# A Possible Observation of Ann Continuum Structure and a Bound $\Sigma$ NN State using the (e e'K<sup>+</sup>) Reaction

Update on E12-17-003 Experiment Data Taken: October 31 to November 26 2018 Hall A/C summer Joint Collaboration Meeting Jefferson Lab July 16, 2020

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## **Outlines**:

- Physics motivation
- Single arm data analysis
- VDC tracking problem
- Coincidence data analysis
- Analysis result
- Summary

## **Physics Motivation**:

- The YN and YY interactions are difficult to produce as compared to NN interactions.
- Limited data exists for the YN interaction.
- An interaction data does not exist.
- Significant charge symmetry breaking is reported in case of A = 4 isospin mirror pair of hypernuclei.
- The HypHI experiment indicated the existence of either a resonance or the bound state.

## Hall A was not Optimized for the Experiment:

- Hall A with tritium target aimed to search for the Ann resonance or the bound state as indicated by HypHI experiment. However, the system was not optimized for this experiment.
- The electron arm was at very large angle  $\theta_{e'} = 13.2^{\circ}$ , produces large  $Q^2 = 0.5 (GeV/c)^2$  which results low production yield.
- The path length for the hadron arm was too large (~ 26 m) which limits the K<sup>+</sup> survival rate ~ 10 %.
- The  $\vec{q}(\Lambda)$  is too high ~ 400 MeV/c which gives very small value of  $d\sigma/d\Omega$ .
- The K<sup>+</sup> efficiency of the aerogel detector was very low.
- No cross-section information is available.

#### Average Z-Vertex for H data:



- Each of the z vertex was optimized with single arm trigger data and then averaged with the coincidence data.
- The z vertex resolution of about  $\sigma = 4.5$  mm was achieved.
- To select the events from the gas region, z vertex ranging from -10 cm to 10 cm was selected.

### HRS Angle Reconstruction with Multi-foil Target:



- Achieved acceptable angular resolution.
- The RHRS has more background as the hadrons are punching through the sieve slit and producing secondary hadrons .

#### **Coincidence Time Spectrum:**



#### **Coincidence Time (ns)**

- The time resolution of about 370 ps was achieved for a 2 ns CEBAF beam bunch.
- The K<sup>+</sup> are cleanly separated from the rest of the hadrons.
- The accidentals are because of the inefficient KID detectors.

### Missing Mass Before VDC Tracking Problem:



- The resolution was limited to about 2 MeV is  $\sigma$  which was far from our requirement.
- The VDC tracking problem at the RHRS for the coincidence events was detected.<sup>8</sup>

#### Raw TDC Spectrum



- After the time jitter correction, both the single and coincidence trigger mode spectrum are in agreement with each other.
- Thanks to Dr. Ole Hansen for his great effort to solve the tracking problem.

#### Kinematic Space for ee'K+:



- The momentum calibration is the two dimensional correlation.
- There are only three data point to calibrate the momentum matrices.
- There is large kinematic gap between the two  $\Lambda$  correlation lines.
- The optics quality may not be uniform in the gap region.
- The Al data was involved in matrix tune which has negligible angular dependence.

#### Al is Considered as Target:



• Al region is selected from both beam entrance and beam exit window and combined together for matrix tune.



- After searching the first single state real peak, Al data was involved in tune with  $\Lambda$  and  $\Sigma^0$  masses.
- Other peaks are gradually involve in tune one by one.

#### Missing Mass Spectrum:

#### H/H Kinematics

#### H/T Kinematics



• The  $\Lambda$  and  $\Sigma^0$  landed at their known masses with a separation of 76.94  $MeV/c^2$  (Nominal = 76.96  $MeV/c^2$ ).

#### H Contamination Test:



• Tritium data was tested for H contamination and found ~ 2% of H was present in the Tritium gas which is consistent with other tritium experiments.  $^{14}$ 

#### Mass Spectroscopy of ${}^{3}_{n}\Lambda$ :



- The first peak which is the possible resonance was expected, however, the statistics is very small to make a definite identification.
- The peak at the higher excitation was not expected, therefore, its origin is unclear.

#### Mass Spectroscopy with Higher Bins:



• The enhancement at the  $\Sigma$  bound region was predicted before and is a possible bound  $\Sigma$  hypernuclei.

## Conclusions:

- The experiment demonstrated that by using the tritium target and the (e e'K<sup>+</sup>) reaction, it is possible to observe the 3 body final state  $\Lambda nn$  and  $\Sigma NN$  interaction. However, Hall A system need to be optimized for higher statistics.
- From this experiment two resonance states of  ${}^{3}_{\Lambda}n$  and one bound state of  ${}^{3}_{\Sigma}n$  were observed. However, to make a definite identification, higher statistics are required.
- A simulation predicted the intrinsic missing mass resolution of A = 3 resonance to be  $\sigma = 0.66$  MeV. Thus, the natural width is about 0.55 MeV.
- However, due to low statistics the precision does not permit sufficient constrain in determination of the  $\Lambda$ -n Interaction.

# Thank you

#### Backup:

