

# Positron beams and Two-photon-exchange: The key to precision form factors

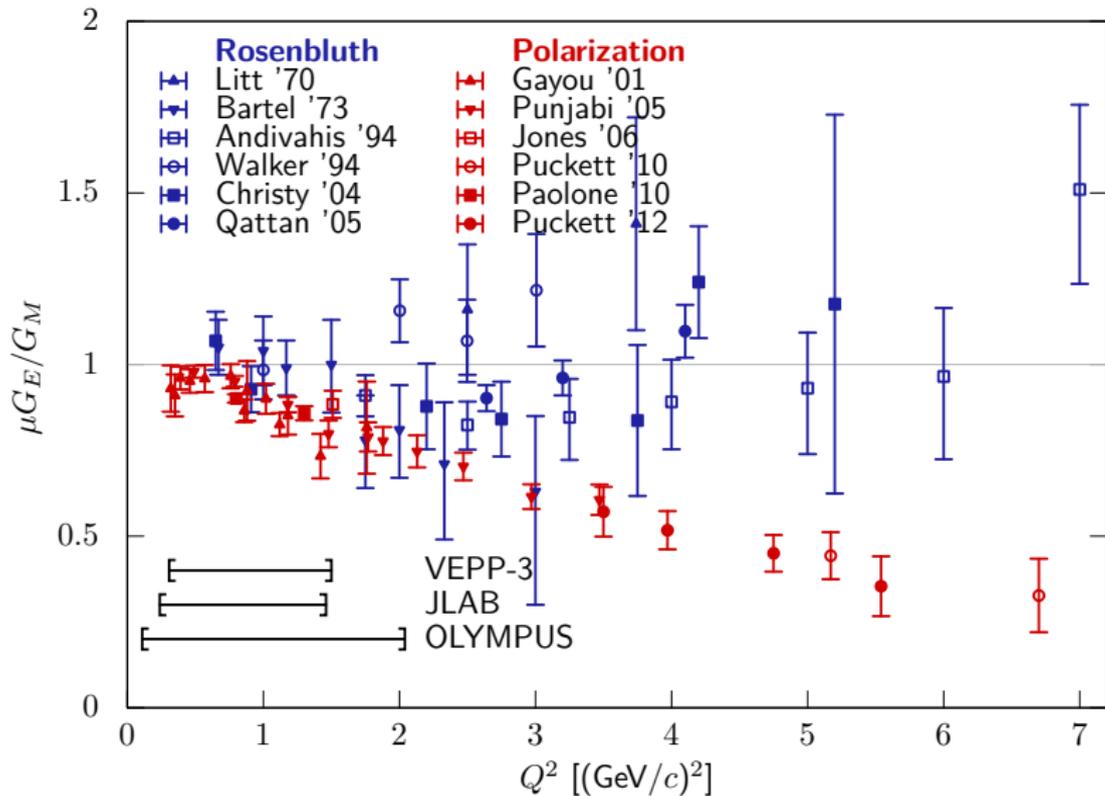
Jan C. Bernauer

JPOS17 – September 2017

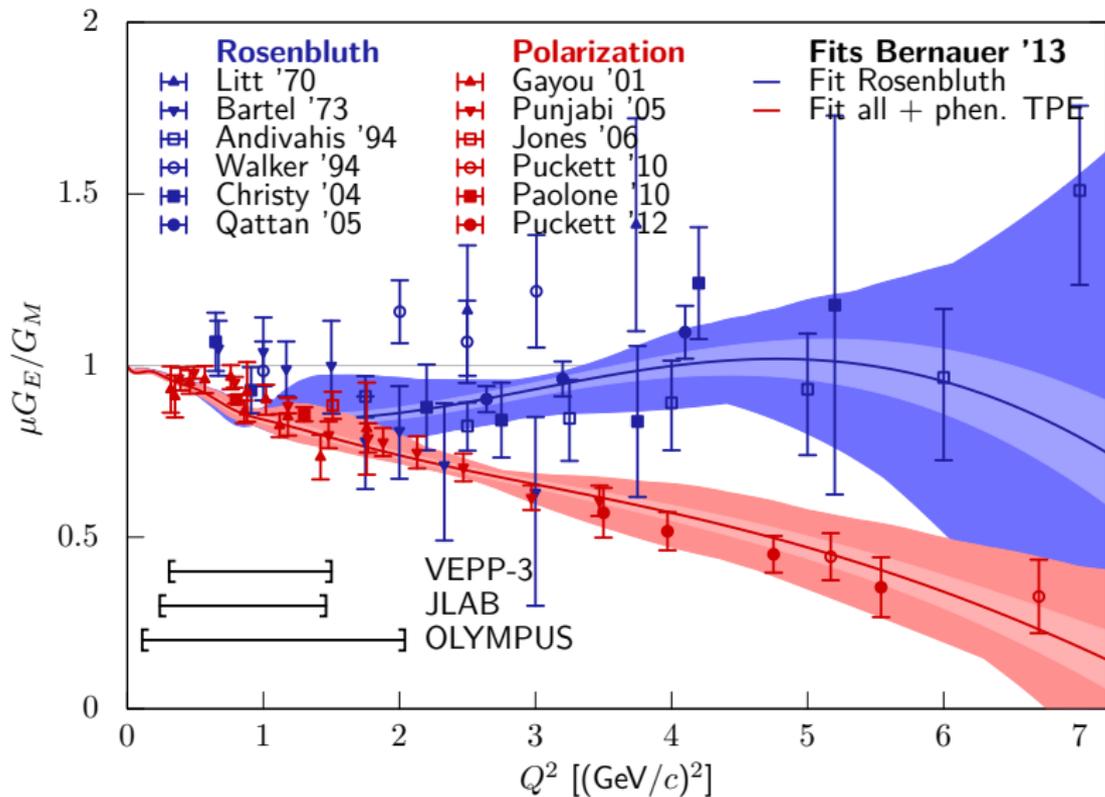


**Massachusetts Institute of Technology**

# Phenomenology



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# Direct measurement: Three modern experiments

## CLAS

- $e^-$  to  $\gamma$  to  $e^{+/-}$ -beam
- Phys. Rev. C 95, 065201 (2017)
- PRL 114, 062003

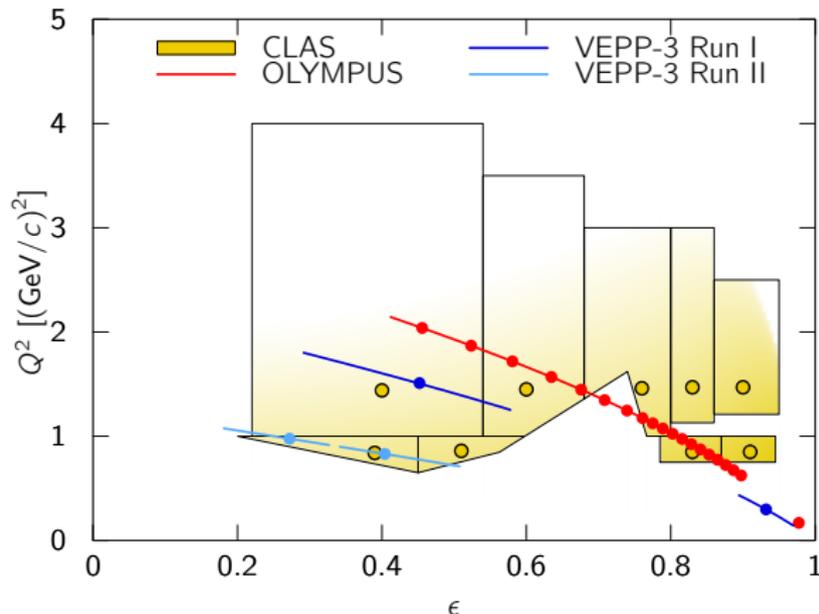
## VEPP-3

- 1.6/1 GeV beam
- no field
- Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 062005 (2015)

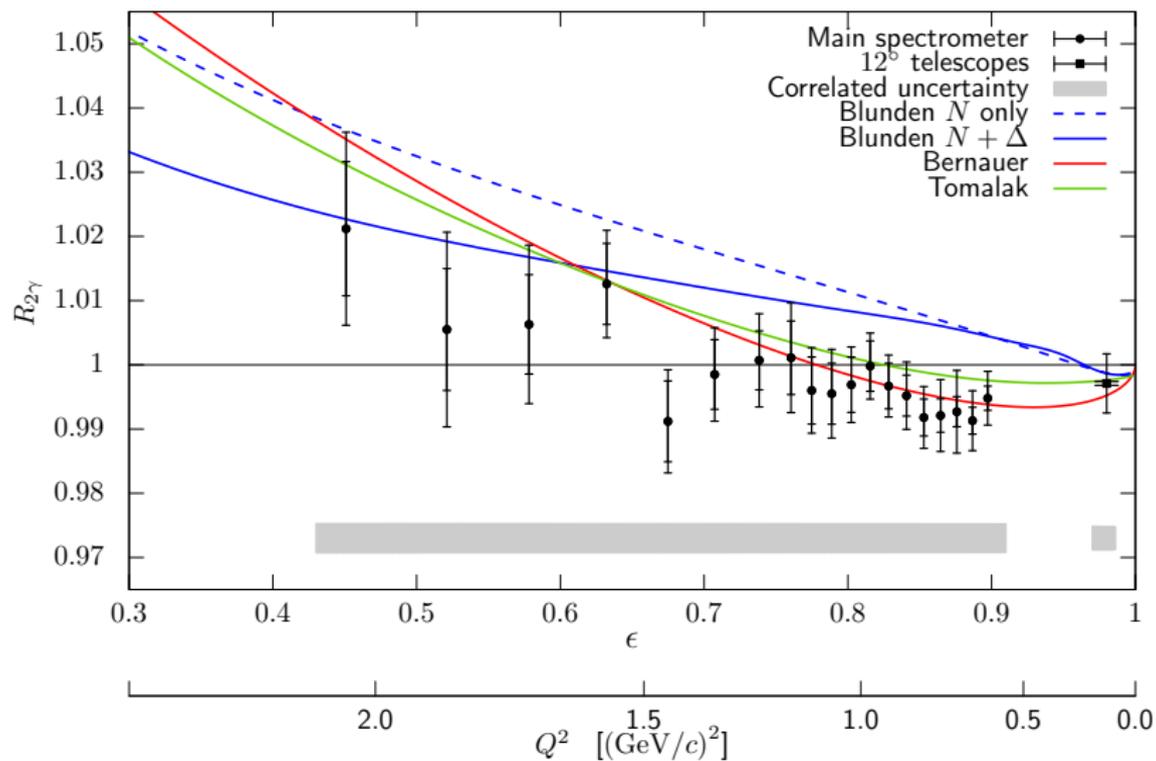
## OLYMPUS

- DORIS @ DESY
- 2 GeV beam
- Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 092501 (2017)

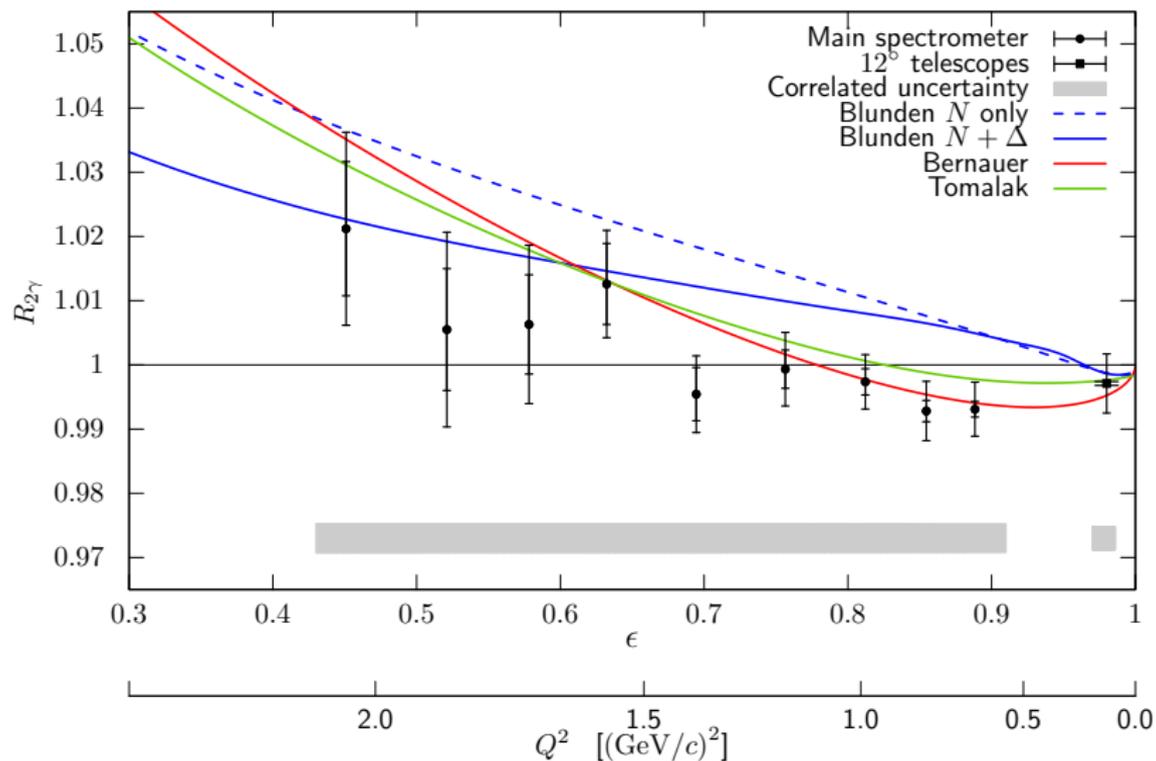
Kinematic Reach of Two-Photon Experiments



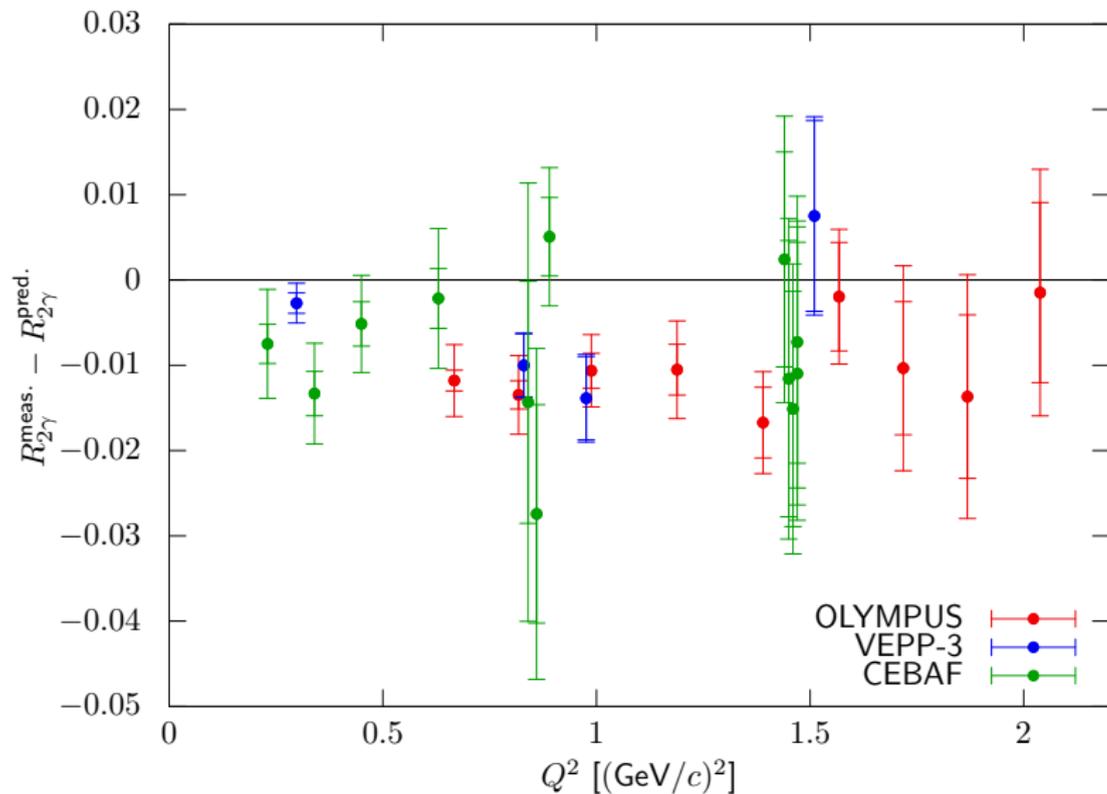
# OLYMPUS results (B. Henderson et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 092501 (2017))



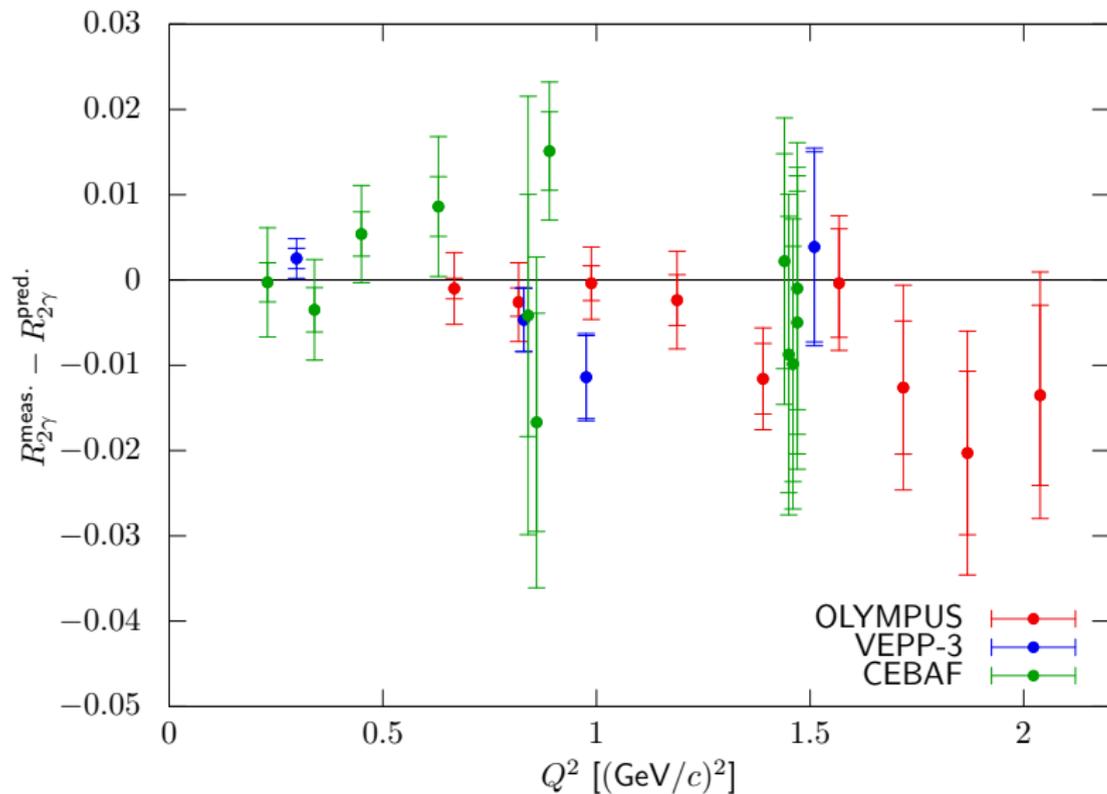
# OLYMPUS results re-binned



# Difference of data to prediction: Blunden's hadronic calculation



# Difference of data to prediction: Bernauer et al. phenomenological prediction



# $\chi^2$ of the world data set

	VEPP-3	CLAS		OLYMPUS		World
	$\frac{\chi^2}{n_{d.f.}}$	$\frac{\chi^2}{n_{d.f.}}$	N.	$\frac{\chi^2}{n_{d.f.}}$	N.	$\frac{\chi^2}{n_{d.f.}}$
No hard TPE	7.97	0.84	$0.43\sigma$	0.65	$0.75\sigma$	1.53
Blunden	4.01	0.70	$1.23\sigma$	0.73	$2.14\sigma$	1.088
Bernauer	1.95	0.58	$-0.40\sigma$	0.49	$0.45\sigma$	0.679

- CLAS and OLYMPUS have too large errors
- Vepp-3 rules out no hard TPE
- Blunden et al get slope right, but large normalization shifts.
  - Probability for worse shift in same direction:  $< 0.4\%$
- Phenomenological fit clearly preferred by all three experiments

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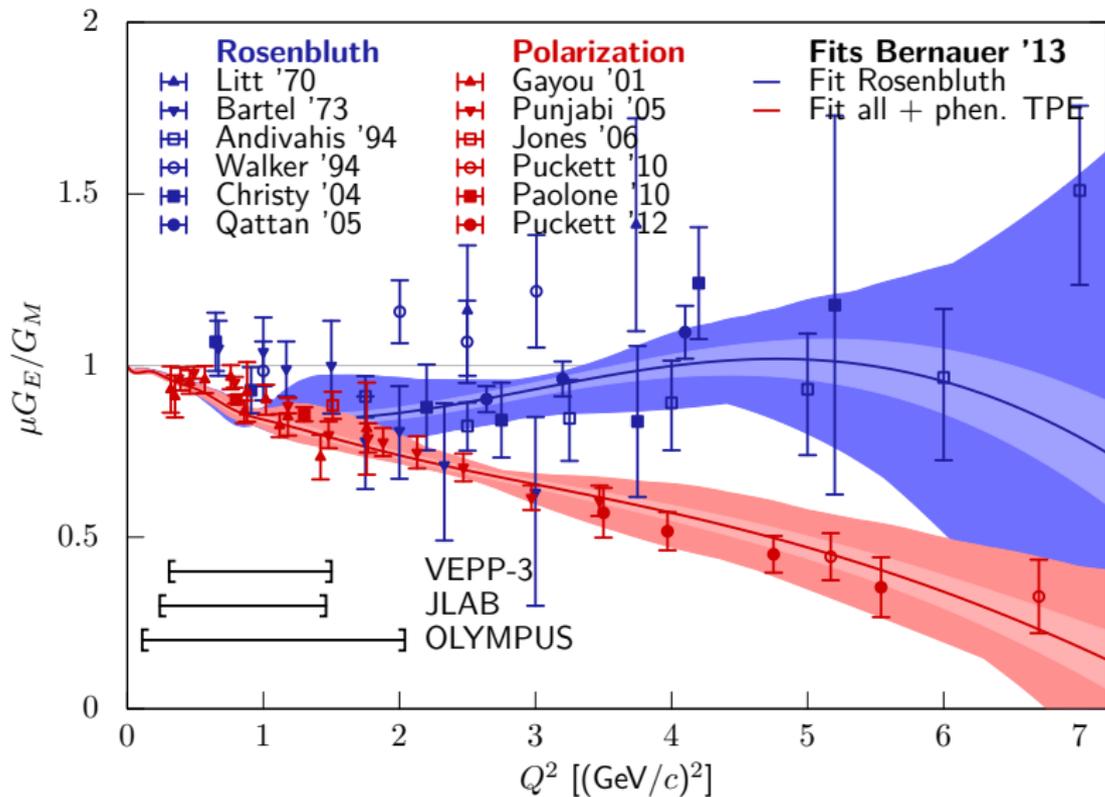
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Need new measurements at relevant kinematics

# Phenomenology



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$$\implies \frac{G_E}{G_M} \sim 1 - \alpha \tau f(Q^2)$$

- We can only expect weak dependence on  $Q^2$   
 $\implies$  Logarithmic dependence in Mainz fit, many calculations

# Constructing a figure of merit

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- FOM is the deviation of  $R_{2\gamma}$  from unity, measured in units of uncertainty:

$$FOM = \frac{|R_{2\gamma} - 1|}{\sqrt{\Delta_{stat}^2 + \Delta_{syst}^2}}$$

- Statistical error:  $\Delta_{stat} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\sigma \times L \times t \times A}}$
- Systematical error:  $\Delta_{syst} = 1\%$

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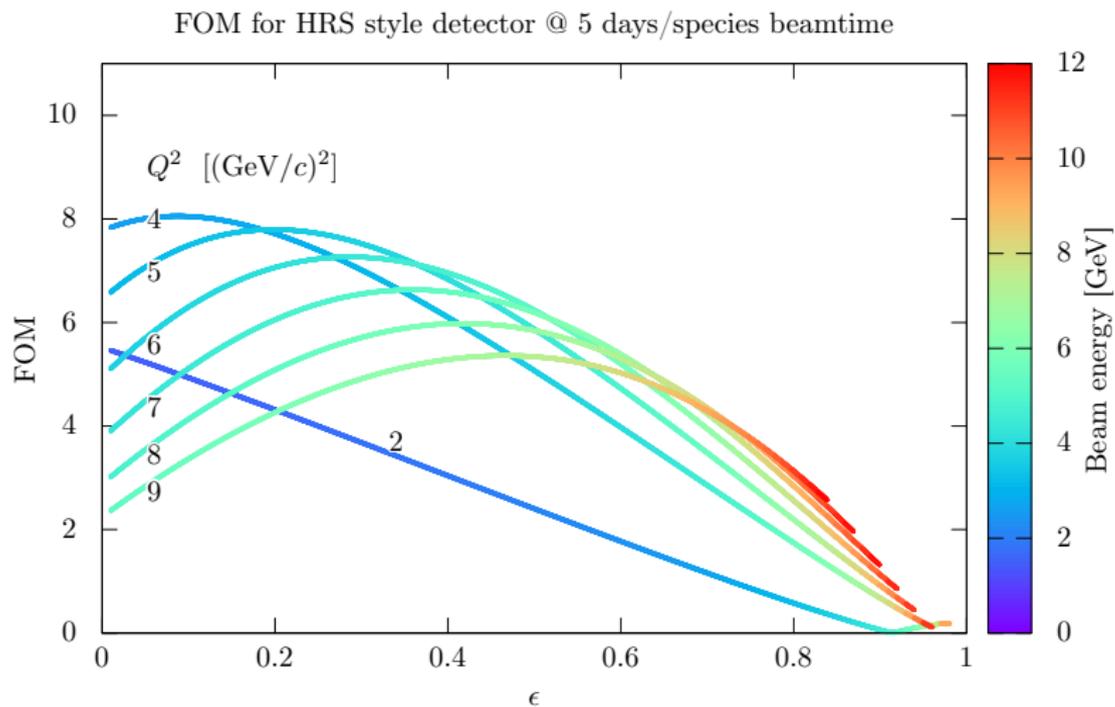
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- Jefferson Lab
  - Has detectors, but no beam (yet)

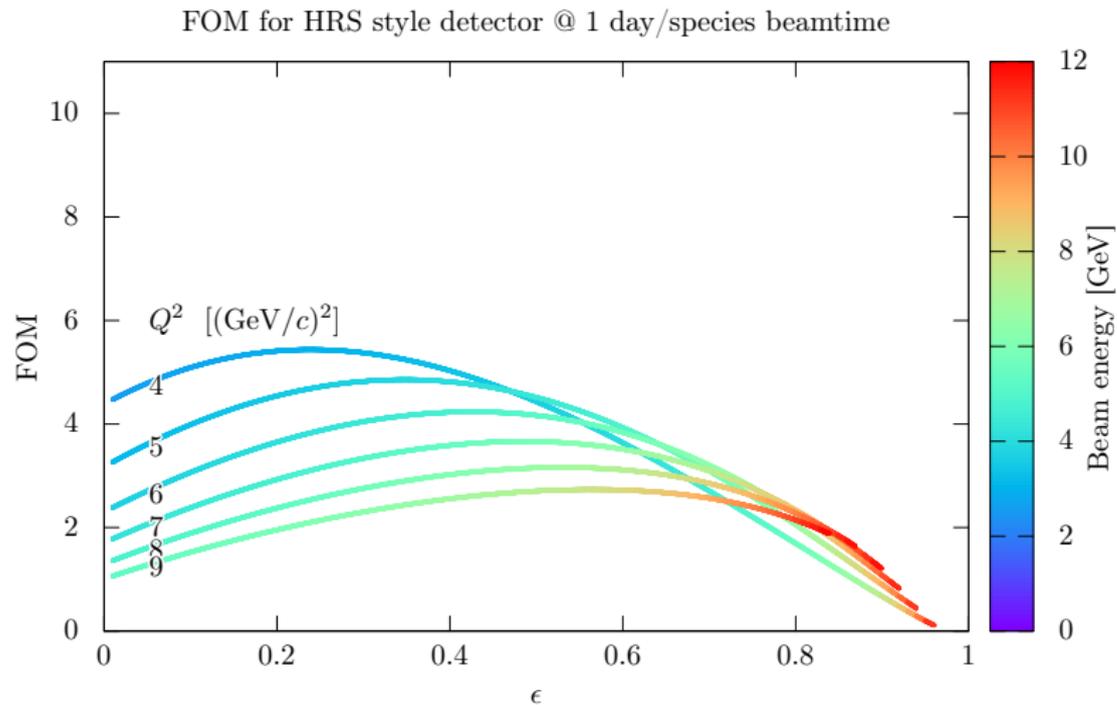
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- DESY
  - Has no detectors, but beam
  - However: small time window: PETRA 3 will run with electrons only!

- Assume  $1\mu\text{A}$  positron/electron beam on 10 cm target  
 $\implies L = 2.6 \cdot 10^{36} / (\text{cm}^2\text{s})$
- Acceptance: 6 msr

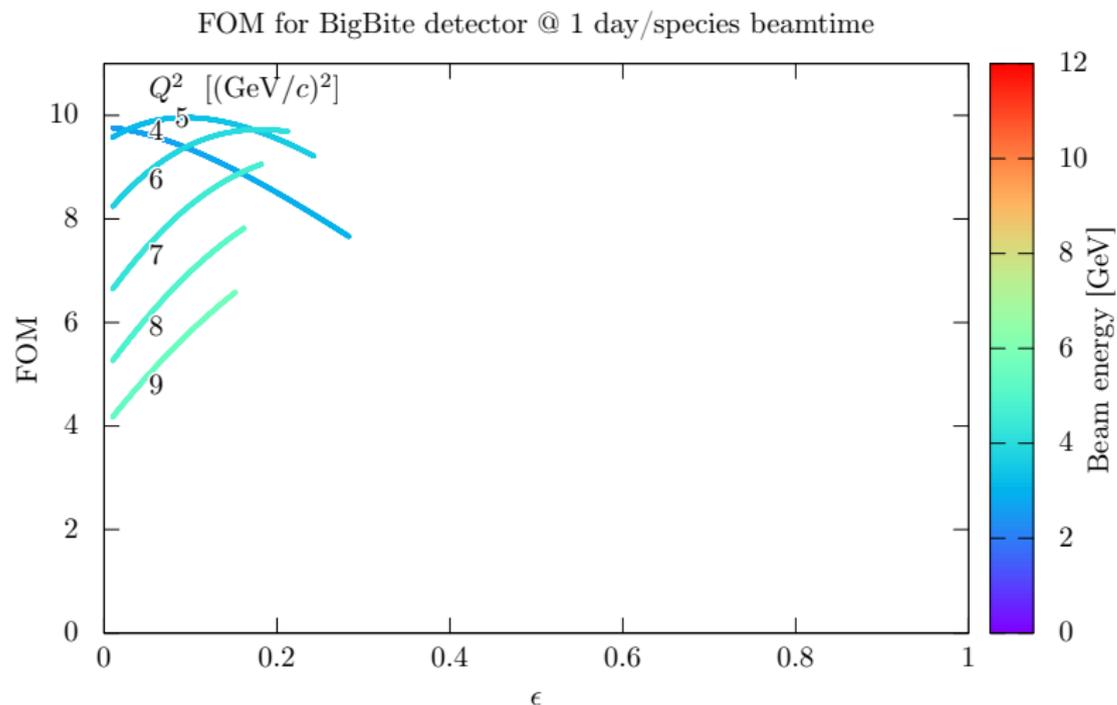
# JLab @ 5 days per species





- 96 msr!
- But limited momentum acceptance.
- Limits angle  $> 70 - 90^\circ$

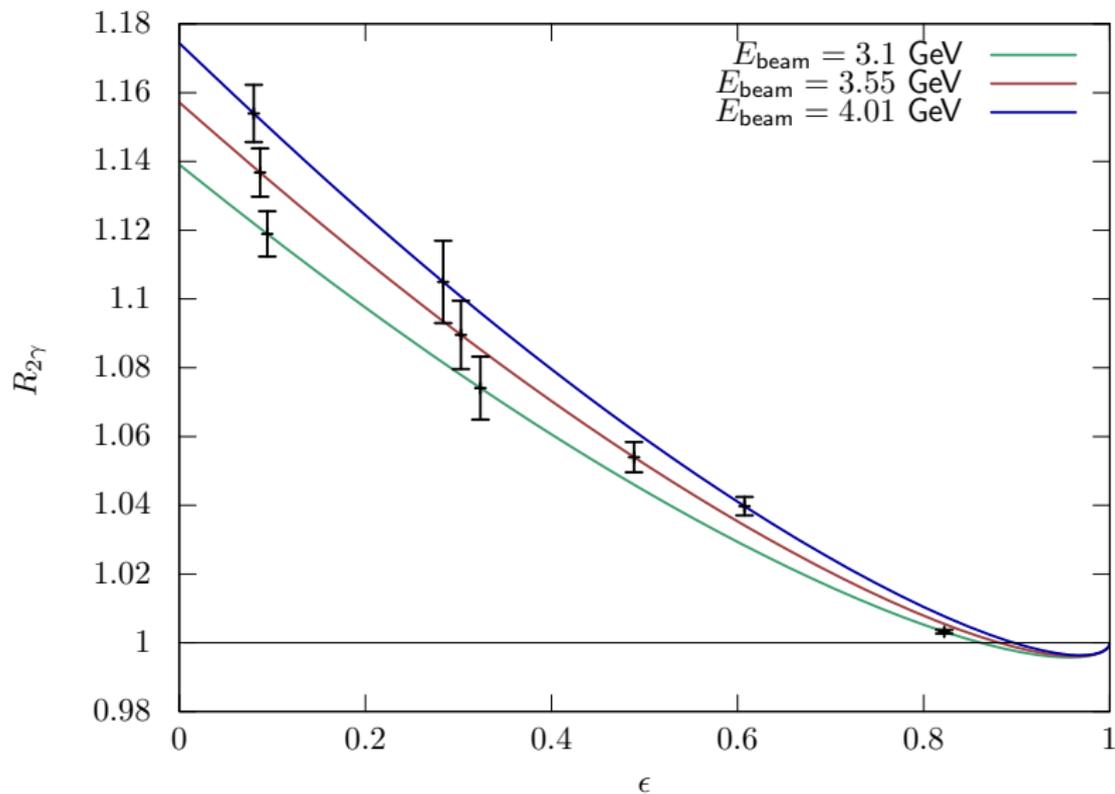
# JLab BigBite @ 1 day per species



- 10 cm target
- two spectrometers, 6.7 msr
- BigBite, 96 msr
- runtime with 100% efficiency

$E_{\text{beam}}$	3.1	3.55	4.01
Angles	30/70/110	52.7/70/110	42.55/70/110
$Q^2$	1.79/3.99/4.75	3.99/4.75/5.56	3.99/5.55/6.4
$\epsilon$	0.822/0.32/0.1	0.49/0.3/0.09	0.6/0.28/0.08
Time	1 day	2 days	3 days

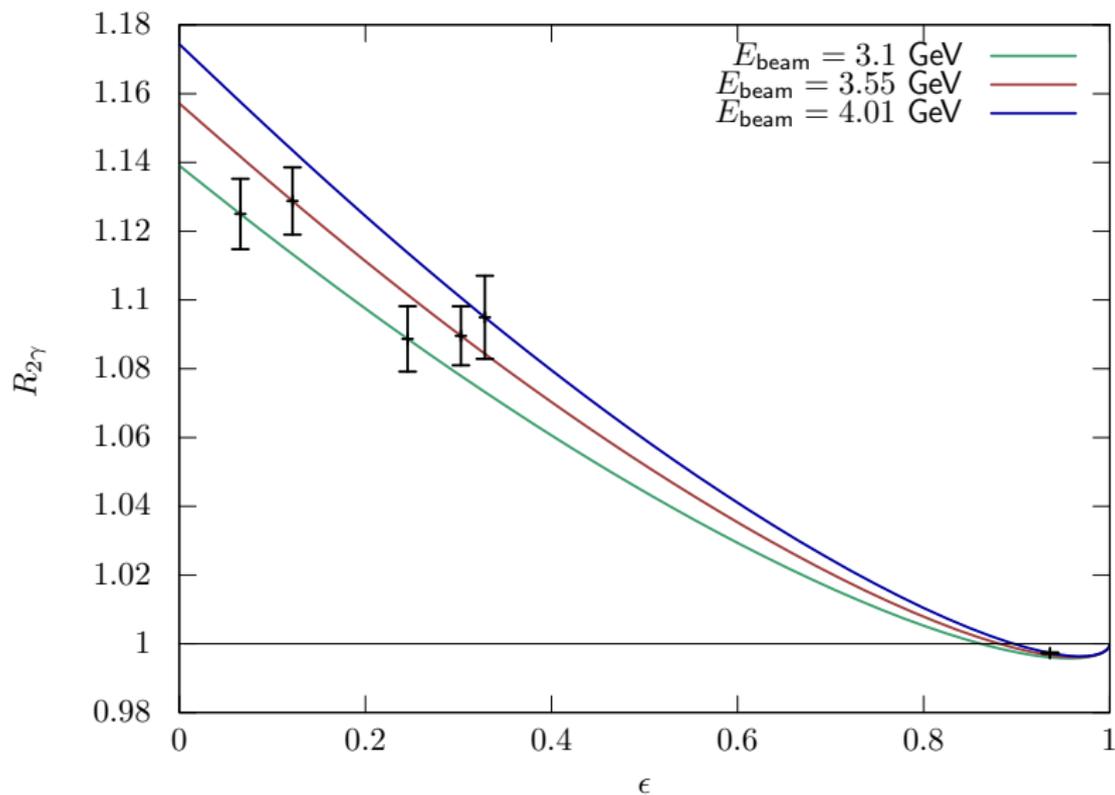
# Hall A projected errors



- 10 cm target for HMS, SHMS
- HMS: 6 msr ( $e^-$ ), SHMS 4 msr (proton)
- runtime with 100% efficiency

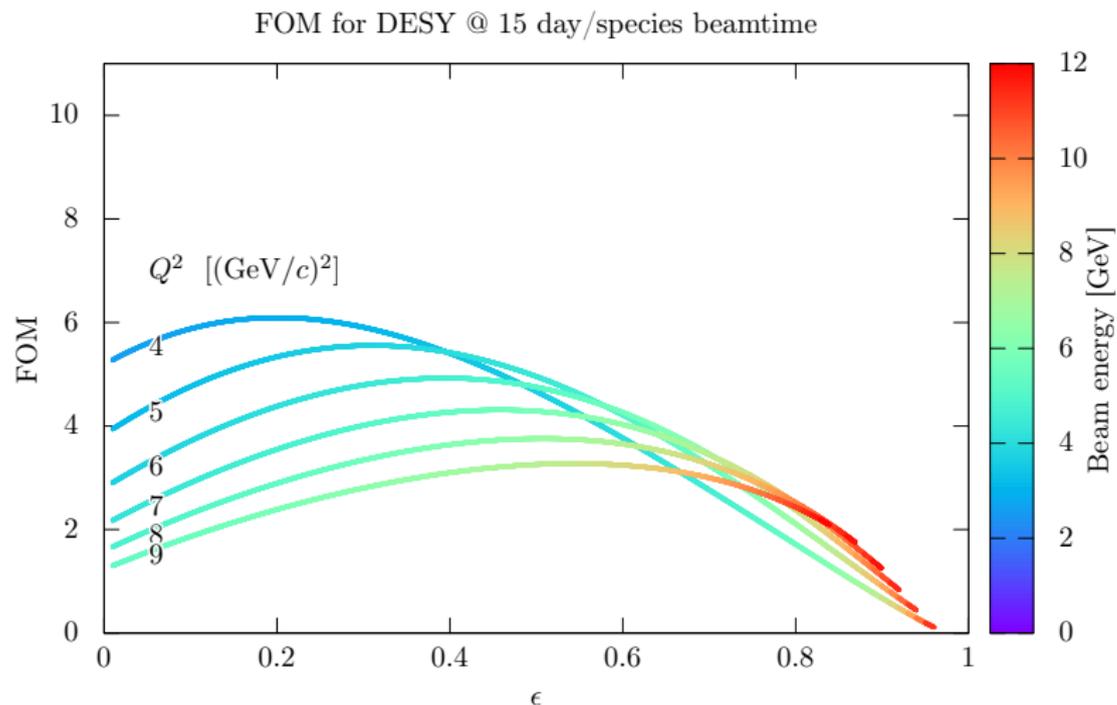
$E_{\text{beam}}$	3.1	3.55	4.01
Angles	79.7/7.64 (120)	70/9.95 (100)	18/16.57 (65)
$Q^2$	4.25/4.84	4.76/5.43	1.3/5.35
$\epsilon$	0.244/0.06	0.302/0.122	0.935/0.33
Time	3 days	2 days	1 days

# Hall C projected errors

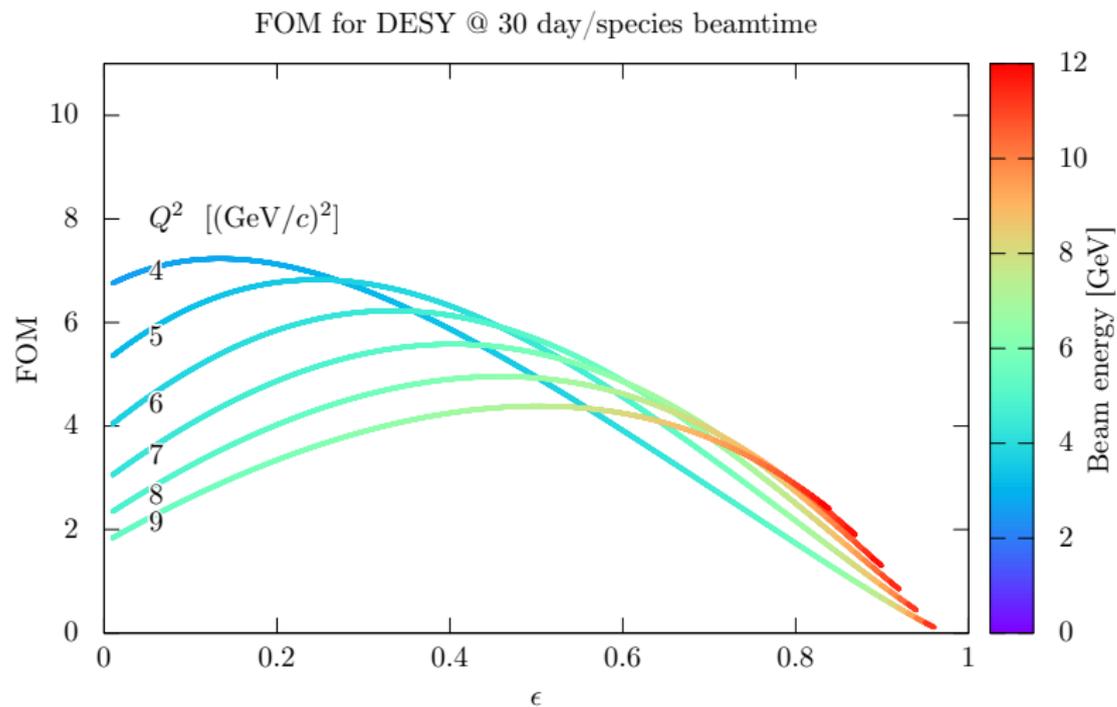


- DESY might have a test beam facility with positron/electron beams.
- Current: 60 nA (single bunch, maybe can do more?)
- Short window of opportunity: PETRA 3 might stop positron running.
- Target: Borrow from Mainz?
- Detector: Borrow something developed for Panda? Calorimeter? Assume 10 msr

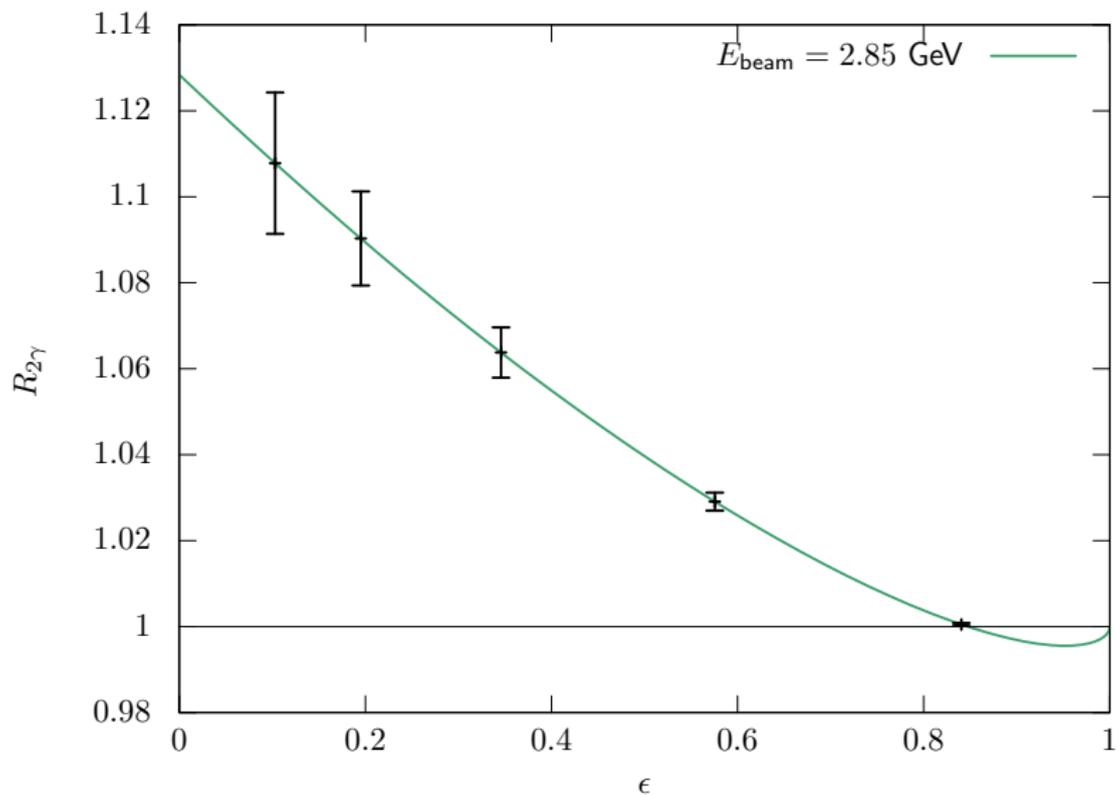
# DESY @ 15 days per species



# DESY @ 30 days per species



# DESY projected errors (15 days per species)



- Many systematics cancel if measured with same apparatus
- But: How same is same?
  - Have to reverse field?
  - Efficiency, dead time stable?
  - Same beam energy / same beam angle?

# Systematic errors I

- Many systematics cancel if measured with same apparatus
- But: How same is same?
  - Have to reverse field?
  - Efficiency, dead time stable?
  - Same beam energy / same beam angle?

Switch beam species often. If possible, multiple times a day!

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- Super forward elastic lepton-proton
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- Look at random coincidences
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This is the trickiest part!

# Things I didn't talk about

- CLAS12
  - What energy resolution can be achieved?  
Radiative corrections might be tricky.
- Low- $Q^2$  measurements
  - Strong dependence of extracted magnetic radius on TPE calculation
  - (probably less relevant for proton electric radius)
- Polarization experiments
  - See Axel's talk

# Conclusion

- New measurements crucial for understanding form factors at large  $Q^2$
- Effect in  $G_E/G_M$  grows  $\sim$ linearly  $\rightarrow$  weak  $Q^2$  dependence of TPE
- Measure at relevant  $Q^2$ , and small  $\epsilon$ !
- Straight forward measurement at Jefferson Lab. But when?
- Doable at DESY, but tight time line