Di-hadron beam spin asymmetry with CLAS data

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Physics motivation



$$F_{LU}^{\sin\phi_R} = -x \frac{|\vec{R}|\sin\theta}{Q} \sum_q e_q^2 \left[\frac{M}{M_h} x e^q(x) H_1^{\triangleleft,q}(z,\cos\theta,M_h) + \frac{1}{z} f_1^q(x) \tilde{G}^{\triangleleft,q}(z,\cos\theta,M_h) \right]$$

Measured by Belle

Data set and goals

e1f data set, April-June 2003

- beam energy:
- beam polarization:
- liquid hydrogen target
- total luminosity:
- low torus field:

5.5 GeV $P_B = 0.751 \pm 0.022$

21 fb⁻¹ 2250 A (~50%)

Physics observable:

• Beam Spin Asymmetry

$$BSA = \frac{d\sigma^{+} - d\sigma^{-}}{d\sigma^{+} + d\sigma^{-}} = \frac{A_{LU}^{\sin\phi_{R}} \sin\phi_{R}}{1 + A_{UU}^{\cos\phi_{R}} \cos\phi_{R} + A_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi_{R}} \cos 2\phi_{R}} \qquad \square \qquad BSA = \frac{1}{P_{beam}} \frac{N^{+} - N^{-}}{N^{+} + N^{-}}$$

• 1D kinematic dependencies: x_B , z, M($\pi\pi$)

Status of the analysis

- > Analysis started around 2012 under responsibility of S. Pisano (LNF)
 - analysis completed in 2014
 - preliminary results presented at Conferences in 2013-14
 - theoretical interpretation of the data by A. Courtoy
- > Analysis review started on April 24, 2014
 - review committee: Angela Biselli (Chair), Brian Raue, Sebastian Kuhn
 - 4 rounds of review
 - last iteration on October 2016, never completed
 - open issues: some PID cut, fit of the BSA phi dependence, MC studies
 - draft of the paper ready
- The analysis was restarted beginning of 2019. Plan to resubmit an updated analysis note to the committee soon

Di-Hadron angles



 ϕ_h : azimuthal angle of the pion pair momentum

 ϕ_R : azimuthal angle of the transvers component of the momentum difference

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$: angle between the pi+ and the dh in the CM frame

DH Fragmentation functions

Di-hadron FFs depend on z, M_h and $cos\theta$

Angular dependence can be expanded in spherical harmonics

$$D_1(x, \cos\theta, M_h) = D_{1,ss+pp}^q(z, M_h) + D_{1,sp}^q(z, M_h) \cos\theta + D_{1,pp}^q(z, M_h) \frac{3\cos^2\theta - 1}{4}$$

$$H_1^{\triangleleft,q}(z, \cos\theta, M_h) = H_{1,sp}^{\triangleleft,q}(z, M_h) + H_{1,pp}^{\triangleleft,q}(z, M_h) \cos\theta$$

$$\tilde{G}^{\triangleleft,q}(z, \cos\theta, M_h) = \tilde{G}_{sp}^{\triangleleft,q}(z, M_h) + \tilde{G}_{pp}^{\triangleleft,q}(z, M_h) \cos\theta$$

$$BSA = \sin \varphi_R \begin{bmatrix} eH_{1,sp} \sin \vartheta \\ f_1 D_{1,ss+pp} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 + A \cos \vartheta \\ 1 + B \cos \vartheta + C \frac{(3\cos^2 \vartheta - 1)}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

Leading PW term
Fit function

$$Point-by-point systematic uncertainty$$

Kinematic coverage

DIS kinematics

- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- W > 2 GeV

Inclusive cut

- MM > 1.05 GeV Forward hadrons
- x_F > 0
- z cut





Monte Carlo simulations

clasDIS generator + gsim + gpp





<u>z- cut</u>

Contamination of pions from baryon resonance decays at low z. Use <u>MC data</u> to optimize the z cut

- the $\Delta^{++} \to \pi^+ p$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Delta^{++} \pi^-(X)$;
- the $\Delta^+ \to \pi^+ n$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Delta^+ \pi^-(X)$;
- the $\Delta^0 \to \pi^- p$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Delta^0 \pi^+(X)$;
- the $\Delta^- \to \pi^- n$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Delta^- \pi^+(X)$;
- the $\Lambda \to \pi^- p$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Lambda \pi^+(X)$;
- the $\Sigma^- \to \pi^- n$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e'\Sigma^-\pi^+(X)$;
- the $\Sigma^+ \to \pi^+ n$ decay in the reaction $ep \to e' \Sigma^+ \pi^-(X)$;





BSA fits



Raw BSA vs xB





 $A_{raw}(\phi_{R}), x_{R} = 0.20 - 0.30$ 0.1 BSA 80.08 $A^{sin(\phi)} = 0.03062 \pm 0.00973$ $\chi^2 = 15.85$ NDF= 11 0.06 0.04 0.02 0 -0.02 -0.04 -0.06 -0.08 -0.1^C 150 _{\$\vert\$_R\$} (deg) -150 -100 -50 50 0 100

 $A_{raw}(\phi_R), x_B = 0.30 - 0.65$



Systematics

Point-by-point systematics

- 30% due to the unknown higher terms in the PW expansion of the IFF
- \succ sin ϕ_R moments systematics
 - beam polarization: 3 %
 - baryonic resonance decays:
 - radiative corrections:
 - acceptance:
 - fitting function:

3 % 2 to 9 % 3 % negligible 10 %

Total systematics 14% maximum

Acceptance studies

- inject a known asymmetry in the MC, process the data, compare the result
- several "models" introduced



no sensitivity with the available statistics



Summary

- The di-hadron BSA has been extracted from the CLAS e1f data set
 1D projections in x_B, z, M_h
- The signal if of the order of 2 % with weak kinematic dependence
- The analysis is basically completed

 need to finalize some of the systematics studies
 interplay between φ_R and φ_H
- Plan to re-submit the analysis note to have (hopefully) a quick approval
- Draft of the paper is ready

Polarized cross section

Unintegrated beam polarization terms

$$d\sigma_{LU} = \frac{\alpha^2}{4\pi x y Q^2} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x} \right) \lambda_e \sum_{\ell=0}^{\ell_{\max}} \left\{ C(x, y) \sum_{m=1}^{\ell} \left[P_{\ell, m} \sin(m(\phi_h - \phi_{R_\perp})) 2 \left(F_{LU, T}^{P_{\ell, m} \cos(m(\phi_h - \phi_{R_\perp}))} + \epsilon F_{LU, L}^{P_{\ell, m} \cos(m(\phi_h - \phi_{R_\perp}))} \right) \right] + W(x, y) \sum_{m=-\ell}^{\ell} P_{\ell, m} \sin((1 - m)\phi_h + m\phi_{R_\perp}) F_{LU}^{P_{\ell, m} \sin((1 - m)\phi_h + m\phi_{R_\perp})} \right\}.$$

Transverse momentum integrated

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx_B dy d\psi dz_h d\phi_{R_\perp} dM_h d\cos\theta} = \frac{\alpha^2}{x_B y Q^2} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma^2}{2x_B}\right)$$

$$\times \left\{ A(x, y) F_{UU,T} + B(x, y) F_{UU,L} + \frac{1}{2} V(x, y) \cos\phi_{R_\perp} F_{UU}^{\cos\phi_{R_\perp}} + B(x, y) \cos(2\phi_{R_\perp}) F_{UU}^{\cos2\phi_{R_\perp}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \lambda_e \frac{1}{2} W(x, y) \sin\phi_{R_\perp} F_{LU}^{\sin\phi_{R_\perp}} \right\}$$

Particle kinematics



0

150

-100

-50

50

100

٩,

20

-40

4 4.5

4

0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3

<u>IFF θ dependence</u>

From PW expansion (and neglecting the ϕ -dependent unpolarized SF)



Systematic uncertainty estimate

- assume all the A,B,C are of the order of 1
- replace the q-dependence with their averages
- take maximum variation as systematics
- → Point-by-point systematics δA =30 %
 - added in quadrature to the statistic uncertainty
- \rightarrow sin θ divided out from the BSA bin-by-bin

harmonics	average value
$\sin \theta$	0.931
$\cos \theta$	-0.093
$\sin\theta\cos\theta$	-0.162
$(3\cos^2\theta - 1)/4$	-0.159

θ distributions

black: exp data Average values vs ϕ_{R} blue: MC data <0.8(⊕)> <sin(0)> 0.8 0.6 0.6 MC events MC events $\cos \theta$ EXP events EXP events ٠ $\sin \theta$ 0.4 0.4 $\sin \theta$ 0.2 0.2 0 0 -0.2 -0.2-0.4 -0.4 -0.6 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -150 -100 -50 0 50 100 150 ¢_ (deg) 0 -150-100 -50 0 50 100 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 -0.8 0.6 0.8 0.4 008²(8) - 1)/4> MC events MC events EXP events EXP events ŝ 0.4 0.2 n 10 -0.2 $\cos \theta$ -0.4 -O -(3cos² θ -1)/4 $\sin\theta\cos\theta$ -0.6 -0.6 -0.8 -0.8 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0 0.2 0,4 0.6 0.8 -150 -100 -50 0 50 100 -100 -50 0 50 100 150 ¢_ (deg) -150 150 ¢_ (deg)

104

103

102

10

10

10

Systematic uncertainties - 1

Beam polarization

 $P_B = 0.751 \pm 0.022$

• **\(\Delta\) / A= 3 %**

Baryonic resonances

- residual contamination between 2 and 9 % depending on the kinematics
- expected to have zero asymmetry, therefore they dilute the measured asymmetry
- $\Delta A / A = 1 / (1 f)$



Systematic uncertainties - 2

Radiative corrections

- basically unknown for the di-hadron final state
- mostly suppressed by the y cut
- estimation for the single pion is few % on the cross section
- **\(A / A = 3 \%**)

Fitting function

- results obtained with 1par fit: A = p0 sin ϕ_R
- add more terms in the ϕ_R expansion and re-extract $A^{\sin \phi R}$
- ∆A /A ≈ 10%





Polarizing the MC

A^{sin(r)} = 0.03654 ± 0.01931 ≥0.08 $r^2 = 4.91$ NDF= 11 $N \propto 1 + hA \sin \varphi$ 0.06 0.04 0.02 Input Asym. 2% Probability to have helicity h **Extracted Asym** -0.02F as a function of ϕ -0.04 3.7±1.9 -0.06 $P(h = +1) = 0.5(1 + A \sin \varphi)$ -0.08 -0.1 -150-100-5050 100 150 ¢_ (deg) $P(h = -1) = 0.5(1 - A\sin\varphi)$ 02 0.15 0.9 negative helicity 0 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 -Ō 0.40.3 positive helicity 0.2 m=-0.001 0.1 **RMS=0.018** Assign the helicity to the event $x < 0.5(1 + A \sin \varphi_i) \rightarrow h = +1$ $\mathbf{x} > \mathbf{0}$. $\mathbf{5}(\mathbf{1} + A \sin \varphi_i) \rightarrow \mathbf{h} = -\mathbf{1}$

-0.15

-0.1

-0.05

0

0.05

0.1

0.15

Silvia's results

 ϕ_R fits in bins of x_B







 $\sin \phi_R$ moments as a function of z, M(pi pi), x_B



Raw Asymmetry vs z





Raw Asymmetry vs M(pi pi)





 $A_{raw}(\phi_R), M(\pi^+ \pi^-)= 0.85 - 2.00$



Results vs kinematics

