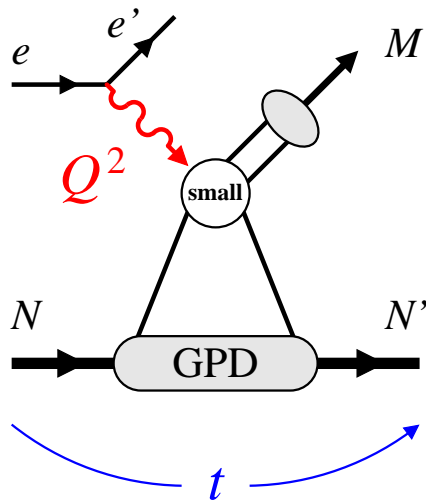


Physics with deeply-virtual meson production

C. Weiss (JLab), CLAS Collaboration Meeting, JLab, 13-Nov-2018



Potential early physics results

This presentation:

- Review context
- Identify physics questions

- High- Q^2 meson production

Mechanism and structures

Physics analysis

- CLAS12 experiments

Pseudoscalar π^0, η : Quark helicity flip, transversity GPDs

[E12-06-108](#)

Vector ϕ : Gluonic mechanism, nucleon gluonic radius

[E12-12-007](#)

Heavy J/ψ : Photoproduction near threshold, high- t gluonic form factor

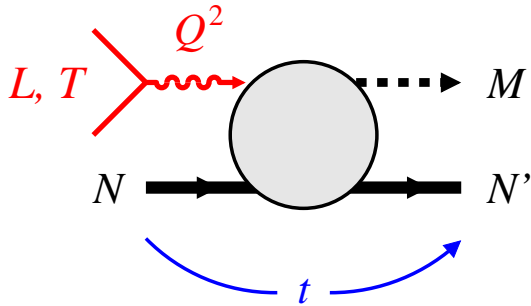
[E12-12-001](#)

- Connections and extensions

DVMP in high-energy experiments: COMPASS, LHC ultraperipheral, EIC

Joint DVCS–DVMP analysis: PARTONS

Exclusive mesons: High Q^2



- Exclusive electroproduction

Q^2 size of probe, resolution scale

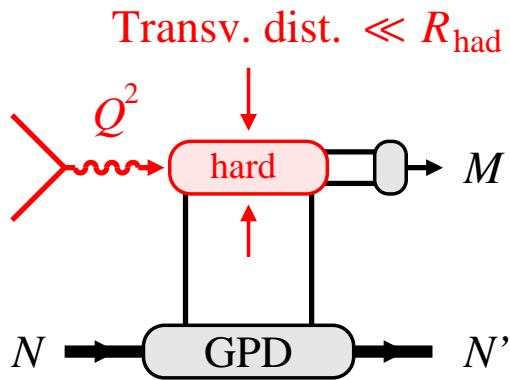
t size of target configurations

- Transverse distances in interaction \ll hadronic size

Collinear factorization: GPDs \times hard process \times DA

$Q^2 \rightarrow \infty$: Pointlike $q\bar{q}$ pair, pQCD interactions, L response dominant

$Q^2 \sim \text{few GeV}^2$: Finite sizes, $L + T$ responses



- Nucleon structure in GPDs

Quark/gluon form factors of nucleon

QCD operator definition $\langle N' | \mathcal{O}[\text{QCD}] | N \rangle$

Universal, process-independent \leftrightarrow DVCS, PDFs, FFs

Non-perturbative methods, Lattice QCD

I) Explore mechanism and verify approach to small-distance regime

Where does it set in? Quantitative question, not “yes or no!”

Use model-independent criteria: L/T , Q^2 -dependence, t -slopes, comparison of channels

[Experience with vector mesons at HERA](#)

II) Extract information on GPDs

Mesons select definite structures: Quark \leftrightarrow gluon, spin-flavor

Specific questions can be answered with limited information

Use QCD-based theoretical description with finite-size effects

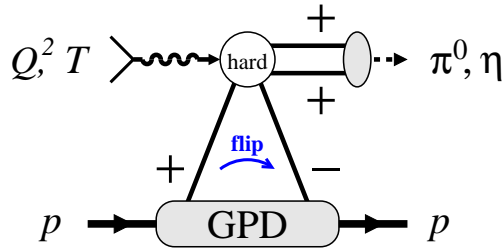
[Goloskokov, Kroll 08+](#); [Frankfurt, Strikman, Koepf 96](#)

Comments

Interplay of theory and experiment

Theory development needs broad-based studies of reaction mechanism

Pseudoscalars π^0, η : Mechanism



- Dominance of helicity-flip mechanism
Goldstein Liuti et al. 08+, Goloskokov, Kroll 11+

Large helicity-flip pion DA induced by dyn chiral symmetry breaking in QCD

Helicity-flip GPD \leftrightarrow transversity

Twist-3 mechanism, formally subleading

- Practical implementation

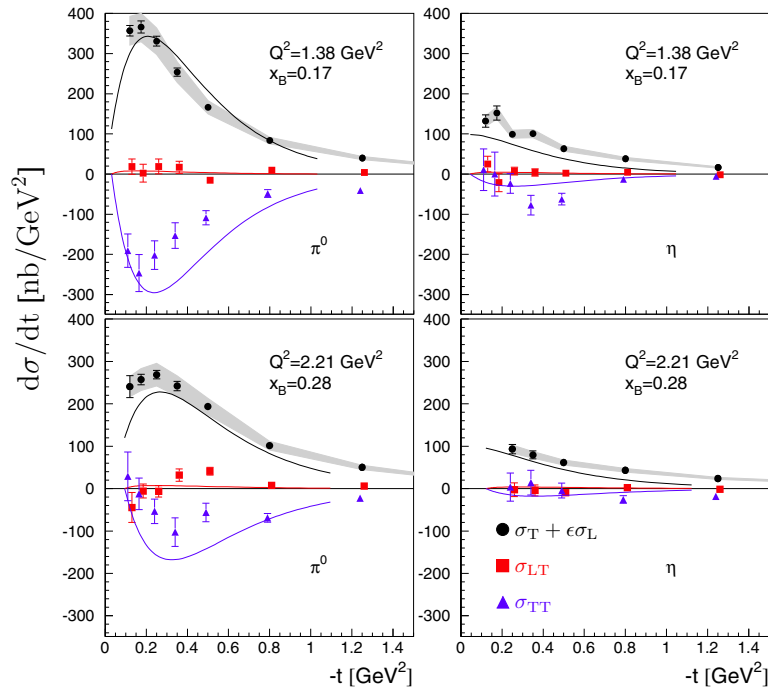
Finite size of $q\bar{q}$ through Sudakov FF

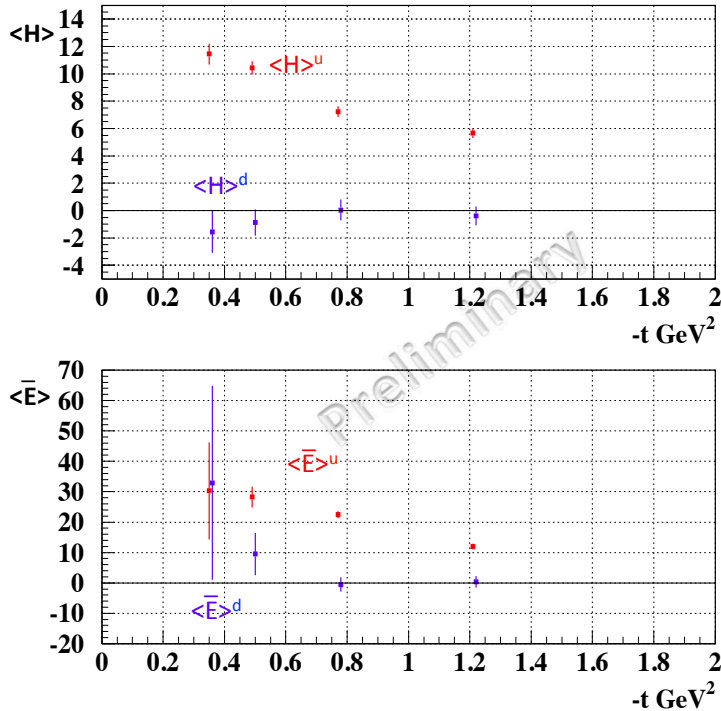
Transversity GPD models

- Describes JLab 6 GeV data

L vs. T from response functions

Absolute cross sections





- Potential access to quark transversity

Complements SIDIS, pp Drell-Yan
 Leading-twist structure: LQCD, models

- Flavor separation with $\pi^0 + \eta$

Different isospin components of amplitude

Simplifying assumptions about phase

- Theoretical insight from large- N_c QCD

[Schweitzer, Weiss PRC94 \(2016\) 045202](#)

$$\langle H_T \rangle : |u - d| \gg |u + d| \quad \text{nonsinglet leading}$$

$$\langle \bar{E}_T \rangle : |u + d| \gg |u - d| \quad \text{singlet leading}$$

$$\langle H \rangle = \int dx H(x, \xi, t) \int d^2 k_T A_{\text{hard}}(x, \xi, k_T) S(k_T)$$

Model-independent parametric predictions
 for hierarchy of spin-flavor components

Invariant amplitude, cf. Compton form factors

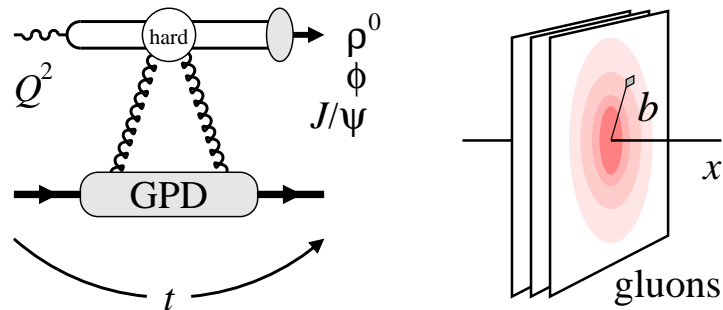
Reaction mechanism

- L/T ratio order-of-magnitude and Q^2 -dependence
Pattern of L and T responses from ϕ -harmonics
Expect $L \ll T$. Can we demonstrate $|L| > 0$ at high Q^2 ?
No Rosenbluth separation needed
- t -dependence and change with Q^2
Direct evidence of transverse distances in production process
 t -distribution at fixed ξ should become independent of Q^2 in small-distance regime
Not just " t -slope". Need to include $t - t_{\min}$ factors from helicity flip
No absolute cross section measurements required!

Transversity GPDs

- Transverse images of transversely polarized quarks at $\langle x \rangle \sim 0.2-0.5$
Use GK model to relate $\xi \neq 0$ to $\xi = 0$
- Flavor separation using π^0 and η
Same method as in 6 GeV analysis

Vector mesons: Small x



- $\rho^0, \phi, J/\psi$ production at small x

HERA $x = 10^{-4}-10^{-2}$, $Q^2 = 0-30 \text{ GeV}^2$

Approach to small-size regime tested:
 t -slopes become Q^2 -independent above $\sim 10 \text{ GeV}^2$,
 same for $\rho^0, \phi, J/\psi, \gamma$

Theory with gluon GPD + finite-size effects
 predicts cross sections & kin dependences

Frankfurt, Strikman, Koepf 96; Goloskokov, Kroll 08+

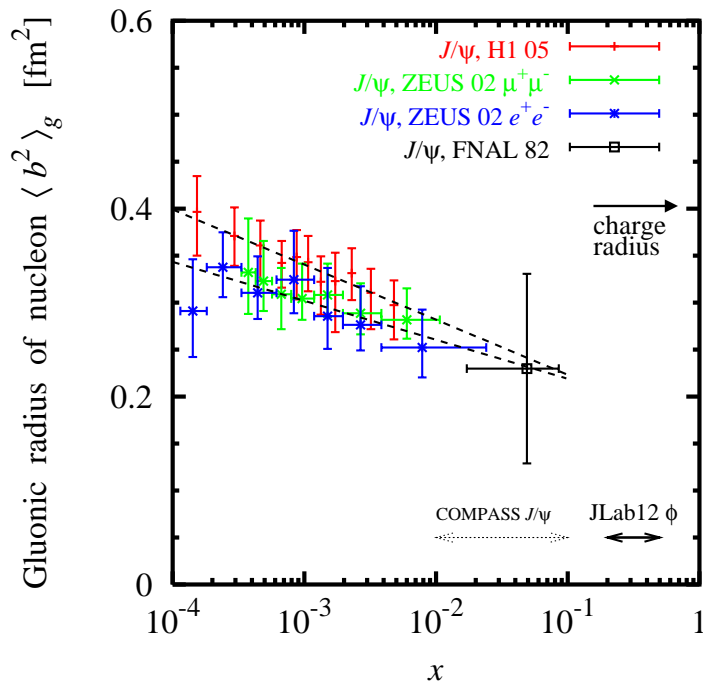
- Transverse spatial distribution of gluons

2D Fourier of t -dependence of gluon GPD

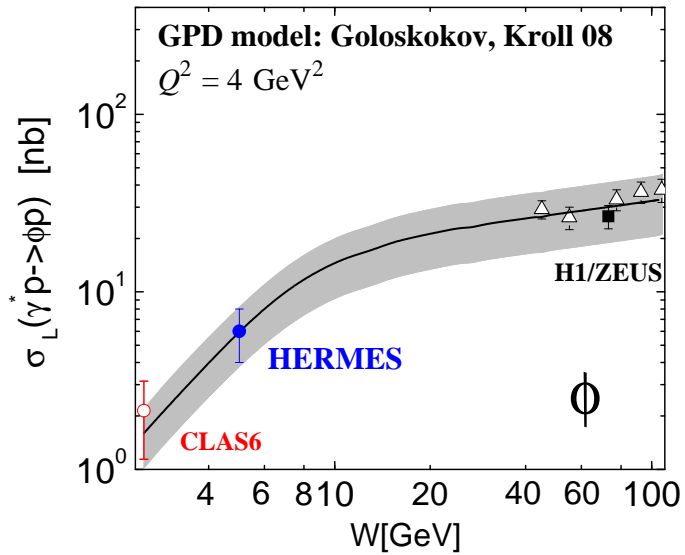
Fundamental gluonic radius, cf. charge radii
 Leading-twist characteristic: LQCD, models

Changes with x : Chiral dynamics, diffusion

$x < 0.01$ from HERA, FNAL; $x > 0.1$ unknown



Vector mesons: ϕ at large x

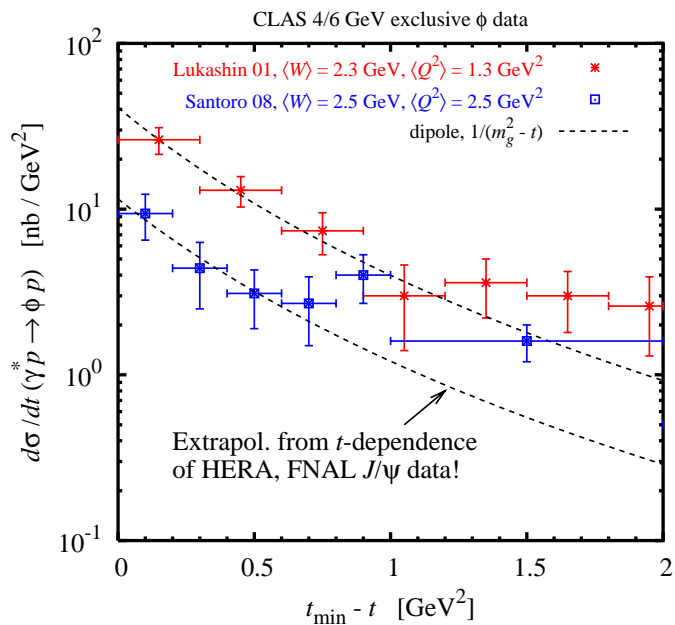


- ϕ appears gluon-dominated at $x > 0.1$

No change in W -dependence ($\leftrightarrow \rho^0$)

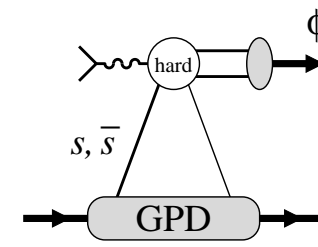
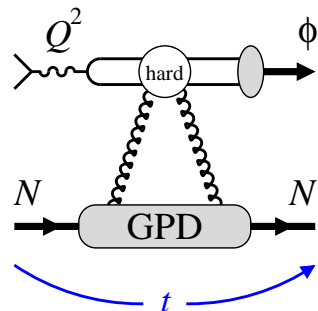
Gluon GPD model reproduces cross sections
Goloskokov, Kroll 08+

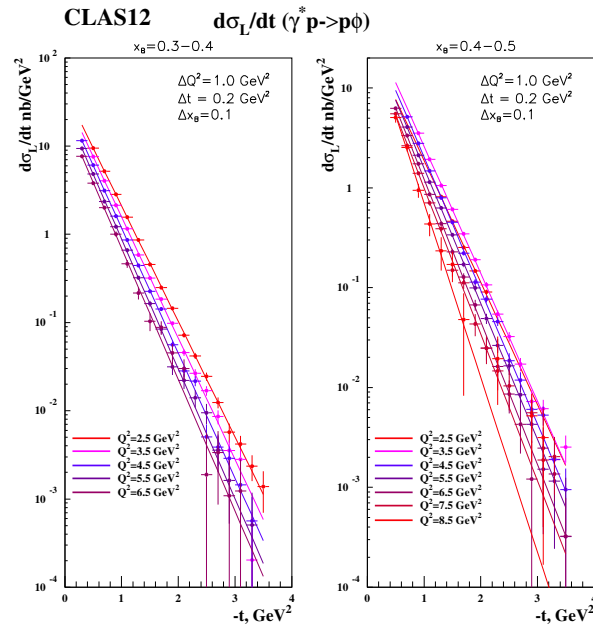
t -dependence of 6 GeV ϕ data consistent with gluon GPD measured at high energies
Extrapolation of HERA, FNAL J/ψ results



- Strange quark contributions?

Indications of $s\bar{s}$ at $x > 0.1$
Requires theoretical estimate



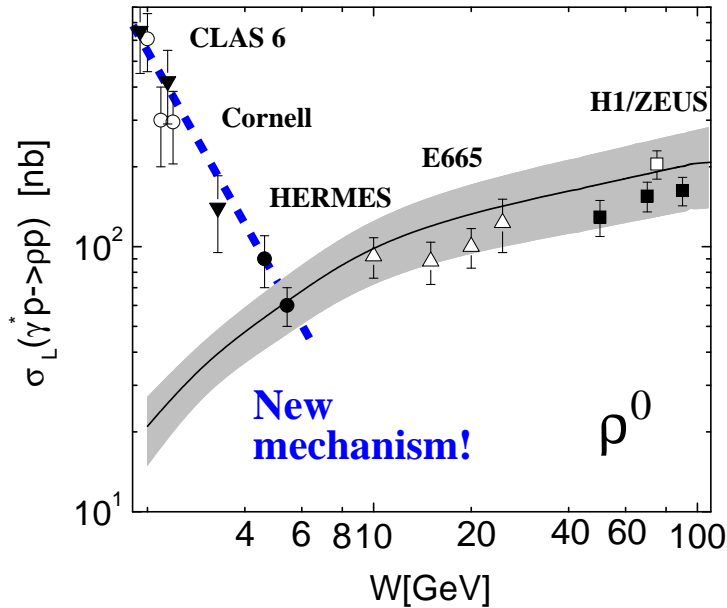


Reaction mechanism

- When does t -slope become independent of Q^2 ?
- How does ξ -dependence change with Q^2 ?
- L/T ratio from SCHC, Q^2 dependence

Gloun GPD and nucleon radius

- t -dependence of gluon GPD at $x = 0.2 - 0.5$
 From relative t -dependence of $d\sigma_L/dt$
 Use L/T from SCHC. No absolute cross secn required!
- Nucleon gluonic radius in valence region
 Extend HERA/FNAL results to large x
 Large density of valence-like gluons at $x > 0.2$



- Change of mechanism

Glucos at high W / small x

New mechanism at low W / large x

- CLAS6 data: $\rho^+ > \rho^0$ at large x

Fradi et al.

New mechanism must involve quarks

- Theoretical description?

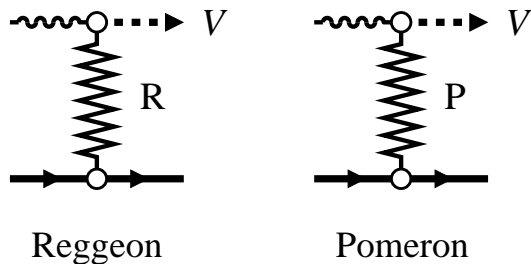
Soft regime: Reggeon vs. Pomeron

Hard regime: GPD description?

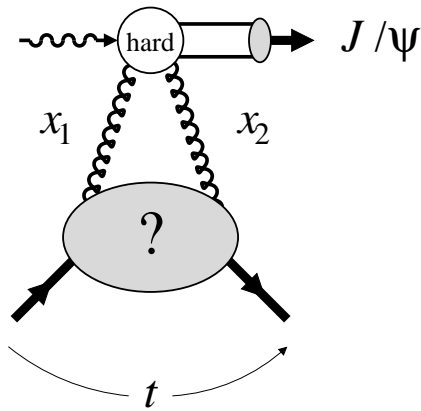
Guidal, Morrow 07: Rescaled D-term not realistic.

Kroll, Goloskokov 14: Transversity GPDs in ρ spin density.

To be tested with COMPASS data.



CLAS12 data could have major impact!



- Near-threshold kinematics

Large $|t_{\min}| \sim 2.2, \text{ GeV}^2$

Large longitud. mom. transfer $\zeta \sim 0.75$

- Near-threshold production mechanism

pQCD hard scattering mechanism

[Brodsky, Chudakov, Hoyer, Laget 01](#)

GPD-like production mechanism

with large skewness $\zeta = x_2 - x_1$

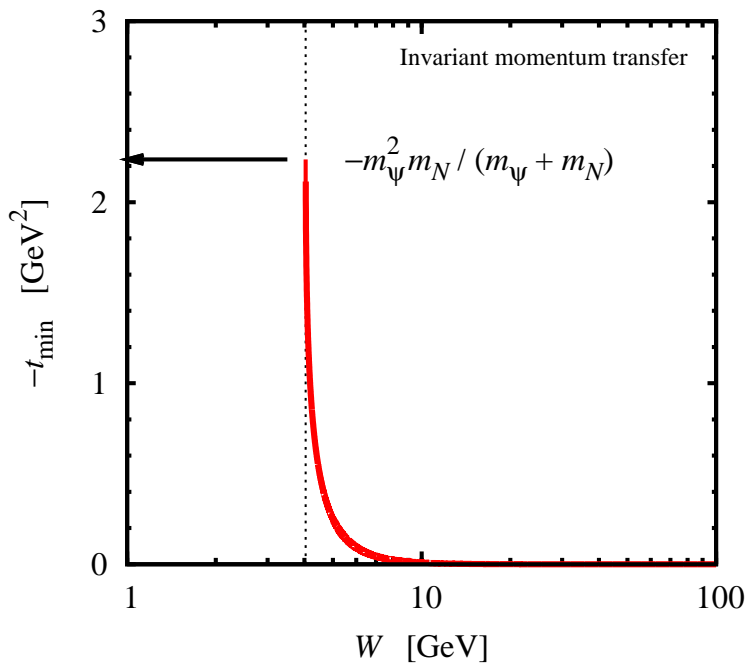
[Frankfurt, Strikman 02](#)

Pointlike production mechanism,

operator related to QCD EM tensor

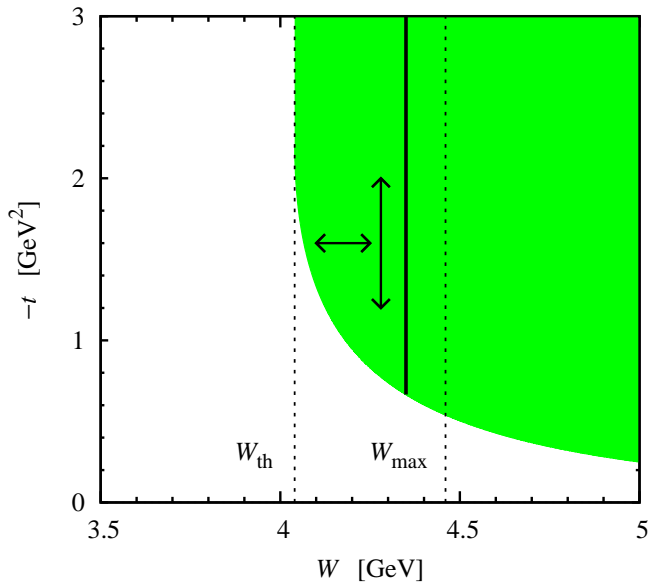
[Kharzeev et al. 99; Hatta, Yang 18](#)

$J/\psi - p$ bound states: LHCb Pentaquark



- JLab12: GlueX, CLAS12 e^+e^- , SOLID

First J/ψ 's seen at GlueX!



- “Locality” of production mechanism implies that W -dependence is generated by t_{\min}
Frankfurt, Strikman 02

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt}(W, t) = [\text{kin}] \times |F(t)|^2 \quad \text{gluonic form fct}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt}(W, t_{\min}) \propto |F(t_{\min}(W))|^2 \quad \begin{array}{l} W\text{-dependence} \\ \text{generated by } t_{\min} \end{array}$$

- Test “locality” with JLab12 data

- 1) Measure $F(t)$ at highest available W , by varying t via Δ_T^2
- 2) Verify that measured $F(t_{\min}(W))$ describes W dependence near threshold

Model-independent. Can be done with limited statistics.

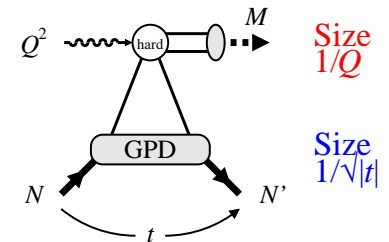
No absolute cross section measurements required, only t - and W -dependence

- Wide-angle meson production — large t, u

Nucleon in small-size configuration

QCD descriptions: hard pQCD, soft handbag, unified SCET

Brodsky, Lepage 80's. Kroll et al. Kivel, Vanderhaeghen

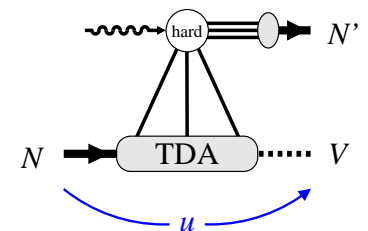


- Backward meson production — large t , small u

Knockout of small-size qqq configuration

QCD description: Transition DAs $\langle M|qqq|N \rangle$

Frankfurt et al. 02; Pire, Szymanowski et al. 10+



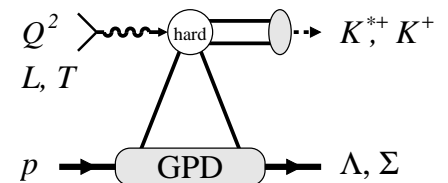
- Strange meson production — large Q^2

Pseudoscalar $\gamma^* N \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda, K^+ \Sigma$:

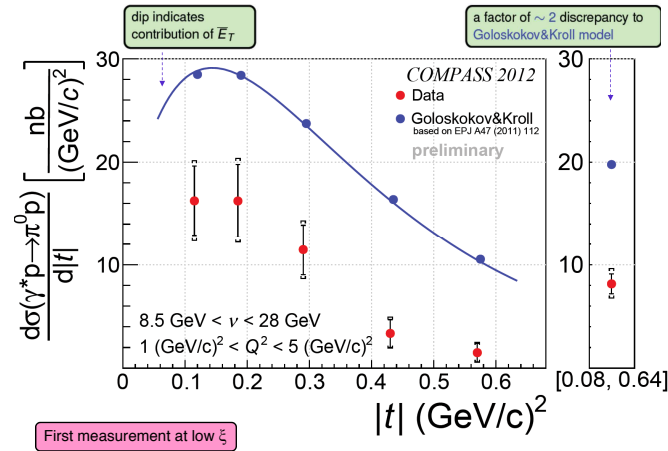
Helicity-flip mechanism? SU(3) transversity GPDs

Vector $\gamma^* N \rightarrow K^{*+} \Lambda, K^* \Sigma$:

Production mechanism? Spin structure $N \rightarrow \Lambda$?



All accessible with CLAS12 — potential impact!



COMPASS preliminary: A. Sandacz, CFNS Workshop "Next-generation GPD studies," June 2018

- DVMP program at COMPASS

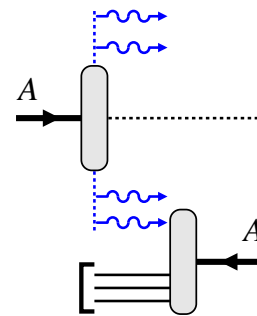
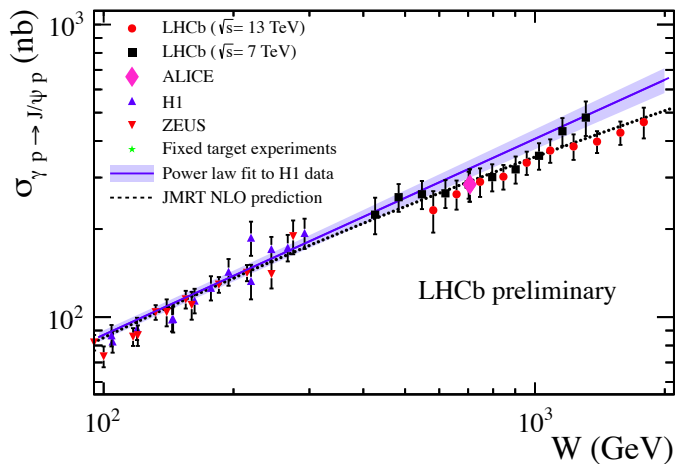
ρ^0, ω on transversely polarized proton,
 ω spin density matrix elements

π^0 on unpolarized proton:
 First high-energy measurement ←NEW

- Heavy quarkonium photoproduction at LHC

Ultrapерipheral AA/pA collisions:
 Weizsäcker-Williams photons

Highest-ever energies in EM processes:
 $W \sim 10^3 \text{ GeV} = 10 \times \text{HERA}$



- Kinematic coverage $Q^2 \sim \text{few } 10 \text{ GeV}^2$ should allow to reach small-size regime in most meson channels; luminosity $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ required
- Establish reaction mechanism definitively: t -slopes, Q^2 -scaling, universality

- Probe structures selectively

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| gluons | $\phi, J/\psi, \Upsilon$ |
| gluons + singlet quarks | ρ^0, ω, γ |
| non-singlet quarks | ρ^+, K^* |
| polarized quarks | $\pi^+, \pi^0, \eta, K^+, K_L$ |

- Explore novel dynamics

Non-singlets and polarization at small x

$N \rightarrow N^*$ transitions through hard processes

Quantum fluctuations of gluons and diffractive dissociation

- Detector design & simulations ongoing

- Topical workshops, great interest

Next-gen GPD studies with exclusive meson production at EIC, CFNS Stony Brook, 4-6 June 2018 [[Webpage](#)]

INT-18-3 Week 1 Generalized Parton Distributions, 1-5 Oct 2018 [[Webpage](#)]

Meson production simulations & impact studies, NCBJ Warsaw, 22-25 Jan 2019

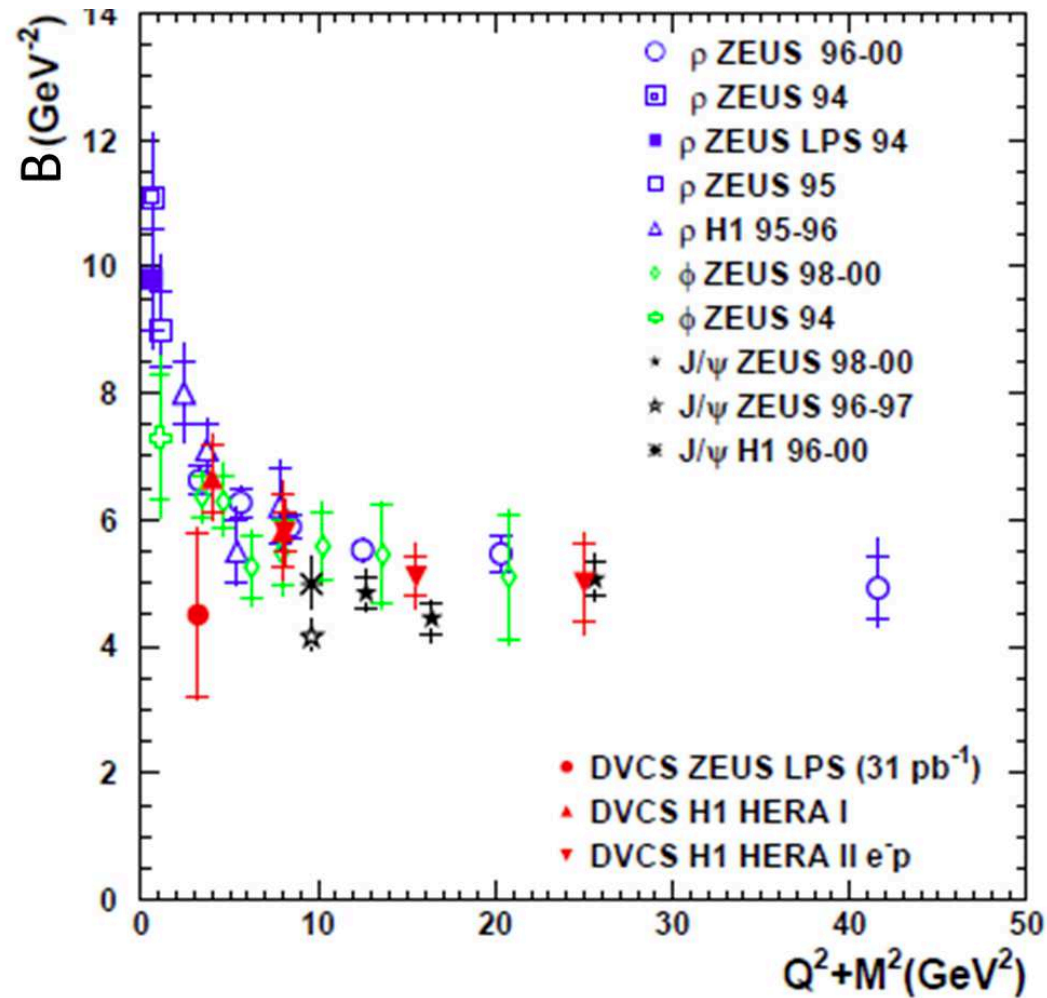
- Unifying framework for DVMP processes: Small transverse distances, GPDs
- Potential early physics from approved DVMP experiments
 - π^0, η helicity-flip mechanism, transversity GPDs
 - ϕ gluon dominance, nucleon's gluonic radius
 - $J\psi$ test of locality of near-threshold production
- Experimental tests of reaction mechanism essential for theory development, should be considered important objectives in their own right

Related development

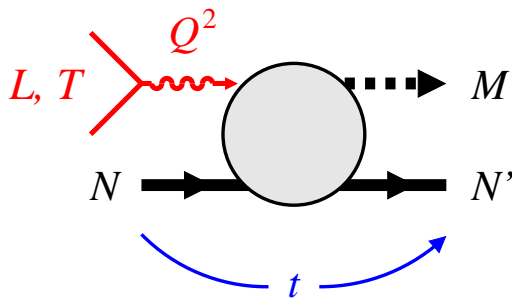
- DVMP processes to be included in PARTONS software for future joint DVMP-DVCS analysis and GPD extraction
[Moutarde, Sznajder, Wagner; in collaboration with JLab](#)

Supplementary material

Vector mesons: t -slopes



Summary t -slopes of exclusive vector mesons and DVCS measured at HERA, as function of Q^2



- Meson production at $|t| \gg 1 \text{ GeV}^2$:
Nucleon in small-size configuration

Cf. high- t elastic nucleon form factors

- QCD-based description

pQCD mechanism

Brodsky, Lepage 80's

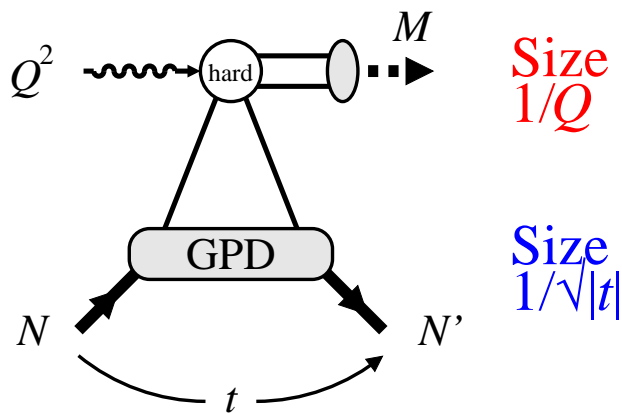
Single-quark dominance, handbag graph Kroll et al.

Conventional GPD based on $|t| \ll \mu^2$,
new concept if $|t| \sim \mu^2$,

Hadron-induced processes
SCET approach

Kumano, Strikman, Sudoh 09

Kivel, Vanderhaeghen



- JLab12: Explore mechanism

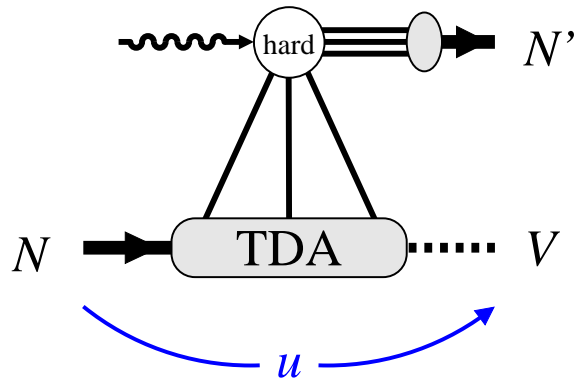
Extend t -range

Realize high $|t|$ and high Q^2 – new regime

CLAS12 E12-06-108, Hall C E12-14-005

Exclusive mesons: Backward angles

20

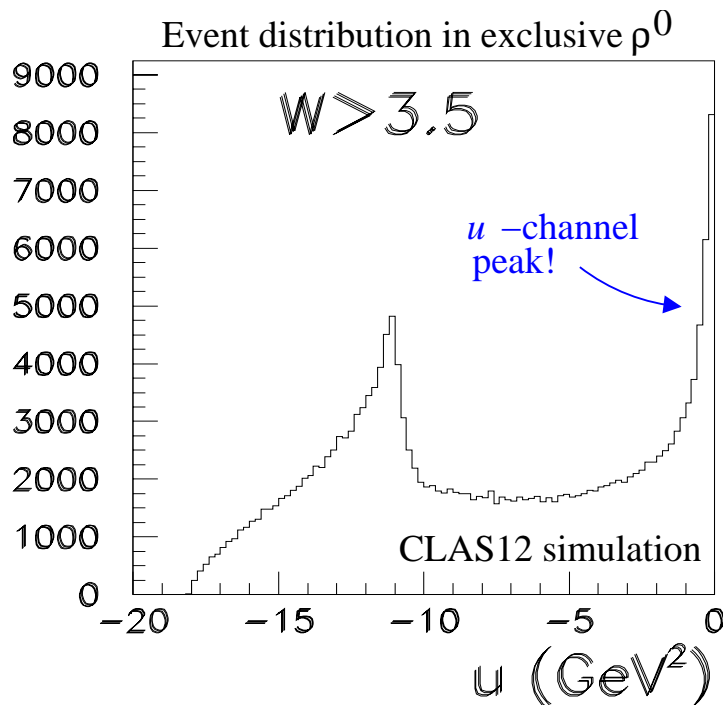


- Large $|t|$, small $|u| < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Knockout of small-size nucleon configuration, mesonic system left

New probe of valence quark core

pQCD-based description through transition DA $\langle M|qqq|N \rangle$

[Frankfurt et al. 02](#); [Pire, Szymanowski et al. 10+](#)



- JLab6 results

Hall C backward ω, σ

[Huber et al.](#)

CLAS6 backward π^+, π^0

[Kubarovsky, Park et al.](#)

- CLAS12 data expected

New physics — explore mechanism!

Exclusive mesons: Strangeness

- Strange vector mesons $\gamma^* N \rightarrow K^{*+} \Lambda, K^* \Sigma$

Contribute to understanding of quark-based production mechanism at large x , cf. ρ

Spin structure of nucleon transition through $N(\text{pol})$ and $\Lambda(\text{self-analyzing})$

- Strange pseudoscalar mesons $\gamma^* N \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda, K^+ \Sigma$

Helicity-flip vs. non-flip mechanism?

Spin-flavor structure of transversity GPDs

$SU(3)$ and large- N_c relations

