Tracking Detector Requirements for Heavy Flavor Measurements at EIC

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Courtesy of Rey Cruz Torres



Heavy Flavor to Probe Gluon Dynamics at EIC

- EIC is a machine for precision investigation of gluon dynamics in nucleon/nucleus
- Heavy flavor in NC channel sensitive probe to initial gluons



- Inclusive heavy flavor measurement in e+p/A to constrain gluon (n)PDF, particularly at high x region
- *DD* pair reconstruction to access gluon TMDs
- Heavy flavor hadron (**D**, Λ_c etc.) in e+p/A for *hadronization* and CNM effect
- Heavy flavor A_{LL} for gluon spin contribution
- Quarkonia threshold production for understanding proton mass

Physics Interests Utilizing Heavy Flavor Probes

Gluon (n)PDF

Gluon TMDs

Hadronization/CNM



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Kinematic Distributions

<u>e + p 18 x 275 PYTHIA 6.4</u>



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Kinematic Distributions



Fast Simulation w/ Default Detector Parameters



• Charm and bottom reconstruction using fast simulation smearing of PYTHIA 6.4 output

- Momentum and pointing resolutions taken from detector matrix page as baseline
 - central transverse pointing resolution extends to $|\eta| < 3$

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Topological Reconstruction of Heavy Flavor Decays



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Impact of Pointing Resolution on D⁰ Significance



- vertex res. assumed to be 20 μm



Comparison between Different Scenarios



Full All-Si Detector Simulation in Fun4All



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Vertex Resolution

Full Simulation $Q^2>1$ X

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PV Fitter from Fast Simulation



- Vertex res: $\sigma_{X,Y} \sim 20 \mu m$ at <Mult> ~ 5
- Reproduced by both full and fast simulation studies



Validation of Fast Simulation w/ Fun4All

- D⁰ signal significance improved by cutting on topological variables
 - <u>https://indico.bnl.gov/event/8494/contributions/</u> <u>37480/attachments/28030/43019/</u> <u>EIC_HFJETYRWG_SR_2.pdf</u>

Good agreement at η in [-1,1] (same for all η windows)

K-





Fast simulation reproduces all topological distributions !



Validation of Fast Simulation w/ Fun4All



Fast simulation reproduces the D⁰ efficiency in full simulation!



$D\overline{D}$ Pair - Probe Gluon TMDs



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Charm hadron pair in transverse polarized exp. - gluon Sivers functions

Charm hadron pair in unpolarized exp. - linearly polarized TMD function



Projection on Gluon Sivers Function



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Impact of A Larger Beam-pipe



Benefits of Ultra-thin Fine-pitch MAPS Detector

- $D - \overline{D}$ pair reconstruction

- ► res. 30->20 μm
 - significance improved by 20%
 - S/B ratio improved by x2.5



- $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+ (c \tau \sim 60 \mu m)$

- extremely short lifetime, multi-prong decay → critical requirement on single track pointing resolution (simu. to be followed up)
- D^0 in the forward region, more sensitive to high x region
 - charm measurement can have the most significant impact on gluon (n)PDF



Summary



Physics Interests:

- Inclusive HF -> gluon (n)PDF
- $D \overline{D}$ pair -> gluon TMDs
- **D**, Λ_c -> hadronization and CNM

- EIC is a precision QCD machine!
- One should aim for the best detector performance in order to accomplish these precise measurements on heavy flavor observables (and others).
- Ultra-thin fine-pitch MAPS detector is essential!



Backup



Agreed Requirements within Physics Working Group

Eta Bin	Pointing Resolution
[-2.5, -1.0]	$\sigma_{XY} \sim 30/p_T \oplus 20 \mu m$
[-1.0, 1.0]	$\sigma_{XY} \sim \sigma_Z \sim 20/p_T \oplus 5\mu m$
[1.0, 2.5]	$\sigma_{XY} \sim 30/p_T \oplus 20 \mu m$
[2.5, 3.0]	$\sigma_{XY} \sim 30/p_T \oplus 40 \mu m$
[3.0, 3.5]	$\sigma_{XY} \sim 30/p_T \oplus 60 \mu m$



Full Simulation w/ New Beam Pipe

