

NUCLEAR PHYSICS WORKING GROUP

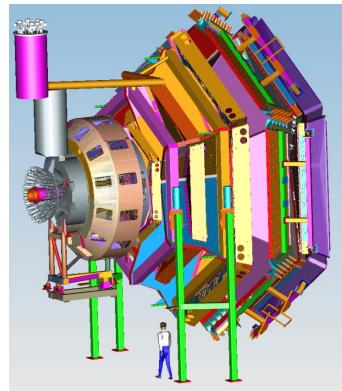
STATUS REPORT



CLAS COLLABORATION MEETING

KAWTAR HAFIDI

Friday February 26, 2016
Jefferson Lab, Newport News, VA



AGENDA

- 13:30 **NPWG status update 10'**
Speaker: Dr. Kawtar Hafidi (Argonne National Laboratory)
- 13:40 **Tagged EMC and nuclear DVCS proposal 25'**
Speaker: Raphael Dupre (IPN Orsay)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 14:05 **Update on DVCS off He4 analysis 25'**
Speaker: Dr. Mohammad Hattawy (Argonne National Laboratory)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 14:30 **Update on the simulation for ALERT 25'**
Speaker: Whitney Armstrong (Argonne National Laboratory)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 14:55 **Phi electroproduction off He4 25'**
Speaker: Michael Paolone (Temple University)
- 15:20 **Coffee Break 20'**
- 15:40 **Acceptance corrections for (e,e'pp) measurements and extraction of pp-SRC pairs c.m. motion and (e,e'pp)/(e,e'p) cross-section ratios 25'**
Speaker: Or Hen (MIT)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 16:05 **Nucleon momentum distributions in He-3 using Large Angle Calorimeter 25'**
Speaker: Mariana Khachatryan (ODU)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 16:30 **Study of A(e,e'n) reaction 20'**
Speaker: Meytal Duer (Tel Aviv University)
Material: [Slides](#)
- 16:50 **Study of 2N-SRC via the A(e,e'np) reaction 20'**
Speaker: Meytal Duer (Tel Aviv University)
- 17:10 **Status of g10a gd->pi-pp analysis 25'**
Speaker: Nikolai Pivnyuk (ITEP)
Material: [Slides](#)

Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering off ^4He :

Update on the analysis

M. Hattawy

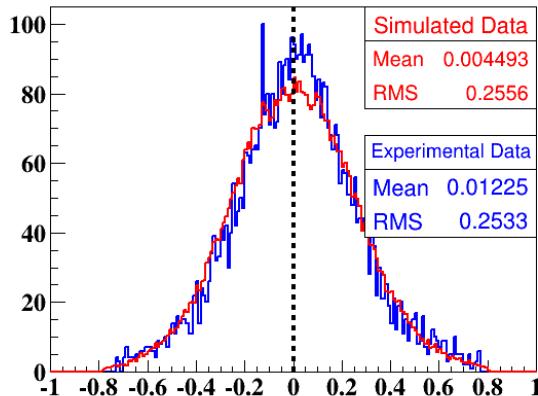
- Nuclear Physics Working Group -

CLAS Collaboration Meeting (23-26 February 2016)

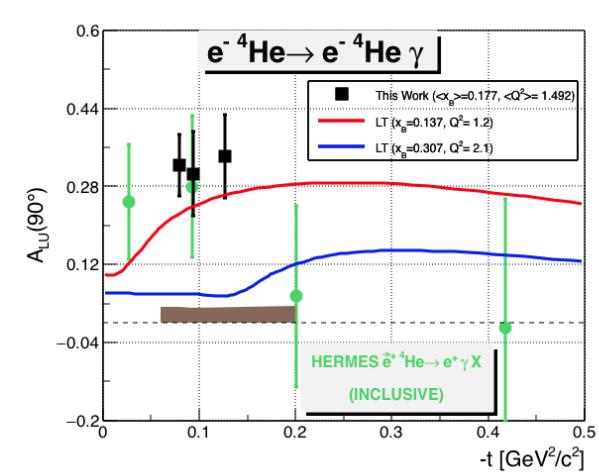
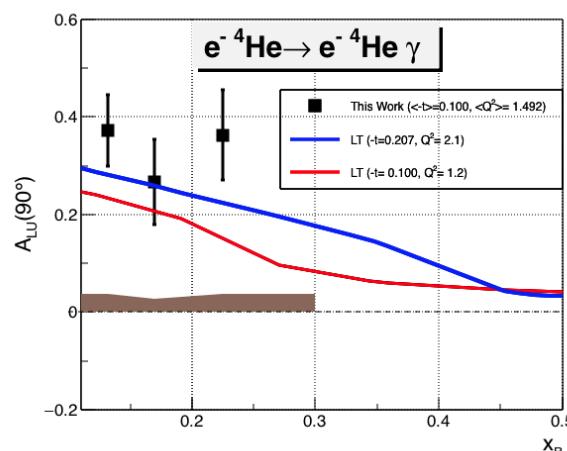
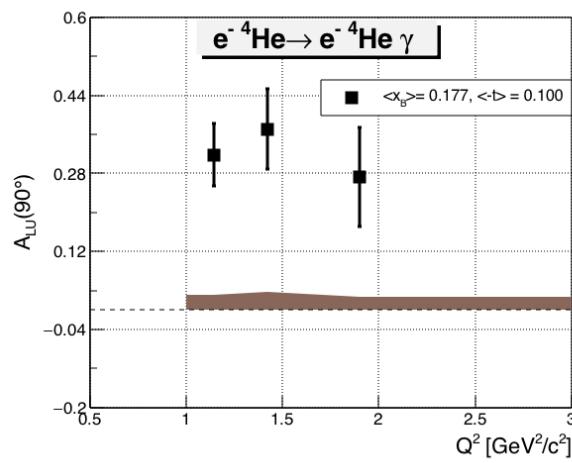
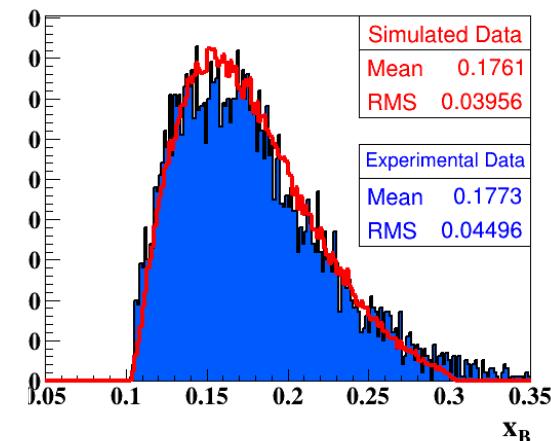
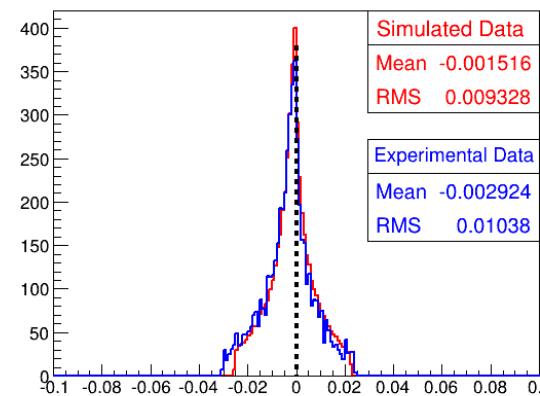
Coherent DVCS channel

- ◊ Only one e^- , at least 1 γ and only one good ^4He .
- ◊ $E\gamma > 2 \text{ GeV}$, $W > 2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$.
- ◊ Exclusivity cuts (3 sigmas).

$e^4\text{He}\gamma$: Missing E [GeV]



$e^4\text{He}\gamma$: Missing M² [GeV²/c⁴]



LT: S. Liuti and S. K. Taneja, PRC 72 (2005) 034902.

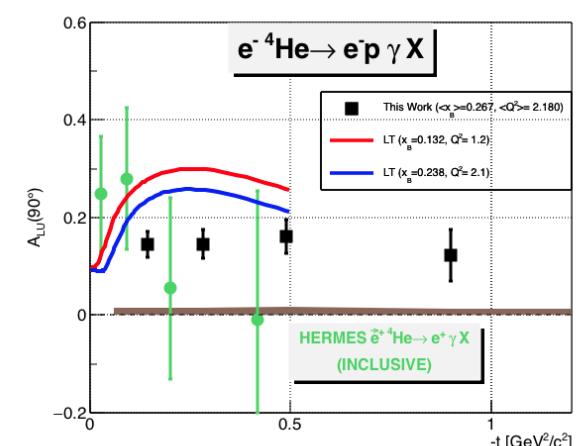
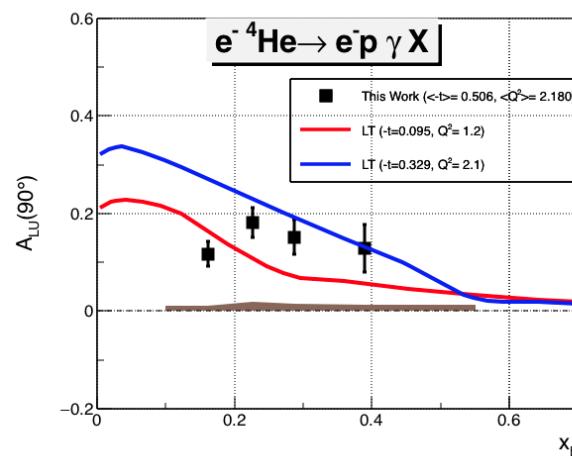
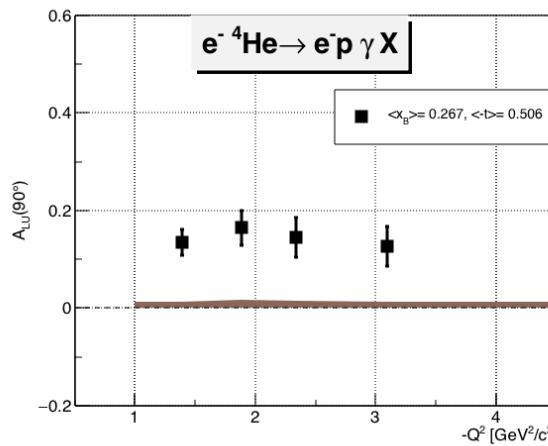
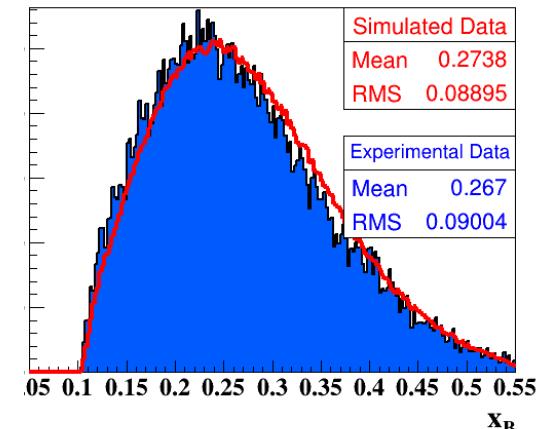
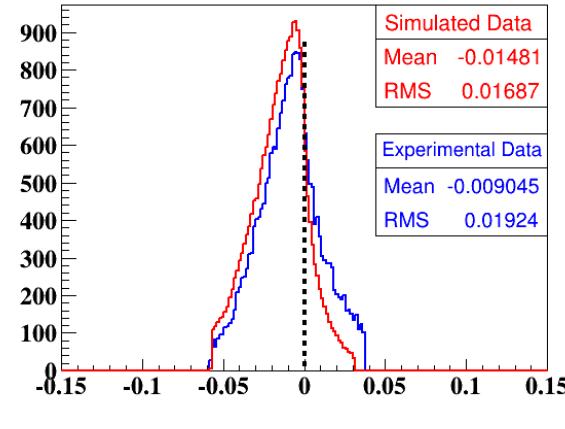
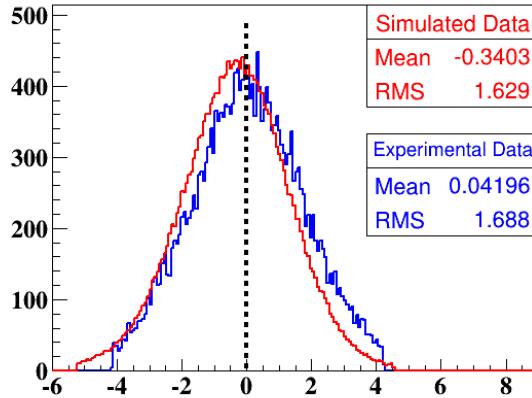
HERMES: A. Airapetian, et al., Phys. Rev. C 81, 035202 (2010).

Incoherent DVCS channel

- ◊ Only one e^- , at least 1 γ and only one good p.
- ◊ $E\gamma > 2$ GeV, $W > 2$ GeV/c² and $Q^2 > 1$ GeV².
- ◊ Exclusivity cuts (3 sigmas).

$(\gamma, \gamma^*) : (\gamma^*, p) :: \Delta \phi$ [Deg.]

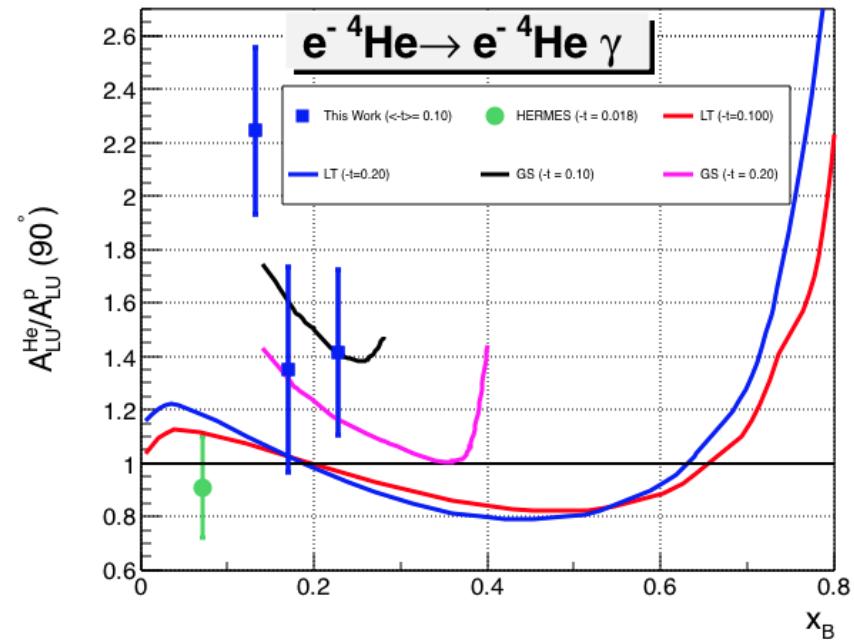
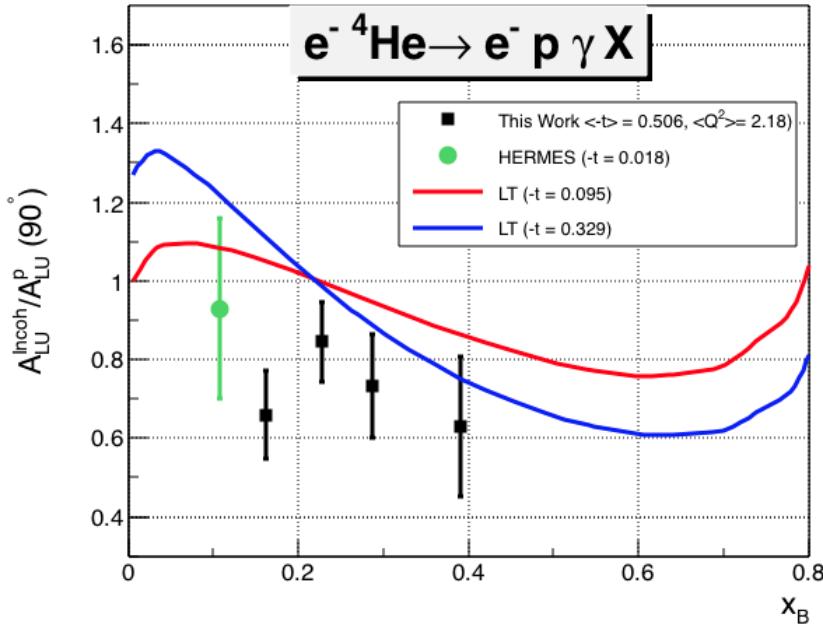
$e' p \gamma$: Missing M^2 [GeV/c]



- [1] LT: S. Liuti and S. K. Taneja. Phys. Rev., C72:032201, 2005.
[2] A. Airapetian, et al., Phys Rev. C 81, 035202 (2010).

EMC ratios

- ◊ Comparing our measured coherent and incoherent asymmetries with the asymmetries measured in CLAS DVCS experiment on the proton.



- ◊ The bound proton shows a lower asymmetry relative to the free one in the different bins in x_B .
- ◊ Consistent with the enhancement predicted by the Impulse approximation model [V. Guezy et al., PRC 78 (2008) 025211]
- ◊ Additional nuclear effects have to be taken into account in the nuclear spectral function calculations. [S. Liuti and K. Taneja, PRC 72 (2005) 032201]

ALERT Proposals:

Tagged EMC

Nuclear DVCS

(Φ production)

(others)

Unité mixte de recherche

CNRS-IN2P3
Université Paris-Sud

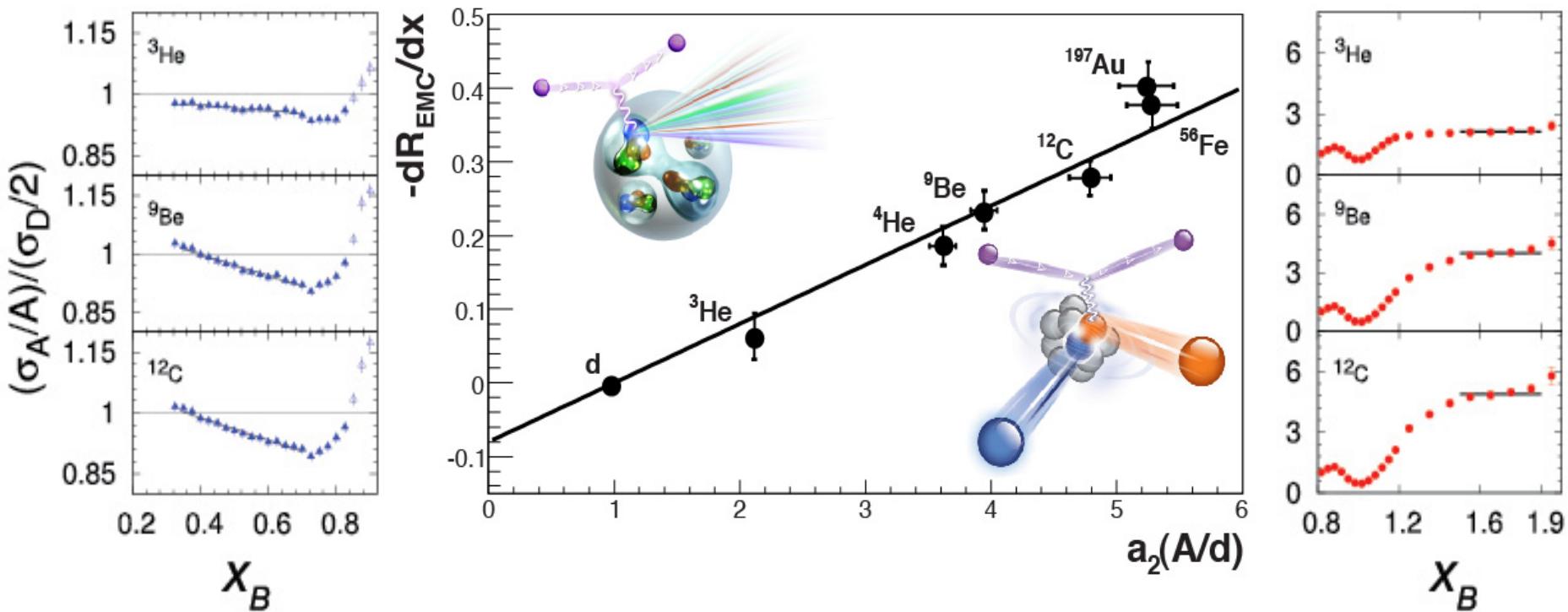
91406 Orsay cedex
Tél. : +33 1 69 15 73 40
Fax : +33 1 69 15 64 70
<http://ipnweb.in2p3.fr>

Raphaël Dupré

On behalf of the ALERT group

EMC - SHORT RANGE CORRELATION CONNECTION

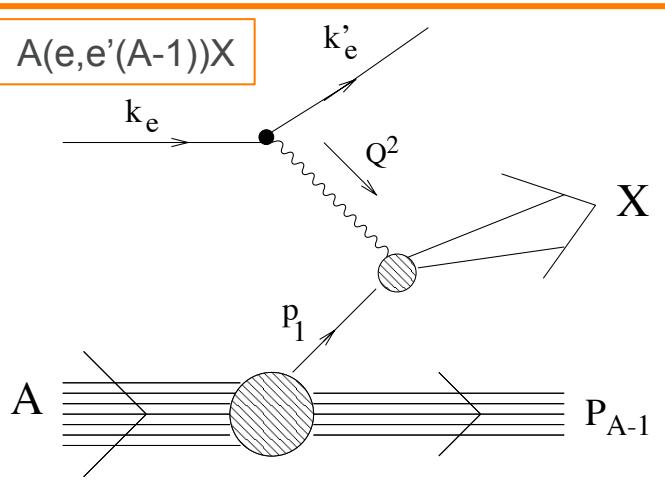
L. Weinstein et al. PRL 2011



- The data show that EMC effect slopes are proportional to the SRC plateaus
- EMC effect and SRCs might be both a consequence of the **local QCD effects** within the nucleus

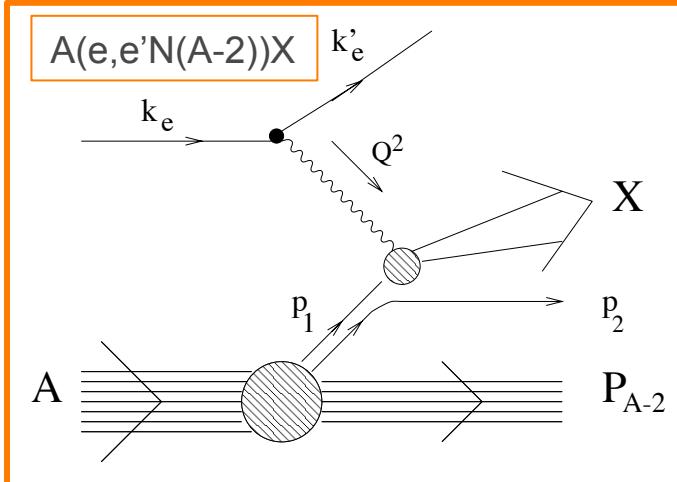
DO NUCLEONS WITH DIFFERENT BINDING ENERGIES CONTRIBUTE DIFFERENTLY TO THE EMC EFFECT?

DIS on weakly bound nucleons

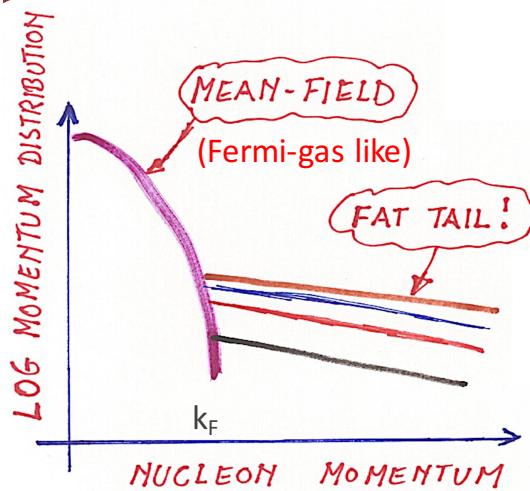


- DIS on low momentum nucleon
- Detect scattered electron and low momentum, low excitation energy ($A-1$) nucleus

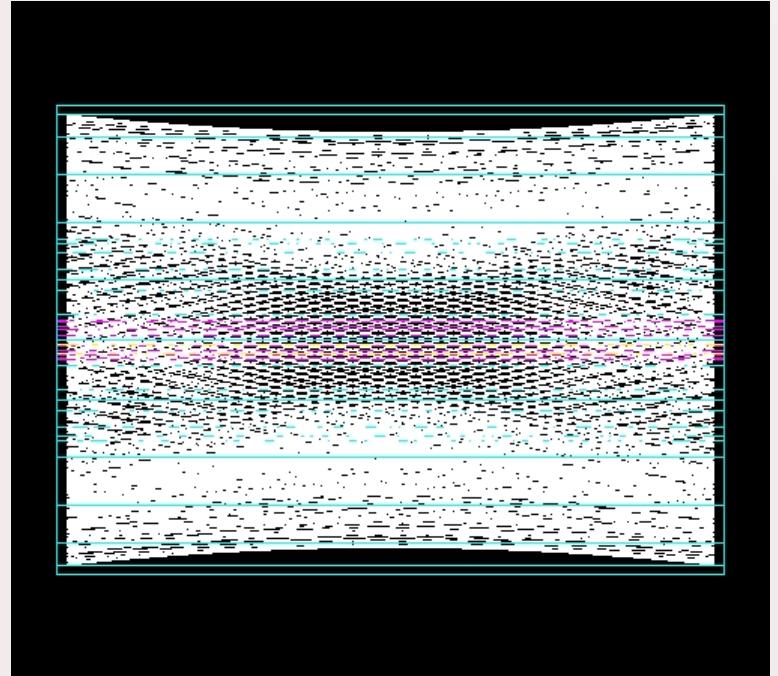
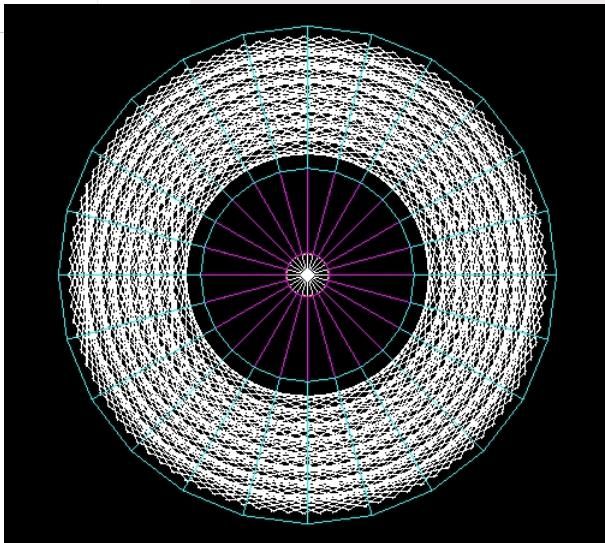
DIS on deeply bound nucleons



- DIS on high momentum nucleon
- Detect scattered electron, the high momentum nucleon from the pair and low momentum, low excitation energy ($A-2$) nucleus

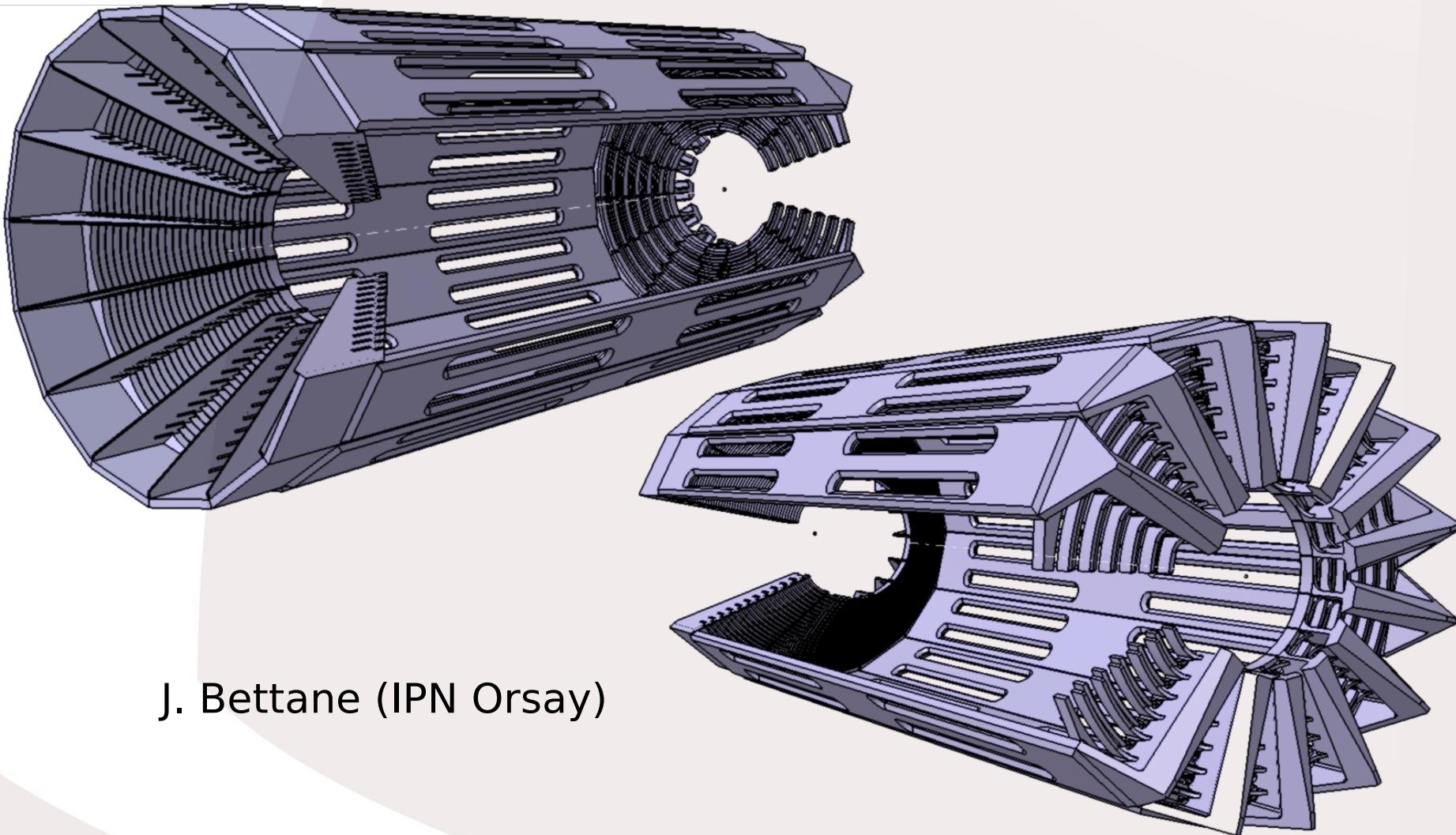


ALERT Detector



- **ALERT Detector**
 - Hyperbolic drift chamber
 - Scintillators for TOF and total energy measurement
- **GEANT 4 simulation**
 - To define the characteristics of the chamber
(See Whitney's talk for recent progresses)
- **Still to be done**
 - TOF system geometry to be finalized
 - Electronics options to be evaluated
 - Mechanical integration on going

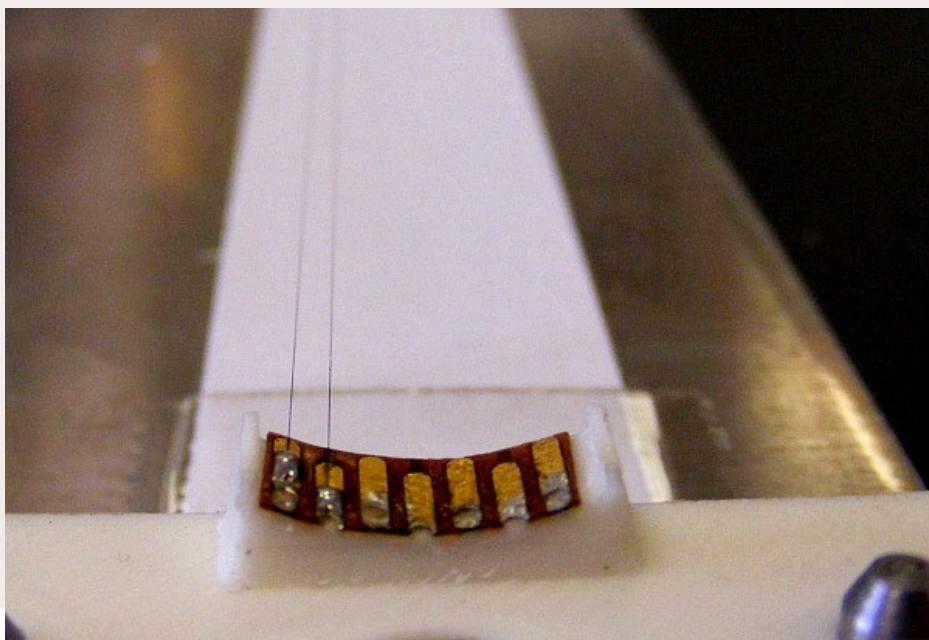
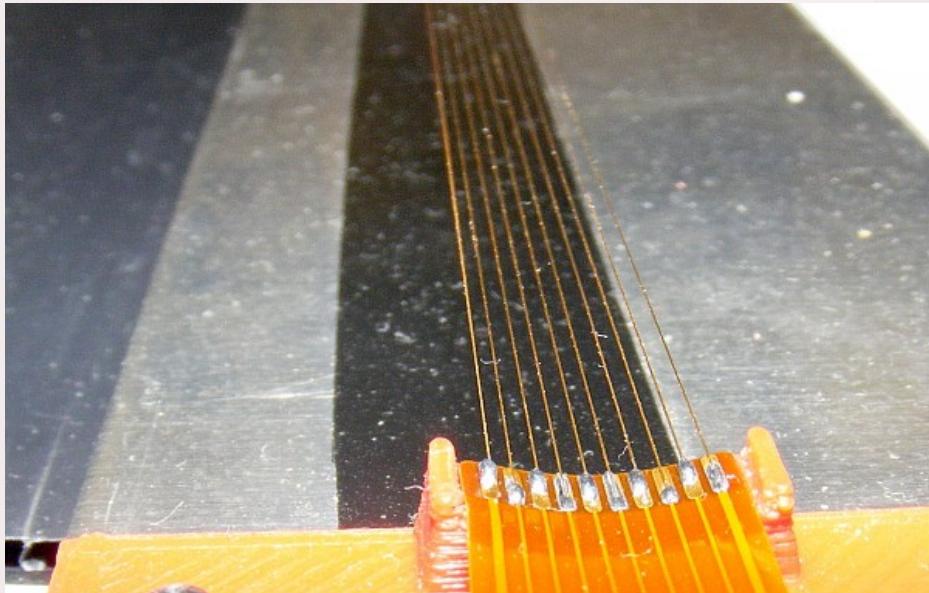
Design and Prototyping



J. Bettane (IPN Orsay)

First prototype is designed and being ordered

Orsay Tests



Progress in Orsay:

- 3D printed tests
- Soldering wires on curved surface
- Gluing and soldering carbon wires

Summary

- **We will explore the dynamic properties of the EMC effect with a large program**
 - Test models for of inclusive EMC
 - Explore EMC in 3D and in the gluon sector
- **Run group is forming**
 - Tagged EMC
 - Nuclear DVCS
 - Φ production
 - Neutron DVCS
 - Tagged Form Factors
 - Others?
[\(https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/ALERT_Collaboration\)](https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/ALERT_Collaboration)
- **Beam time request to be refined**
 - Estimated to ~50 days

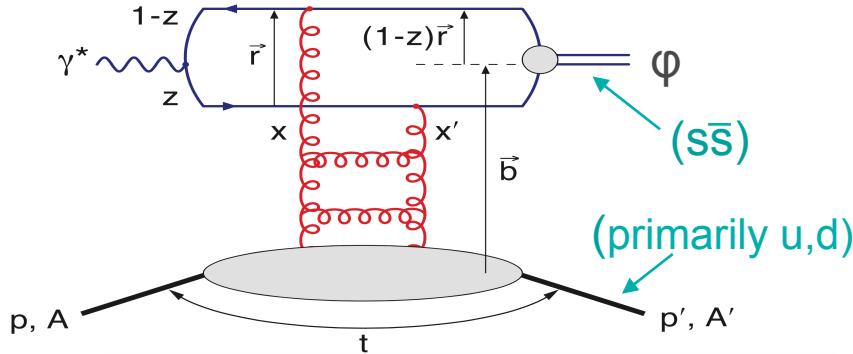
ELECTROPRODUCTION OF Φ MESONS OFF ${}^4\text{He}$

Michael Paolone
Temple University

CLAS Collaboration Meeting
February 25th 2016

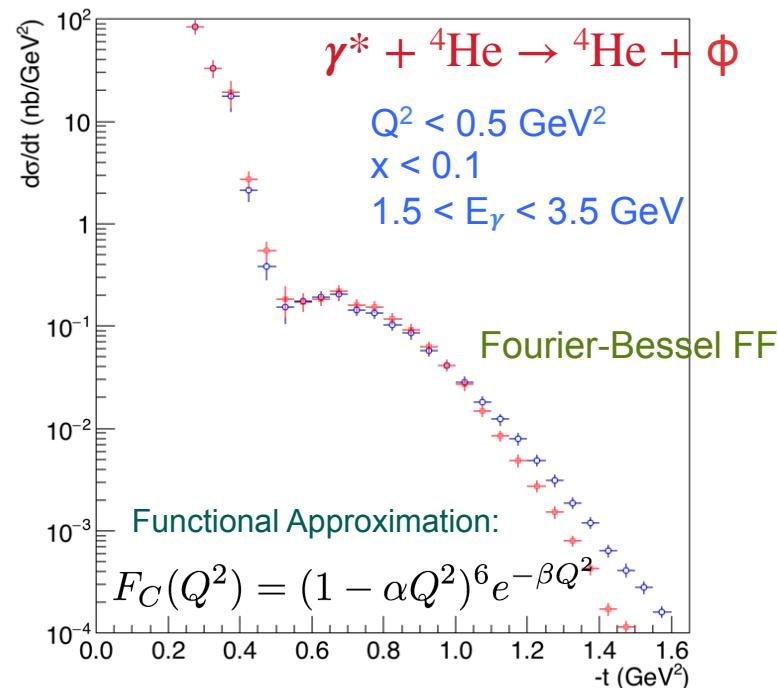
COHERENT ELECTROPRODUCTION OF Φ MESONS OFF ${}^4\text{He}$

- One can access gluon momentum distributions through coherent Φ electroproduction.
- Coherent production off of nuclei can provide insight into gluon distributions in medium.
- Studies ongoing with CLAS6 experiment eg6.
- New experiment proposal being developed for CLAS12 and ALERT



Quark/meson exchange suppressed.
2+gluon exchange allows one to probe
transverse gluon distributions of nucleons and
nuclei

Nucl.Phys. B603 (2001) (arXiv:hep-ph/0102291)



Monte Carlo cross-section calculation

Update on the simulation for ALERT

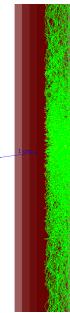
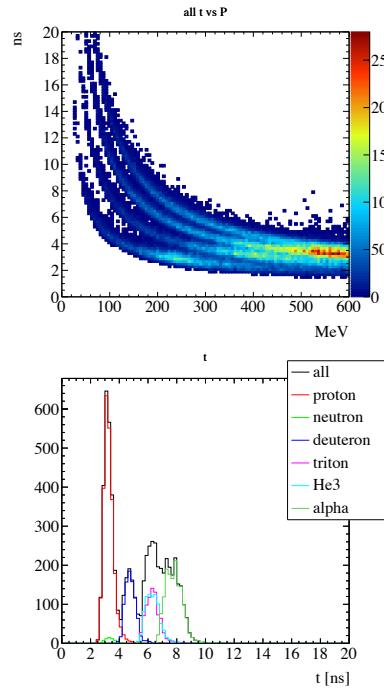
Whitney R. Armstrong

Argonne National Laboratory

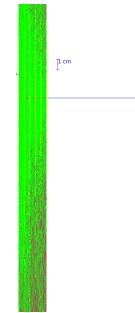
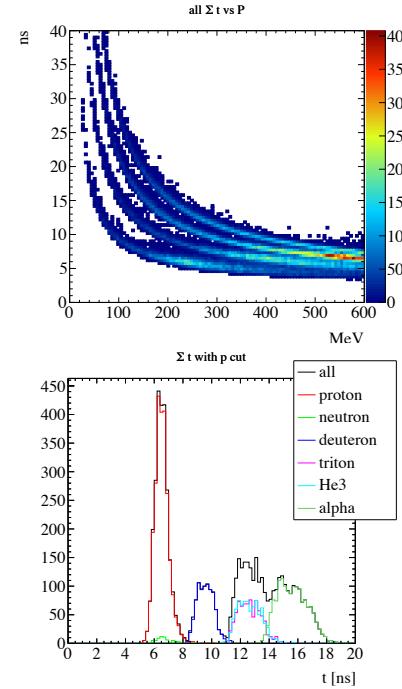
February 25, 2016

Various Scintillator Simulations

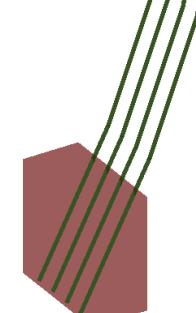
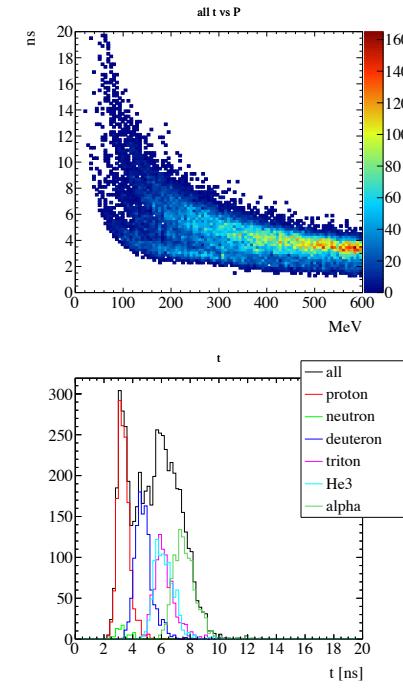
Bar $2 \times 10 \times 400$ mm 3
single-end readout



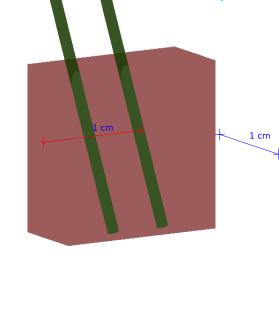
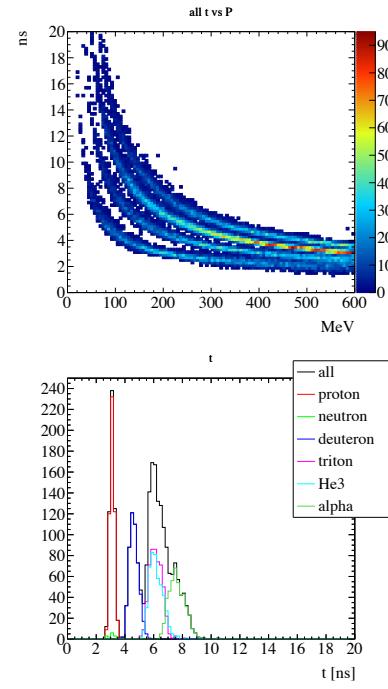
Bar $2 \times 10 \times 400$ mm 3
dual-end readout



Tile: $30 \times 30 \times 15$ mm 3
Sum readout at fiber ends



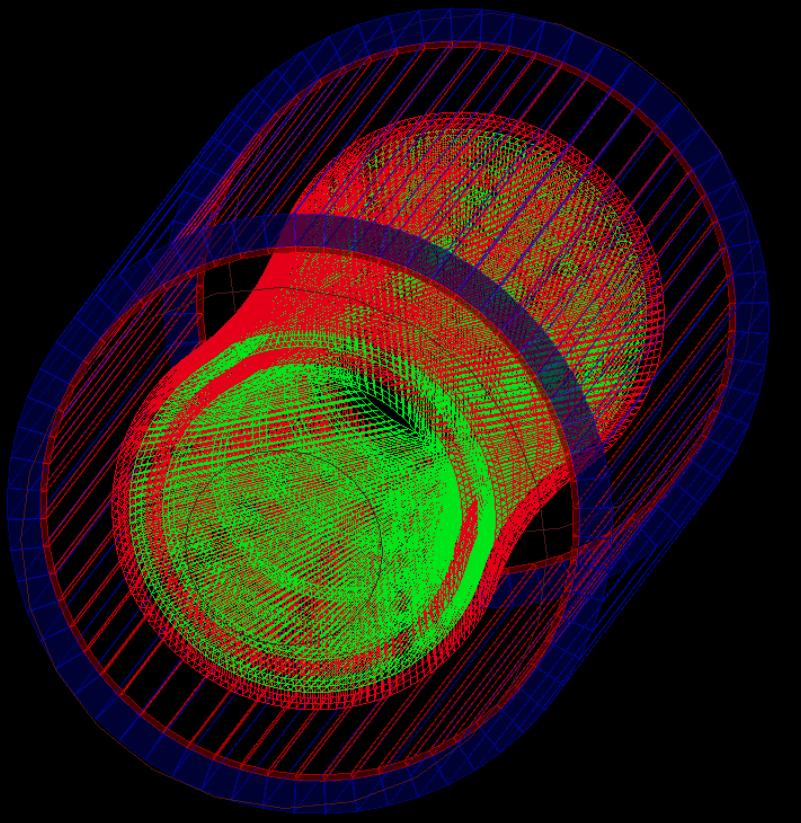
Tile: $15 \times 15 \times 7$ mm 3
Sum readout at fiber ends



Dual ended readout or small tiles can work.



Preliminary Design

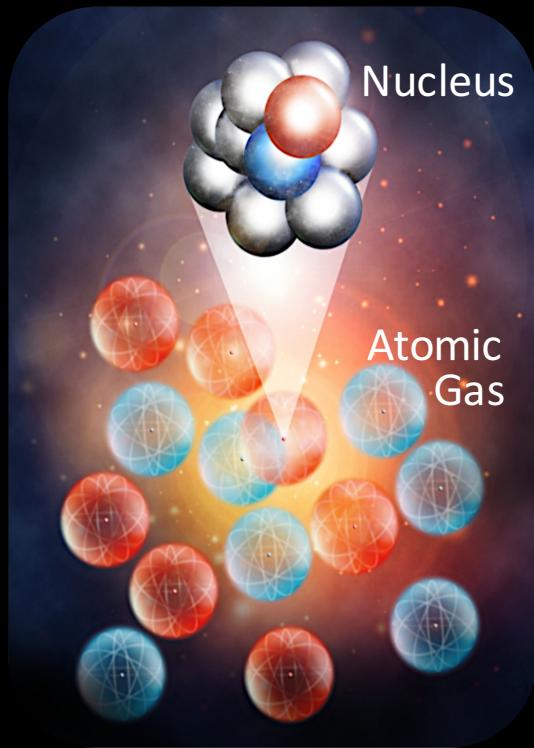


- Farm install documented:
[https://clasweb.jlab.org/
wiki/index.php/ALERT_Software](https://clasweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/ALERT_Software)
- Everything is on gitlab
- Full Geant4 simulation for studying recoil detector completed
- Event generator available for producing realistic input

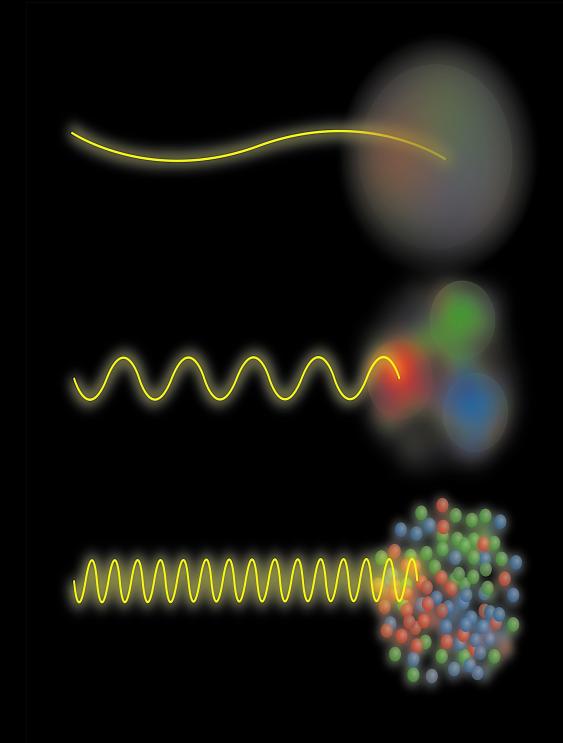
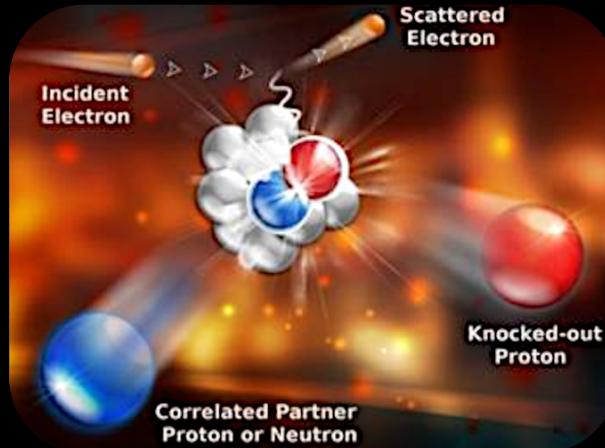
Future Work

- Finish design of scintillator system
- Study different geometry/scintillator combinations
- Determine best way to detect photons: PMTs, SiPM, APDs, ...

Acceptance Corrections for $A(e,e'pp)$ Analysis



Or Hen
MIT





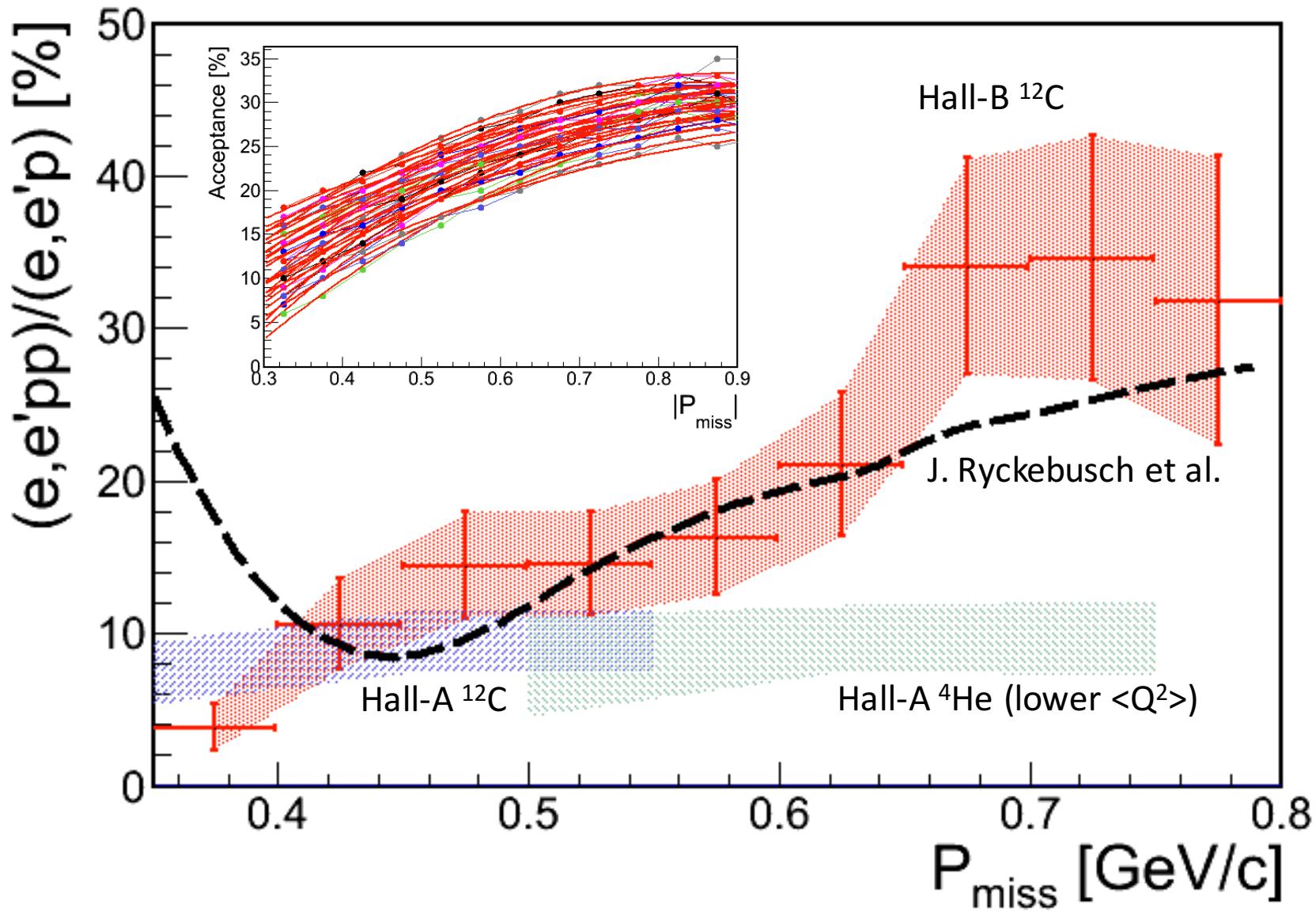
What Else? $(e,e'pp)/(e,e'p)$



- Previously published $A(e,e'p)/^{12}C(e,e'p)$ and $A(e,e'pp)/^{12}C(e,e'pp)$ cross-section ratios
- Still need to extract $A(e,e'pp)/A(e,e'p)$ ratios, as a function of $|P_{\text{miss}}|$.
 - Relates to the fraction of pp-SRC pairs out of all high-momentum protons.
 - Expected to grow with $|P_{\text{miss}}|$, as we move from tensor dominated to the scalar (??) repulsive core.



Preliminary Results

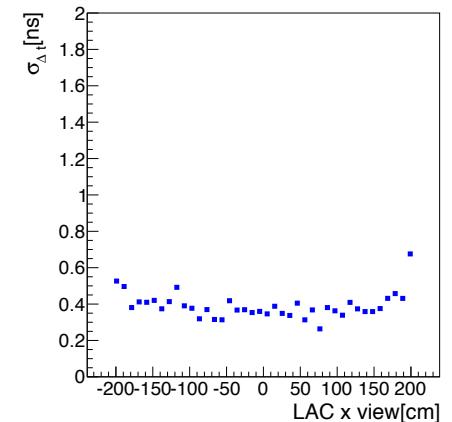
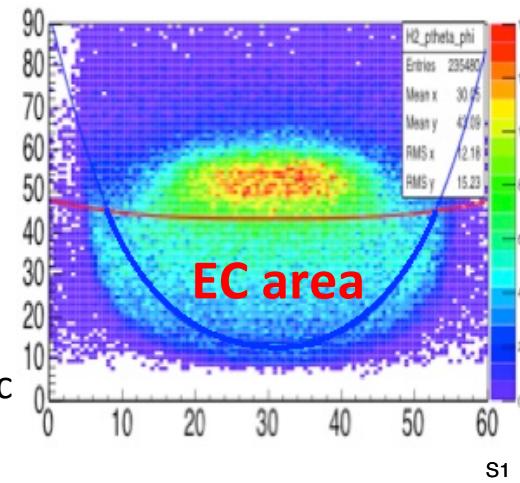
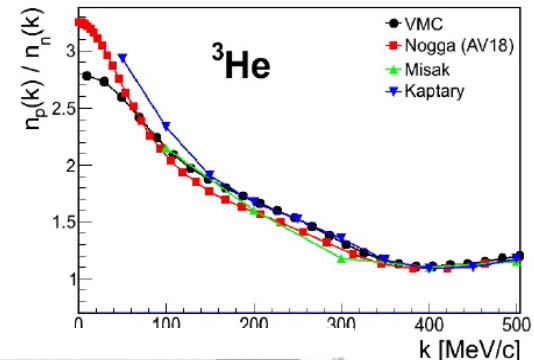


Comparing proton and neutron momentum distributions in ${}^3\text{He}$ using the Large Angle Calorimeter (LAC)

Student
Mariana Khachtryan
Supervisor
Lawrence Weinstein

Conclusions

- Want to measure $\frac{{}^3He(e,e'n) / {}^3He(e,e'p)}{{}^4He(e,e'n) / {}^4He(e,e'p)}$ using e2a and e2b
- Calibrated EC for e2b
 - Quasielastic neutrons at 2.2 and 4.7 Gev miss the EC
- Have studied LAC timing.
 - LAC timing is satisfying with calibration constants from e1c
 - Tof timing was poor calibrated, thus it was recalibrated.
- Have recooked e2a experiment data
- e2a $\frac{{}^3He(e,e'n) / {}^3He(e,e'p)}{{}^4He(e,e'n) / {}^4He(e,e'p)}$ (2.26 GeV)
 - First glance looks good
 - Analysis ongoing [e2b to come]



Study of the A(e,e'n) reaction

A data-mining project using
CLAS EG2 data



Meytal Duer

Tel-Aviv University

February 25, 2016

CLAS collaboration meeting

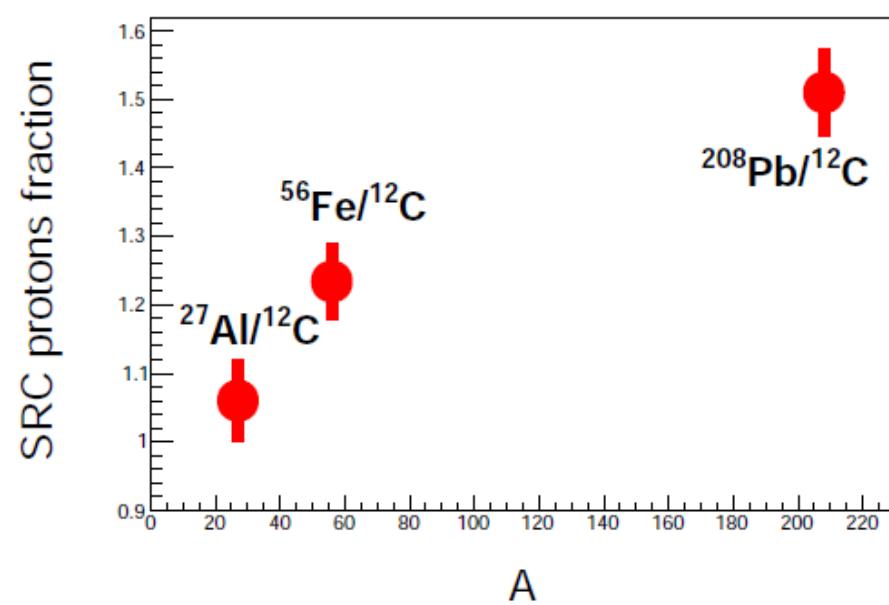
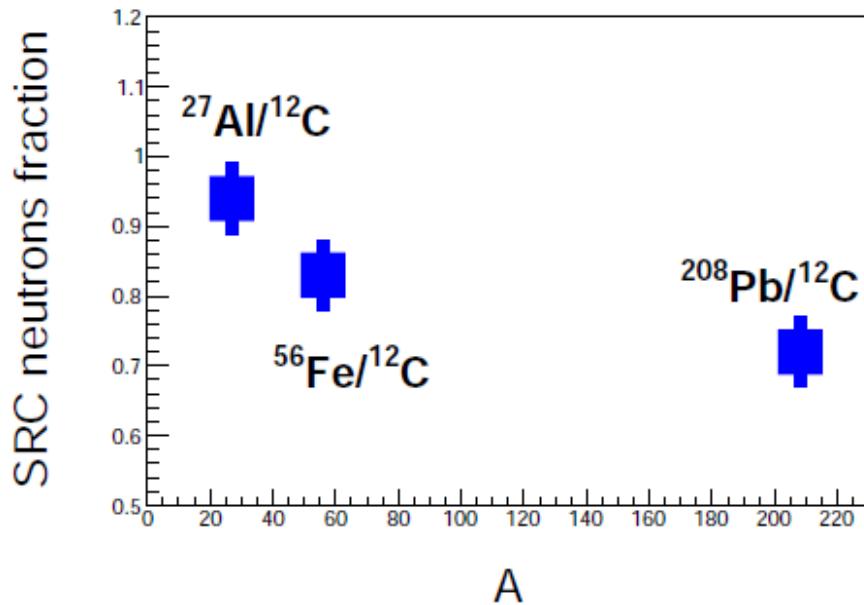
Calculation based on the np-dominance model

$$A(e, e' N)_{k < k_F} = \int_0^{k_0} n^{M.F.}(k) k dk$$

$$A(e, e' N)_{k > k_F} = \int_{k_0}^{\infty} n^{SRC}(k) k^2 dk$$

$$\frac{A(e, e' n)/^{12}C(e, e' n)_{k > k_F}}{A(e, e' n)/^{12}C(e, e' n)_{k < k_F}}$$

$$\frac{A(e, e' p)/^{12}C(e, e' p)_{k > k_F}}{A(e, e' p)/^{12}C(e, e' p)_{k < k_F}}$$



Study of 2N-SRC via the $A(e,e'np)$ reaction

A data-mining project using
CLAS EG2 data



Meytal Duer
Tel-Aviv University

February 25, 2016
CLAS collaboration meeting

The $(e,e'np)/(e,e'pp)$ ratio

Expected ratio:

- * np-dominance ($\#np/\#pp \sim 20$)
- * Leading n vs. leading p (2)
- * Proton and neutron cross-sections ratio (~ 3)
- * Neutron detection efficiency in the EC ($\sim 1/3$)

$$\frac{A(e, e' np)}{A(e, e' pp)} \sim 1$$

Preliminary result

$\#(e,e'np) = 293$

$\#(e,e'pp) = 365$

Next step:

- * Correct for cross sections ratio event-by-event
- * Correct for neutron efficiency event-by-event
- * Apply other corrections

π^- - production off Deuterium in

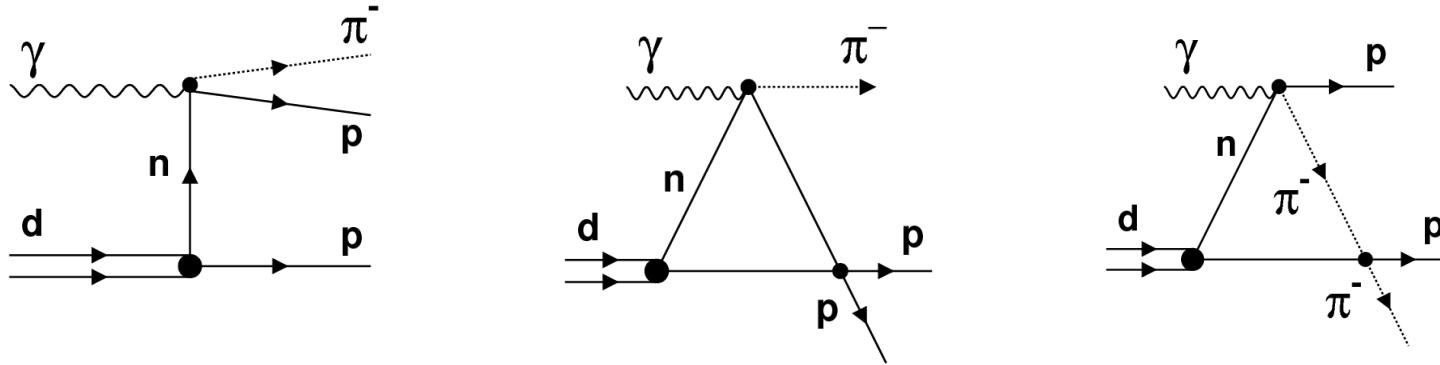


in Quasi-Free region

JLab CLAS, Experiment g10

N.Pivnyuk, E.Pasyuk, J.-M. Laget, T.Mibe, V.Tarasov, V.Burkert, M.Dugger, B.Bobchenko,
D.Weigand, J.Goetz, A.Kim, W.Chen
for CLAS Collaboration

TOPICS



Calculations :

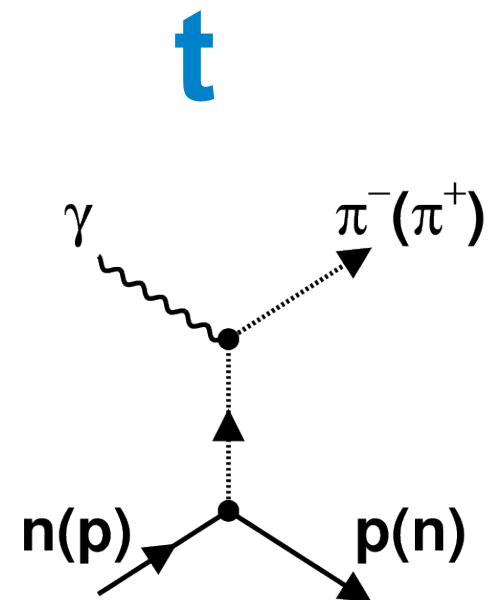
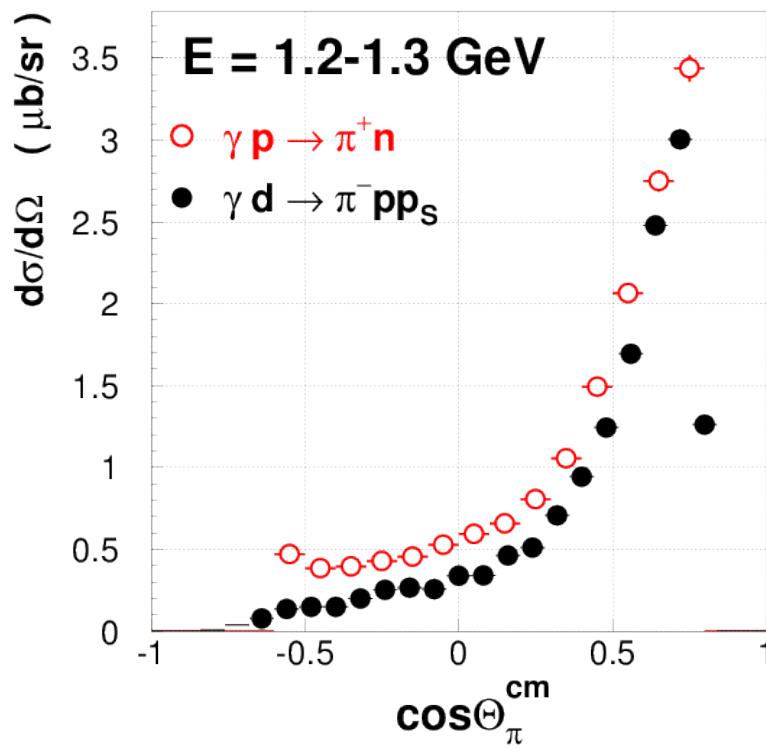
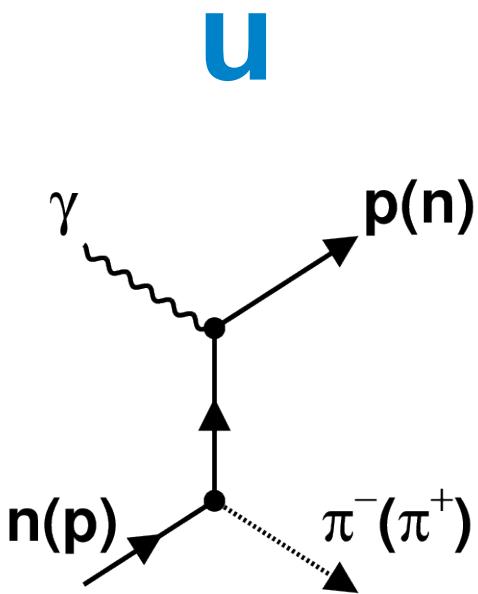
J.-M. Laget. $1.0 < E_\gamma < 3.5 \text{ GeV}$

V. Tarasov. $1.0 < E_\gamma < 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

E_γ , $-t$, p_s , $\cos\theta_s$

$1.2 < E_\gamma < 1.3$

$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ n$ (g1c) vs $\gamma d \rightarrow \pi^- p p_s$ (g10a)



$2.2 < E_\gamma < 2.3$

$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ n$ (g1c) vs $\gamma d \rightarrow \pi^- p p_s$ (g10a)

