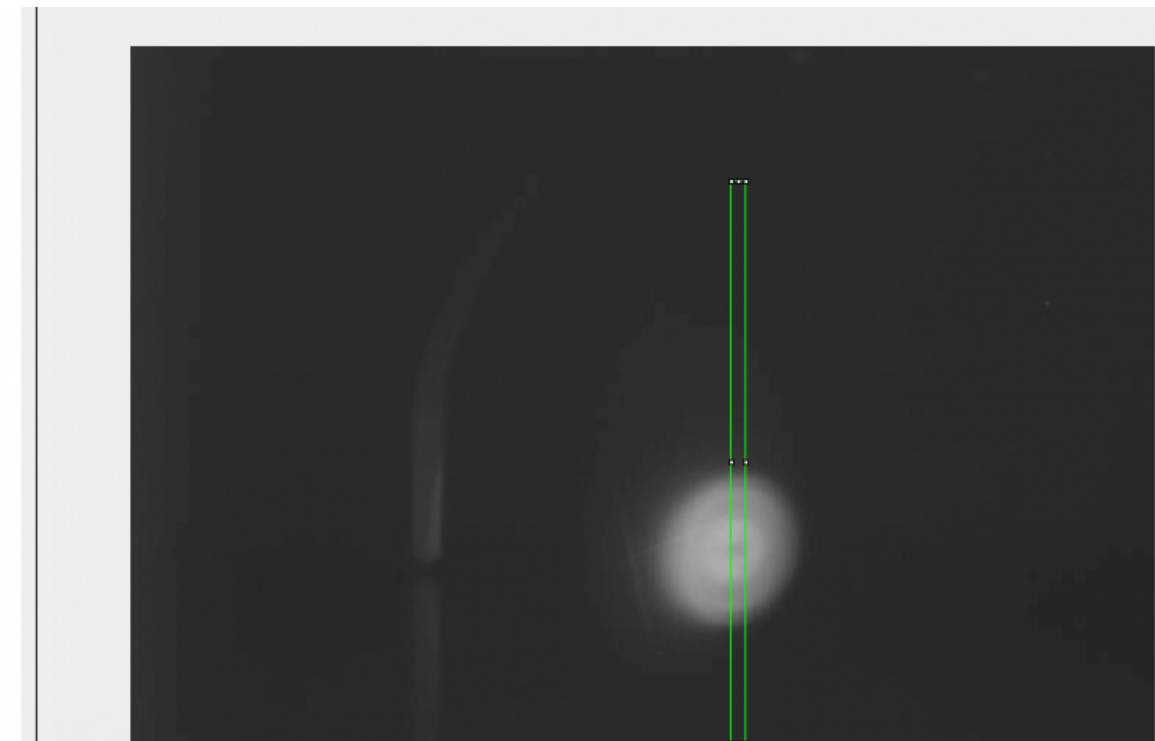
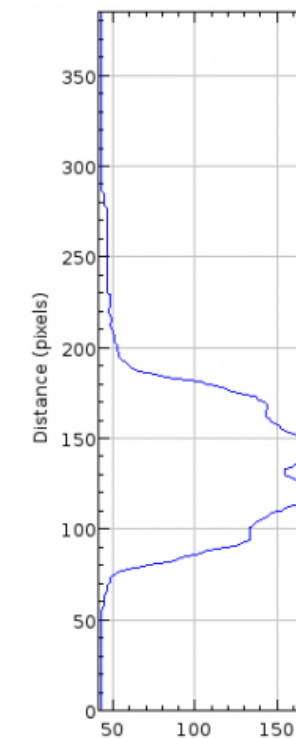
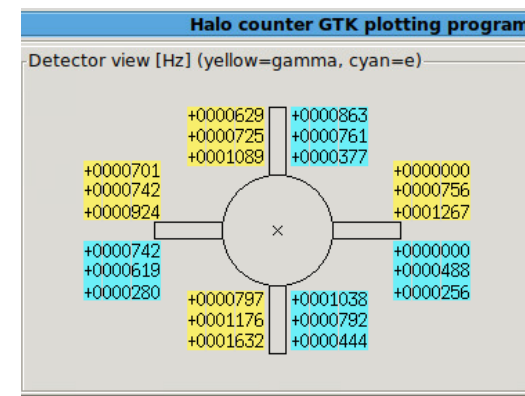
cave-2 elevated beam line



cave-1 with BOOSTER

Run 2

- Oct 27 - Nov 9: Beam on unpolarized HD target
- NMR thermal equilibrium signal in the IBC ($P_H \sim 1.4\%$)
- Good control on beam position
- Raster ready for Run3
- Measured Eloss from 10 MeV beam to calculate 10 GeV conditions
- Measured NMR signal with beam on/off



Run 3

- Beam on polarized HD target
- Expected from Nov 16 to Dec 16

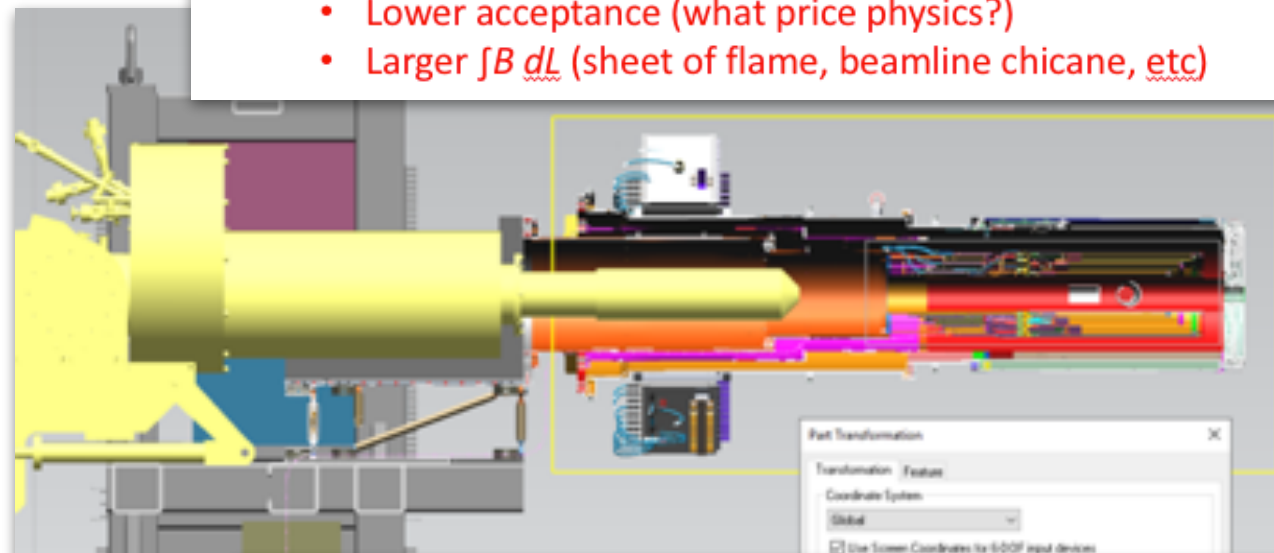
Credit: A.Sandorfy

Transvere Polarized target alternatives

- Working with the Target Group and Hall-B TF on possible alternatives for a polarized transverse target in Hall-B
- pol target technologies, impact on CLAS12, impact on approved physics program

The Plan B solutions I envision fall into one of two obvious categories

1. Target INSIDE the CLAS12 Solenoid
 - Higher acceptance
 - How to deal with the solenoid's longitudinal field? (MgB_2)
2. Target OUTSIDE the CLAS12 solenoid
 - Target is far simpler – no R&D, guaranteed performance
 - Lower acceptance (what price physics?)
 - Larger $\int B \, dL$ (sheet of flame, beamline chicane, etc)



Comments

- All three experiments (RG-G) assume 60% H polarization, single hadron SIDIS asked for 100 days of beamtime with $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ luminosity, other two experiments need 110 days at half of that luminosity
- Dilution factor is mentioned to be better by 2 to 6 times than for NH3 target, important for studies of transverse momentum dependence
- No simulations have been done with realistic target, fields, and rastered beam configuration
- All three experiments mention detection of the final state particles in the CLAS12 FD, but clearly there are particles in the acceptance region of CD
- Low beam current operations (1 nA) will be challenging, especially for the beam tuning

It will be important for RG-G to start preparations to the run, regular meetings to decide on run conditions and a realistic detector configuration. Simulations with rastered beam, field and detector configurations necessary (may be they already doing it).

Transverse Polarized Target for CLAS12

Goal

In collaboration with RG-H find options for a polarized transverse target in CLAS12 optimizing the CLAS12 configuration and providing an updated physics reach for each option

Charge

- In coordination with RG-H team define (few) options of a polarized transverse target for CLAS12 that includes HDice and alternatives
- Per each option:
 - Define target tech specs
 - Define effects on CLAS12
 - In coordination with RG-H team study and propose possible solutions to complement the existing CLAS12 configuration
 - In coordination with RG-H team define effect on proposed physics program of each option
 - Define FOM that includes all aforementioned information
 - Identify tests to prove the chosen technology to be performed with existing equipment (magnets, cryostats, shielding ...)
 - Make an assessment on the necessary R&D and resources needed

Resources

- Time: 7 months (Sept - March)
- Deliverable: 2 page report, wiki page with full documentation and minutes of meetings/presentations
- Task force: E.Pasyuk (PI), X.Wei (core), H.Avakyan (core), Latifa E. (core), M.Ungaro (simulations), B.Miller (external engineer), C.Keith (external), M.Contalbrigo (RGH representative), Sangbaek Lee (external), Patrick Moran (external), Robert Johnston (external)

C.Keith, E.Pasyuk, S.Stepanyan

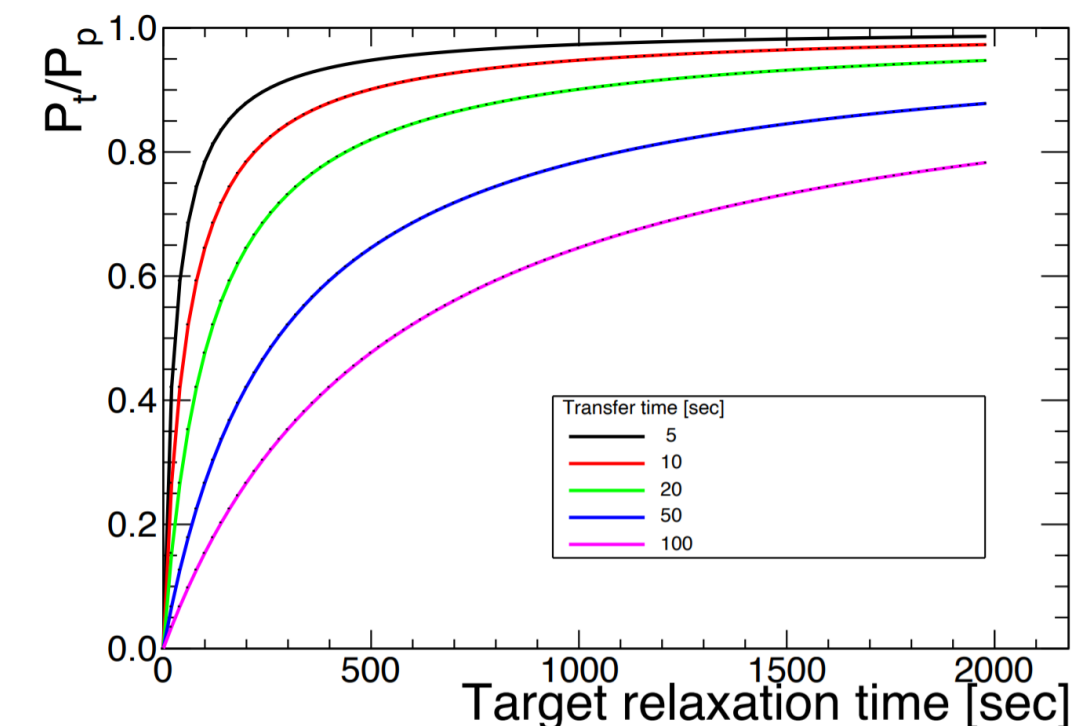
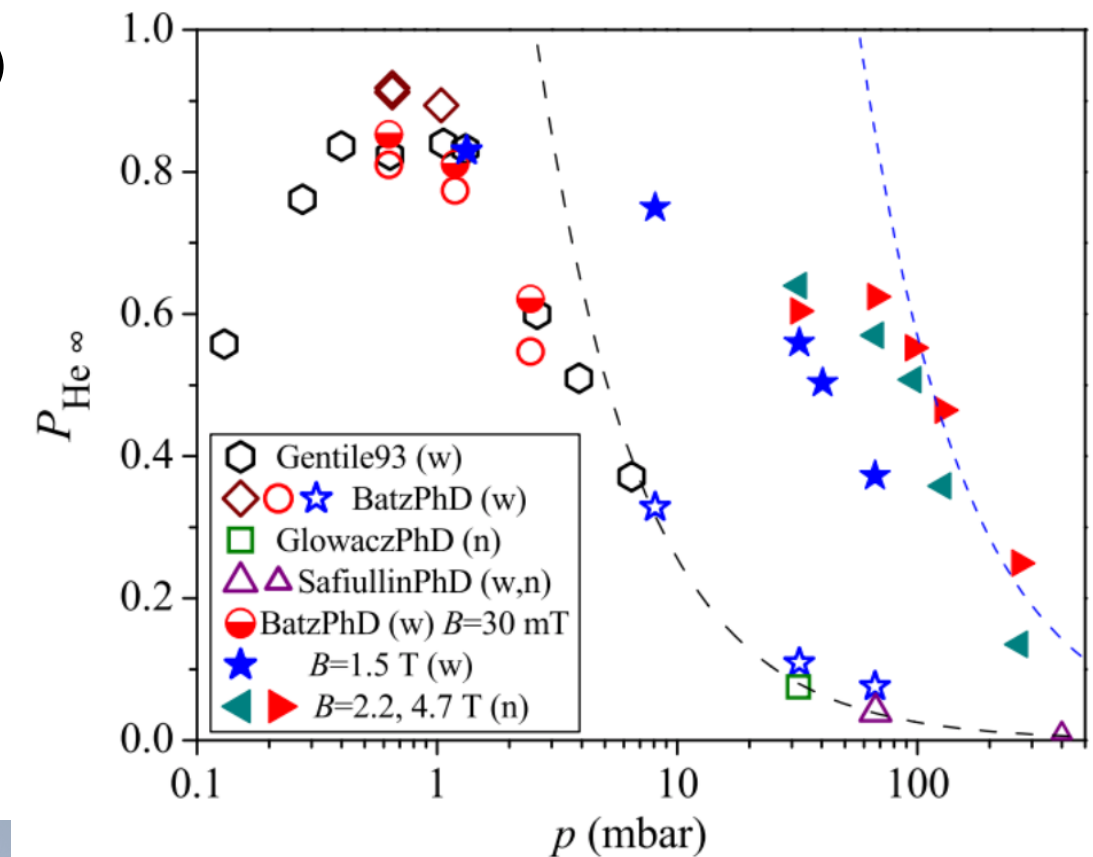
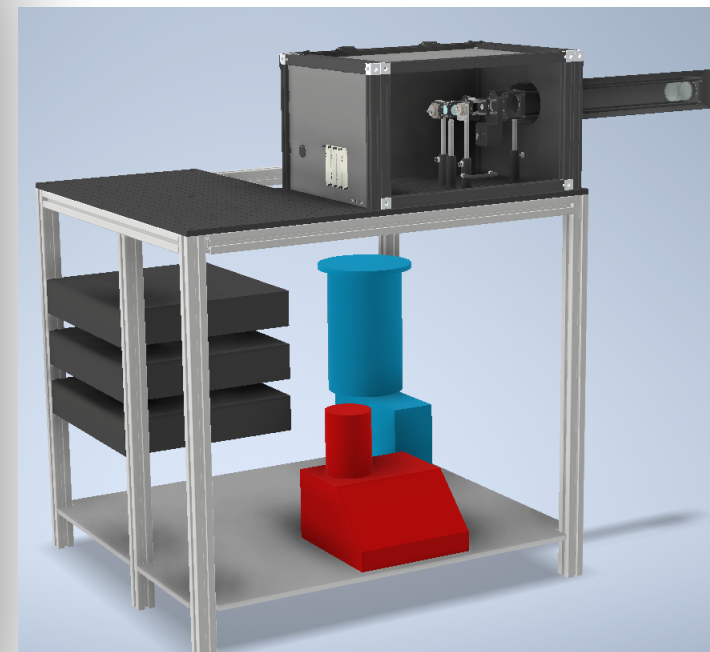
Motivated by the significant interest expressed by PAC48 (and CI- A- proposal rating!)

- Target Group, Hall-B and MIT join R&D activity lead by J.Maxwell to demonstrate the technical feasibility
- Proposed work plan
 - Establish and explore high-field MEOP at JLab
 - Map polarization performance vs pressure, magnetic field)
 - Start with experience from MIT-BNL
 - Understand gas transfer between cells (Diffusion sufficient? Controlling convection)
 - Understand depolarization in beam (Relaxation higher with increased pressure, lower with increased field Final answer will require beam on target)

Three Year Plan

- Year 1: Using minimal equipment and space, address two topics:
 - High field polarization at RT, range of pressure and field
 - Gas transfer between cold and RT cells
- Year 2, 3: Build working prototype
 - Need pulse-tube, cryostat, dedicated lab space, more personnel
 - Explore performance of full system
 - Designed to allow simple upgrade to beam-ready system
- Beyond: In-beam tests in UITF
 - Measure in-beam relaxation at high field

MEOP Test Stand



Credit: J.Maxwell, R.Milner, Dien Nguyen, C.Keith, H.Avagyan

Jefferson Lab

■ Schedule

- FY21: long CEBAF shutdown for CHL Cold Box repair (Scheduled Accelerator Down - SAD)

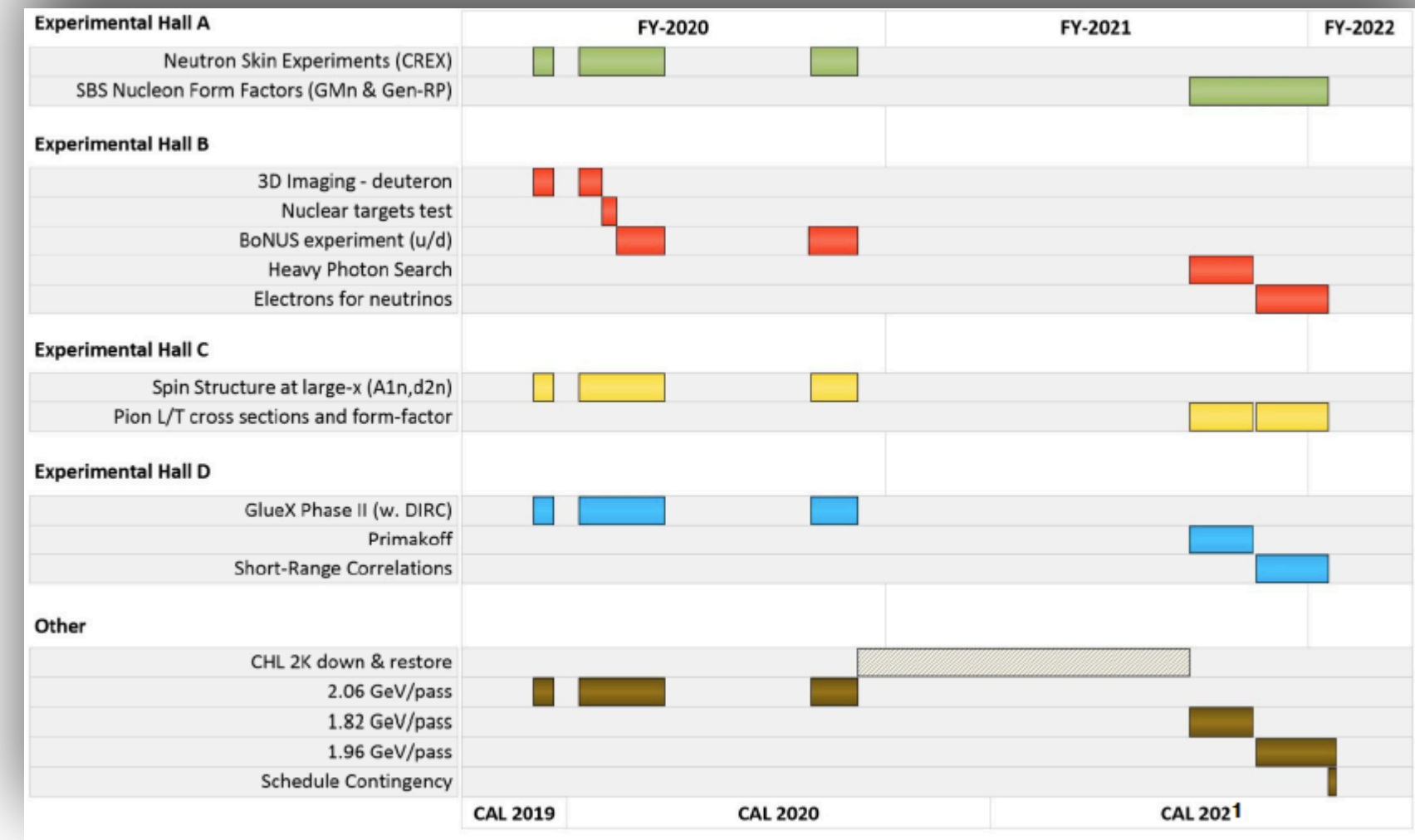
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- Maintenance of several detectors
- Installation of the next experiments (HPS, RG-M requires nuclear targets)
- Weekly meeting to plan the activity
- Regular report at Monday meeting
- Update on a dedicated wiki page: <https://www.jlab.org/Hall-B/clas12-web/sad-2021-update.html>

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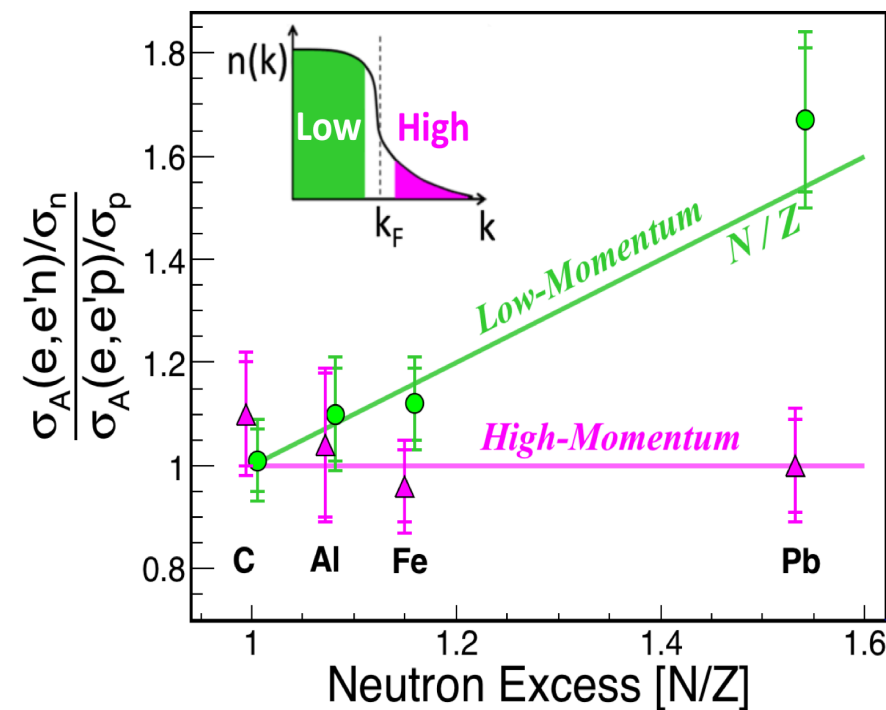
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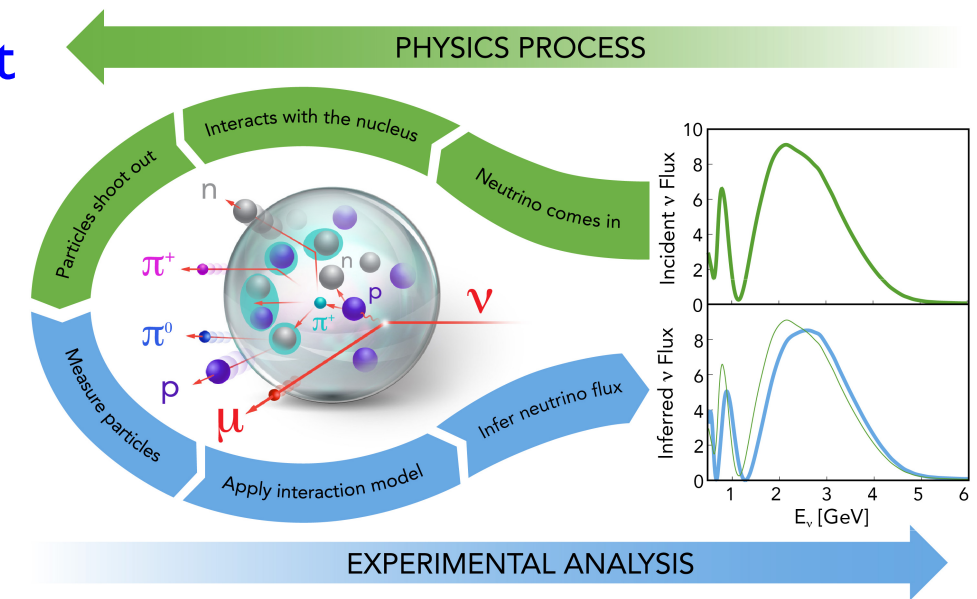
Short Range Correlations

- Build on the tremendous success of the CLAS6 data mining SRC program (Science, several Nature, ...)
- Take far more (e,e'pN) and (e,e'pNN) data on a wider range of nuclei
 - Three nucleon SRCs?
 - Constraining the NN interaction at short distances
 - Understanding factorized effective theories
 - SRC formation mechanisms
 - SRCs and the EMC Effect



Electrons for neutrinos

- Take (e,e'X) data to test vector-current part of neutrino-nucleus event generators
 - Energy reconstruction techniques
 - Event generators key to reconstructing oscillation parameters



RG-M Status

- Scheduled for 30 PAC days: August-October 2021
- D, 4He, C, [O,] 40Ar, 40Ca, 48Ca, Sn
 - Targets designed and under development
 - Standard liquid target cell
 - Short 0.5-cm Ar liquid target cell
 - Solid target C, Sn insertion mechanism
 - Special Ca target holders
- [1,] 2, 4, 6 GeV
 - Outbending at 2 GeV
- Standard CLAS12 plus BAND, no FT or LTCC
- Simulations underway to optimize
 - Trigger
 - Torus field

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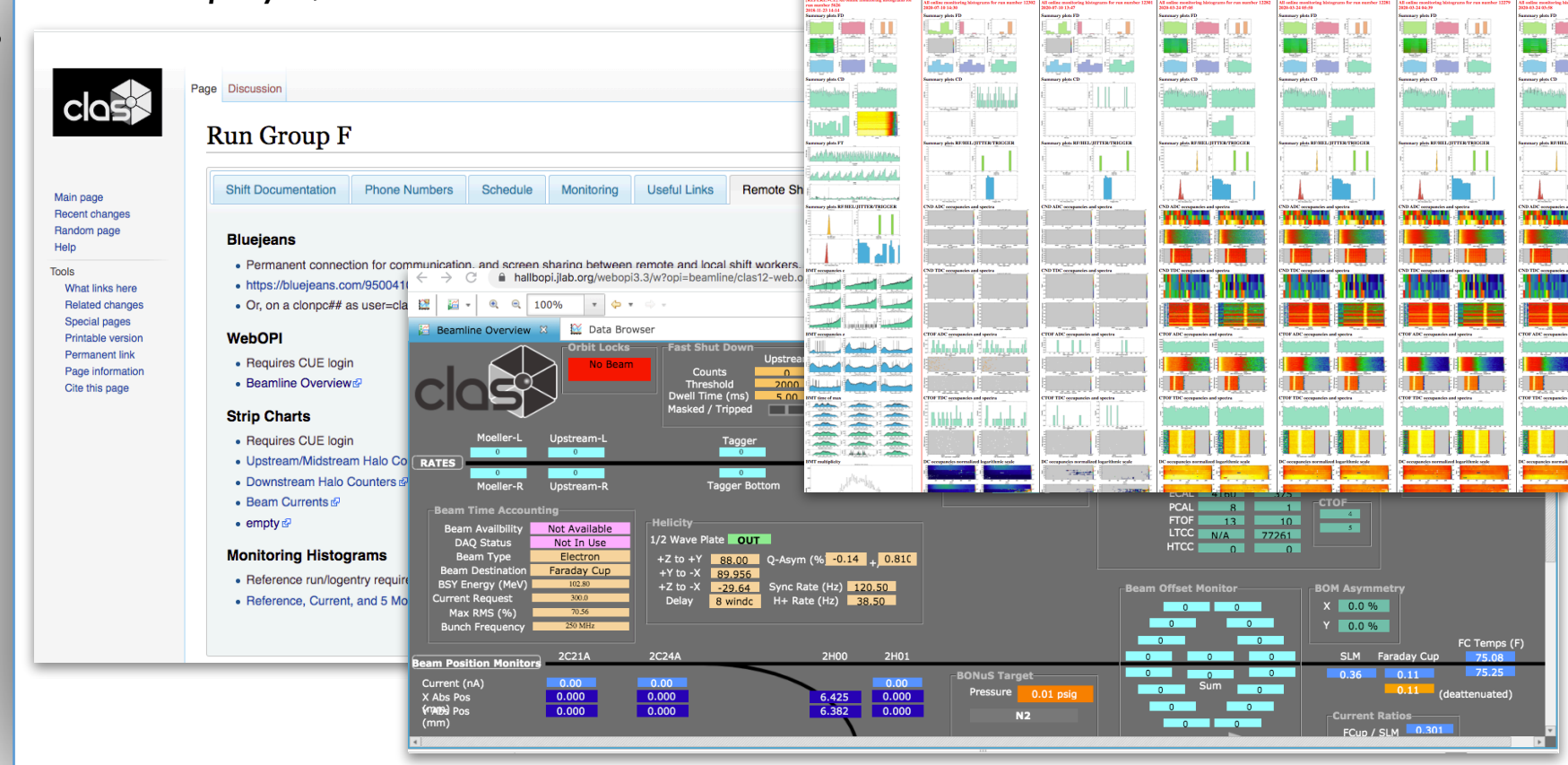
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- FY22 (tentative): polarized longitudinal target
- ... : nuclear targets, transverse polarized target, completion of RGA, RGB, RGK, HPS, ...
- ... : new proposals (PRAD-II, polarized ^3He , tritium target, ...)
- Lesson learned: CLAS12 remote shifts went pretty well

Remote shifts for monitoring and support onsite personnel

- only monitoring (no DAQ or control detectors)
 - home-like network connection + Bj to communicate with the Counting House
- Should we extend the remote shifts to regular CLAS12 operations?

Credit: S.Stepanyan, N.Balzell



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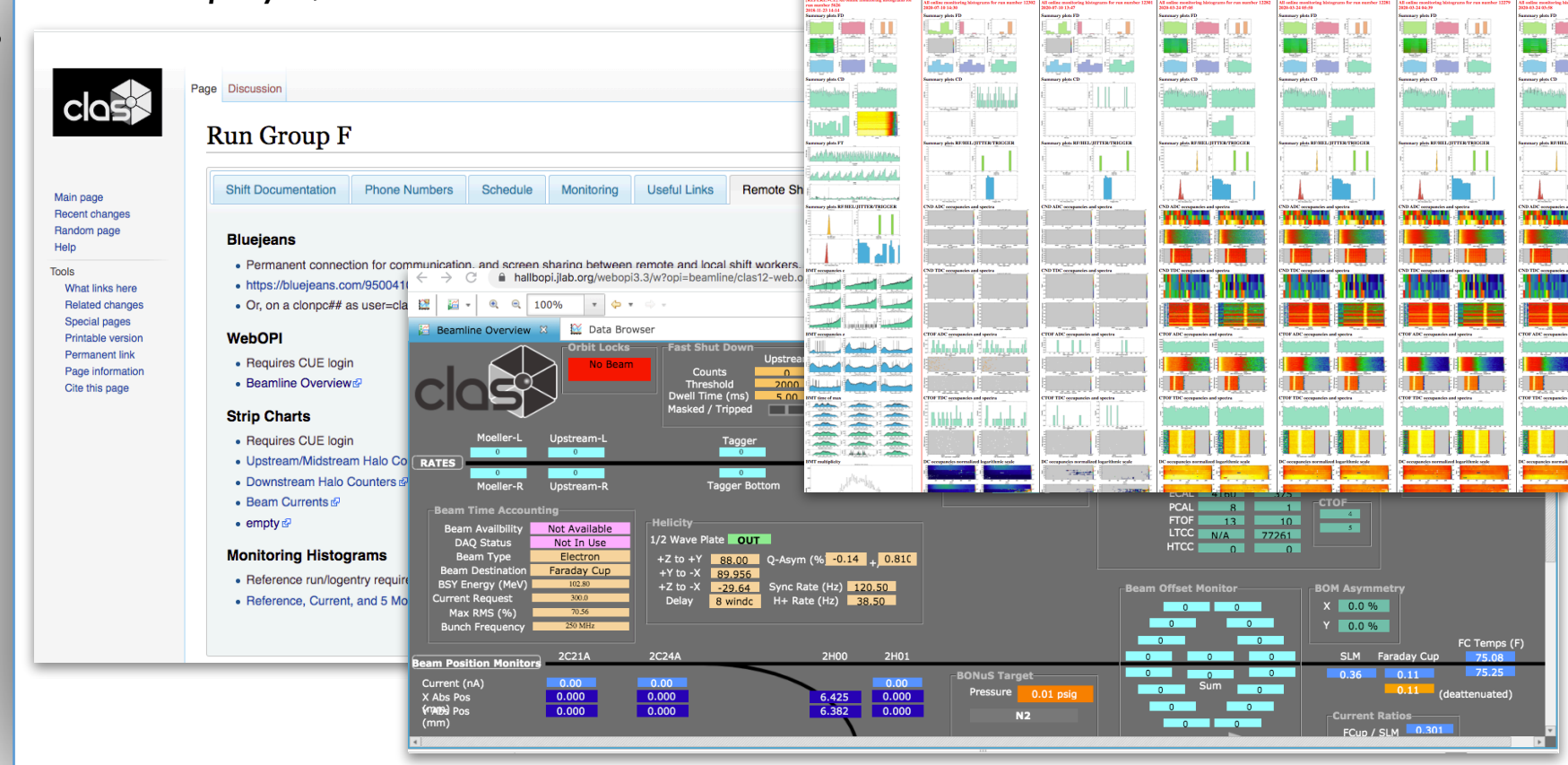
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Credit: S.Stepanyan, N.Balzell



In summary:

... difficult time but:

- Difficult times but JLab was able to complete the experimental program planned for FY20
- Hall-B staff members and collaborators are doing their best to provide data ready for physics analysis