

The Indispensable Role of Visualization In Obtaining Insight from Astrophysical Simulation

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#### Topics

- Introduction and context supernovae
- Visualization for understanding
- Visualization for debugging/correctness
- Visualization as an essential part of a workflow
- Conclusions



### Enabling understanding

- The evolution of many degrees of freedom—each used to evolve essential pieces of physics—is the central "problem" for viz in computational stellar astrophysics
  - Hydrodynamic turbulence, multi-species flows, radiation transport
- "Eye candy" viz is not disconnected from quantitative understanding: It provides essential context.
- Sometimes, it leads directly to a deeper understanding (e.g. SASI, as we will see later)







# BLOW TO A STAR

By Wolfgang Hillebrandt, Hans-Thomas Janka and Ewald Müller

#### It is not as easy as you would think.

n November 11, 1572, Danish astronomer and nobleman Tycho Brahe saw a new star in the constellation Cassiopeia, blazing as bright as Jupiter. In many ways, it was the birth of modern astronomy—a shining disproof of the belief that the heavens were fixed and unchanging. Such "new stars" have not ceased to surprise. Some 400 years later astronomers realized that they briefly outshine billions of ordinary stars and must therefore be spectacular explosions. In 1934 Fritz Zwicky of the California Institute of Technology coined the name "supernovae" for them. Quite apart from being among the most dramatic events known to science, supernovae play a special role in the universe and in the work of astronomers; seeding space with heavy elements, regulating galaxy formation and evolution, even serving as markers of cosmic expansion.

Zwicky and his colleague Walter Baade speculated that the explosive energy comes from gravity. Their idea was that

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TEN SECONDS AFTER IGNITION, a thermonuclear fiame has almost completed its incineration of a white dwarf star in this recent simulation. Sweeping outward from the deep interior (outword), the nuclear chains reaction has transformed carbon and oxygen (Wac, red) to silicon (orange) and iron (gellow). Earlier simulations, which were unable to track the turbulent motions, could not explain why stars excluded rather than duing outeful.

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#### Supernova types





### Type la supernovae

- Brightness rivals that of the host galaxy (L ~ 10<sup>43</sup> erg/s)
- Larger amounts of radioactive <sup>56</sup>Ni produced than in CCSNe
- Radioactivity powers the light curve ("Arnett's Law")
- Not associated with star-forming regions (unlike CCSNe)
- No compact remnant star is completely disrupted
- Likely event the accretioninduced thermonuclear explosion of a white dwarf





#### Small scales: Detonations in WD matter

- Deflagrations make their own turbulence (RT), but detonations are also subject to instabilities.
- These instabilities can increase the burning length(time) for a given species.
  - becomes important at lower densities where these burning lengths are already  $O(R_{\text{WD}})$
- Network size, resolution, and dimensionality all impact the formation of cellular structures



#### 3D detonations

<sup>16</sup>O







roughly 30 cm on a side





## Gravitationally confined detonation



#### Core-collapse SNe

- Similar amount of energy release compared to SNe Ia
- Smaller amounts of radioactive <sup>56</sup>Ni produced than in SNe la
- Compact remnant remains: either neutron star or black hole

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2D

#### Chimera model: B15-WH07

-327.5 ms



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## Bellerophon | Design Approach

- Provide a "one-stop shop"
  - Encapsulated end-to-end solution
  - Central, easy-to-use SaaS portal
  - Fully automate cumbersome, repetitive tasks
  - Integrate (not replace) current workflow tools
    - Vislt, Trac, Subversion
- Utilize DOE HPC compute and data resources seamlessly
- Allow authenticated access to data analysis and modeling workflows and remotely stewarded data from anywhere in the world at any time
- Provide customizable data views using state-of-the-art, multi-dimensional visualization tools



# bellerophon





#### Bellerophon | Multi-tier Architecture

Reliable mechanism for authenticated, secure two-way communication and file transfer between all tiers.



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#### Bellerophon | Real-time Data Analysis for Chimera





#### Bellerophon | Visualization Artifacts for Chimera

40 CCSn models, >150K data files, ~1150 animations comprised of 1.5 MILLION real-time rendered images – all under database management with provenance



#### Bellerophon | Visualization Set Explorer Tool

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68	Wedge 2D – 1D R	Casanova, Jordi	Woosley Heger 2	15	540 x 180	718.8	3095	08/03/2016 23:	-
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#### Bellerophon | Important links and Information Tool



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#### The known unknowns, the unknown unknowns...





#### There are more things in Heaven and Earth...

"Extensive background radiation studies by IBM in the 1990s suggest that computers typically experience about one cosmic-ray-induced error per 256 megabytes of RAM per month. If so, a superstorm, with its unprecedented radiation fluxes, could cause widespread computer failures. Fortunately, in such instances most users could simply reboot" (*Supplement to the feature "<u>Bracing the</u> <u>Satellite Infrastructure for a Solar Superstorm</u>," <u>August</u> 2008 issue, Scientific American.)* 

"While double bit flips were deemed unlikely, the density of DIMMs at Oak Ridge National Lab's Cray XT5 causes them **to occur on a daily basis** (at a rate of one per day for 75,000+ DIMMs)" (Fiala+, 2012)





## CCSNe in nature are 3D

Beyond total yields, reconciling nucleosynthesis calculations and observations require following the explosion to the stellar surface (and beyond).

#### X-ray: Si/Mg, <sup>44</sup>Ti, Fe



Grefenstette+ (2014)

#### Infrared: Sulfur



Milisavljevic & Fesen (2015)

Interaction with the envelope, particularly the shell interfaces, continues to shape the ejecta.



## Stationary Accretion Shock Instability (SASI)



Blondin, Mezzacappa, & DeMarino, Ap.J. 584, 971 (2003)

SASI has *axisymmetric and nonaxisymmetric* modes that are both linearly unstable!

- Blondin and Mezzacappa, Ap.J. 642, 401 (2006)
- Blondin and Shaw, Ap.J. 656, 366 (2007)

Shock wave unstable to non-radial perturbations.

Blondin, Mezzacappa, & DeMarino, Ap.J. 584, 971 (2003)

- Decreases advection velocity in gain region.
- Increases time in the gain region.
- Generates convection.



## SASI in 3D



Blondin & Mezzacappa Nature 445, 58 (2007)

### Generating Pulsar Spin in Supernovae



Visualization was the only reason this mechanism was posited!

Blondin and Mezzacappa (2006)

Deduced pulsar spin period from deposited angular momentum: 50 ms! <u>Consistent with pulsar observations.</u>



Cardall+ (2012)

#### OK, some eye candy...

 This image from an MHD version of the SASI graced the front of Titan for >7 years.





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#### Lentz, et al. (2015)



23

18

13 8

400 km



-400

-800

400 km

-600

-400

-200 Z Axis (km)

Ó

200

400

-2000

400 km -1500 -1000 -500 0 500 1000 1500 X Axis (km)





#### 3D CCSNe with large networks

- We are also exploring 3D models with large networks, with one model completed, a 9.6 solar mass, zero metallicity star from Heger.
- As Melson et al (2015) showed, this progenitor behaves like a ONe core.
- Model exhibits a pre-bounce Silicon Flash.
- Convection near the edge of the newborn PNS dredges up neutronrich matter, which is followed by neutrino-driven wind.
- Overall explosion is quite spherical.



### CCSNe w/ large networks: Silicon flash

- Compressional heating during collapse leads to accelerated burning in the neon and silicon burning shells.
- Eventually the shells generate a combined flash.
- This flash propagates to several thousand km before it is caught by the supernova shock.



#### Hot off Summit...

Sandoval + (in prep) Summit Early Science

10-2

10-3

10<sup>0</sup>

 $10^{-1}$ 



10<sup>0</sup>

 $10^{-1}$ 

10<sup>-5</sup>

 $10^{-4}$ 

10-3

 $10^{-5}$ 

 $10^{-4}$ 

 $10^{-2}$ 

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#### Hot off Summit...

31

#### 17 hours later, 10,000 times bigger

Sandoval + (in prep) Summit Early Science



https://cdn.soft8soft.com/AROAJSY2GOEHMOFUVPIOE: 9365cb3419/applications/Spun\_Up\_Comparison/Spun\_U p\_Comparison.html





EXASCALE COMPUTING PROJECT





**COAK RIDGE** National Laboratory Daniel Kasen, Ann Almgren, Don Wilcox, Wick Haxton (LBNL)

Philipp Mösta, Ken Shen (Berkeley)

Bronson Messer, Raph Hix, Eirik Endeve, Anthony Mezzacappa, Austin Harris, Ran Chu, Eric Lentz, Michael Sandoval, Fernando Rivas (ORNL/UTennessee)

ExaStar

Multi-physics Stellar Astrophysics Simulations at the Exascale

Sean Couch, Michael Pajkos, Jennifer Ranta (Michigan State)

Anshu Dubey, Saurabh Chawdhary, Carlo Graziani, Jared O'Neal (ANL)

Klaus Weide (UChicago)

Mike Zingale, Xinlong Li (Stony Brook)





- ExaStar simulations will have connections to:
  - experimental nuclear physics data
  - satellite observations of astrophysical phenomena
  - GW detections

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 neutrino experimental data, including solar and reactor experiments to improve predictive power



- Guide future nuclear physics experimental programs
  - siting the r-process directly impacts which rates are most important to measure
- Provide reliable templates for gravitational wave and neutrino detectors
  - -Low signal-to-noise requires templates for matching
- Interpret X-ray and gamma-ray observations





#### Summary

- Stellar astrophysics and other multi-physics simulations produce a series of challenges to understanding that can be ameliorated by good visualization.
- For astrophysics, the tie to observations that include imaging is a major motivator.
- "Playing" with visualization approaches is vitally important to glean maximum benefit. Interactivity is paramount.
- Including extensive visualization as a part of any HPC workflow can provide on-the-fly information that can prevent huge losses of time/power, and therefore, \$\$.

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