

RECENT RESULTS ON HADRONIC PHYSICS FROM BELLE AND PROSPECTS AT BELLE II

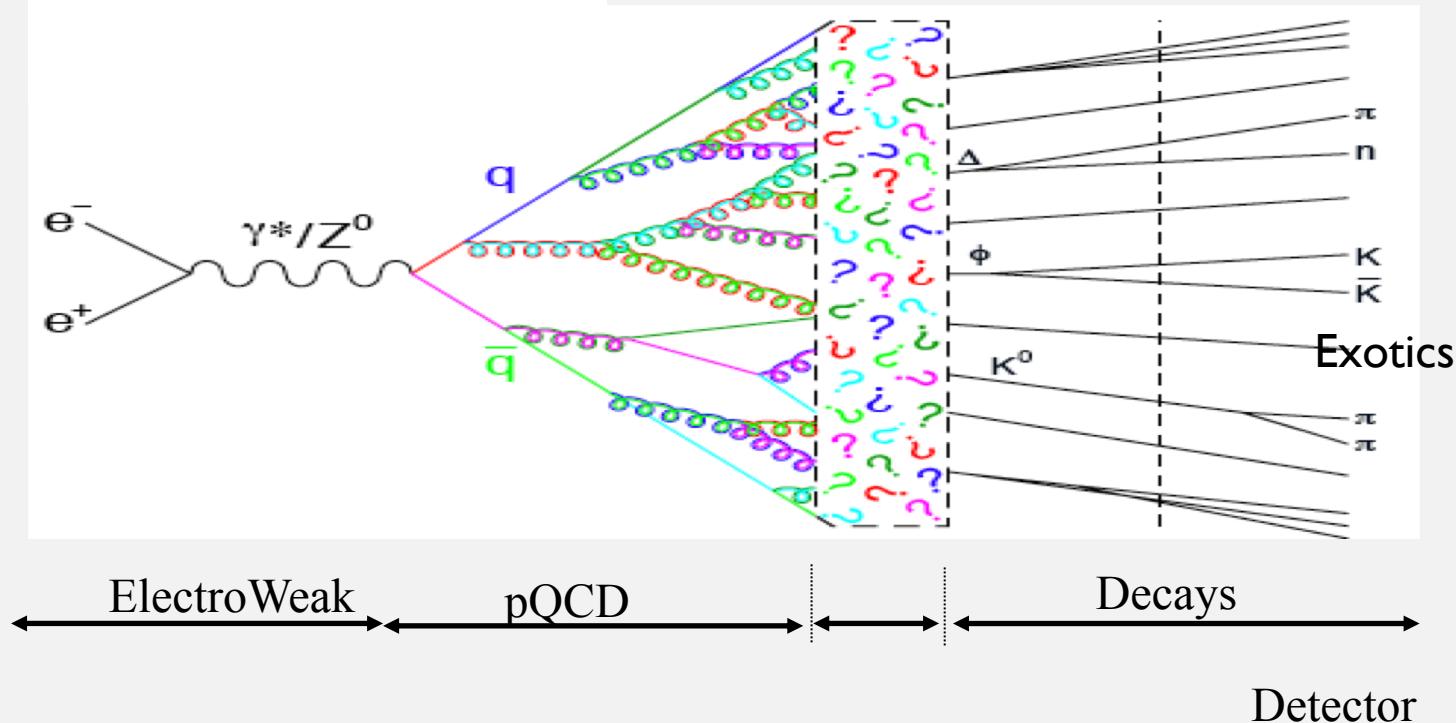
Anselm Vossen



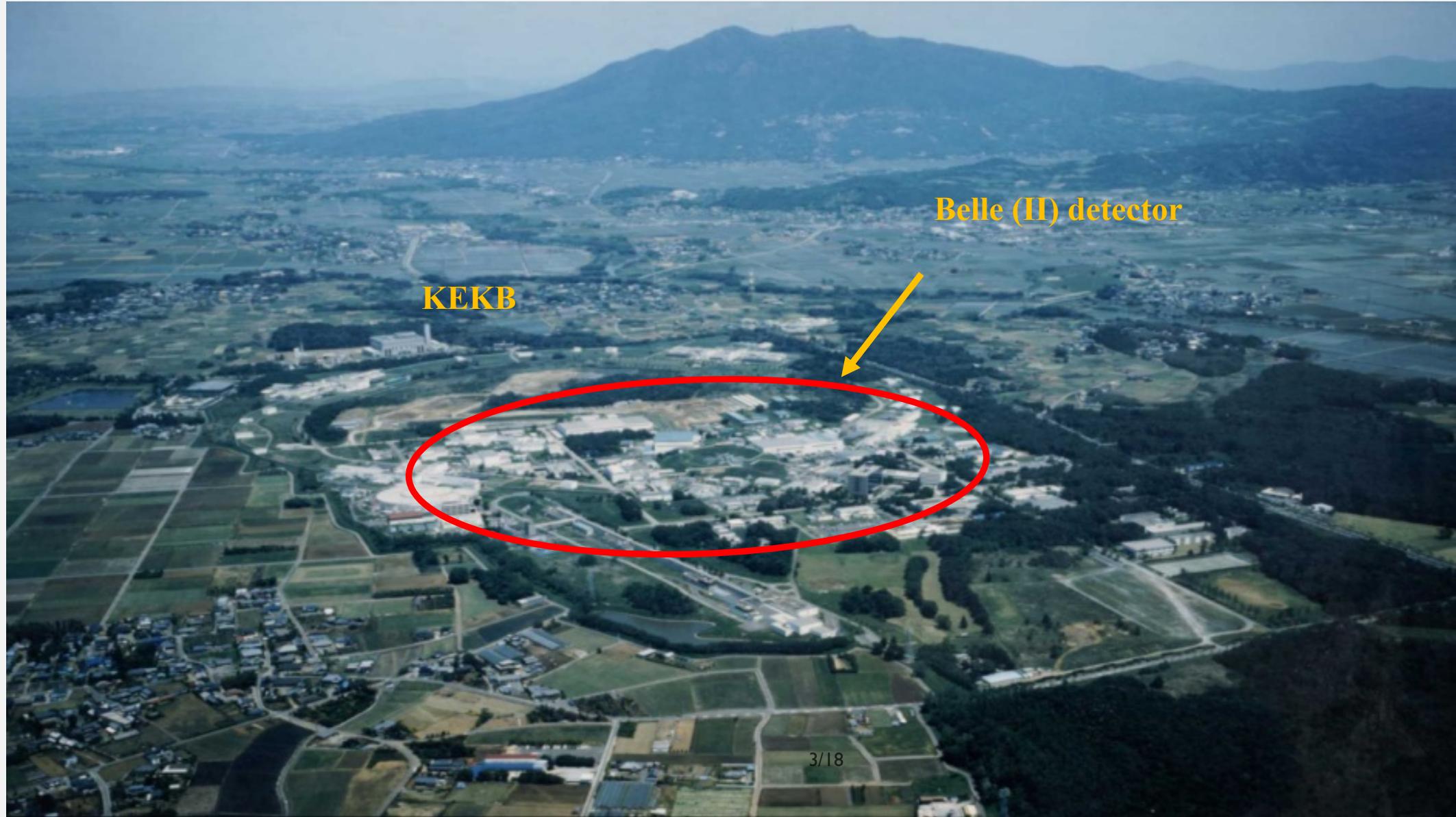
For the Belle & Belle II Collaborations



HADRONIC PHYSICS IN e^+e^- B FACTORIES



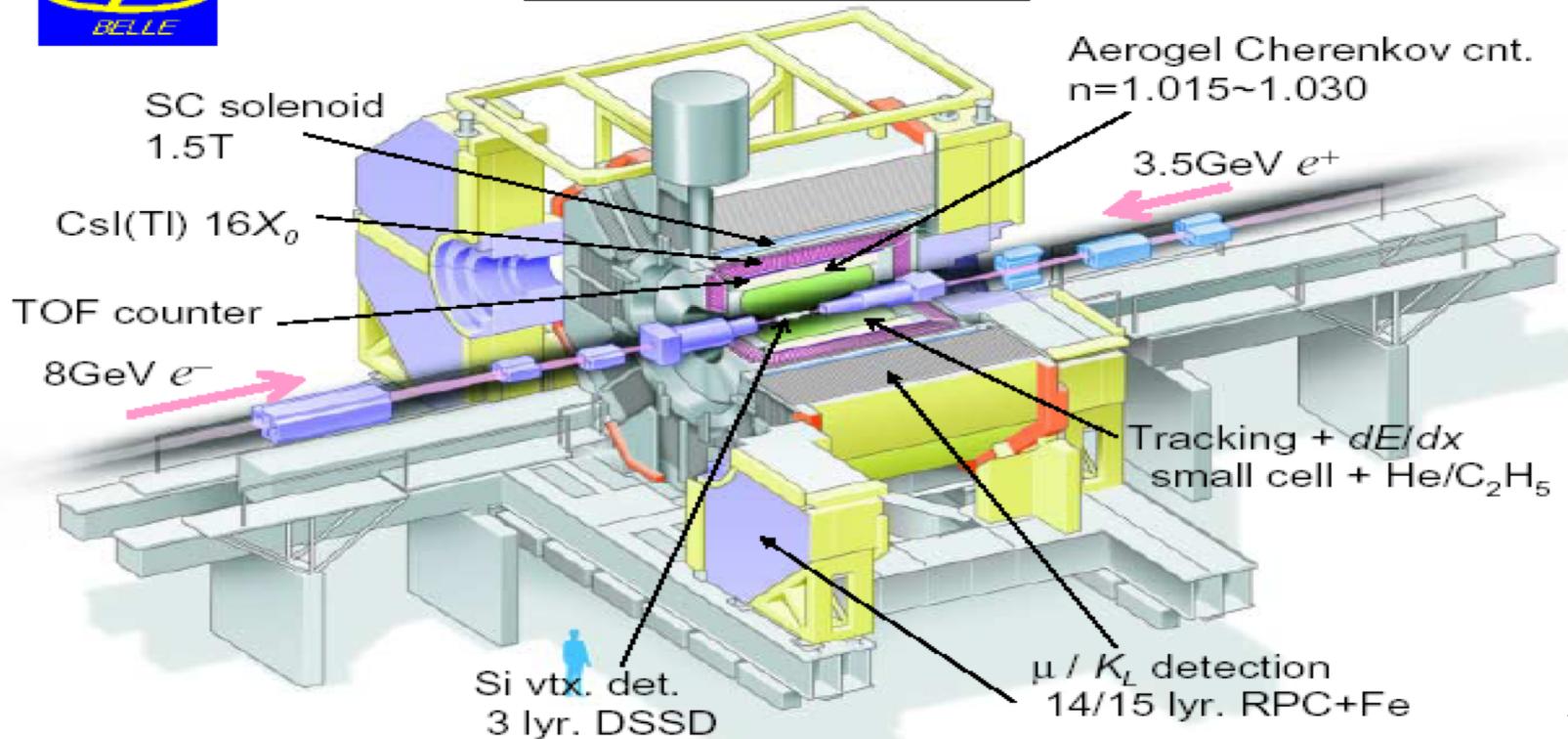
- Study of the formation of hadrons → e.g. Phys. Rev. D97 (2018) no.7, 072005
- Study of hadronization, microscopic quark properties \leftrightarrow macroscopic hadron properties
 - Relativistic, non-perturbative QCD dynamics → Fragmentation functions
- Study of the produced hadrons, spectroscopy



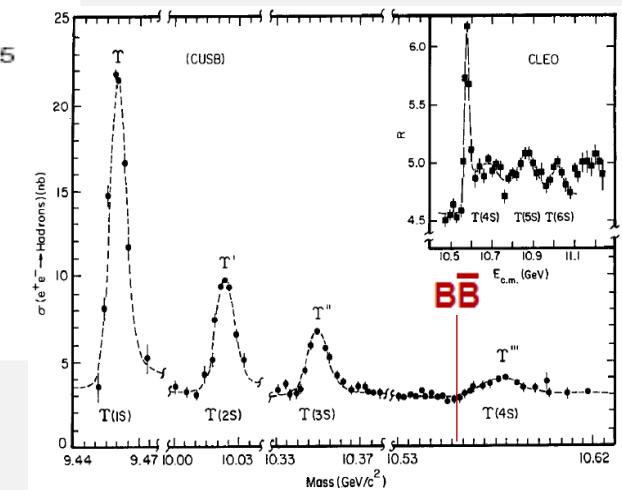
BELLE EXPERIMENT (1999 - 2010)



Belle Detector

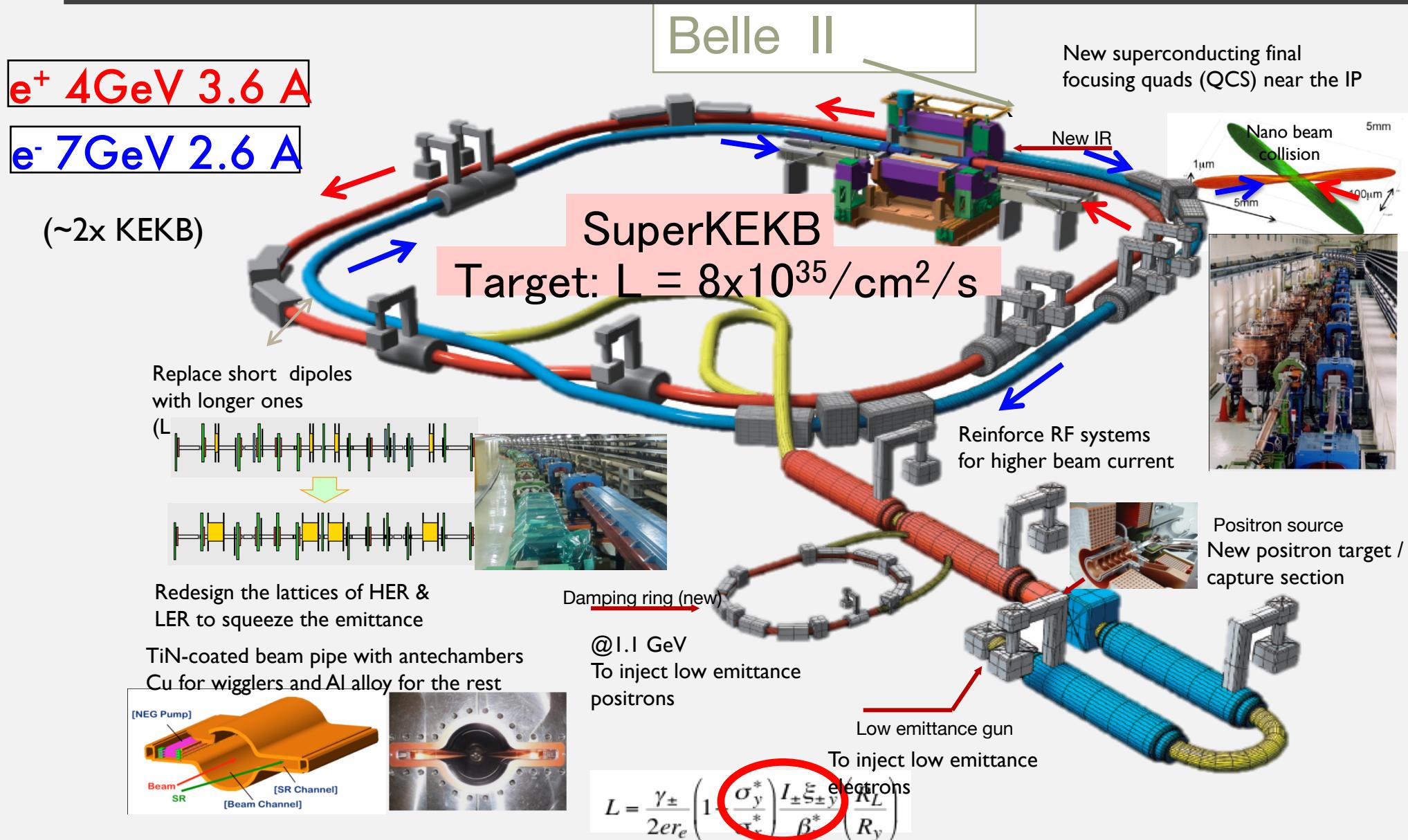


Experiment	Scans/ Off. Res.	$\Upsilon(5S)$ fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(4S)$ fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(3S)$ fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(2S)$ fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(1S)$ fb^{-1}
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2
BaBar	54	R_b scan	433	471	30	122
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3
						12
						25
						158
						6
						102

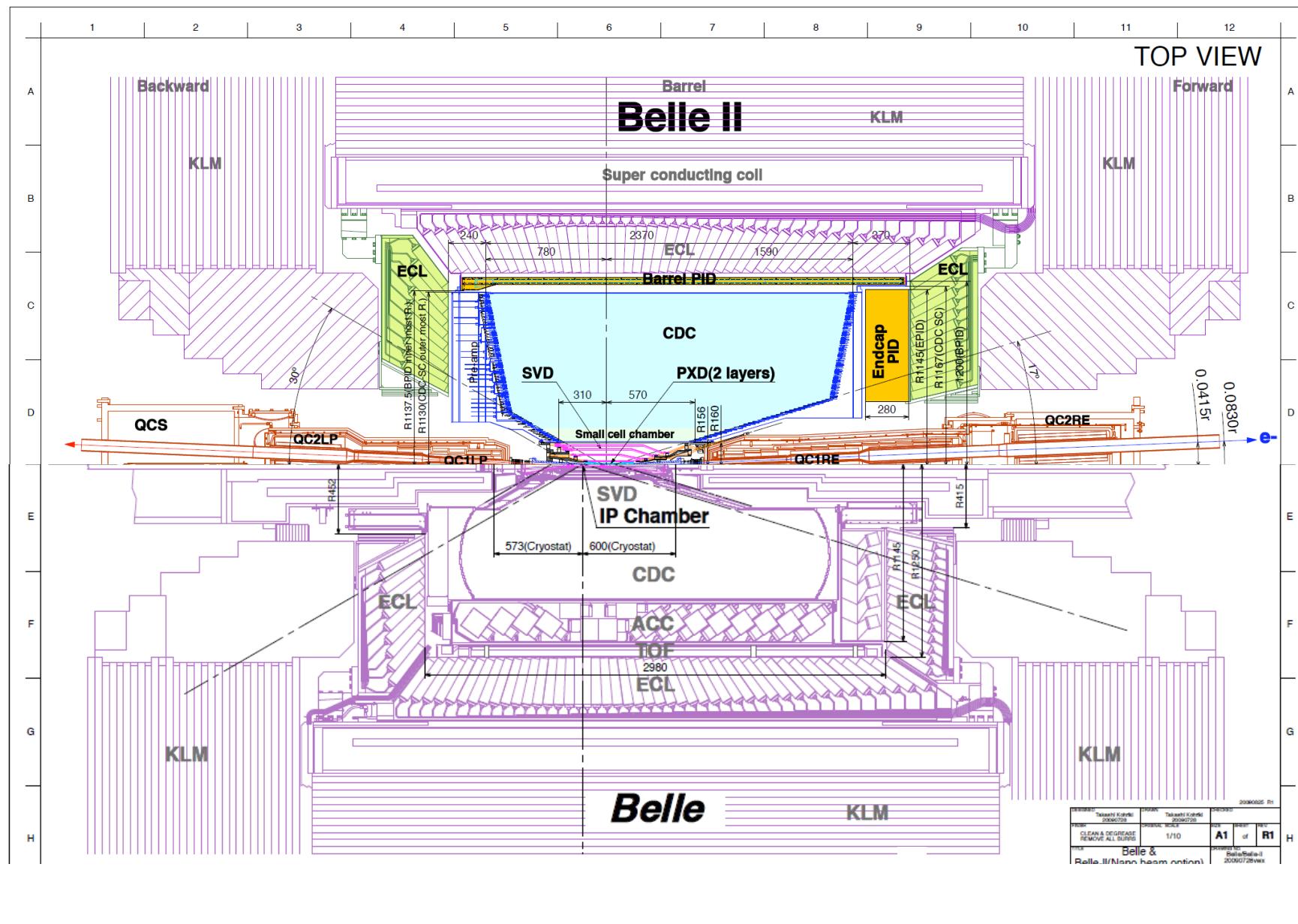


+About 4×10^6 events per fb in continuum

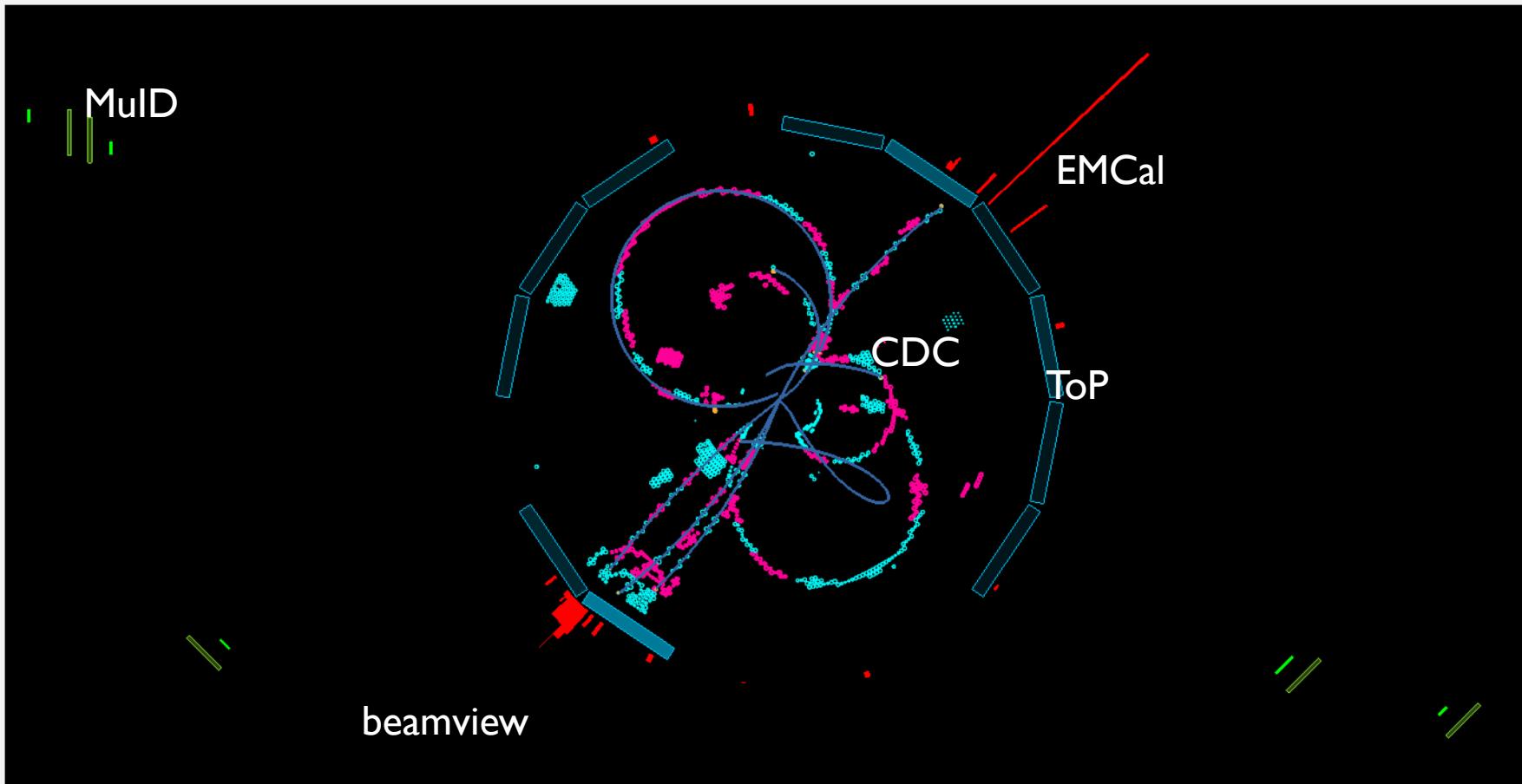
KEKB → SUPERKEKB: DELIVER INSTANTANEOUS LUMINOSITY X 40



BELLE II DETECTOR (COMP. TO BELLE)

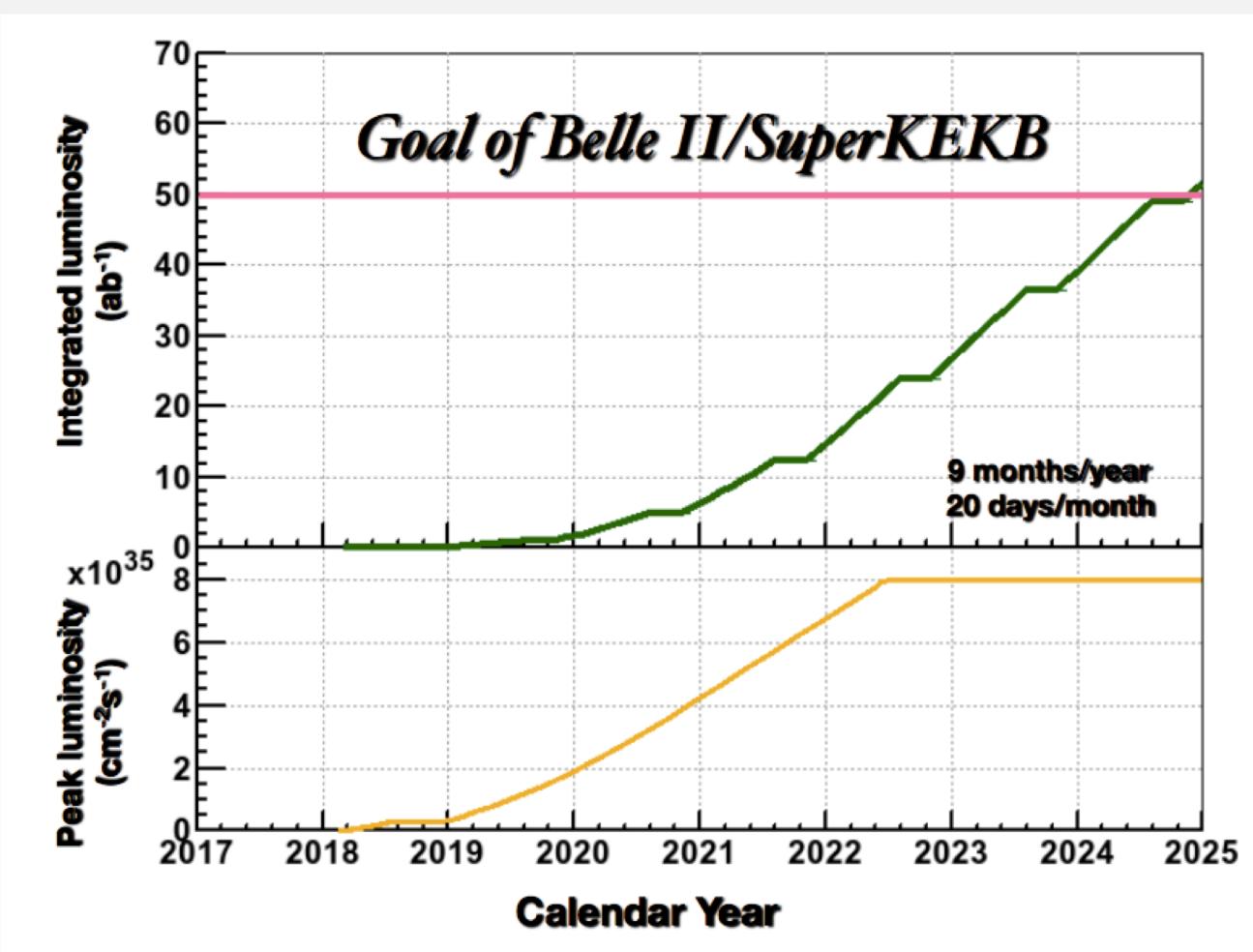


26 APRIL 2018 00:38 GMT+09:00: FIRST COLLISIONS



CURRENT STATUS AND SCHEDULE

- Phase I (complete)
 - Accelerator commissioning
- Phase 2 (now)
 - First collisions ($20\pm20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
 - Partial detector
 - Background study
 - Physics possible
- Phase 3 (“Run I”, early 2019)
 - Nominal Belle II start
- **Ultimate goal: 50 ab^{-1}**

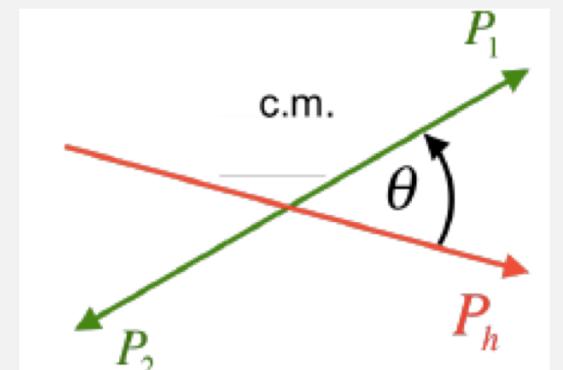
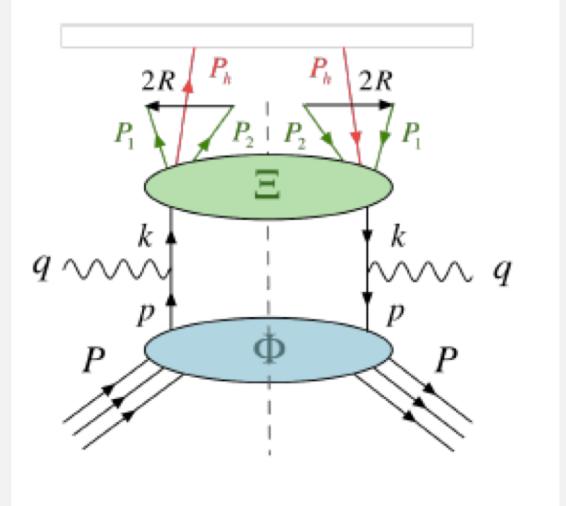


FRAGMENTATION FUNCTIONS WITH ADDITIONAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM: NOVEL PROBES OF THE NUCLEON STRUCTURE AND HADRONIZATION

- Di-hadron fragmentation functions
- Polarized Hyperons

DI-HADRON FRAGMENTATION FUNCTIONS

- Additional degree of freedom ($\vec{R} = \vec{P}_1 - \vec{P}_2$)
 - Plus z, P_T
- Relative momentum of hadrons can carry away angular momentum
 - Partial wave decomposition in θ
 - Relative and total angular momentum → In principle endless tower of FFs
 - Analogue of 1h production with spin in final state
- Transverse polarization dependence in collinear framework
- Makes ‘new’ FFs possible, such as G_1^\perp : T-odd chiral even. In 1h case, this needs polarized hadron in the final state → See H. Matevosyan’s talk!
- Similar to Λ FF, chiral-even, T-odd: Important to check factorization



EXAMPLE, ACCESS OF $e(x)$ in SIDIS X-SECTION

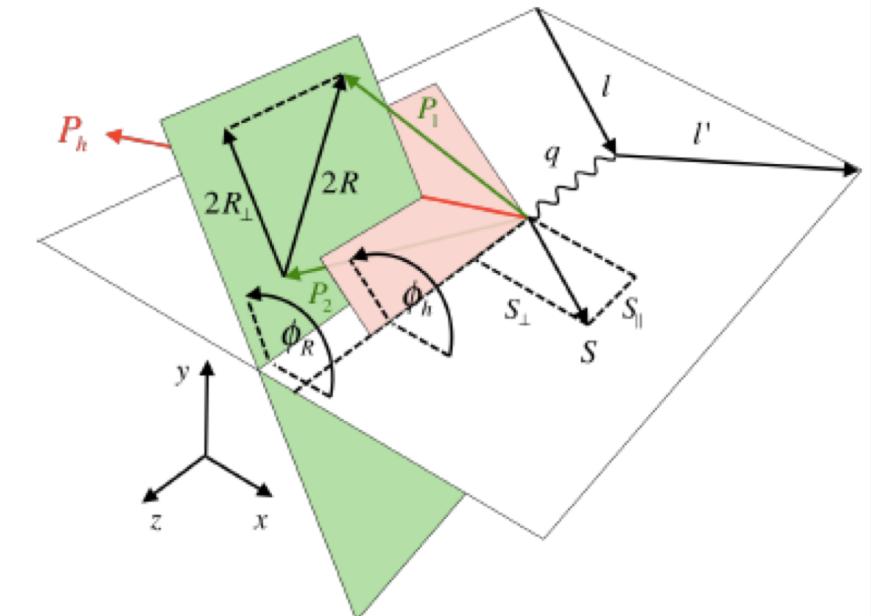
- Di-hadron cross section

$$F_{LU}^{\sin \phi_R} = -x \frac{|\mathbf{R}| \sin \theta}{Q} \left[\frac{M}{m_{hh}} x e^q(x) H_1^{\triangleleft q}(z, \cos \theta, m_{hh}) + \frac{1}{z} f_1^q(x) \tilde{G}^{\triangleleft q}(z, \cos \theta, m_{hh}) \right],$$

WW Approximation

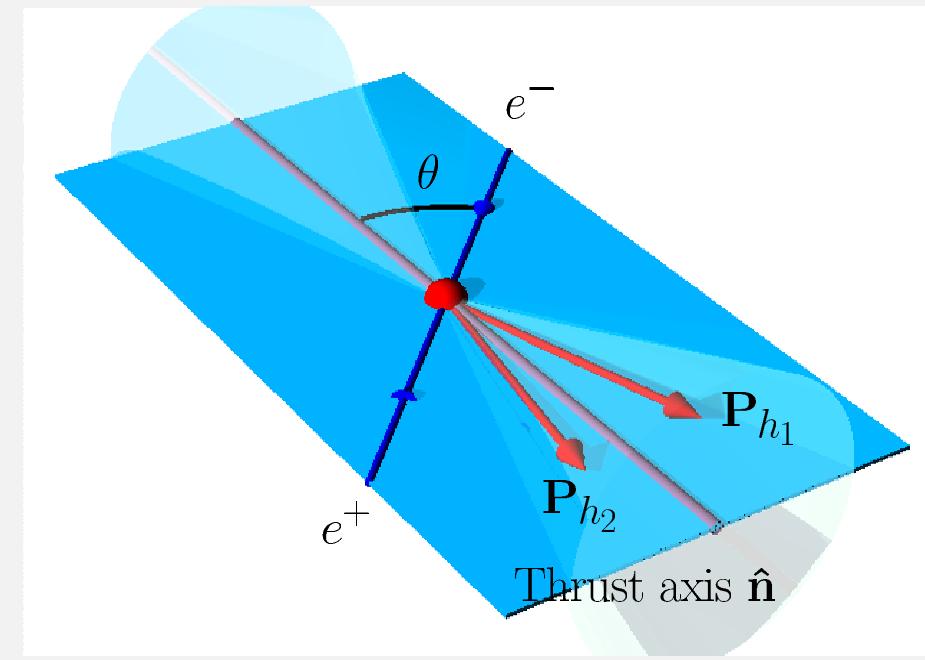
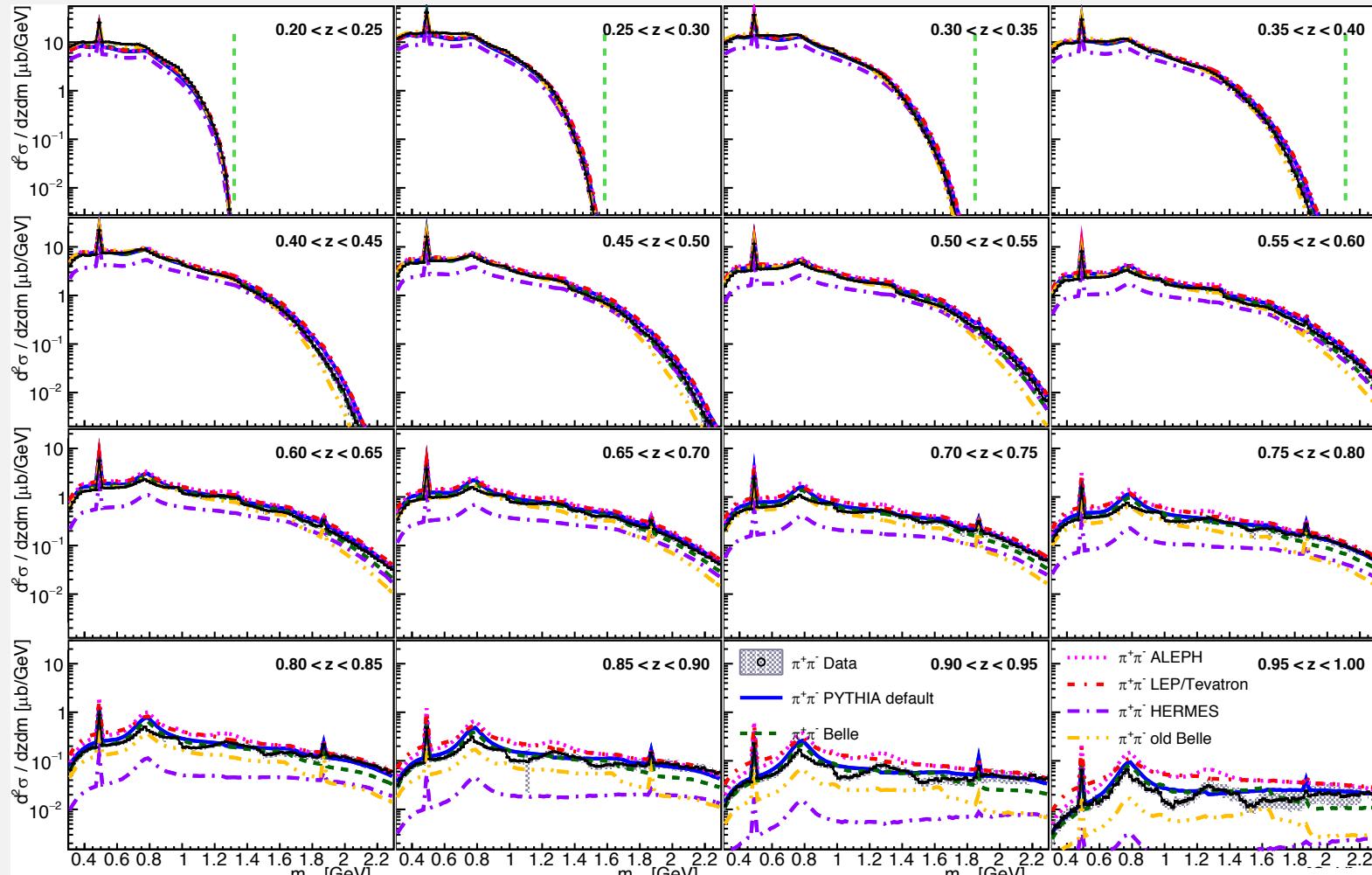
- Single hadron cross-section: mixes other contributions:

$$F_{LU}^{\sin(\phi_h)} = \frac{2M}{Q} \mathcal{I} \left[-\frac{k_T \hat{P}_{h\perp}}{M_h} \left(x e H_1^\perp + \frac{M_h}{M z} f_1 \tilde{G}^\perp \right) + \frac{p_T \hat{P}_{h\perp}}{M} \left(x g^\perp D_1 + \frac{M_p}{M z} h_1^\perp \tilde{E} \right) \right]$$

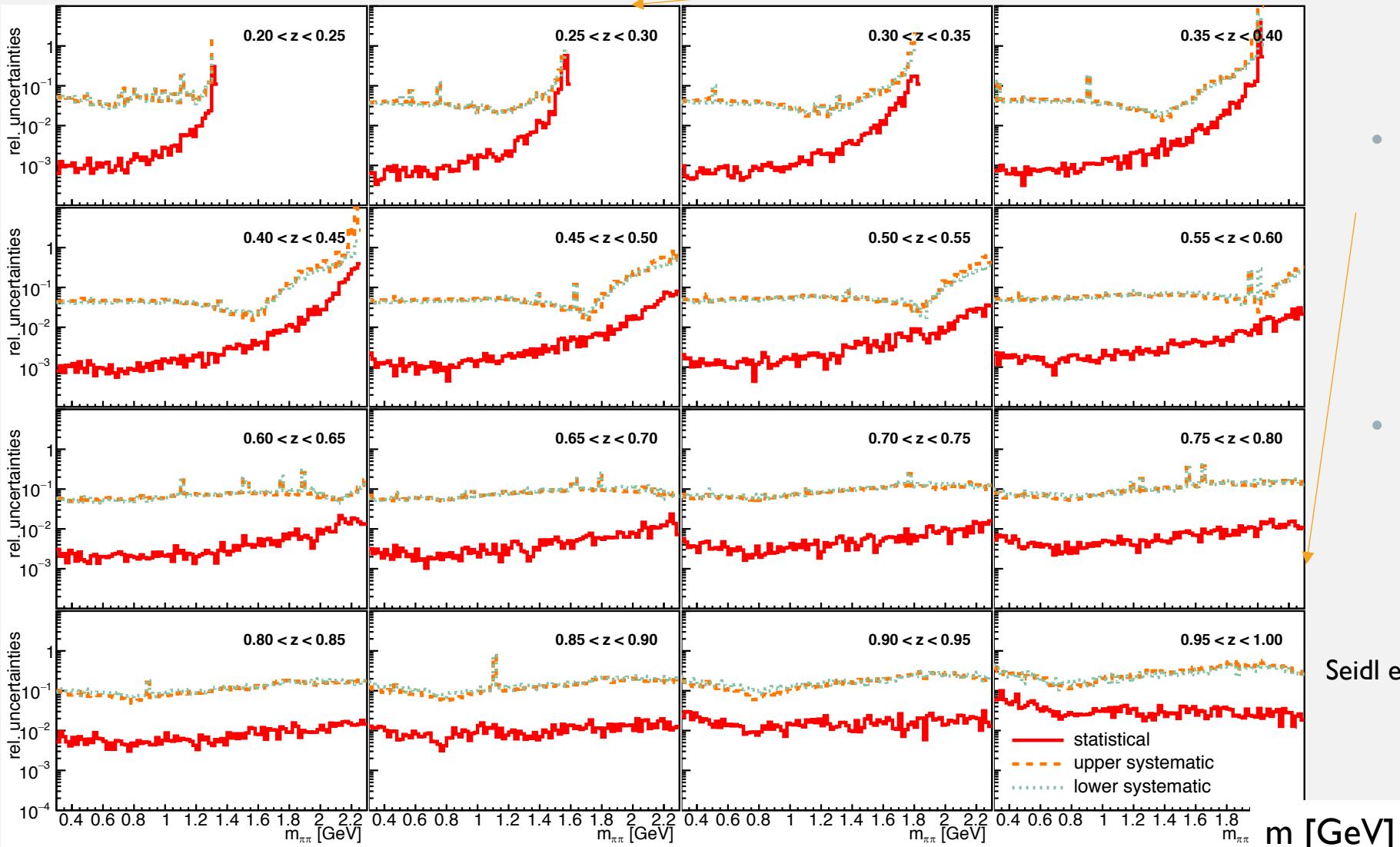


RECENT BELLE RESULT

(Seidl et. al. Phys.Rev. D96 (2017) no.3, 032005)



RESULTS SYSTEMATICS DOMINATED



- Low z : Dominated by PID uncertainties

Belle II prospects:
Improved PID, higher statistics to improve uncertainties on PID

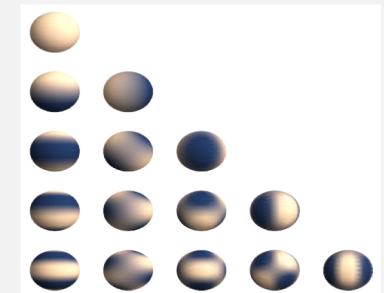
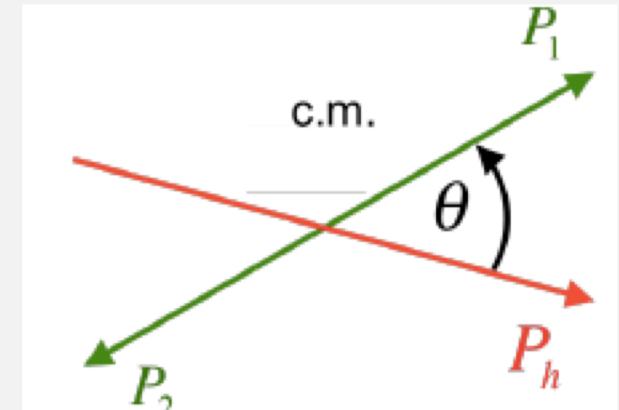
- High z : Dominated by ISR uncertainties

Belle II prospects:
better understanding of ISR radiation with better statistics

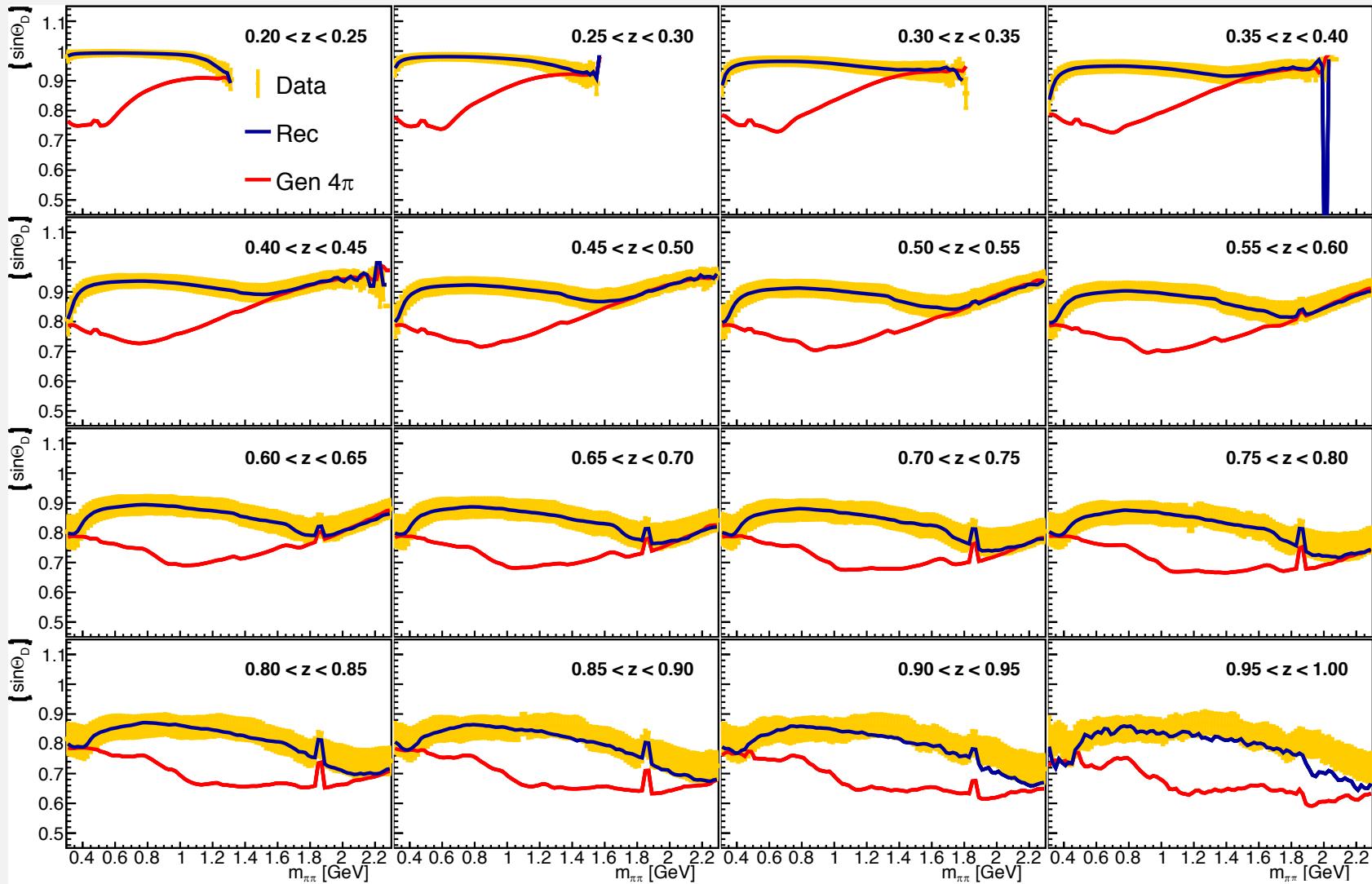
Seidl et. al. Phys.Rev. D96 (2017) no.3, 032005

BELLE II PROSPECTS

- Partial Wave decomposition (more general: θ dependence)
- Higher order PWs lead to different moments in θ and ϕ
- In models, evolution of the different PWs different
- Important to have a full picture to understand mixing effects in ratios/partial integrals/acceptance
- Missing info from partial wave estimated to have effects up to 10% e.g. on extraction of transversity



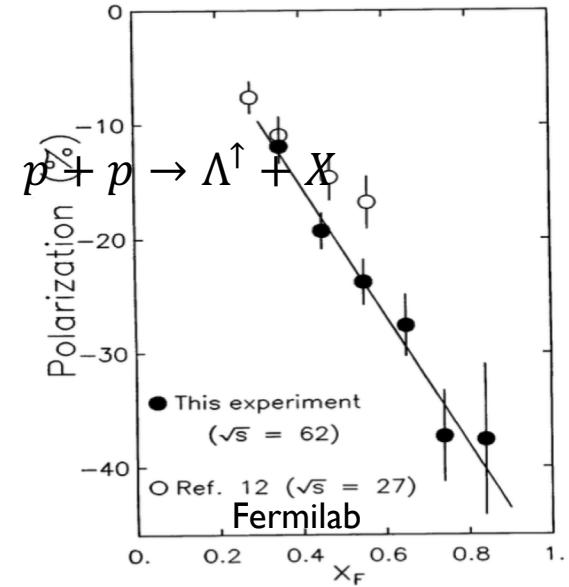
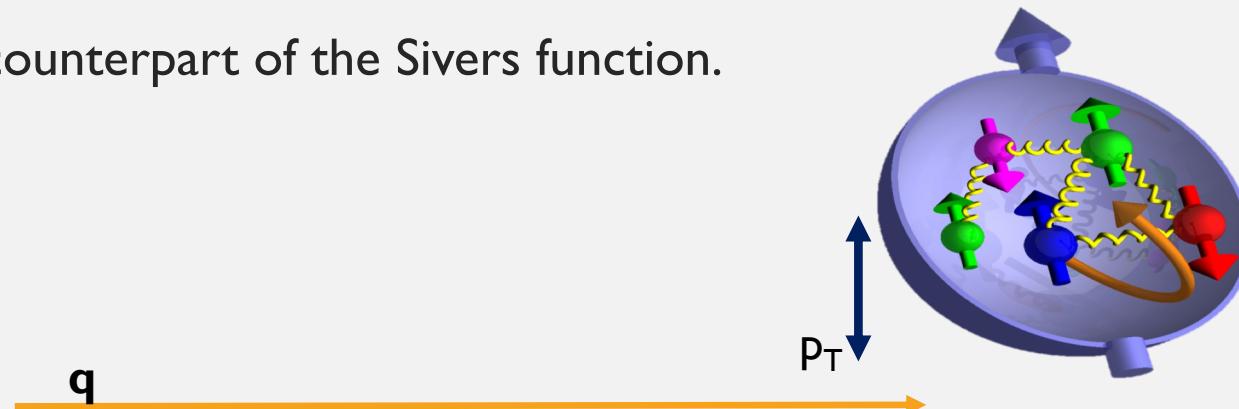
ACCEPTANCE IMPACT ON PARTIAL WAVE COMPOSITION



Belle II prospects:
Sufficient statistics
for full partial wave
decomposition

POLARIZED HYPERON PRODUCTION

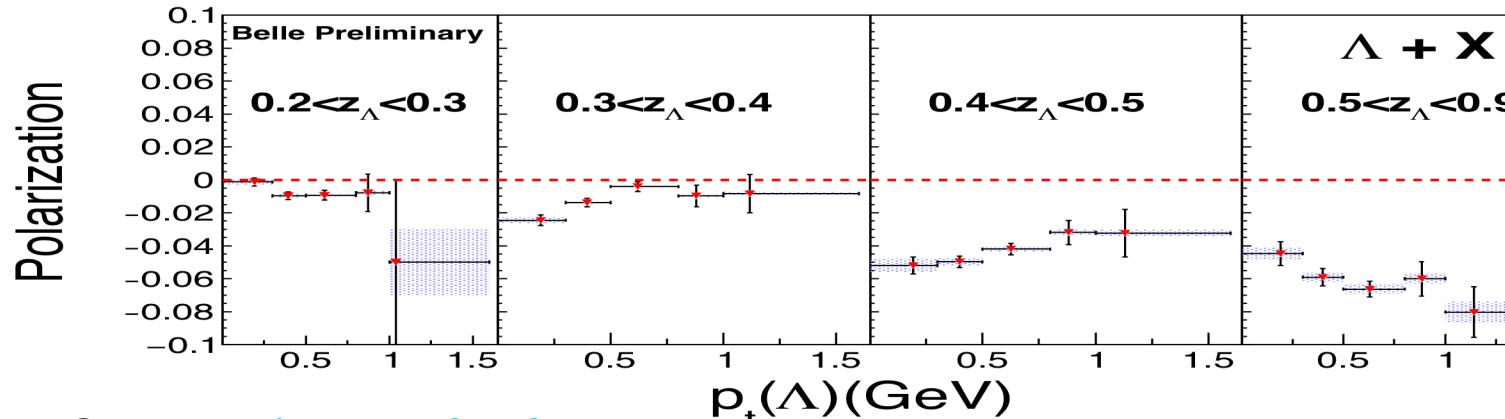
- Large Λ transverse polarization in unpolarized pp collision **PRL36, 1113 (1976); PRL41, 607 (1978)**
- Caused by polarizing FF $D_{1T}^\perp(z, p_\perp^2)$?
- Polarizing FF is chiral-even, has been proposed as a test of universality. **PRL105,202001 (2010)**
- OPAL experiment at LEP has studied transverse Λ polarization, no significant signal was observed.
 Eur. Phys. J. C2, 49 (1998)
- FF counterpart of the Sivers function.



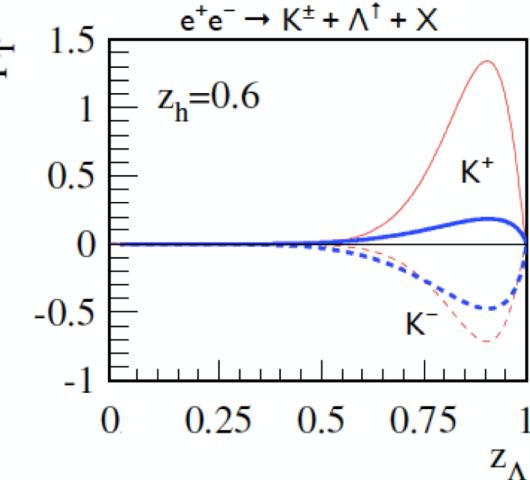
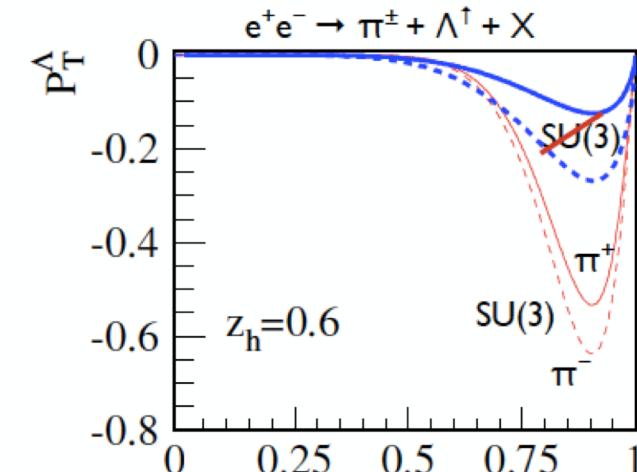
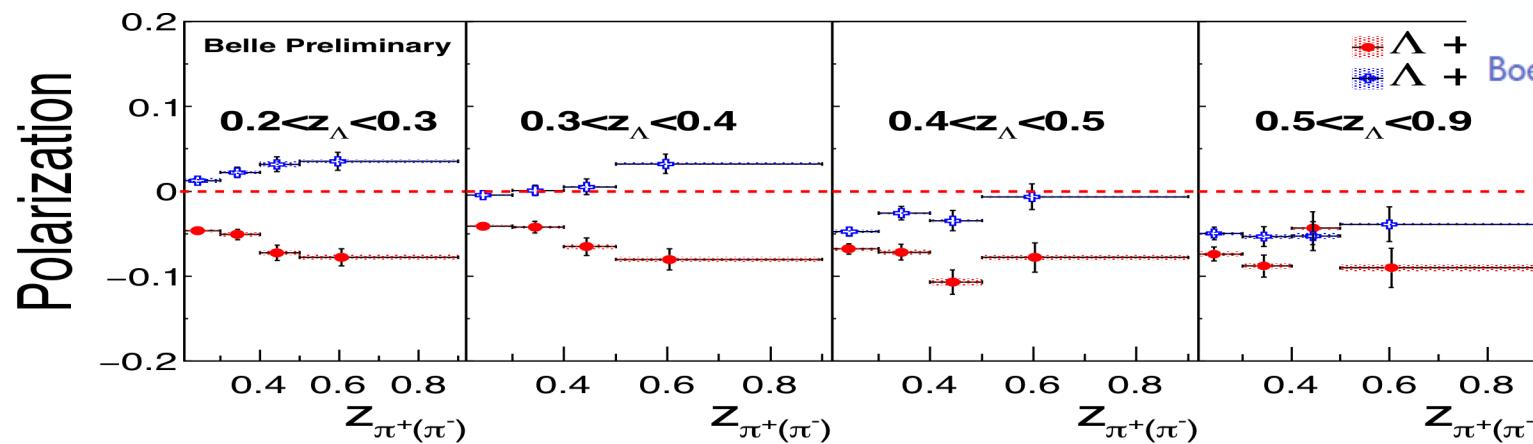
$$x_F = p_L / \max(p_L \sim_{LO} x_1 - x_2 \sim_{forward} x_1)$$

(Phys.Lett. B185 (1987) 209)

Z_Λ, P_T DEPENDENCE OF OBSERVED Λ POLARIZATION

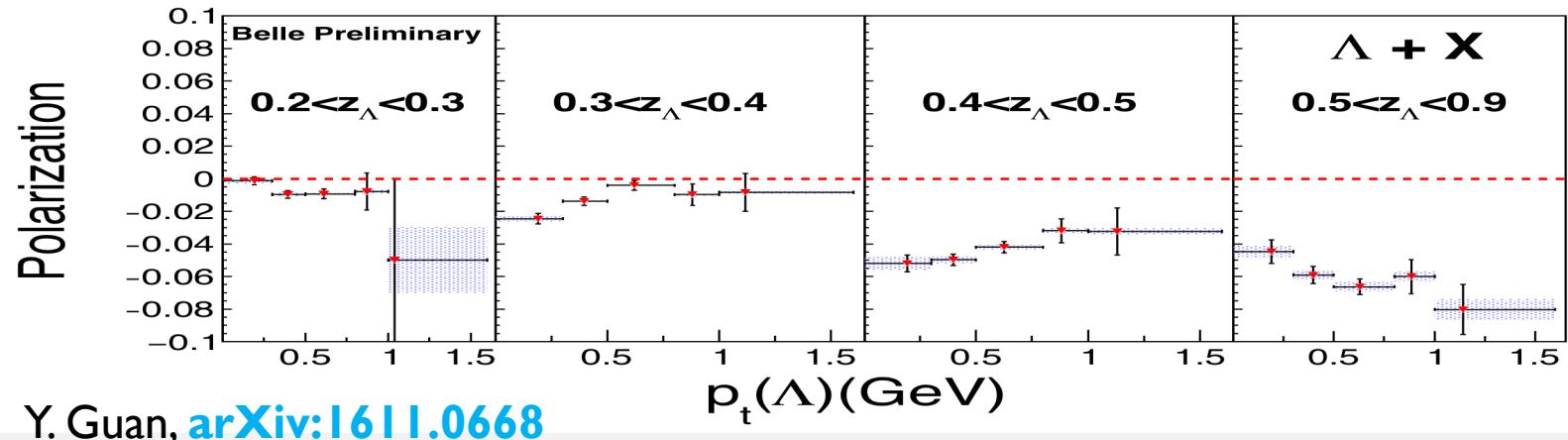


Y. Guan, [arXiv:1611.0668](https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.0668)



- Polarization rises with p_t in the lowest z_Λ and highest z_Λ bin. But the dependence reverses around 1 GeV in the intermediate z_Λ bins → **Unexpected!** (might be related to fragmenting quark flavor dependence on z_1, z_2)
- Correlation with opposite hemisphere light meson → quark flavor/charge dependence

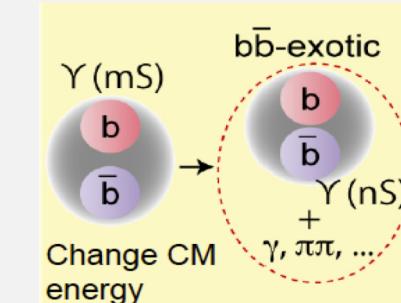
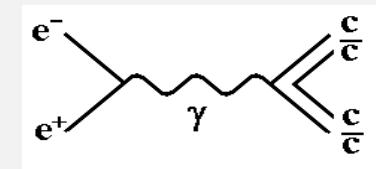
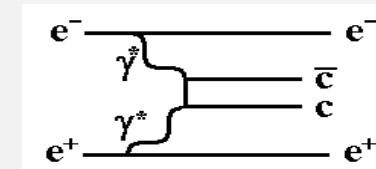
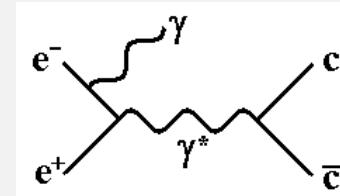
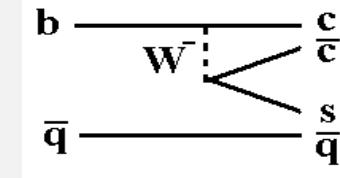
BELLE II PROSPECTS



- Explore low pT region with higher statistics and better tracking resolution
- Feed down correction for pT dependence and associated production
 - (currently only for z dependence, introduces large uncertainties)
 - $\Lambda^\uparrow - \bar{\Lambda}^\uparrow$ correlations
 -

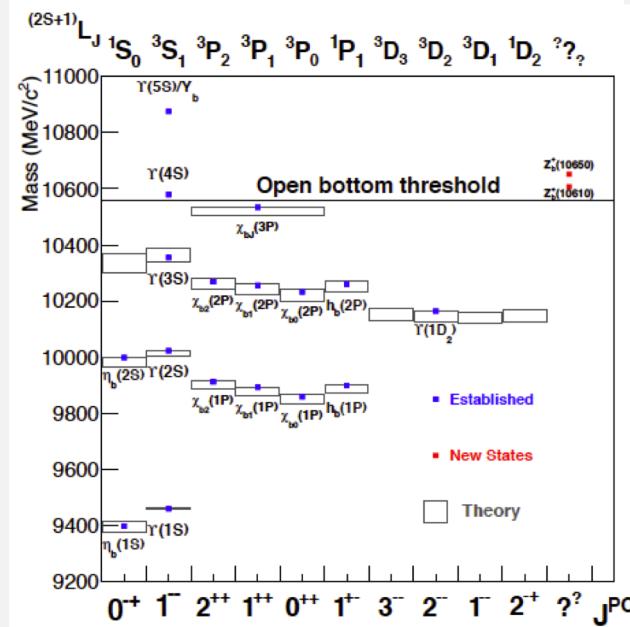
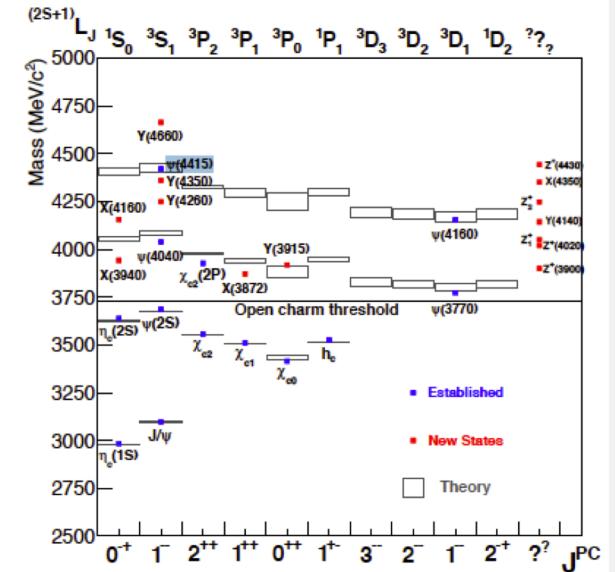
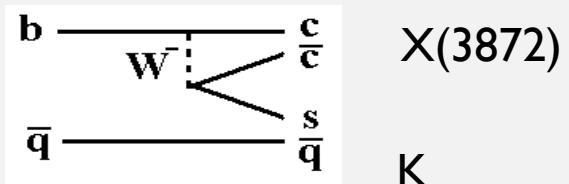
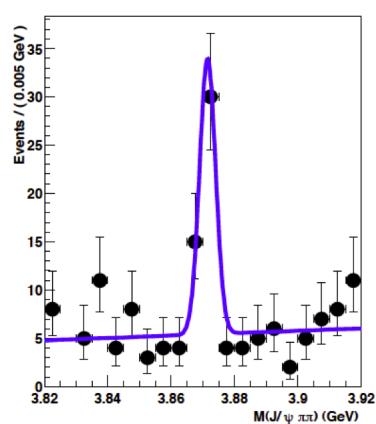
BELLE LEGACY IN HADRONIC PHYSICS – QUARKONIUM (-LIKE) PRODUCTION

- B decays
 - Charmonium only
 - All quantum numbers available
- Direct production / Initial State Radiation (ISR)
 - E_{CM} or below
 - $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$
- Two-photon interaction
 - $J^{PC} = 0-+, 0++, 2++$
- Double charmonium production
 - Seen for $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$ ($J/\psi, \psi(2S)$) plus $J=0$ states ($C=1?$)
- Quarkonium transitions
 - Hadronic/radiative decays between states

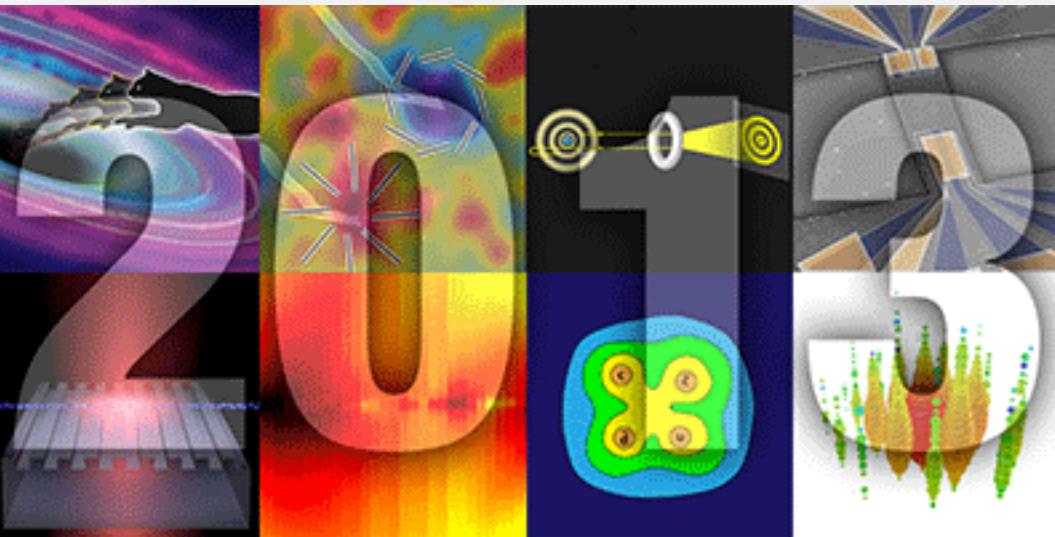


QUARKONIUM STUDIES AT BELLE II BUILD ON THE SUCCESSFUL BELLE PROGRAM

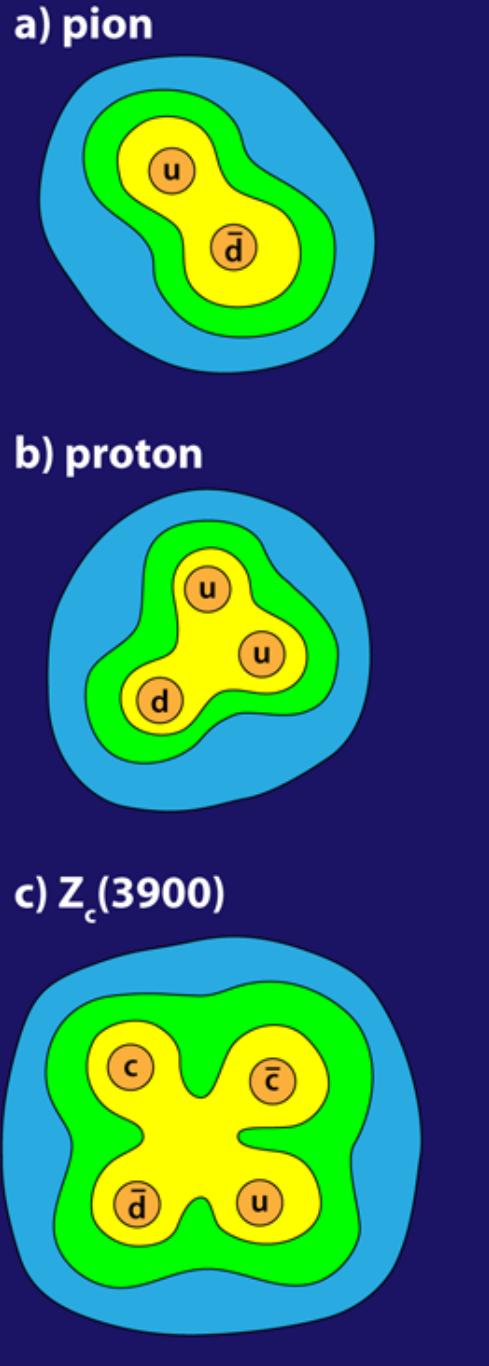
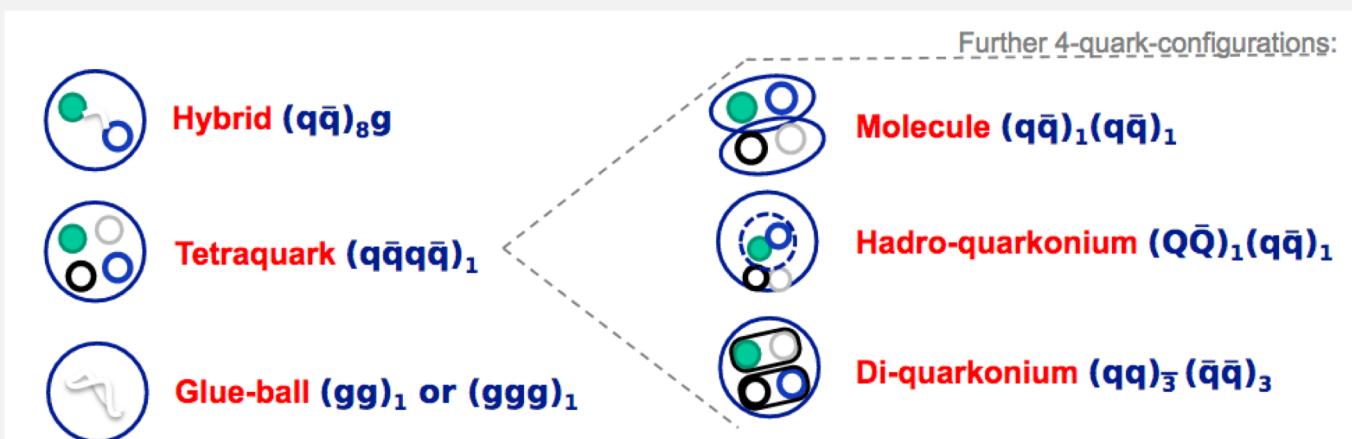
- XYZ revolution kicked off by discovery of $X(3872)$ at Belle 2003
 - Strong violation of isospin symmetry in decays $\rho J/\psi, \omega J/\psi$
 - More states not consistent with quarkonium, usually higher than expected transitions to lower quarkonia.
- Precision study of Charmonium: States above the $D\bar{D}$ threshold are a strong suit of B factories \rightarrow can access energy spectrum continuously)
- Precision studies of Bottomonium states and transitions



Z: EVIDENTLY EXOTIC, NEEDS 4 QUARKS



- APS highlight 2013

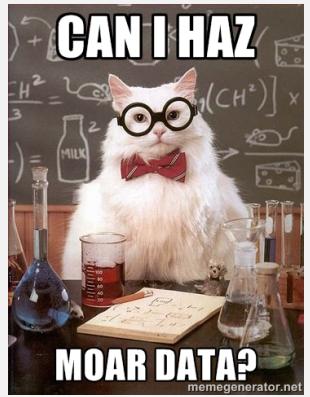


RECENT SPECTROSCOPY RESULTS

- Phys. Rev. D 95, 112003 (2017) **Observation of an alternative $\chi c0(2P)$ candidate in $e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi DD$**
- Phys. Rev. D 97, 012002 (2018) **Angular analysis of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow D(*)\pm D^*\mp$ process near the open charm threshold using initial-state radiation**
- Phys. Rev. D 97, 012005 (2018) **Measurements of the absolute branching fractions of $B^+ \rightarrow Xcc^- K^+$ and $B^+ \rightarrow D^- (*)0\pi^+$ at Belle**
- Phys. Rev. D 96, 051102 (2017) **Search for $\Lambda+c \rightarrow \phi p\pi^0$ and branching fraction measurement of $\Lambda+c \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\rho\pi^0$**
- Phys. Rev. D 95, 012001 (2017) **Search for the 0^{--} Glueball in $Y(1S)$ and $Y(2S)$ decays**
 - Phys. Rev. D 96, 052005 (2017) **Study of η and dipion transitions in $Y(4S)$ decays to lower bottomonia**
 - Phys. Rev. D 96, 112002 (2017) **Search for light tetraquark states in $Y(1S)$ and $Y(2S)$ decays**

WISHLIST

- **More data will help Quarkonium**



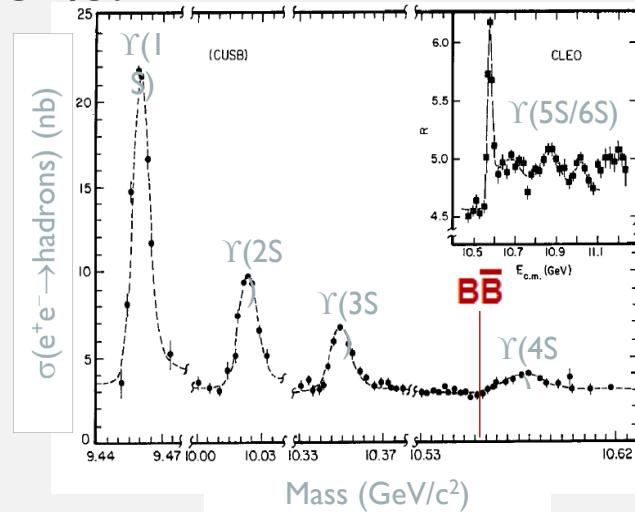
- Map out resonances
- Can reach $Y(6S)$ with same boost as $Y(4S)$
- More data at/above $Y(4S)$ → search molecular structures near open bottom thresholds
- Experimental information of charmonium > Dbar threshold very incomplete,
- More data below $Y(4S)$ → test predictions for unobserved bottomium states
- Determine transitions and quantum numbers
- Precision scans of bottomium sector, comparison with charmonium states should shed light on some properties (spin symmetry suppression not as strong)
- Need enough data for amplitude analysis to check if found states are the expected ones

BELLE II EARLY PHYSICS PROSPECTS

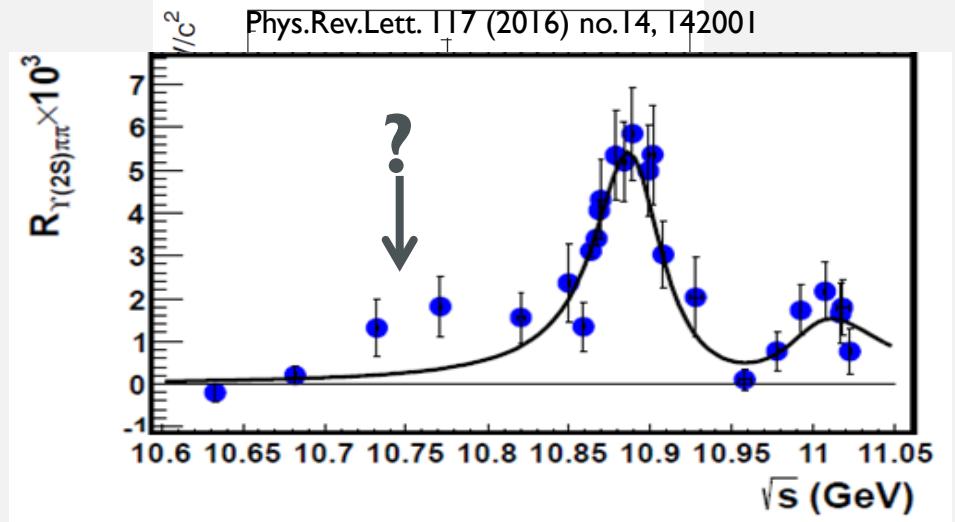
- Existing B-Factories $\sim 1.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$: opportunity for other results in Phase 2/3?

Experiment	Scans / Off. Res.	$\Upsilon(5S)$	$\Upsilon(4S)$	$\Upsilon(3S)$	$\Upsilon(2S)$	$\Upsilon(1S)$
	fb^{-1}	$\text{fb}^{-1} 10^6$				
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2
BaBar	54	R_b scan	433	471	30	122
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3 12 25 158 6 102

Potential impact with $\mathcal{O}(10-100) \text{ fb}^{-1}$



- Early phase 3: Above $\Upsilon(4S)$
 - Study of $\Upsilon(nS)$ states in (hadronic) transitions
 - Study of exotic four-quark states (e.g. Z_b at $\Upsilon(6S)$)
 - BB^{**} threshold? : R_b dip versus $\pi\pi\gamma$ rise



SUMMARY & OUTLOOK

- Belle II will integrate 50x Belle luminosity (= 50 ab⁻¹) over ~6 years
- State of the art detector
- Precision studies of Quarkonia, hadronization
- Physics program with first data focusing on E_{CM}>Y(4S) already promising!
- Precision hadronization studies crucial for JLab12 SIDIS program

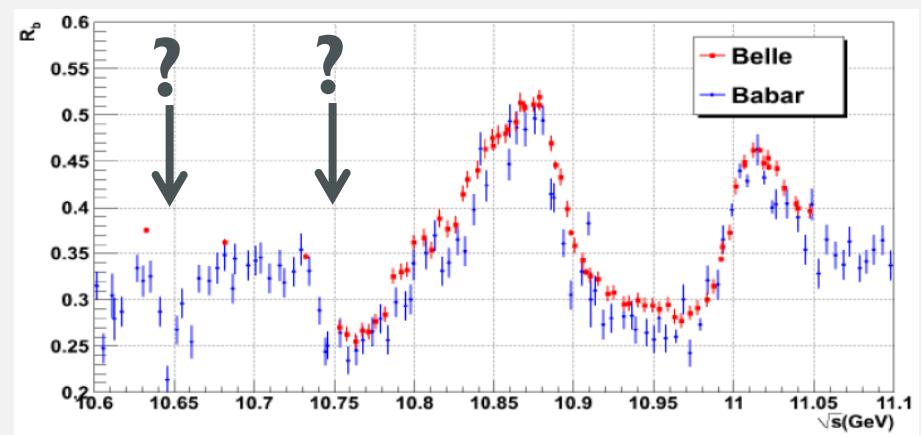
BACKUP

BELLE II EARLY PHYSICS PROSPECTS

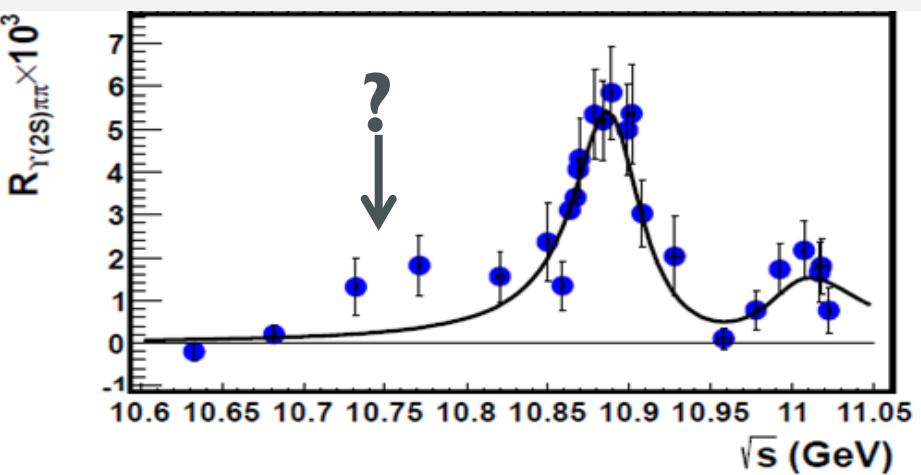
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Experiment	Scans / Off. Res.	$\Upsilon(5S)$	$\Upsilon(4S)$	$\Upsilon(3S)$	$\Upsilon(2S)$	$\Upsilon(1S)$	
	fb^{-1}	fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6	fb^{-1}	10^6
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2	5
BaBar	54	R_b scan		433	471	30	122
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3	12
		Potential impact with $\mathcal{O}(10-100) \text{ fb}^{-1}$					

Phys.Rev.Lett.102:012001,2009, (Babar)
PRD 82, 091106 (2010). 0810.3829. (Belle)



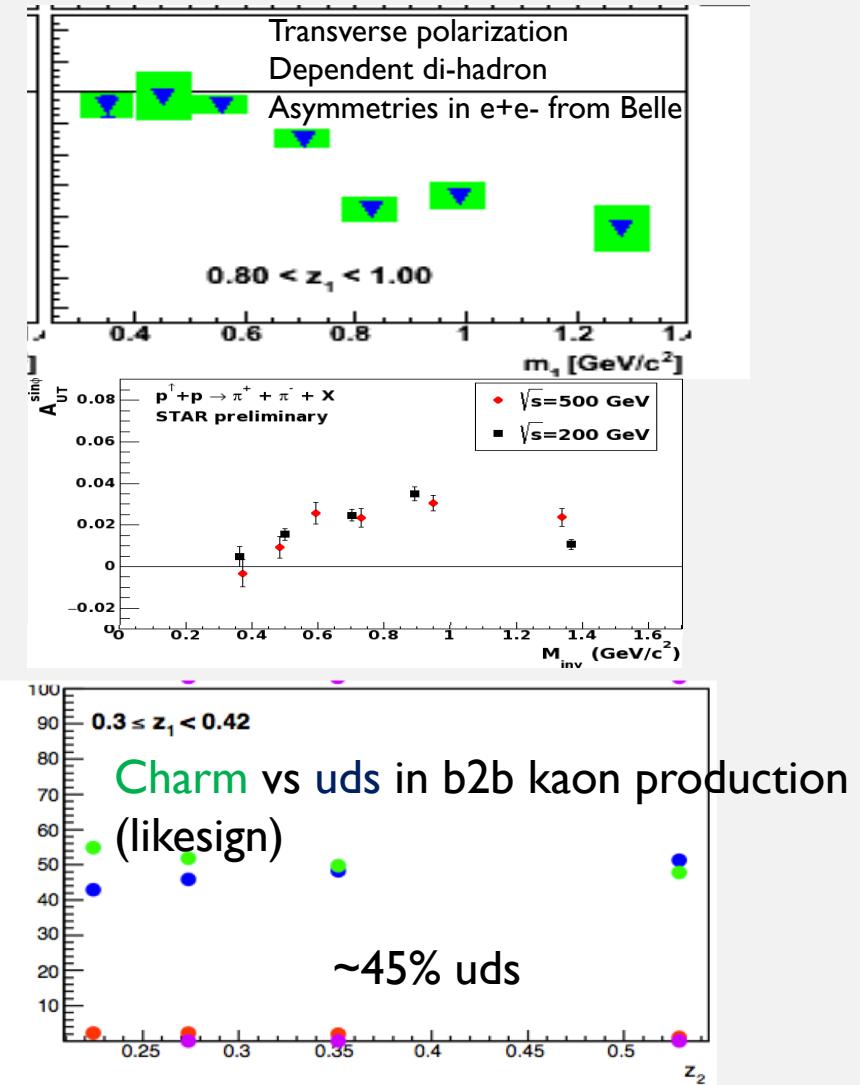
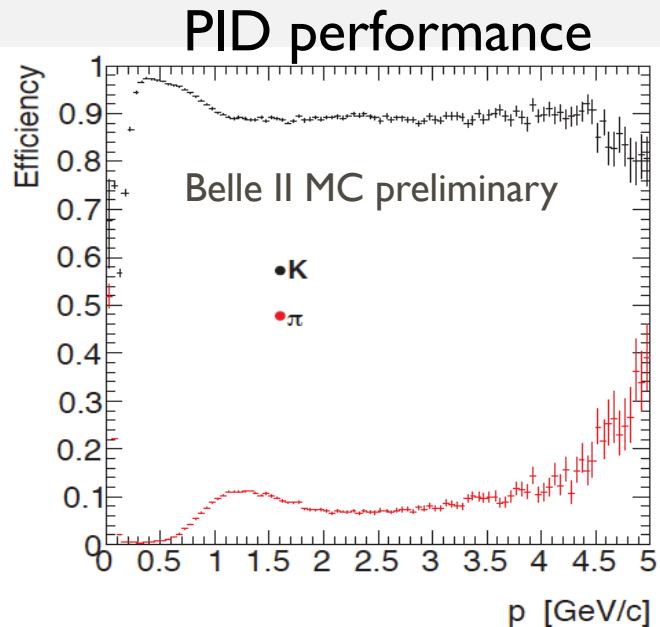
- Phase 2: Above $\Upsilon(4S)$
 - Study of exotic four-quark states (e.g. Zb at $\Upsilon(6S)$)
→ Study possible with limited tracking resolution
 - BB** threshold? : R_b dip versus $\pi\pi\Upsilon$ rise
 - <6 fb^{-1} accumulated by Belle at $E_{CM} = \Upsilon(6S)$
- Early phase 3: Below $\Upsilon(4S)$
 - $\Upsilon(2S,3S)$ access to bottomonium
 - Scan for direct production of $\Upsilon(1^3D_J)$ triplet, $\eta_b(1S,2S)$ studies





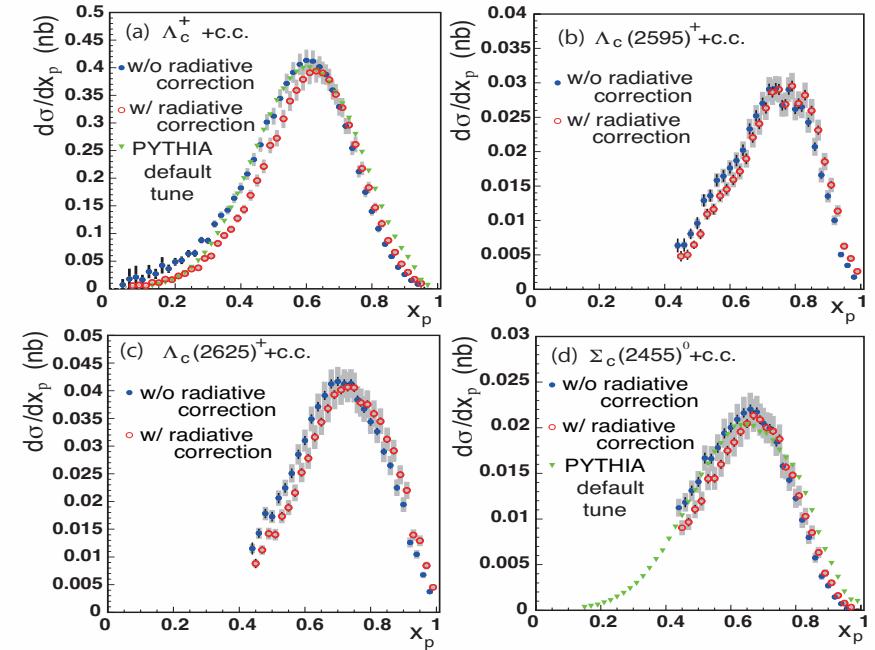
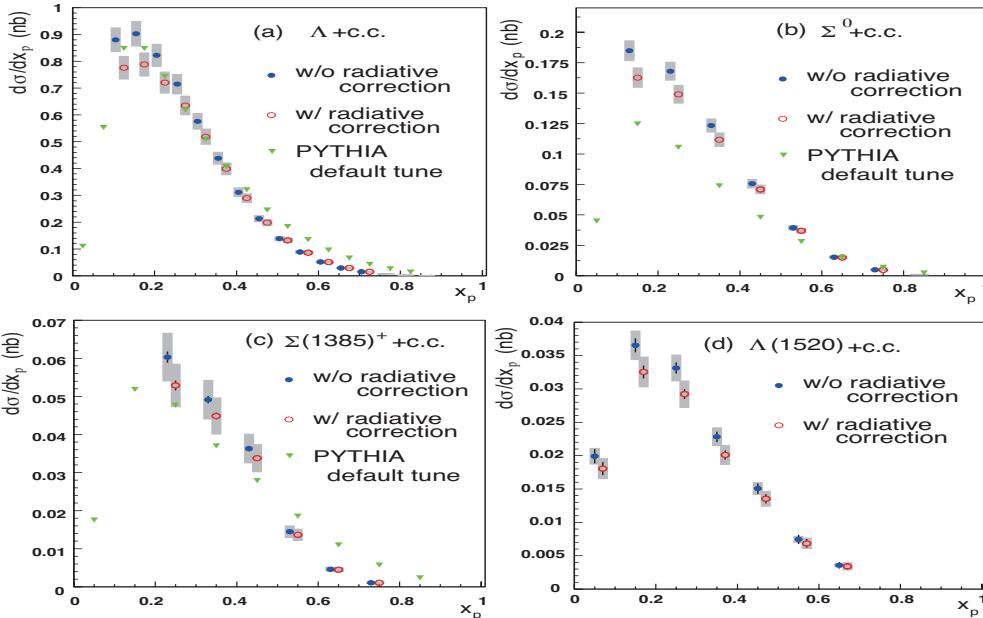
OTHER PERKS

- More statistics and better vertexing will help with charm corrections
- Systematics will also be reduced since the main sources are dependent on MC statistics
- Better PID will help with multi-kaon final states



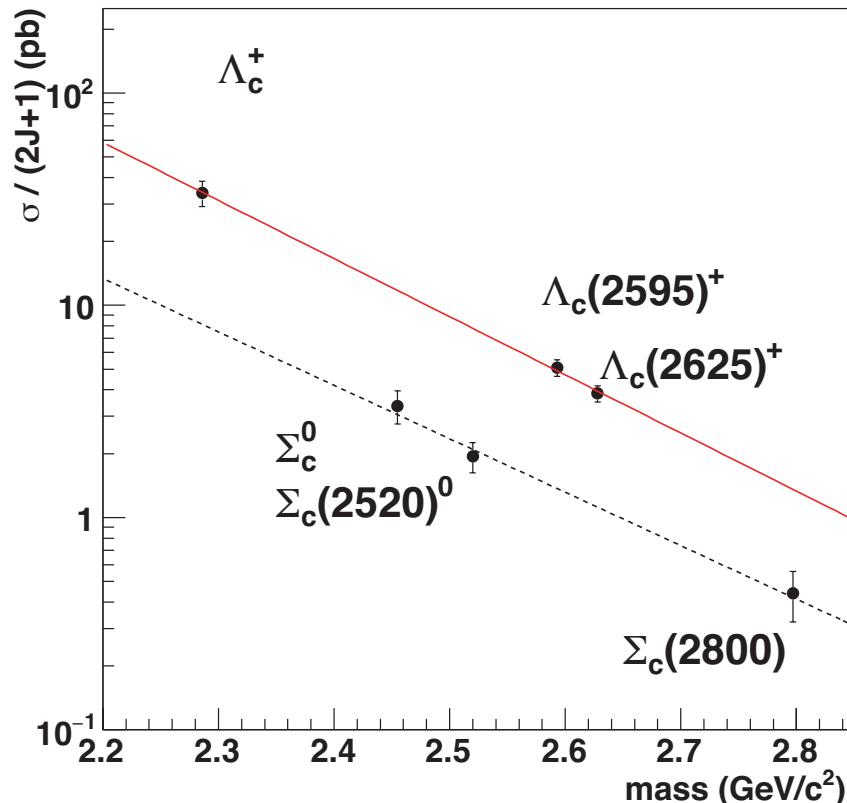
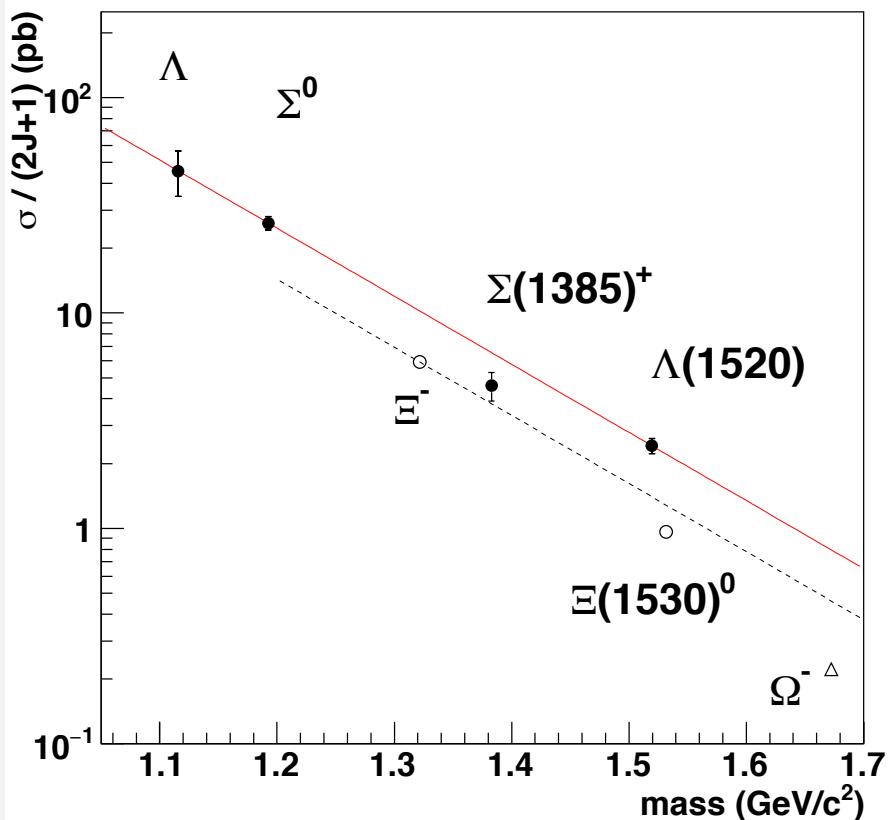
BARYON FORMATION

PRODUCTION OF CHARMED AND NON CHARMED BARYONS



- $\Xi^-, \Xi(1530), \Omega^-, \Sigma_c, \Omega_c, \Xi_c$ not shown

MASS DEPENDENCE CONFIRMS DIQUARK MODEL



OUTLINE

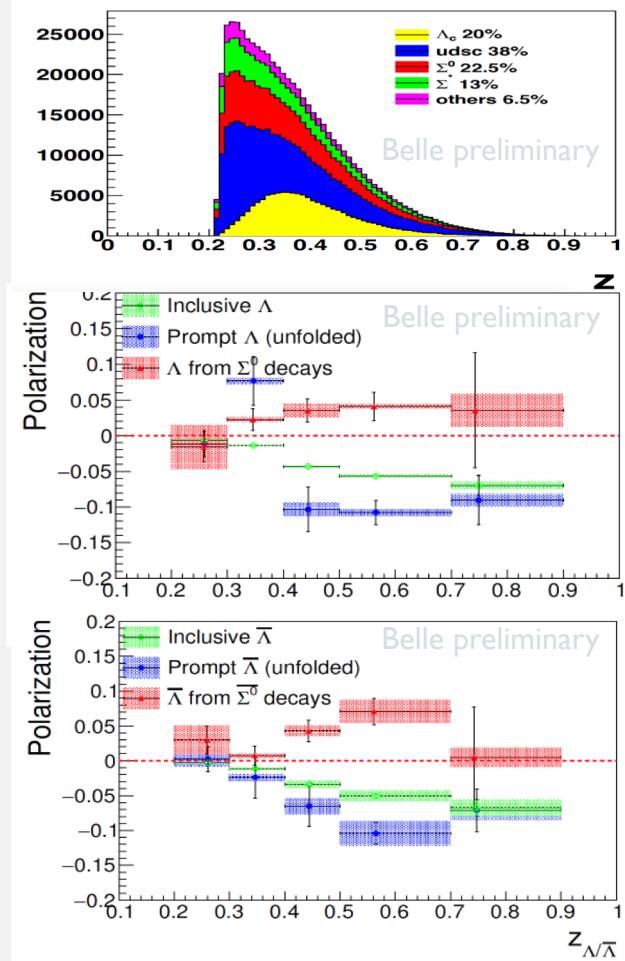
- Belle (I) Legacy
 - Quarkonium (like)
 - Hadronization (Fragmentation function measurements)
- SuperKEKB and Belle II
 - Upgrade
 - Status
 - Early Physics program
 - Outlook

BACKGROUND UNFOLDING

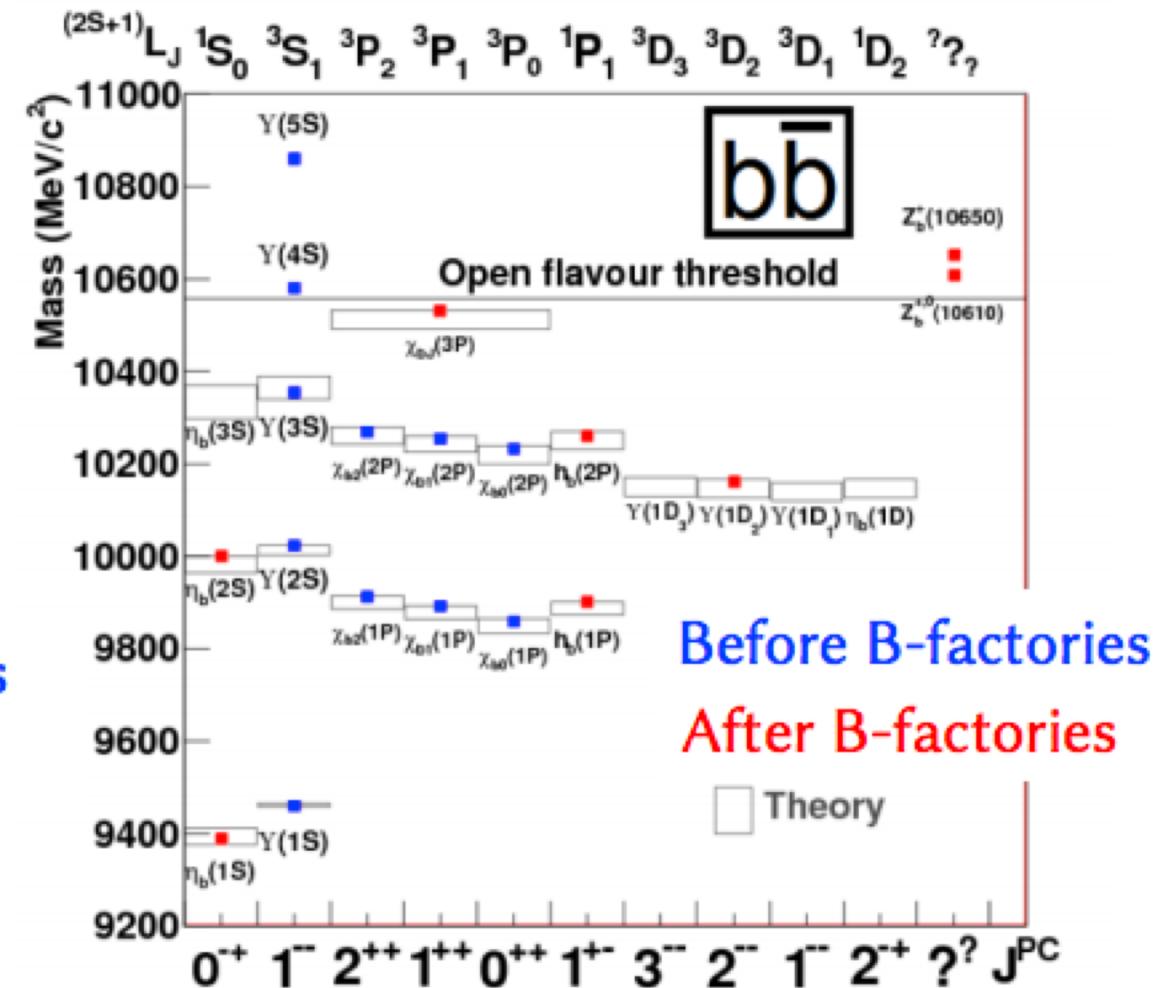
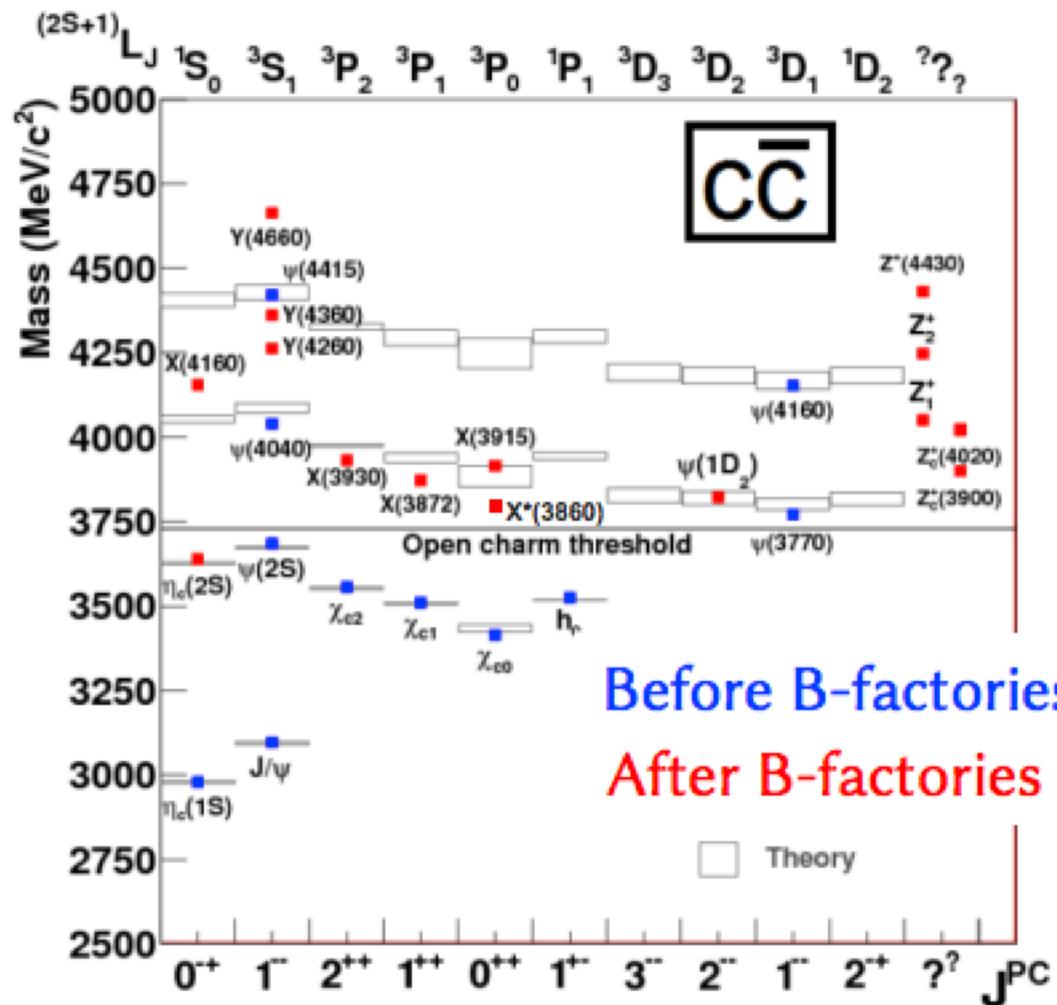
- Σ^* decays to Λ strongly, is included in the signal.
- Feed-down from Σ^0 (22.5%), Λ_c (20%) decays need to be understood.
- The Σ^0 -enhanced ($\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda + \gamma$) ($\text{Br} \sim 100\%$). and Λ_c -enhanced($\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda + \pi^+$) ($\text{Br} \sim 1.07\%$) data sets are selected and studied.
- The measured polarization can be expressed as:

$$P^{\text{mea.}} = (1 - \sum_i F_i) P^{\text{true}} + \sum_i F_i P_i,$$

- F_i is the fraction of feed-down component i, estimated from MC. P_i is polarization of component i.
- Polarization of Λ from Σ^0 decays is found has opposite sign with that of inclusive Λ .



R. Gatto, Phys. Rev. 109, 610 (1958); Phys.Lett.B303,350(1993)



Before

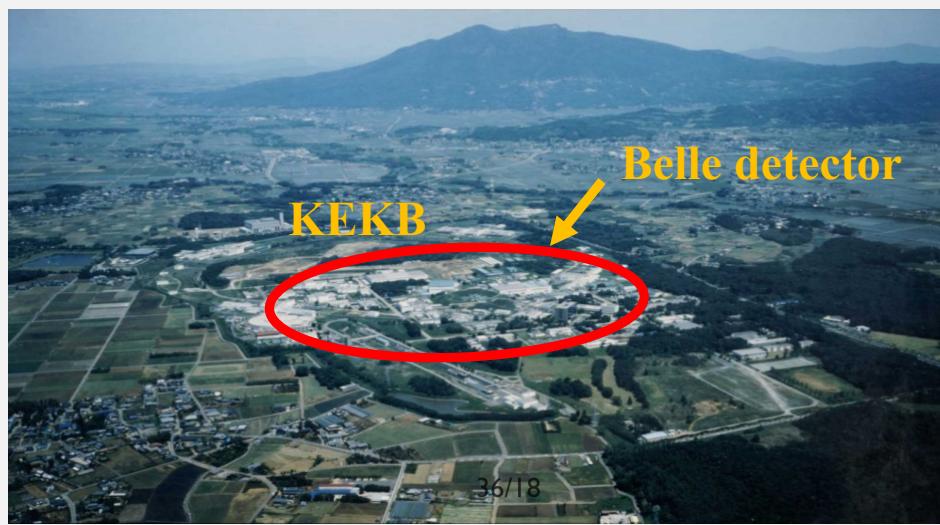


there was

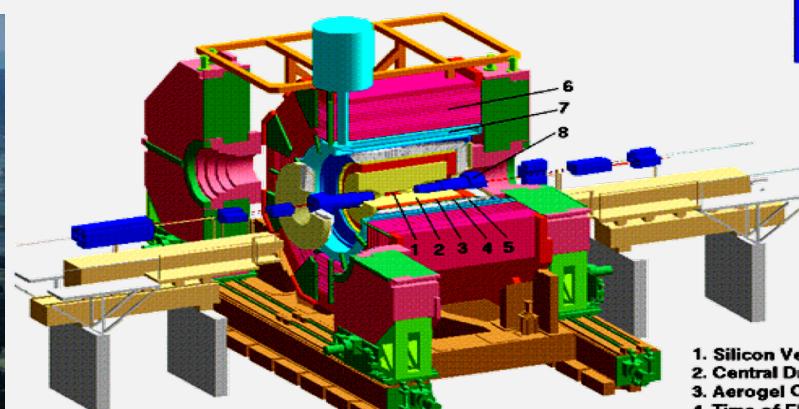


- KEKB: asymmetric e^+ (3.5 GeV) e^- (8 GeV) collider:
 $\sqrt{s} = 10.58 \text{ GeV}$, $e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(nS) \rightarrow B/\bar{B} + \text{continuum}$
 $\sqrt{s} = 10.52 \text{ GeV}$, $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ (u,d,s,c) ‘continuum’
- Ideal (at the time) detector for high precision measurements:
- tracking acceptance θ [17° ; 150°]: Azimuthally symmetric
- particle identification (PID): dE/dx , Cherenkov, ToF, EMcal, MuID
- Available data:
 - $\sim 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ total
 - $\sim 1.8 * 10^9$ events at 10.58 GeV,
 $\sim 220 * 10^6$ events at 10.52 GeV

Experiment	Scans / Off. Res. fb $^{-1}$	$\Upsilon(5S)$ fb $^{-1}$	$\Upsilon(4S)$ 10^6	$\Upsilon(3S)$ fb $^{-1}$	$\Upsilon(2S)$ 10^6	$\Upsilon(1S)$ fb $^{-1}$	10^6
CLEO	17.1	0.4	0.1	16	17.1	1.2	5
BaBar	54	R_b scan		433	471	30	122
Belle	100	121	36	711	772	3	12
						25	158
						6	102



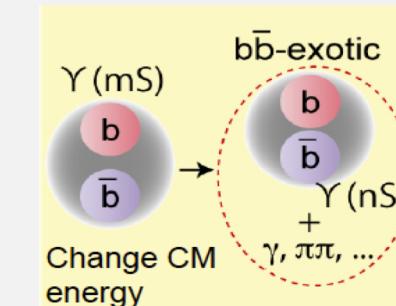
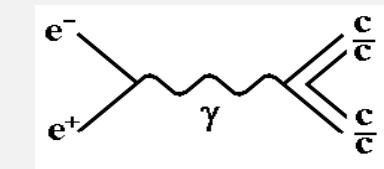
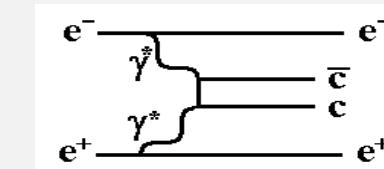
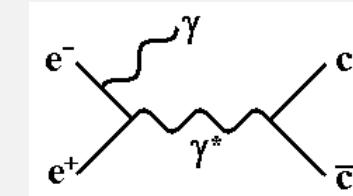
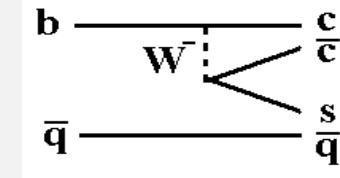
BELLE Detector (took data till 2010)



1. Silicon Vertex Detector
2. Central Drift Chamber
3. Aerogel Cherenkov Counter
4. Time of Flight Counter
5. Calorimeter
6. KLM Detector
7. Superconducting Solenoid
8. Superconducting Final Focussing System

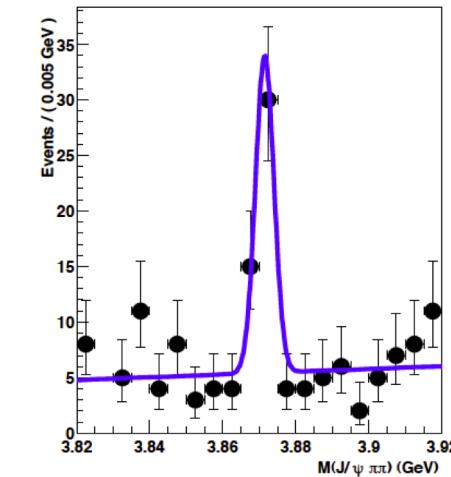
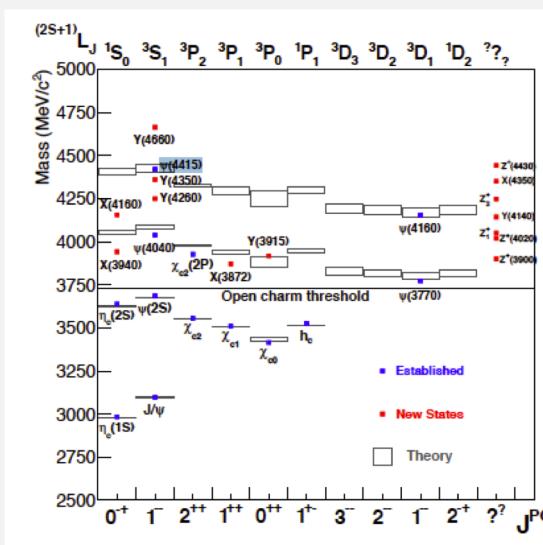
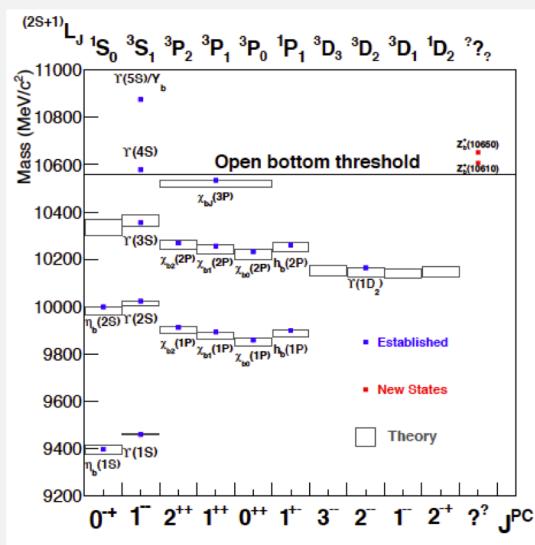
BELLE LEGACY IN HADRONIC PHYSICS – QUARKONIUM (-LIKE) PRODUCTION

- B decays
 - Charmonium only
 - All quantum numbers available
- Direct production / Initial State Radiation (ISR)
 - E_{CM} or below
 - $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$
- Two-photon interaction
 - $J^{PC} = 0-+, 0++, 2++$
- Double charmonium production
 - Seen for $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$ ($J/\psi, \psi(2S)$) plus $J=0$ states ($C=1?$)
- Quarkonium transitions
 - Hadronic/radiative decays between states



QUARKONIUM STUDIES AT BELLE II BUILD ON THE SUCCESSFUL BELLE PROGRAM

- XYZ revolution kicked off by discovery of X(3872) at Belle 2003
- Precision study of Charmonium: States above the D⁻D⁺ threshold are a强ngsuit of B factories → can access energy spectrum continuously)
- Precision studies of Bottomonium states and transitions



(Choi et al, PRL91 (26) 262001)