

# Hadron Spectroscopy and the $a_1(1260)$

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# Outline

- 1 Motivation & Methods
- 2 Current Status of Hadron Spectroscopy
- 3  $a_1(1260)$
- 4 Conclusion

## Motivation & Methods

# Motivation

- Long-term goal to describe nuclear interactions and the hadron spectrum in terms of quark/gluon dynamics
- Exotics with forbidden quantum numbers
- GlueX, COMPASS, BESIII
- Give complementary information to experiments

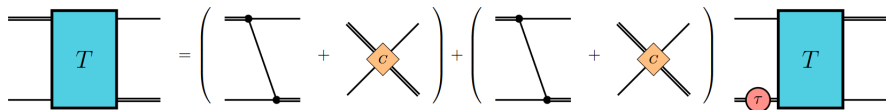
# Methods

- LQCD spectroscopy extracts the finite-volume spectrum scattering to extract scattering information
- Ignoring technical details of extracting a finite-volume spectrum
- Quantization Conditions - originally from Lüscher

$$\det [\mathcal{M}^{-1}(\delta) + \mathcal{G}(E)] = 0$$

- HAL QCD Method - S. Aoki, T. Doi [2003.10730]  
Spectral Functions - J. Bulava, M. Hansen [1903.11735]  
Optical Potential - D. Agadjanov et al. [1603.07205]

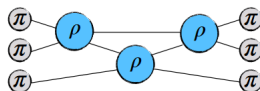
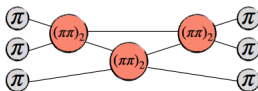
# Quantization Conditons



$$I_{\pi\pi\pi} = 3$$

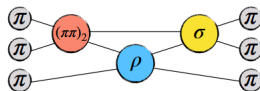
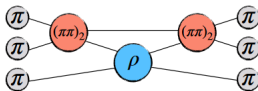
$$I_{\pi\pi\pi} = 0$$

$$\det [B + C + \tau^{-1}] = 0$$



$$I_{\pi\pi\pi} = 2$$

$$I_{\pi\pi\pi} = 1$$



- Unitarity as a starting point - M. Mai, M. Döring [1709.08222]
- Relativistic, 3- $\pi$  isospin channels - M. Hansen et al. [2003.10974]
- NREFT approach - H.Hammer et al. [1706.07700]

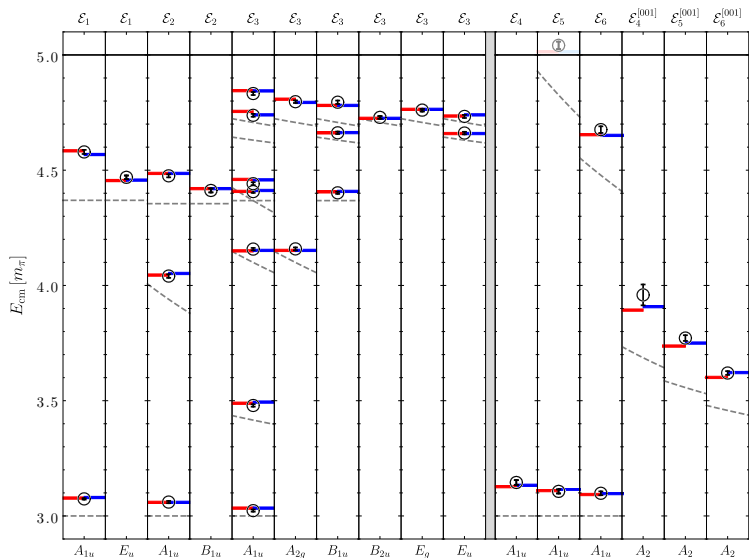
Top figure from [2002.12431], bottom figure from [2003.10974]

# Current Status of Hadron Spectroscopy

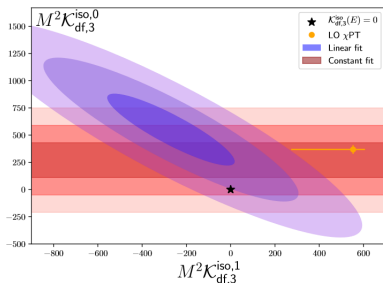
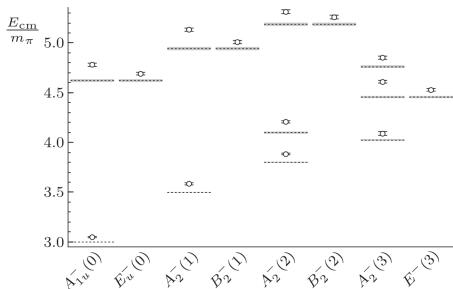
# Two Hadron

- Meson-Meson: Near physical pion mass,  $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$   
 $\pi\pi, K\pi, \eta\pi, D\pi, \dots$
- Meson-Baryon:  
 $\Delta(1232), pK^+, nK^+, \dots$
- Baryon-Baryon: Heavy pion masses  
(800 MeV NPLQCD, Preliminary 350 MeV CalLat)



$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+$ 

CC et al. [1911.09047]

$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+$ 

B. Horz, A. Hanlon [1905.04277]

T. Blanton et al. [1909.02973]

GWU Analysis of the data found three-body term consistent with zero unless  $\pi\pi$  energies included.

Mai et al [1909.05749]

$a_1(1260)$

# GWU Lattice Study of the $a_1(1260)$

- $I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^-(1^{++})$        $a_1 \rightarrow (\rho\pi, \sigma\pi) \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$
- GWU has on the same set of ensembles, calculations of  $\pi\pi$  in all isospin Have stored the LapH quark propagators
- Use  $\bar{q}q, \rho\pi, \sigma\pi$  and  $\pi\pi\pi$  operators
- Contractions more costly  
 $I = 3 - \pi^+(p_1)\pi^+(p_2)\pi^+(p_3) - 36$  Diagrams  
 $I = 1 - \pi(p_1)\pi(p_2)\pi(p_3) - 206$  Diagrams
- Expect to get from  $P = [000]$  in  $T_1^g/A_2^g$   
30 energy levels from 315 MeV ensembles  
17 energy levels from 220 MeV ensembles

# Lineshape

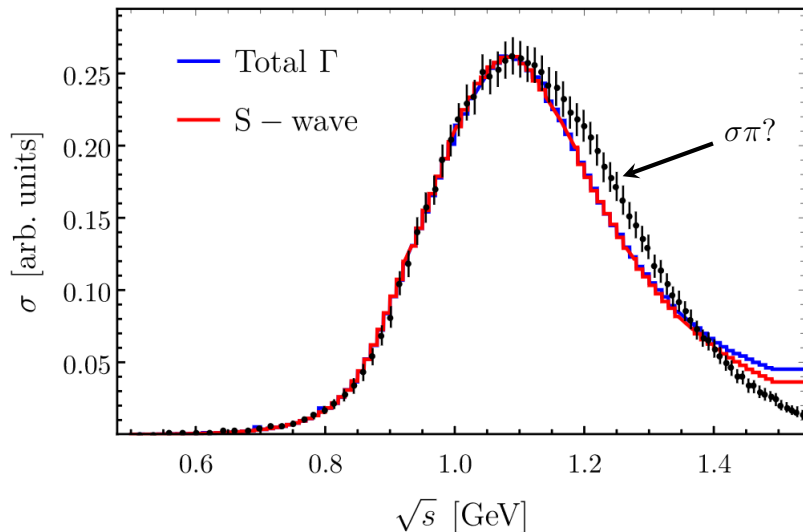


Figure from D. Sadasivan et al. [2002.12431]. Exp. data from ALEPH.

## Conclusion

# Conclusion

- $a_1(1260)$  is a prime candidate for significant three-body dynamics
- Contributions from all  $\pi\pi$  channels in isobars
- We have the QC's, need finite volume spectra and input from phenomenology
- Continuing to push up the hadron spectrum requires three-body dynamics

# Ensemble Details

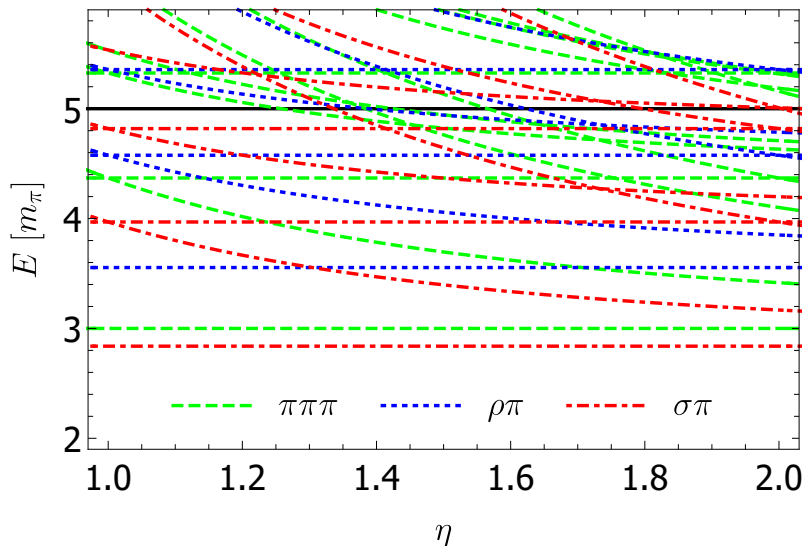
Label	$N_t \times N_{x,y}^2 \times N_z$	$\eta$	$a[\text{fm}]$	$N_{\text{cfg}}$	$am_\pi$
$\mathcal{E}_1$	$48 \times 24^2 \times 24$	1.00	0.1210(2)(24)	300	0.1931(4)
$\mathcal{E}_2$	$48 \times 24^2 \times 30$	1.25	—	—	0.1944(3)
$\mathcal{E}_3$	$48 \times 24^2 \times 48$	2.00	—	—	0.1932(3)
$\mathcal{E}_4$	$64 \times 24^2 \times 24$	1.00	0.1215(3)(24)	400	0.1378(6)
$\mathcal{E}_5$	$64 \times 24^2 \times 28$	1.17	—	—	0.1374(5)
$\mathcal{E}_6$	$64 \times 24^2 \times 32$	1.33	—	—	0.1380(5)

- Lüscher-Weis gauge action
- $N_f = 2$  nHYP-smearred clover fermions
- $N_v = 100$  LapH Eigenvectors



# 315 MeV Non-Interacting Levels

Unprojected



# 220 MeV Non-Interacting Levels

Unprojected

