RECENT RESULTS IN LATTICE QCD SPECTROSCOPY

Ben Hörz (Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz) Light Cone 2018 May 14, 2018

MODERN-DAY LATTICE SPECTROSCOPY

Scattering processes and resonances from lattice QCD

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(Dated: June 21, 2017)

The vast majority of hadrons observed in nature are not stable under the strong interaction, rather they are *resonances* whose existence is deduced from enhancements in the energy dependence of scattering amplitudes. The study of hadron resonances of-

- · state-of-the-art spectroscopy tries to treat resonances properly
- · detailed review of status and prospects from last summer

[Briceño, Dudek, Young 1706.06223]

• here: brief introduction and recent highlights

SCATTERING FROM LATTICE QCD

Euclidean time, finite volume 🚽 🛶 no direct access to scattering



single particle in a periodic box $\rightsquigarrow \Delta E \propto {\rm e}^{-mL}$

two spinless particles in a periodic box $\rightsquigarrow \Delta E \propto a_0/L^3 + O(L^{-4})$ [Lüscher '86, '91]



 \Rightarrow 'The Lüscher method'

TWO-PARTICLE QUANTIZATION CONDITION

Formalism for two particles complete!

[Briceño 1401.3312]

 $\det\left[F(E_L,L) + \mathcal{M}^{-1}(E_L)\right] = 0$

$$E_L$$
 – FV spectrum
 $\mathcal M$ – scattering amplitude

7 – known functions

1. KIIOWII TUTICUOIIS

nonzero total momentum [e.g. Rummukainen, Gottlieb hep-lat/9503028]

- \mathbf{M} scattering of unequal particles
- M multiple strongly coupled channels
- ☑ particles with intrinsic spin

[e.g. Fu 1110.0319]

[e.g. Liu, Feng, He hep-lat/0508022]

[e.g. Göckeler et al. 1206.4141]

What took practitioners so long?

- FV spectroscopy is technically challenging
- algorithmic advances paved the way

[related results: see talk by Colin Egerer Thu 3pm]

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🗹 nonzero total mo	\cdot F encodes the symmetries of the box	9503028]
✓ scattering of une	i.e. it is not diagonal in partial wave	110.0319]
☑ multiple strongly	\cdot relevant group theory worked out	0508022]
☑ particles with intr	[Morningstar et al. 1707.05817]	1206.4141]
	 publicly available 	
	[github.com/cjmorningstar10/TwoHadronsInBox]	j

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- good spectroscopy requires good operators
- necessitates efficient treatment of quark propagation
- a path to reliable spectroscopy: distillation & stoch. variants [Peardon et al. 0905.2160, Morningstar et al. 1104.3870]



- elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering neglecting $\ell \geq 3$ partial wave spectrum \Leftrightarrow scattering amplitude
- benchmark system for the lattice

e.g. Lang et al. 1105.5636, Aoki et al. 1106.5365, ..., Dudek, Edwards, Thomas 1212.0830, ...



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WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE?

- determination of the QCD spectrum
 - low-lying resonances

esp. scalar sector (σ , κ)

- baryon resonances ($N(1440), \Lambda(1405)$)
- charm sector & exotics
- ...
- electroweak processes above multi-particle thresholds
 - B decays
 - transition form factors for nuclear physics

• ...

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 mature two-particle formalism for matrix elements [for a survey see Briceño EPJ Web Conf. 175 (2018) 01016]
 spectroscopy a stepping stone towards this goal Alessandro Baroni Thu 3.20pm Daniel Robaina Fri 4.10pm (for a different take on inclusive decay rates)

$\rho(770)$ from coupled $\pi\pi\text{,}K\bar{K}$ scattering



- amplitudes from global fits to FV spectrum
- parametrization uncertainty (shaded bands)
- limited by multi-particle thresholds

 \rightsquigarrow physical pion mass not necessarily desirable

[Wilson et al. 1507.02599]

An a_0 resonance in $\pi\eta$, $K\bar{K}$ scattering



- experiment-like analysis workflow (partial wave analysis)
- a prominent cusp-like structure in s-wave $\pi\eta \rightarrow \pi\eta$

 $\rightsquigarrow a_0(980)$ -like resonance strongly coupled to $\pi\eta,\,K\bar{K}$

 resonances manifest in manifold ways

[[]Dudek, Edwards, Wilson 1602.05122]

An a_0 resonance in $\pi\eta$, $Kar{K}$ scattering



$I=0~\pi\pi$ scattering and the σ resonance



- $\cdot \sigma/f_0(500)$ controversial history
- adjustable pion mass as a tool
- sophisticated scattering amplitude analyses required

[Briceño et al. 1607.05900]

$I=0~\pi\pi$ scattering and the σ resonance



[Briceño et al. 1607.05900]

$I=0~\pi\pi$ scattering and the σ resonance (II)



[Guo et al. 1803.02897]

- independent measurements by various groups
- global analysis of different pion masses (overlap with EFT methods)

$K\pi$ scattering: $K^*(892)$ and κ



[Brett et al. 1802.03100]

$K\pi$ scattering: $K^*(892)$ and κ



$I=3/2\;N\pi$ scattering: $\Delta(1232)$

a baryonic resonance

- \rightsquigarrow combinatorically harder
- → typically worse signal-to-noise
- → scattering of particles with spin: rotational-symmetry breaking more restricting



- Breit-Wigner shape
- + $\Delta(1232)$ found on threshold

[Andersen et al. 1710.01557]

WHERE IS THE ROPER RESONANCE?



- Roper elusive on the Lattice
- no $N\pi\pi$ interpolator, but $N\sigma$
- $\cdot N\pi\pi$ channel likely relevant

[Lang et al. 1610.01422]

 \rightsquigarrow a lot of progress on three-particle formalism in recent years

various 'competing' approaches, seeming to converge

- treat unstable particles properly
- two-particle formalism fully understood, three-body formalism nearing completion
- practical numerical implementation ongoing by many groups
- prerequisite to unlocking matrix elements

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 \rightsquigarrow interesting times ahead for those efforts

IN THE GRAND SCHEME OF THINGS



[slide from Raul's Lattice 2017 talk]