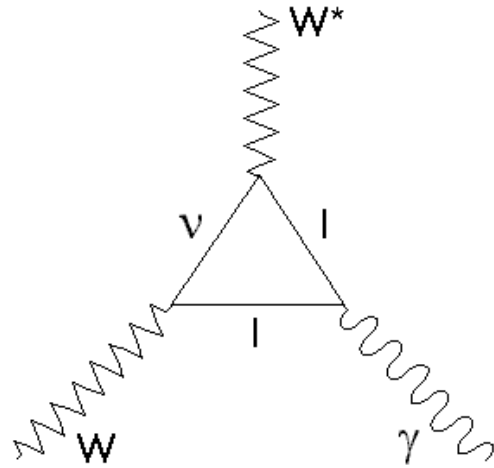
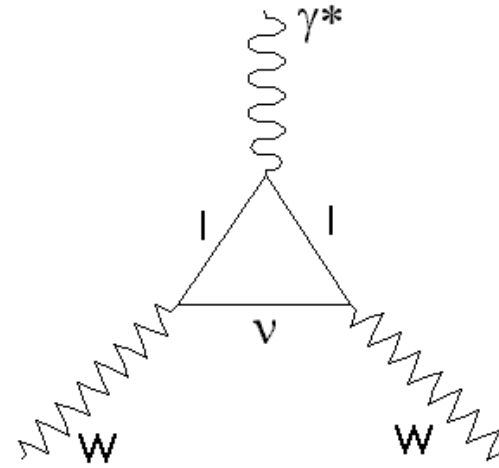


Vector Anomaly in Fermion Triangle Loop



“Sidewise” channel



“Direct” channel

$$(\Delta K)_{\text{Sidewise}} = (\Delta K)_{\text{Direct}} + \frac{G_F M_W^2}{6\sqrt{2}\pi^2}$$

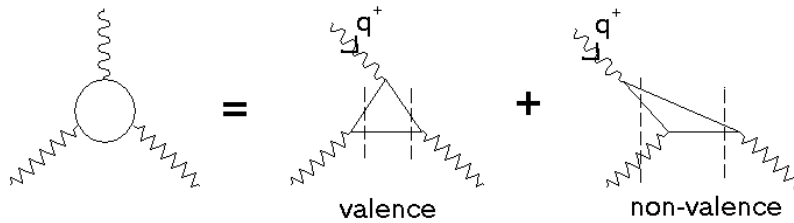
$$(\Delta Q)_{\text{Sidewise}} = (\Delta Q)_{\text{Direct}}$$

L.DeRaad, K.Milton and W.Tsai, PRD9, 2847(1974);
PRD12, 3972(1975)

LFD Results

$G_{hh}^+ = \langle h', p' | J^+ | h, p \rangle$ in $q^+ = 0$ frame with $\eta = Q^2 / 4M_W^2$ ($Q^2 = -q^2$),

$$G_{++}^+ = 2p^+(F_1 + \eta F_3), G_{+0}^+ = p^+ \sqrt{2\eta}(2F_1 + F_2 + 2\eta F_3), G_{+-}^+ = -2p^+ \eta F_3, G_{00}^+ = 2p^+(F_1 - 2\eta F_2 - 2\eta^2 F_3)$$



$$(G_{00}^+)_{Z.M.} = \frac{g^2 Q_f p^+}{2\pi^3 M_W^2} \int_0^1 dx \int d^2 k_{\perp} \frac{k_{\perp}^2 + m_1^2 - x(1-x)Q^2}{k_{\perp}^2 + m_1^2 + x(1-x)Q^2} \neq 0$$

$$(F_2 + 2F_1)^{+0} = \frac{1}{p^+} \left[\frac{G_{+0}^+}{\sqrt{2\eta}} + G_{+-}^+ \right], \quad (F_2 + 2F_1)^{00} = \frac{1}{4p^+ \eta} \left[(1 + 2\eta)G_{++}^+ - G_{00}^+ + (1 + 4\eta)G_{+-}^+ \right]$$

$$(F_2 + 2F_1)_{DR2}^{+0} = (F_2 + 2F_1)_{DR4} + \frac{g^2 Q_f}{4\pi^2} \left(\frac{1}{6} \right)$$

$$(F_2 + 2F_1)_{DR2}^{00} = (F_2 + 2F_1)_{DR4} - \frac{g^2 Q_f}{4\pi^2} \left(\frac{1}{2\eta} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2\eta}{9} \right)$$

B.Bakker and C.Ji, PRD71,053005(2005)