

## News from DSS

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DSS FFs framework

D. de Florian, RS, M. Stratmann arXiv:hep-ph/0703242 arXiv:0707.1506

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from DSS07 to DSS14, DSS17, ... D. de Florian, RS, M. Stratmann arXiv:hep-ph/0703242 arXiv:0707.1506

D. de Florian, M. Epele, R. Hernandez-Pinto, RS, M. Stratmann arXiv:1410.6027 arXiv:1702.06353

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M. Epele, C. García Canal, RS arXiv:1604.08427 arXiv:1807.07495

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combined PDFs and FFs from EIC

E.Aschenauer, I. Borsa, RS, C. van Hulse arXiv:1902.10663

a global NLO FFs set validated by the largest set of unpolarized data

for the DSSV07 helicity PDFs

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SIA

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cleaner: only FFs 'easier' HO QCD very precise data

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only information on  $[D_q^H(z,Q^2) + D_{\bar{q}}^H(z,Q^2)]$ 'flavor singlet'  $\Sigma \equiv D_u^H + D_{\bar{u}}^H + D_d^H + D_{\bar{d}}^H + D_s^H + D_{\bar{s}}^H + ...$ gluon suppression  $\frac{\alpha_s(Q^2)}{2\pi}D_g^H(z,Q^2)$ 

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'easier' HO QCD very precise data

charge & flavor discrimination

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'traditional' fitting strategy, i.e. ~ CTEQ, MMHT,...

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assume a 'flexible' parameterization

$$D_i^{\pi^+}(z, Q_0^2) = N_i z^{\alpha_i} \left[ (1-z)^{\beta_i} + \gamma_i (1-z)^{\delta_i} \right]$$

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discard redundant parameters

 $D_{\overline{s}}^{\pi^{+}}(z,Q_{0}^{2}) = N_{s}z^{\alpha_{s}}D_{\overline{u}}^{\pi^{+}}(z,Q_{0}^{2})$  $D_{u+\overline{u}}^{\pi^{+}}(z,Q_{0}^{2}) = N_{d+\overline{d}}D_{u+\overline{u}}^{\pi^{+}}(z,Q_{0}^{2})$ 

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adopt a minimizing function

$$\chi^2 = \sum_j \sum_i \left( \frac{\sigma_i^{exp} - \mathcal{N}_j \sigma_i^{th}}{\Delta \sigma_i^{exp}} \right)^2 + \sum_j \left( \frac{1 - \mathcal{N}_j}{\Delta \sigma_j^{exp}} \right)^2$$

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fit  $N_j$  (2007) vs. analytic normalization (2014 and later)

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estimate errors with the improved hessian method:

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à la CTEQ: hessian matrix diagonalization and sets

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~ MSTW-MMHT

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à la CTEQ: hessian matrix diagonalization and sets

~ MSTW-MMHT tolerance criterion

$$\int_{0}^{\xi_{68}} d\chi^2 \, \frac{(\chi^2)^{N/2 - 1} e^{-\chi^2/2}}{2^{N/2} \Gamma(N/2)} = 0.68$$

 $\xi_{50} \longrightarrow \xi_{68}$ 

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tolerate (verb)

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#### ideal situation: experimental errors and correlations well accounted for
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 $\blacktriangleright$  parameter fitting criterion  $\Delta \chi^2 = 1$ 

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realistic situation: theory approximations / inputs theory uncertainties neglected or unknown

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illustrative example: NNLO studies

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D. Anderle, M. Stratmann, F. Ringer, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114010 2015

# data	2
# uata	$\chi^2$
in fit	LO
23	15.0
14	9.7
14	10.4
14	5.9
17	19.2
15	7.4
15	8.3
15	8.5
13	8.9
13	5.3
6	1.9
6	4.0
6	8.6
41	108.7
76	11.8
	7.4
288	241.0
	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{in fit} \\ 23 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 17 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 13 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 41 \\ 76 \\ \end{array} $

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Sld [40]	incl.	23	15.0
	uds tag	14	9.7
	c  tag	14	10.4
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	14	5.9
Aleph $[41]$	incl.	17	19.2
Delphi $[42]$	incl.	15	7.4
	uds tag	15	8.3
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5
Opal $[43]$	incl.	13	8.9
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3
	uds tag	6	1.9
	c  tag	6	4.0
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	6	8.6
BABAR $[10]$	incl.	41	108.7
Belle $[9]$	incl.	76	11.8
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4
TOTAL:		288	241.0

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too good: n	o need	of HO?	

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SIA	only
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	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	14	5.9	7.1
Aleph $[41]$	incl.	17	19.2	12.8
Delphi $[42]$	incl.	15	7.4	9.0
	uds tag	15	8.3	3.8
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5	4.5
Opal $[43]$	incl.	13	8.9	4.9
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3	6.0
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	$c  \mathrm{tag}$	6	4.0	4.5
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BABAR $[10]$	incl.	41	108.7	54.3
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			$\Delta \gamma_r^2$			
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BABAR $[10]$	incl.	41	108.7	54.3	37.1
Belle [9]	incl.	76	11.8	10.9	11.0
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4	6.8	7.1
TOTAL:		288	241.0	190.0	175.2
too good: n	o need o	of HO?	$\Delta \chi_L^2$	O-NLC	$_{0} = 51?^{\circ}$

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Delphi $[42]$	incl.	15	7.4	9.0	9.9
	uds tag	15	8.3	3.8	4.3
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5	4.5	4.0
Opal $[43]$	incl.	13	8.9	4.9	4.8
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3	6.0	6.9
	uds tag	6	1.9	2.1	1.7
	$c  \mathrm{tag}$	6	4.0	4.5	4.1
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	6	8.6	8.8	8.6
BABAR [10]	incl.	41	108.7	54.3	37.1
Belle $[9]$	incl.	76	11.8	10.9	11.0
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4	6.8	7.1
TOTAL:		288	241.0	190.0	175.2
			$\Delta v^2$	0.111	= 51?
too goodin	n nond		$\Delta \chi L$	O-NLC	) = 011
100 good: n	io need		4	$\Delta \chi_{NLC}^{2}$	-NNLC

SIA only

### illustrative example: NNLO studies

D. Anderle, M. Stratmann, F. Ringer, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114010 2015

experiment	data	# data	$\chi^2$		
	type	in fit	LO	NLO	NNLO
Sld [40]	incl.	23	15.0	14.8	15.5
	uds tag	14	9.7	18.7	18.8
	$c   ext{tag}$	14	10.4	21.0	20.4
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	14	5.9	7.1	8.4
Aleph $[41]$	incl.	17	19.2	12.8	12.6
Delphi $[42]$	incl.	15	7.4	9.0	9.9
	uds tag	15	8.3	3.8	4.3
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5	4.5	4.0
Opal $[43]$	incl.	13	8.9	4.9	4.8
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3	6.0	6.9
	uds tag	6	1.9	2.1	1.7
	$c   ext{tag}$	6	4.0	4.5	4.1
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	6	8.6	8.8	8.6
BABAR $[10]$	incl.	41	108.7	54.3	37.1
Belle $[9]$	incl.	76	11.8	10.9	11.0
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4	6.8	7.1
TOTAL:		288	241.0	190.0	175.2
			$\Delta v_{\tau}^2$	0 111	= 51?
too good r	no pood		$\Delta \lambda L$	O-NLC	) = 01
	io need		4	$\Delta \chi_{NLC}^{2}$	D-NNLC

SIA only

over-fitting a single data type:

### illustrative example: NNLO studies

xperiment	data	# data	$\chi^2$		
_	type	in fit	LO	NLO	NNLO
Sld [40]	incl.	23	15.0	14.8	15.5
	uds tag	14	9.7	18.7	18.8
	$c  \mathrm{tag}$	14	10.4	21.0	20.4
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	14	5.9	7.1	8.4
Aleph $[41]$	incl.	17	19.2	12.8	12.6
Delphi [42]	incl.	15	7.4	9.0	9.9
	uds tag	15	8.3	3.8	4.3
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5	4.5	4.0
Opal $[43]$	incl.	13	8.9	4.9	4.8
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3	6.0	6.9
	uds tag	6	1.9	2.1	1.7
	$c  \mathrm{tag}$	6	4.0	4.5	4.1
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	6	8.6	8.8	8.6
BABAR [10]	incl.	41	108.7	54.3	37.1
Belle [9]	incl.	76	11.8	10.9	11.0
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4	6.8	7.1
TOTAL:		288	241.0	190.0	175.2
			$\Delta \chi_L^2$	O-NLC	$_{0} = 51?$
too good: r	no need o	of HO?		$\Delta \chi^2_{NLC}$	)–NNLC
fitting a single	data type: i	in DSS14	$\chi^2_{SIA}/{ m da}$	ta = 1.3	

SIA only

### illustrative example: NNLO studies

experiment	data	#data	$\chi^2$			
	$\operatorname{type}$	in fit	LO	NLO	NNLO	
Sld [40]	incl.	23	15.0	14.8	15.5	
	uds tag	14	9.7	18.7	18.8	
	c  tag	14	10.4	21.0	20.4	
	b  tag	14	5.9	7.1	8.4	
Aleph $[41]$	incl.	17	19.2	12.8	12.6	
Delphi [42]	incl.	15	7.4	9.0	9.9	
	uds tag	15	8.3	3.8	4.3	
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	15	8.5	4.5	4.0	
Opal [43]	incl.	13	8.9	4.9	4.8	
TPC $[44]$	incl.	13	5.3	6.0	6.9	
	uds tag	6	1.9	2.1	1.7	
	$c  \mathrm{tag}$	6	4.0	4.5	4.1	
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	6	8.6	8.8	8.6	
BABAR [10]	incl.	41	108.7	54.3	37.1	
Belle [9]	incl.	76	11.8	10.9	11.0	
NORM. SHIFTS			7.4	6.8	7.1	
TOTAL:		288	241.0	190.0	175.2	
			$\Delta \chi^2_L$	O-NLC	$_{0} = 51??$	
too good: n	o need	of HO?	4	$\Delta \chi^2_{NLC}$	-NNLO	
r-fitting a single data type: in DSS14 $\chi^2_{SIA}/\text{data} = 1.3$						





illustrative example: NNLO studies

#### 40% correction from LO to NLO $\chi^2$ experiment # data data in fit LO NLO NNLO type SLD [40] incl. 2315.515.014.818.8uds tag 149.718.7 $c \, \mathrm{tag}$ 1410.421.020.45.98.4147.1 $b \, tag$ ALEPH [41] incl. 1719.212.812.6Delphi [42] 9.09.9incl. 157.4uds tag 158.3 3.84.3154.54.08.5 $b \, tag$ Opal [43] 138.9 4.94.8incl. TPC [44] incl. 135.36.06.92.11.7uds tag 6 1.94.54.1 $c \, tag$ 6 4.08.8 8.6 $b \, tag$ 8.6 6 BABAR [10]108.754.337.1incl. 41 Belle [9] 7610.911.0incl. 11.8NORM. SHIFTS 7.46.87.1**TOTAL:** 288241.0190.0175.2 $\Delta \chi^2_{LO-NLO} = 51??$ too good: no need of HO? over-fitting a single data type: in DSS14 $\chi^2_{SIA}/data = 1.3$

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illustrative example: NNLO studies

#### SIA only $\chi^2$ experiment # data data in fit LO NLO NNLO type SLD [40] incl. 2315.515.014.818.8uds tag 149.718.7 $c \, \mathrm{tag}$ 1410.421.020.45.98.4147.1 $b \, tag$ ALEPH [41] incl. 1719.212.812.6Delphi [42] 9.09.9incl. 157.4uds tag158.3 3.84.3154.54.08.5 $b \, tag$ Opal [43] 138.9 4.94.8incl. TPC [44] 135.36.06.9incl. 2.11.7uds tag 6 1.94.54.1 $c \, tag$ 6 4.08.8 8.6 $b \, tag$ 8.6 6 BABAR [10]108.754.337.1incl. 41 Belle [9] 7610.911.0incl. 11.8NORM. SHIFTS 7.46.87.1**TOTAL:** 288241.0190.0175.2 $\Delta \chi^2_{LO-NLO} = 51??$ too good: no need of HO? $\Delta \chi^2_{NLO-NNLO} = 14.8??$

D. Anderle, M. Stratmann, F. Ringer, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114010 2015



over-fitting a single data type: in DSS14  $\chi^2_{SIA}/{
m data}=1.3$ 

illustrative example: NNLO studies

illustrative example: NNLO studies



illustrative example: NNLO studies

D. Anderle, M. Stratmann, F. Ringer, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114010 2015 **NNLO** NLO LO 2  $Q^2 = 10 \text{ GeV}^2$  $z D_{i}^{\pi^{+}(z,Q^{2})}$ 1.5 0.5 0.5  $u + \bar{u}$  $s + \overline{s}$ 2 **NNLO** DSSI4 NLO 90% CL bands 6 NLO  $z D_{i}^{\pi^{+}}(z,Q^{2})$  $\Delta \chi^2 = 62$ Kretzer NLO DSS 14 NLO incl. 90% C.L. band 2 0.5 singlet  $\Sigma$ gluon 0 10 -1 10 -1 1 1 Ζ Ζ

illustrative example: NNLO studies

D. Anderle, M. Stratmann, F. Ringer, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114010 2015 **NNLO** NLO LO 2  $Q^2 = 10 \text{ GeV}^2$  $z D_i^{\pi^+}(z, Q^2)$ 1.5 0.5 0.5  $u + \bar{u}$  $+\overline{s}$ 2 NNLO DSSI4 NLO 90% CL bands 6  $\mathbf{O}$  $z D_{i}^{\pi^{+}(z,Q^{2})}$  $\Delta \chi^2 = 62$ Kretzer NLO 14 NLO ncl. 90% C.L. band SIA only fit can constrain the singlet 2 agree with the full fit at NLO 0.5 singlet  $\Sigma$ gluon SIA only fit at LO outside 90% CL band 0 10 -1 10 -1 1 1 Ζ Ζ

illustrative example: pp

illustrative example: pp

no NNLO calculation yet, no real error estimate large factorization scale dependence at NLO









heavy quarks masses:

heavy quarks masses: who cares?

M. Epele, C. García Canal, RS arXiv:1604.08427 arXiv:1807.07495

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negligible heavy quark contributions to light hadron SIDIS and pp
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negligible heavy quark contributions to light hadron SIDIS and pp

arXiv:1604.08427

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what about SIA?

cc and bb pairs copiously produced

at LEP energies  $m_{c}$  and  $m_{b}\,\text{effects}$  are negligible



M. Epele, C. García Canal, RS arXiv:1604.08427 arXiv:1807.07495

negligible heavy quark contributions to light hadron SIDIS and pp what about SIA? cc̄ and bb̄ pairs copiously produced at LEP energies mc and mb effects are negligible but at Belle and Babar?

heavy quarks masses: who cares?

M. Epele, C. García Canal, RS arXiv:1604.08427 arXiv:1807.07495

negligible heavy quark contributions to light hadron SIDIS and pp

what about SIA?

cc̄ and bb̄ pairs copiously produced at LEP energies  $m_c$  and  $m_b$  effects are negligible but at Belle and Babar?





$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\rm ZMVFN} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\rm ZM}(z,Q) \otimes D_i^{\rm ZM}(z,Q)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\mathrm{M}} = \sum_{i=q,g} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes D_{i}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_{h}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes D_{h}^{\mathrm{M}}$$

i=q,g

i=q,g

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q)$$
$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \xrightarrow{m_h \to 0} \sum_{j=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{ZM}}(Q) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ji}(Q/m_h)$$
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{M}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \otimes D_i^{\text{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_h^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \otimes D_h^{\text{M}}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\mathrm{GMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\mathrm{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\mathrm{GM}}(Q)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q)$$
$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \xrightarrow[m_h \to 0]{} \sum_{j=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{ZM}}(Q) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ji}(Q/m_h)$$
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{M}} = \sum_{i=q,g} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \otimes D_i^{\text{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_h^{\text{M}}(Q,m_h) \otimes D_h^{\text{M}}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\mathrm{GMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\mathrm{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\mathrm{GM}}(Q)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q, m_{h}) = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h})$$
$$D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \mathcal{A}_{ji}(1) \otimes D_{i}^{\text{M}}(m_{h})$$
$$\leftarrow \text{FONLL}$$

 $\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q)$ 

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\mathrm{M}} = \sum_{i=q,g} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes D_{i}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_{h}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes D_{h}^{\mathrm{M}}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_h) \xrightarrow[m_h \to 0]{} \sum_{j=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_j^{\mathrm{ZM}}(Q) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ji}(Q/m_h)$$











 $\hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}} \longrightarrow \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}^{*}} = (1 - f(Q)) \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{M}} + f(Q) \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}$ e.g.  $f(Q) = 1 - 2m_{h}/Q$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_{i}^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{M}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,g} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_{h}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{h}^{\text{M}} \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM$$

TOTAL:

966.4

875.8

924

$$\begin{split} \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_{i}^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{M}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_{h}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{h}^{\text{M}} \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{GMVFN}} &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes D_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{GM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{CM}}(Q,m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{M}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{j}^{\text{CM}}(m_{h}) &= \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{CM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q/m_{h}) \\ \frac{\sigma}{\sigma}_{i}^{\text{CM}}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ij}^{-1}(Q,m_{h}) \otimes$$

$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\text{ZMVFN}} = \sum_{i=q,g,h} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q) \otimes D_i^{\text{ZM}}(z,Q)$	$\hat{\sigma}^{\mathrm{M}}_i(Q,m_h$	$\left( \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	$ \rightarrow \sum_{j=q,g} $	$\hat{\sigma}^{ ext{ZM}}_{j}$	$(Q)\otimes$	$ ightarrow \mathcal{A}_{ji}($	$Q/m_h)$
$\frac{d\sigma}{dz}^{\mathrm{M}} = \sum_{i=q,g} \hat{\sigma}_i^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_h) \otimes D_i^{\mathrm{M}}(Q) + \hat{\sigma}_h^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_h) \otimes D_h^{\mathrm{M}}$		norm	alizat	cions			
	experiment	data	#data	ZM	VFN	GM	VFN
$d\sigma^{\rm GMVFN}$ $\sum \Delta GM(O, m) \otimes DGM(O)$		type	in fit	$N_i$	$\chi^2$	$N_i$	$\chi^2$
$\frac{dz}{dz} = \sum \sigma_j^{-} (Q, m_h) \otimes D_j^{-} (Q)$	ALEPH $[23]$ DADAD $[12]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0,994	23.3
i=q,g,h	DADAR [15] Belle [14]	incl.	39 78	1.019 1 044	19.5	1.002	11.0
·**	Delphi [24]	incl.	17	0.978	6.7	1.013	9.3
	[]	uds tag	17	0.978	20.8	1.003	9.5
		$b  \mathrm{tag}$	17	0.978	10.5	1.003	7.8
$\hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\mathrm{GM}}(Q, m_{h}) = \sum \hat{\sigma}_{i}^{\mathrm{M}}(Q, m_{h}) \otimes \mathcal{A}_{ii}^{-1}(Q/m_{h})$	Opal $[25]$	incl.	21	0.946	27.9	0.970	15.9
$\int (\mathbf{c}) (\mathbf{c}) (\mathbf{n}) = \int (\mathbf{c}) ($	Sld $[26]$	incl.	28	0.938	28.0	0.963	9.5
i=q,g,n		uds tag	17	0.938	21.3	0.963	11.3
$D_{\rm GM}^{\rm GM}(m_h) = \sum A_{ii}(1) \otimes D_{\rm M}^{\rm M}(m_h)$		c  ag	17	0.938	34.0	0.963	19.8
$\mathcal{L}_{j}$ ( $\mathcal{M}_{n}$ ) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathcal{C}_{ji}(1) \otimes \mathcal{L}_{i}$ ( $\mathcal{M}_{n}$ )	Tpg [97]	b tag	17	0.938	$\frac{11.1}{21.7}$	0.963	9.9
	IPC[21]	nici. uds tag	9	0.997	$\frac{31.7}{2.0}$	1.000	21.9
		c tag	9	0.997	5.9	1.006	4.3
		$b  \mathrm{tag}$	9	0.997	9.6	1.006	10.9
$\wedge CM \qquad \wedge CM^* \qquad ( \land \land \land \land \land M \qquad \land \land \land \land CM$	Compass [28]	$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	398	1.003	378.7	1.008	382.9
$\hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{GW}} \longrightarrow \hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{GW}} = (1 - f(Q)) \ \hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{W}} + f(Q) \ \hat{\sigma}_j^{\text{GW}}$	Hermes [29]	$\pi^{\pm}$ (p)	64	0.981	74.0	0.986	69.9
		$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	64	0.980	107.3	0.985	103.7
<b>e</b> . <b>g</b> . $f(Q) = 1 - 2m_h/Q$	Phenix [30]	$\pi^0$	15	1.174	14.3	1.167	14.4
	Star [31]	$\pi^{\pm}, \pi^{0}$	38	1.205	31.2	1.202	33.8
much hetter $\chi^2$	ALICE $[32]$	$\pi^0$	11	0.696	33.3	0.700	31.2
	TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8



	type	111 110	IVi	X	$IV_i$	X
Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
BABAR $[13]$	incl.	39	1.019	76.7	1.002	58.2
Belle $[14]$	incl.	78	1.044	19.5	1.019	11.0
Delphi $[24]$	incl.	17	0.978	6.7	1.003	9.3
	uds tag	17	0.978	20.8	1.003	9.5
	b  tag	17	0.978	10.5	1.003	7.8
Opal $[25]$	incl.	21	0.946	27.9	0.970	15.9
SLD [26]	incl.	28	0.938	28.0	0.963	9.5
	uds tag	17	0.938	21.3	0.963	11.3
	c  tag	17	0.938	34.0	0.963	19.8
	b  tag	17	0.938	11.1	0.963	9.9
Tpc $[27]$	incl.	17	0.997	31.7	1.006	27.9
	uds tag	9	0.997	2.0	1.006	2.0
	c  tag	9	0.997	5.9	1.006	4.3
	$b  \mathrm{tag}$	9	0.997	9.6	1.006	10.9
Compass [28]	$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	398	1.003	378.7	1.008	382.9
Hermes [29]	$\pi^{\pm}$ (p)	64	0.981	74.0	0.986	69.9
	$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	64	0.980	107.3	0.985	103.7
Phenix [30]	$\pi^0$	15	1.174	14.3	1.167	14.4
Star [31]	$\pi^{\pm}, \pi^{0}$	38	1.205	31.2	1.202	33.8
ALICE $[32]$	$\pi^0$	11	0.696	33.3	0.700	31.2
TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8



		experiment	data	#data	ZMV	/FN	GM	VFN
			$\operatorname{type}$	in fit	$N_i$	$\chi^2$	$N_i$	$\chi^2$
		Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
		BABAR $[13]$	incl.	39	1.019	76.7	1.002	58.2
		Belle $[14]$	incl.	78	1.044	19.5	1.019	11.0
		Delphi $[24]$	incl.	17	0.978	6.7	1.003	9.3
			uds tag	17	0.978	20.8	1.003	9.5
			b  tag	17	0.978	10.5	1.003	7.8
		Opal $[25]$	incl.	21	0.946	27.9	0.970	15.9
		Sld $[26]$	incl.	28	0.938	28.0	0.963	9.5
Belle: (data - theory)/theory	BaBar: (data - theory)/theory		uds tag	17	0.938	21.3	0.963	11.3
- h			c  tag	17	0.938	34.0	0.963	19.8
0.1			b  tag	17	0.938	11.1	0.963	9.9
		TPC $[27]$	incl.	17	0.997	31.7	1.006	27.9
			uds tag	9	0.997	2.0	1.006	2.0
	╢╢╷╷╷╷╷╷╷╷ <sup>╷</sup> ╷╹╹╹ <b>╸</b> ╸╸╸╸╹╵╵╵╵ <sup>┥</sup> ┥┽┿┿┿┿┿┿┿┿┿		c  tag	9	0.997	5.9	1.006	4.3
			$b  \mathrm{tag}$	9	0.997	9.6	1.006	10.9
		Compass $[28]$	$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	398	1.003	378.7	1.008	382.9
- • GMVFN scheme	• GMVFN scheme	Hermes [29]	$\pi^{\pm}$ (p)	64	0.981	74.0	0.986	69.9
$-0.1$ $\sim$ ZMVFN scheme	• ZMVFN scheme		$\pi^{\pm}$ (d)	64	0.980	107.3	0.985	103.7
relative exp. error	relative exp. error	Phenix [30]	$\pi^0$	15	1.174	14.3	1.167	14.4
68 and 90 % C.L. uncertainty	68 and 90 % C.L. uncertainty	Star [31]	$\pi^{\pm}, \pi^{0}$	38	1.205	31.2	1.202	33.8
		Alice $[32]$	$\pi^0$	11	0.696	33.3	0.700	31.2
0.2 0.4 0.8 Z	0.2 0.4 0.8 Z	TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8



experiment	data	# data	ZMVFN		GMVFN	
experiment	tata	# uata	N $2$		M	2
1 [22]	type	in nt	$\frac{N_i}{2}$	<u> </u>	IV <sub>i</sub>	$\chi$
Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
BABAR $[13]$	incl.	39	1.019	76.7	1.002	58.2
Belle $[14]$	incl.	78	1.044	19.5	1.019	11.0
Delphi $[24]$	incl.	17	0.978	6.7	1.003	9.3
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ALICE [32]	$\pi^0$	11	0.696	33.3	0.700	31.2
TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8



experiment	data	# data	ZM	VFN	GM	VFN
	$\operatorname{type}$	in fit	$N_i$	$\chi^2$	$N_i$	$\chi^2$
Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
BABAR [13]	incl.	39	1.019	76.7	1.002	58.2
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ALICE $[32]$	$\pi^0$	11	0.696	33.3	0.700	31.2
TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8

#### charm changes significantly



# charm changes significantly light flavors constrained by sidis

experiment	data	#data	ZMVFN		GM	VFN
	type	in fit	$N_i$	$\chi^2$	$N_i$	$\chi^2$
Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
BABAR $[13]$	incl.	39	1.019	76.7	1.002	58.2
Belle $[14]$	incl.	78	1.044	19.5	1.019	11.0
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TOTAL:		924		966.4		875.8



# charm changes significantly light flavors constrained by sidis bottom constrained by high Q

experiment	data	# data	ZMVFN		GM	VFN
	$\operatorname{type}$	in fit	$N_i$	$\chi^2$	$N_i$	$\chi^2$
Aleph $[23]$	incl.	22	0.968	21.6	0.994	23.3
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not so determinant in DSS07: MRST04 vs CTEQ6

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improved PDFs and new SIA and SIDIS data

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improved PDFs and new SIA and SIDIS data







reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs

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avoid cumbersome minimization of a large number of parameters
### reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs

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### reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs

#### reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs

avoid cumbersome minimization of a large number of parameters keep track of the effect of less inclusive data

# iterative FFs & PDFs determination:

#### reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs

avoid cumbersome minimization of a large number of parameters keep track of the effect of less inclusive data

iterative FFs & PDFs determination:

**PDFs FFs** 

### reweighing instead of full combined PDFs and FFs



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 $\chi^2_{FF} = 1271.7$ 



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$$\chi^2_{FF} = 1271.7$$
 1041.3













#### similar results with CT14 replicas













555.9 467.6

434.5



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precision and kinematic coverage for SIDIS (low z, wide range in  $x_B$  and  $Q^2$ )

E.Aschenauer, I. Borsa, RS, C. van Hulse arXiv:1902.10663

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lepton beam 5 and 20 GeV

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precision and kinematic coverage for SIDIS (low z, wide range in  $x_B$  and  $Q^2$ )

lepton beam 5 and 20 GeV proton beam 100 and 250 GeV

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events with PYTHIA-6

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lepton beam 5 and 20 GeV
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```

```
events with PYTHIA-6
```

```
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```

```
Q<sup>2</sup> > I GeV<sup>2</sup>
W<sup>2</sup> > I0 GeV<sup>2</sup>
0.0I < y < 0.95
-3.5 < η < 3.5
pH > 0.5
```

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1.4 % overall syst. unc.

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cross sections NLO NNPDF3.0 DSS14\* and DSS17\*

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```

```
Q<sup>2</sup> > I GeV<sup>2</sup>
W<sup>2</sup> > I0 GeV<sup>2</sup>
0.01 < y < 0.95
-3.5 < η < 3.5
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```

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```
* variants based on NNPDF3.0
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1.4 % overall syst. unc.



cross sections NLO NNPDF3.0 DSSI4\* and DSSI7\*

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reweighing of 1000 NNPDF3.0 replicas

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reweighing of 10000 DSS14\* and DSS17\* FFs replicas (derived from Hessian sets)

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correlation and sensitivity coefficients

where the data type could (in principle) constrain a PDF or FF

$$\rho\left[f_i, \mathcal{O}\right] = \frac{\langle \mathcal{O} \cdot f_i \rangle - \langle \mathcal{O} \rangle \langle f_i \rangle}{\Delta \mathcal{O} \Delta f_i}$$

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where the data set a actually constrain the PDF or FF

$$S[f_i, \mathcal{O}] = \frac{\langle \mathcal{O} \cdot f_i \rangle - \langle \mathcal{O} \rangle \langle f_i \rangle}{\xi \, \Delta \mathcal{O} \Delta f_i} \qquad \qquad \xi \equiv \frac{\delta \mathcal{O}}{\Delta \mathcal{O}} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{experimental error} \\ \text{induced by PDF/FF} \end{array}$$













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**YPRXDB** 



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Please, don't tell me MC sampling is equivalent  $\ \Delta\chi^2=1$ 

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## **Conclusions:**

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SIDIS can actually constrain PDFs, if existing data do, then EIC...

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not only competitive, but an excellent cross-check for the standard flavor discriminants

## **Conclusions:**

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SIDIS can actually constrain PDFs, if existing data do, then EIC...

not only competitive, but an excellent cross-check for the standard flavor discriminants

EIC will set a milestone for FFs precision, and their status as precision tools.

## Thanks!



 $\sim 1000 \text{ data}$  $\chi^2/d.o.f \sim 1.18$ 







