Hall A/C Collaboration meeting PR12-20-007: Backward-angle Exclusive pi0 Production Above the Resonance Region

Wenliang (Bill) Li, A postdoc at William and Mary

On behalf of all authors of PR12-20-007



18/July/2020

Outline

- Introducing the backward angle physics:
 - Summary on past studies
 - Theory perspective
- Experimental objectives

• Experimental configuration requirements

- Equipment
- PID
- Suggested Hardware Improvement

Hadronic Model: Transition (Evolution) of Proton Structure



t-Channel π^+ vs *u*-Channel π^0 Production





- **F** π -2 charged π form factor experiment (E01-004)
 - Standard HMS and SOS (e) configuration
- Primary reaction for Fpi-2
 - *t*-channel π^+ production: ¹H(e, e' π^+)*n*
- If one were to study π⁰ during the 6 GeV era
 - *u*-channel π^{0} production: ¹H(e,e'p) π^{0}
- Nature give us u-channel : ¹H(e,e'p)ω, instead
- Kinematics coverage
 - *W*= 2.21 GeV, Q²=1.6 and 2.45 GeV²

GPD, SPD and TDA (Hard Structure)



Complete description of Nucleon

- **GPD**: is like a hadron tomography of the proton. It is extracted predominantly based the forward angle observables.
- **SPD**: Skewed Parton Distribution. Discovered Frankfurt and Strikman in 2003. Hadron tomography of the proton at large skewness. At extreme skewness, known as the **Super SPD**.
- TDA: meson-nucleon Transition Distribution Amplitude (TDA), similar to super SPD. Rediscovered by B.
 Pire, and L Szymanowski and K Semenov-Tian-Shansky.. Tomography of partonic distributions in the nucleon --> meson and vice versa transitions probed in the backward angle kinematics

Validation of TDA Factorization Scheme



Three phases of validating TDA with JLab 12 GeV meson electroproduction :

- Stage 0: find *u*-channel peaks for all mesons (12 GeV). This proposal
- Stage 1: test TDA predictions (12 GeV). This proposal.
- Stage 2: extractions of TDAs

Proposal: PR12-20-007 Backward-angle ¹H(e,e'p) π^0



- Q^2 coverage: 2.0 < Q^2 < 6.25 GeV², at x=0.36 and W > 2 GeV L/T separated cross section @ Q^2 = 2, 3, 4 and 5 GeV².
- *u* coverage: 0 < -*u*' +0.5 < 0.5 GeV²

 π^0

- Additional *W* scaling check @ Q² = 2 GeV²
- Additional Q² scaling check @ Q² = 6.25 GeV²

Objective 1: Backward-angle Peaks



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Objective 2: *u*-dependence



Objective 2: u-dependence of the separated cross section

• Extracting -u dependence of the unseparated cross section and interaction radius:

$$\sigma = A e^{-b \cdot |u|}, \quad r_{int} = \sqrt{b} \, \hbar \, c$$

• Study of parameter *r*_{int} as function of *Q*², probe the proton structure transition from hadronic to partonic degrees of freedom. (Similar to the study by Halina Abramowicz, Leonid Frankfurt, Mark Strikman, arXiv:hep-ph/9503437, 1995.)

Objective 3: TDA Prediction #1 $\sigma_{T} > \sigma_{I}$





L/T ratio vs Q^2 (6 GeV F_{π}-2 experiment)

- L/T Separated Cross section
 - TDA predicts $\sigma_{T} > \sigma_{I}$.
 - Experimental criteria for concluding σ_T dominance: σ_T/σ_L increases as a function of Q^2 and reaches σ_T/σ_L > 10 at $Q^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$

Objective 4: TDA Prediction #2, $\sigma_{T} \propto 1/Q^8$ Scaling



 σ vs Q^2 (CLAS 6 result)

L/T Separated Cross section

- TDA predicts $\sigma_{\rm T} \propto 1/Q^8$.
- TDA predicts $\sigma_{L} \sim 0$, not a leading order leading twist contribution effect.
- Experiment designed to $(Q^2)^n$, 3.75 < n < 4.25

Requirement

- PAC Days request: 29.4 days
- Beam request: standard beam tune during the time of running with standard polarization

• Equipment refurbishment:

- HMS Aerogel PMT Replacement (new request)
- SHMS Aerogel tray of n=1.0003 (already planned)
- Special detector configuration:
 - Installing NGC for SHMS
 - SHMS aerogel tray n=1.0003
 - HMS aerogel tray n=1.0011
 - Using Moller polarimeter



PR12-20-007 Collaborator List

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BACKWARD-ANGLE (U-CHANNEL) PHYSICS WORKSHOP

September 21 - 22, 2020 • Jefferson Lab

We are pleased to announce that the First Backward-Angle (u-channel) Physics Workshop will be held September 21-22 at Jefferson Lab, Newport News, VA.

TOPICS

- Offer a platform to connect scattered experiment and theory efforts together, thus, potentially forming small backward-angle physics working groups.
- Generate discussions on the implications the backward-angle physics and probe the physics case for a systematic backward-angle physics research program.
- Inspire future backward-angle physics data mining or dedicated studies, including the JLab 12 GeV program, and PANDA/FAIR.
- Discuss the feasibility of including backward-angle physics in the EIC scientific program.

www.jlab.org/indico/event/375/

Thanks you and Advertisement

Backward angle Physics workshop: Sep 21st-23rd, 2020

JLab event Page: https://www.jlab.org/conference/BACKANGLE

Indico page: https://www.jlab.org/indico/event/375

- The workshop have representatives from all four halls, from JLab 6, 12 GeV, PANDA and EIC
- u-channel electroproduction (Hall A, B, C) examples at 12 GeV
- u-channel photoproduction (Hall B, D) examples at 12 GeV
- Theory perspective:
 - Meson-Nucleon Transition Distribution Amplitude
 - Photon-nucleon together with meson-nucleon TDAs
 - Skewed Parton Distribution
 - *u*-channel Regge Approach
- Future perspective of u-channel physics
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 - Studying TDA with pp \rightarrow e+e-+ π^0 at the PANDA Experiment
- A summary white paper is planned: outlining the JLab 12 GeV to EIC u-channel physics strategy





Particle Identification

HMS as e arm (most settings)

- Standard e PID, HGC < 1 atm various pressure
- Aerogel: n=1.0011 tray for proton ID (for electron detection setting)

SHMS as proton arm (most settings)

- NGC installation (for electron detection setting)
- HGC: 1 atm vetoing π and K
- Aerogel: n=1.0003 tray for proton ID (threshold cut at 3 p.e.)

SHMS β vs Coincidence timing structure:

• Coincidence timing is the primary method for the proton

Primary Physics Background

• DVCS is a small contribution



Error Budget

Correction	Uncorrelated	ϵ Uncorrelated	Correlated
	(Pt-to-Pt)	u Correlated	(scale)
	(%)	(%)	(%)
SHMS+HMS Tracking		0.6	1.2
SHMS+HMS Triggers		0.1	
SHMS/HMS Detectors			0.2
Target Thickness		0.2	0.8
CPU Live Time		0.2	
Electronic Live Time		0.2	
Coincidence Blocking			0.2
Beam charge		0.5	0.5
PID		0.2	
Acceptance	0.6	0.6	1.0
Proton Interaction			1.0
Radiative Corrections		0.3	1.5
Kinematics Offset	0.4	1.0	
Model Dependence	0.7		
π^0 Total	1.0	1.4	2.5
F_{π} -2- ω Total	2.9	1.9	2.7

Correlated (scale) cross section is comparable to the F-π-2-ω analysis
 Uncorrelated (pt-to-pt) is much smaller since ¹H(e,e'p)π⁰ is a 'clean' channel

Beam Time Estimation

Q^2	W	ϵ	E_{Beam} [Pass]	Physics Rate	Background Rate	PAC Time	PAC Time	
(GeV^2)	(GeV)		(GeV)	(per Hour)	(per Hour)	(Hours)	(Days)	
2.0	2.11	0.52	4.4 [2]	140	0.01	33	1.4	
		0.94	10.9 [5]	500	0.05	10	0.4	
2.0	3.00	0.32	6.6 [3]	14	< 0.01	66	2.8	
		0.79	10.9 [5]	73	< 0.01	27	1.1	•
3.0	2.49	0.54	6.6 [3]	60	< 0.01	60	2.5	
		0.86	10.9 [5]	140	0.01	27	1.1	
4.0	2.83	0.56	8.8 [4]	40	< 0.01	60	2.5	I
		0.73	10.9 [5]	80	< 0.01	40	1.7	
5.0	3.31	0.26	8.8 [4]	4	< 0.01	132	5.5	
		0.55	10.9 [5]	11	< 0.01	47	2.0	
6.25	3.46	0.36	10.9 [5]	2.63	< 0.01	88	3.7	
Subtotal						590	24.6	
$^{1}\mathrm{H}(e,e'p)$						28	1.2	
E_{Beam} change						52	2.2	
Optics study						4	0.2 <	
E_{Beam} Polar.						32	1.3	
Total Time						706	29.4	

- All listed time includes 10% dummy target data taking
- Heep study is included

Optics study at high HMS momentum setting (P_{HMS}=5 GeV) planned to check for the saturation effect

Validation of TDA Factorization Scheme



- PR12-20-007 is the first dedicated u-channel study (symbolic meaning)
- Proposal experiment utilizes standard Hall C SHMS+HMS configuration
 - Includes Moller polarimeter
- Requires 29.4 PAC days at standard accelerator gradient during the time of running
- Study the backward-angle factorization scheme for the ¹H(e,e'p) π^0 .
 - $\circ \quad \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\mathsf{T}} > \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\mathsf{L}} \\ \circ \quad \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\mathsf{T}} \propto 1/Q^8 \text{ Scaling}$

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Backup slides

Iterative Procedure for L/T Separation



π^0 Measurement Kinematics



¹H(*e*, *e'p*) Elastic Kinematics

E_{beam}	Q^2	θ'_e	p'_e	$ heta_p$	p_p	Coincidence Rate	Time
(GeV)	(GeV^2)	(deg)	(GeV)	(deg)	(GeV)	(Hz)	(Hours)
4.4^{+}	2.34^{+}	23.70^{+}	3.15^{+}	39.95^{+}	1.97^{+}	371	1
4.4*	2.68^{*}	25.15*	2.97*	37.12*	2.17^{*}	251	1
6.6^{+}	4.18^{+}	21.95^{+}	4.37^{+}	32.69^+	3.03^{+}	30	1
6.6^{+}	3.00^{+}	17.35^{+}	5.00^{+}	39.21^{+}	2.36^{+}	170	1
6.6*	3.00*	17.35*	5.00*	39.21*	2.36*	323	1
6.6*	1.32*	1.55 *	5.90*	53.43*	1.345*	4500	1
8.8*	1.61*	8.70*	7.94*	51.71*	1.53*	3272	1
8.8*	4.32*	15.80^{*}	6.50*	34.77*	3.10*	0.8	4
10.9*	1.99*	7.80*	9.84*	49.30*	1.76*	167	1

Differences to Approved/Completed Hall A/C Measurements

• VCS Experiment at Hall A: E93-050

• VCS Experiment at Hall C: E12-15-001

Backup slides

Backward-angle structure of Atom





- Forward scattered alpha particle: extracting the interaction radius of the nucleus and mapping out the transverse structure of the atom (mostly empty)
- Recoiling alpha particle: stiffness of the "point-like" structure.
- Full structure must incorporate both forward angle and backward angle observables.

Structure of Proton



Hadronic Model: Transition (Evolution) of Proton Structure



t-Channel π vs *u*-Channel ω^0 Production



- Fpi-2 (E01-004) 2003
 - Spokesperson: Garth Huber, Henk Blok
 - Standard HMS and SOS (e) configuration
 - Electric form factor of charged π through exclusive π production
- Primary reaction for Fpi-2

■ *p*(e, e' π⁺)n

- In addition, we have for free
 - p(e,e' p)ω
- Kinematics coverage
 - W= 2.21 GeV, Q²=1.6 and 2.45 GeV²
 - Two ϵ settings for each Q^2
- LT Separation!

Backward Angle ω Electroproduction from 6 GeV Era



Backward Angle ω Electroproduction from 6 GeV Era



Phys. Rev. Lett. 123 (2019) 182501

- Key observation:
 - σ_L dropped significantly as question of Q^2 , as a result: $\sigma_T > \sigma_L$ observed at $Q^2 \sim 2.35 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - Sharp u-channel ω Electroproduction peaks are observed at both 1.75 and 2.35 GeV²
 - Forward-backward ratio is 10:1!

The Regge Approach (Soft structure)



GPD, SPD and TDA (Hard structure)



Complete description of Nucleon

- **GPD**: is like a hadron tomography of the proton. It is extracted predominantly based the forward angle observables.
- **SPD**: Skewed Parton Distribution. Discovered Frankfurt and Strikman in 2003. Hadron tomography of the proton at large skewness. At extreme skewness, known as the **Super SPD**.
- TDA: meson-nucleon Transition Distribution Amplitude (TDA), similar to super SPD. Rediscovered by B.
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Validation of TDA or *u*-Channel Factorization Scheme



JSA Award List of Tasks

- Invite Dr. K. Semenov-Tian-Shansky (as a TDA expert) for a research visit to deepen discussion in u-channel physics
- Developing coherent and comprehensive 12 GeV strategy
 - Priorities list of prime observables: takes into account realistic constraints and available resources
 - *u*-channel DVCS: kinematics survey
 - Supporting more single pion beam spin asymmetries development from CLAS
- TDA cross section predictions 12 GeV and EIC kinematics
- Hosting first *u*-channel physics workshop

Measure of Success:

- Completing and publishing the workshop white paper on the backward angle physics strategy for JLab 12 GeV.
- Completing and publishing the EIC backward-angle π^0 feasibility study (work in progress).
- Completing the relevant section in Yellow report (work in progress).
- Presenting PAC48 proposal (submitted to PAC).

JLab 12 GeV to EIC Transition: *u*-channel π^0 production



Progress Report on PAC 48 Proposal: Backward-angle π^0



DVCS+BH

0.08

0.06

Missing mass ²

0.02

Progress Report on *u*-channel π^0 @ EIC

4.07

144



Progress Report on *u*-channel π^0 @ EIC



Preliminary conclusion:

- *u*-channel π^0 at EIC with current design is a feasible measurement
- Ideal expected trigger:
 e'+p'+ 2 γ, is very clean
 with very little background,
 with reduced efficiency
- Next step: process to full geant4 simulation

The EIC fellowship award will help completing the YR and feasibility studies

ZDC 2 γ hit pattern $@ 40 \text{ GeV/c } \pi^0$ 4.5 mrad acceptance 41

Progress Report: First u-channel Physics Workshop

- Thanks to the support from JLab, JSA and William & Mary, workshop is on track for September 21st-23rd, 2020.
 - Indico page of the workshop: https://www.jlab.org/indico/event/375

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- The workshop have representatives from all four halls, from JLab 6, 12 GeV, PANDA and EIC
 - u-channel electroproduction examples at 12 GeV
 - Backward DVCS (Hall **B**, **C**)
 - CLAS 12 single pion spin asymmetry (Hall B)
 - U-channel meson production (omega, rho, phi) production from Kaon LT experiment (Hall C)
 - u-channel photoproduction examples at 12 GeV
 - Timelike Compton scattering (Hall **B**, **C** and **D**)
 - Wide angle compton scattering (Hall C)
 - ω Photoproduction off Proton Target at Backward Angles (Hall D)
 - Σ-K+ Photoproduction at Backward Angle at GlueX Experiment (Hall D)
 - ω Photoproduction off Proton Target at Backward Angles (Hall D)
 - Theory perspective:
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 - *u*-channel π^0 production at EIC
 - Studying TDA with pp \rightarrow e+e-+ π^0 at the PANDA Experiment
- A summary white paper is planned: outlining the JLab 12 GeV to EIC u-channel physics strategy

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A Lesson from the Past



- Now is the time to resurrect u-channel meson productions at 12 GeV kinematics and future EIC.
- Goal of our activity: to inspire a wave of backward-angle physics measurements

Thank you for your attention!



Thank you for the supports

- Gratitude to the JSA, JLUO award selection committee,
- Gratitude to Garth and Justin guidance, advance and support
- Gratitude to the TDA theorist: Bernard, Lech and Kirill, and assistance from JLab theory center: Christian
- Thanks to my Hall A/C, CLAS TDA working group and Hall D colleagues
- My people from the postdocs and graduate students community
- Great support from William and Mary Physics department

Backup

Backward-angle structure of Proton



- Complete description of Nucleon
 - GPD = Hadron tomography of the proton
 - TDA = tomography of partonic distributions in the nucleon
 --> meson and vice versa transitions probed in the backward angle kinematics
- Backward-angle cross section is not 0!
 - \circ backward angle cross section is 1/10 of the forward angle cross section at observed Q^2



6 GeV Backward Angle Physics at W > 2 GeV



 Backward angle physics in this talk: backward angle physics above the resonance region (W>2 GeV²)

 $\bullet \quad u' \rightarrow u_{\min}, t > Q^2$

A systematic backward angle physics program:
 JLab 6 -> JLab 12 -> EIC

Comparison to TDA calculation

Private Communication. (2015)



Impact to the efficiency



- Double photon efficiency for the nominal π^0 event is larger than 20%
- Detector (magnetic aperture) constrains:
 - Fixing center of the neutral particle at ZDC
 - Ensuring largest possible symmetrical acceptance

Physics background (to our current best knowledge)

- Double photon case: 12(20 2γ hit pattern Primary reaction: $e+p > e'+p' + \pi^0$ \bigcirc 100 10 Ideal expected trigger: e'+p'+ 2 γ 0 800 40 GeV/c π^0 Physics background: none 0 600 4.5 mrad acceptance Less than ideal trigger: e'+2 γ 0 40(Background: $\Lambda -> n + \pi^0$ -20 Ο 200 Single photon case: 450 400 Primary reaction: $e+p->e'+p'+\pi^0$ Ο 2γ hit pattern 350 Ideal expected trigger: $e'+p'+\gamma$ 0 300 250 Physics background: DVCS, eta, Λ ->n+ π^{0} Ο 60 GeV/c π^0 200 Less than ideal trigger: $e' + \gamma$ 0 150 4.5 mrad acceptance 100 Background: many many possibility Ο
- We can use the double photon event to normalize the single photon events



New Proposal to PAC 48 on Backward-angle π^0 Production



- ${}^{1}H(e,e'p)\pi^{0}$
- Q^2 coverage: 2.0 < Q^2 < 6.25 GeV².
- L/T separation at Q² = 2.0, 3.0, 4.0 and 5.0 GeV²
- Fixed *x*=0.36 for all settings
- *u* coverage: 0 < -*u*' < 0.5 GeV²





New Proposal to PAC 48 on Backward-angle π^0 Production



- 1. Demonstrate existence of u-channel peaks
- 2. *u*-dependence of L/T separated cross sectio
- 3. If peaks exist, test TDA prediction: $\sigma_T > \sigma_L$
- 4. If $\sigma_{T} > \sigma_{L}$, test $\sigma_{T} \propto 1/Q^{8}$

We are pleased to report the proposal was submitted to PAC 48



π^0 Events on ZDC



Preliminary conclusion:

- *u*-channel π^0 at EIC with current design is a feasible measurement
- Ideal expected trigger:
 e'+p'+ 2 γ, is very clean
 with very little background,
 with reduced efficiency
- Next step: process to full geant4 simulation

2 γ hit pattern 40 GeV/c π^0 4.5 mrad acceptance

Budget & Measure of Success

Reduire

re-evaluation

Planned Budget (in the proposal):

- Dr. Kirill Semonov-Tian-Shansky's research trip to WM
 - Accommodation: \$ 3000
 - Airfare: \$1600
 - Visa application: \$ 800
 - Transportation: \$ 600
- Participating conferences (Bill and Kirill): 3000
- Computational equipment (storage hard drives): \$ 900
- Office space is provided by WM in kind

Measure of Success:

- PAC 48 proposal on backward-angle pi0 production above the resonance region (submitted to PAC).
- Hosting u-channel physics workshop and completing a white paper on the backward angle physics strategy for JLab 12 GeV.
- Completing and publishing the EIC backward-angle pi0 feasibility study (work in progress).
- Completing the pi0 u-channel pi0 production section in Yellow report (work in progress). 56

Mandelstam variables (s,t,u-Channels)



t: Four-momentum-transfer squared between target before and after interaction.

 $\xi = 0, t pprox t_{min}, u pprox u_{max}, t < Q^2$

u: Four-momentum-transfer squared between virtual photon before interaction and target after interaction

 $\xi=1, tpprox t_{max}, upprox u_{min}, t>Q^2$

- *t*-channel: -*t* ~ 0, after interaction
 - Target: stationary,
 - Meson: forward

• *u*-channel: -*u~0*, after interaction

- Target: forward
- Meson: stationary
- Disclaimer: "Backward physics" is a marketing term, and it is equivalent to u-channel physics
- Equivalent to "extremely large momentum transfer"

List of Tasks for the JSA Award

- Knowledge exchange within in theory community (K)
 - Inspire more collaboration between local and european experts on u-channel physics
- Developing coherent and comprehensive 12 GeV strategy (K+B)
 - Priorities list of prime observables: takes into account realistic constraints and available resources (K+B)
 - *u*-channel DVCS: kinematics survey (B)
 - Supporting more single pion beam spin asymmetries development from CLAS (K)
- TDA cross section predictions 12 GeV and EIC kinematics (K)
- Hosting first *u*-channel physics workshop (B)



Strategy Based on TDA, SPD and Regge approach