

# Photon at NLO as a CGC probe in $p+A$ collisions

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Nucl. Phys. A **958** (2017) 1 (1602.01989)  
JHEP **1701** (2017) 115 (1609.09424)

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# Color Glass Condensate

- universal form of matter at  $x \ll 1$

→ saturation scale  $Q_S^2$

$$\frac{\alpha_S}{Q_S^2} \frac{x f_g(x, Q_S^2)}{\pi R^2} \sim 1$$

→ large gluon occupation number

- nuclear enhancement  $Q_S^2 \sim A^{1/3}$

# Motivation

- $p+A$

$p \rightarrow$  known

$A \rightarrow$  unknown

- forward hadron and di-hadron production, quarkonia production, ...

Kharzeev, Levin, McLerran, Phys. Lett. B **561** (2003) 93

Albacete, Armesto, Kovner, Salgado, Wiedemann, Phys. Rev. Lett. **92** (2004) 082001

Marquet, Nucl. Phys. A **796** (2007) 41

Dominguez, Marquet, Xiao, Yuan, Phys. Rev. D **83** (2011) 105005

Fujii, Gelis, Venugopalan, Nucl. Phys. A **780** (2006) 146

Ma, Venugopalan Zhang, Phys. Rev. D **92** (2015) 071901

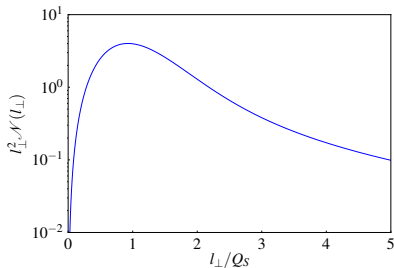
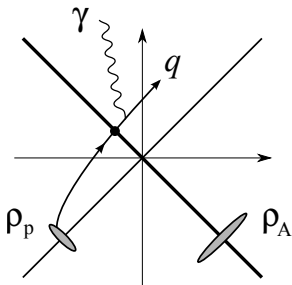
GHP 2017 talk: Watanabe (HI: Onia II)

...

- photon  $\rightarrow$  clean probes

# Photon in pA: LO

- valence quark bremsstrahlung  $O(\alpha_e)$



$$\frac{1}{\pi R_A^2} \frac{d\sigma^{q \rightarrow q\gamma}}{d^2\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp}} = \frac{\alpha_e}{2\pi^2} \frac{1}{\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp}^2} \int_0^1 dz \frac{1 + (1-z)^2}{z} \int_{l_\perp} \mathcal{N}(l_\perp) \frac{l_\perp^2}{(l_\perp - \mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp}/z)^2}$$

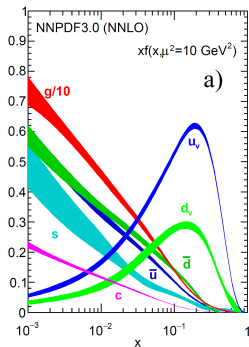
color dipole:  $\int_{\mathbf{x}_\perp} e^{i\mathbf{l}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}_\perp} \langle U(0) U^\dagger(\mathbf{x}_\perp) \rangle$

Kopeliovich, Tarasov, Schaefer, Phys. Rev. C **59** (1999) 1609  
 Gelis, Jalilian-Marian, Phys. Rev. D **66** (2002) 014021  
 Baier, Mueller, Schiff, Nucl. Phys. A **741** (2004) 358

# Photon in pA

- high energy (small  $x$ )  
→ more likely to pull out a **gluon** than a quark from the proton

→ **new emission processes**



Particle Data Group, Chin. Phys. C 40 (2016) no.10, 100001

# Power counting

- proton: gluons more abundant than quarks

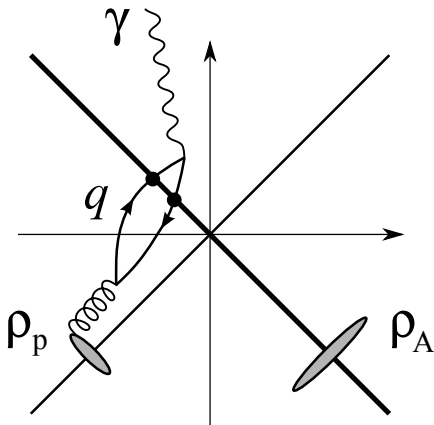
$$f_q \ll f_g$$

- nucleus dense, proton dilute

$$\rho_p \ll \rho_A$$

# Photon in pA: NLO

- annihilation  $O(\alpha_e\alpha_s)$

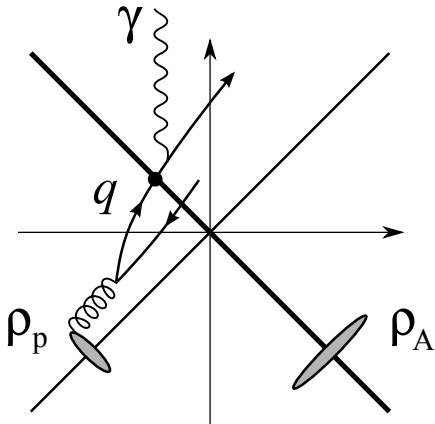


SB, Fukushima, Nucl. Phys. A **958** (2017) 1

SB, Fukushima, Garcia-Montero, Venugopalan, JHEP **1701** (2017) 115

# Photon in pA: NLO

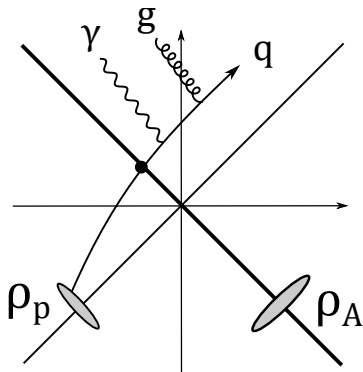
- bremsstrahlung by produced  $q\bar{q}$   $O(\alpha_e\alpha_s)$





# Photon in pA: NLO

- photon+gluon bremsstrahlung  $O(\alpha_e\alpha_s)$



- suppressed as  $f_q \ll f_g$

SB, Fukushima, Nucl. Phys. A 958 (2017) 1

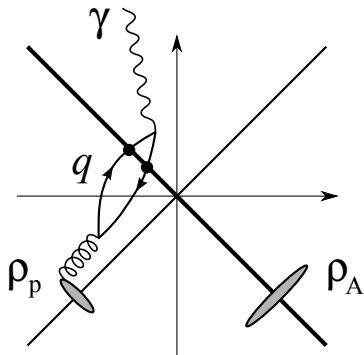
SB, Fukushima, Garcia-Montero, Venugopalan, JHEP 1701 (2017) 115

# Annihilation - amplitude

$$\mathcal{M}_\lambda(\mathbf{k}_\gamma) = eg \int_{xy} e^{ik \cdot x} \text{Tr}[\not{\epsilon}_\lambda(\mathbf{k}_\gamma) S_{(0)}(x, y) \mathcal{A}_{(1)}(y) S_{(0)}(y, x)]$$

# Annihilation - amplitude

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# Annihilation - rate

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dN}{d^2\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp} d\eta_{k\gamma}} &= \frac{\alpha_e \alpha_S}{16\pi^8} \frac{N_c}{N_c^2 - 1} \int_0^1 dx dx' \int_{\mathbf{y}_\perp \mathbf{y}'_\perp \mathbf{z}_\perp \mathbf{z}'_\perp} e^{i\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp} \cdot \mathbf{r}_\perp} \\ &\times S(\mathbf{y}_\perp, \mathbf{z}_\perp, \mathbf{y}'_\perp, \mathbf{z}'_\perp) \int_{\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}} e^{-i\mathbf{k}_{1\perp} \cdot \mathbf{r}_\perp} \varphi_p(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \\ &\times [\hat{\mathbf{u}}_\perp \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}}'_\perp \Psi_1 \Psi_1'^* + \Psi_2 \Psi_2'^* + 2\hat{\mathbf{u}}_\perp \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}_{1\perp} \Psi_1 \Psi_2'^*] \end{aligned}$$

- unintegrated gluon distribution

$$g^2 \langle \rho_p^a(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \rho_p^{a'}(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \rangle \equiv \frac{\delta^{aa'}}{\pi(N_c^2 - 1)} \mathbf{k}_{1\perp}^2 \varphi_p(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp})$$

- multi-gluon correlator

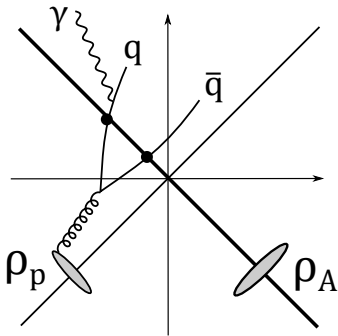
$$S(\mathbf{y}_\perp, \mathbf{z}_\perp, \mathbf{y}'_\perp, \mathbf{z}'_\perp) \equiv \frac{1}{N_c} \langle \text{Tr}[U(\mathbf{y}_\perp) T_F^a U^\dagger(\mathbf{z}_\perp)] \text{Tr}[U(\mathbf{z}'_\perp) T_F^a U^\dagger(\mathbf{y}'_\perp)] \rangle$$

# Brems from produced $\bar{q}q$ - amplitude

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}_\lambda(\mathbf{k}_\gamma, \mathbf{q}, \mathbf{p}) &= ieg \int_{xyz} e^{ik \cdot x + iq \cdot y + ip \cdot z} \bar{u}(\mathbf{q})(i\vec{\not{\partial}}_y - m) \\ &\times \left\{ S_{(0)}(y, w) \cancel{A}_{(1)}(w) S_{(0)}(w, x) \cancel{\not{\epsilon}}_\lambda(\mathbf{k}_\gamma) S_{(0)}(x, z) \right. \\ &\left. + S_{(0)}(y, x) \cancel{\not{\epsilon}}_\lambda(\mathbf{k}_\gamma) S_{(0)}(x, w) \cancel{A}_{(1)}(w) S_{(0)}(w, z) \right\} (i\vec{\not{\partial}}_z + m) v(\mathbf{p}) \end{aligned}$$

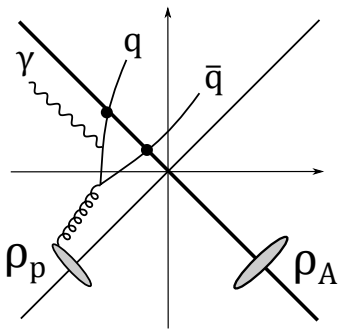
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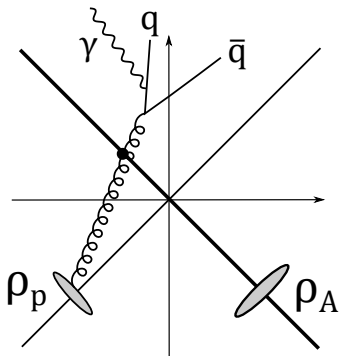
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# Brems from produced $q\bar{q}$ - rate

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d\sigma}{d^2\mathbf{k}_{\perp\gamma} d\eta_{k_\gamma} d^2\mathbf{q}_{\perp} d\eta_q d^2\mathbf{p}_{\perp} d\eta_p} &= \frac{\alpha_e \alpha_S^2}{256\pi^8 C_F} \\
 &\times \int_{\mathbf{k}_{1\perp} \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}} (2\pi)^2 \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{P}_{\perp} - \mathbf{k}_{1\perp} - \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}) \frac{\varphi_p(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp})}{k_{1\perp}^2 k_{2\perp}^2} \\
 &\times \left\{ \int_{\mathbf{k}_{\perp} \mathbf{k}'_{\perp}} \text{Tr}[(\not{\epsilon} + m) T_{q\bar{q}}^\mu(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}) (-\not{p} + m) \gamma^0 T_{q\bar{q}\mu}^\dagger(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}, \mathbf{k}'_{\perp}) \gamma^0] \right. \\
 &\times \phi_A^{q\bar{q}, q\bar{q}}(\mathbf{k}_{\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_{\perp}; \mathbf{k}'_{\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}'_{\perp}) \\
 &+ \int_{\mathbf{k}_{\perp}} \text{Tr}[(\not{\epsilon} + m) T_{q\bar{q}}^\mu(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}) (-\not{p} + m) \gamma^0 T_{g\mu}^\dagger(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \gamma^0] \\
 &\times \phi_A^{q\bar{q}, g}(\mathbf{k}_{\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_{\perp}; \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}) + \text{h. c.} \\
 &\left. + \text{Tr}[(\not{\epsilon} + m) T_g^\mu(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) (-\not{p} + m) \gamma^0 T_{g\mu}^\dagger(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \gamma^0] \phi_A^{g, g}(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

SB, Fukushima, Garcia-Montero, Venugopalan, JHEP 1701 (2017) 115  
 Garcia-Montero, Master thesis (2016)

# Brems: multi-gluon correlators

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\mathbf{k}_\perp \mathbf{k}'_\perp} \int_{\mathbf{x}_\perp \mathbf{x}'_\perp \mathbf{y}_\perp \mathbf{y}'_\perp} e^{i(\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}_\perp - \mathbf{k}'_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}'_\perp) + i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}_\perp - i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}'_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}'_\perp} \\
 & \times \delta^{aa'} \text{Tr} \langle t^b U^{ba}(\mathbf{x}_\perp) t^{b'} U^{\dagger a' b'}(\mathbf{x}'_\perp) \rangle \equiv \frac{2N_c \alpha_S}{\mathbf{k}_{2\perp}^2} \phi_A^{g,g}(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp}) \\
 & \int_{\mathbf{k}'_\perp} \int_{\mathbf{x}_\perp \mathbf{x}'_\perp \mathbf{y}_\perp \mathbf{y}'_\perp} e^{i(\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}_\perp - \mathbf{k}'_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}'_\perp) + i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}_\perp - i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}'_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}'_\perp} \\
 & \times \delta^{aa'} \text{Tr} \langle \tilde{U}(\mathbf{x}_\perp) t^a \tilde{U}^\dagger(\mathbf{y}_\perp) t^{b'} U^{\dagger a' b'}(\mathbf{x}'_\perp) \rangle \equiv \frac{2N_c \alpha_S}{\mathbf{k}_{2\perp}^2} \phi_A^{q\bar{q},g}(\mathbf{k}_\perp, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_\perp; \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}) \\
 & \int_{\mathbf{x}_\perp \mathbf{x}'_\perp \mathbf{y}_\perp \mathbf{y}'_\perp} e^{i(\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}_\perp - \mathbf{k}'_\perp \cdot \mathbf{x}'_\perp) + i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}_\perp - i(\mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}'_\perp) \cdot \mathbf{y}'_\perp} \\
 & \times \delta^{aa'} \text{Tr} \langle \tilde{U}(\mathbf{x}_\perp) t^a \tilde{U}^\dagger(\mathbf{y}_\perp) \tilde{U}(\mathbf{y}'_\perp) t^{a'} \tilde{U}^\dagger(\mathbf{x}'_\perp) \rangle \\
 & \equiv \frac{2N_c \alpha_S}{\mathbf{k}_{2\perp}^2} \phi_A^{q\bar{q},q\bar{q}}(\mathbf{k}_\perp, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}_\perp; \mathbf{k}'_\perp, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp} - \mathbf{k}'_\perp)
 \end{aligned}$$

Blaizot, Gelis, Venugopalan, Nucl. Phys. A 743 (2004) 57

SB, Fukushima, Garcia-Montero, Venugopalan, JHEP 1701 (2017) 115

Garcia-Montero, Master thesis (2016)

# Leading twist

- bremsstrahlung:  $gg \rightarrow q\bar{q}\gamma$
- $\mathbf{k}_\perp$  factorization

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d^2\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp} d\eta_{k_\gamma} d^2\mathbf{q}_\perp d\eta_q d^2\mathbf{p}_\perp d\eta_p} = \frac{\alpha_e \alpha_S^2 q_f^2}{256\pi^8 N_c (N_c^2 - 1)} \\ \times \int_{\mathbf{k}_{1\perp} \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}} (2\pi)^2 \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{P}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_{1\perp} - \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}) \frac{\varphi_P(Y_P, \mathbf{k}_{1\perp}) \varphi_A(Y_A, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp})}{\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}^2 \mathbf{k}_{2\perp}^2} \Theta(\mathbf{k}_{1\perp}, \mathbf{k}_{2\perp})$$

- collinear

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d^2\mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp} d\eta_{k_\gamma} d^2\mathbf{q}_\perp d\eta_q d^2\mathbf{p}_\perp d\eta_p} = \frac{1}{256\pi^4} (2\pi)^2 \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{p}_\perp + \mathbf{q}_\perp + \mathbf{k}_{\gamma\perp}) \\ \times x_p f_{g,p}(x_p, Q^2) x_A f_{g,A}(x_A, Q^2) |\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow q\bar{q}\gamma}|^2$$

→ directly sensitive to nuclear gluon distributions

# Color average

$$\langle \mathcal{O}[\rho_p, \rho_A] \rangle = \int [d\rho_p][d\rho_A] W_p[x_p; \rho_p] W_A[x_A; \rho_A] \mathcal{O}[\rho_p, \rho_A]$$

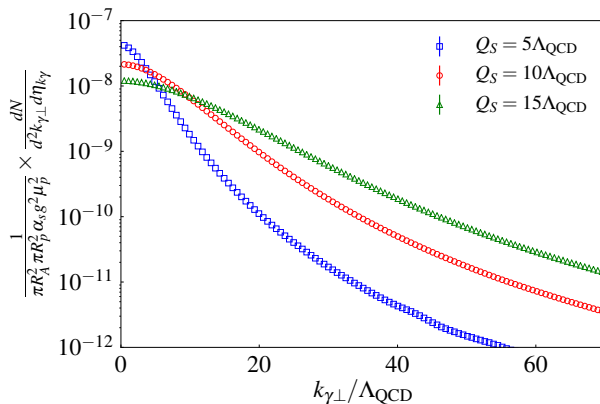
- McLerran-Venugopalan model

$$\langle \rho_A^a(\mathbf{x}_\perp) \rho_A^b(\mathbf{y}_\perp) \rangle = g^2 \delta^{ab} \mu_A^2 \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{x}_\perp - \mathbf{y}_\perp)$$

$$Q_S^2 \equiv \frac{N_c^2 - 1}{4N_c} g^4 \mu_A^2$$

- reasonable for  $x \sim 10^{-2}$
- $x$  evolution  $\rightarrow$  JIMWLK

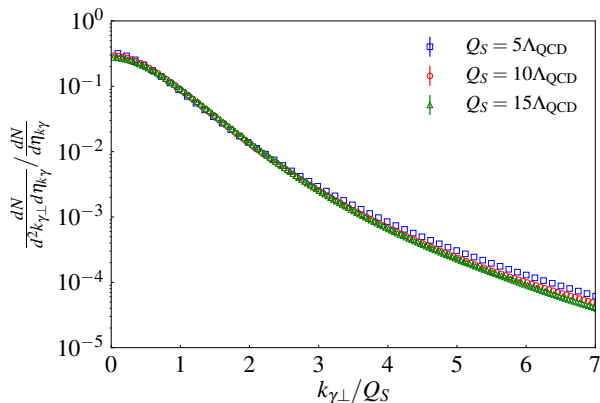
# Annihilation: photon spectrum



- single flavor, chiral limit  $m = 0$

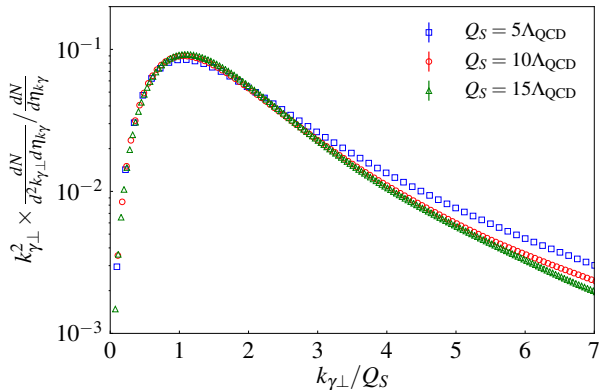
SB, Fukushima, Nucl. Phys. A **958** (2017) 1

# Annihilation: geometric scaling



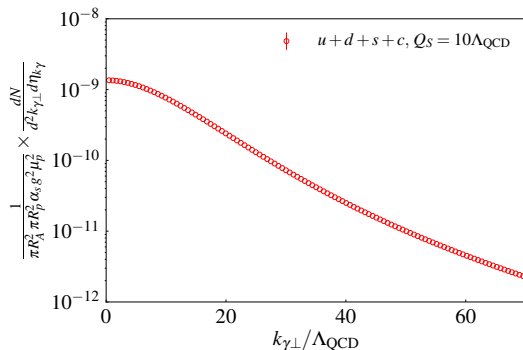
SB, Fukushima, Nucl. Phys. A **958** (2017) 1  
Klein-Bösing, McLerran, Phys. Lett. B **734** (2014) 282

# Annihilation: typical photon momentum



SB, Fukushima, Nucl. Phys. A **958** (2017) 1  
Klein-Bösing, McLerran, Phys. Lett. B **734** (2014) 282

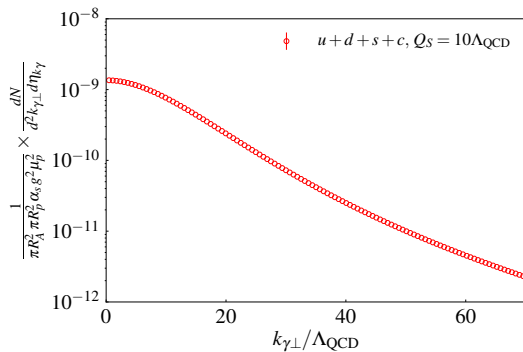
# Annihilation: flavor effects



- $m_u, m_d, m_s \ll Q_S$   
 $\rightarrow q_u \mathcal{M}_u + q_d \mathcal{M}_d + q_s \mathcal{M}_s \simeq 0$

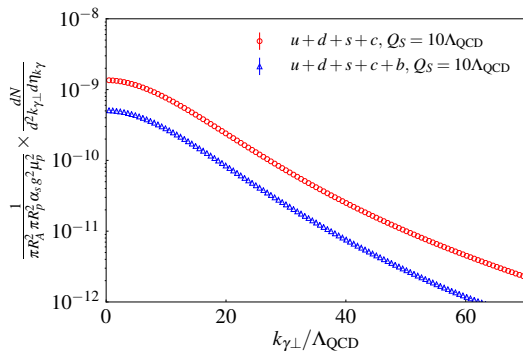


# Annihilation: flavor effects



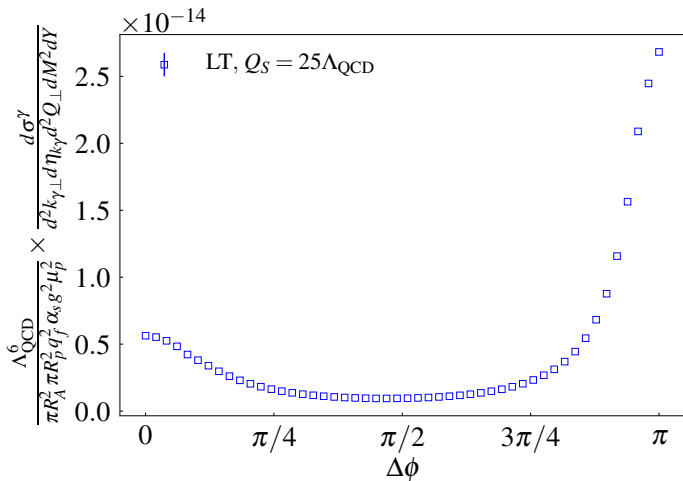
- $m_u, m_d, m_s \ll Q_S$   
→  $\mathcal{M} \simeq q_c \mathcal{M}_c + q_b \mathcal{M}_b$

# Annihilation: flavor effects

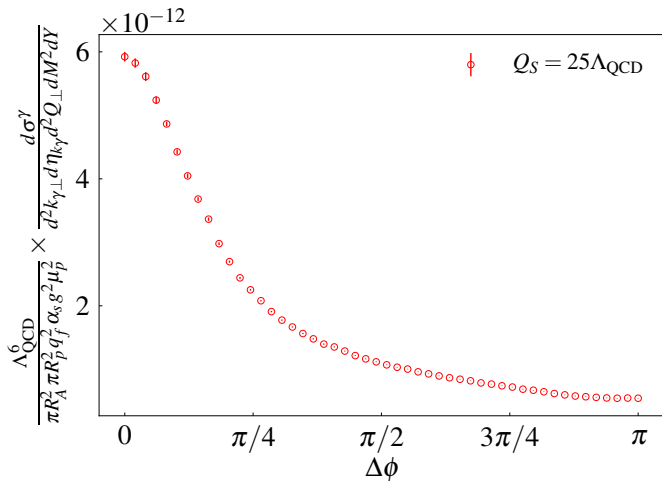


- $m_u, m_d, m_s \ll Q_S$   
 $\rightarrow \mathcal{M} \simeq q_c \mathcal{M}_c + q_b \mathcal{M}_b$

# Brems: $q\bar{q} - \gamma$ correlations (preliminary)



# Brems: $q\bar{q} - \gamma$ correlations (preliminary)



# Conclusions

- complete analytical result at  $O(\alpha_e \alpha_s)$
- bremsstrahlung  $\rightarrow$  nuclear gluon distribution functions
- annihilation  $\rightarrow$  geometric scaling
- bremsstrahlung  $\rightarrow$  angular correlations