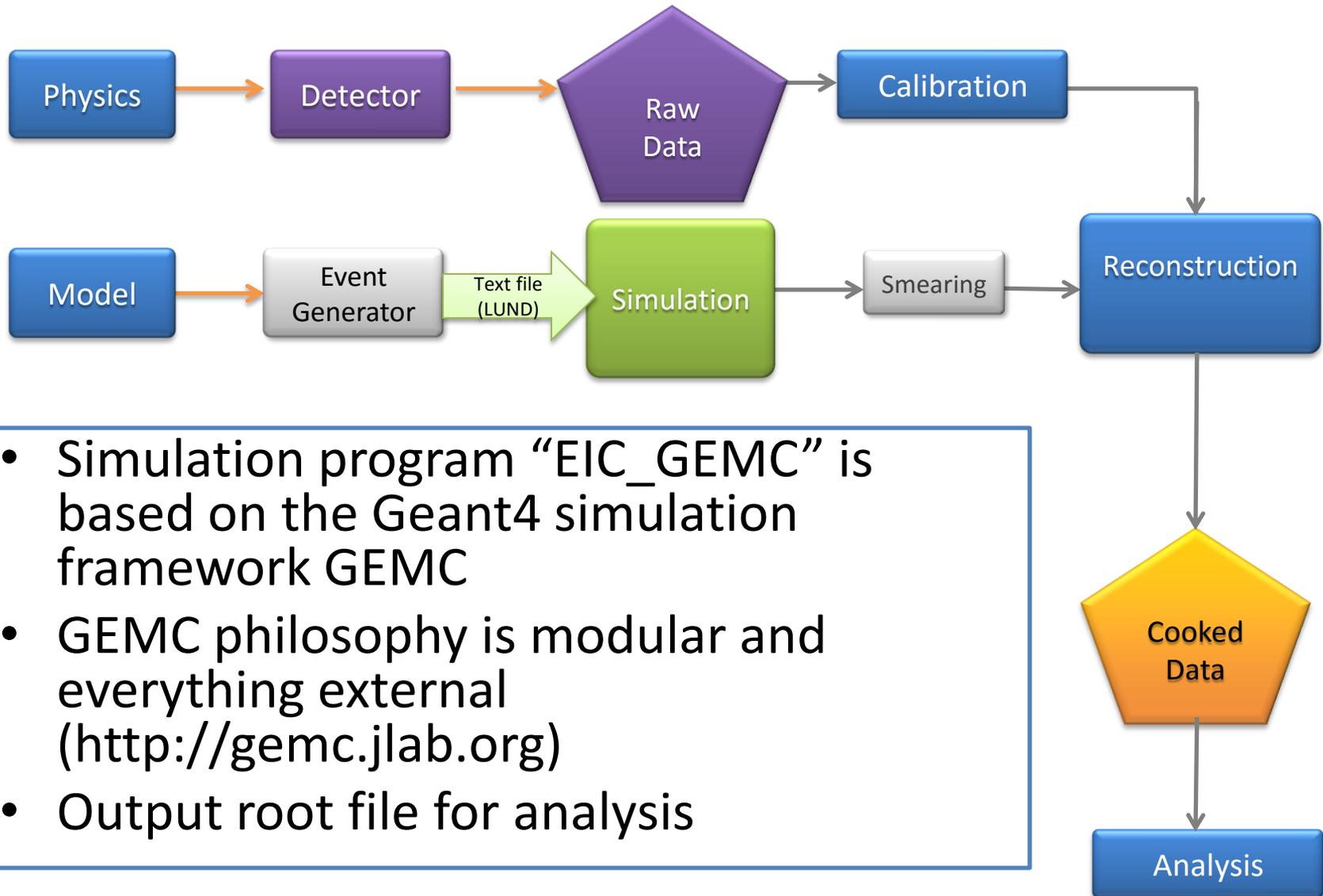


# JLEIC Detector Simulation Forward Ion Detection

Zhiwen Zhao

2016/10/28

# Data Flow



- Simulation program “EIC\_GEMC” is based on the Geant4 simulation framework GEMC
- GEMC philosophy is modular and everything external (<http://gemc.jlab.org>)
- Output root file for analysis

# Event Generation

- Independent
- Text file in LUND format, providing kinematics and particle 4 vectors
- an example

Header

2 1. 1. 0 -1 0.209 0.336 6.373 1.448 -1.000

Particle 1

1 -1. 1 11 0 0 0.9636 -0.1675 7.2357 7.3015 0.0005 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Particle 2

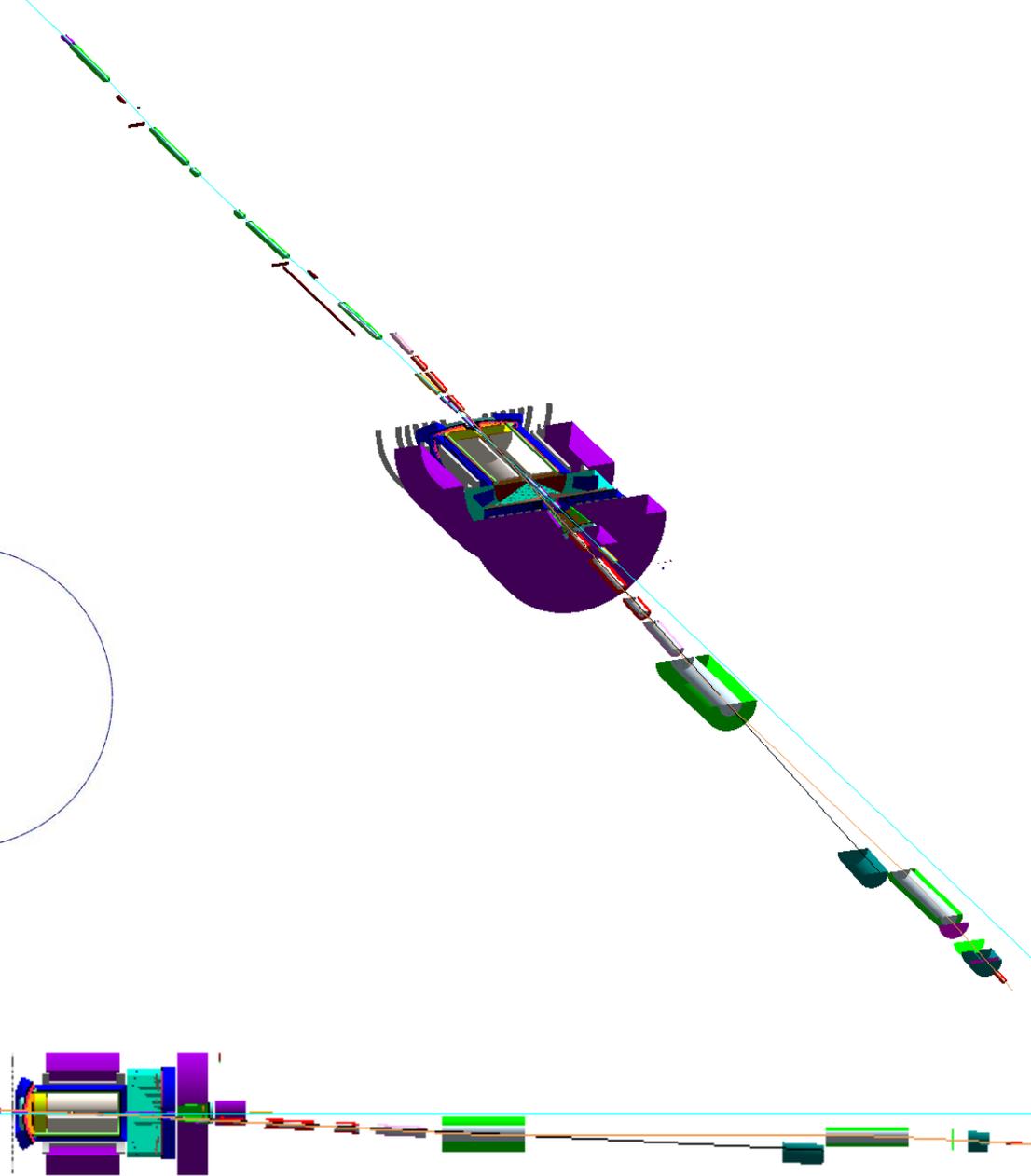
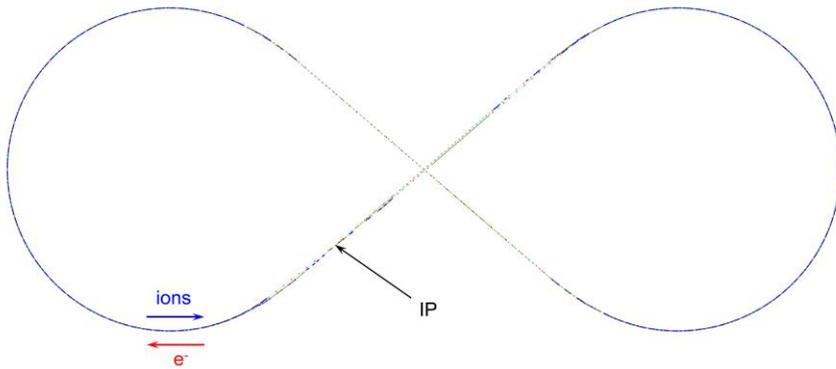
2 1. 1 2212 0 0 -0.6536 0.0604 0.3367 1.1935 0.9383 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

## EIC event generators we have so far

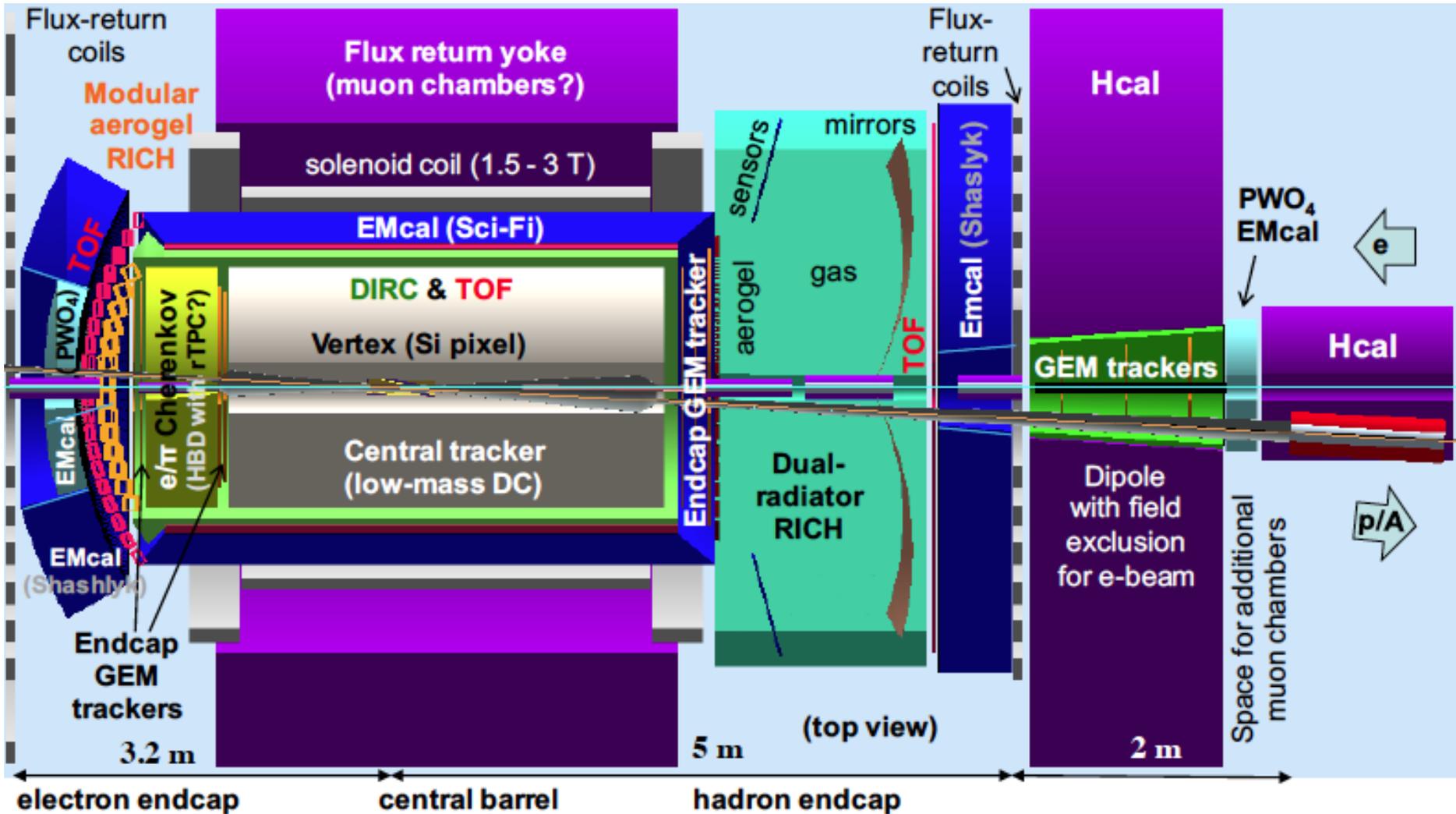
- DVCS
  - “MILOU” from HERA/BNL
- Forward tagging generator
  - developed by the LDRD
- SIDIS
  - developed by Duke U for EIC whitepaper
- Inclusive
  - “eicRate”, based on CTEQ and Wiser fit
- more from BNL group

# Detector Simulation (interaction region)

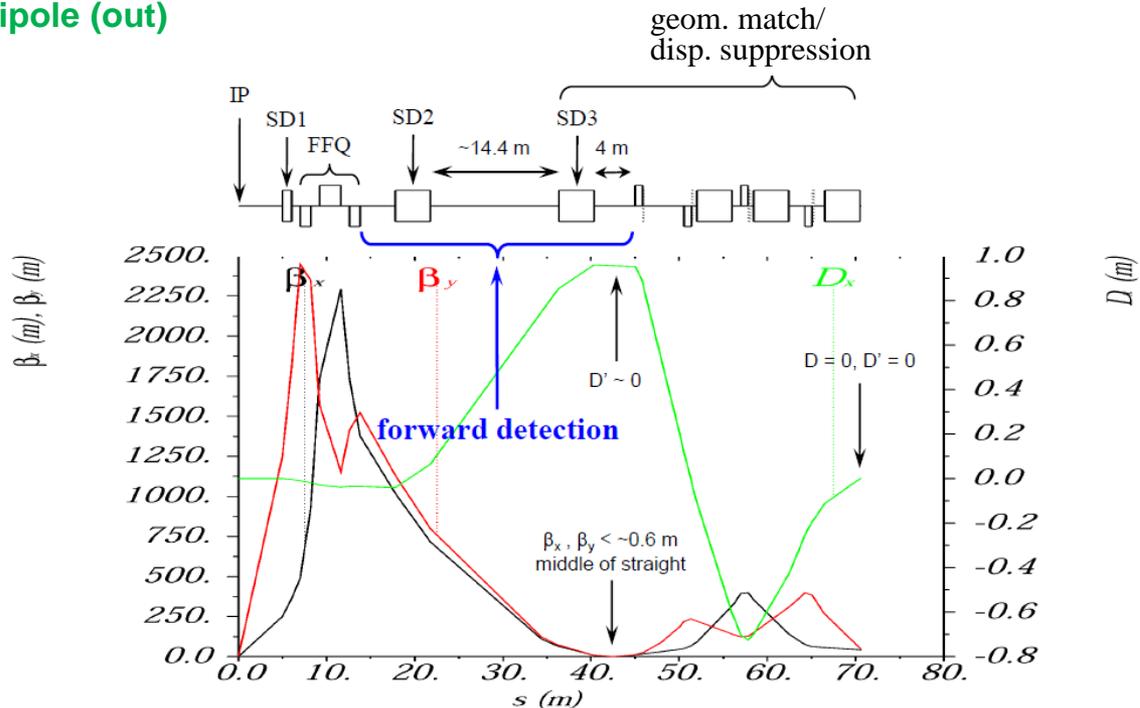
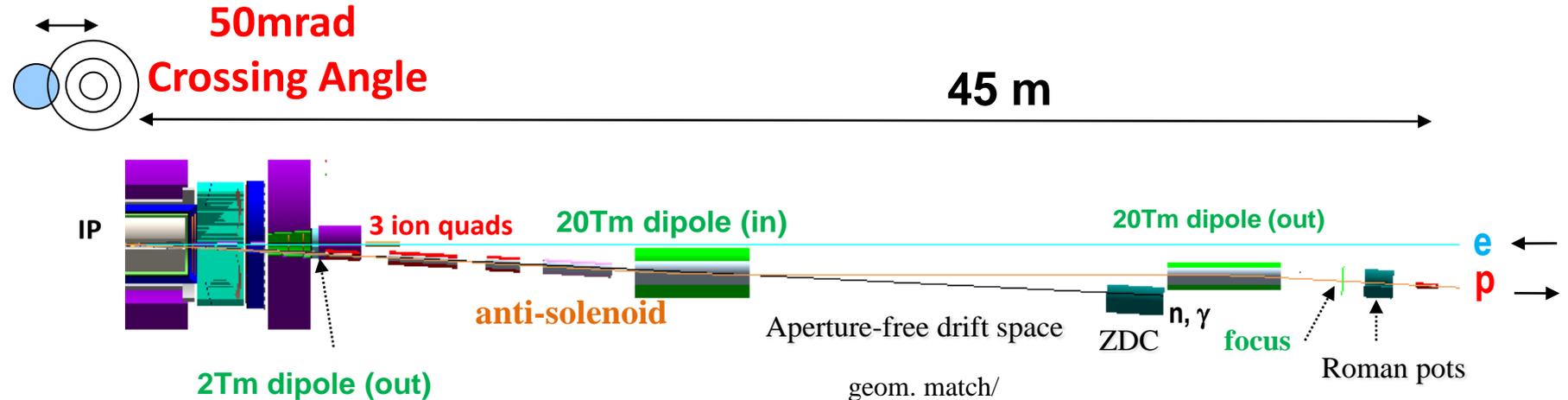
- Fully-integrated central detector and beamline with forward detection of e<sup>-</sup> and ion



# Detector Simulation (Central Detector)



# Detector Simulation (Ion Forward)



# Beamline Optics

## from ACC design to detector design

- A simple text file to record the essential from ACC design
- A script to auto generate type, geometry, position, strength of all magnets in simulation
- It ensures a coherent IR design between accelerator or detector

```
i_ds_dipole1_length | 1.497893902 | m | ion downstream dipole1 length | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_dipole1_innerhalfaperture | 45 | cm | ion downstream dipole1 innerhalfaperture | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_dipole1_outerhalfaperture | 49 | cm | ion downstream dipole1 outerhalfaperture | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_dipole1_strength | 1.333366896 | T | ion downstream dipole1 strength | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_dipole1_X | 0 | m | ion downstream dipole1 X center | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_dipole1_Z | 5.742698253 | m | ion downstream dipole1 Z center | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_length | 1.2 | m | ion downstream quad1 length | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_innerhalfaperture | 6.75 | cm | ion downstream quad1 innerhalfaperture | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_outerhalfaperture | 17.1 | cm | ion downstream quad1 outerhalfaperture | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_strength | -87.02661678 | T/m | ion downstream quad1 strength | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_X | -0.390919069 | m | ion downstream quad1 X center | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_Z | 7.5899211 | m | ion downstream quad1 Z center | - | - | - | - | - | -  
i_ds_quad1_Theta | -0.05599600898 | rad | ion downstream quad1 Theta | - | - | - | - | - | -
```

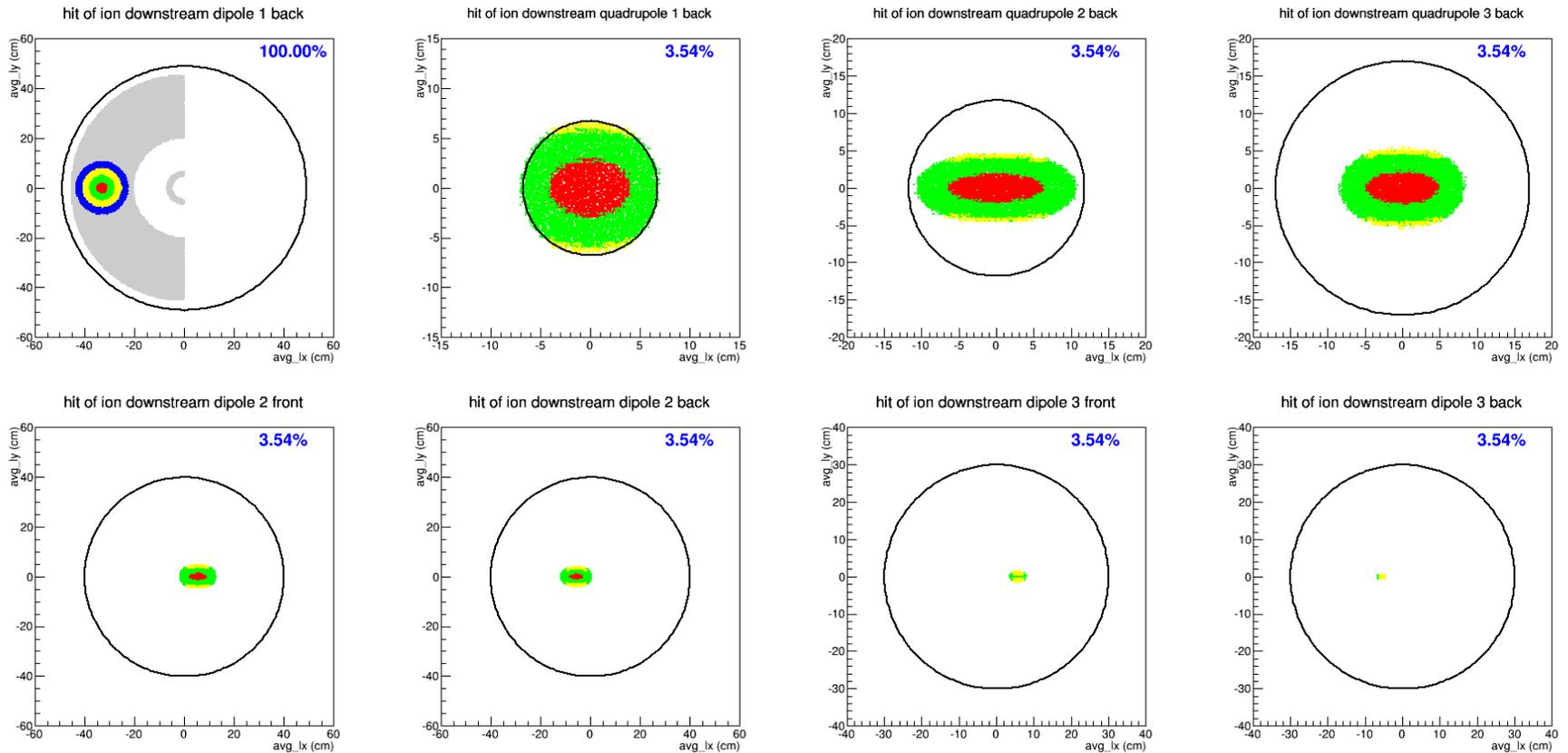
quad 1,2,3 with 6,6,6T tip field

Angle

Red	0.00-0.25	deg
Green	0.25-0.50	deg
Yellow	0.50-0.75	deg
Blue	0.75-1.00	deg
Gray	1.00 -any	deg

# Hit pattern at ion downstream magnet

## Proton 99-100GeV



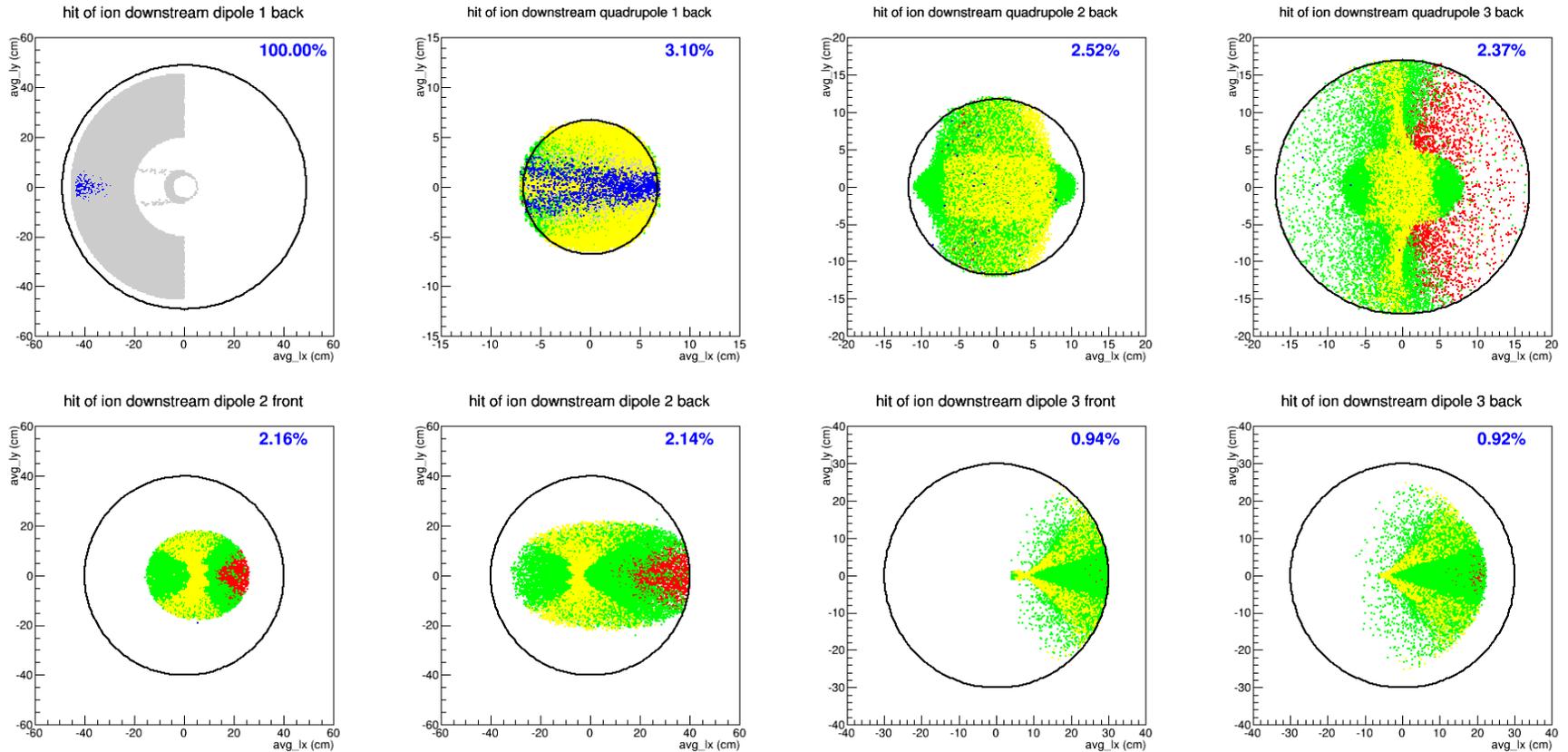
quad 1,2,3 with 6,6,6T tip field

Angle

Red	0.00-0.25	deg
Green	0.25-0.50	deg
Yellow	0.50-0.75	deg
Blue	0.75-1.00	deg
Gray	1.00 -any	deg

# Hit pattern at ion downstream magnet

## Proton 0-100GeV



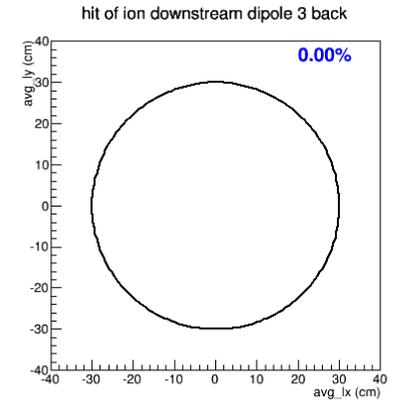
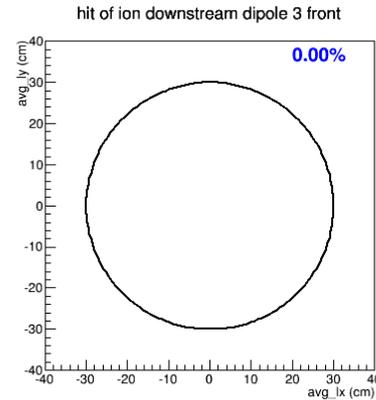
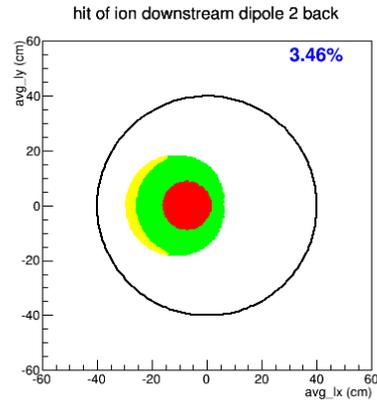
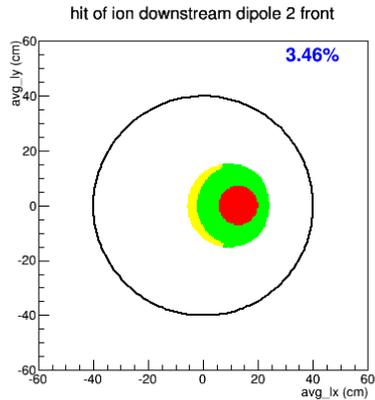
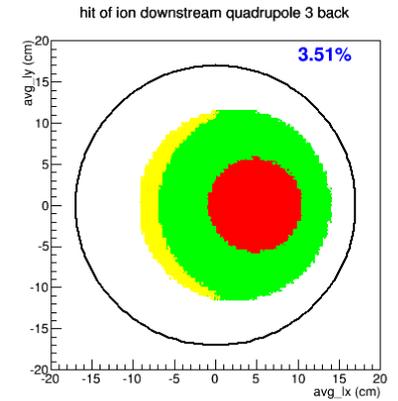
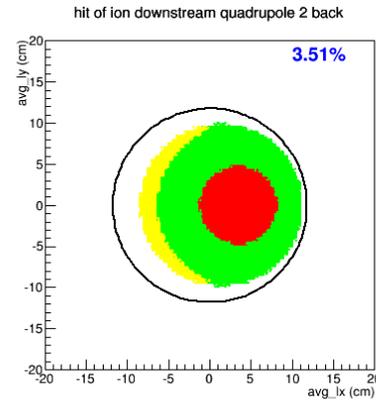
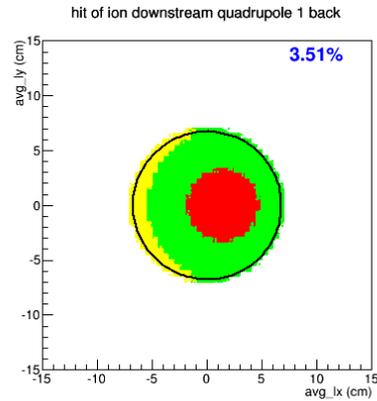
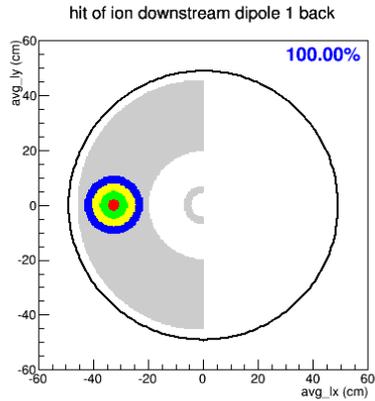
quad 1,2,3 with 6,6,6T tip field

Angle

Red	0.00-0.25	deg
Green	0.25-0.50	deg
Yellow	0.50-0.75	deg
Blue	0.75-1.00	deg
Gray	1.00 -any	deg

# Hit pattern at ion downstream magnet

## Neutron 0-100GeV

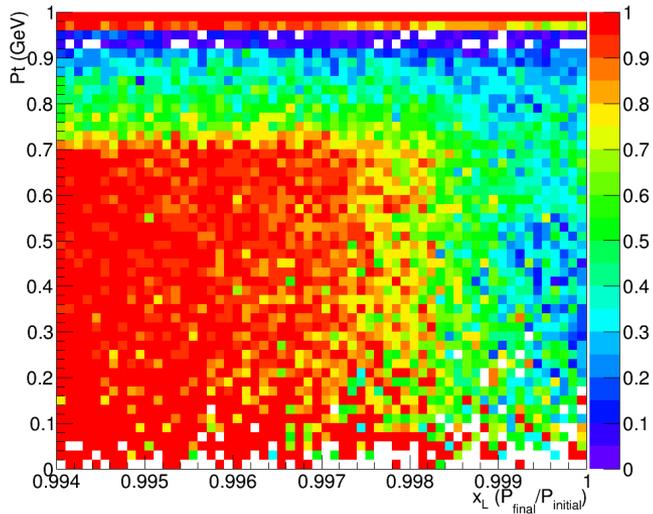


# Acceptance (with cooling)

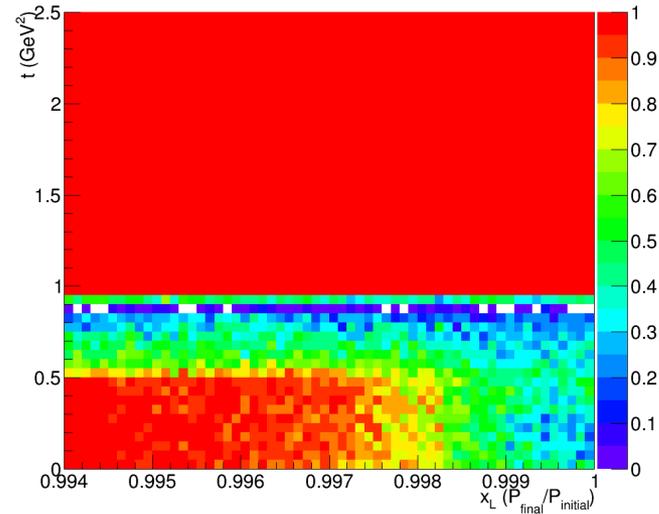
Extended vertex

Cut on 2<sup>nd</sup> focus

acceptance

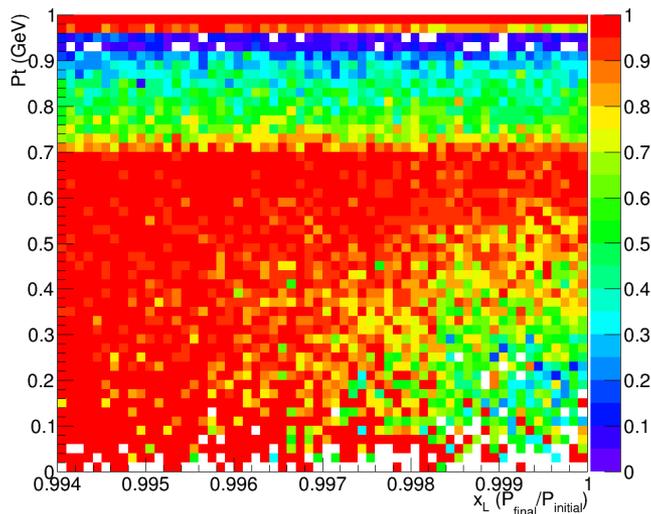


acceptance

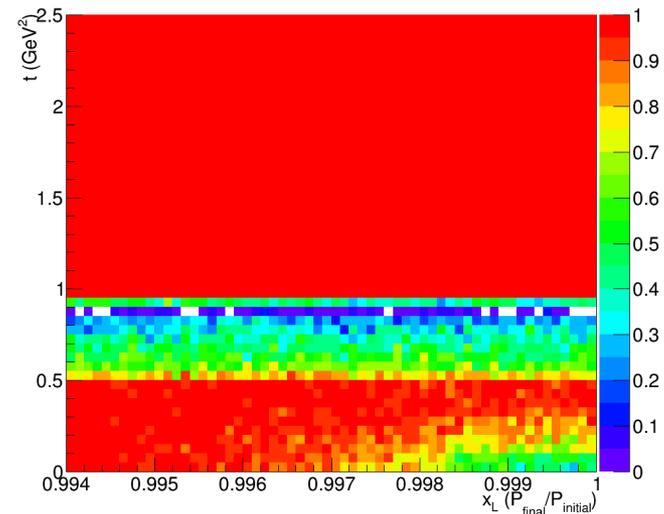


Add these detected by two planes

acceptance



acceptance



# Eic\_fastMC

- Study acceptance of primary particles in `eic_gemc` and at various detector region with field effect, and store it in 2D/3D histogram
- For different detector region, use file/database to store detector features like track resolution and pid probability
- Front end is a function with stable input and output format as only interface to users
  - input: particle type and 4-mom
  - Return: acceptance at a particular region and its resolution and pid performance, also smeared 4 vector

# How to use

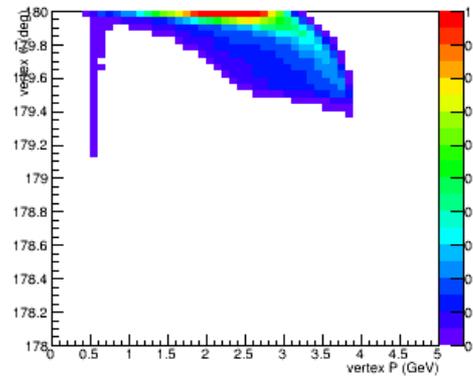
- `#include "eic_fastmc.h"`
- `eic_fastmc(const char detector[],const char version[],const char ebeam[],const char ibeam[],const char solenoid[],bool debug=false);`
- `int get_eic_fastmc(const int pid,const double * kin,int *region,double *acc,double *res,double *kin_smeared,double *pident,bool debug=false);`

- It takes input
  1. pid in PDG format (**not implemented yet**)
  2. vertex P (GeV)
  3. vertex Theta (deg)
  4. vertex Phi (deg)
  5. vertex E (GeV)
- and return output
  1. region accepted (0-8) or not accepted in any region (-1)
  2. acceptance value (0-1)
  3. resolution of  $dP/P(\%)$ ,  $d\theta(\text{deg})$ ,  $d\phi(\text{deg})$ ,  $dz(\text{cm})$
  4. Gaussian smeared  $P(\text{GeV})$ ,  $\theta(\text{deg})$ ,  $\phi(\text{deg})$ ,  $E(\text{GeV})$
  5. probability of identifying this particle (0-1)

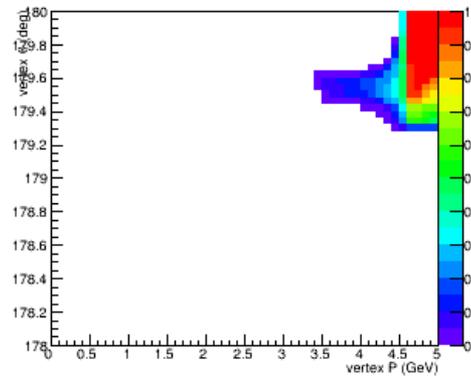
Using acceptance determines region, then we find PID and resolution accordingly

# Acceptance 2D

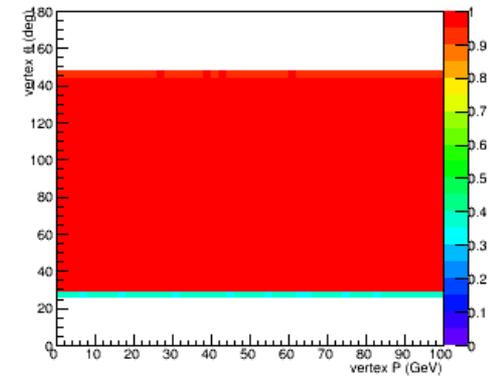
acc\_ThetaP\_eledipole1side



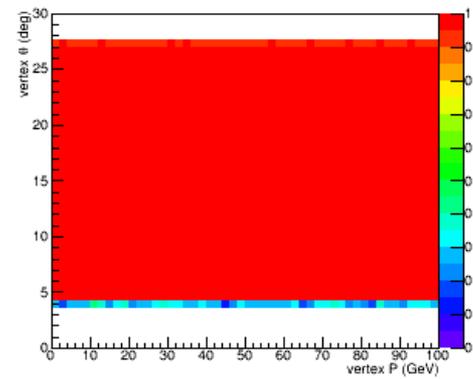
acc\_ThetaP\_eledipole3back



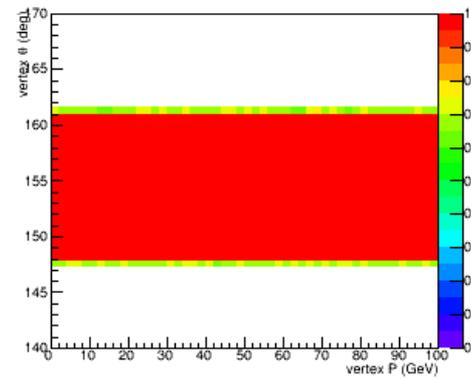
acc\_ThetaP\_barrel



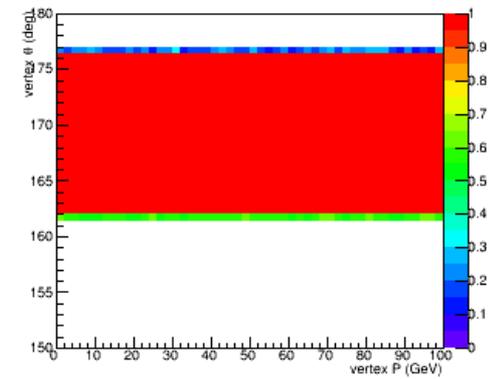
acc\_ThetaP\_ionside



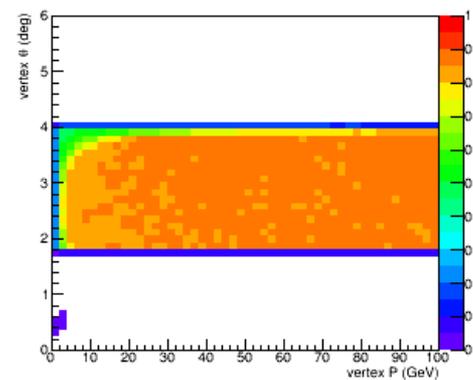
acc\_ThetaP\_leside\_outer



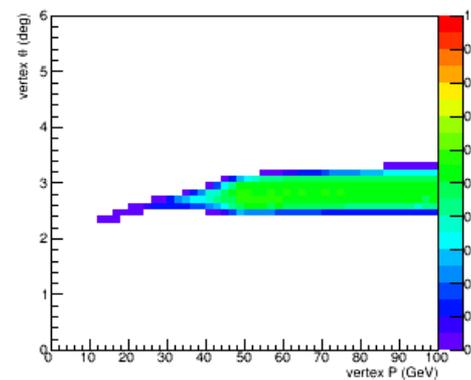
acc\_ThetaP\_leside\_inner



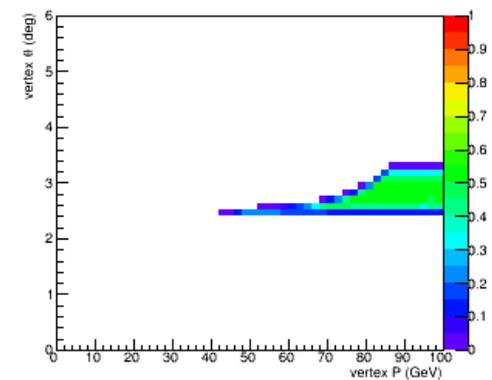
acc\_ThetaP\_iondownstream



acc\_ThetaP\_iondipole2back

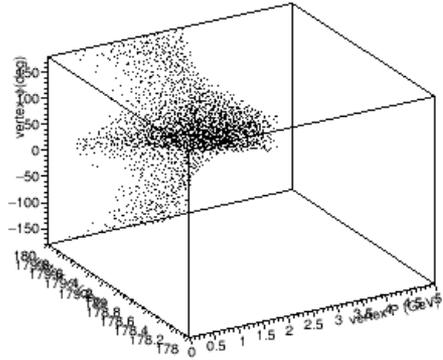


acc\_ThetaP\_iondipole3back

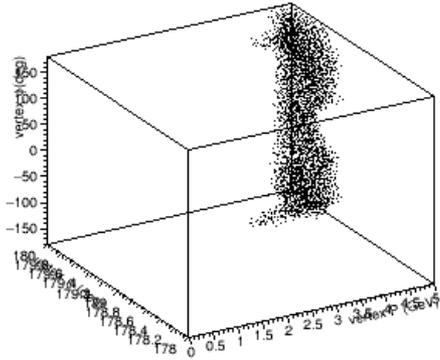


# Acceptance 3D

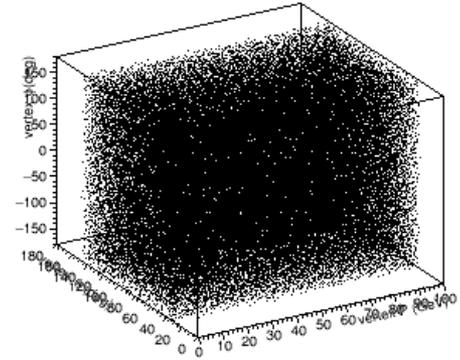
acc\_eledipole1side



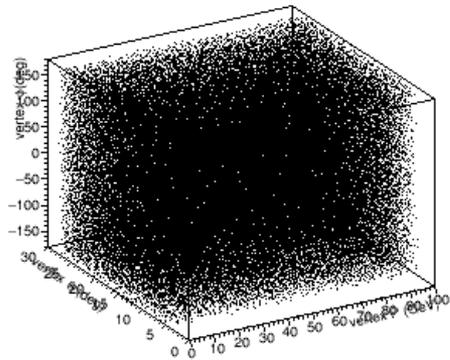
acc\_eledipole3back



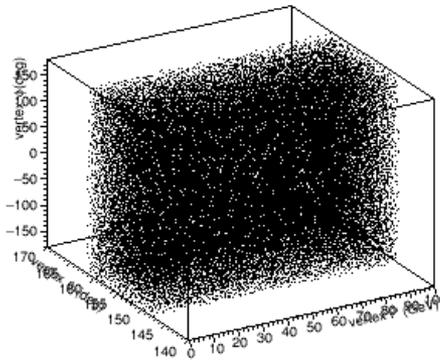
acc\_barrel



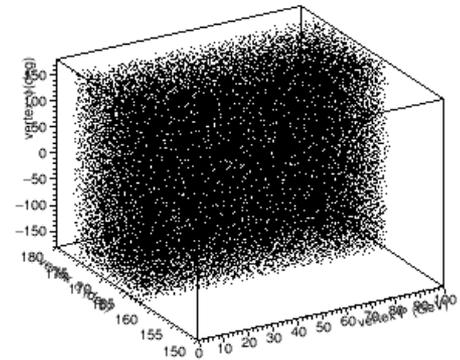
acc\_ionside



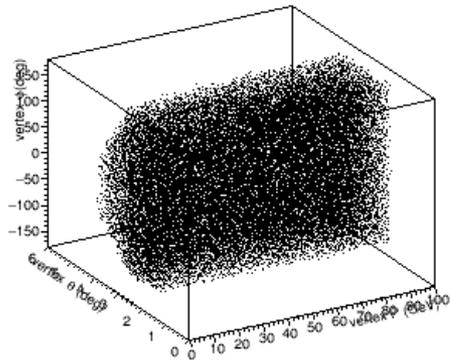
acc\_elseside\_outer



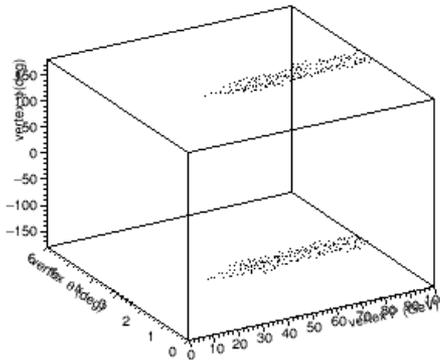
acc\_elseside\_inner



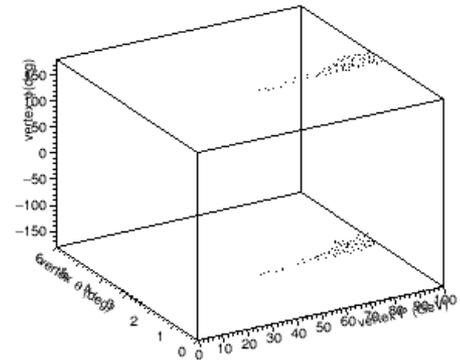
acc\_iondownstream



acc\_iondipole2back



acc\_iondipole3back



# Summary

- JLEIC detector simulation “eic\_gemc” has the capability to support different sub-systems development and combine them together effortlessly into full simulation
- We have established an easy way to translate ACC design to detector simulation
- eic\_fastMC is under work for common user
- Things will evolve, in particular when we are searching for a complete software framework