

Preliminary results from MARATHON

Tyler Kutz
Stony Brook University

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Hall A/C Collaboration Summer Meeting

MARATHON and tritium program made possible by many people!

The JLab MARATHON Tritium Collaboration

D. Abrams, H. Albataineh, **S. Alsalmi**, D. Androic, K. Aniol, W. Armstrong, J. Arrington, H. Atac, T. Averett, C. Ayerbe Gayoso, X. Bai, **J. Bane***, **S. Barcus**, A. Beck, V. Bellini, H. Bhatt, D. Bhetuwal, D. Biswas, D. Blyth, W. Boeglin, D. Bulumulla, A. Camsonne, **M. Carmignotto**, **J. Castellanos**, J-P. Chen, C. Ciofi degli Atti, E. O. Cohen, S. Covrig, K. Craycraft, **R. Cruz-Torres**, B. Dongwi, M. Duer, B. Duran, D. Dutta, N. Fomin, E. Fuchey, C. Gal, T. N. Gautam, S. Gilad, K. Gnanvo, T. Gogami, J. Gomez, C. Gu, A. Habarakada, **T. Hague***, O. Hansen, M. Hattawy, **F. Hauenstein**, O. Hen, D. W. Higinbotham, R. Holt, E. Hughes, C. Hyde, H. Ibrahim, S. Jian, S. Joosten, A. Karki, B. Karki, A. T. Katramatou, C. Keppel, M. Khachatryan, V. Khachatryan, A. Khanal, D. King, P. King, I. Korover, S. A. Kulagin, **T. Kutz***, N. Lashley-Colthirst, G. Laskaris, **S. Li**, W. Li, **H. Liu***, S. Liuti, N. Liyanage, D. Lonardonì, R. Machleidt, L.E. Marcucci, P. Markowitz, **E. McClellan**, D. Meekins, W. Melnitchouk, S. Mey-Tal Beck, Z. E. Meziani, R. Michaels, M. Mihovilović, V. Nelyubin, **D. Nguyen**, N. Nuruzzaman, **M. Nycz***, R. Obrecht, M. Olson, L. Ou, V. Owen, E. Pace, **B. Pandey**, V. Pandey, A. Papadopoulou, M. Paolone, S. Park, M. Patsyuk, S. Paul, G. G. Petratos, R. Petti, E. Piasetzky, R. Pomatsalyuk, S. Premathilake, A. J. R. Puckett, V. Punjabi, R. Ransome, M. N. H. Rashad, P. E. Reimer, S. Riordan, J. Roche, F. Sammarruca, G. Salmè, **N. Santiesteban**, B. Sawatzky, J. Segal, E. P. Segarra, B. Schmookler, A. Schmidt, S. Scopetta, A. Shahinyan, S. Širca, N. Sparveris, **T. Su***, R. Suleiman, H. Szumila-Vance, A. S. Tadeipalli, L. Tang, W. Tireman, F. Tortorici, G. Urciuoli, M. Viviani, L. B. Weinstein, B. Wojtsekhowski, S. Wood, **Z. H. Ye**, Z. Y. Ye, and J. Zhang.

More than 140 Collaborators

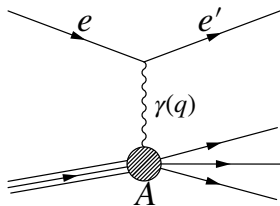
Red-Boldfaced Names: Tritium Program grad students; **starred:** MARATHON Ph.D. students

Blue-Boldfaced Names: Tritium Program postdoctoral associates

Special thanks to:

- Accelerator staff
- JLab management
- DOE and NSF
- Hall A tech/staff
- Shift crews
- Savannah River National Lab
- Roy Holt and Dave Meekins

Deep inelastic scattering



$$\nu = E - E'$$

$$Q^2 = 2EE'(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$x = Q^2/2M\nu$$

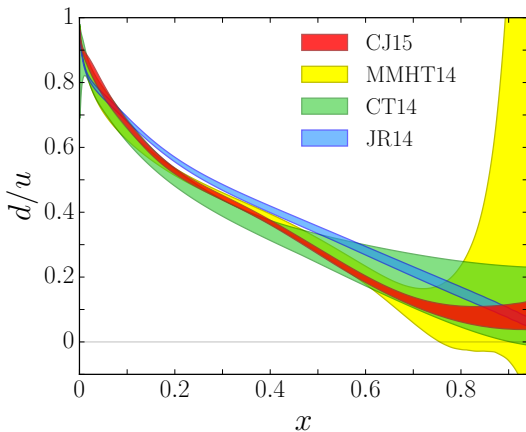
$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dE' d\Omega} = \left(\frac{2\alpha E'}{Q^2}\right)^2 \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \left[\frac{F_2}{\nu} + \frac{2F_1}{M} \tan^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \right]$$

Quark parton model:

$$F_1 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i e_i^2 q_i(x)$$

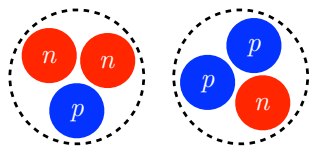
$$F_2 = x \sum_i e_i^2 q_i(x)$$

A. Accardi, et al. Phys. Rev. D 93 114017



d/u at large x sensitive to valence quark dynamics

High x determination of F_2^n/F_2^p constrains d/u



A = 3 mirror nuclei

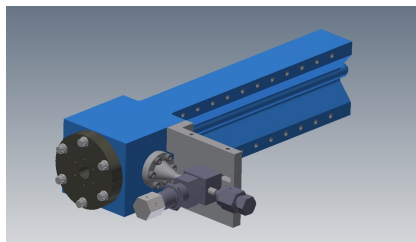
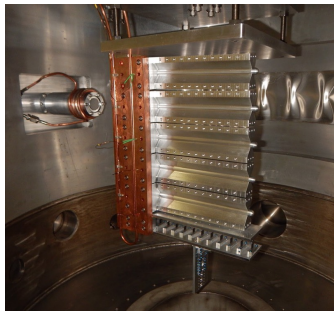
EMC-type ratios:

$$R(^3\text{H}) = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{H}}}{2F_2^n + F_2^p}, \quad R(^3\text{He}) = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{He}}}{F_2^n + 2F_2^p}$$

$$\text{Super-ratio: } \mathcal{R} = \frac{R(^3\text{He})}{R(^3\text{H})}$$

$$\frac{F_2^n}{F_2^p} = \frac{2\mathcal{R} - F_2^{^3\text{He}}/F_2^{^3\text{H}}}{2F_2^{^3\text{He}}/F_2^{^3\text{H}} - \mathcal{R}}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{^3\text{He}}}{\sigma_{^3\text{H}}} = \frac{F_2^{^3\text{He}}}{F_2^{^3\text{H}}}, \text{ if nuclear independence of } R = \sigma_L/\sigma_T \text{ is assumed}$$



Four gas target cells:

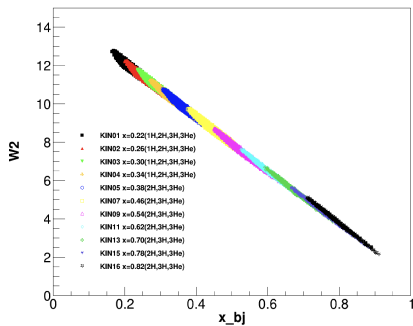
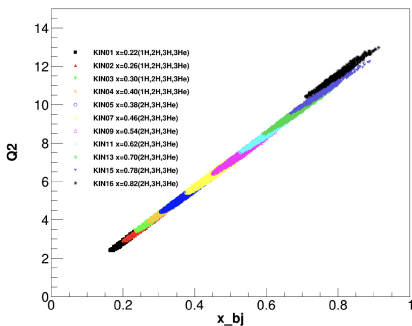
- Hydrogen ^1H
- Deuterium ^2H
- Tritium ^3H
(filled by Savannah River)
- Helium ^3He
- Empty cell
(for background measurement)

Measure DIS cross section ratios:

- $^3\text{H}/^3\text{He}$ for F_2^n/F_2^p extraction
- Tritium EMC ratio $^3\text{H}/^2\text{H}$
- Helium EMC ratio $^3\text{He}/^2\text{H}$
- $^2\text{H}/^1\text{H}$ (at low x only) for F_2^n/F_2^p normalization

MARATHON ran Spring 2018

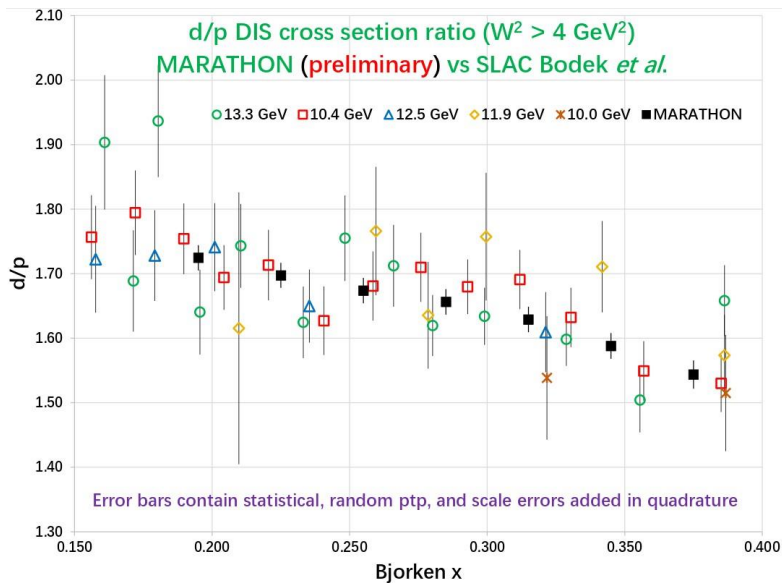
- Beam energy $E = 10.6$ GeV
- LHRS (RHRS) momentum $E' = 3.1$ GeV ($E' = 2.9$ GeV)
- HRS angle from 17° to 36°



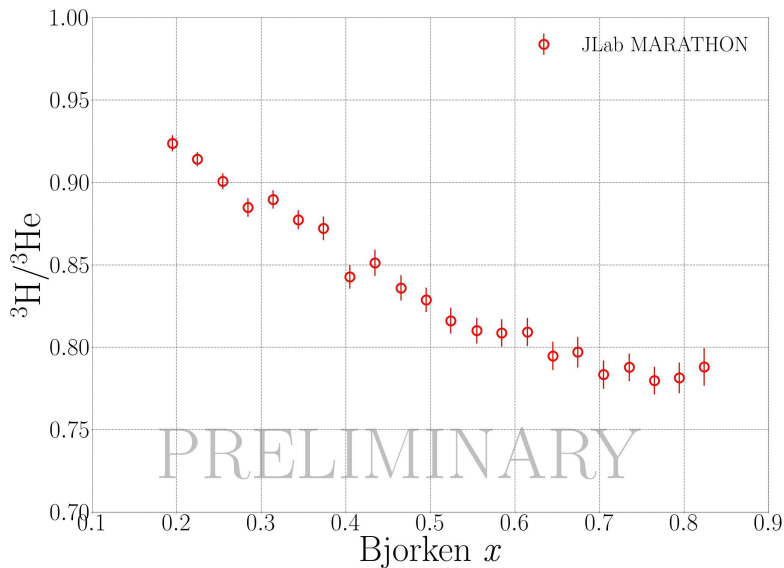
$$0.19 < x < 0.83$$

with

$$Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ and } W^2 > 3 \text{ GeV}^2$$



${}^2\text{H}/{}^1\text{He}$ cross section ratio measured by MARATHON



$^3\text{H}/^3\text{He}$ cross section ratio measured by MARATHON

We have...

- ${}^2\text{H}/{}^1\text{H}$
- ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$
- ${}^3\text{H}/{}^2\text{H}$
- ${}^3\text{He}/{}^2\text{H}$

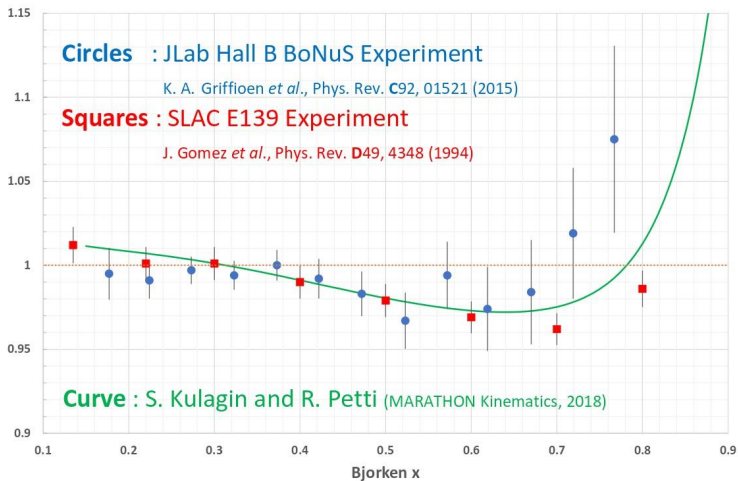
We want...

- F_2^n/F_2^p
- Isoscalar ${}^3\text{H}$ EMC ratio
- Isoscalar ${}^3\text{He}$ EMC ratio

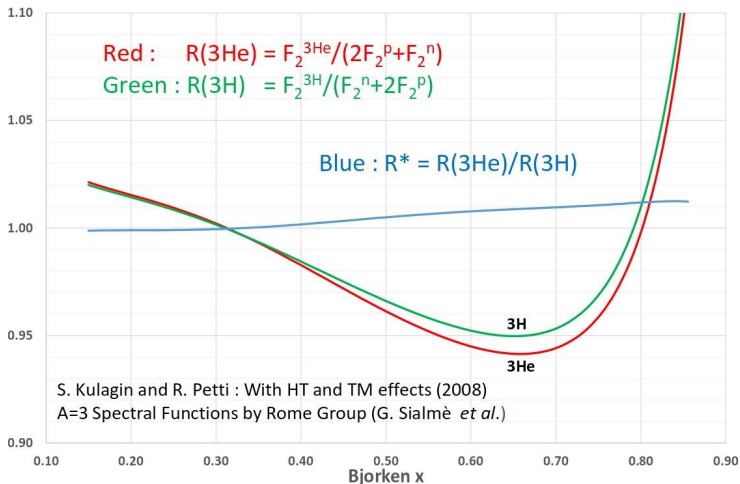
Approach:

- Use Kulagin & Petti model to extract F_2^n/F_2^p from ${}^2\text{H}/{}^1\text{H}$ and ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$
- Perform internally-consistent renormalization of cross section ratios based on physical and phenomenological arguments

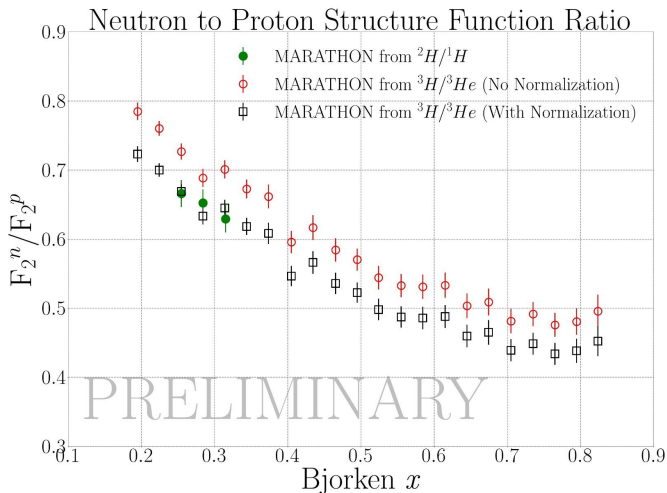
$F_2^d/(F_2^p+F_2^n)$ - BoNuS - SLAC E139 -KP



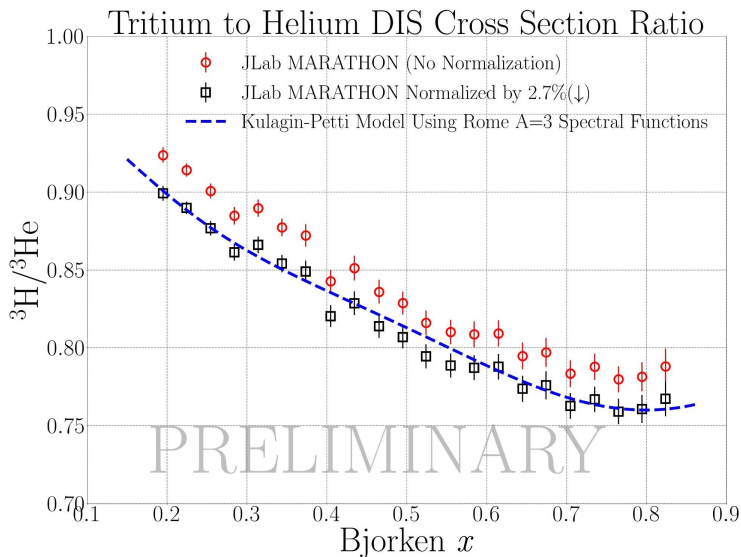
The R(3He) and R(3H) Ratios



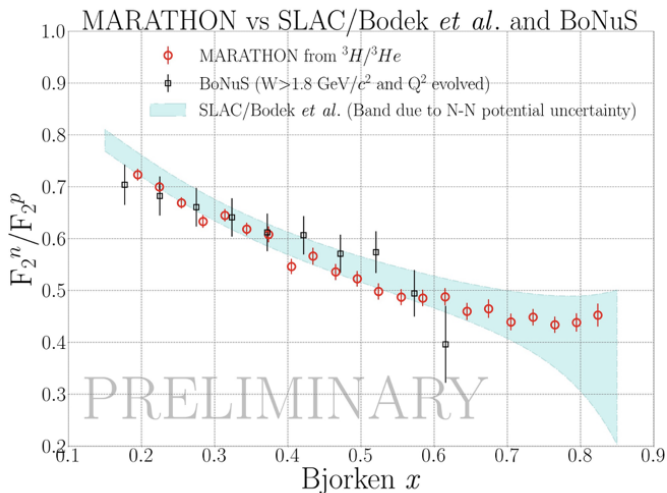
Match F_2^n/F_2^p at $x \approx 0.3$ (nuclear effects are small)



Requires -2.7% renormalization of ${}^3H/{}^3He$ ratio

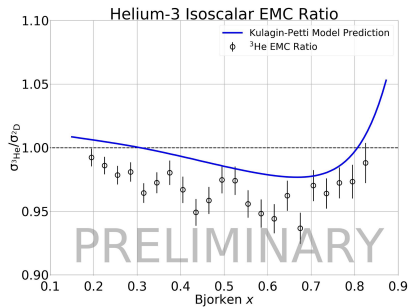
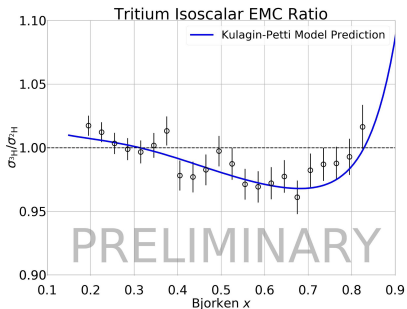


Kulagin & Petti A = 3 model agrees with
MARATHON ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$ (-2.7% renormalization)



With this procedure, MARATHON F_2^n/F_2^p agrees with Kulagin & Petti model

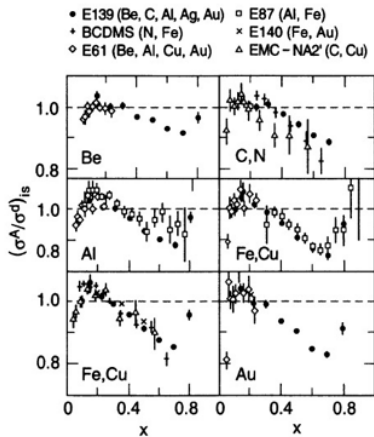
Apply isoscalar correction to EMC ratios using MARATHON F_2^n / F_2^p



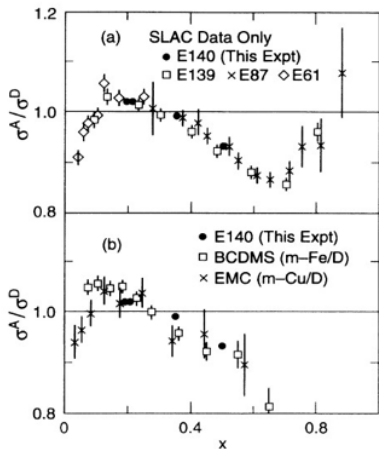
$^3\text{H}/^2\text{H}$ ratio ≈ 1 at $x \approx 0.3$

$^3\text{He}/^2\text{H}$ ratio < 1 at $x \approx 0.3$

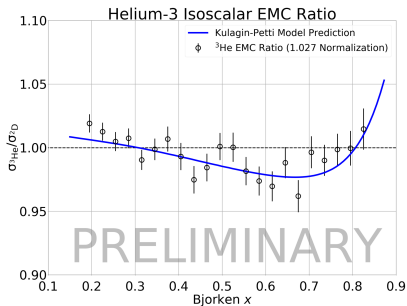
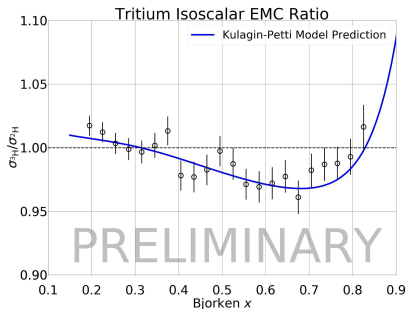
SLAC, CERN isoscalar EMC ratios ≈ 1 at $x \approx 0.3$



J. Gomez, et al.
 Phys. Rev. D 49, 4348 (1994)

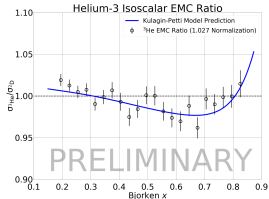
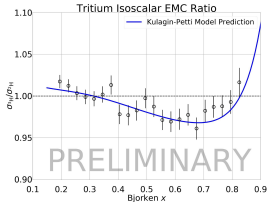
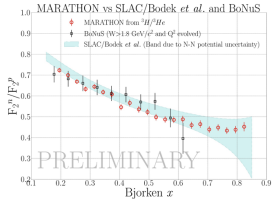


S. Dasu et al.
 Phys. Rev. D 49, 5641 (1994)



+2.7% renormalization of $^3\text{He}/^2\text{H}$ ratio results in crossing 1 at $x \approx 0.3$

2.7% increase in $^3\text{He}/^2\text{H}$ ratio consistent with 2.7% decrease in $^3\text{H}/^3\text{He}$ ratio



- MARATHON $^2\text{H}/^1\text{H}$ DIS data agrees well with SLAC Bodek et al. measurements and provides normalization for MARATHON $^3\text{H}/^3\text{He}$ DIS data.
- There may be no need to iterate F_2^n/F_2^p extraction, as the model used agrees very well with the data.
- MARATHON has provided the first measurement of the EMC effect in ^3H and new large x , W^2 data for the EMC effect in ^3He .
- Additional step: extraction of *leading-twist* F_2^n/F_2^p to determine d/u .

Thank you!