# First success of N-infusion at KEK/J-PARC

TTC High-Q Working Group Meeting 2018/Jan/11 Kensei Umemori(KEK) on behalf of KEK SCRF group, JAEA vacuum group, MHI-MS

# <u>Outline</u>

- Previous N-infusion results at J-PARC
- Improvement of vacuum system
- Latest results of N-infusion at J-PARC
- Summary

Previous results of N-infusion (Slides from 2017/Sep/8)

# VT results for N-infusion

- Transfer to KEK
- HPR (No EP applied)
- Assembly
- Magnetic field canceled. (< 1mG)
- Cooled down with thermal gradient





Deserved for > 5 MV/m
Eacc was limited at 33MV/m by quench at 225 degree equator
No field emission

# 2 800°**C**, 3hours + 120°**C**, 48 hours w/o Nitrogen



[Vacuum condition during 120 degree]

- Valve of cryopump was closed
- TMP OFF
  - Vacuum pumping by small pumping system(TMP and scroll)
  - Vacuum level worthened to 1.7e-2 Pa (Around 0.5% of Nitrogen level)



- Refresh surface by 10um EP after N-infusion
- 800C, 3h + 120C, 48h (No Nitrogen)
- HPR and assembly (No EP, No baking)
- Vertical test
  - **Q-slope** above Eacc > 5 MV/m
- Almost same performance with N-infusion



# Latest results of N-infusion with improved vacuum condition

# History of R-8c cavity

• TESLA-like single cell cavity made of Tokyo Denkai FG Nb sheet.

Date	Procudures
Jul/11, 12	Pre-EP (5um) & EP-1 (100um)
Sep/12	Heat treatment (800 C x 3hours)
Sep/21	EP-2 (20um)
Sep/22	HPR (3 hours), Assembly, Baking (120 C x 48 hours)
Sep/27, 28	1 <sup>st</sup> vertical test (Reference VT)
Nov/7-10	N-infusion at J-PARC (800C x 3h + 120C x 48h, 3Pa N2)
Nov/15	HPR (3 hours), Assembly
Nov/21, 22	2 <sup>nd</sup> vertical test (N-infusion)

#### Pumping system during 120 C N-injection (before)



#### Pumping system during 120 C N-injection (improved



# RGA spectrum

#### Use large TMP with reduced rotation speed Background level <u>~ 1e-5 Pa</u>

#### Use small pumping unit Background level ~ 1.7e-2 Pa



Vacuum background level improved much and showed relatively clean RGA spectrum.



- Followed FNAL N-infusion parameter.
- Temperature of cavity might be little bit lower(~5deg) than furnace temperature.
- Total of 3 hour HPR, followed by dry assembly. (No 120C baking)



# Typical vertical test setup

※ Pictures are for different measurement.※ But setup of sensors and coil are same.



Flux gate sensor, Si temperature sensor, heater and solenoid coil were used.

# Flux expulsion & Rs-1/T

VT1: 800C x 3h heat treatment, EP2, 120C x 48h baking <u>VT2</u>: 800C x 3h heat treatment, EP2, 120C x 48h baking + N-infusion (800C x 3h + 120 C x 48h, N2)



- Additional N-infusion process improved flux expulsion much.
- Residual resistance (@3.5MV/m) is also reduced.

### <u>Q-Eacc measurement</u>



- Q-value improved for all Eacc region.
- Eacc is also improved from 36 to 38 MV/m

# Deconvolution of R(BCS) & R\_res

• Rs-1/T curve from each Eacc were fitted by using 2.0, 1.8, 1.6, 1.5 K data points.

$$R_{s} = R_{BCS} + R_{res} = \frac{A}{T} \exp\left(-\frac{B}{T}\right) + R_{res}$$

Around 10% error is assumed.



### Deconvolution of R(BCS) & R\_res



- BCS resistance tends to be reduced for N-infusion.
- Residual resistance was reduced to roughly half.

# <u>Summary</u>

- KEK continue N-infusion study.
- We tried N-infusion with improved vacuum background condition for 120 C N-injection process.
- Results shows successful N-infusion performance of cavity. (At lease, high field Q-slope can not seen.)
- Even in the case furnaces have some contaminations, better vacuum pumping system can cure cavity degradation.

# Backup slide

#### Example of flux expulsion measurement

#### cooling down. Subtract FG(NC) to FG(SC) vs FG(NC) 50 see expulsion Slope 40 signal clearer 30 Full expulsion: 0.57 FG(SC) [mG] 1.2877x + 0.595220 Measurement: 0.29 10 0 <u>4.8111</u> FG(SC) - FG(NC) vs FG(NC) Full expulsion -10 20 Expulsion -20 線形 (Full **15** 10 5 -30 exputsion) y = 0.5749x + 2E-05-10 10 20 30 0 FG(NC) [mG] Slope y = 0.2877x + 0.0000. FG(SC) Full expulsion: 1.57 0 Full expulsion Measurement: 1.29 Expulsion $\times$ "1.57" agree well with -10 -10 0 FG(NC) [mG] 20 30 simulation for our cavity

Zero slope = No expulsion

Slope of "0.57" = 100% expulsion

**Full expulsion** 

Add external field after

# <u>N-dope/N-infusion trial</u> <u>using J-PARC furnace</u>



- J-PARC has oil-free furnace with cryo-pump(10,000 litter/sec) and three TMPs(3,000 litter/sec x 3).
- Vacuum level reached to ~1e-6 Pa.
- Normally used for degassing of beam-duct and components.





# N-injection system





- Nitrogen pressure is controlled by variable leak valve
- Cryo-pump is closed and TMPs are off during Ninjection. Small pump set, TMP and scroll, pump the furnace.

### Cavity preparation for heat treatment

- HPR (flange open) 2 hours, drying one night
- Cavity was double-packed inside class-1000
- Nb cap & foil was ultrasonic cleaned with degreasing, drying inside class-10, packed inside class-1000
- Transport to J-PARCSetup into J-PARC furnace







## 1<sup>st</sup> N-infusion(FNAL parameter)



Pressure is stabilized less