

Polarized light-ion physics with EIC

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- Welcome
- Context and objectives
- Plan of meeting

Jefferson Lab
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility


**GHENT
UNIVERSITY**

Nuclear physics with EM probes

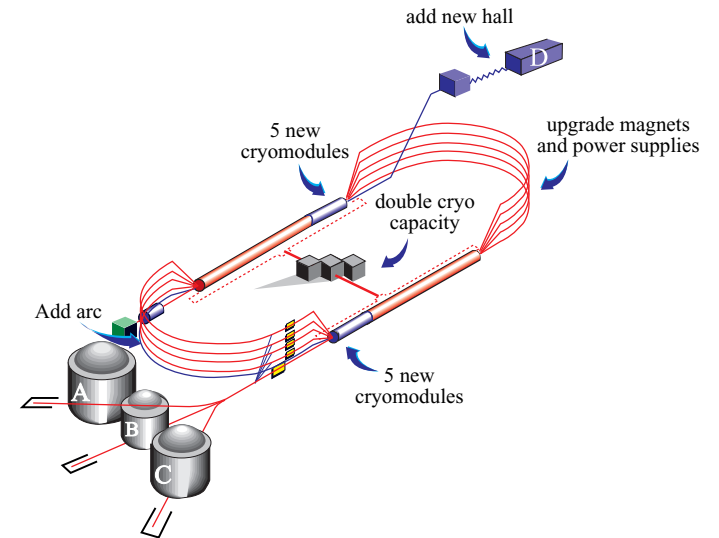
- JLab 12 GeV operations started

Hall A & D first physics results, Hall C physics running, CLAS12 engineering run

Four-hall operation demonstrated

Expect physics results 5-10 years

Other EM facilities: COMPASS, MAMI, ELSA, MIT Bates



- Electron-Ion Collider as future facility

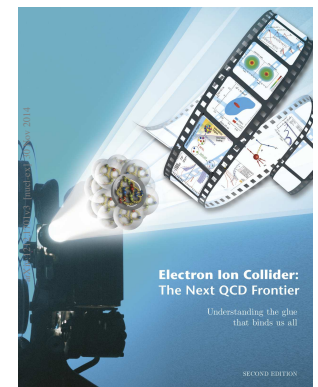
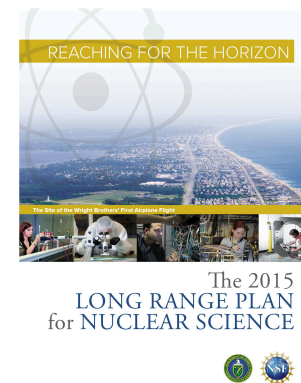
Recommended in 2015 NSAC Long-Range Plan

Designs by BNL and JLab

Vigorous accelerator and detector R&D

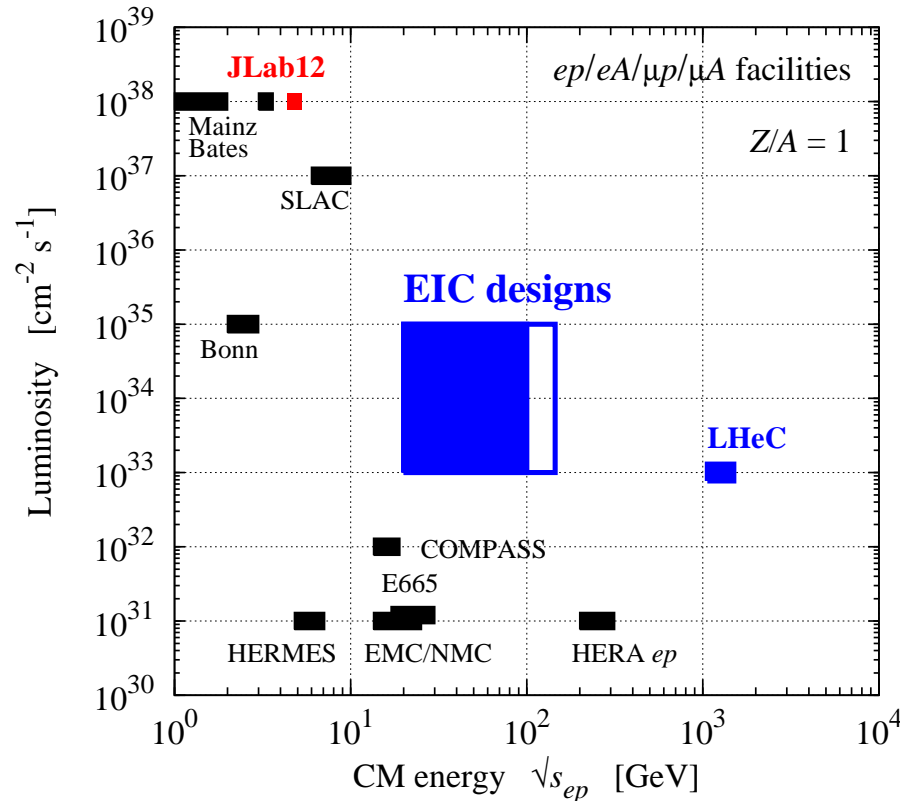
Driving physics research in exp & th

→ Talk A. Deshpande



- Hadron probes: LHC, RHIC $pA/AA/\gamma A$, JPARC, GSI FAIR, FRIB

EIC ep/eA capabilities



- CM energy $\sqrt{s_{ep}} \sim 20\text{--}100$ GeV

Factor $\sqrt{Z/A}$ for nuclei

Deep-inelastic scattering at $x \sim 10^{-1}\text{--}10^{-3}$, $Q^2 \lesssim 10^2$ GeV²

- Luminosity $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Exceptional configurations in target
Multi-variable final states
Polarization observables

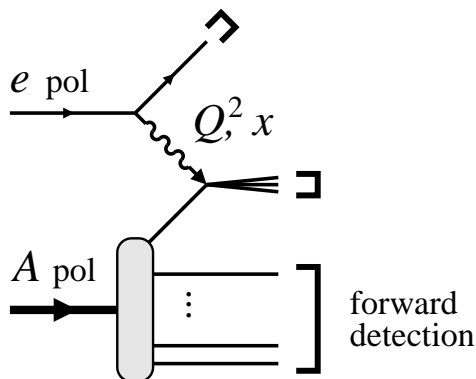
- Polarized protons and light ions

eRHIC: pol ^3He

JLEIC: pol d and ^3He with figure-8

- Forward detection of p, n, A

Diffractive & exclusive processes
Nuclear breakup and spectator tagging
Coherent nuclear scattering



I) 3D nucleon structure and spin

Sea quark and gluon polarization, nucleon spin decomposition
Spatial distributions and orbital motion of quarks/gluons
Quark-gluon correlations

II) QCD in nuclei

Nuclear quark/gluon densities, NN interactions in QCD
Color transparency and opacity
Nonlinear effects and gluon saturation at small x

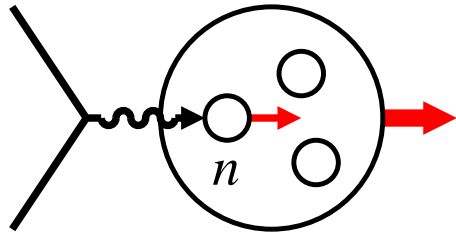
III) Emergence of hadrons from color charge

Quark/gluon fragmentation and hadronization
Interaction of color charge with matter

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→ Talk A. Deshpande

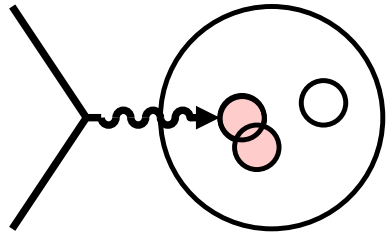
Measurements with $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ep \\ eA(\text{light}) \\ eA(\text{heavy}) \end{array} \right. \leftarrow \text{this meeting!}$



- Neutron structure

Flavor decomposition of PDFs/GPDs/TMDs,
singlet vs. non-singlet QCD evolution, polarized gluon

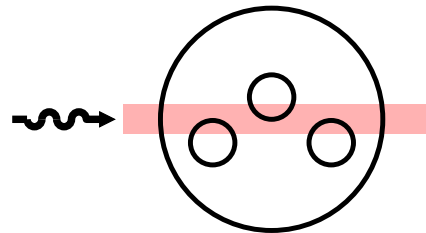
Eliminate nuclear binding, non-nucleonic DOF!



- Nucleon interactions in QCD

Nuclear modification of quark/gluon densities
Short-range correlations, non-nucleonic degrees of freedom
QCD origin of nuclear forces

Control nuclear configuration in high-energy process!



- Coherent phenomena in QCD

Coherent interaction of high-energy probe
with multiple nucleons, nuclear shadowing

Identify coherent response!

[Nucleus rest frame view]

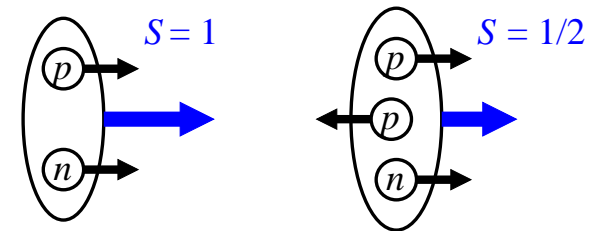
Light ions: Resources

- Polarized ion beams d , ${}^3\text{He}$, ... ${}^7\text{Li}$

Neutron spin structure

Spin dependence of nuclear modifications

Tensor-polarized observables $A = 2$

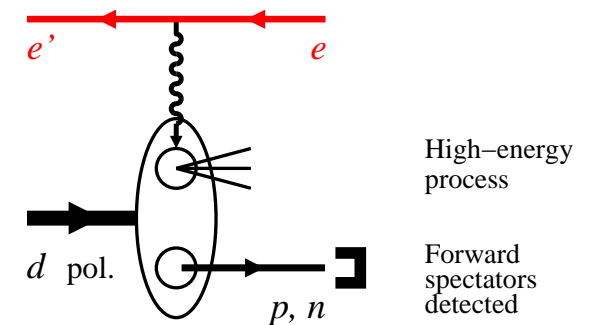


- Spectator tagging and breakup measurements

Identify active nucleon

Control nuclear configuration, interactions

Collider uses forward detectors for p , n , $A - 1$, many advantages over fixed-target



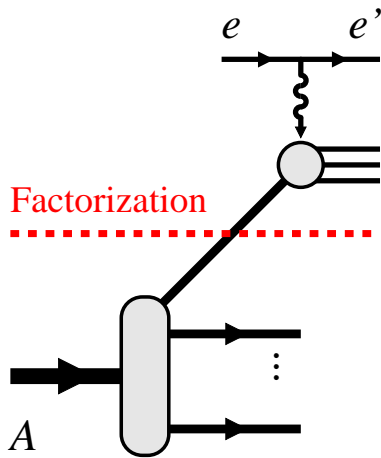
- Nuclear structure from first-principles theoretical calculations

EFT interactions: Controlled accuracy, 3N forces, matching with QCD

Few-body bound states: Faddeev-type methods, finite-basis methods, GFMC, Lattice EFT

Scale dependence: Similarity transforms, RNG

Low-energy structure and high-energy scattering 7



- Factorization of nuclear and nucleonic structure
 - Separation of scales, natural in EFT formulation
 - High-energy process as operator
 - Impulse approximation, final-state interactions
 - Nucleon interactions? Non-nucleonic degrees of freedom?

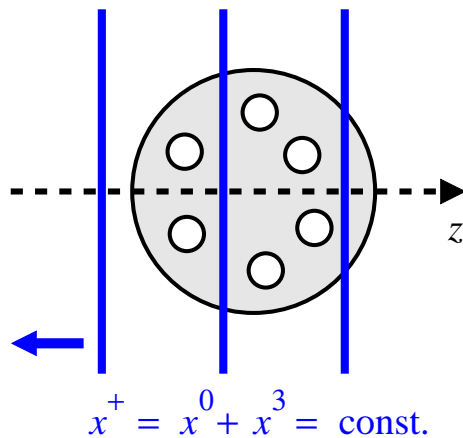
- Light-front nuclear structure

High-energy scattering probes nucleus at fixed light-front time $x^+ = x^0 + x^3 = \text{const.}$

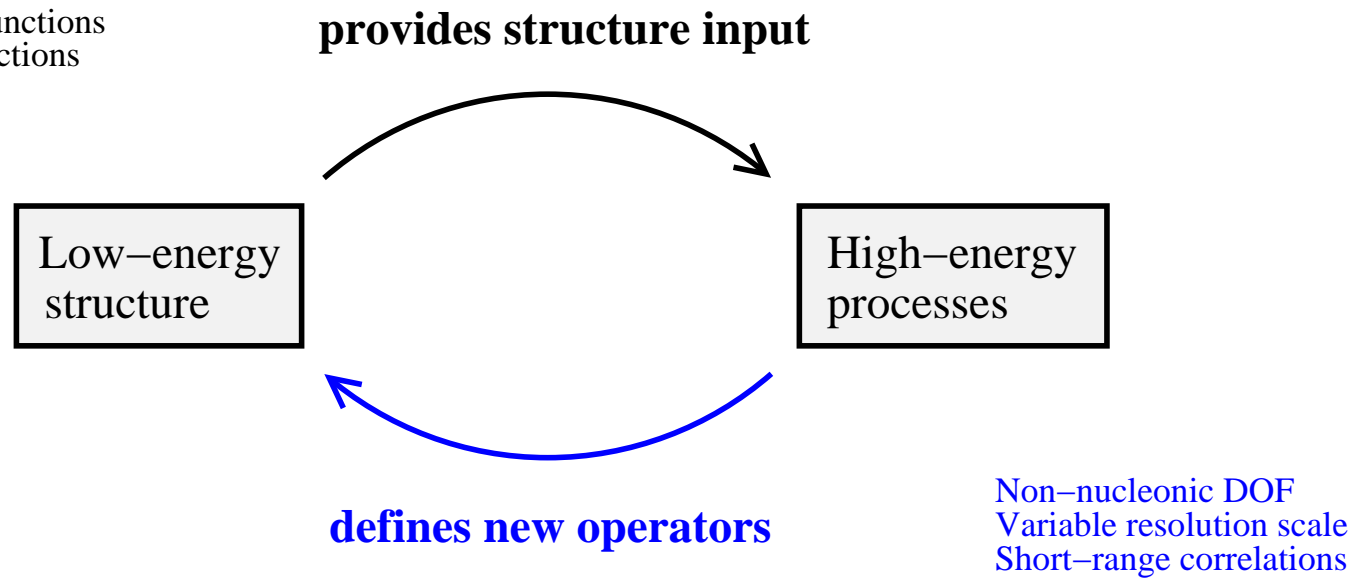
Factorization possible if nucleus described by light-front wave function in nucleon degrees of freedom

Still low-energy structure, just viewed differently!
Can be matched with nonrelativistic structure

Needed for EIC: Light-front momentum densities, spectral functions, decay functions



Wave functions
Spectral functions
Decay functions



- New opportunities for low-energy nuclear structure studies with EIC

Non-nucleonic degrees of freedom, e.g. Δ isobars

Short-range NN correlations

Nuclear breakup induced by new operators

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- Neutron structure
 - Extraction from nuclear DIS data
 - Impact on PDFs, spin, transverse momentum
 - Theoretical uncertainties

Martin, Ent, Scopetta, Sato, Schnell, Munoz Camacho
- Theoretical methods for light nuclei
 - Chiral EFT forces and currents
 - Bound states with Faddeev, finite-basis, lattice EFT

Krebs, Vary, Golak, Elhatisari
- Scale dependence and short-range correlations
 - Dynamical scales in nuclear structure
 - SRC definition and similarity transforms
 - SRCs in $(e, e'N)$ and (e, e') experiments
 - Evidence for 3N correlations

Strikman, Neff, Hebeler, Ryckebusch, Schmidt, Day, Sargsian
- Nuclear breakup and spectator tagging
 - EMC effect and shadowing in tagged DIS
 - Spectator tagging with EIC
 - IR design and forward detection with EIC

Dupre, Hyde, Guzey, Lee, Yoshida
- Spin in structure and fragmentation
 - Polarized EMC effect
 - Tensor polarized deuteron observables
 - Polarized nucleon fragmentation and nuclear breakup
 - Polarized ion beams with EIC and polarimetry

Kohl, Cloet, Lorce, Kumano, Slifer, Kotzinian, Cotogno, Cosyn, Ptitsyn, Morozov